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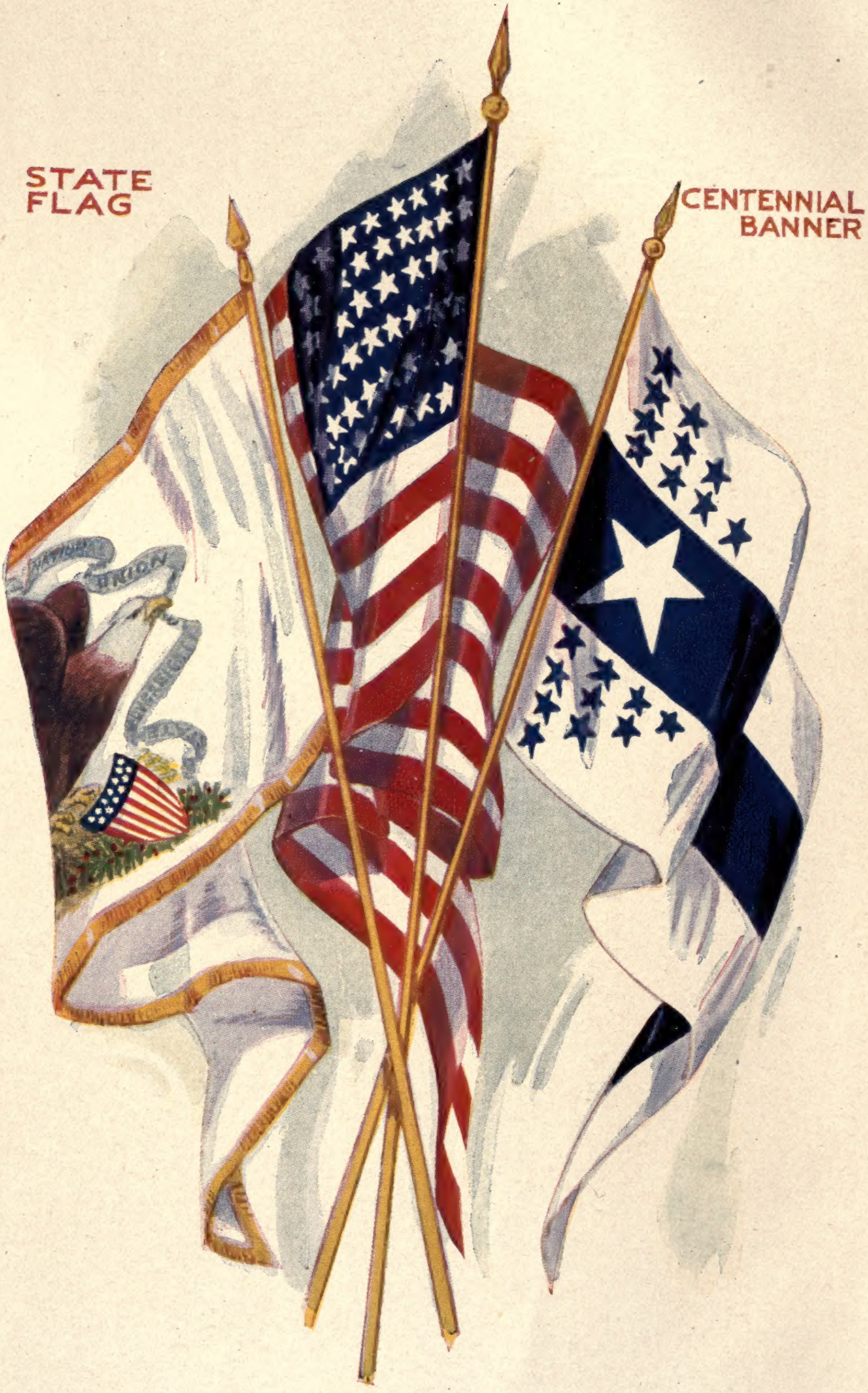

STATE FLAG
CENTENNIAL BANNER

NATIONAL AND STATE FLAGS AND CENTENNIAL BANNER

McLEAN COUNTY
ILLINOIS

IN THE

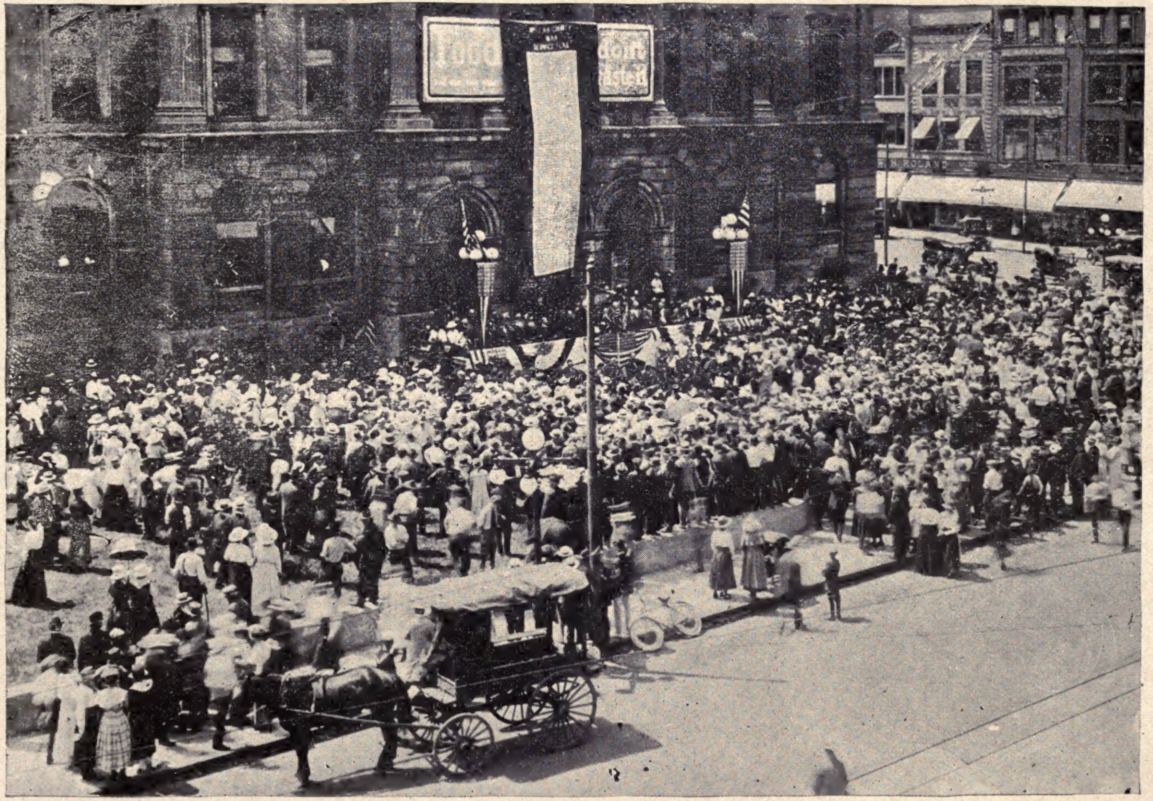
WORLD WAR

★ ★ 1917-1918 ★ ★

DEDICATED TO THE SOLDIERS, MARINES, SAILORS,
AVIATORS AND ALL THE 6,000 FROM McLEAN
COUNTY, WHO TOOK AN ACTIVE PART
IN THE CONFLICT, EITHER
AT HOME OR ABROAD

E. E. PIERSON and J. L. HASBROUCK
EDITORS
BLOOMINGTON, ILL.

PUBLISHED BY THE
McLEAN COUNTY WAR PUBLISHING COMPANY
BLOOMINGTON, ILL.



Scene at the Court House on June 13, 1918, when in the presence of the Board of Supervisors and a distinguished company, the McLean County Service Flag with over 2,000 Stars, was duly dedicated.

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McLEAN COUNTY'S PART IN WORLD WAR.

When the cataclysm of war which had flooded Europe from the time of its outbreak in 1914 had finally overrun its bounds and swept across the Atlantic to the shores of America, in 1917, some of its waves broke into the farthest corners of our country.

The awakening to the awful fact of war was somewhat slow; the people rubbed their eyes and for a time thought that it must be some horrible dream—that it could not be true. But when once aroused to the truth that they, too, along with the peoples of all America and the sore oppressed population of Europe, were to taste the terror and suffering, if not the actual devastation of war, they arose in spirit to the height of energy and sacrifice that must for many years, and even many generations, remain a page of their history which is glorious and unforgettable. It is the mission of this book to set down in some manner the activities and the life of that period—the personnel and deeds of the men who went into the actual work of war, and the work and feelings of the larger body of people who at home carried on the manifold and sacrificial labors of the great struggle.

The complete story may never be written, for the compass of no one volume could contain the myriad threads that made up the warp and woof of life in that time. But that its general outline may be preserved in somewhat permanent form; that at least the high lights of the picture may be set on canvas to defy the obliteration of forgetfulness, was the task which urged the compilers of this book.

The first hint of the on-coming of war was felt in this county thru the Red Cross, a chapter of which had been formed in the year 1916. Even before the United States had broken diplomatic relations with Germany in the late winter of 1917, the national headquarters of the Red Cross sent out warnings to its chapters: ''Prepare.'' Accordingly, the Bloomington chapter (afterward the McLean county chapter) early in the spring, began to get upon a war basis, both as to membership, money and organization. Starting thus early, the story of the achievements of the Red Cross of McLean county is one of the most prideworthy phases of the war history.

Hardly had the congress of the country actually declared war, until the youth of the county sprang to arms. They voluntarily enlisted in the army and navy by scores and hundreds from April of 1917 until the lists were closed in the latter part of 1918. The Bloomington recruiting station was one of the busy scenes of the community from the first days of the war, and many hundreds of young men had gone into the ranks and received their preliminary military training before the passage of the national draft law by which a general drain upon the man power of the land was inaugurated. And when the nation decided that a general draft law should become enforced, there was no part of the country which more willingly acceded to the martial needs of time than McLean county. Young men between the ages of 18 and 31 to the number of over 10,000 willingly enrolled in this county and submitted themselves to the call to arms at any time that the government might need them. The story of the workings of the draft boards, which examined and sent into service more than 2,000 young men of the county, is a story of labor arduously and painstakingly done on behalf of the men composing the boards, and of inspiring submission by the young men themselves to a call of duty such as had never before in the history of the country been placed before the youth of the land.

Filled with sadness and yet touched with a coloring of supreme martyrdom is the story of how more than 150 young men from this county went forth to return no more. On field of battle, in dangers of the sea and land, by sickness of the camp and march, these heroic youth gave up their lives.

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Of those who returned from the war, not a few came with shattered bodies, torn by bullets or shells in ways which it will require years to heal, if indeed they ever become their former selves. Scores of young men will live thru the years carrying their scars.

But not all the heroism of the war was with the men who went to battle. Thru two years of watching and waiting at home, the mothers and sisters and sweethearts of the youth toiled as they had never toiled before, to supply to the men in the service the things which they must needs have to meet the fierce test of the struggle. In branches of the Red Cross and its allied organizations, the women of the county spent hundreds of days and nights making literally millions of articles which the men might need in camp or hospital. Usual pleasures and pastimes were forsaken, and the whole thought and occupation of the women at home were centered on the supreme need of the country.

The men who stayed at home—the fathers and older brothers of the fighting men—these, too, have written a chapter in the county history of the war. Their money furnished the millions of dollars which this rich county sent into the treasury of the nation to bear the fearful burden of war's expenses. Five times were they called upon to loan their money to the nation to carry on the war, and five times did they respond with open pocketbooks.

Here are some of the things which McLean county people did toward the overthrow of the world menace:

Offered some 2,500 young men as volunteers for service in the army and navy.

Sent more than 2,500 more young men into service through the operation of the draft law.

Raised more than $11,000,000 in the five different liberty loan drives to lend to their government to prosecute the war.

Gave some fifty or more of the leading physicians and surgeons to the service of the government during the war, on battle fields and camps.

Gave a score or more of nurses to succor the wounded and sick on the field and in hospitals.

Sent a half hundred men and women to the service in the work of the Y. M. C. A. and its allied humanitarian fields.

Raised more than $140,000 for the work of the Red Cross in the two great drives of the war.

Enlisted 14,000 men, women and children in the active membership of the Red Cross in this county.

Raised some $50,000 for the work of the Y. M. C. A. in war in the different drives for that purpose.

Contributed the sum of over $170,000 in the United War Work drive.

Donated thousands of dollars for the work of the Salvation Army, the Jewish Welfare campaign, the Armenian Relief campaign and other humanitarian projects connected with the war.

Offered the very lives of more than 150 men from this county or former residents here, who died on battle fields, in camps and on the seas.

Contributed to the use and comfort of the men in the service more than 441,114 articles valued at $123,000 through the work of the women of the Red Cross in McLean county.

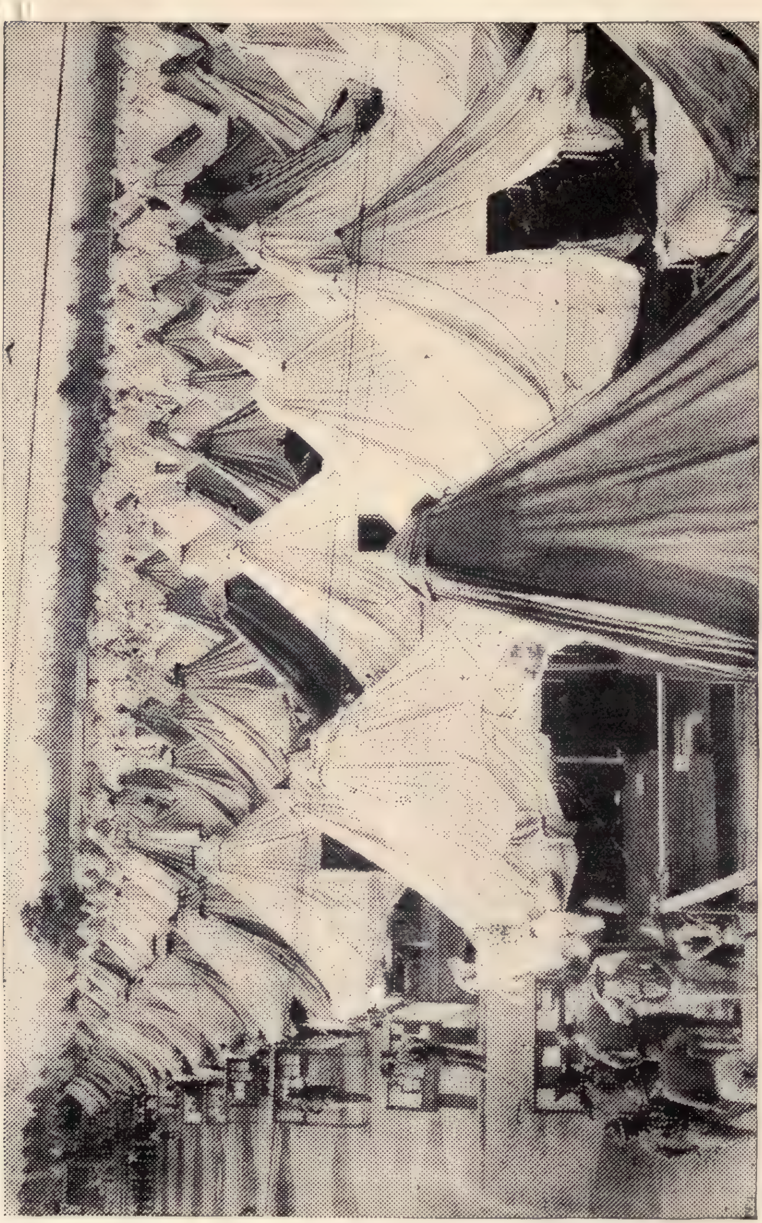
Organized the women and girls of the county into bands of tireless, unselfish working people whose time and strength was given without stint to the business of furnishing war-needed materials.

Subscribed for more than a million dollars' worth of War Saving Stamps by which the thrift of the people of smaller means was promoted.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGES

Dedication County Service Flag........................Frontispiece
Preface 3-5
Camp Wheeler 6
Chronology of Local Events During War.................. 7-42
In Memoriam—Histories of Those Who Died in War.......... 43-111
Draft Boards and Their Work.............................112-121
Red Cross Work in McLean County.........................122-143
History of Liberty Loan Campaigns.......................145-154
War Time Community Singing..............................155-161
Women and Food Conservation.............................165-169
Women in Service..170-172
McLean County Council of Defense........................173-176
Gen. James G. Harbord...................................177-181
Some Sketches of McLean County Army Officers.............182-201
Colored Soldiers of this County.........................202-203
County Food Administration..............................206-212
Medical Men in Service..................................213-227
McLean County Bar's Honor Roll..........................229-234
Congressman John A. Sterling........................... 235
County Fuel Administration..............................239-242
Co. D and 124th Machine Gun Battalion...................244-248
Some of Our War Flyers..................................249-253
French and Belgian Relief Association...................257-260
Farmers' Work in War....................................261-262
The Minute Men... 262
County and Legislative Officials During War.............265-268
American Legion 273-281
Company M 288
Honor Rolls of Orders and Firms.........................289-350
Grand Honor Roll of McLean County Men and Women in Service..................................420-500



Camp Wheeler, Georgia, where McLean County's Largest Draft Contingent, 565 Men, were Trained from June to September, 1918.

WAR HISTORY DAY BY DAY IN McLEAN COUNTY

1917

Feb. 1—Germany issued orders for ruthless submarine warfare.

Feb. 5—Pastors of Bloomington churches pray that peace may be preserved and war averted.

Feb. 4—Call received by Bloomington chapter of American Red Cross to prepare for organization on a war basis or for any eventuality.

Feb. 5—Executive committee from Bloomington chapter Red Cross meets and decides that this chapter shall include whole county.

Feb. 8—Major E. C. Butler announces that if this country goes to war, McLean county could raise a regiment of soldiers.

Feb. 17—Red Cross issues first call for hospital supplies and articles for men in service.

Feb. 22—Mayor E. E. Jones of Bloomington issues proclamation calling on all citizens to display the American flag.

Feb. 22—Raising of a new flag at the Bloomington high school donated by the D. A. R.

Feb. 26—Dr. R. Rembe back after three years of service as surgeon in German army.

Feb. 26—Meeting of Red Cross chapter tells of establishment of sewing room in the Durley building.

Feb. 26—News that President Wilson asks authority of Congress to use the armed forces of the United States to protect American ships from submarine warfare.

Feb. 26—Sinking of the Laconia with American lives.

Feb. 26—Miss Carolyn Wilson, newspaper woman, lectures at high school on experiences in Germany.

Mar. 1—F. M. Bailey, government official, visits Bloomington wireless stations with a view of taking them over.

Mar. 2—President empowered to arm merchantmen.

Mar. 4—President Wilson inaugurated for second term as president.

Mar. 5—Plans announced for rushing Red Cross campaign for memberships.

Mar. 10—President calls congress to meet in extra session on April 16.

Mar. 14—McLean county medical society endorses the work of the Red Cross.

Mar. 14—Mayor Jones announces plan for using vacant lots in city as gardens during the war.

Mar. 15—Emperor of Russia abdicates.

Mar. 17—Romanoff dynasty ended.

Mar. 18—Sidney Morgan from Washington addresses a mass meeting in Bloomington in interest of Red Cross.

Mar. 20—Mayor Jones issues call to citizens to rally to support of the Red Cross.

Mar. 24—End or Red Cross campaign, with membership of 1,221.

Mar. 26—Company D of the I. N. G. gets orders to mobilize. Men sleep first night in barracks.

Mar. 28—Company D takes part in first drill in streets.

April 5—Announcement that no naturalization papers will be granted to former residents of Germany and Austria.

April 5—Announcement of elemental military training course to be installed at the Wesleyan university.

April 5—First appeal by the Red Cross for articles to be sent to the men of Company D. Classes in nursing formed.

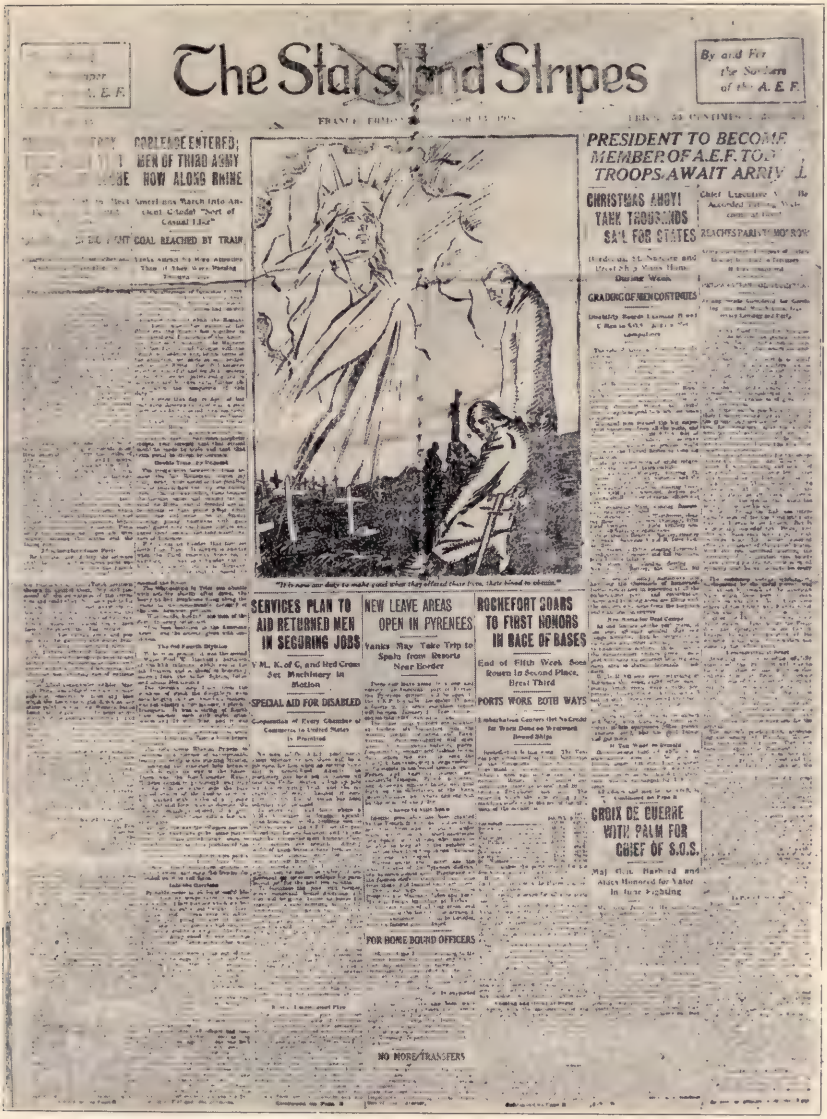
April 6—United States officially declared at war with Germany.

April 6—Sergt. Jones, recruiting officer, issues appeal for co-operation in securing recruits for army.

April 8—Normal joins in Red Cross drive for materials.
April 9—Nurses and doctors enlisted for war work.
April 9—Fourteen recruits secured in one day at army recruiting station.
April 10—Speech of Congressman Sterling made public telling why he voted in congress for the war resolution.
April 10—Close of wireless stations here on orders from government.
April 11—First steps to form military companies at the Wesleyan. Flag raising at the B. & N. car barns.
April 13—Call for recruits to fill up Company D.
April 14—Public flag raising at the Alton railroad shops.
April 18—Flag raising at the Wesleyan university.
April 18—Great patriotic demonstration at night; street parade and speeches.
April 20—Mrs. M. T. Scott offers her home in Bloomington to the government for war hospital.
April 22—T. Fitch Harwood gets first instruction and application blanks for enlistment of men for officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan.
April 23—Red Cross sends out cards for enlistment of women for various kinds of war service. Classes formed at the Wesleyan for teaching first aid to the injured.
April 23—Meeting called for starting a campaign for a Y. M. C. A. war fund.
April 24—Announcement that 63 men have been enlisted at recruiting station during April.
April 24—Eleven wireless stations closed in Bloomington and Normal.
April 26—First meeting for forming food conservation branch of Red Cross.
April 27—Y. M. C. A. fund reaches its first $1,000.
April 27—Miss Mabel Garrison, famous singer, gives concert as benefit of Red Cross, under auspices of Amateur Musical club.
April 29—First report on work of Red Cross work rooms.
May 1—Announcement of 100 men recruited for army at local station.
May 1—Navy recruiting station opened in Bloomington.
May 3—Bloomington banks get message offering first war bonds from government.
May 4—Appeal from Red Cross for socks for the soldiers.
May 6—Miss Alice Smith of Normal departs for France with first American hospital unit.
May 7—Four Burger brothers of McLean enlist in the army at local station.
May 8—Government makes inquiries in Bloomington as to possible site for establishing flying school.
May 10—Mrs. F. H. Funk goes to Chicago to attend meeting for organizing women of Illinois for war work.
May 10—Bloomington men named in first call of men to attend officers' school at Fort Sheridan.
May 10—D. A. R. chapter adopts war orphans.
May 10—Guns arrive for Wesleyan students in military drill.
May 11—Bloomington chapter of Red Cross needs a fund of $5,000 to carry on its work.
May 13—First three men from Bloomington get call to report at Fort Sheridan.
May 13—Call issued for a meeting of the "Girls of '61."
May 14—Girls of '61 form a permanent organization.

May 16—Bloomington's Woman's Club passes a resolution to help in every way in work connected with the war.
May 16—Report that the Fifth regiment, I. N. G., including Company D, is to be sent to Houston.
May 18—President issues proclamation calling upon all men in United States between the ages of 21 and 31 inclusive to register on June 5 for military service.
May 21—"Yankee Doodle Minstrels" put on by Young Men's club, as benefit for Red Cross, clears $1,000.
May 22—First shipment of goods from the Bloomington chapter of Red Cross to Central division headquarters.
May 22—News published that first American soldiers arrive in London.
May 24—Mayor of Bloomington issues proclamation calling upon men between ages of 21 and 31 to register according to president's call.
May 27—Three nurses from Bloomington chapter of Red Cross sent to Mattoon and Charleston to assist in care of people injured in tornado.
June 1—Announcement of $1,500,000 as McLean County's quota for first liberty loan.
June 2—Bankers of county meet to plan for raising liberty loan.
June 5—Registration of men between 21 and 31 for military service under new draft law.
June 10—Red Cross chapter starts drive to raise county quota of $50,000 toward the hundred million drive in the country.
June 10—Wesleyan baccalaureate with two graduates in khaki uniforms of military service.
June 14—Close of liberty loan campaign in county with $1,007,000 raised, considerably less than quota.
June 14—Ruth Law, flying over in behalf of liberty loan, is forced by machine trouble to alight and spend night at Lexington.
June 20—Major Edward C. Butler takes steps toward organizing a new company in Bloomington for Illinois National Guard.
June 22—Published list of 200 men who had volunteered for army service since first of year.
June 22—Knights of Pythias state encampment abandoned on account of the war.
June 25—Red Cross drive closes with $66,441 announced as total raised on a quota of $50,000.
June 26—Members of exemption boards under draft law are named for two districts in McLean county.
June 27—Revised totals for Red Cross fund show $67,223.
July 9—Official registration lists forwarded to Washington, showing 5,841 draft subjects for this county.
July 16—First arrest of man for attempt to dodge draft law.
July 16—Danville officer inspects new company of the Tenth regiment, I. N. G.
July 20—Announcement of food rules for all kitchens.
July 20-21—Announcement of all serial numbers for men in this county.
July 23—Announcement of numbers of first draft quota from this county; 236 men from board 1, and 157 from board two.
July 23—Volunteer shop opened at Red Cross rooms.
July 26—Sixty-two boys of Company K of the Eighth regiment, I. N. G., start for Peoria to join colored regiment.
July 29—Bloomington council of Knights of Columbus launch drive for war work fund.
July 30—Two military airplanes from Rantoul field alight at country club grounds here.

Aug. 7—First physical examinations of men by county draft boards.
Aug. 7—Demonstration of U. of C. army ambulance unit.
Aug. 9—Red Cross benefit ball game between fat men of Bloomington against Normal nets $200 for Red Cross.
Aug. 10—Company D of the I. N. G. ordered to Texas after months of guard duty at Hannibal and Valley City.
Aug. 11—Second call for draft men to fill first quota.
Aug. 12—State accepts Bloomington's new company for Tenth regiment, I. N. G.
Aug. 13—Announcement of first group of Bloomington men made officers at Ft. Sheridan training school.
Aug. 15—Eugene Funk named on national board of food control.
Aug. 15—Five hundred more men called by draft boards, only 136 having been accepted to this time.
Aug. 16—New militia company to be known as Company M.
Aug. 19—Draft boards call 500 more men.
Aug. 22—Date of Sept. 4 fixed as time for general public demonstration in honor of men called to service in the draft.
Aug. 22—Bloomington made district center for food control.
Aug. 24—Examinations of draft men for first quota are ended.
Aug. 24—Twelve Bloomington men enter second officers' training school at Ft. Sheridan.
Aug. 29—Total of volunteer enlistments for army in this county since first of the year is 424.
Sept. 1—Orders received for organization of canteen service of Red Cross. Capt. C. L. Hills named chairman of canteen committee.
Sept. 3—Fifteen airplanes from Chanute field at Rantoul alight at Leroy.
Sept. 3—Announcement of names of first twenty men to be sent from this county into the national army under the draft law.
Sept. 4—Great public celebration in honor of all men called in the draft; parade of civic bodies in the streets, speeches at Miller park and dinner for all draft men in park pavilion.
Sept. 5—First twenty men from draft depart for Camp Dodge, Iowa.
Sept. 5—Leroy holds public demonstration in honor of new soldiers.
Sept. 10—Michio Nakamura enlists in army, being first Japanese to volunteer from this county.
Sept. 10—Call for men up to serial number 1,000 for examination before the draft boards.
Sept. 13—First list of Bloomington high school boys in the service, numbering nine.
Sept. 14—Company D of the Fifth regiment, I. N. G., goes to Texas.
Sept. 13—Corporal Wishart of the Canadian army makes a thrilling address before the Rotary Club on the issues of the war
Sept. 13—Board ends examinations of men for first draft quota.
Sept. 15—Announced that Bloomington library has shipped 1,000 books for soldiers.
Sept. 17—Prizes awarded for war gardens in Bloomington.
Sept. 18—Word received that Prof. John G. Coulter was wounded at Verdun, France.
Sept. 18—Start drive for a fund of $1,500 for library war work in cooperation with American library association.
Sept. 18—Four train loads of Michigan soldiers on their way south to training camps parade the streets of Bloomington.
Sept. 19—Howard Humphreys named food administrator for McLean County; township organizations formed.
Sept. 19—Second contingent of draft men sent to Camp Dodge, numbering 219.



The Stars and Stripes

By and For the Soldiers of the A. E. F.

COBLENCE ENTERED; MEN OF THIRD ARMY NOW ALONG RHINE

Americans March into Ancient Citadel "Sort of Casual Like"

COAL REACHED BY TRAIN

"It is now our duty to make good what they offered their lives, their blood to obtain."

PRESIDENT TO BECOME MEMBER OF A.E.F. TO[illegible] TROOPS AWAIT ARRIVAL

CHRISTMAS AHOY! YANK THOUSANDS SAIL FOR STATES

During Week

GRADING OF MEN CONTINUES

REACHES PARIS TOMORROW

SERVICES PLAN TO AID RETURNED MEN IN SECURING JOBS

Y. M., K. of C. and Red Cross Set Machinery in Motion

SPECIAL AID FOR DISABLED

Cooperation of Every Chamber of Commerce in United States Is Promised

NEW LEAVE AREAS OPEN IN PYRENEES

Yanks May Take Trip to Spain from Resorts Near Border

FOR HOME BOUND OFFICERS

NO MORE TRANSFERS

ROCHEFORT SOARS TO FIRST HONORS IN RACE OF BASES

End of Fifth Week Sees Rouen in Second Place, Brest Third

PORTS WORK BOTH WAYS

CROIX DE GUERRE WITH PALM FOR CHIEF OF S.O.S.

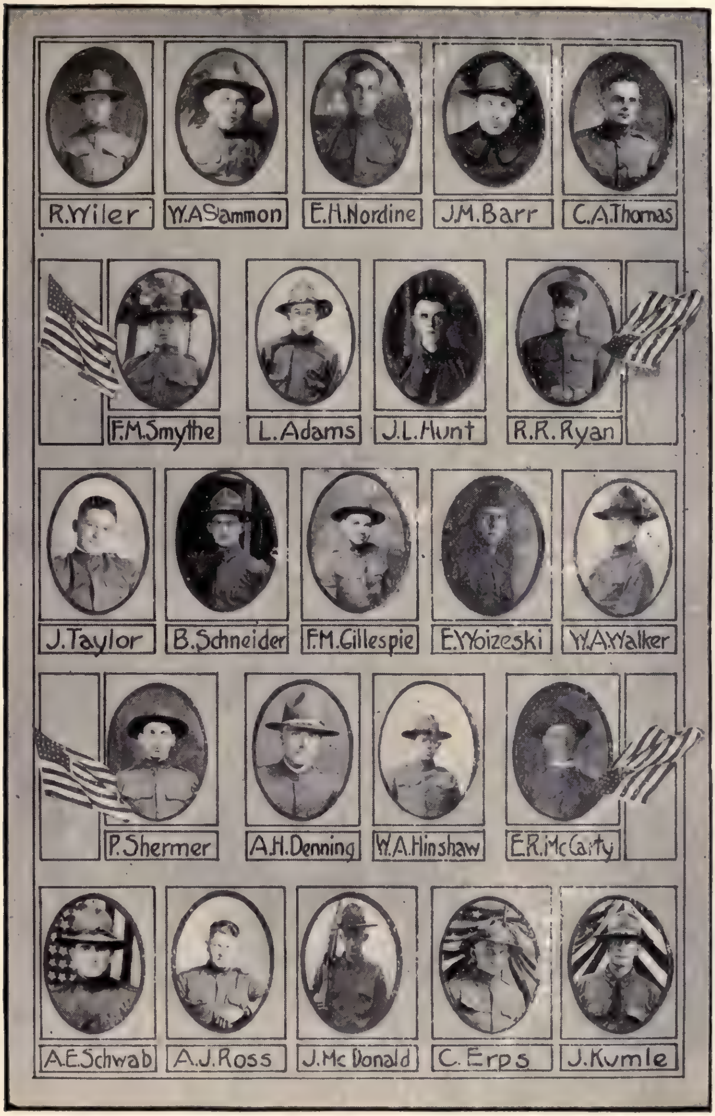
Maj. Gen. Harbord and Aides Honored for Valor in June Fighting

Facsimile of the Newspaper Published by American Soldiers in France

Sept. 24—Classes in food conservation begin work with public meeting at high school addressed by Mrs. Spencer Ewing.
Sept. 29—Announced that Company M will be reorganized on new basis and with new men.
Oct. 1—Y. W. C. A. drive for war work fund closes with $5,055.03 pledged, on a quota of $5,000.
Oct. 1—McLean county bankers meet to organize for the second liberty loan drive.
Oct. 2—Citizens' committee of Bloomington organizes to co-operate with bankers in liberty loan campaign.
Oct. 2—Announcement of winter series of community sings in city.
Oct. 3—D. O. Thompson, county farm adviser, sends out call for meeting of women to consider employment of county home adviser.
Oct. 3—Report of fund raised for entertainment on soldiers' day shows balance remaining of $692.
Oct. 3—Woman's club holds a luncheon which was meatless, wheatless and butterless.
Oct. 4—County organization perfected for liberty loan drive.
Oct. 4—Company M returns from tour of duty at Springfield.
Oct. 5—Red Cross issues official denial that knitted articles are sold to soldiers.
Oct. 5—Preliminary organization formed to promote the employment of county home adviser.
Oct. 7—Women meet with Mrs. G. B. Read to make dresses for war orphans. This was the inception of the Belgian Relief organization.
Oct. 7—Community sings organized for the winter throughout the county.
Oct. 8—Y. M. C. A. closes membership drive with a total of 1,050 members secured.
Oct. 9—President announces government food control to go into effect November 1.
Oct. 9—It is announced from Houston that Company D of the Fifth regiment will be transferred into machine gun battalion.
Oct. 11—Normal raises its quota of $250 for the national library fund.
Oct. 11—It is announced that there is no anthracite coal in Bloomington, owing to war conditions.
Oct. 12—City to buy 1,000 tons of soft coal and sell to the people at cost.
Oct. 13—Announced that the week of Oct. 23 will be observed as food saving week.
Oct. 13—Bloomington Association of Commerce flings out its first service flag with thirteen stars.
Oct. 15—Normal women meet and organize for war work.
Oct. 16—Publication of a list of seventy-two men from the Wesleyan, students and graduates, who are in the military or naval service.
Oct. 17—Bloomington Journal applies for permit to publish under government regulation of papers printed in foreign languages.
Oct. 18—School of instruction for precinct captains for the registration of women.
Oct. 21—Lee J. Roebuck killed in aeroplane accident in Canada, being first soldier from Bloomington to give up his life in the war.
Oct. 23—County organization perfected for women's registration.
Oct. 25—Funeral of Lee J. Roebuck held at the First Methodist church in Bloomington.
Oct. 25—Saybrook celebrates patriotic day and unveils the honor roll of her young men in the service.
Oct. 26—Miss Harriet Vittum makes address in Bloomington to stir up enthusiasm among women for war work.
Oct. 26—Close of library fund campaign with total of $1,125 raised.

Oct. 26—Room at 426 North Main street opened as Belgian Relief work headquarters.
Oct. 28—Annual meeting of Bloomington chapter of Red Cross, showing total membership of 11,337 and total number of articles shipped up to date 65,140.
Oct. 29—Close of liberty loan drive with $1,900,000 subscribed on a quota of $1,800,000.
Oct. 29—D. O. Thompson appointed by state council of defense to organize county food production and conservation bureau.
Oct. 30—First Meatless day observed in Bloomington under the suggestion of the national food control board.
Oct. 31—First Wheatless day.
Oct. 31—War tax goes into effect on theaters and other entertainments.
Oct. 31—Bloomington coal dealers send committee to Chicago to consult with state fuel administration about getting supply of coal.
Oct. 31—Final figures on county liberty loan drive shows total of $1,904,050 subscribed.
Oct. 31—Announced that all orders for fuel may be censorized.
Oct. 31—Local campaign organized for drive for war recreation fund.
Oct. 31—Bloomington Red Cross headquarters moved from Durley building to library rooms and Y. M. C. A.
Nov. 1—Uniform price for soft coal by all dealers fixed at conference of coal men with fuel administration.
Nov. 3—Harry Wheeler of Chicago, food administrator for Illinois, addresses mass meeting at high school auditorium.
Nov. 5—County campaign started for war camp recreation fund, with goal set at $3,000.
Nov. 5—Registration of women starts for war work.
Nov. 6—Announcement of a loving cup to be given as prize to city school making best showing in community singing contest.
Nov. 6—Wesleyan students pledge a total of $1,500 toward the county war recreation fund campaign.
Nov. 8—Simultaneous singing meetings in nearly every school house in Bloomington.
Nov. 9—Bloomington club announces that its entertainments during winter will be greatly restricted owing to war conditions.
Nov. 12—Red Cross issues an appeal for larger supply of surgical dressings.
Nov. 11—Two thousand people attend first Sunday afternoon community sing at high school auditorium, with Peter Dykeman of Madison, Wis., as leader.
Nov. 13—Announcement of starting of drive for Bloomington district (McLean and DeWitt counties) drive for quota of $35,000 for Y. M. C. A. war work fund.
Nov. 14—Announcement that the Alton railroad has carried 15,000 soldiers so far during the war.
Nov. 15—Normal university announces plan for enlistment of students for farm labor.
Nov. 15—U. S. Senator James Hamilton Lewis makes stirring patriotic address at mass meeting in high school.
Nov. 16—Normal public school dedicates service flag with thirty-six stars.
Nov. 16—Exemption board No. 2 makes its report to Washington of the complete classification of all registrants.
Nov. 16—Boys at Bloomington high school raise $800 in forty-five minutes for the Y. M. C. A. war work fund.
Nov. 16—Shortage of sugar supplies announced by food administration.
Nov. 16—One thousand soldiers from the royal flying corps of Canada parade streets of Bloomington.

Nov. 16—McLean county Better Farming Association announces its purpose to seek increase of 20 per cent in production of pork in county for coming season.
Nov. 18—Announcement of organization of home service department of Red Cross work in Bloomington.
Nov. 19—End of drive for Y. M. C. A. war work fund with total raised of $41,856 on a quota of $35,000. The subscriptions include those from schools and universities.
Nov. 19—Large contingent of McLean county soldier boys go from Camp Dodge to Camp Pike.
Nov. 19—Order issued by city to shut off all cluster lights on streets except top globe, in order to conserve fuel.
Nov. 19—Bloomington chapter of D. A. R. votes to subscribe to fund to rebuild destroyed French village.
Nov. 20—Bloomington chapter of Red Cross asked for a quota of 893 Christmas packets to be sent to soldiers.
Nov. 21—Bloomington women's branch of National Council of Defense is organized and gets busy.
Nov. 21—Announcement of first community sing in county outside of city, at the Frink school.
Nov. 22—Miss Ahrens of Chicago speaks here in the interest of recruiting nurses for army service.
Nov. 23—Final report on registration of women for government service shows that a total of 9,076 had registered.
Nov. 23—Final report on Y. M. C. A. war fund drive showed that $41,984.77 had been raised.
Nov. 23—Report on the canning activities of Bloomington women showed that they had canned 187 per cent more fruit and vegetables during 1917 than they did the year before.
Nov. 25—First Christian and First M. E. churches dedicate service flags.
Nov. 25—Members of the county bar association vote that the lawyers will give free assistance to young men in filling out their questionnaires for the draft boards.
Nov. 26—Order restricting the use of electric lights in street and mercantile illumination.
Nov. 26—Three nurses leave city to engage in war work.
Nov. 26—McLean county coal fuel control bureau is organized.
Nov. 27—Business men of the city take first steps for the formation of a new Company M of the I. N. G.
Nov. 27—Sixteen men from this county receive army commissions at close of the second officers' training school at Fort Sheridan.
Nov. 29—Gunner Waite of the British navy speaks at opera house and starts campaign for ''smokes for soldiers.''
Nov. 29—Edwin Murphy of Bloomington believed to be the first drafted man from this county to reach France.
Dec. 1—Community hall dedicated at McLean, with service flag presented to families with sons in army or navy.
Dec. 2—Service flag dedicated at First Presbyterian church.
Dec. 3—New orders about restriction of lights and coal supply received from fuel administration.
Dec. 3—Bloomington postoffice receives $50,000 of war savings stamps for sale.
Dec. 5—County board of supervisors votes to give $6,000 a year to the Red Cross.
Dec. 5—Five newly returned officers from training camps speak at Bloomington high school.
Dec. 5—Capt. Cliff B. Hamilton begins enlistments for Company M.
Dec. 5—Banquet of grocerymen, when speakers outline their duty in the matter of food conservation.


R.Wiler
W.A.Sammon
E.H.Nordine
J.M.Barr
C.A.Thomas
F.M.Smythe
L.Adams
J.L.Hunt
R.R.Ryan
J.Taylor
B.Schneider
F.M.Gillespie
E.Woizeski
W.A.Walker
P.Shermer
A.H.Denning
W.A.Hinshaw
E.R.McCarty
A.E.Schwab
A.J.Ross
J.McDonald
C.Erps
J.Kumle

Typical Group of McLean County Soldiers

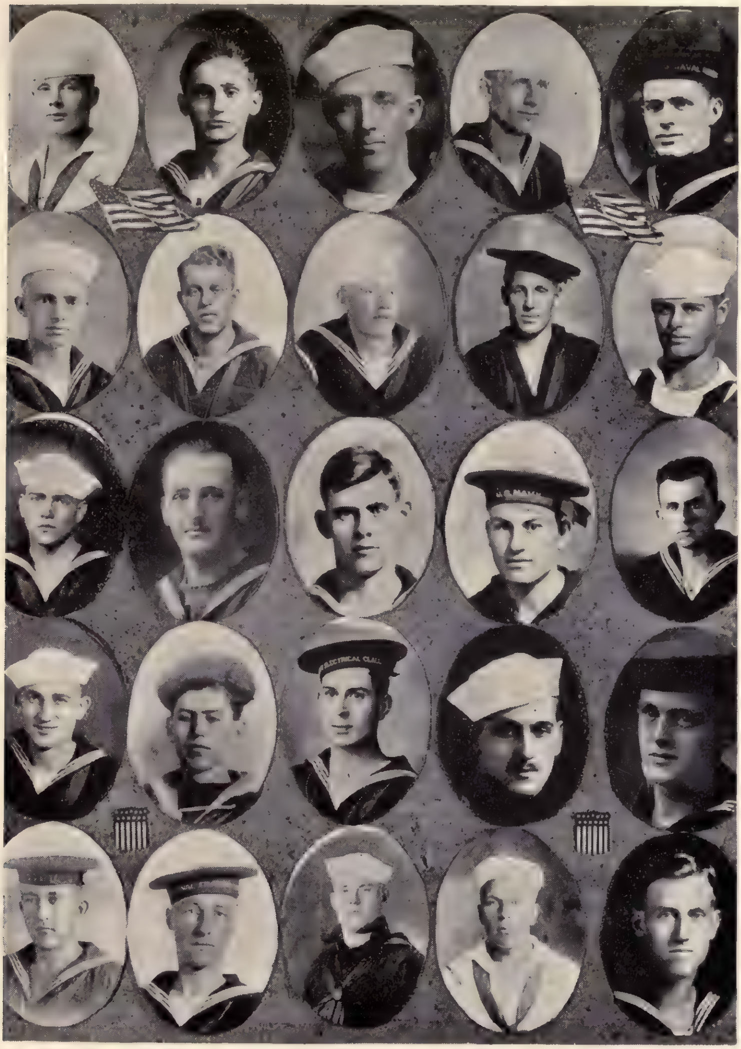
Dec. 6—Private Peat of the British army makes thrilling address on his experiences in the war.
Dec. 6—Announcement of a coming drive by the Knights of Columbus for a quota of $5,000 for the general war fund of that body.
Dec. 7—Announcement of the declaration of war by U. S. on Austria.
Dec. 7—Announcement of loving cup to be given on Dec. 23 to city school making best showing in competitive community singing.
Dec. 7—Alton road announces radical reduction of train service on account of shortage of fuel.
Dec. 7—Collegiate alumnae association votes to adopt a French war orphan.
Dec. 8—Dinner by Post L in honor of the sixteen men of the post who have entered the service.
Dec. 8—D. O. Thompson, county farm adviser, addresses farmers on the importance of increasing pork production.
Dec. 10—Normal Modern Woodmen presented with service flag.
Dec. 10—Start of the Knights of Columbus $5,000 drive.
Dec. 10—Robert Erdman arrested and put under $5,000 bonds for saying President Wilson should be killed.
Dec. 11—Lawyers named to help draft board registrants.
Dec. 12—Smokes for soldiers fund being raised in Bloomington and McLean county has reached $286.50.
Dec. 12—One thousand or more men gathered at community sing in Alton shops at noon hour.
Dec. 12—Three thousand thrift stamps have been sold in Bloomington to date.
Dec. 12—Government sends plea for the loan of private binoculars for use in naval vessels.
Dec. 12—Company F of the 349th Infantry at Camp Dodge given an Edison phonograph paid for by private subscriptions here.
Dec. 13—Colored Woman's club of Bloomington dedicates service flag.
Dec. 13—Last shipment of the quota of 1,500 Christmas packets to soldiers.
Dec. 13—Service flag dedicated at the Soldiers' Orphans' Home.
Dec. 13—Announced that coal dealers of the city have only three days' supply on hand.
Dec. 13—Seventy-six volunteers who had enlisted at recruiting station in Bloomington sent to Jefferson Barracks in one body.
Dec. 14—Largest shipment from Red Cross that has been sent at one time up to date.
Dec. 14—Draft boards announce they will examine into weddings that have suspicions of having been contracted to avoid draft.
Dec. 15—List of 58 boys from the Soldiers' Orphans' Home who are in the service.
Dec. 15—Bloomington Red Cross issues appeal for fund to aid sufferers from great explosions of ships at Halifax, Newfoundland.
Dec. 15—Draft boards begin the classification of registrants.
Dec. 15—Baptist church dedicates service flag.
Dec. 15—Company M mustered into the service of the state.
Dec. 15—Announced that Matthew Lawrence of Hudson was in battery which fired first shot of the war from American forces.
Dec. 17—Preliminary contests in community singing by schools in competition for the loving cup.
Dec. 17—Red Cross chapter starts a week's membership drive.
Dec. 17—Ralph McCarroll, boys' secretary of the Bloomington Y. M. C. A., enters war work as secretary at Camp Dodge.
Dec. 17—Bloomington to have war kitchen for demonstrations of food saving plans.

Dec. 17—Draft boards swamped by work connected with the questionnaires.
Dec. 17—Knights of Columbus benefit party for war fund nets $200.
Dec. 18—Medical advisers named for the draft boards.
Dec. 18—Local food control commission fixes prices at which grocers shall sell flour, sugar and corn meal.
Dec. 18—First drill by members of the new Company M.
Dec. 18—County survey planned for the fuel question.
Dec. 18—Grocers and some other merchants of Bloomington adopt cooperative delivery system as a means of economy.
Dec. 20—Knights of Columbus fund now totals $6,200.
Dec. 20—Eight hundred new members of the Red Cross secured as result of the one week's drive.
Dec. 20—Publication in the daily newspapers of the first food price control bulletin, quoting figures for flour, sugar and corn meal.
Dec. 20—Bellflower complete organization of company of Home Guards.
Dec. 21—Band from Great Lakes naval training station gives concert in Bloomington. Address by Lieut. Perigord of French army.
Dec. 21—Remittance of $337.25 acknowledged by the American Tobacco company, sent from Bloomington and surrounding towns for the smokes-for-soldiers fund.
Dec. 21—Drive for more members for the Better Farming association nets 400 members to date.
Dec. 23—Hon. Lewis G. Stevenson appointed as investigator for the navy department at Washington.
Dec. 23—Hawthorne school wins loving cup in the community singing contest.
Dec. 23—Lexington organizes Home Guards.
Dec. 24—Reports on Red Cross membership drive, showing total of 2,500 new members, bringing the total present membership in the county to 14,000.
Dec. 24—Grocers asked to report to government their supplies of goods on hand Dec. 31.
Dec. 24—Report of recruiting station shows total of 197 enlistments in Bloomington during December to date.
Dec. 25—One day's sales of war stamps in Bloomington postoffice shows total of $2,455.
Dec. 26—Announcement that the railroads are to be taken over by the government.
Dec. 27—Bloomington postoffice to act as government agent to secure help for the farms.
Dec. 27—Army recruiting station crowded with volunteers to get in under the wire before the end of the year.
Dec. 27—''Birds' Christmas Carol'' presented to crowded house at Chatterton theater as benefit for the Belgian Relief.
Dec. 28—John B. Lennon named as arbitrator for the government labor department.
Dec. 28—Announced that Towanda people are entirely out of coal.
Dec. 28—Eugene Rowley of Holder, a soldier in the regular army, suicides at Governor's Island.
Dec. 28—All local lodges make plans for the care of families of men in the service.
Dec. 31—President Bierd of the Alton road issues first order as federal director under the government control plan.
Dec. 31—Association of Commerce issues list of 194 men who have not yet received their county service medals.

1918

Jan. 1—Learned that the suicide of Eugene Rowley was caused by his disappointment in not being sent to Europe with the armies.

Jan. 1—County dispensary for the use of people afflicted with tuberculosis opens for regular service.
Jan. 1—Four minute men decided to boost the thrift stamp campaign.
Jan. 3—Orders issued by fuel administration for lightless nights to be observed Thursdays and Sundays until further notice. Street lights and signs to be darkened on these nights.
Jan. 3—Shippers notified that all freight cars must be loaded to capacity in order to prevent car shortage.
Jan. 3—Eight towns in county are out of coal—Towanda, Arrowsmith, Saybrook, Glenavon, Monarch, Bellflower, Meadows, and Covel.
Jan. 3—Mrs. Spencer Ewing offers prizes for essays on the reasons for employing home adviser.
Jan. 3—Red Cross issues appeal for more workers to make surgical dressings.
Jan. 4—All bakeries to be licensed under the food administration.
Jan. 4—Local food control body issues long list of articles on which prices are fixed.
Jan. 4—Cropsey Red Cross branch makes report showing much activity.
Jan. 4—Report that McLean county farmers are 5,000 bushels short of requirements on seed corn.
Jan. 4—Biggest snow storm of the season strikes the city and county, tying up traffic; delivery barn of Co-operative Delivery system crushed under weight of snow.
Jan. 7—County council of defense formed.
Jan. 8—Agreement reached between local and state fuel administrations as to coal supply.
Jan 8—Last of questionnaires sent out by draft boards.
Jan. 9—Grocers decide to display cards showing that they are living up to government food regulations.
Jan. 10—Belgian Relief society issues appeal for woolen garments.
Jan. 11—Second edition of the big blizzard strikes the city.
Jan. 11—Leslie O. Lash, a soldier, dies in Washington from influenza, second soldier of this county to give up his life in the war.
Jan. 11—Chief of police gets orders to register all alien enemy citizens.
Jan. 13—Serious local fuel shortage.
Jan. 13—Many churches closed by storm; schools also closed.
Jan. 14—Mass meeting of citizens to talk of fuel.
Jan. 14—Reports show McLean county third in Illinois on Y. M. C. A. war fund, with $50,300.
Jan. 15—Citizens agree on general saving plan for fuel.
Jan. 15—James Carr, farm hand near Leroy, suicides on account of fear of draft.
Jan. 15—Concert by Amateur Musical club postponed owing to fuel shortage.
Jan. 16—Government order closing all factories for five days beginning Jan. 18, except those making food.
Jan. 18—Normal public schools reopen after shut-down owing to coal shortage.
Jan. 18—Rules issued for meatless and wheatless days each week.
Jan. 18—Rules for closing of shops, stores, etc., for five days owing to government order.
Jan. 18—B. & N. company issues rules for conserving heat and light.
Jan. 18—Announcement that lawyers assisted 5,000 young men with their questionnaires.
Jan. 18—Local factories prepare for five-days' shut-down.
Jan. 18—Reports show Bloomington theaters have paid $2,500 in war tax so far during war.
Jan. 19—Closing order of factories, etc., carried out with no local violators.



A FEW OF THE McLEAN COUNTY SAILORS

Top Row (left to right)—James P. Donlon, R. C. De Silva, Fred Downs, Earl Fierce, Joseph E. Lane.

Second Row—Blake D. Lewis, C. W. Luckinbill, Howard Mitchell, Everett E. McDowell, Leo Francis Murray.

Third Row—E. R. Munsell, Frank Morgan, Miles McReynolds, Frank Ryan, Glen Raney.

Fourth Row—Glen Sears, Edward V. Sipler, William J. Sweeney, Ralph N. Stewart, Ralph G. Fagerburg.

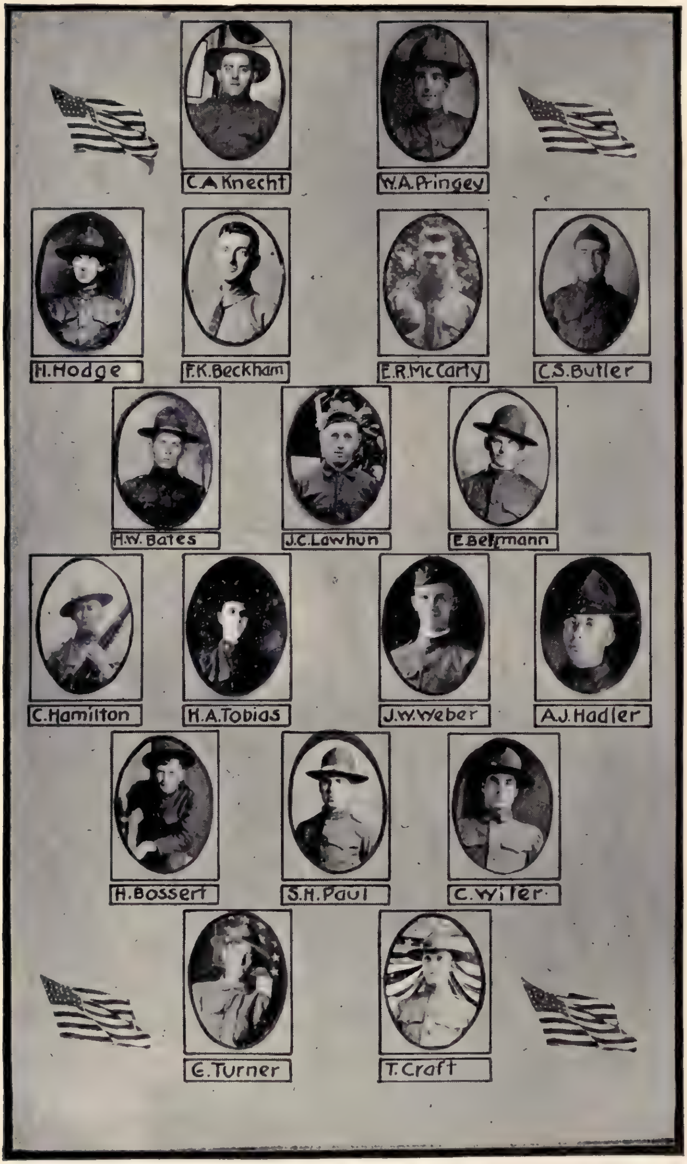
Fifth Row—Harvey Mischler, John W. Wagner, Hugh D. Waddell, Harry L. Wickoff, Carl Thoms.

Jan. 21—Observance of the first Monday holiday for stores, etc., under order of the fuel administration.
Jan. 20—Several churches unite their Sunday services to conserve fuel.
Jan. 21—Illinois Traction system issues abridged train schedule owing to fuel shortage.
Jan. 21—Draft orders affecting recently married couples.
Jan. 22—Extension of the home service of the Red Cross to the branches.
Jan. 22—Warning issued to the public not to hoard potatoes.
Jan. 23—Washburn's greenhouses shut down to one-fourth capacity owing to fuel shortage.
Jan. 23—Fuel administration talkers address mass meeting at the Alton shops.
Jan. 24—C. & A. shop men take action to force lower prices for coal.
Jan. 24—Report of weather shows that temperature was below zero continuously for twenty days.
Jan. 24—Rev. Edgar DeWitt Jones arranges to spend a month lecturing at army camps.
Jan. 24—Arthur Niedermeyer of Decatur, relative of Bloomington people, dies of pneumonia at Jefferson barracks.
Jan. 24—High school opens after shut-down due to coal shortage but ward schools continue closed.
Jan. 24—Plan announced for shortening term of rural schools, as aid to farmers in their spring work.
Jan. 25—Teachers volunteer to help draft boards in dealing with registrants.
Jan. 25—Announced that hoarders of food will be prosecuted.
Jan. 25—Final report on registration of women shows total of 10,488 registered.
Jan. 27—President Wilson issues proclamation on saving of food as help to win the war.
Jan. 27—Mayor Goodwin of Normal announces that the town must have more coal, as shortage is acute.
Jan. 27—St. Matthews church dedicates service flag.
Jan. 27—Announcement of prizes for essay written by children on the saving of wheat flour.
Jan. 28—Announcement that after March 1 wheat flour can be bought only by buying an equal poundage of flour substitutes at same time.
Jan. 28—Report of recruiting station shows that more than enough men to make three full companies have volunteered here.
Jan. 28—Second heatless Monday observed in Bloomington, stores and factories closing for the day.
Jan. 28—Red Cross chapter issues appeal for 1,000 pairs of socks for soldiers to be knitted in a week.
Jan. 28—Wesleyan students give play for benefit of Belgian Relief and make $400.
Jan. 28—Normal starts campaign for sale of smileage books.
Jan. 29—Announcement of list of substitutes that may be bought with flour, pound for pound.
Jan. 29—First proven case of hoarding flour, two families being caught with the goods.
Jan. 29—Bloomington Ad Club to start educational campaign on saving of food.
Jan. 29—C. B. Hughes named as local chairman of committee to secure workers for government ship yards on the coast.
Jan. 29—Big community sing at the high school auditorium.
Jan. 29—Wesleyan girls form branch of the Red Cross.
Jan. 30—Howard Humphreys appointed food administrator for Central Illinois district.

Jan. 30—City grade schools re-open.
Jan. 30—Fourteen men secured in first day for work in ship yards.
Jan. 30—Leroy men use Monday holiday by going to the woods and cutting trees for fuel for the churches.
Jan. 31—Great audience at high school to hear addresses on food saving by Roscoe Mitchell and Miss Clark.
Jan. 31—Wesleyan basket ball team plays team from Great Lakes naval training station, the Jackies winning by 23 to 22.
Jan. 31—City practically out of sugar, and economy tightened.
Feb. 1—Red Cross car of instruction in the care of wounded spends day at the Alton shops.
Feb. 1—Rule issued that no building shall be heated above 70 degrees, to save coal.
Feb. 1—Red Men's tribe dedicate service flag.
Feb. 3—All schools reopened.
Feb. 3—Start registration of alien enemies in this county. Police station headquarters in Bloomington, postmasters do the work in other towns.
Feb. 3—Total number of men enlisted for work in shipyards up to date in Bloomington, 103.
Feb. 3—New set of rules issued for the sale of flour.
Feb. 4—O. M. Wilson here to recruit men for service with the Y. M. C. A. in France.
Feb. 4—Charles O'Malley takes up his duties as city food commissioner.
Feb. 4—Winners announced in the children's essay contest on home adviser.
Feb. 7—John Carnahan, formerly of Bloomington, now with the British army, married to English girl.
Feb. 8—George Marton publishes new patriotic song of his own composition.
Feb. 8—Lieut. Walter Sutherland married to Miss Elizabeth Wiley.
Feb. 8—Alton road issues orders to move grain ahead of any other kind of freight.
Feb. 8—Announced that there are 352 boys and girls in war work clubs of the county.
Feb. 8—Clayton Sholty, soldier from Bloomington, dies at Jefferson barracks.
Feb. 10—Food administration issues orders that no hens shall be sold or killed for the next five weeks.
Feb. 10—Capt. Manspeaker, first former Alton man to die in the war, expires at Camp Lee, Va.
Feb. 11—Prof. Adams of Normal university appointed to chemically examine all samples of food suspected of containing poisonous substances.
Feb. 11—Surgical dressings shop established at the Normal university.
Feb. 15—Fuel administration announces spring campaign to prepare for next winter.
Feb. 16—Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis lectures to great audience on German atrocities in Belgium.
Feb. 17—Death of Harley B. Salzman, former Bloomington man, in army camp.
Feb. 17—Announced that Bloomington is to have government employment office.
Feb. 17—Local Red Cross chapter receives card from Paris thanking for shipments of surgical dressings.
Feb. 17—H. O. Echols to go to army camps as song leader.
Feb. 17—Major Nevin of Camp Grant leads great community sing at high school auditorium.
Feb. 18—First Monday when stores open as usual since restriction order of few weeks ago.

Feb. 19-21—State Farmers' Institute of Bloomington devotes its time mostly to questions of war provision.
Feb. 19—List of township food administrators named.
Feb. 19—Julia Lathrop addresses great audience of Farmers' Institute on effect of war on child labor.
Feb. 21—Fuel administration issues appeal to people to begin preparing for next winter's coal supply.
Feb. 21—Rev. F. M. Harry to go abroad to work with Y. M. C. A.
Feb. 22—Edwards school dedicates service flag.
Feb. 22—Definite announcement of establishment of government labor bureau in Bloomington.
Feb. 24—Normal has raised $1,300 for Red Cross in one week, of which $1,000 was realized from auction of products donated by farmers.
Feb. 24—Announcement of complete list of Class 1 men from board No. 2.
Feb. 26—John E. Matthews named for labor examiner for local government employment office.
Feb. 12—P. G. Rennick of Peoria makes Lincoln day address at public meeting in high school, first of Illinois Centennial observances.
Feb. 12—Change in rules for sale of flour, allowing purchase of one-half weight of substitutes with every pound of flour.
Feb. 12—J. J. Thomassen takes charge as county food administrator.
Feb. 12—Report on Alton road's earnings for 1917 show total of $20,000,000, greatest gross earnings in its history.
Feb. 13—Funeral of Clayton B. Sholty.
Feb. 14—Prof. Adams makes report on samples of foods examined.
Feb. 14—Completion of county organization for Council of Defense.
Feb. 14—Big drive starts in city schools for membership in the Junior Red Cross.
Feb. 19—First anniversary of Bloomington chapter of Red Cross, and reports show large accomplishments.
Feb. 21—State Farmers' Institute sends telegram to President Wilson setting forth farmers' viewpoint on war problems.
Feb. 21—Normal business men's ministrels clears $600 for Red Cross.
Feb. 21—Colfax women complete the making of 123 children's hoods for Belgian relief, on a request for fifty.
Feb. 21—Gov. Brough of Arkansas addresses state farmers' institute on war problems.
Feb. 21—Director McAdoo asks Alton road for data on trains, with a view to retrenchments.
Feb. 27—J. M. Fordice gives Camp Grant collection of magazines and receives letter of thanks for same.
Mar. 1—New rules requiring sale of pound for pound of substitutes with flour goes into effect.
Mar. 1—Orders received to cut C. & A. train service in order to save fuel.
Mar. 1—Income tax collectors close up their work here.
Mar. 1—Letters read at First Christian church from Rev. Edgar DeWitt Jones at camp.
Mar. 3—War kitchen program announced.
Mar. 4—New food rules for local bakeries are received.
Mar. 4—New ruling of food administrator abolishes ban on pork on Saturdays.
Mar. 4—Louis E. Davis, student cadet flyer in Texas, wins his commission.
Mar. 5—First announcement of the third liberty loan drive.
Mar. 5—Prof. Homberger busy in analyzing many samples of suspected foods.

Mar. 5—Fuel administration advises people to lay in next winter's coal supply.
Mar. 5—Report of county marriage license clerk shows falling off in number of weddings due to war.
Mar. 5—Patriotic meeting of women of Danvers.
Mar. 6—Lining up boys for enlistment in farm working reserve.
Mar. 7—Retailers selling foods to hotels and restaurants must take out wholesalers' license.
Mar. 7—Irving school service flag dedicated, with largest star for Gen. Harbord.
Mar. 7—Four Bloomington boys of the 210th aero squadron arrive in Europe.
Mar. 8—Lincoln school service flag dedicated.
Mar. 8—Twenty-five men have left for work in shipyards.
Mar. 10—Appeal issued for farmers to plant canning crops.
Mar. 11—First steps for organizing for next liberty loan drive to start April 6.
Mar. 11—War kitchen opens with large attendance of women.
Mar. 11—Dr. Grote announces that 114 men have been sent from here for special branches of service, out of 590 examined.
Mar. 12—McLean county drum corps organized.
Mar. 12—Charles O'Malley issues statement on enlargement of food price fixing board.
Mar. 13—Prof. Henry B. Ward of U. of I. lectures here on use of more fish for food.
Mar. 13—Local labor office swamped with business.
Mar. 14—Call for enlisted men of the navy to report; no more men wanted for army flying service.
Mar. 14—Order modified to permit killing of small pullets for food.
Mar. 14—Order from draft board for next contingent on Mar. 29.
Mar. 14—Belgian Relief moves to Oberkoetter building.
Mar. 15—Emerson school service flag dedicated with 67 stars.
Mar. 15—Ad club erects large food signs on court house.
Mar. 15—War kitchen closes after successful week of demonstrations.
Mar. 17—Big drive begins to secure books for soldiers.
Mar. 18—Drive for used clothing for Belgian and French people.
Mar. 18—Coal dealers meet to plan for summer campaign to avoid fuel shortage.
Mar. 19—Records compiled show city used 115,490 tons of soft coal past year.
Mar. 20—List of new substitutes for wheat flour announced.
Mar. 21—Committees named for council of defense.
Mar. 22—New food rule restricts sugar purchases to two pounds per person per month.
Mar. 22—Trinity Lutheran school wins contest for sale of thrift stamps.
Mar. 24—Dr. Aked delivers great speech on the Armenians.
Mar. 24—Washington school service flag dedicated with 49 stars.
Mar. 24—B. C. Moore calls meeting of farmers to talk over help problem.
Mar. 24—Crowds around newspaper bulletin boards each day watching news of the great offensive started by Germans March 21.
Mar. 24—Five new chapters of Junior Red Cross started.
Mar. 25—Announced that $1,670 has been raised for Armenian relief fund.
Mar. 25—Rev. F. M. Harry enlists for war Y. M. C. A. work.
Mar. 25—Final appeal for clothing for Belgians; five car loads have been shipped.
Mar. 25—Howard Humphreys assigned to nine counties as food administrator.


C.A.Knecht
W.A.Pringey
H.Hodge
F.K.Beckham
E.R.McCarty
C.S.Butler
H.W.Bates
J.C.Lawhun
E.Behrmann
C.Hamilton
H.A.Tobias
J.W.Weber
A.J.Hadler
H.Bossert
S.H.Paul
C.Wiler
E.Turner
T.Craft

Some of the many who helped to bring victory.

Mar. 25—Great patriotic meeting at Leroy addressed by Rev. Brown, home on leave from service with the army at Camp Dodge and Camp Pike.

Mar. 26—Precinct committees appointed for the third liberty loan drive, and headquarters to be at the Illinois hotel.

Mar. 26—Announce plans for loyalty meeting at every town of county on April 6, first anniversary of America's entry of war.

Mar. 26—Delegation of recent naval recruits ordered to report in Peoria.

Mar. 26—First plans by supervisors for a monster service flag with one star for every man in service from this county.

Mar. 27—Bloomington merchants asked to make window displays of a patriotic nature.

Mar. 27—County Supt. B. C. Moore orders 500 copies of book, ''Food Problems'' for use of school children of county.

Mar. 27—Mayor Jones issues proclamation urging people to observe the new system of time regulation for daylight saving.

Mar. 28—Judge James C. Riley, head of the drive for the sale of war savings stamps, announces the Maximum club for all who buy $1,000 worth of stamps.

Mar. 29—Call for 183 more men for draft contingent next week.

Mar. 29—Harry Lauder, famous Scotch comedian, here in talk and performance; tells of loss of son in British army.

Mar. 29—Completion of organization for liberty loan drive; best ever had here.

Mar. 29—Irving school receives portrait of Gen. Harbord, its most distinguished soldier graduate.

Mar. 29—Big offensive in France spurs local Red Cross to new activity in surgical dressings.

Mar. 29—Better Farming association receives letter from Dean Davenport of the U. of I. on the duty of farmers in the war.

Mar. 29—Y. M. C. A. issues call for more secretaries to go to France.

Mar. 30—Announced that in the recent campaign for books for soldiers, there were given here fifty per cent more than requested.

April 1—Ordered by the McLean county executive committee of the State Council of Defense that Bloomington Journal be no more printed in the German language.

April 1—Name of German-American bank changed to American State bank, by voluntary action of the board of directors.

April 1—Twenty men sent in draft for Camp Dodge.

April 1—Report of first three weeks of federal employment bureau shows 112 applicants for employment, and 92 placed.

April 2—City of Bloomington votes out saloons by majority of 2,100.

April 2—New set of rules announced by county food board.

April 3—Contingent of about 190 boys sent to Fort Wright, New London, Conn., after notable farewell ceremonies.

April 3—Civilian Relief organization had its busiest day in supplying comfort kits and information to departing soldiers.

April 3—Daughters of Isabella give minstrels for benefit of Belgian Relief, and score great success; necessary to repeat.

April 4—Emerson school service flag dedicated with notable ceremony.

April 4—Series of meetings to arouse enthusiasm for liberty loan drive.

April 4—Sergt. Edwards of British army and Carl Vrooman, assistant secretary of agriculture, talk to Rotary club.

April 4—District meeting of nurses hears lecture on their duty in war.

April 4—Hotel and restaurant men take action to eliminate wheat from bread.

April 4—War garden cards given out in schools.

April 4—Heyworth cuts German language from its school curriculum.

April 4—Six men ordered by draft board for special training at Bradley institute, Peoria.

April 4—Second performance of Daughters of Isabella ministrels makes total receipts $500.

April 4—Eighty per cent of merchants of city promise to give window space for patriotic displays.

April 4—Ruling of food administration that hens which do not lay may be killed for food.

April 4—Order of food administration that farmers must not hold wheat, but must sell.

April 4—Albert Hasson, subject of Turkey, among men leaving for Fort Wright.

April 5—Pageant of Nations, great patriotic society show at the Coliseum, clears $3,000 for benefit of Red Cross.

April 5—Third liberty loan drive officially started in Bloomington.

April 5—Woman's Committee of C. N. D. establishes new department, called war information department.

April 7—Solemn service of dedication of service flag at Holy Trinity church, with address by Father Shannon; 81 names on stars.

April 7—Alton employes form vast organization to push liberty loan.

April 8—Great patriotic demonstration and street parade in Bloomington, in which at least 8,000 people marched and 20,000 witnessed it.

April 8—First day's liberty loan effort brings total pledges of $415,000. About $100,000 is pledged by Alton employes first day.

April 8—Bloomington school board announces that no German will be taught in high school next year.

April 8—Families restricted to fifty pounds of flour in house at one time, on penalty of being arrested as hoarders.

April 8—Great patriotic demonstration and flag raising at Cropsey.

April 8—Normal farmer reports that he found ground glass in package of cereals.

April 8—Antoinette Funk addresses great audience at high school in behalf of liberty loan.

April 8—Normal university dedicates service flag with 253 stars on it; President Felmley makes notable address.

April 8—Fuel administration issues warning to buy coal now to avoid shortage next winter.

April 9—Spencer Ewing, fuel administrator, goes to Chicago to talk over situation.

April 9—Three men held to the federal grand jury under $1,000 each on disloyalty charges.

April 9—City of Bloomington invests $7,500 of its sinking fund in liberty bonds.

April 10—Million dollar mark passed in county liberty loan drive.

April 10—Report reaches parents that Lieut. Eugene Hamill was wounded in action on April 5.

April 10—Committee of citizens call upon board of education with request that German be dropped at high school instanter.

April 10—Big military ball at Coliseum as benefit for Company M.

April 11—Board decides to abolish teaching of German at Bloomington high school now.

April 11—Order received by draft boards for 92 more men on the 26th.

April 11—Saybrook holds big parade and speaking affair to dedicate community service flag with 45 stars.

April 11—Bloomington Rotary club dedicates service flag with 12 stars.

April 12—Saybrook citizens send committee to a farmer of that vicinity and make him subscribe for $3,000 liberty bonds.

April 12—Pastors of Methodist churches in the Bloomington district meet and form organization to boost war enterprises.

April 14—Big army caterpillar truck passes through Bloomington en route on service tour.

April 14—Last of indoor community sings held at high school, with Peter Dykema as leader.

April 14—Final steps taken to hire a county home adviser.

April 15—Order received for 49 men for draft contingent of May 1.

April 15—Order from food administration that hens may be marketed after April 20.

April 15—Campaign started for signing of loyalty cards by all over 18 years old.

April 15—D. O. Thompson, county farm adviser, is called to Chicago to aid in state distribution of seed corn.

April 16—County's liberty loan quota is raised to $2,500,000.

April 16—County fuel administration gives out rules for getting coal.

April 16—Salem Methodist church, composed of German speaking families, starts special war work drive.

April 16—Prof. Homberger reports that no glass was found in suspected can of salmon.

April 16—Several churches of Chenoa dedicate service flags.

April 16—Normal public schools drop teaching of German.

April 16—Normal passes its quota in liberty loan drive.

April 17—County passes the two million dollar mark in liberty loan drive.

April 17—Forty students enrolled in home service class of Red Cross.

April 17—Women of German Catholic church have active organization to assist in Red Cross work.

April 17—Committee of board of supervisors selects service flag, 13 by 30 feet.

April 18—Government urges people to eat more potatoes and save other foods.

April 18—Frederick Dale Wood, an orator of great note, lectures here in behalf of liberty loan drive.

April 18—Normal university puts on special course for training civilians in war work.

April 18—Alton boiler shops dedicates service flag.

April 18—Bellflower puts on a notable patriotic demonstration.

April 19—Orders to send 92 men to Camp Dodge on April 27 received by draft boards.

April 19—Retail dealers can buy wheat flour only on the card system.

April 19—Government labor office issues appeal for many laborers for different places.

April 19—Raymond school buys a liberty bond.

April 21—Illinois hotel quits serving meals, owing to war-time restrictions on food.

April 21—H. O. Echols goes to France as singer for the Y. M. C. A.

April 22—Normal enlists 522 boys and girls for summer garden army.

April 23—County passes its super quota of $2,500,000 to the extent of $24,200, and still going.

April 23—Bloomington lawyers offer to give free advice to families of soldiers.

April 23—Order of fuel administration does away with lightless nights.

April 24—McLean county's liberty loan subscriptions are 50 per cent over quota.

April 24—Miss Wilkerson makes a series of speeches here in the interest of saving on dress for women.

April 24—Food administration issues rules for returning surplus flour held by families.

April 25—County total on liberty loan drive for three weeks, $2,777,550.

April 26—William Rainey Bennett makes great patriotic speech before large audience at Coliseum.

April 26—Policeman John Miller draws Packard automobile raffled off by Normal Red Cross, having been donated by Byron Gregory.
April 27—One hundred men sent in draft contingent to Camp Dodge.
April 28—W. G. McAdoo, director general of U. S. railways, stops in Bloomington on trip and addresses crowd at union station.
April 28—Trinity Lutheran church unveils service flag with 27 stars.
April 28—Dedication of service flag at Moses Montefiore synagogue, with 29 stars.
April 29—Campaign started for new entertainment fund for soldiers.
April 29—Twenty women take examinations in Red Cross home nursing.
April 29—Announced that owing to the war, only six men are left in the graduating class of the Wesleyan.
April 29—Draft boards get order for next contingent to be sent to camp, May 11.
April 30—Meeting of citizens to consider Y. M. C. A. needs of men in the war.
April 30—Dr. John H. Randall of New York delivers thrilling war lecture in Bloomington.
April 30—District report on recruiting shows Bloomington second in list in the district.
May 1—Fuel administrator issues warning to dealers not to sell too much coal to any one customer.
May 1—City officials of Bloomington announce that only absolutely necessary public work will be undertaken during war.
May 1—Shirley citizens raise $1,600 by Red Cross sale.
May 1—Trinity Lutheran women form new and active Red Cross society.
May 1—Military ball for band benefit nets $600.
May 1—Order that greenhouses be allowed only 50 per cent of their fuel consumption for next winter.
May 2—Lieut. O'Brien, who had escaped from a German prison, lectures before great audience at high school auditorium.
May 2—Alton train service suffers in personnel owing to many men going to the army.
May 2—Jefferson school dedicates service flag with 42 stars.
May 2—Hal M. Stone appointed county food administrator.
May 2—Special call for recruits for the tank service.
May 2—Gen. Harbord transferred from staff of Gen. Pershing and given command in field.
May 3—Mrs. James C. Riley, chairman, announces that women of county have bought $158,900 of liberty bonds.
May 3—First annual meeting of the Girls of '61.
May 5—Final figures for liberty loan drive shows total for county $3,022,250, or 176 per cent of quota.
May 5—Second big drive for Red Cross will seek quota of $70,000.
May 5—Funeral of John R. Wilson, who died in service, held at Danvers.
May 5—Next draft contingent of May 25 to go to Mississippi.
May 5—Chenoa organizes local council of defense.
May 5—Chenoa dedicates service flag.
May 6—Thrift stamp drive launched at luncheon attended by many citizens.
May 6—St. Mary's church and school drop German language in services.
May 6—Swedish Lutheran church dedicates service flag with seven stars.
May 7—Eight men enlist in army one day.
May 7—Three thousand sacks of flour in possession of families in county in excess of food requirements, are returned to dealers.
May 7—Normal liberty loan committee returns just one yellow card for a slacker.
May 7—Retiring county food administrator, J. J. Thomassen, issues parting letter to township food men.

THE KIND OF SOLDIERS THIS COUNTY SENT FORTH

Top Row (left to right)—Shirley Judd, John E. Johnson, Will Iungerich, Glen R. Johnson, Elmo C. Jones, James T. Johnson, Hubert Jones, R. T. James, O. W. Johnson, Warren Jones, John J. Jones.

Second Row—Floyd Jones, John D. Jones, Roy Jacobs, Ernest A. Jones, William Jameson, Gilbert W. Jenkins, Clarence K. Jacobson, Carl J. Jackson.

Top Row (left to right)—Frank De Silva, Lloyd Daniel, Oscar Dean, Harry L. Deutsch.
Second Row—John Douglas, Lloyd F. Dowell, W. P. Dunbar, John G. Doenitz.
Third Row—Charles A. Doll, Earl W. Daniel, Elmo Dillon, Deane Dillon.
Fourth Row—Marion Dunn, Raymond Donnell, Marion B. Day, Alvin E. Decker.

May 7—Complete organization of county food administration with women as township chairmen.
May 8—Beginning of canteen service at the union station in Bloomington, with women in uniform on duty.
May 8—Arrowsmith puts on great patriotic celebration.
May 9—Leroy stages a big demonstration for loyalty.
May 9—State Music Teachers' convention in Bloomington sends message to President Wilson offering hearty support in war.
May 9—Canteen committee asks for magazines for use of soldiers en route.
May 9—Judge Riley announces thrift and war savings stamps sold in five months to amount of $155,544.
May 9—Food administration allows extra quantity of sugar to be sold if used for canning.
May 10—Lieut. Louis Eddy Davis killed in aeroplane accident at Ellington field, Texas.
May 10—Fifteen laborers leave for work in ammunition factory in Wisconsin.
May 10—Cadet John Brokaw, aviator at Chanute field, flies to Bloomington and alights in front of his father's home.
May 12—County draft quota for May 25 cut in half.
May 12—Miss Helen Fraser from England makes war time address on work of English women.
May 12—Anchor people put on big patriotic celebration.
May 12—Fifty draft men sent to Jefferson barracks, after fitting send-off here.
May 13—First Methodist church offers building for any patriotic purpose wanted.
May 13—Funeral of Lieut. Louis E. Davis held in Bloomington, with notable demonstration of honor to the dead
May 13—Five men enlist in army, six in navy in one day.
May 13—Miss Clara Brian chosen for county home adviser.
May 14—Township quotas for Red Cross drive announced.
May 14—Aeroplane from Rantoul falls in wreck near Cropsey; flyer not injured.
May 15—Two Normal girls apply for enlistment in the navy.
May 15—Illinois State Dental society listens to lecture of war-time surgery from Dr. Beck of Chicago.
May 15—Announcement of military course to be put in at Wesleyan university.
May 15—Lieut. Stephen Fitzgerald, of Dorchester, Mass., who had many relatives here, reported killed in battle in France.
May 16—Service flag dedicated at Bloomington high school.
May 16—Report on receipts of recent patriotic pageant show total of $3,519.
May 16—J. J. Hagin, superintendent of schools at McLean, goes to France for Y. M. C. A.
May 16—Local draft boards ordered to send 30 men each to Fort Thomas, Ky., on May 29.
May 17—Columbia school, near Arrowsmith, makes great record in buying liberty bonds, selling $7,300 in bonds or an average of $811 per pupil.
May 19—Township chairmen appointed for Red Cross drive.
May 19—Corp. Carl E. Miller of Heyworth reported killed in battle.
May 19—Report that a total of 793 school children in city have war gardens.
May 19—County Treasurer Rice to make survey of property in county owned by alien enemies.
May 19—Hurry call for fifty men received by draft boards.

May 20—Great street parade as boost for Red Cross drive, about 10,000 people being in line and all city's organizations represented.
May 20—Bloomington high school hangs service flag with 112 names.
May 20—Prof. Robert Herrick of University of Chicago, in war talk at Coliseum.
May 20—Anchor, Martin, Funk's Grove and Mt. Hope went over their quota in first day of Red Cross drive.
May 21—Lieut. Young, veteran of three years of war in Canadian army, talks to Red Cross workers.
May 21—City passes ordinance to stamp out barberry bushes, menace to wheat of country.
May 22—Lieut. Robert Renard of French army, wearer of war cross, talks before Red Cross boosters.
May 22—High school pupils write in contest of essays on the subject of potatoes.
May 23—Changes in local food board, Sam Waldman being new chairman.
May 24—Gridley people put on a great patriotic rally.
May 24—Eleven recruits sent to the army by local station.
May 25—Gov. Deneen in war talk before the Bloomington Consistory.
May 26—Dr. H. K. Denlinger addresses community meeting on ''Spirit of America.''
May 27—Close of Red Cross drive with total of $93,812 raised, being one-third more than quota.
May 27—Thirteen new soldiers sent to Jefferson barracks as recruits.
May 27—Miss Carrie Lyons of the department of animal husbandry, gives series of demonstrations on cottage cheese in Bloomington.
May 27—Coal dealers announce partial payment plan for consumers to assist in laying in winter supplies.
May 28—Bloomington recruits station scores best record in whole Peoria district for the week.
May 29—Forty-two men sent by draft boards to Camp Shelby, near Hattiesburg, Miss.
May 30—Annual golf tourney of Central Illinois abandoned owing to war.
May 30—Irving school children get letter from Gen. Harbord.
May 31—Hudson has community demonstration for the boys who are soon to be drafted.
May 31—Woodford county soldiers join McLean contingent when they entrain for Fort Thomas, Ky.
May 31—Fifty-two enlisted men depart for Great Lakes naval station; about fifty for the army.
May 31—Lieut. John Brokaw married to Miss Lucile Barry.
May 31—Draft contingent leaves for Fort Thomas, Ky.; joined here by Woodford county contingent.
May 31—Patriotic demonstration at Hudson.
June 2—National ''coal week'' observed; put in fuel for next winter.
June 1 and 2—Large delegation of enlisted men to Jefferson barracks.
June 5—Thrift stamp drive nets a total of $172,707.41.
June 5—Young men registered who have come of age since last year on June 5, the total in the county being 438.
June 5—Red Cross drive here to secure quota of the 25,000 army nurses needed for immediate service.
June 5—Order received by draft boards for 565 men to be sent to camp on June 24.
June 6—People watch bulletins of big battle in France, believing that many Bloomington boys are in the action.
June 7—Military class to be formed for the Normal summer school.
June 7—All class 1 men notified by draft boards to be ready for call at any time.

June 8—Army recruiting station resumes activity after a period of quiescence.
June 9—Announced that Gen. Harbord is in command of the Marines at the battle now raging in attack on German lines.
June 9—Coal week results in many hundred orders being placed by householders.
June 10—List published of young men who registered for draft on June 5.
June 10—Earl Nichols of this city reported among the wounded.
June 12—Woman from central division headquarters here to explain the Red Cross civilian relief work.
June 13—McLean county service flag with 2,000 stars is dedicated with impressive ceremonies.
June 13—Six men sent to Valparaiso for special training.
June 13—Food administration sends out urgent call to save grain.
June 14—Flag raising at Beich's factory.
June 14—Ruling of food administration that sugar purchases shall be limited to two pounds per customer in the city, five pounds to country customer.
June 14—Plans made for registering all men for emergency farm work.
June 15—Naval recruiting station in Bloomington to be kept open.
June 17—Orders received that no reduction in the number of draft men for June 24 be made.
June 17—Belgian Relief committee issues appeal for clothing.
June 18—Nine aeroplanes here from Rantoul.
June 18—Plans made for registering and weighing babies under 6 as part of general health campaign.
June 18—Municipal canning center opens in the Pantagraph building with large crowd of women to see demonstration.
June 18—Free yarn at the Red Cross headquarters is exhausted.
June 19—Movement started for recruiting up Company M.
June 20—Records show very few June brides, owing to war.
June 20—Twenty-five men sent from this county to auto school at Kansas City.
June 20—Prayers for peace in Catholic churches.
June 21—William McClellan of Colfax and Harry Myers of McLean officially reported wounded.
June 21—Quota for McLean county in war savings stamps drive is placed at $1,400,000.
June 23—Citizens of that section force Lawndale school to close owing to teacher's use of German language.
June 23—Harry Myers of McLean reported to have died in France from wounds.
June 23—Large number of McLean county men sent from Camp Dodge to Camp Pike.
June 24—St. Mary's school children form living flag in street.
June 24—Assembly of the 565 men for leaving to camp tomorrow.
June 24—Forty-two German women registered under the regulation requiring all such to register.
June 24—Two thousand men registered for farm work.
June 25—Good-bye to the draft contingent of 565 off to Camp Wheeler.
June 25—Order received that no Illinois men will be included in the July draft call.
June 25—Federal bureau issues call for laborers for Aberdeen, Md.
June 25—Rules issued for storing coal to avoid fire.
June 25—Civilian Relief department of Red Cross had busiest day since it was organized.
June 26—Registration of German women closes with 96 registered.
June 26—Leroy stages great loyalty rally; service flag dedicated.
June 27—Serial numbers published for the 1918 registrants.

June 27—Draft boards ordered to re-classify all the 4,000 registrants.
June 27—Willard Hensley killed in France.
June 28—Big Belgian Relief party at the Country club.
June 28—First Methodist church dedicates service flag with 68 stars.
June 29—Bloomington postoffice sells $100,000 in war savings stamps.
June 30—Memorial services at McLean for Henry Myers.
June 30—Bloomington garages adopt early closing rule to save fuel.
June 30—Second Christian church dedicates service flag.
July 1—Work or fight rule goes into effect.
July 1—Spencer Ewing called to the state fuel administration.
July 1—Patriotic League formed among high school girls.
July 1—Report of government employment office for June shows 200 men got jobs.
July 1—Sugar bowls barred from tables at hotels and restaurants.
July 2—Emergency motor corps organized.
July 2—Employers announce they will advance money to aid people to place their coal orders early.
July 4—Big public demonstration and picnic in honor of 55 men who volunteered and will leave tomorrow for Jefferson barracks.
July 4—Three Brokaw hospital nurses leave for war work.
July 4—One half of city's total winter supply of coal now in cellars of citizens.
July 5—Better Farming Association issue appeal that every farmer raise ten acres of wheat.
July 7—Forty-six quarts of vegetables and fruits canned at municipal center first week.
July 7—Alton shop men in body attend memorial service for Sergt. Joe Hauptman, killed in battle in France.
July 9—Spencer Ewing made state fuel officer.
July 10—McLean Bar association dedicates service flag.
July 10—Congressman Sterling takes flight in army aeroplane in Washington.
July 10—Two hundred fifty Alton shop men address Federal Director McAdoo for increase of wages.
July 11—Salvation Army drive planned and township quotas announced.
July 11—C. B. Hughes named as county director of public service reserve.
July 14—Prof. Wallis, principal of Bloomington high school, decides to go to France as Y. M. C. A. secretary.
July 14—Report that William John Morgan was wounded in action.
July 14—French market held at the Red Cross exchange, netting the sum of $500 for Red Cross.
July 14—County drive for Salvation Army begins.
July 15—Personal belongings of Joe Hauptman, who had been killed in battle, sent to his relatives here.
July 15—Twenty-three recruits for the navy sent to Peoria.
July 15—County bureau formed to supply emergency farm labor.
July 16—Several men from Barnum's circus enlist in the navy while here.
July 17—Ernest Benedict of McLean reported dead from wounds in battle.
July 17—Illinois troops given an ovation at Camp Wheeler.
July 18—Ervin P. Martensen of Anchor reported killed in battle.
July 18—Cannon boom in Bloomington for the reports of the victory of American troops at Chateau Thierry.
July 18—Two men arrested in Bloomington for disloyal talk.
July 19—B. A. Franklin appointed county fuel administrator.
July 19—Congressman Medill McCormick talks about his observations in the war.
July 19—Draft order for 25 negroes to be sent to camp Aug. 1.
July 19—Great campaign to get farmers to grow wheat is now on.

July 21—Memorial service held at Anchor for Ervin P. Martensen.
July 21—Thirteen airships from Rantoul visit this city.
July 21—Move to build canteen hut at the union depot.
July 21—Report that Campbell Brunton had won the croix de guerre.
July 21—Dr. John S. Hamilton lectures in boosting the Salvation Army drive.
July 22—Order issued that hard coal shall be distributed to small users with stoves rather than furnaces.
July 23—Wheatless bread demonstration attracts large crowd to municipal kitchen.
July 23—Total supply of hard coal in Bloomington is 442 tons.
July 24—Chris Phillos gives receipts of store for one day to Red Cross canteen hut, netting $335.
July 24—Permission required to secure 10 pounds of sugar for canning purposes.
July 26—Order received for 105 men to be sent in the draft on August 1.
July 28—Eagles dedicate service flag with 33 stars.
July 28—Personnel committee of Y. M. C. A. selects 12 men for overseas duty.
July 29—First lightless nights—Mondays and Tuesdays.
July 30—Saybrook dedicates community service flag.
July 30—Word received here that Harry G. Bishop of Normal made brigadier general in France.
July 30—Many clamoring for hard coal which they cannot get.
July 30—D. A. R. gives silk flag to Company M.
July 30—Major Bruce Carlock wins war cross.
July 30—Young Men's club votes to put on big benefit fete at E. M. Evans' house as war benefit.
July 31—Outdoor supper at Withers park for departing draft men.
Aug. 1—Y. W. C. A. Followship club collects old rubber in barrels at court house.
Aug. 1—Sunset fete in Normal benefit surgical dressings department.
Aug. 2—Community labor board formed.
Aug. 2—One ton hard coal allotted to each base burner.
Aug. 2—Three thousand people attend pavement dance at Emerson school.
Aug. 4—News of Howard Bolin killed in battle.
Aug. 4—Crowds watch newspaper bulletin boards for news of great drive in France.
Aug. 5—Harry Kraps wins French war cross.
Aug. 6—News of the wounding of Capt. Eugene Hamill.
Aug. 6—No sugar for canning until further notice.
Aug. 7—News of the wounding of Claude Miller on July 19.
Aug. 7—Baldwin's store gives benefit for canteen service.
Aug. 7—Sergt. Jack Boyer, hero of Soissons, weds Beatrice Sutton.
Aug. 7—Government calls for 1,150 laborers from this district.
Aug. 7—Community war benefit entertainment at McLean nets $1,755.
Aug. 8—Alton shops service flag dedicated by Senator Medill McCormick.
Aug. 8—Rush at recruiting station.
Aug. 9—''Over There,'' great war benefit attracts 3,500 people.
Aug. 9—One grocer deprived of license for selling flour contrary to rules.
Aug. 9—The McLean county quota for wheat raising is 103,000 acres.
Aug. 10—News of Dewey Burger of McLean killed in battle.
Aug. 10—Seventeen men enlist in the navy.
Aug. 11—Second night of ''Over There'' with 3,000 present.
Aug. 12—Meeting of citizens to consider War Chest plan.
Aug. 13—John H. Kasbeer of Normal made ensign.
Aug. 13—Total receipts of ''Over There'' announced as $2,610.
Aug. 13—Recruiting station final report shows 427 enlisted since April.
Aug. 15—Jones-White family dedicate service flag at reunion with 20 stars.

Aug. 15—War time chautauqua opens in Bloomington with large crowd.
Aug. 15—Wheatless days ordered discontinued.
Aug. 16—Forty recruits enlist in navy here in one day.
Aug. 16—Irving school pageant and pavement dance.
Aug. 16—Two gold bricks from Belgian Relief's melting pot worth $63.
Aug. 18—News that John H. Kraus of Danvers killed in battle.
Aug. 19—Orders to enlist men from 41 to 56 years.
Aug. 21—Chester Daniels, colored, dies in France of pneumonia.
Aug. 21—Red Cross canteen hut opened with immense crowd.
Aug. 22—Government takes all prunes available.
Aug. 22—Kenneth Jones flies over his home town, Normal.
Aug. 22—Labor bureau sends questionnaire to local industries.
Aug. 24—Colored people's convention places gold star for Chester Daniels.
Aug. 23—Thirty men called in new draft contingent.
Aug. 24—Great war benefit party at ''The Oaks,'' home of Howard Humphreys.
Aug. 27—Order for observance of first ''gasless'' Sunday.
Aug. 27—Order to all coal users that they must economize.
Aug. 27—Sixty citizens sign up pledge to support 100 orphans.
Aug. 28—Lyle Best dies at Great Lakes.
Aug. 28—Roland Read home from service in Italy.
Aug. 29—''Sailing dates'' for shipments on railroads.
Aug. 29—Five thousand people attend pavement festival for Edwards school.
Aug. 30—Report on receipts of parties at ''The Oaks'' showing total of $5,500.
Aug. 30—Rules changed on wheat flour allowing sales with 20 per cent substitutes.
Sept. 1—Local army recruiting station gets orders to close soon.
Sept. 1—Orders received establishing Students' Army Training Corps at Wesleyan.
Sept. 1—First gasless Sunday observed.
Sept. 2—First orders received by draft boards for registering men 18 to 45 years.
Sept. 2—Many people call on Mayor to offer excuses for driving cars on Sunday.
Sept. 2—New official orders as to use of sugar and flour.
Sept. 2—September calls will take 169 men for both draft boards.
Sept. 3—Contingent of men to Camp Grant for limited service.
Sept. 3—Rev. W. B. Hindman called to service as chaplain.
Sept. 3—Wesleyan gets contract for installing S. A. T. C.
Sept. 4—First plans for fourth liberty loan drive.
Sept. 4—Mayor issues call for registration of men 18 to 45 on Sept. 12.
Sept. 4—Many physicians join medical reserve corps.
Sept. 4—Appeal to save peach stones for making gas masks.
Sept. 5—Second gasless Sunday observed in better fashion.
Sept. 5—Prospect of army truck school for Bloomington.
Sept. 5—Ninety-nine draft men banqueted and off to Camp Grant.
Sept. 6—Thirty men sent to Camp Forest, Lytle, Ga.
Sept. 6—Feast of Lanterns put on at Country Club by girls of Patriotic League.
Sept. 8—Better observance of second gasless Sunday.
Sept. 9—Knights of Columbus put on big lawn fete at ''The Oaks.''
Sept. 10—Report shows Knights of Columbus made $3,500 by lawn fete.
Sept. 10—Dr. Guthrie named to mobilize doctors of county.
Sept. 10—Court trials postponed to let lawyers help with draft questionnaire.
Sept. 11—Claude Miller writes he is going back to trenches after recovery.
Sept. 11—Amateur Musical club outlines war-time program of music.

Sept. 12—Registration day for men 18 to 45; total of 8,020 register.
Sept. 12—Hard coal supply in local cellars one-fourth of last year.
Sept. 12—The 68th regiment, mostly McLean county boys, reaches England.
Sept. 14—Men who registered Sept. 12 put on big night parade.
Sept. 15—Memorial service at First Christian church for Howard Bolin.
Sept. 16—Edward Dwyer of Cooksville reported probably taken prisoner.
Sept. 17—Glenn Gilmore of Leroy reported gassed.
Sept. 18—B. and N. railway adopts skip-stop plan.
Sept. 19—Company M takes four days' hike to Galesburg.
Sept. 20—Lawyers organize to assist with draft questionnaires.
Sept. 20—Electrical Workers' union put on big party at ''The Oaks.''
Sept. 20—C. D. Phillos, who gave store's receipts for Red Cross, is dead.
Sept. 22—Red Cross starts drive for old clothing for war sufferers.
Sept. 22—Appeal made through papers for temporary sleeping quarters for S. A. T. C. boys.
Sept. 22—The Misses Barron, two French girls, arrive to attend Wesleyan.
Sept. 23—Contract let for building S. A. T. C. barracks at Wesleyan.
Sept. 23—Blooming Grove camp of Woodmen dedicate service flag, 82 stars.
Sept. 24—Checks for $300,000 back war pay arrive for Alton shop men.
Sept. 25—Local brewery to close down Oct. 1 owing to fuel restrictive orders.
Sept. 25—Milton R. Livingston appointed commercial economy director.
Sept. 25—Quotas announced for townships in fourth liberty loan drive.
Sept. 25—Proposed show by Great Lakes sailors here is off owing to flu.
Sept. 25—Alton car men strike owing to dissatisfaction with back pay.
Sept. 26—Business men guarantee $20,000 in twenty minutes for Wesleyan barracks
Sept. 26—Danvers Red Cross day attracts great crowds.
Sept. 26—Big patriotic picnic held near Colfax.
Sept. 26—McLean and DeWitt counties organize for united war work drive.
Sept. 27—Franklin school holds great patriotic war benefit festival in Coliseum.
Sept. 27—Big liberty loan parade in Normal, inaugurating drive.
Sept. 28—Liberty loan drive starts with $1,391,000 pledged first day.
Sept. 29—Community sing at high school.
Sept. 30—Volunteer liberty loan subscribers hold parade at night.
Sept. 30—First serial numbers received for the 18 to 45 registrants.
Oct. 1—Twenty-one men sent to Jefferson barracks for limited service.
Oct. 1—Lieut. Elmer Doocy, former Wesleyan man, killed in battle.
Oct. 1—Clyde Kind of Stanford dies of influenza at Great Lakes.
Oct. 1—Purse given by church to Rev. W. B. Hindman, who leaves to become chaplain.
Oct. 1—Lena Hayes, Hazel Roberts and Beatrice Doty, nurses, to Great Lakes.
Oct. 1—Miss Opha Wren called to Europe in Red Cross service.
Oct. 1—William S. Golliday of Lexington dies of pneumonia in camp.
Oct. 2—Ransom Johnson dies at Camp Devens, Harry Pietsch at Camp Grant
Oct. 2—Sergt. Barre, veteran of English army in France, speaks at liberty loan parade.
Oct. 2—Total of 245 women at work in Red Cross rooms making flu masks.
Oct. 2—Memorial exercises at Wesleyan for Lieut. Elmer Doocy.
Oct. 2—Bryan Maxwell of McLean dies at Norfolk.
Oct. 3—Fifteen hundred negro troops from Camp Funston parade streets here.

Oct. 3—White Elephant sale opens at Belgian Relief headquarters.
Oct. 3—Word that Joseph A. Erbe of Normal killed in battle.
Oct. 3—Total of 486 laborers sent from this district to war industries elsewhere.
Oct. 4—Exhibit of produce from Bloomington war gardens, at high school.
Oct. 4—Receipts first day White Elephant sale $800.
Oct. 5—Train of war trophies exhibited here to great crowds.
Oct. 6—White Elephant sale clears $1,400.
Oct. 7—Edmond Sutherland, Charles A. Clarke and Carl Louis Koch all dead in service.
Oct. 7—Capt. Wheaton arrives to take military charge of the Wesleyan S. A. T. C.
Oct. 7—Miss Wilkerson of U. of I. tells women how to save clothes.
Oct. 7—Mass meeting at Alton shops for liberty loan.
Oct. 7—Normal raises its quota of liberty loan.
Oct. 8—Howard Wiley dies at Great Lakes; Henry Peckman at Camp Funston.
Oct. 8—Red Cross calls for help to make flu masks.
Oct. 9—Matthew Holman of McLean dead at Syracuse; Bud Peterson at Camp Custer.
Oct. 9—Fred O'Connor dies at Camp Grant.
Oct. 9—School children gather 25 bushels of peach stones for gas masks.
Oct. 9—All Heyworth turns out to funeral of John T. Wakefield.
Oct. 10—Churches, theaters and clubs ordered closed on account of the flu.
Oct. 10—Howard Rodman dies in New York; Chalres E. Harrison of Chenoa in New Jersey.
Oct. 11—Lexington dedicates service flag.
Oct. 11—City schools are closed on account of the prevalence of influenza.
Oct. 12—Call for volunteer nurses to help take care of the many flu cases.
Oct. 12—All churches suspend services owing to the flu.
Oct. 12—James H. Shaw chosen chairman of state speakers' bureau for united war fund.
Oct. 12—Day's death reports included Eugene McCarthy, Thomas Montgomery, Clyde Robert Miller, and William H. Eckhart.
Oct. 13—Phi Gamma Delta fraternity opened as infirmary for Wesleyan flu victims.
Oct. 13—Maurice Wakefield dies at Iowa university, flu victim.
Oct. 13—Mrs. M. T. Scott's house opened as emergency hospital.
Oct. 13—Day's death reports included Loring F. Jones, Charles Witt of Arrowsmith and Ben Kaplan.
Oct. 13—Claude Miller home with wound received at Soissons July 19.
Oct. 13—Country Club house opened as emergency hospital.
Oct. 14—Day's death reports included Lieut. Richard Boydston, Kline Alfred Lantz, Orville Bechtel.
Oct. 14—Delmar Olson first flu victim to die at the Country Club hospital.
Oct. 14—Order that no more sugar for canning after tomorrow.
Oct. 15—Police keep crowds back that throng sugar office.
Oct. 15—Day's deaths include Edward Iehl, Earl Smith, W. F. Dunlap, Charles F. Smith.
Oct. 15—Alton to run special train to boost liberty loan.
Oct. 15—Twelve men sent to Bradley for war training.
Oct. 16—Flu spreads; appeal for volunteer nurses.
Oct. 16—Warren Webber of Arrowsmith dies in Washington.
Oct. 16—New rules restricting deliveries of goods in city.
Oct. 16—Grant Metcalf dies.
Oct. 16—Rev. W. B. Hindman called to service as army chaplain.
Oct. 17—Maurice Roberts, Wesleyan soldier, dies of influenza.
Oct. 17—Ban lifted on use of gasoline Sundays for pleasure riding.

MEMORIAL ARCHES AT COURT HOUSE

Built by contributions from all parts of the county

Oct. 17—State labor convention postponed on account of flu.
Oct. 17—Stricter rules for food at hotels and restaurants.
Oct. 17—Elmo Hill of Lexington dies.
Oct. 18—Thirty men apply for service in motor transport.
Oct. 18—Prof. Wm. Wallis, former principal of Bloomington high, called to service.
Oct. 19—McLean county's quota on war loan is raised.
Oct. 20—Funeral of Congressman Sterling; Frank L. Smith named by republicans for candidate for special election in this district.
Oct. 20—Fred Allen dies at Camp Wheeler.
Oct. 20—Second flu wave sweeps over city.
Oct. 21—Call for reserves to fight flu; first contingent of women worn out.
Oct. 21—Earl Spencer dies of wounds in France.
Oct. 21—Sarah Wells, superintendent of Scott hospital, called for nursing service at Camp Grant.
Oct. 22—Wesleyan S. A. T. C. get first equipment.
Oct. 22—First death in Saybrook caused by flu.
Oct. 23—Local demand for coffins greater than the supply.
Oct. 23—James Sia is second death at Scott emergency hospital.
Oct. 23—Local food inspectors visit hotels and restaurants looking for violations.
Oct. 24—Day's deaths include Homer Mitchell and Melvin Bossingham.
Oct. 25—City draft board gets calls for 423 men and county board for 458 in next two months.
Oct. 26—Flu epidemic practically closed.
Oct. 26—Harry W. Andrews of Gridley dies while waiting for call in draft.
Oct. 27—Hands of all clocks turned backward one hour to ''save daylight.''
Oct. 28—Dr. Elder returns from emergency for emergency service on account of flu.
Oct. 29—Covel people send truck load of provisions to Scott hospital.
Oct. 29—All flu patients taken to Scott hospital.
Oct. 29—Normal university girls offer to help with corn husking.
Oct. 30—Red Cross starts sending packed Christmas parcels to soldiers.
Oct. 31—Death of Archie Stewart on ship taking him over to Europe.
Oct. 31—Pearl Dickerson of Leroy drowned in sinking of the ship Otranto.
Oct. 31—Flu ban lifted from all city activities.
Oct. 31—County quota announced as $165,000 for united war work drive.
Nov. 1—New rule that families may buy three pounds of sugar per person per month.
Nov. 1—Call for 37 men to be sent by draft boards to Camp Wadsworth.
Nov. 1—Lieut. McDavid killed in France.
Nov. 1—Red Cross exchange reopens after flu epidemic at new location, 214 W. Jefferson street.
Nov. 1—Leslie Pfiffner, formerly of Normal, killed in battle.
Nov. 1—S. A. T. C. boys to the number of 237 sworn in at Wesleyan.
Nov. 2—Classes of instruction for foreigners started at high and Sheridan schools.
Nov. 4—Great county corn show opens at Wesleyan barracks.
Nov. 4—City schools reopen after the flu epidemic.
Nov. 4—Urgent call for nurses and food for Scott emergency hospital.
Nov. 4—Lieut. Max Montgomery weds Mary Mayne in England.
Nov. 4—City exemption board announces list of Class 1 registrants.
Nov. 5—Announced that no more patients will be received at Scott hospital.
Nov. 5—Report that Ruel Neal of Leroy was killed in battle in France.

Nov. 5—Report of the death of Capt. Hugh M. Price at Norfolk as result of auto accident.
Nov. 6—Annual Red Cross meeting at McLean.
Nov. 7—Fake rumor of signing of peace armistice creates stir in many cities.
Nov. 7—Thirty laborers sent from here to ship yards at Philadelphia.
Nov. 7—County organization formed for United War Work drive.
Nov. 7—Corn show at Wesleyan barracks closes with $4,765 receipts.
Nov. 8—Funeral of Capt. Hugh M. Price held in Bloomington.
Nov. 8—Irving school gives $652 to war fund.
Nov. 8—Red Cross flu committee holds meeting to wind up its affairs.
Nov. 9—Day's deaths include Fred Skinner, Charles L. Brining and Bernard Davis.
Nov. 11—ARMISTICE SIGNED.
Nov. 11—City of Bloomington wild with exultation over armistice; all day celebration.
Nov. 11—United War Work fund drive for $60,000 in this county.
Nov. 12—City clears streets of debris left after big celebration.
Nov. 12—The $100 club of the United War fund drive gets 158 members to date.
Nov. 13—Forty-five cases of flu at the Soldiers' Orphans' Home.
Nov. 13—Young people form an organization to back the United War Work drive.
Nov. 13—Ban removed and no more lightless nights this winter.
Nov. 14—Scott emergency hospital closed.
Nov. 14—Bloomington high school pupils give $500 to united war work fund.
Nov. 15—Benefit concert for the united war work fund given by the Amateur Musical club.
Nov. 15—Grade schools form Victory clubs to back United War Work fund.
Nov. 17—Last day of war work fund drive, with $25,000 to raise.
Nov. 18—City raises its quota of United War Work drive.
Nov. 18—Exemption boards discontinue physical examinations.
Nov. 18—Modification of fuel orders, making them more liberal.
Nov. 18—Memorial services held for Frank Thoennes and Willard Pierson.
Nov. 18—No more inductions into the S. A. T. C.
Nov. 19—Word that Sergt. E. O. Bailey of Heyworth was killed in battle.
Nov. 19—Food and fuel administration to be continued indefinitely.
Nov. 19—Big carnival and peace party by the Canteen committee held at the court house.
Nov. 20—Report of the death of Charles Nelson of Leroy.
Nov. 20—Canteen party netted $500.
Nov. 20—Dwight Packard on ship which was torpedoed.
Nov. 21—Report of employment bureau for eight months shows 1,898 men placed in jobs.
Nov. 21—Wesleyan stands second among colleges on united war work fund drive.
Nov. 21—Draft boards instructed to close up work by Dec. 9.
Nov. 21—U. S. food inspectors here looking for violations.
Nov. 22—Red Cross chapter gets an appeal to keep up its work.
Nov. 22—Report reaches here that Opha Wren is in hospital.
Nov. 23—Flu ban lifted at Leroy.
Nov. 25—County drive for united war work fund closes, $700 short of quota.
Nov. 25—Monthly sugar quota increased to four pounds per person.
Nov. 26—Report of the wounding of Herbert C. Rediger.
Nov. 27—Discharge of the S. A. T. C. at the Wesleyan ordered from Washington.

Nov. 27—Honor buttons given to children who ran war gardens.
Nov. 27—Rev. E. K. Masterson of Normal sent to Saloniki.
Nov. 28—Boxers and wrestlers from Great Lakes naval station give exhibit here.
Nov. 29—French military band, composed of veterans of many battles, give concert here.
Nov. 29—Commercial economy administration discontinued.
Dec. 1—Normal university announced to have seven gold stars on flag.
Dec. 1—Herbert Hoover's food letter read at churches.
Dec. 1—Grocers excused from keeping further records of sugar sales.
Dec. 1—Roy Crotinger of Saybrook dies of battle wounds, E. C. Kitterman killed, and Thomas Cooney dies in France from pneumonia.
Dec. 2—Ralph Hoover dies in western army camp.
Dec. 2—Last appearance of S. A. T. C. as organized body, at community sing.
Dec. 3—Capt. Ivan Elliott home after eleven months fighting in France with heavy artillery.
Dec. 3—Supervisor Welch introduces resolution to build county memorial building.
Dec. 4—Gov. Lowden gives stirring war speech at state labor convention here.
Dec. 4—Exhibit here of war pictures by Hungarian artist.
Dec. 4—Red Cross issues hurry call for more flu masks.
Dec. 4—William Savage of Downs drowned at Newport News.
Dec. 5—Many city firms sign agreement to take back soldiers in old jobs.
Dec. 5—Library issues call for 500 books for soldiers.
Dec. 5—City health board makes statement on the influenza epidemic.
Dec. 6—State federation of labor convention in Bloomington.
Dec. 7—Tag day for French orphans.
Dec. 8—Annual meeting of McLean county chapter of Red Cross.
Dec. 8—Memorial service at Trinity Lutheran church for Karl Louis Koch.
Dec. 9—Council of Defense holds its final meeting.
Dec. 9—Exemption boards officially close their work.
Dec. 10—Earl Nichols, wounded in battle, returns to hospital after visit here.
Dec. 10—McLean county over-subscribes united war fund on quota of $167,000.
Dec. 11—William Frank Barnes of Cropsey dies in hospital at Lafayette.
Dec. 11—Sugar bowls back on tables at restaurants after five months.
Dec. 12—Influenza epidemic on the wane.
Dec. 12—Announced Wesleyan law school will re-open in January.
Dec. 12—Isaiah Deckard of near Carlock killed in battle.
Dec. 12—Great Lakes glee club at Rotary club.
Dec. 12—Normal churches abandon Christmas programs owing to influenza.
Dec. 12—Township chairmen selected for Christmas Red Cross roll call.
Dec. 13—Health board discourages all unnecessary public meetings.
Dec. 13—President Wilson arrives in Brest, France.
Dec. 13—Judge Riley says county must buy $300,000 more of thrift stamps to reach quota.
Dec. 13—Wesleyan S. A. T. C. boys paid off and equipment loaded.
Dec. 15—Melvin Savage of Downs, soldier, dies week after his brother
Dec. 15—Wesleyan barracks emptied; U. S. inspector awaited.
Dec. 15—French and Belgian Bazaar clears $300.
Dec. 14—President Wilson reaches Paris.
Dec. 16—Work started on memorial arches at court house.
Dec. 16—Red Cross enrollment drive starts.

Dec. 16—First patient in Normal emergency hospital.
Dec. 17—Y. M. C. A. privileges free to returned soldiers.
Dec. 17—Knights of Columbus to help secure jobs for returned soldiers.
Dec. 17—Secretary Luebbers of Y. M. C. A. gets word of need of workers in France.
Dec. 18—New bread rule promulgated by local food administration.
Dec. 18—Alva H. Smith dies of pneumonia in France.
Dec. 18—Frank M. Jordan dies of wounds in France.
Dec. 22—Ulysses Miller reported killed in France.
Dec. 22—Ten patients in emergency hospital at Normal.
Dec. 23—A. E. Kerber reported dead in France.
Dec. 23—Walter Seeger reported dead from wounds in France.
Dec. 23—Ivan Costigan recovering from gas attack.
Dec. 24—Red Cross roll call extended to January 1.
Dec. 24—Four minute men disband.
Dec. 25—Hundreds of soldiers and sailors home for holidays.
Dec. 25—Barron girls entertain French friends for holidays.
Dec. 27—Food price fixing body to continue in action.
Dec. 29—Capt. Eugene Hamill arrives in New York.
Dec. 29—Rev. Jones suggests community memorial building for soldiers.
Dec. 31—Exemption boards get final instructions for sending in records.
Dec. 31—Harold Livingston in France hears of Newmarket fire on Christmas day.
Dec. 31—Word that Thomas McClure is wounded in action.

THESE AMONG OTHERS, BROUGHT TRIUMPH

Top Row (left to right)—Orville Lucas, Franklin Lutz, Lee L. Lishka.
Second Row—John M. Leary, Richard E. Leary, Joseph Allen Little.
Third Row—Earl A. Longworth, Bryant Luzader, Leonard F. Lang, Walter W. Lighthart.
Fourth Row—Martin Lindsay, Earl Littleton, Edward Lawyer, James R. Lucas, Kenneth Lee.

IN MEMORIAM

The Boast of Heraldry,
The Pomp of Power,
And all that Beauty and all
that wealth ere gave,
Await alike the Inevitable
Hour,
The Path of Glory leads
but to the Grave.

THE HONORED DEAD

McLean County roll of the honored dead is sadly long. About one hundred and sixty made the supreme sacrifice for their country. The publishers made every effort to secure a biographical sketch and picture of each. In alphabetical order, the roster is as follows:

CLYDE LORRAINE ALLISON

Clyde Lorraine Allison of Lexington, was one of the boys who succumbed to influenza, dying in a hospital at Camp Mills October 24, 1918. Lobar pneumonia followed the influenza. His wife was with him twelve days before his death. The 31st division, with which he was connected, sailed for France the day before his death. Clyde Lorraine Allison went out of McLean county with the draft contingent of June 24, 1918. At Camp Wheeler he was assigned to headquarters company of the 124th infantry. Only a week before going to Camp, on June 18, he had been married to Miss Ella Jackson of Havana. Clyde was born at Orange, Fayette county, Indiana, and had lived there until he came to Lexington four years before he entered the service. At Lexington he worked on various farms. His parents lived at Falmouth, Ind., where the body was taken for burial. A boy baby was born to Mrs. Allison on March 26, 1919, at the home of her parents in Havana, where she had gone after her husband's death. She afterward returned to Chicago to resume her work as a nurse. In a letter to the young wife concerning her husband's death, Lieut. Roderick wrote: "Private Clyde Allison was an excellent soldier, who was universally liked by his officers and fellow soldiers, and his untimely death is a source of genuine sorrow to all. His death occurred in the line of duty, and is no less honorable than had it occurred on the field of battle."

FREDERICK ALLEN

Frederick Allen, who left Bloomington with the draft contingent of June 25, 1918, died at Camp Mills on October 18 of that year. Pneumonia following influenza caused his death. Allen was 23 years of age, and his home had been at Mt. Vernon, Ill. He had lived in Bloomington two years before entering the army, having been employed as a traveling salesman for the Singer Sewing Machine Company. His body was taken to La Moille, Ill., for burial. He left his mother and two sisters living at Mt. Vernon.

GEORGE HERMAN ANNA

George Herman Anna, whose home was in Kinmundy, Ill., a graduate of the Wesleyan law school in 1914, was fatally wounded in battle on November 10, 1918. A letter from Major Albert H. Gravenhorst of the 139th infantry to his relatives said: "To the best of my knowledge, he was injured on November 10, in the battle of Marchville, and was taken to the hospital in a serious condition. I have been able to get but one report concerning him and that was that one of the members of his company had seen him in the hospital. He fought like a demon on the day he was injured. He was attacked by three Germans, who concentrated their fire on him. He got two of them, but the third one got him. The boys all say his fighting was wonderful."

JESSE S. ANDERSON

Jesse Samuel Anderson, son of Commissioner and Mrs. John F. Anderson, died of pneumonia in a hospital at Glasgow, Scotland, on October 2, 1918. A letter from the American Red Cross, written from Glasgow and dated October 8th and received by Mrs. Anderson on November 16 was the first news received of his death. Other letters were received from the captain of his company and from the nurse who attended him during his illness and death. On June 25, 1918, he with 565 men was sent to Camp Wheeler at Macon, Georgia. After his arrival there he was transferred to Company C, 106th Engineers. He left Camp Wheeler September 6 for Camp Mills and sailed September 16, landing at Glasgow, September 29. The division to which he was attached was the 31st or better known as the Dixie Division. Shortly after arriving at Camp Wheeler he was taken sick and upon discharge from the hospital he was given his choice of going to the development battalion or with his company. He chose the latter, saying that he wanted to do his duty. He never fully recovered from his sickness before going over. Jesse Anderson was one of the best liked of the younger men of the city. He was born in Bloomington, on February 17, 1893, and had always lived in the city of his birth. Following his graduation from the Franklin school he attended Brown's Business College and later became an employee of a paving contractor, where his special ability to handle men won him recognition and he was placed in charge of the work, and it was while employed in this work that he was sent to Chanute aviation field at Rantoul, having charge of the road building of the field. After completing this work he was sent to the Belleville aviation field in charge of similar work. From there he went to the Chicago & Alton railroad shops, and at the time of his draft was employed in the blacksmith shop. While employed at Belleville he was married to Elizabeth Grover, who survives him. He is also survived by his parents and the following brothers and sisters: Naomi A., Benjamin R., Clarence G., Mary S., Arthur J., Earl Fryer, and Clara Louise. Benjamin was with the A. E. F. in France, and Clarence was in the service in this country. Jesse S. Anderson was a member of the Congregational Church, the Modern Woodmen Drill Team, and the Blacksmith and Helpers Union. Jesse will be remembered for his honesty of character and was loved and respected by young and old alike.

HARRY AND GEORGE ABRAMS

Mr. and Mrs. William Abrams, who lived for many years at Hudson, lost two of their sons by death while in the military service in the great war. The young men were both born in McLean county, although they both went into service from Montana, where the family was living when America entered the war. Harry Abrams was killed in action in France, and George Abrams died from influenza while in the training at Camp Lewis, Washington. Private Harry W. Abrams was with Company D, 26th infantry, part of the First Division, which took part in much of the heaviest fighting of the early summer of 1918. He left his home at Carlyle, Montana, on October 3, 1917, for Camp Lewis, Wash. From there he went to Camp Mills, and then to Camp Merritt, from which place he sailed for overseas, landing in England on Christmas day of 1917. The family were never informed of his travels with his regiment after he landed in France, but the card returned to them after his death said he had participated in eleven battles. He was wounded in battle August 2, being shot through the stomach with a machine gun or rifle bullet. He was in a hospital until September 23, when he died. He was buried in France near the hospiltal. Harry was born in McLean county September 6, 1894. George C. Abrams, a younger son, left his home in Montana on September 6, 1918, and went to Camp Lewis, where he became a member of the Fourth company, first battalion, 166th D. B. On October 20, soon after he had received the "shot in the arm," he became sick and was partially paralyzed. This condition continued and grew worse until his death on November 5. His body was shipped to his home at Carlyle for interment. These two young men were nephews of Charles Abrams of Bloomington, for many years assistant chief of the Bloomington fire department.

LYLE BEST

Lyle Best, a senior at the Wesleyan university, died at the naval hospital at Great Lakes on August 27, 1918, after a short illness with diphtheria. Lyle Best was born at Fairbury in December, 1895. The father died when Lyle was a small child, and the mother and two sons, Lyle and William removed to Bloomington to give the children the opportunity of attending Wesleyan. He had finished his junior year when he entered the naval service for the war and was sent to Great Lakes. At the Wesleyan he was one of the best known and most popular students. He was a member of the Sigma Chi fraternity. In athletics, he was one of the star players of the football team of the fall of 1917, being a fine tackle. He was selected for a tackle position on the all-star team of the Little Nineteen conference. Young Best had become affianced to Miss Lucile Byrnes, daughter of C. A. Byrnes of Bloomington, and she was near him at the hospital when he died. The body was taken to Fairbury, where, owing to the nature of the disease, a private funeral was held, conducted by President Kemp of the Wesleyan.

CORP. ERNEST BENEDICT

''Mortally wounded at Chateau Thierry.'' That is the claim to immortal fame which was due Corp. Ernest Benedict of Company L, 23rd U. S. infantry, who died later of the wounds received at the most noted battle in which American forces engaged early in the summer of 1918. The wounds received in that action caused the death of Corporal Benedict, whose name was published in the casualty lists of July 17, 1918. His death occurred July 7. He was the second lad from the village of McLean to die in the war, the first having been Harry Myers. Corp. Benedict was one of the three sons of Mr. and Mrs. George Benedict of McLean. He had lived in and near McLean for nine years. He enlisted on May 9, 1917, and went to France in the following September. He was a native of Lincoln county, Kentucky. Because of his good record as a soldier he was appointed to the position of corporal of his company. The last letters received by relatives from him stated that he was in the front line trenches, and was in good health. The body of young Benedict was buried in France near the hospital where he died from his wounds. Prior to his enlistment he had worked on farms near McLean. He was a member of the Christian church at McLean and of the Modern Woodmen. His parents, two brothers and three sisters survived. Memorial services were held at the McLean Christian church in honor of the soldier. McLean post of the American Legion bears Benedict's name.

ORVILLE BECHTEL

Orville Bechtel, a young farm hand of this county, was sent in a draft contingent to Camp Grant in June, 1918, and afterward was transferred to Augusta, Ga., where he died in a hospital in October, 1918. His father lived at Pershing, Ind.

SERGT. ELDIE BAILEY

Sergt. Eldie, brother of W. A. Bailey of Heyworth, was killed in action on October 9, 1918, while serving with Company I, 126th infantry. A comrade of the regiment wrote to the father from Weis, Germany, many weeks after Eldie's death, describing the scene as he had secured it from a surviving soldier of the same company. After telling of the advance of Companies I, L and M, with Co. I in the center, the writer then said: ''The fourth platoon, the one to which Eldie belonged, was farthest in advance. After a time the rest of the company fell back, leaving this platoon, who were unable to move because of the intense fire of the enemy. Eight men, including Eldie and the fellow who tells the story, were in a shell hole. The Germans fairly skinned the ground with machine gun bullets and kept advancing all the time on the little group. Some of them, fearing they would be taken prisoners by the Germans, desired to try to escape, in spite of the danger of being killed. Eldie said he would rather be killed than taken prisoner. Sergeant Oscar

Runquest was the first to get shot. He darted out of the hole and had not gone far before a bullet got him in the stomach. A sergeant from Muskegon was the next. Then came Eldie's turn. He started for another shell hole and fell on the edge of it, never moving after he hit the ground. After all were killed but two, the one who told the story being one of the lucky two, a tank advanced toward the enemy, and that was all that kept them from being taken prisoners. Sergeant Bailey was born at Pittsburg, Kansas, on October 24, 1892. He moved to Hudson, Illinois, with his parents in 1899, where he lived until 1910. He then moved to Big Rapids, Mich. He enlisted in the National Guards in 1912, belonging to Co. I, 127th Inf., stationed at Big Rapids, Mich. He was sent to the border during the trouble with Mexico and served under General Pershing. He returned to his home in February, 1917, and was again taken to Waco, Texas, in June, 1917. In February, 1918, he was sent to Camp Merritt, N. J., thence overseas.

HOWARD A. BOLIN

Howard A. Bolin was one of the Bloomington boys who met his death in action with his face against the foe. He was wounded on July 20, 1918, and word of his death from the wounds came to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Bolin, on August 5. The fatal wound which caused his death was suffered by him only one day before his birthday, for he reached his 23rd birthday on July 21. He was fighting with Company E, 39th infantry. The very day after news of his death was received in a dispatch from the war department his parents received a letter written by Howard on July 5. He told how the soldiers celebrated the 4th of July. which he had spent in Paris. He stated also that he had sent in his name as candidate for officers' training camp. In another letter received by a friend a few days later, the date showed it was written July 13, some six days before his fatal wound. He said he had been up in the front line trenches, where there was plenty of excitement. In the camps at the rear there was continual training. Howard Bolin enlisted in the army when very young, and served sixteen months, part of the time in the Philippines, after which he was discharged to enter the Wesleyan. When in the sophomore class, he quit school and again enlisted. He was first sent to Camp at Charlotte, N. C., and nine weeks before his death he embarked for France. His letters told of his work as a barber in the army, in addition to all the usual routine of drilling. He resigned as corporal so that he could do more work of that kind. Besides his parents, Howard left two brothers, Emery of Madison and Russell of Milwaukee. The manner of Howard's death was described in a letter received by relatives in November, 1918, from Sergt. Leslie Garrett of the same company, who wrote: "On the night of July 17, we went into action for the first time after arriving in France, after training for six weeks at Acy. I was commanding the first platoon of Co. E, 39th Infantry, and I took over 600 yards of the front with my platoon. From 11 o'clock the Germans fired on us all night, and at five minutes of 4 I went around to see if everything was all right. The Germans opened a heavy artillery barrage on us and had us cut off from cover for four hours. I kept the boys down as much as possible, but I lost eight that morning. About 6:30 some one called me and said that Bolin was hit, so I went to him at once, and he looked up and said: "Sergeant, they have got me" and asked me how bad he was hurt. I took off his shirt and dressed his wound and did not think it severe, and told him he would soon be all right. He said. "Sergt. Garrett, make me a cigarette and I did, and about that time the hospital corps came and carried him away. He was hit in the small of the back by a shell which burst in the air, a round steel ball as big as the thumb of a man's hand."

DEWEY BURGER

It is very few communities which have four brothers in the army, and fewer yet where all four entered the service at the same time. Then when one of the four brothers seals his devotion with his life blood, then the story of their service is dramatic in its completeness. Dewey Burger, one of the four sons of Isaac Burger of McLean, who enlisted on the same day in May, 1917, met his death in battle in France on July 19, 1918. Official notification to the parents of Dewey's death came from the war department on August 10. His name appeared in the officially published casualty lists on the following day. Dewey was a soldier of Company E, 16th infantry, part of the First division. Dewey was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Burger. Together with his brothers, Claude, Lloyd and Ollie, on May 7, 1917, he enlisted for the army at the recruiting office in Bloomington. He was sent to Jefferson barracks on May 9, and from there to El Paso, Texas. After three weeks at the camp there, he was sent to New York, thence embarking for France and landing there June 28, 1917, being among the first of the American forces to land in France. His parents heard from him often, and the last letter they received before his death was on August 8, having been written on July 9, ten days before his death. The body was laid to rest in France near where he fell in action. Memorial services for him were held at the Christian church in McLean, of which he was a member. Besides his parents, he left the following brothers and sisters: Claude, Lloyd and Ollie, all of whom went to France in the army; Arch Burger of Iowa; Mrs. Lizzie McNally of Wapella; Thomas, Isaac, Richard and Ella Burger and Mrs. Hattie Craig, all of McLean. The American Legion Post at McLean bears his name.

LIEUT. HUGH BROOMFIELD

Lieut. Hugh Broomfield, son of Rev. Thomas Broomfield, a former pastor of the Hudson Baptist church, met a heroic death while piloting an aeroplane near Verdun late in October, 1918. The young man enlisted as an aviator at his home in Portland, Ore., at the age of 20 years. Lieut. Broomfield was ordered to fly over the German lines on an important day of the Verdun offensive to observe the enemy's power of launching a counter attack. He left the airdrome at 10 o'clock in the morning, and failed to return. A report reached the American commander of the sector that an allied plane was seen to fall at a certain point at 11:30. A few days later the American lines advanced so as to include the territory over which the plane had flown, and inquiry was instituted for the missing airman. The next day the wrecked plane was found, and graves showing where Lieut. Broomfield and his observer, Lieut. Pierson, had been buried. A funeral service was held over the grave by a Catholic priest.

MELVIN BOSSINGHAM

Melvin Bossingham of Stanford died at Camp Mills, Long Island, on October 19, 1918. He had been sick for a week with influenza and his parents were summoned to his bedside a few days before his death. Young Bossingham was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Bossingham of Stanford. He was born in December, 1895, and grew up in his native neighborhood. He attended the Stanford schools and the high school. He was engaged with his father in farming at the time he was called into the service, going out with the 500 McLean county boys who left here on June 25, 1918. He went to Camp Wheeler for his preliminary training, and then to Camp Mills for preparation for embarking overseas. He was a member of Company D of the 124th Infantry. He was about ready for starting on the voyage when he was stricken down with influenza, which proved fatal. The body was brought to Stanford and the funeral was held from the home of the family, in charge of Rev. Mr. Browning on October 23. There was a large attendance, and the Knights of Pythias had their ritual in connection with the service. A group of girls of the town acted as flower girls. the burial took place in the Stanford cemetery.

THOMAS BACKHOUSE

Thomas Backhouse, a young man employed at the Alton shops, and who made his home in Bloomington with the family of Walter Williams, of 404 North Stillwell street, was reported missing in action on October 19, 1918, and no further word having been received by friends, the conclusion was drawn that he met death. He went out of Bloomington in the draft contingent of September 17, 1917, to Camp Dodge, Iowa. He reached France on April 3, 1918.

WILLIAM FRANK BARNES

William Frank Barnes, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Barnes of Cropsey, died on December 9, 1918, at St. Elizabeth hospital in Lafayette, Ind., while in the military service. He enlisted May 25, was sent to Valparaiso, Ind., for training in the mechanical school of the tank corps; thence to Gettysburg and then to Camp Polk. While at Valparaiso he was married on June 12, 1918, to Miss Bernadine Jones of Cooksville, who died of typhoid fever at Lafayette. Summoned to her bedside from Camp Polk, young Barnes was himself stricken and died eight weeks later on the date mentioned. The body was brought to Cropsey for burial, and the funeral was one of the largest held there during the year.

EARL BROWN

Earl Brown of Lexington, soldier of the 106th Engineers, died with pneumonia on October 11, 1918, in a military hospital at Havre, France. He embarked with the contingent which left Camp Wheeler in October, 1918. Upon reaching the rest camp in Havre after landing, he still complained of not feeling right, and was advised by his comrades to see the doctor. This he apparently did not care to do, and that night the boy who was in the tent with him slept in another tent, as he feared Earl might have some contagious disease. The next morning he returned to the tent to get his mess kit, and finding Earl very ill indeed, reported the matter at the infirmary and had him removed to the hospital, where he only lived a few hours. The body of Earl Brown was buried in the cemetery attached to the British hospital at Havre, and his grave marked with a white cross containing the name, time and cause of death, and the unit to which he was attached. Full military honors were accorded him at the burial service. Earl Brown was born at Lexington January 22, 1892. His father moved to Oklahoma twelve years before the war. Earl went out of McLean county with the draft contingent on June 25, 1918. His surviving relatives included Mrs. Harlan Meeley of Lexington, a sister.

JOHN BETTON

John Betton of Gridley, who enlisted left here with a draft contingent June 25, 1918, died at Camp Mills from influenza. He was buried in Indiana.

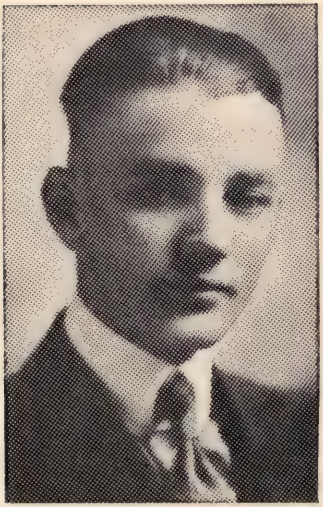
G. DOOLEY BLUE

The casualty lists of May 1, 1918, contained the name of G. Dooley Blue, who was killed in action while with a Canadian regiment. He was born in Bloomington, and was 20 years old. He enlisted in an artillery regiment in Ottawa, Canada, in 1916. His father was Harry Blue, residing in the west. His grandfather was William Blue, living in Bloomington, and Mrs. Fern K. Hudson of Bloomington was a cousin. He was a descendant of Samuel Dooley, a McLean county pioneer. The young man spent much of his life in Baton Rouge, La.

LIEUT. RICHARD BOYDSTON

Lieut. Richard Boydston, son of Mrs. Caroline Boydston of Bloomington, died at sea while voyaging to France with his regiment, the 13th regiment, U. S. Marine corps, on September 22, 1918. Describing his death, Chaplain Miller of the regiment in a letter to the mother said that Lieut. Boydston was taken sick on the second day out of port, and the crisis came on the 20th, and he died two days later, just before the ship came to Brest, France. The regiment lost by sickness on the voyage, one major, five lieutenants, and eighteen enlisted men, all victims of Spanish influenza. Lieut. Boydston was 30 years old and had worked as a telegraph operator for the Alton road in Bloomington before the war. After enlistment he joined the Marines and received his training at Paris Island and Quantico, Va., getting his commission at the latter place. He left his mother and three sisters, Mrs. Mae Dent, Mrs. W. A. Miner of Bloomington and Mrs. L. L. Miller of Elgin. The mother afterward received a letter from Gov. Lowden condoling with her on the loss of her son.

ROY E. CROTINGER

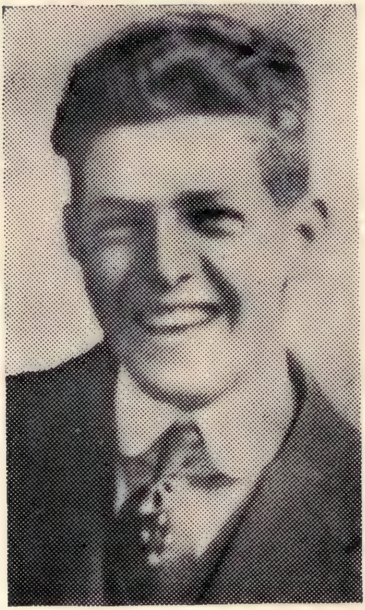


Roy E. Crotinger, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crotinger, formerly of Saybrook, died on November 6, 1918, of wounds received in action on November 3. He was serving as a mounted orderly with the 360th infantry of the 90th division. He went into the army with a draft contingent of April 29, 1918, from Oskaloosa, Iowa, where his family was living after they removed from Saybrook in December preceding. The action in which he met death was the big drive of the American forces in the Argonne Woods beginning on September 12. Roy Crotinger was 22 years of age, and had spent all his life in Saybrook until his parents removed to Iowa. Chaplain Eugene McLawin of the 360th infantry wrote a letter to relatives telling them the manner of Roy's death. He had been placed on guard at an advance position known as St. Marie farm, to prevent the enemy from approaching the post command. His post was a dangerous one, being in range of the enemy heavy artillery. At 11 a. m. a high explosive shell exploded within 150 yards from Crotinger, and fragments struck him in the abdomen. He was taken to a hospital and died three days later. The chaplain's letter said: "He is remembered as a fine Christian boy and a good soldier in the cause for which he gave his life. Everyone who knew him respected him."

CHARLES A. CLARKE

Charles A. Clarke died with influenza at the Great Lakes training station in October, 1918. He was a nephew of James Clarke of 813 East Wood street, Bloomington. He was 26 years of age, and made his early home at Fikestone, Mo., where he left a wife and one child, besides his father. His uncle and one cousin, Thomas Clarke, resided in Bloomington. When Charles Clarke lived in Bloomington he was employed by the Union Gas Company and the B. & N. Street Railway Company. Prior to his service in the naval training station he had had experience in the regular army.

EUGENE CONLEY



Eugene Conley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bart E. Conley of 303 West Chestnut street in Bloomington, was slain in battle on October 4, 1918. His death caused the placing of the first gold star in the service flag of Holy Trinity church. The fatal shot from a German gun which caused young Conley's death occurred while the company of which he was a member was in an advanced position in the Argonne drive. Young Conley was a member of Company D of the 360th infantry, part of the Prairie division. He was working at Manden, North Dakota, when the war came on, and he went out of there in a draft contingent of April, 1918. He went first to Camp Dodge, then to Camp Travis in Texas, and was sent overseas in the Prairie division, landing in France July 1. Letters received by his relatives told of two battles in which he had taken part in the early fall. Eugene was born March 26, 1895, in Bloomington. He left his parents, and two brothers in the service, Edgar in the navy, and George in the army. A letter to the parents of Eugene, received by them in January, 1919, from the captain of the company said in part: "When we went to the front in the latter part of August, I chose your son as a runner. A runner's duty is to carry messages, particularly in time of action. The best men in my company were made runners, because so much depends on their bravery and intelligence. I had ten, and they were a great bunch of boys. They had lots of fun, even when we were in the front line trenches. Eugene was a leader, and whenever opportunity offered he had a good song going. When he fell, the runners never had any more singing. We were in support and near the town of Norroy and Pont-a-Mousson on October 4. The Germans were shelling our position with an incessant rain of heavy shells. That evening about 4 o'clock one of these shells hit the trench where Eugene and two other runners were. I was near by and had just heard them laughing and talking. They never knew what happened. They were buried with simple religious ceremonies by the chaplain. I will always remember Eugene when I think of 'over there.' " Bloomington Post of World War Veterans bears his name.

WILLIAM H. CAMPBELL

On November 18, 1918, word came to Mrs. John Campbell of Bloomington that her son, William H. Campbell, had been killed in action on October 9. Private Campbell had been in France from the spring of 1918 until the day he fell in action, as a member of the 129th infantry. The relatives received only one letter from him in this time. William H. Campbell was born in Bloomington and has resided here his entire life. He attended the public schools of the city and for some time prior to his enlistment was employed by the West Side Coal & Lumber Co. He enlisted in the army June 20, 1917, at Quincy and was a member of the 129th infantry when he fell in action. Following his enlistment young Campbell was sent to Camp Logan, Tex., together with two brothers, Howard H., and Harry E. Campbell. The three brothers were separated and placed in different organizations last spring, William and Howard were sent to France. Howard was afterward wounded, and was for a time in a hospital in France.

HENRY CAMPBELL

The fourth young man from the village of McLean who gave up his life for the flag on the battle fields of France was Henry Campbell, who was officially reported killed in action on Aug. 6, 1918. Although he had lived in and about McLean for seven years, young Campbell entered the army from Osage, Iowa, with the first draft contingent. He went to Camp Dodge, then to Camp Pike. In the spring of 1918 he was taken sick, submitted to an operation, and then returned to camp. His last visit to his relatives at McLean was in March, 1918. He sailed for France in July, landing in England on the 15th, and according to a letter received by his sister, he had been in France only seventeen days when he met his death. Harry Campbell was born at Laurello, Ky., in July, 1893. He came to McLean when a young lad. He was survived by his aged father and the following sisters and brothers: Mrs. Della Taylor, of McLean; Mrs. Lizzie

Godsey, of Atlanta; James and Walker Campbell, of Osage, Iowa; Thomas and Burton, of Downs, and Charles, of Armington. He was a member of the McLean Christian church, and memorial service was held there for him on Sept. 22, 1918.

ROY F. CRUTCHLEY

Roy F. Crutchley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Crutchley of McLean, was killed in battle during the struggle of the first all-American attack on the German army in the St. Mihiel salient, on September 13, 1918. He was a member of Company K, 359th infantry. Young Crutchley was among the earlier of the soldiers who went out of McLean county to the war. He volunteered on November 22, 1917, at the recruiting station in Bloomington. On the 26th he was ordered to report, and was sent to Jefferson barracks. From there he was in different training camps until he went to France with his regiment the following June. Roy Crutchley was born in McLean on August 29, 1895. He was married to Miss Hazel Eunice. His wife, his parents and one brother, Lester, and a sister, Nellie, survived him. The body was buried on the battle field in France, near where he fell.

GEORGE CARLOCK

George Carlock died on October 22 in a Paris hospital from an attack of influenza. He was the son of Alvin and Daisy Hubbard Carlock, and was a nephew of Mrs. D. E. Denman of Normal, who received the news of his death here. George Carlock was born in 1884. When a young man he went to Paris to study art, and spent fifteen years there. When the war broke out he returned to this country, but after a year he again went over to Paris to act as interpreter for the Red Cross there. He was buried by the Red Cross at Nezilly. Young Carlock was a nephew of the famous Elbert Hubbard, who lost his life when the Lusitania went down.

MILO R. CHANEY

Death from wounds received in battle on July 23, 1918, came to Milo R. Chaney, who up to the age of 12 years was a resident of McLean county. Word of his death came to his uncle, Paul Chaney, at Carlock, on August 13. The young man was the son of Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Chaney, who moved to Frankfort, Ind., some years before the war. An unusual circumstance connected with the case was that the uncle, Paul Chaney of Carlock had just received a letter from Milo dated July 8, in which he described in vivid terms a trip to the front which he had just made, in which all the horrors of the battle zone were pictured. It was among such scenes as those which he described that he came to his own death. The young man was 22 years of age. He had enlisted in May, 1917, and had been over in France since June of that year. His body was buried near the place where he fell.

THOMAS COONEY

Thomas Cooney, former fireman on the Alton road, died of pneumonia in France in November, 1918. Before entering the service Cooney was a fireman on the Chicago & Alton railroad and made his home with his aunt, Mrs. Ringeisen of 701 West Walnut street. He was born in Jacksonville in 1895 and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cooney of that city. He came to Bloomington about 1915. He entered the service May 24 from Jacksonville and was sent to Camp Shelby, Miss. He was assigned to the 139th Machine Gun Company and arrived in France with that organization in September, 1918.

JAMES CARROLL

The first young man from Arrowsmith to yield up his life in the war was James Carroll, aged 26, who died at Camp Grant on September 27, 1918, from an attack of pneumonia. He had enlisted in the spring and was sent to Camp Grant for training. Accompanied by Corporal Downs, a comrade from the camp, the body was taken to Arrowsmith, where funeral services were held on September 30 at the family home. Rev. Carlberg of the Methodist church had charge. The next day the body was taken to St. Paul, Ind., for burial, accompanied by the parents, James Carroll, Sr., and wife, and one sister. The Woodmen and Odd Fellows had a part in the service at Arrowsmith. The surviving relatives were the parents, a sister, Mrs. Jack Baird, and two brothers, Harry and Norman.

HUMPHREY DANIEL

The first soldier from Saybrook or that immediate vicinity who gave up his life in the war was David Humphrey Daniel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Daniel, who died on board ship, the Harrisburg, on October 21, 1918. He had sailed from Camp Mills on October 8 en route to France with his outfit, Company B, 123rd Infantry, part of the 31st division. He fell a victim of influenza, followed by pneumonia. The first intimation that the parents received of his fatal illness was on November 16, when they were notified by wire that the body of their son had been returned to Hoboken and asking for instructions. The body was shipped back to Saybrook, where on Nov. 21 the funeral was held with full military honors. The Saybrook Home Guards furnished an escort and firing squad for the last salute over the grave. Humphrey Daniel was born at Randolph Grove on Jan. 3, 1890. When he was only 2 years old the family moved to Saybrook. He went out on June 25, 1918, with the largest draft contingent of the whole war. He and his brother Charles Everett Daniel, went out at the same time and belonged to the same division, the latter being assigned to Company

C, 122nd infantry. From Camp Mills, Everett was assigned to base hospital at Mineola, with Casual Company B. Humphrey Daniel was a member of the Christian church at Saybrook, and his funeral services were held there. Saybrook post of the American Legion was named for Humphrey Daniel. He is shown in above picture on the left, his brother Everett on the right.

LIEUT. LOUIS EDDY DAVIS

Lieut. Louis Eddy Davis, officer of the aviation corps, met his death by the accidental fall of his aeroplane near Ellington flying field, in Texas, on May 10, 1918. He had won his commission as R. A. M. (Reserve Military Aviator) and was just completing his work in practice flights for bombing when the accident occurred which cost him his life.

Lieut. Davis started out for a practice flight on the afternoon of the above date, taking with him Cadet A. R. Lawrence, a Boston man who had been his flying mate for six weeks. He was engaged in practice called bomb raiding, requiring a flight from Ellington field to Eagle Lake and return at an elevation of from 1,000 to 1,500 feet. Bombing Cadet Lawrence was in the rear seat. The ship fell near Pearland, 18 miles from Ellington field. Lieut. Davis suffered a broken leg and internal injuries by the fall. The latter was the cause of his death. Lieut. Davis was removed to the hospital at Ellington field and died at 9 o'clock that night. Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Davis, who had stopped off at Houston on returning from California, were informed of the accident and hastened to the hospital, and were at the bedside when death came.

Writing to H. O. Davis, father of Lieut. Davis, Cadet Lawrence describing the fateful flight said: ''I want to congratulate you and Mrs. Davis on giving to the cause a man of such sterling quality as Lieut. Davis. I worked with him daily for the last six weeks of his life and always found him to be conservative in the risks he took and anxious to do his duty, always succeeding in getting close to the top. To me he was like a brother in whom I had the utmost confidence. He ran his part of the work while I ran mine and we both felt satisfied with the other. Now I feel like a ship without a rudder.

''When I think of the gallant fight he put up even to the last second I cannot help but admire him, for he died fighting like a true soldier. When at last I was able to chop thru the wreck and get to him I found him still at his post with his hands on the controls.''

Louis Eddy Davis was born in Bloomington November 24, 1893. He was the son of Hibbard O. and Florence Eddy Davis. His grandfather was William O. Davis, for many years owner of the Pantagraph, to which his father succeeded. His great-grandfather was Jesse Fell, founder of the Normal university. In his youth Louis attended the training school at Normal university, and at 14 he entered Shattuck military academy. Returning to University high school at Normal, he nearly completed the course and then went abroad with members of the family. He afterward took charge of his father's ranch in California. On May 15, 1917, he entered officers' training school at Fort Sheridan, and when nearly completing his course was transferred at his own request to the aviation service. He graduated from ground school at the University of Texas on Dec. 22, 1917. He was commissioned second lieutenant reserve military aviator on Dec. 29, being the first man of his class to get his commission. Lieut. Davis was married in California in August, 1917, to Miss Styleta Mae Kane, who after attending the funeral in Bloomington returned to her former home in California.

The body was brought to Bloomington for burial, the funeral being held from the Second Presbyterian church on May 15. A great concourse of people assembled, and the rostrum of the church was heaped with flowers. Lieut. L. H. Porter, an aviation officer, accompanied the body from Ellington field. The services were conducted by Rev. J. H. Mueller, who came here from New York for the funeral to deliver the eulogy. During the funeral cortege to the grave, military aviators from Chanute field at Rantoul, circled over the city and dropped wreaths upon the burial place of their comrade. The pall bearers were chosen by the family from employees of the Pantagraph, and those serving were C. C. Marquis, J. M. McMurry, R. H. Crihfield, J. L. Hasbrouck, Fred W. Bach and Harry Hamilton. A suitable shaft has been erected by the family over the grave of Lieut. Davis. The Bloomington post of the American Legion, organized in the fall of 1919, was named in honor of Lieut. Davis.

ISAIAH DECKARD

In the official casualty list published on December 12, 1918, appeared the name of Isaiah Deckard, formerly of Carlock, who died of wounds received in action in France. Young Deckard was an orphan, and his early life was spent at Olney, Ill. He came to Carlock about 1914 and worked as a farm hand. Afterward he was employed by Schad's hardware store in Carlock. He enlisted in June, 1918, for limited service, was sent to Camp Bradley at Peoria and then to Camp Sheridan. In September he was sent overseas. An aunt in Carlock received occasional letters from him after he reached France, but the first news that he was at the front was when they got word of his death. The young man was about 25 years of age, and he left one sister at Olney.

LIEUT. ELMER DOOCEY

Lieut. Elmer Doocey, a prominent student of the Wesleyan university, was reported killed in action in France August 31, 1918. Word came to his mother at Pittsfield, Ill. While a student at the Wesleyan university, Lieut. Doocey was a prominent athlete, being a member of the football team as half back for three years. He graduated from the law school in 1917, and was admitted to the bar in Illinois. He was a prominent member of the Sigma Chi fraternity while a Wesleyan student. Doocey received his commission at the Second Officers Training camp at Fort Sheridan and was assigned to the infantry. In July, 1918, Lieut. Doocey was cited by the French Government for gallantry and conspicuous bravery in action and was decorated with the French war prize, the Croix de Guerre with two palms. Later, he was decorated by General Pershing with the Distinguished Service Cross.

BERNARD DAVIS

Bernard Davis, a soldier of the 138th infantry, whose home was at Colfax for many years, was reported killed in action in France on September 28, 1918. The news came from the war department in a message to his mother, Mrs. L. A. Davis, who then lived in Peoria. Davis was inducted into the service April 1, 1918, and left Peoria for Camp Dodge, where he received his military training. He had been in France since May as a member of the 138th infantry. Prior to his enlistment he had been working at Shelley, Minn. He was born at Colfax 28 years before the war and lived there until about 1913 when his mother and sisters moved to Peoria. Colfax Post of the American Legion bears his name.

CORPORAL JOHN L. DORRELL

On October 3, 1918, Corporal John L. Dorrell of Heyworth lost his life in a battle in the Argonne Forest while fighting with the Marines. Before that time he had by his bravery won the citation of the French commander, and been awarded the Croix de Guerre by the French government. Corporal Dorrell was the son of Mrs. Louie Dorrell of Heyworth. His mother received the bronze Croix de Guerre in March, 1919, several months after the death of her son. Along with the medal came copies of the orders of citation by the French commander, and letters written by the commander of the U. S. Marine Corps at Washington. Brig. Gen. Charles Long of the Marine Corps in his letter said: "In the absence of the major-general commandant I desire to express for him his personal appreciation of the splendid service rendered by your son in France, where his conspicuous gallantry in the face of the enemy won the admiration of the French commanders and caused to be conferred upon him this cross and citation." The battles in which Corporal Dorrell won the citation and Croix de Guerre occurred between June 6 and June 9. He suffered wounds by gas on June 14. A translation of the French order and citation is as follows: "General Headquarters of the Armies of the North and Northeast. Personnel Bureau, Order No. 11,547.—With the approbation of the commander-in-chief of the American Expeditionary Forces in France the general commander-in-chief of the French Armies of the north and northeast cites in the orders of the regiment: Corporal John L. Dorrell, U. S. marines, displayed qualities of a leader as well as great coolness in leading patrols to their posts under violent machine gun fire. (Signed) DAUVIN."

CHESTER DANIEL

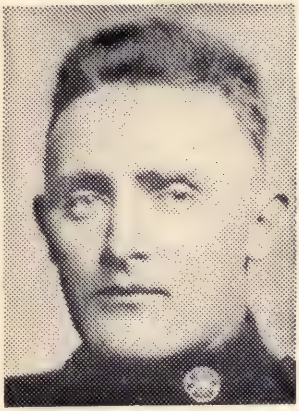
One of the young colored men from this community who lost his life in the defense of his country was Chester Daniel of Normal, who died from pneumonia in an army hospital in France on August 10, 1918. Young Daniel was one of the first draft contingent which went out of McLean County, leaving here on September 19, 1917. He stayed there for a time and then went to other camps, finally going overseas in June, 1918. He was attached to the 370th infantry, the famous negro regiment which made such a glorious record in the fighting of the summer of 1918.

Chester was a son of Mrs. Louise Daniel of 109 Willow street, Normal. He was 26 years of age. Prior to going into the army he had worked as porter in Bloomington barber shops. His body was buried in France.

WILLIAM DUNLAP

G. W. Phares of Bloomington received word on October 16, 1918, that his grandson, William Dunlap, had died at a naval hospital at Brooklyn, N. Y., from an attack of pneumonia. The young man was a son of William Dunlap, formerly of Ellsworth. The family was living at Winnebago, Minn., when William enlisted for service in the navy. The family had removed from Ellsworth in 1902, to Iowa, and three years before the war they moved to Minnesota. The burial took place at the family home in Minnesota.

EDWARD DWYER



Edward Dwyer of Cooksville was reported missing in action in August, 1918, and several months later word from the war department brought news that he had died from wounds received in action. Miss Loretta Dwyer of Cooksville, a sister, received the word. Soon after he was first reported missing, word came that he was probably a prisoner, and then in March, 1919, news confirming the report of his death was received. The last message stated that the soldier was buried in grave No. 27 in Cheney cemetery. Young Dwyer was a member of Co. A, 58th infantry. He went to France last March. Early in August his company engaged in fierce fighting on the Vesle river and lost many men.

PEARL DICKERSON

Pearl Dickerson, a former resident of LeRoy, was drowned when the steamer Otranto, was torpedoed by a German submarine and sunk off the coast of the Isle of Islay on October 6, 1918. Young Dickerson went into the service from Iowa, where the family lived at that time. He was a member of the 3rd company at Fort Severn, Ga.. when he was sent overseas. This was a special duty company composed of only 51 men. The steamer Otranto was approaching the Scottish coast when she was hit by a torpedo, and went down, hundreds of soldiers being drowned. The body of Dickerson was recovered and identified, and buried with appropriate services on the Island of Islay. The information concerning his burial came to his sister, Mrs. Bruce Morgan of Leroy in a letter from Sergt. Charles McDonald of Battery D, 4th artillery.

JOSEPH A. ERBE

Private Joseph A. Erbe of Normal was reported killed in action on August 7, the report reaching Mrs. E. P. Schuler of Normal on October 3. He was a soldier of Company B, 124th machine gun battalion. The manner of Erbe's death was told in a letter sent to Normal friends by Leslie Rankin, who was near-by in the battle in which Erbe lost his life. According to Rankin's story, Joe Erbe had just returned from the front where he had been taking a load of supplies to the line. He had unhitched his horses and was turning them into the corral when a Hun plane dropped a bomb upon the corral, which killed Erbe, eight head of mules and crippled six more head. The affair happened at Warlow, a little village in France. Erbe was born at Ina, Illinois, February 13, 1896. The family afterward moved to Normal, where he attended the public schools and the high school. He went to Chicago to enlist in 1917, prior to the time that America entered the war. The regiment with which he was connected landed in France May 24, 1918, and was soon sent into action with the British army.

WILLIAM H. ECKHART

In Graceland cemetery at Fairbury lies the body of William H. Eckhart, one of the McLean county boys who gave up his life for his country in the war. He died of pneumonia at Fort Bliss, Texas, on October 11, 1918. His father, George W. Eckhart of Weston, was with him at death, having made a hurried trip when he received word of his son's illness. William was born at Fairbury on April 26, 1894, being the only son of George W. and Carrie Karnes Eckhart. The family removed to Weston when William was 4 years old. He attended the village schools and entered Fairbury high school with the class of 1913, which he left in his junior year to study electricity in the Coyne school in Chicago. He returned to Weston and engaged in electrician's work until June, 1914, when he was appointed rural mail carrier. In December, 1917, he enlisted for the marines in Chicago, but failed in examination because of weak ankles. On May 18, 1918, he answered an emergency call and left for Jefferson barracks with fifty other McLean county boys. In June he was sent to Fort Bliss, Texas, and assigned to Troop M. 314th U. S. cavalry. In September, Troop M was merged into Battery C, 64th Field artillery, with traveling orders. At this time the epidemic of influenza came, and all troop movements were abandoned for the time. While waiting, young Eckhart took the examination for officers' training camp and the order recommending him to the camp at McArthur came through on the day he died. Full military honors were paid him at Fort Bliss, and the body brought to Weston. Owing to the large number desiring to attend services, the funeral at Weston was held in the town hall. Dr. Charles Davies of the Fairbury Presbyterian church officiated, assisted by Rev. Alfred Linfield of the Weston M. E. church. Miss Frieda Wernsman played ''America'' and ''Star Spangled Banner,'' as the flag draped casket was carried in and out of the hall. Dr. E. F. Law and John Wink sang ''Abide With Me.'' The pallbearers were Charles Schnetzler and Elmer Ramsay of the Gamma Gamma fraternity of Fairbury high school, and Hugh Wells, Lee Myer, Fred Cooper and Clarence Myer of the Weston basket-ball association. The Home Guards of Fairbury escorted the body to Graceland cemetery and sounded taps at the grave. As a memorial to their son, Mr. and Mrs. Eckhart furnished one of the rooms at the county Fairview sanatorium for tubercular patients.

LIEUT. GEORGE H. EDWARDS

Mrs. Richard Edwards of 1401 North Park street, Bloomington, received word in March, 1919, of the death of her grandson, Lieut. George H. Edwards, which occurred at Trieste on February 7. A short illness with pneumonia preceded his death. Lieut. Edwards was the son of George H. Edwards, former mayor of Kansas City, and the young man had been associated with his father in the wholesale jewelry business in Kansas City prior to the war. Soon after the U. S. entered the conflict, young Edwards went to Washington and entered the office of the quartermaster general. Later he entered active service, went to France and was stationed at Tours from June, 1918, until after the war was over. His superior, Col. J. W. McIntosh, was sent to Trieste early in 1919, to look after the distribution of food under direction of the U. S. forces, and he asked Lieut. Edwards to accompany him. While engaged in this work, Lieut. Edwards was taken sick and died. He left his parents and one brother, Lieut. Richard D. Edwards, who was in the air service during the war.

WARREN H. FLETCHER

Warren Harris Fletcher, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Fletcher of Heyworth, met his death in battle as a member of Company L, 139th infantry, part of the famous 35th division. It was on September 29, 1918, only three days after the American forces started the big drive in the Argonne forest, that young Fletcher was hit by a piece of enemy shrapnel and suffered wounds from which he died in the dressing station of the 28th division at Varennes, France. The tragic circumstances of his death are best told in a letter received by his parents shortly before Christmas of 1918 from Corp. R. D. Leidich of Ambulance company 111 of the 103rd Sanitary Train, who was in the hospital when Warren died. Corp. Leidich's letter in part is as follows:

''It was September 29 we met very strong resistance from the Huns, and a steady stream of wounded poured into our station that day. I was called into the shock room, where a patient was lying. I approached him and to my surprise the patient was conscious. I spoke to him, and after the doctor told him he would live only a few minutes, the first thing he asked for was the chaplain. The chaplain read a few passages from the Scriptures and then prayed with him. I stayed with him, and he asked me to take some pictures from his pocket, which I did, and after looking at his mother's, sweetheart's and your picture, he looked at me and said I should write to his parents and tell them that he died a Christian. He then asked me to offer a prayer for him, which I did, and after that he repeated the Lord's prayer, and passed into his eternal sleep. He died the 29th of September and was buried on the 30th at Varennes, France. My short acquaintance with him has been an inspiration to live a better and a nobler life.''

The last letter received by his parents from Warren was dated September 23, which was three days before the fatal drive began. Part of this letter was as follows: ''Long before you get this, you will be reading of one of the greatest drives of the war, and I hope this will end it. The boys are all happy and don't seem to dread whatever will be their fate. Don't worry about me, for I am coming home before long. Will write the first chance I get. To Dear Flo: It is getting dark that I can hardly see the paper, or I would write you personally. They won't allow any lights here. With love to all. Good-bye.''

Young Fletcher was one of the typically fine specimens of young manhood which McLean county furnished in hundreds in this war. He was called out in the draft contingent of April 1. He first went to Camp Dodge, and after only a few weeks of training there he was sent to Europe, sailing about May 1. Fletcher was first assigned to a regiment of the 35th division. This unit took part in the very hard fighting of the Argonne forest early in September. In fact the division suffered such severe losses that it was withdrawn, and Fletcher's regiment was reorganized and transferred to the 38th division. It was in this division that he was engaged when he received his fatal wound. He was born at McLean on August 9, 1895. Before going to war he was a member of the Heyworth Presbyterian church, of the Masons and Woodmen. He left his parents and one sister, Mrs. S. M. Bowen of Hudson.

GEORGE H. FRANCIS

To be taken a prisoner by the Germans, and then later to be killed by them while trying to make his escape—such was the tragic fate of George H. Francis, a former Bloomington man. His name appeared in the official casualty lists published in March, 1918. He was formerly employed in the Alton shops in Bloomington, and his family lived at 302 East Lincoln street. His wife learned of his fate when she read his name in the casualty list. The war department officially notified the mother of Francis that he was killed while trying to escape after being made a prisoner by the Germans. Francis enlisted in the regular army in 1907. After serving five years, he left the army, came to Bloomington and was married to Mrs. Mattie Holderly, having lost his first wife. Under his first enlistment he served on the Mexican border and a short time in the Philippines. He left his second wife, two children by his first wife, and four adopted children. The last letter which his wife received from him was in February, 1918.

CORPORAL LYLE FIKE

Mrs. W. H. Shetler of 916 East Walnut street received word on November 18 that her son, Corporal Lyle Fike, had died of wounds received in battle in France on October 20. He had been in France for several months before he met his fate. Corporal Fike was a member of old Co. D of Bloomington. He enlisted in March, 1917, going from here to Hannibal, Mo., and from there to Camp Logan, Houston, Tex. After a brief stay there he went to an eastern camp, from where he sailed for France. He was a member of Co. B, 124th machine gun battalion. He was born at Creek, Neb., and was 21 years in June, 1918. He has been a resident of Bloomington for about eight years. While in Bloomington he was employed as a barber in a number of the local shops and also worked in shops at Cooksville, Danvers and other nearby cities. He leaves besides his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Shetler, several brothers and sisters, one of the brothers being Ben Fike, who was also in the army.

EARL AND ERVIN GRANT

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Grant, who live near Ellsworth, had the unusual sacrifice to make of giving up two sons in the war. Both entered service, and one died at Jefferson Barracks and the other in France. Earl Grant, after being rejected seven times at different occasions in Bloomington and Peoria, was taken into the army as a limited service soldier October 1, 1918. He was sent to Jefferson Barracks, where he developed influenza, then pneumonia, and died October 18. On October 20 his body was shipped to Osman, where funeral services were held and the interment took place at the Osman cemetery. Ervin Grant joined the National Guard of Illinois at Pekin in 1916. His company was called to guard the Holt manufacturing plant and the bridge at Peoria in September, 1917. The regiment was later sent to Houston, where in the breaking up of the National Guard young Grant was assigned to

Co. G, 108 Ammunition train. In May, 1918, his unit sailed for France, having embarked from Camp Merritt. He served through the summer and fall of 1918 as wagoner and sharp shooter. After the armistice he was with the Army of Occupation in Germany, and in January, 1919, was on the return trip through France toward the port of embarkation. In a heavy rainstorm he got very wet and contracted a heavy cold, which developed pneumonia, and he died January 9. The body was buried in France. Besides the parents, the Grant boys left two brothers and seven sisters, as follows: Clarence Grant of Peoria, Mrs. Esther H. North of El Paso, Mrs. Mina Scarbrough of Arrowsmith, Mrs. Florence White of Peoria, Mrs. Goldie Nichols of Marne, Iowa; Mrs. Marie Arthur of Joliet, Mrs. Lucile Fry of Arrowsmith and Miss Retta V. Grant of Ellsworth. Bellflower post of the American Legion bears the name of Grant.

WILLIAM S. GOLLIDAY

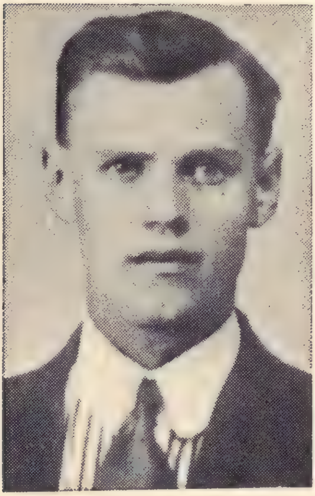
William S. Golliday of Lexington, who was with Company D, 113th Ammunition train, died September 30 at New Brunswick, New Jersey, from an attack of pneumonia following influenza. He was 22 years of age. His body was brought back to Lexington and buried with full military honors. His parents were dead, but he left two brothers and one sister. Young Golliday and Earl Brown, another Lexington soldier who lost his life from disease while in the service, lived on adjoining farms, a quarter of a mile apart, before they entered the service.

VERGNE GREINER

Vergne Greiner of Bloomington, one of the boys of the Student Army Training Camp at the Wesleyan university, died of pneumonia on October 22, 1918, at the Mrs. M. T. Scott residence, which had been turned to use as an emergency hospital during the influenza epidemic in Bloomington during that month. The young man's death was caused by infection from a carbuncle.

Young Greiner was a son of Mrs. Irma Greiner of Bloomington. He was born in Tonica, August 25, 1898. The family moved to Bloomington about 1908. Besides his mother, young Greiner left surviving one brother, William Earl Greiner, who was in France with the 35th Engineers when his brother died, and one sister, Mrs. Edward L. Lambert of Tonica. Young Greiner was one of the most popular young men in Bloomington during his high school and college days. He was prominent in athletics, being a player on the Bloomington high school basket-ball team which won the state championship in 1916. At the Wesleyan he also took leading places in football and basket-ball. He was a member of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity. In the summer of 1918 he went to Fort Sheridan and took the course of instruction for student army officers and became one of the military instructors in the S. A. T. C. at the Wesleyan in the fall. The funeral was held in Bloomington, and the body taken to Tonica for burial.

HARRY O. GRAEHL



Harry Oscar Graehl, son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Graehl of 1314 South Oak street, Bloomington, was reported killed in action on September 29. The last letter the parents had received from him prior to the message from the war department telling of his death, had said that he was in Germany. He took a part with the American forces which reduced the large salient north of St. Mihiel.

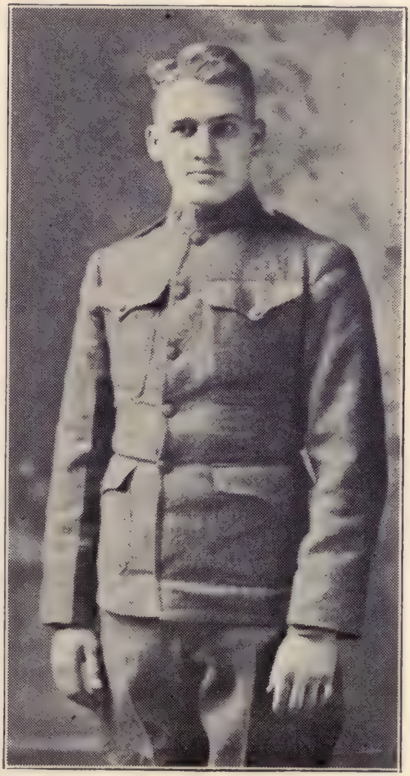
Harry Oscar Graehl was born in Bloomington October 27, 1895. He attended the Lincoln school and afterward the Trinity Lutheran school. He went into the army on April 1, 1918, going to Camp Dodge for his first training. His parents survived him, and two of his brothers were in the army: Herman, who left for Camp Wheeler in June, 1918, and Carl, who went to Camp Dodge. There were four sisters: Mrs. J. W. Barnes, Mrs. Leona Chandler, Mrs. Edna Taylor of Decatur; and Miss Louise Graehl of New York City.

JOSEPH HAUPTMAN

Joseph Hauptman, a sergeant of Company G, 35th U. S. infantry, was the first boy from Bloomington to be slain in battle. The news of his death came to his relatives at 1408 North Morris avenue, on June 8, 1918, in a message from the war department that he was reported killed in action June 6. Young Hauptman was a native of Hungary, but had lived in this country from childhood. He tried to enlist in Bloomington in September, 1917, but when the recruiting officer learned he was a native of an enemy country, he refused to accept the recruit. Nothing daunted, Hauptman went to Peoria a few days later, and told the recruiting officer there that he was born in New York, and was accepted. He received his preliminary training at Jefferson barracks, then was sent overseas in April, 1918. Sergt. Karl Farmer, of Bloomington, who was in the same company with Hauptman, sent a letter to his mother telling the manner of Joe's death. It was on the night of June 5-6, when the regiment was at Mt. Bernell, when the company were in the support of the front lines. The Germans were shelling the position, and had hit a barn containing some of the company's cooks. Joe went out with others to get the wounded men fixed up, when a shell struck in their midst and killed seven of them. His death was instantaneous. He was buried in France near the spot where he fell, with due military honors. Joe Hauptman was 20 years of age when he met death. He left his father, Carl Hauptman, three brothers and two sisters, all living in Bloomington. His mother died thirteen years before his death. Joe had been employed in the steel car shops of the Alton, and was a member of the car workers' union. Sergt. Karl Farmer sent home to his mother a package containing the personal effects of Sergt. Hauptman, and these were turned over to the Hauptman family. A memorial service was held at St. Mary's church in this city for Sergt. Hauptman. Bloomington Post of World War Veterans was named for him.

ELMO F. HILL

Elmo Franklin Hill of Lexington made the supreme sacrifice in the world war, and more fortunate than some others, he had his heroism commemorated by the naming of the Lexington post of the American Legion in his honor, that organization of world war veterans being called Elmo F. Hill post. Young Hill after serving for a year and a half in France fell a victim of pneumonia in a hospital in that country on September 23, 1918. The news of his death came in a message from the war department to his sister, Miss Catherine Claggett of Lexington. On the news of his death chronicled the first fatality which had occurred among the young men who went out from Lexington to the war, and the community was shocked by the bringing home to them of the reality of the war. Young Hill had for nine years made his home with Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Claggett, and was the same as an only son in the home. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Hill, and was born on a farm near Lexington on February 4, 1899. His mother died in infancy, and he was taken into the Claggett home in 1909, where he grew to young manhood. He united with the Baptist church on April 27, 1913. He graduated from the Lexington high school in 1917, and was president of the class. On October 8 of the same year he enlisted in the army, and was sent to France in February, 1918. His foster parents and sister survived, and there were three brothers, one of whom, Elmer I. Hill, was with Battery D in an artillery unit of the 124th infantry in France; Fred A., on the battleship Arizona; and Albert, living in Urbana.



J. W. HARTLEY

On February 9, 1919, Edward Hartley of North Roosevelt avenue Bloomington, received word of the death of his brother, Private J. W. Hartley, of the 16th U. S. Infantry, regular army. He died of wounds in a hospital in France. The news of the death did not reach the father for some months after it occurred. The father first learned of his son's being wounded when he read his name in the published casualty list. The soldier lived twelve days after he was wounded. Private Hartley enlisted as a volunteer in Kansas, where he had been working on May 9, 1917. After only three weeks of training he was sent overseas.

ROBERT HUFFMAN

Robert Huffman, a young man who lived in Bloomington while he attended the Normal university, was reported on November 4, 1918, to have died in France from wounds received in action, on October 1. The young man was a grandson of Judge R. M. Benjamin, and lived at the latter's house while he was attending Normal in 1916. His mother, Mrs. Louise Huffman, lived at Pierre, S. D., when Robert entered the army. Scott Price of Bloomington was an uncle. Shortly after the death of young Huffman was reported, a letter written by him ten days before his death was received by Miss Irma Young of Bloomington, afterward Mrs. Charles Cordes. This letter described his position in a front line position, where he could hear the German shells going over, and then the shells from the French 75's answering them and going in the opposite direction. Huffman referred to the drive of September 12, when the cannon of the Allies fired so rapidly that German prisoners stated that they thought the large guns were machine guns. The firing continued from 1 a. m. till late in the afternoon, when the doughboys went over the top and brought back large numbers of prisoners. The body of Huffman was buried in France, in the 20th Field Artillery cemetery. Huffman enlisted December 10, 1917, and was sent to the 9th recruit company at Camp Logan. In January he was sent to Camp McArthur to the signal service of the field artillery. Huffman was born in Clark county, S. D., July 26, 1895.

HERBERT H. HOLMAN

Herbert Hildreth Holman, son of B. W. Holman, signal man with the Alton road in Bloomington, died from the result of an accident at Queenstown, Ireland, on January 20, 1919. Young Holman was a sailor, and was attached to a U. S. S. battleship at the time of his death. He was on shore leave at Queenstown, and was run down by a motor truck on the streets, suffering injuries from which he died an hour later. The news of the death came to the parents in Bloomington from the naval bureau of navigation five days after the young man's death. Mrs. Ellen Holman, mother of Herbert Holman, received a letter from Chaplain B. R. Patrick, who conducted a memorial service for the dead sailor in the chapel of the hospital where he died.

"It appears that on Monday forenoon, January 21, your son was on a heavy truck and jumped from it just as it was about to stop at its destination," the chaplain wrote.

''His feet slipped and he went under the rear wheel which ran over him. He was taken to the sick bay at the air station and hurried to this hospital by a speed boat, but expired about ten minutes after reaching the hospital and a few minutes before I reached his ward. One of the men told me that while being carried he tried to turn on his side, saying 'Now father I can see you,' and that he continued to talk as if to his father.'' The body was brought home to Bloomington, and the funeral was held on February 18, 1919, on the same day as that of Sergt. J. G. Spence, the two bodies being interred at Park Hill cemetery. These were the first bodies of men in the service which had been buried in this new Bloomington cemetery. Dr. Edgar DeWitt Jones of the First Christian church, in an eloquent address paid a glowing tribute to the dead heroes. Miss Ethel Gulick sang. Three marine officers, Captain Burr Crigler and Roy Dillon and Lieut. Swinehart, acted as honorary pall bearers for Sergt. Jesse Spence, the dead marine. The active pall bearers were George Meece, Frank Brown, J. S. Thompson, Clarence Hensel, Clarence Jeter and George Stretch.

Ensigns Bruce Jarrett and Donald Marquis were the honorary pall bearers for Herbert Holman. The active pall bearers were George Ehrmantrout, H. Burns, H. Friedlund, A. L. Buchanan, J. E. Febman and H. H. Schroeder, former associates of the dead sailor.

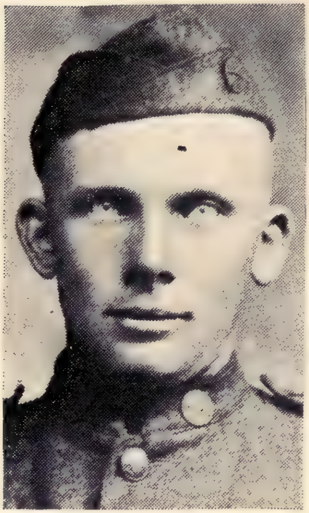
Herbert Holman was born in Bloomington July 2, 1896, and with the exception of a brief period in Oklahoma, had spent his entire life in Bloomington. He went to work in the Alton boiler shops and was a member of the Boilermakers' Union in 1918. On May 22 of that year he enlisted in the navy as a blacksmith of the second class and was sent to Great Lakes training station. In September he was transferred to Philadelphia, and then was sent aboard ship. He was an expert acetylene welder. He carried $10,000 insurance with the government war risk board.

WILLIAM ROY HINTHORN

The first soldier from Normal to give up his life in the great war was William Roy Hinthorn, who died on January 19, 1918, at Jefferson barracks, Mo. He was a member of the 23rd company, Quartermaster's corps. He enlisted on December 12, 1917, and was sent to Jefferson barracks. He was taken sick with a heavy cold soon after going there, and later this developed into pneumonia and he was sent to the hospital. He rallied for a time, and his parents, who had gone to be near him, returned to their home in Normal. Suddenly he had a relapse, and his brother Leslie was the only relative near at his death. The body was brought to Normal, and the funeral was held at the family home on January 21, and the body taken to Hudson for burial. William Roy Hinthorn was born near Lexington on January 1, 1896, the third son of Mr. and Mrs. James Hinthorn. He attended school at Lexington and Hudson, and graduated from the latter place. The family removed to Normal in 1913, and that year and the next he attended the Normal university. He became engaged to Miss Mary Kirchner, to whom he was to have been married in the spring of 1918. The young man was survived by his parents and three brothers and one sister. The funeral at his home in

Normal was conducted by Rev. H. M. Bloomer of the Normal Methodist church.

CHARLES E. HARRISON



Private Charles E. Harrison, son of William E. Harrison of Chenoa, died from influenza in a hospital at Secaucus, New Jersey, on October 11, 1918. His father had been notified of his illness and was on his way east when the young man died. Young Harrison went to Camp Wheeler on August 1, with a draft contingent, and was later transferred to Camp Mills. At Camp Wheeler he made a record as an expert rifle shot. He was expecting to be sent overseas from Camp Mills, when he was taken with his fatal illness. The body was brought back to Chenoa for interment. Charles E. Harrison was born on a farm south of Chenoa on February 5, 1896. He finished the course of study in the country school and then took up farming together with his father. He was a member of the Chenoa Presbyterian church. He left besides his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Harrison, two sisters, Mrs. Allen C. Voland of LeRoy, and Lila, at home.

SERGT. RALPH HOOVER

Sergt. Ralph Hoover, son of W. W. Hoover, formerly of McLean county, died from Influenza and pneumonia at Fort Stevens, Oregon, in October, 1918. The news came to his uncle, A. W. Peasley, who was a brother of the young man's mother, Isabel Peasley Hoover. The family had moved to Rolfe, Iowa, and when America entered the war, Ralph volunteered for the medical service of the regular army. After training in several camps, he was sent to Fort Stevens, Oregon, where spruce timber was cut for making aeroplanes. The young man was 20 years of age. He left his mother and two sisters. The body was taken to Rolfe, Iowa, for interment.

WILLIAM GROVER HAYNES

William Grover Haynes, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Haynes of Leroy, died of pneumonia on October 16, 1918, after arriving in France with the 127th infantry, Company A, 31st Division. His regiment embarked from Camp Mills on October 6. Young Haynes was one of the McLean County boys who went out with the draft contingent of June 25 to Camp Wheeler, where he received his training. He was born on a farm east of Saybrook on October 24, 1893. He left his parents, two brothers and three sisters. During his earlier life he had worked on a farm. He was buying a home with his earnings, and when he went away to war he deeded it to his mother. He was admitted to base hospital 65 by ambulance from U. S. S. Siboney, at Brest, on October 16, and in spite of excellent medical care and nursing died at 4 p. m. that day. The body was buried in the new cemetery at Keruon, with full military honors. The cemetery is located on a hilltop overlooking the bay, and adjoining the old French cemetery. The parents a few weeks after their son's death received a sprig of fern from the hedge near his grave.

THOMAS R. HELMICK

Thomas R. Helmick, son of Mrs. Elizabeth Helmick of Leroy, died in a departmental hospital in Honolulu, Hawaiian Island, on February, 7, 1919. His body was brought to Leroy, and the funeral was held Tuesday, April 1, 1919. He was born June 21, 1891, at Fisher. He entered military service at Jefferson barracks Feb. 28, 1918, and was later sent to Angel Island, California, from whence he sailed with the 11th company coast artillery for the Hawaiian Islands. He served with his regiment from that time until the beginning of his fatal illness. Besides the mother, Private Helmick left a sister, Mrs. George Hammond of Kewanee, and two brothers, Amos Helmick of Leroy, and R. Harmon Helmick of Akron, Ohio.

AUDA A. HUMBLE

Auda A. Humble, who had lived near McLean before he went into the army, was one of the many victims of the influenza which raged during the autumn and winter of 1918. He went out of McLean county with the draft contingent of June, 1918. He first went to Camp Dodge, Iowa, and then to Camp Upton, N. Y. From the latter place he sailed for England, thence to France. He was seized with influenza and then pneumonia, and October 2, 1918, he died. His body was buried in American French cemetery No. 2, at Hericourt, Heute, Saone, France. Young Humble was a soldier of Company C, 338th machine gun battalion. He was a native of Kentucky, and was born at Pulaski, near Summerset, Ky., on November 17, 1893. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Humble of McLean. Besides his parents, he left one brother, Otto, and two sisters, Victoria and Ethel of McLean. He was the fourth young man from the village of McLean to give up his life for his country in the great world war.

WILLARD HENSLEY

In the casualty list of June 26, 1918, appeared the name of Willard Hensley, and thus recording the death of another McLean county young man who had gone to fight for freedom. Young Hensley enlisted in the Marine corps in 1916, and he served with his regiment in the fighting of the early summer which served to stop the German drive. His home had been in Indiana, and he attended the school at Valparaiso, but each summer for three years he had spent in McLean county, working on farms. Most of this time he had been employed on the farm of Howard Mason, near Bloomington.

MATTHEW HOLMAN

Matthew Holman, a McLean boy, died in a military hospital at Syracuse, N. Y., on October 10, 1918, from an attack of influenza. The body was brought to McLean for burial, and the funeral was held at the Christian church. Matthew Holman was born at Richmond, Ky., on October 29, 1890. He came to McLean at the age of 18 and worked as a farm hand for several years for Ira Crain and Charles Ross. On May 30, 1916, he enlisted in the coast artillery branch of the army. For fourteen months he served his country in that capacity, being stationed at Ft. Monroe, Va., but was then discharged on account of poor health. On June 25, 1918, he was inducted for service and was sent to Camp Wheeler, Ga., with a McLean county contingent, but was rejected on account of physical disability. A month later he was chosen for limited service and was sent to Syracuse, N. Y., where he was a drill instructor until he was taken to a hospital suffering from rheumatic fever. He then contracted Spanish influenza and was ill with this disease less than a week. Matthew was the youngest member of his family. He left surviving his parents, two sisters and three brothers.

EDWIN IEHL

On October 14, 1918, Edwin Iehl died of influenza at Camp Mills, New York. Word came to Normal, where his wife, formerly Miss Blanche Champion, had resided prior to marriage. Young Iehl had been a banker at Melvin. He attempted to enlist early in the war, but was rejected for physical reasons. On August 1 he went with a draft contingent to Camp Wheeler, then was transferred to Camp Mills, N. Y. His illness was of short duration. His body was taken to Melvin, Ill., for burial.

FRANK M. JORDAN

Frank M. Jordan, member of the Bloomington law firm of Jordan & Jordan, died of wounds in France November 11, 1918. Announcement of his death was received December 18, 1918, by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Jordan, of Wapella, from the war department. He was reported wounded September 13. Young Jordan left Clinton in April and was sent to Camp Dodge, later being transferred to Camp Travis. He was in London July 4 and was later sent to France. Young Jordan was born in Wapella and was 32 years old. After completing the grade schools of his home town he attended Notre Dame university at South Bend, Ind., and later graduated from the Wesleyan law school. Following his graduation he formed a partnership with his uncle George F. Jordan.

LIEUT. ALLINGTON JOLLY

After passing in safety through all the horrors and dangers of the war, Lieut. Allington Jolly, an officer of the flying service, met his death in an aeroplane accident just after his return from war service in Europe. The fatal accident occurred on April 27, 1919, at Freeport, New York. Lieut. Jolly was flying a privately owned plane, and was up about 150 feet when the wings collapsed and the machine fell in a crash and he was instantly killed. Lieut. Jolly was a son of Rev. A. J. Jolly, pastor of the church at Cropsey, his father being located there when his son met his death. Young Jolly had attended the Wesleyan, and was a student of the Normal university in the summer term of 1914. He enlisted in the army before America entered the war, going out on May 19, 1916. He was sent to the Mexican border, where his work won him the Mexican service medal and the Good Conduct medal given by Gen. Pershing. He was one of seven motorcycle riders selected at Fort Bliss to go to Washington on May 28, 1917. Soon afterward they left the U. S. and landed in London on June 8. He was a driver of a staff car with the first unit of officers sent to France. On September 1 he was transferred to Chamont, the general headquarters, where he drove cars for Gen. Pershing and Inspector General Brewster. Later he was transferred to the aviation service and ordered to report to Tours. He started his work in flying on Jan. 30, 1918. After his training, he was sent to the front to instruct observers. He was made adjutant of the post on October 24, and continued to the close of the war. During his service in France, Lieut. Jolly was awarded the Croix de Guerre, and was made chief of the air service personnel at the place where he was stationed. After his return, he was made a member of the Aero Club of America. The funeral was held on May 2, 1919, at the Methodist church in Cropsey. A double quartet sang songs selected by the soldier's mother. Rev. J. H. Ryan of Pontiac offered prayer. The scripture was read by Rev. G. P. Snedeker of Piper City, and the sermon was by Rev. W. J. Leach of El Paso. The burial was at the Cropsey cemetery, the pallbearers being six Cropsey boys who had worn the uniform, Roe James, Charles Popejoy, Harvey Davis, Earl Bechtel, Paul Crumbaker, Ivan Crum. Eight flower girls carried floral tributes. The Patrol Boy Scouts were an escort of honor. The salute over the grave was fired by a squad under Sergt. Bert Davis, and Bugler J. A. Puett and Arthur Vaughn sounded taps.

RANSOM JOHNSON

Ransom Johnson, son of Mrs. Charles D. Johnson of Bloomington, died October 1, 1918, at a base hospital in Camp Devens, near Ayer, Mass. Death resulted from pneumonia following an attack of influenza. Young Johnson was born at Gloversville, N. Y., on May 10, 1895. The family came to Bloomington about 1903. The young man enlisted in the service early in 1918. The father of young Johnson died in Indianapolis

February 4, 1916. The mother and one sister, Mrs. Roy Strain survive; also one half brother, E. Ernest Johnson, who was in the marines at Galveston, Texas, when the brother died. The dead soldier was an athlete, and had made plans for a professional career as an acrobat. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial, and the funeral took place with military honors.

LORING F. JONES

Loring F. Jones of Bloomington died at Camp Grant on October 13, 1918, after a week's illness with influenza and pneumonia. He was not known to be seriously sick until the two days before his death, when his mother, and sister, Pearl, were summoned to Rockford. They saw him just before he died. Loring Jones went out of Bloomington with a contingent of draft men in August, and had been stationed at Camp Grant from that time to the day of his death. He had entered into the life of the soldier with zest. He was 24 years of age, and had lived most of his life in Bloomington. For some time he was employed with C. W. Klemm, and later was in charge of the wholesale department of W. B. Read & Co. He was a member of Grace Methodist church, and sang in the choir there. The body was brought to Bloomington and the funeral was held on October 16 at the home of his parents, 808 South Madison street. Rev. Edgar DeWitt Jones was in charge of the services, and the Bloomington chapter of the Red Cross sent representatives, and gave the flag which was draped over the casket. Mrs. Darrah and Miss Gulick sang. Company M furnished the escort of honor and the firing squad for the cemetery. Bugler Claude Carlock sounded taps over the grave. The burial took place in Park Hill cemetery.

JOHN OSCAR JENKINS

John Oscar Jenkins, son of John C. Jenkins of Lexington, was killed in action in France, according to word sent to the father in June, 1918. The young man was a member of a regiment of U. S. engineers. D. G. Agnew, an uncle of the boy, had taken the boy to raise when the boy's mother died. The government wired him and he in turn wired Mr. Jenkins. The dead soldier enlisted at Rockport, Ind., in July, 1917, arriving in France in August. A short time before enlisting he visited his father in Lexington. The young man's father first learned of his son's death when he read his name in the casualty lists published by the newspapers on June 14, 1918.

LEMUEL JONES

Lemuel Jones, who quit his studies in the law school of the Wesleyan to enter the army, was killed in action in France on October 4, 1918. The home of young Jones was at Bourbon, in Douglas county, Illinois, and he went out of there in the summer of 1918 to enter the medical service as a stretcher bearer. He was a son of Clifford N. Jones, former sheriff of Douglas county. He stood high as a law school student. Word of his death reached the Wesleyan November 22.

LOUIS KARL KOCH.

Louis Karl Koch, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Koch of Bloomington, was killed in battle in France September 12, 1918. The war department sent official word to this effect a few days later. Louis Karl Koch was one of the young men who went out in the first draft contingent from McLean county in September, 1917. He went first to Camp Dodge, and was later transferred to Camp Pike, and then to Camp Mills before embarkation. He was assigned to an infantry regiment which took part in the fighting on the American front during the summer and early fall of 1918. Louis was born in Bloomington March 27, 1896. He was one of nine children, and he received his education at Trinity Lutheran school. He later entered the Alton shops and was working as machinist's helper when he quit to go into the service. He left his parents and eight brothers and sisters surviving. Memorial services for Private Koch were held at Trinity Lutheran church on December 8, 1918. His body was buried in France near the spot where he fell. Rev. W. E. Hohenstein said of him: "When he breathed his last on that far-away battlefield, God did not forsake him, but carried his soul to that distant land of glory where on the last great day his parents and friends will see him again wrapped in the glory which he has justly deserved."

BEN KAPLAN

Ben Kaplan, who had been a young clothing merchant at Chenoa, died from pneumonia at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., on October 7, 1918. His attack was brought on by influenza. He left for Jefferson Barracks on October 1, and his friends were not aware of his illness until just a few hours before he died. The body was taken to Chicago and buried in Mt. Israel cemetery. Young Kaplan was born at Coal City, Ill., November 5, 1890. He grew up with his father and later went to Chicago. About 1913, he came to Chenoa with his brother Moses and bought a clothing store. He was a wide-awake business man, being in charge of the band concerts and other public enterprises for some time. He was a member of the Chenoa lodge of Masons and of the Bloomington Consistory.

WILBUR KILLION

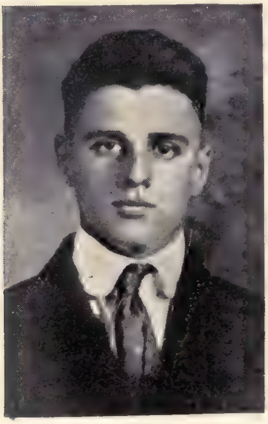
Wilbur Killion, one of the 500 McLean county boys who went to Camp Wheeler with the draft contingent of June 25, 1918, met an accidental death while returning to his home in Bloomington. The army life seemed to have preyed upon his mind after a few weeks in camp, and he became deranged. On August 14 he was sent back to his home in charge of an officer of the camp. When the train was near Madisonville, Ky., Wilbur went into the toilet room of a Pullman and while the train was in progress he jumped from the car. His body was found next morning on the track, where apparently he had laid down and a train had run over him. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial. The young soldier was a step-son of W. A. Craig of Bloomington.

ALBERT LOUIS KERBER

Albert Louis Kerber of Colfax died of measles and pneumonia at an army hospital in France on December 7, 1918. Young Kerber went out of this county with the draft contingent of June 25, and after his preliminary training was sent to France with Company E, 124th infantry. Later he was transferred to the 112th infantry. The young soldier was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kerber of Colfax, and was born near that town in 1895. He left his parents and two brothers and two sisters living at Colfax. Funeral services were held for him at the Catholic church at Colfax, of which he was a member, and large numbers of friends attended. Colfax Post of the American Legion bears his name.

ERNEST G. KNECHT

Ernest G. Knecht died while in the government service, altho not in the army. He was employed as a carpenter at work on the government barracks at Charleston, W. Va., on October 19, 1918. He had been sick about a week with influenza and pneumonia. His wife was at his bedside when he died. Ernest Knecht was born in Normal on July 23, 1887. He grew up here and learned the carpenter's trade, and for ten years had been employed at the Moratz planing mill before entering the government employ. He was married to Miss Clara Jaeger, and his wife survived with two children, Lillie and Delmar. He was the son of Albert Knecht of South Linden street, and he also left five brothers and four sisters. One brother, Carl, was in the army. His body was brought home for burial. He was a member of the Church of Peace, of the Knights of Pythias and of the carpenters' union.



CLYDE KIND

Clyde Kind, son of A. L. Kind of near Covel, died in a hospital at the Great Lakes naval training station on Oct. 1, 1918. He was one of the many victims of influenza. His father had been summoned to Great Lakes by his son's critical condition, and was near him when he died. Clyde was born near Minier and was 18 years of age when he died. He enlisted for naval service in July. He left his parents and one sister. The body was brought home and funeral services were held for him at the church at Covel, and he was buried at the Covel cemetery with due military honors.

LEONARD J. KILGORE

Leonard J. Kilgore died of pneumonia at Gates hospital, Chattanooga, on October 15, 1918. He was taken ill while a member of a personal replacement company at Camp Forest, Georgia. He left Bloomington September 6. Young Kilgore was 21 years of age and had made his home in Bloomington with uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Schultz of 1008 South Lee street. He worked for some time in the Big Four freight house. He left his father, six brothers, two of whom were in the army, and five sisters; most of his relatives living in Kentucky. The burial took place at Chattanooga, comrades of his company who had formerly lived in this county acting as pallbearers.

JOHN H. KRAUS

John H. Kraus, son of Mrs. Frederica Kraus of Danvers, was reported on August 20 to have been killed in action on July 18, 1918. John Kraus was the first of the Danvers boys to enlist and saw a great deal of hard service in the trenches. He was gassed in May, 1918, and was in the hospital until July 1st, 1918, and killed in action on July 18. He was born in Baltimore, Md., May 8, 1900, his father dying when the boy was 10 years of age. At the death of his father the family moved to Danvers which has since been their home. It was there that John attended school. In February, 1917, he enlisted in the national guards and at the time of his death was with Co. 1, 18th Inf., A. E. F. From here he left for Jefferson Barracks thence to Arizona. From Arizona he was sent to New York and in June, 1917, was sent to France with the vanguard of the American army under General Pershing. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Frederica Kraus, five brothers and one sister. While in Danvers he was a regular attendant at the Presbyterian Sunday school and church.

EDWIN C. KITTERMAN

Edwin C. Kitterman was killed in action in France on September 29, 1918. He had made his home in Bloomington before the war. He was the son of H. C. Kitterman of Elizabeth, Ind., and was 25 years old. When he lived in Bloomington he was employed at the Alton shops, and later with the Bloomington Canning Co. He went with the first draft contingent from Harrison county, Ind., and had been in France since June 5, 1918. He was a member of the United Brethren church in Bloomington.

KLINE ALFRED LANTZ

Kline Alfred Lantz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Lantz of Downs, died of influenza at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., in October, 1918. He went out of the county with the draft contingent of June 25, to Camp Wheeler, and afterward was transferred to Camp Benjamin Harrison. He was taken sick there, and his body was taken to Downs for burial. He was born at Downs May 30, 1896, and was married November 10, 1917, to Miss Florence Hanson of Joliet. He left his wife, his parents, one brother, Warren, and two sisters, Grace Lantz and Mrs. Fred Dryer of Downs.

FRIDOLIN C. LANZER

Fridolin C. Lanzer, son of Peter Lanzer of Chenoa, died at Camp Dodge, Iowa, on April 16, 1918, after a short illness with pneumonia. He was a wagoner with supply company of the 349th infantry. He went to camp with the draft contingent of September, 1917. In January of the following year he was at home for a time suffering with rheumatism, from which, however, he recovered and returned to camp. He was born near Lexington June 30, 1895, and lived there till his parents removed to Chenoa. He was the youngest child of the family, being survived by his parents and two brothers and a sister. He was a member of the Lutheran church. The body was brought to Chenoa, where a military funeral was accorded, all business houses being closed during the services. The Pontiac military band played, the Chenoa boy scouts and Lexington Home Guards were an escort, and city officials attended in a body. Shelby C. Small, a Chenoa boy, accompanied the body home from Camp Dodge.

LESLIE O. LASH

The second soldier of McLean county who gave up his life in the service was Leslie O. Lash of Bloomington, who died at the Walter Reed hospital in Washington on January 11, 1918, after a week's illness with pneumonia. He had been sick ever since he was transferred to Camp Meigs at Washington, from Jefferson barracks, where he was first sent after his enlistment on December 15, 1917. He caught a cold at Jefferson barracks because he was required to sleep without ample protection from the cold, owing to the crowded condition of the barracks. Still suffering from his cold, he was ordered to Camp Meigs, where he succumbed to the attack of pneumonia, was removed to the government hospital and died there. Leslie was 22 years of age, was born in Bloomington and was the son of W. E. Lash, formerly a shoe merchant of the city. His parents had died twelve years before the war, and Leslie and his brothers, Byron and Eugene, came to live with their uncle, John G. Welch, afterward city commissioner of Bloomington. Leslie graduated from Brown's business college, and for four years was bookkeeper in the offices of Hawks Inc. The body was brought to Bloomington, and the funeral held from the home of John G. Welch on January 19, conducted by Rev. Walter Aitken of Grace Methodist church, of which Leslie was a member. The burial was at Bloomington cemetery.

JENNINGS BRYAN MAXWELL

Jennings Bryan Maxwell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alf. Maxwell formerly of McLean, died on October 2, 1918, at Norfolk, Va., from influenza. He was sick only four days. The body was brought to McLean and buried from the home of his aunt, Miss Mollie Maxwell. Young Maxwell was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Alf. Maxwell, who lived at McLean in their younger days. Shortly after their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell moved to Hudson, later to Gibson City and about in 1914 to Hillsboro, North Dakota, where they have extensive farming interests. Bryan was born in Hudson and was 21 years of age. In May, 1918, he enlisted in the navy and was sent to Great Lakes, later going to the Norfolk, Va., training station, known as Camp Perry, and had been assigned to the U. S. Richmond. Besides his parents, he left five sisters as follows: Mrs. Moss Greer, Kanawa, Iowa; Mrs. Rollo Price, Kerrick, Ill.; Mrs. Mahla Moore, Hillsboro, N. D.; Mrs. Mollie Flint, nurse at Brokaw hospital; and Miss Ruth Maxwell, nurse at the Walter Reed hospital, in Washington, D. C. The young man had applied for a furlough and expected to be married to Miss Laura Wang, of Hillsboro, N. D., on October 20, 1918.

OWEN GILBERT MEANS

Owen Gilbert Means was the son of Mrs. Nellie Means of Bloomington. He enlisted in the United States Navy as Second Class Seaman on June 13th, 1918, and was sent to Great Lakes Naval Station at Great Lakes, Illinois. He was about to enter school when he took the influenza and pneumonia and died at Great Lakes September 28th, 1918. At the time of his death he was acting Chief Petty Officer. He was 18 years and 6 months of age. Before entering the service he was an embalmer for Sumner Goodfellow. He was born and raised in McLean County.

CORPORAL CARL E. MILLER

The first McLean county man to lose his life in battle, and the one whose name put the first gold star in the flag of Randolph township and the village of Heyworth was Corporal Carl E. Miller, whose death in action was conveyed in a message to his sister, Miss Florence Miller, on May 18, 1918. The day following this message, the official casualty list issued by the war department contained Corporal Miller's name. Corporal Miller was a member of Company A, 1st brigade, machine gun battalion, of the 16th Infantry, which was part of the famous Rainbow division. The date of his death in battle was officially reported as May 12. The body was buried near where he fell, and his resting place was officially recorded by the war department as follows: "Place of burial: Military Cemetery, Broyes, Oise, Row No. 4, grave No. 9. Date of burial, May 13, 1918. Chaplain, E. Coleman."

Corporal Miller was born at Heyworth on June 2, 1884. He was the son of Erastus Miller, who was a veteran of the civil war, having served in the 68th Illinois and re-enlisting in the 94th infantry. His father died in 1909. Carl Miller joined the army in 1913; and served with the regulars before the world war broke out. When Gen. Pershing was sent to the Mexican border with a body of picked troops, Corporal Miller was with one of these units. He did valiant service there. When the famous Rainbow division was organized for overseas duty, the regiment of which Corporal Miller was a member was made a part of the division. They had been in France eight months before Corp. Miller met his death. The last letter written by Miller to his sister, Mrs. Wm. Wilde of McLean, was dated April 3, in which he spoke of France as a "land of sunshine and flowers." Most of his letters from France had been in a cheerful vein. There were four surviving sisters, Mrs. William Wilde of McLean, and Mrs. William Archer, of McLean, Mrs. Isaac Maxwell and Miss Florence Miller of Heyworth, and Frank Miller of Heyworth.

A memorial service for the soldiers of Randolph township was held at Heyworth on Sunday, May 26, in which special honor was paid to

Carl Miller as the first Randolph soldier to lose his life in battle. Rev. O. O. Inman of Decatur made the principal address. At one point in the service, the audience stood and held draped handkerchiefs in honor of Carl Miller.

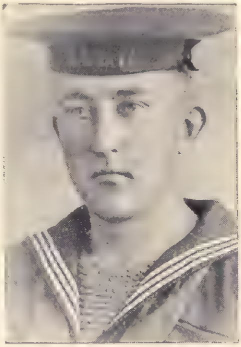
HARRY C. MYERS

Harry C. Myers, son of Thomas Myers of McLean, who had the distinction of being pronounced a practically perfect man physically when he was examined for enlistment in the U. S. Marines, lost his life in battle in June, 1918, during the early drives on the western front in France in which the American troops took part. The name of young Myers appeared in the casualty list of June 21 as seriously wounded, and a day or two later the parents at McLean were informed by the war department of his death. Harry Myers was 23 years of age, and had worked for a time at the trade of blacksmith. He enlisted in Peoria in the fall of 1917 for service in the Marine Corps. His physical examination showed him to be possessed of an almost perfect physical make-up. He received his preliminary training and was sent to France in the spring of 1918, being assigned to one of the companies of the famous brigade of Marines connected with the First Division which took part in the actions along the Marne in May and June. His surviving relatives were his parents and a half sister in McLean and one brother, Cecil, who was in the army during the war. Some weeks after his death, the parents of young Myers received a letter from Norman B. Armstrong, who had been a pal of Harry, telling of the battle in which both were wounded, and how he had learned of Harry's death. He continued: "He was a fine, brave lad, and you may well be proud of him. It is hard to lose him, but we could not ask a better death. He did not only die for his country, but for the protection of women and children of another land. The sights we saw on our way to check the German drive, brought tears to the eyes of many a man, and they would have died to the last man before they would have given another inch."

ROY F. MITCHELL

One young soldier from McLean county gave up his life in preparation for military duty even before the date when the United States declared war against Germany. He was Roy F. Mitchell, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Mitchell of Lexington. This young man was a volunteer, enlisting in Bloomington early in January, 1917, three months before the actual declaration of war. He started to Jefferson Barracks on January 5, and at once began his initial training. He was taken down with pneumonia a few weeks after he reached the Barracks, and died on February 21. His death occurred on the same day that his company was to start east for another camp. The body was brought back to this county, and the funeral was held at the Christian church at Colfax on February 24. Louis Fernando sounded taps at the grave and Wesley Downey carried the flag, both being former soldiers of the Spanish war. Young Mitchell was born January 1, 1898, and was a very popular young man at Lexington. He had two brothers in the army later, they being Sergt. Harry L. Mitchell of the 60th regiment C. A. C. and Lieut. Jesse D. Mitchell, who was with the infantry in several camps in this country. Roy Mitchell's name is carried on the honor roll of Elmo F. Hill post of the American Legion at Lexington.

HARVEY C. MISHLER



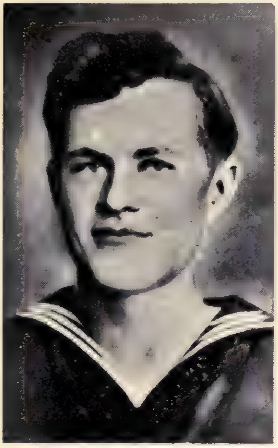
Harvey C. Mishler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Mishler of Covel, died in the Great Lakes naval training station on March 5, 1919. He had been sick a short time with pneumonia. The young man's father went to Great Lakes and brought the body home. Young Mishler had enlisted in the navy in June, 1918, and had spent his training season at Great Lakes, making a good record in the service. The funeral was held at Covel. The young man left besides his parents, the following brothers and sisters: Lloyd L. Mishler, who had served in the army and returned from overseas only a short time before his brother's death; Charles, Esther, Francis and Irene, at home.

THOMAS McVEY

The first gold star in the service flag of St. Patrick's church in Bloomington was placed there for the death of Thomas Leo McVey, son of Mrs. Ellen McVey of 1318 West Mulberry street, who on November 26 received news of the death of her son. He died in a military hospital in France from lobar-pneumonia, on November 13, 1918. The mother received the news just after she had made inquiry at Red Cross headquarters how to send the son a Christmas package. The manner of the boy's death is told in a letter received in March, 1919, by the mother from Lieut. Henry H. Brownlee of Loundry Company C, at Nevers hospital, in France. The letter stated that McVey was taken sick October 13, went to base hospital No. 28 and remained there until he died. The letter continued: His top sergeant, Sergeant Frank McKane, informs me that he received the last rites of the church from an American chaplain, a priest, and that he was buried in accordance with the precepts of the Catholic faith. He was also buried with full military honors and is now lying among our boys in the American cemetery at Nivers. His grave, marked by a Roman cross, is just outside of the city of Nivers. Nivers is situated about half way between Paris and Lyons. It is on the river Loire and was one of the first centers in the American E. F. Thomas McVey was the son of Mr. and Mrs. James McVey, and was born May 28, 1900. He left his mother and one sister, Nellie. After graduating from St. Patrick's school he worked in the Alton shops in Bloomington. He enlisted July 4, 1918, was sent to an automobile mechanics' school at

Washington, and was sent overseas in August. The last letter the family received from him was in November, 1918.

HOMER WARNER MITCHELL



Homer Warner Mitchell, son of Isaac T. Mitchell of Twin Grove, died while in the naval service. His death occurred on October 21, 1918, on the hospital ship, Mercy, off the coast of Virginia. Prior to his being taken sick, young Mitchell had been serving on the battleship Illinois, where he had attained the grade of second class fireman. Young Mitchell was born in Dale township on April 24, 1897. He grew up with his father on the farm, his mother having died when Homer was only nine months old. He attended school in his home district, in Bloomington and at the Normal University. He enlisted for the navy July 22, 1918, and was first sent to Great Lakes. He attained the grade of corporal before being assigned to active ship duty. He was serving well on the battleship Illinois when his fatal illness came on. Commander W. R. Webb of the medical corps of the U. S. naval forces at Norfolk, Va., in a letter dated October 22, writes to Mr. Mitchell, father of Homer, in part as follows: ''It is with deep regret that I have to inform you of the death of your son, Homer, which occurred on board this hospital ship at 1:35 p. m., October 21, 1918. He was received as a patient from the U. S. S. Illinois, sick with bronchial pneumonia. * * * You have the heartfelt sympathy of myself and all his other shipmates in your bereavement. In this great war for democracy and freedom, I consider it a glorious privilege which you have had to give a son for our country, for your son has given his life for his country just as surely as though he had died on the field of battle. I know you are proud of this privilege, and I envy you.'' The body was brought home for burial, the funeral being held at the West Twin Grove cemetery on October 29. He left his father and two brothers, Herman Park Mitchell and Harvey Elder Mitchell, both living in this county, and one sister, Mrs. Beulah Pearl Schantz living in California.

DAVID THOMAS MORGAN

Among the hundreds of American boys who gave up their lives in the drive of the U. S. forces in the great battles of the Marne in June, 1918, was David Thomas Morgan, son of John P. Morgan of 401 Fifer street, Bloomington. This young man, scarcely more than 17 years of age, fell in battle while fighting with the heroes of the Marine Corps which stopped the German drive for Paris. The great onslaught of the first week of June was over and the second phase of the battle in progress, when on the afternoon of the 13th, young Morgan, holding a front line position, armed with his automatic rifle, was hit by a German shell and instantly killed. He was buried on the 14th near the spot where he fell. The official word as to his burial place said that it was on ''Hill 181, North of Lucy de Borage Mauex, Map 49.'' Young Morgan was in the 76th Company, Sixth regiment, U. S. Marine Corps, part of the First Division. His brother, William John Morgan, member of the same company, was wounded in the same drive, and did not learn of David's death until July 25. David Thomas Morgan was born in Bloomington, attended Edwards school, and had started to learn the trade of a boilermaker at the Alton shops prior to the time of his enlistment. He was visiting his aunt at Staunton, Ill., when he and his brother, William, enlisted with the Marine Corps in 1917. It was several months later, while they were in training at Paris Island, that his father learned of the boys' enlistment. Letters received from David early in his service in France told of his having taken out $10,000 insurance in favor of his father. Speaking of the boy's death, Lieut. Clyde E. Murray, writing to the father, said that ''exposed to the most concentrated shell fire the world had ever known for several hours, he displayed the spirit and courage found only in great soldiers.'' Prior to the time of his death, Morgan's company had already captured three machine guns and turned them on the enemy. The brother, William, was in the hospital in France for many months recovering from his wounds, and came home in the summer of 1919 for his first leave. Bloomington Post of World War Veterans bears his name.

ERWIN P. MARTENSEN

Private Erwin P. Martensen was one of the McLean county boys who lost his life in battle with the Germans during the days of the early summer of 1918 when the American forces stopped the rush on Paris. Young Martensen was a soldier of Company A of the Seventh infantry, part of the Second Division, which took part in the actions around Chateau Thierry. On the morning of June 21, after the Marines and the 13th and 14th infantry had stopped the rush of the Germans, orders came for Company A to clean out a certain German machine gun nest in Belleau Wood. This particular action lasted only twenty minutes, but how hard fought and bloody it was, is indicated by the fact that in that short period 120 American boys were killed or wounded. Young Martensen was one of those who fell mortally wounded and died on the field of honor. Erwin Martensen was born at Anchor September 15, 1895, and spent practically all his life in that place. He enlisted in Bloomington December 11, 1917, and was sent to Jefferson Barracks and then to Camp Grant. Later he spent some time at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., and at Camp Merritt, N. J. At the last camp he was transferred from the aviation service, in which he had enlisted, to the infantry. He sailed for France April 15, 1918. Owing to the censorship, his people here did not learn much of his movements or whereabouts in France prior to the date of the battle in which he lost his life. His body was no doubt buried on the field where he fell. Anchor post of the American Legion bears Martensen's name.

GLEN MARTIN

Glen Martin, who lived in Heyworth for many years, but went into the service from Council Bluffs, Iowa, died in France October 4, 1918, according to information coming to his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs.

William Cunningham of Heyworth. Glen Martin was 22 years of age. After he went into the service, he was first stationed at Mt. Clemens, Mich., then in a Texas camp and had been in France several months before his death occurred. He left his grandparents, his father living at Council Bluffs and two brothers, Earl and Nile, both in the army during the war.

EUGENE McCARTHY

Eugene McCarthy, son of Maurice C. McCarthy of Bloomington, was one of the victims of the influenza in the epidemic which swept over the country in the fall of 1918. Eugene was in the naval service, and was at the Great Lakes training station when he was taken sick. After becoming very critical, Eugene seemed to rally, and his father, who had been with him at the station, returned home, thinking that the son was on the road to recovery. After reaching home he received a message that the boy had suffered a relapse, and the next day death came, after the father had returned to be with him. The young man was working hard with his training, and had ambitions to rise in the service by special preparation. Eugene McCarthy was born in Bloomington on March 14, 1900. He lived here all his life up to the time he entered the service. Two years prior to enlisting he had worked for J. F. Humphreys & Co., and for the Alton offices. He was modest, quiet and efficient and gave promise of a successful career. His education was received at St. Mary's grade school and high school. He left his father and one brother, John and one sister, Elizabeth.

CLYDE ROBERT MILLER

Clyde Robert Miller of Danvers was a victim of the influenza, that disease having caused his death at Camp Grant on October 9, 1918. He had been sick for less than two weeks, having been taken down on September 30. The body was brought home for burial, and the funeral was held on October 13 at the home of a sister, Mrs. Roy Musselman at Danvers. Rev. J. H. King had charge of the services. The pallbearers were Irvin Miller, Frank Cook, Paul Harmon, W. Schwiemann, and Valentine Strubhar. Clyde Robert Miller was born on a farm near Normal on October 22, 1895, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Miller. Later the family moved to Atkinson, Ill., where the young man was assisting his father operate a 500 acre farm before he went into the service. He enlisted for the army on July 10 and was sent to Camp Grant, where he had taken only a short period of his training when the fatal disease struck him down. The burial took place at the Park Lawn cemetery at Danvers.

EDWARD MADDOCK

Edward Maddock died of pneumonia in a hospital in France, according to the news received by his mother, Mrs. G. W. Shell, who lived on the Bentown road nine miles east of Bloomington on November 23, 1918. Young Maddock was born and reared here, but for five years resided at Hazelton, Ia. He left with an Iowa contingent May 10, 1918, and was sent to Jefferson Barracks and thence to Waco, Tex. He received a number of minor injuries when the troop train on which he was a passenger was wrecked at Sedalia. After a short stay at Camp Merritt, N. J., he sailed for overseas August 17. He was a member of the 34th Infantry. Young Maddock was born in McLean county May 30, 1893. After the death of his father in 1895 he lived with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schultz, who resided near Six Points. They later moved to Merna. Young Maddock was married December 28, 1914, to Mabel Klawitter, who died three months after their marriage. He married Cora Clark December 19, 1917. Besides his wife he left an infant daughter, his grandparents, mother and several brothers and sisters.

GRANT E. METCALF

George E. Metcalf, who lives on rural route 3 out of Bloomington, received word on October 17, 1918, that his brother, Grant E. Metcalf, had died September 20 from wounds received in action in France. The last letter received by his relatives was written on September 12, at which time Grant spoke of being in an extremely dangerous position at the front with a machine gun unit. Grant had developed ability as a crack rifle shot, having made a fine record as a marksman at Camp Grant and Camp Funston. The body was buried in France near where he fell. Grant E. Metcalf was born September 12, 1889. He was at Tampico, Ill., when he went into the service leaving for the army April 25, 1918, first to Camp Grant, and then to Camp Funston. Within two months from the time when he entered the service, he was sent overseas with an infantry regiment. He left surviving his aged parents at Tampico, three brothers and three sisters.

ULYSSES MILLER

Ulysses Miller, who for several years worked on the farm of J. H. Cheney near Ellsworth, was killed in action on the western front in France on October 20, 1918, according to word received by his relatives in Kentucky, and passed on to his friends and former employer in this county. Young Miller belonged to a Kentucky regiment. He left Ellsworth in the spring of 1918 for his home in Kentucky, where he was registered, and entered the service, sailing for France August 7. Letters from him expressed his enthusiastic belief that the war would soon be over and that he hoped to be home by Christmas. During his residence near Ellsworth young Miller made a wide circle of friends.

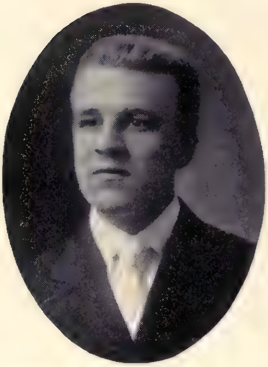
LIEUT. J. F. McDAVID

Lieut. Joel F. McDavid of Decatur was killed in an aeroplane accident in France October 12, 1918. Lieut. McDavid was 27 years of age. He formerly lived at Lincoln before going to Decatur. He was engaged to be married to Miss Gladys Collins of Bloomington.

THOMAS MONTGOMERY

Thomas Montgomery, nephew of Dr. A. L. Chapman of Carlock, died from pneumonia in France on September 5, 1918. He was the son of James Montgomery, and went into the service from Newcomerstown, Ohio. He had many relatives and acquaintances in McLean county.

ARTHUR NIEDERMEYER



Arthur Niedermeyer, whose home was in Decatur, but who had relatives here and who attended the Normal university, was one of the many victims of pneumonia resulting from the crowded conditions at Jefferson barracks in the winter of 1917-18. He died on January 22, but his parents did not hear of it until thirty-six hours after it occurred. Word of his death came to his uncle, Charles Niedermeyer of 503 West Front street. He died at the aviation camp at San Antonio, Texas, as the result of a cold he contracted at Jefferson barracks. He was born April 4, 1890, being the son of William Niedermeyer. He was educated in Decatur and graduated from Millikin before attending the Normal university to fit himself for teaching. He was a prominent member of the T. K. E. fraternity. He had been superintendent of the schools in Greenville before going into the army. He belonged to the German M. E. church. Relatives from Bloomington attended the funeral in Decatur.

CHARLES E. NELSON

Corporal Charles E. Nelson, son of Fred Nelson, who lived most of his life in LeRoy, was the victim of a fatal accident while in active service at the front in the battle lines in France on September 12, 1918. It was just after he had gotten out of the hospital, where he had been for several weeks to recover from a wound which he had received in a previous battle. Nelson was a motorcycle dispatch rider, and while in the St. Mihiel drive he had been entrusted with carrying an important message to the front. According to a letter from Corp. Hite of the same company, written to Nelson's relatives, Nelson was missed after he had been gone for some time, and when found he had been fatally hurt by an accident to his motorcycle. He never regained consciousness, and died in a short time. Corp. Nelson was born near Ellsworth on November 13, 1895. His parents lived at LeRoy for many years, but they moved to Michigan a year before the war. Charles enlisted at Billings, Mont., August 22, 1917, and was assigned to the signal corps of the aviation service. He and his brother Albert together went to Kelly Field and joined the 130th aero squadron. Later they were separated, Charles being sent to the 116th squadron, which sailed for France November 7, by way of Halifax. On arrival in France, Charles was assigned to the motorcycle dispatch headquarters detachment air service, First army. In July, 1918, he was wounded, having his shoulder fractured and a wound over the eye. He was in the hospital for seven weeks. The last letter from him was dated September 9, stating he had secured leave. The next news was a telegram from the war department on November 16 stating that he had died of accident September 12. His parents, three brother and two sisters survive. Charles was 21 years old.

RUEL NEAL

Ruel Neal, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Neal, was the first young man from LeRoy to lose his life in the war, and in recognition of that fact when the LeRoy post of the American Legion, composed of world war veterans was organized, it was named Ruel Neal post in his honor. Neal went out of this county with the first contingent of drafted men on September 19, 1917. He went to Camp Dodge, being assigned to Company G 349th infantry, where he remained until October 1, when he was transferred to Camp Logan, at Houston, Texas, to Co. A, 131st infantry. On May 22, 1918, he embarked from Camp Upton to France. He got to the front and was in his first battle on July 4. In his second engagement, August 9, he was hit in the shoulder with a machine gun bullet and went to a hospital. There he remained until September, when he returned to his company, and on October 2 in a front trench on the Meuse he received his fatal wound. The last letter which the parents received from him was written on September 23. Neal was killed by a German shell which came thru the dugout in which he and a comrade were sheltered in the front line trenches. In a letter written to the father by Charles F. Kennedy of Beardstown in April, 1919, Mr. Kennedy quotes a letter he had received from his son, Lester, who was the buddy of Ruel Neal at the front. Lester Kennedy speaks of Neal as a model soldier, who never missed a drill and never had a kick. He says of him in the hospital: ''We were both in the same ward, and one day our doctor told us we were going to England to a big hospital in London. But Neal said: 'No, sir, my place is at the front with my company, and I won't go to England.' So Neal went back to the front and I was taken to England. That was the last time I saw my good pal, and the other day I met an officer from my company and asked him about Neal. He said Neal was in a dug-out which had a very thin top and a Nine-Point-Five came thru the top and got Neal and the other man with him. He said all the boys hated to lose Neal, for he was a fine soldier. He died with his boots on and for his country.'' Ruel Neal was born at LeRoy September 7, 1895. He grew up there and was educated in the grade and high school. He joined the Methodist church when he was 16 years of age. He left his parents and one sister, Opal, and two brothers, Burt and Marvin, the latter having served in the navy during the war. Memorial services for Neal were held in LeRoy a few weeks after his death.

SERGT. WAYNE NEWCOMB

Sergt. Wayne Newcomb of Company M, 139th infantry, died of pneumonia while with the army of occupation in Germany, the disease being due in fact to the effect of a wound which he received in the final fighting just prior to the signing of the armistice. Young Newcomb was a son of Charles Newcomb of Gibson, and nephew of E. H. Newcomb of Saybrook, with whom he had spent much of his time when a growing boy. Sergt. Newcomb was wounded when leading his platoon against a German machine gun nest on September 29. He refused to go to the hospital after he was wounded, remaining in command of his platoon, and thus setting an example of courage for his men. After having his wound dressed that night he returned to the command next morning. In a letter received by his uncle after the armistice, Wayne wrote as follows of the incident: "We went over the top about 5:30 September 26 and our battle lasted until October 2. I was slightly wounded September 29, but not bad enough to hurt me much. I have a scar on my jaw, but am sure proud of it. After we came out most of us were in a weakened condition, but soon recovered, and when the armistice was signed we were just ready to go over the top again. We would have gone in the next day, as we were just behind the lines and ready to leave our packs." Sergt. Newcomb died December 21 in base hospital 87. Lobar pneumonia was officially given as cause of death. His body was buried at Toul, France, in the U. S. cemetery.

JOHN LINCOLN NORTH

On October 13, 1918, death came to John Lincoln North, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. North of Gridley township. The young man died of pneumonia following influenza at Camp Mills. When his father heard of his serious sickness he hastened to New York, but arrived at the base hospital just after his son had passed away. The body was brought to the home for burial, and funeral services were held and the interment took place at El Paso cemetery. John Lincoln North was born in Gridley township on February 6, 1891. He was one of six children, and the third son to die. He was called to the colors with McLean county's largest draft contingent on June 25, 1918. He spent the summer months at Camp Wheeler, where he received preliminary training. He was with Co. C, 124th infantry, part of the 31st division. He was at Camp Mills all equipped for starting overseas when he fell a victim to the fatal influenza. He wrote his last letter to his parents when his hand was trembling with weakness from the fatal disease. He left his parents, two brothers and one sister surviving. His sister was Mrs. Ralph Schofield, Paul, a brother, was in the army at Camp Grant when John died. The other brother was Ralph, at home. Owing to the number of deaths at the camp, it was nearly a week from the date of his death until the body of Private North arrived home, being accompanied by Private Brumbach, a comrade. The funeral services were held on Sunday, Oct. 20, and were private owing to health restrictions by the state board. Rev. S. S. Cryor was in charge, and the Lexington Home Guards attended as escort, and fired the last salute over the grave. The casket was covered with the national flag when lowered into the grave to the sound of ''taps.'' The pallbearers were Private Brumbach, Claud North, Mont North, Louis Wadsworth, Ralph Gibbs and Max Smith and Merle North.

FRED O'CONNOR

Fred O'Connor, a Bloomington man, died from the influenza at Camp Grant on October 8, 1918, after an illness of about a week. His brother-in-law, Harry Radford, was with him at the end, having been summoned a few days prior to Fred's death. Fred O'Connor was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick O'Connor of Bloomington and was born in this city in 1892. He was educated in the public schools and after he was ready to begin life for himself he went to work in the Holland bottling works, where he was employed for some years. He left his father and one brother and five sisters. His mother died in 1917, and one brother, Jack, died only a few months prior to Fred's death. Fred was a member of Holy Trinity church and of the Order of Eagles. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial.

HENRY PECKMANN

Henry Peckmann was one of the Bloomington men who gave up his life in the service, although he was not actually engaged as a fighting man. He volunteered for work in the Y. M. C. A. with the army, and while serving as such was taken sick at Camp Funston and died on October 8, 1918. He was the son of Mrs. Sarah Peckmann of 1018 South Main street. While teaching in the high school at Elgin, in April, 1918, he volunteered his service as a Y. M. C. A. secretary and was accepted and sent to Camp Funston. Henry Peckmann was born in Bloomington on November 12, 1882. He was the son of Frank Peckmann, who died in 1893. Henry was educated in the city schools and at the Wesleyan university. He then took up the vocation of teaching and held positions at Beardstown, Marengo and at Elgin. He was very popular at Elgin, and the student body passed resolutions on his death. Besides his mother Mr. Peckmann was survived by three brothers and two sisters as follows: Mrs. Otto Lipp and Mrs. William Agle, both of this city; Frank of Denver, Colo.; Herman, living at home, and Charles of South Center street. Henry was a member of the First Methodist church in Bloomington. The body was brought to Bloomington, and funeral services with military honors were held at the First Methodist. The body was buried in the Bloomington cemetery.

CLARENCE EARL PATTERSON

After having spent only one month in the service, death claimed Clarence Earl Patterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Patterson, of 1304 North Oak street, Bloomington, on October 2, 1918. He died at Camp Grant from influenza, which was at that time epidemic at the camp. His parents survived, and also one sister, who was a teacher in Towanda at the time of his death. The body of the young soldier was brought to Bloomington and buried with full military honors on October 8. The funeral services were held from the home of the parents, conducted by Rev. W. D. Deweese. Company M furnished an escort and a firing squad. The burial took place in Park Hill cemetery.

SERGT. LESLIE G. PFIFFNER

One of the McLean county boys who went out with old Company D of the Illinois National Guard, to lose his life in battle was Sergt. Leslie G. Pfiffner, whose home was on Franklin avenue, Normal. Sergt. Pfiffner was with Company B of the 124th machine gun battalion of the 33rd division when the division made its drive in conjunction with the French in Verdun sector on September 26, 1918. He was caught by a machine gun bullet as the company advanced, and died on the field where he fell. On the day when Leslie fell, it was said that the Allied forces of this sector lost 30,000 men. Company B's advance lay over very rough and partially wooded country, in a heavy fog. However, they reached their objective by 11 a. m., the company having lost three killed and seven wounded. Leslie fell in the charge on Forges Wood. The body was buried at Glorioux. Young Pfiffner enlisted in Company D, Fifth Illinois, on May 5, 1917. Joined the company at Quincy the next day, and served with the company on guard duty at East Hannibal until transferred to Quincy, where the regiment remained until August, when they were sent to Camp Logan, Texas. Here the regiment was merged with the 33rd division, the company becoming Company B of the 124th machine gun battalion. Young Pfiffner was a son of Mrs. Lucy Stewart and was a nephew of County Supt. B. C. Moore. He left one brother, Floyd, who at the time of Leslie's death was a first class yeoman at Great Lakes.

FRANK PALERAN

Frank Paleran died at the naval training station at San Diego, Calif., on February 14, 1918, from pneumonia. He was a step-son of E. L. Foreman of East Wood street, Bloomington. The family removed to Los Angeles about 1913. The star representing Frank Paleran was on the service flag of Emerson school, Bloomington.

WILLIAM ROBERT PATTON

William Robert Patton, son of Robert F. Patton, who lived in Lawndale township for several years, was killed in battle in France on October 11, 1918. He was 23 years of age. The Patton family moved to Rochelle, Ill., before the war, and the young man went out of that place into the army. Another son, John Irving, was wounded and was in a hospital in France for many months.

BUD PETERSON

Miss Ida Young of Bloomington received word on October 9, 1918, of the death of her brother, Bud Peterson, which occurred at Camp Custer as the result of pneumonia. Young Peterson was born in Bloomington on October 23, 1891, and lived here until the death of his parents, when he removed to Streator, from which place he entered the service. He had visited in Bloomington two weeks before he died. His surviving relatives were his sister in Bloomington and two other sisters living in Champaign.

CAPT. HUGH MITCHELL PRICE

In the death of Capt. Hugh Mitchell Price, which occurred as the result of an accident, a former McLean county man gave up his life for his country. Capt. Price, who was serving with a regiment of Engineers at Newport News, Va., died in a military hospital there on November 4, 1918. He had been confined to the hospital as the result of an automobile accident in which he had received injuries in the preceding August. The accident was due to a broken steering gear. Relatives here were not aware of the serious nature of his injuries until a few days before his death. Capt. Price was a nephew of Mrs. M. L. Christian and E. B. Mitchell of Bloomington. He lived here in his boyhood, making his home at Danvers. Afterward he graduated in the civil engineering course at the University of Illinois. Soon after America entered the war, he volunteered his services and was accepted with a regiment of engineers. For several months prior to his death was in charge of a large government construction project at Pig Point, Va. The body was brought to Bloomington, and the funeral held on November 8 at the home of Mrs. M. L. Christian, services being in charge of Rev. William Baker. Mrs. Price and a sister, Miss Helen Price, accompanied the body to Bloomington. A squad from Company M furnished the escort of honor and fired the salute over the grave. The flag draped over the casket was one sent from Newport News. Capt. Price was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Price, who died about twenty years ago, and grandson of Ebenezer B. Mitchell, one of the pioneers of McLean county.

CHARLES PAINTER

Word was received in Bloomington on October 6, 1918, that Charles Painter had died in France from wounds received in battle on September 6. Young Painter had formerly been a fireman on the Alton railroad, and he left the city with the draft contingent of April, 1918. He had been sent to Camp Dodge, then to Texas, and then to France. In December, 1917, he was married to Miss Mary Irvin, who survived him. His body was buried with due honors by his comrades near the point where he died.

HARRY PIETSCH

After only one month of military service, Harry Pietsch gave up his life as a victim of influenza at Camp Grant, on October 2, 1918. His mother, Mrs. Minnie Pietsch, hastened to the camp and was near him when he died. Harry left Bloomington in September with a contingent of special service men. Harry Pietsch was born in Bloomington April 19, 1892, and grew up in his home city. He was serving as a member of the city fire department prior to going into the army, being stationed at engine house No. 4 on South Main street. He was the son of Henry

Pietsch, who died some years prior to the war. His mother and one sister and three brothers were left, one brother, Edward, being at Great Lakes when Harry died. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial and funeral services were held at St. Mary's Catholic church, of which he had been a member. Memorial services for him were afterward held.

WILLARD PIERSON

One of the first gold stars which blossomed in the service flag of the Chicago & Alton shops was that for Willard Pierson, who died in a military hospital in France on October 12, 1918, from an attack of pneumonia. He left the employ of the Alton shops in June, 1918, and was sent to France with a regiment of engineers. He was sick several days, and Mrs. Pierson, his mother received a letter the latter part of November from Chaplain Lee who attended him on the final days before his death. The chaplain told of the funeral in which full military honors were paid to the soldier, and the pallbearers were boys who had formerly worked with him in the Alton shops here. They were Joe Murray, J. Rebmann, Howard Corey, H. Jones, J. Holland, and Harry Marquardt. The body was laid to rest in the American section of the cemetery at La Rochelle, France.

Willard Pierson was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pierson of 114 Stevenson street, Bloomington. He left his parents and two sisters, Mabel and Yarda. He was a member of the Swedish Lutheran church and of the machinists' union. A memorial service was held on November 17, at the Swedish Lutheran church, at which Rev. A. D. Freden spoke in appropriate vein. The blue star on the service flag was replaced with one of gold.

ROBERT L. PIERCY

Mrs. J. M. Herman of North East Street, Bloomington, received a letter on March 23, 1919, telling of the death of her brother, Robert L. Piercy, who died of pneumonia after serving eleven months in France. He was in a signal battalion of the 30th division. His home was at Asheville, S. C., and he entered the service in June, 1917. His division sailed for home the week after he was taken with his fatal sickness.

THURMAN POLLITT

Thurman Pollit, son of the late J. B. Pollitt, who was a resident of Bloomington for many years, died in a military hospital in France in October, 1918. Influenza was the cause of his death. He enlisted for service in October, 1917, and served with his regiment thru much of the fighting in France in the summer of 1918. He was 30 years of age, left his wife, formerly Miss Agnes Bainer of Pontiac, to whom he was married in 1917. He had two aunts in Bloomington, Mrs. Dr. Herr and Mrs. William Hunt.

HERBERT QUARNSTROM

On April 23, 1918, Dr. Homberger of the Wesleyan faculty received word of the death of Herbert Quarnstrom, a Wesleyan man, at Camp

Dodge, Iowa. Death was due to pneumonia. Young Quarnstrom was 22 years of age, and his home had been at Sycamore, Ill. He had been in the Wesleyan up to the end of the school year in 1917. He was a sophomore at Wesleyan, and had specialized in chemistry. He had intended to return to Wesleyan in the fall of 1917, but was selected for service by his home draft board. He was a son of Adolph Quarnstrom of Sycamore.

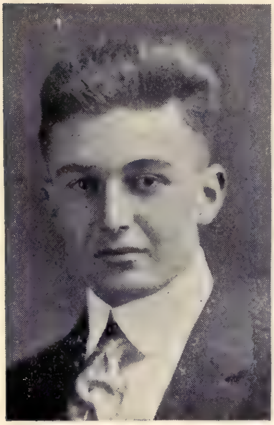
LEE J. ROEBUCK

The very first soldier from McLean county who was called upon to give up his life to the cause of the nations who were fighting Germany in the World War, was Lee J. Roebuck of Bloomington. He met his death in an accident while training under the flag of Canada, having enlisted in that country after he had been rejected from the United States army on account of minor physical defects. Young Roebuck was in the aviation service, and while taking his first flight alone on October 20, 1917, his plane collapsed and he fell, meeting instant death. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial. The accident happened at Camp Mohawk, near the town of Deseronto, in the province of Ontario, Canada. Lee Roebuck was the son of L. S. Roebuck, formerly owner of the Clifton Hotel in Bloomington. He was born in Bloomington on April 2, 1894. He was educated at Edwards school and the Bloomington high school. In July, 1917, he went to Jefferson barracks to enlist for military service in the United States, but the physical examination disclosed that his heart action was defective and he was rejected. Soon afterward he went to Chicago, and finding that a recruiting drive for the Canadian army was on there, he enlisted for the aviation service and was accepted. He was sent to Long Branch, Ontario, then to Toronto university and then to Camp Borden. He had finished his flying instruction and was to make his first flight alone on the day of his fatal accident. A letter written on the Friday before his death told of his hopes to go across to France soon. The body was brought to Bloomington, accompanied by Air Mechanic Eastwood of the 89th Royal Flying Squadron of Canada. Funeral services were held at the First Methodist church, conducted by Rev. A. K. Byrns. The American and British flags were draped over the casket. The G. A. R. and Odd Fellows took part in the service. The body was taken to Scogin cemetery for burial. This funeral was the first of the many held in Bloomington with military honors during the two years of the war.

ALFRED ROSS

Alfred Ross of Heyworth, who had enlisted for service in the navy, fell a victim to influenza, dying at a hospital at Great Lakes, on Sept. 28, 1918. He had been sick about a week. He enlisted in the navy on July 6 of that year, and previous to being taken ill had submitted to three operations for the cure of slight physical defects. He was stationed at Zion City rifle range when taken ill, and was removed to the base hospital. Alfred Ross was born in Heyworth February 4, 1899. He attended the public schools at Heyworth and for several years worked in a grocery store there. Later he became a carrier for the Bloomington Bulletin. Besides his mother, Mrs. Alma Ross, he left four sisters. The body was brought to Heyworth, and funeral services held at the Presbyterian church, with burial at the Heyworth cemetery.

MAURICE M. ROBERTS



Maurice Musick Roberts, son of O. H. Roberts of Bloomington, was one of the boys who went into the S. A. T. C. of the Wesleyan, and died while in that form of service. His death occurred Oct. 17, 1918, being caused by pneumonia following influenza. Young Roberts had entered the Wesleyan university and had been formally inducted into the service of the Student Army Training Corps only four days before he was taken sick. Young Roberts was born at Mackinaw on March 3, 1900, and lived there until in July, 1918, when the family moved to Bloomington to give their son the advantage of education at the Wesleyan. He left his parents and one brother and four sisters. The funeral was held at the home in this city on October 20, and the body was then taken to Mackinaw for burial.

HOWARD RODMAN

Having enlisted in the medical service with the army after undergoing an operation to remedy a physical defect, Howard Rodman of Bloomington finally gave up his life for his country. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Rodman of 708 East Bell street. He quit his employment in the office of the Daily Pantagraph to enlist at the age of 18. His death occurred in the government military hospital at Hoboken, N. J., on October 10, 1918. He had been sick some ten days with influenza, and his removal from Camp Dix to the hospital became necessary. His mother and sister Mildred went to his bedside a week before his death, but he afterward showed improvement and they returned home. A few days later came the news of his death. Howard Rodman was born in Old Town township, and was 19 years old at his death. He was educated in the schools at Downs and the Downs high school. He belonged to the Downs M. E. church. After coming to Bloomington he worked in the offices of various firms as bookkeeper, and resigned from the Pantagraph to go into the army. The body was brought to Bloomington, and the funeral held on October 16 at the home of the parents, and then to the M. P. church at Pleasant Grove in Old Town. The services were in charge of Rev. A. K. Byrns and Rev. I. W. Longenbaugh. A quartet composed of Misses Anna Curley and Bessie Dooley, James and Frank Dooley, rendered the music. Company M furnished the escort, and Bugler Claude Carlock sounded ''taps'' over the grave. The burial was in the cemetery at Pleasant Grove.

SERGT. WESLEY RUYLE

In the casualty list of November 25, 1918, appeared the name of Sergt. Wesley Ruyle killed in action. Although the soldier's name was given from Chillicothe, Ohio, yet he was in fact a young Bloomington man, for he had lived in this city all his life until two years before his death. Reared at the Soldiers' Orphans' Home in Normal until 14 years of age, he afterward worked at different places in Bloomington, mostly in restaurants. He went to Ohio about 1915, and enlisted in Cleveland, Sept. 1, 1917. After going through the usual training he was sent across as a member of headquarters company of the 102d infantry. He was killed in the drive thru the Argonne in which the American forces under Gen. Pershing took part. The last letter received here told of his writing on paper captured from a dugout formerly occupied by the Germans ever since the opening of the war. When he occupied that dugout, it was on the American front, but when he was writing, it was far to the rear of the American advance. Burial probably took place near where he fell. Wesley left his mother, Mrs. L. I. Mann of 1605 South Center street, one brother and five sisters. He came from a fighting family, for his father was a sergeant in the Tenth Missouri cavalry in the civil war, and he also had six uncles in the union army in the '60's.

HARRY B. RUSMISELL

Harry Rusmisell of Stanford was a victim of pneumonia, his death occurring at a hospital at Le Havre, France, on October 14. The word came to his father, Henry Rusmisell, on Nov. 10. Harry was a member of Co. E, 106th Engineers, being one of the 500 boys who went out of here in the draft contingent of June 25. After his preliminary training at Camp Wheeler, he was sent to Camp Mills, thence embarking for overseas service. The fatal disease overtook him before he had had time to get into the front line actions. Harry was the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rusmisell of Stanford. He was born there Sept. 18, 1894, and grew up in the vicinity. He was engaged with his father in farming when he was called into the service. Harry was a member of the Presbyterian church, of the K. P. and the Odd Fellows and Woodmen. A letter written by Miss Sampson, a nurse at general hospital No. 2 at Casine, France, stated that Harry had been in the hospital only a few days; that he was sick when taken in, but the change for the worse came only the day before his death. He was buried at St. Marie cemetery, at Le Havre, and his grave marked with a wooden cross. Memorial services were held for him at the Presbyterian church at Stanford on Nov. 17, conducted by Rev. L. W. Madden.

BENEDICT J. ROTH

Private Benedict J. Roth, son of C. L. Roth, living two miles west of Chenoa, died of pneumonia in an army hospital at Camp Meucon, France, on January 4, 1919. The father was notified by letter from Private Roy J. Everts of the medical department of the 79th field artillery, who was attached to the hospital. Young Roth entered the hospital in November, was first taken seriously sick in December. Private Benedict J. Roth was born on a farm southwest of Chenoa on August 27, 1891. He graduated from the Chenoa high school in 1912 and later spent one year at the University of Illinois. After leaving school he assisted his father on the farm for a while, but two years before the war he accepted a position with the Payne Investment Company of Omaha, Neb., a land company, and acted as their agent at Lake Charles, La., until called to the service of his country. His father and three sisters survive. He was a member of Chenoa lodge of Masons. The Chenoa Post of the American Legion is named for Ben Roth.

EARL T. SMITH

Earl T. Smith quit the position of sales manager for C. U. Williams & Sons in September, 1918, to enter the officers' training camp at Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky. He was there only six weeks when he was a victim of influenza, followed by pneumonia, from which he died Oct. 15. His sister was with him when he died. Earl Smith was born at Cooksville, and was a son of Robert T. Smith, for many years supervisor from Blue Mound, and chairman of the county board. He was 22 years of age. He came to Bloomington when a young man and held positions in the Illinois Trust and Savings Co. and the L. M. S. Motor Company before going to Williams. He left his wife and three sisters. His father had died the previous April.

WILLIAM AND MELVIN SAVAGE

Two young men who were born at Downs and spent their early lives there, were victims of the war, since both died in the service of their country. They were William and Melvin Savage, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Savage. They went into the service from Newton, Kansas, where the family lived at the time of the war. William was in the navy, and on December 5, 1918, he was accidentally drowned when he fell overboard from the training ship Cleo, stationed at Hampton Roads. William had been in the navy for about a year when the fatal accident happened. On the day of the accident, some sailors in wrestling on the ship's deck had loosened a railing, which later gave way when young Savage leaned against it, and he was thrown into the waters of the bay. Although search was continued for several days after he fell overboard, the body was never recovered. He had previously been stationed at Great Lakes, where he made a record for expert marksmanship with rifle. Two weeks prior to his death, he was sent to Newport News and put aboard one of the training ships. A brother, Thomas, went to Newport News to assist in the search, but returned without results. While the family at Newton, Kansas, was mourning the death of William, another son, Melvin, who went home from an army camp to offer comfort to his relatives, was taken sick and died from the influenza. Melvin had gone into the aviation corps some months before and was stationed at a camp at San Antonio, Texas, when he was called home by news of the death of his brother, William. The father of the brothers had died some years prior to the war; the mother and two brothers, John and Thomas, survive. William was about 23 years of age, and Melvin about 28. The family had relatives in Downs and Bloomington.

GEORGE R. SIMONS

George R. Simons, of Normal, gave up his life in the service, for he died of pneumonia in a hospital in France on October 9, 1918. According to information received by the parents, he entered the hospital at Brest on October 2, and in spite of all that could be done for him, the end came on the 9th. The body was buried in the American section of the cemetery at Lambexellec, and services were conducted by Chaplain Yates, with an escort of American soldiers in attendance and a Red Cross woman representing the family. The site of the grave overlooked the city of Brest and the sea beyond. George Simons was the son of Mr. and Mrs. George M. Simons of Normal. He was 20 years of age and had lived in Bloomington all his life. He worked at one time for the Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Company, and was with an electrical contracting firm just before he went into the service. His parents and one brother, Frank, survived. He was a member of the Baptist church.

JOHN E. SCHRECK

Gridley township contributed more than one of her sons to the honor roll of the soldiers who gave their life in their war. One of these was John E. Schreck, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schreck, who died of pneumonia at Camp Sheridan, in Alabama, on October 20, 1918. This young man left this county on May 31 of that year, going with a contingent of draft men to Camp Sheridan. He submitted to the drills and ordinary camp life for the months of the summer and fall. When the wave of influenza was at its height, he fell a victim to the disease, and then when pneumonia set in his vitality succumbed and he died. The body was brought back to Gridley, and the funeral services were held on October 27, when due military honors were paid to the young soldier. One of his comrades from the camp accompanied the body. The burial took place at the Waldo cemetery, north of Gridley. Young Schreck was about 31 years of age and had spent his life on a farm in Gridley township. His parents and one brother, Gottfried, were the surviving relatives.

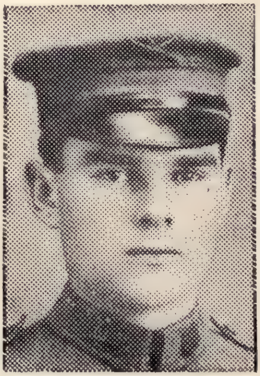
FRED SKINNER

Fred Skinner died in a hospital at Glasgow, Scotland, in October, 1918, where he was taken soon after he landed from the ship on which he embarked for service overseas. The news of his death came on November 10 to a brother, John E. Skinner, who lived on rural route No. 2 out of Normal. The word came from a comrade of Fred in the hospital before it was officially announced by the war department. Fred was one of the draft contingent which left here on June 25, 1918, and was taken into the 106th Engineers. Several of that contingent suffered fatal attacks of influenza and pneumonia after embarkation. The burial of Skinner took place in the cemetery attached to the Glasgow hospital.

EARL SPENCER

Earl Spencer, son of Herschel Spencer, former McLean county people, died from wounds received in action on September 25, 1918. He had entered the service just seven months prior to the date of his death, going from Stillwater, Oklahoma, where the family then lived. He had been an instructor in agriculture in the high school of his home town before he went into service. The young man left several relatives in Dawson township.

SERGT. JESSE G. SPENCE



Sergt. Jesse G. Spence, son of Mrs. Bertha Spence of 1201 West Seminary avenue, member of the U. S. Marine Corps, died on January 26, 1919, at Quantico, Va., following a brief illness with pneumonia. He was born October 31, 1893, at Fairbury. When three years of age the family moved to Cooksville, and a year later moved to this city. He resided on the west side until he was eighteen years of age. Shortly after he enlisted in the regular army. After one enlistment in the army he returned to his home here, and later enlisted in the marines. While in the marines he was made a corporal. For some time he was on special duty as a military policeman in the Island of Haiti, West Indies. After leaving that place he was made a first sergeant.

He returned to this country in January, 1919, from Europe to enter an officers' training school for a lieutenancy. He was taken ill Tuesday, January 21, and was sent to the hospital. Death came a few days later. His mother arrived at Quantico a few hours after her son's death. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial, and the funeral services were held on February 17. The services were held in Beck's chapel, with Rev. Edgar DeWitt Jones in charge. It was a double funeral, services being held at the same time for Herbert H. Holman, a sailor, who was killed in an accident in Queenstown, and whose body was brought home for burial. Miss Ethel Gulick sang at the funeral. Capt. Burr Crigler, Capt. Roy Dillon and Lieut. Swinehart were honorary pall bearers for Sergt. Spence. The interment was held at Park Hill cemetery, where 1,000 people assembled for the impressive service, with taps sounded by Bugler Claud Carlock and the last salute by a firing squad from Company M. These interments marked the formal dedication of the soldiers' lot in the Park Hill cemetery.

EDMUND W. SUTHERLAND

Edmund W. Sutherland, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Sutherland of Bloomington, was one of the victims of the influenza which swept over the country and carried off many young men in the army camps during the fall of 1918. Young Sutherland died at Camp Grant on the evening of October 7, from heart diesase. The father had been at the young man's bedside two days before death came.

Edmund had been at Camp Grant only five weeks, going to the camp with a contingent of draft men the first week in September. He left his home in fine spirits and the best of health. He entered the work of and discipline of the camp with a patriotic ardor born of his high sense of honor and his love of country. When the influenza struck him down, it did its fatal work quickly, and he was ill a comparatively short time.

Edmund W. Sutherland was born in Bloomington April 23, 1895. He obtained his early education in this city, attending the Jefferson school; the Wesleyan academy and law school. He then took a post-graduate course in the University of South Dakota, and after passing the state bar examination entered upon the practice of law with his father, under the firm name of Sutherland & Sutherland, with offices in the Peoples Bank building.

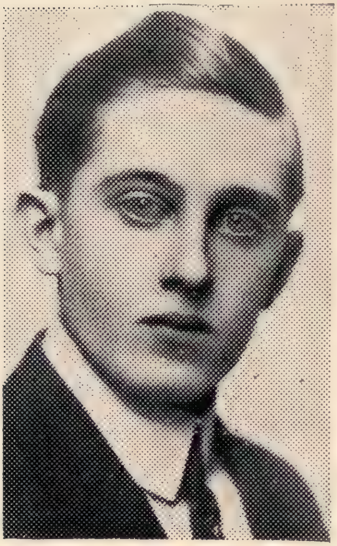
He was married December 8, 1917, to Miss Pearl Kneale, of Kempton, who survives. He leaves besides the mother and father, one brother, Harlow Sutherland, and two sisters, Mildred and Hazel, all at home; and an uncle, Allen Brown, of Normal. Since his marriage he had lived at 305 North Linden street, Normal.

He attended the Second Presbyterian church; was a member of the Delta Theta Law Fraternity of the University of South Dakota, and was also a member of the T. K. E. Fraternity of the Illinois Wesleyan University.

The body was brought to Bloomington, and the funeral was held on October 11, at the home of the parents, 406 East Monroe street, in charge of Dr. J. N. Elliott, assisted by Rev. Lloyd S. Ruland, who was then acting pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, of which Edmund was a member. Mrs. Hal M. Stone sang "In Flanders Field." Fine floral tributes were sent by the McLean County Bar Association, the Illinois Club, the fraternities of the Wesleyan Law School, and the Modern Woodmen, besides many individuals. Members of Company M acted as pallbearers, as follows: Lyle Northrup, Philip Wood, Homer English, George Harris, Bert Johnson, and Lyle Straight. A squad from Company M fired a salute over the grave in Bloomington cemetery, and "taps" was sounded by the company bugler.

A few weeks later, the McLean County Bar Association held memorial services in honor of Mr. Sutherland, and he was eulogized as one of the most promising younger members of the bar.

CLAYTON SHOLTY



Clayton Sholty, son of W. L. Sholty of 1208 East Grove street, died at Jefferson barracks on February 10, 1918. He caught cold from the unprotected condition of the sleeping quarters at the barracks, and fell a victim to pneumonia. In an effort to relieve him, physicians operated and removed a part of one rib. His mother was with him during his sickness, until she became exhausted, when she returned home and the father took her place at the bedside. He was there to the end. Young Sholty enlisted in Bloomington on December 6, 1917, and went at once to Jefferson barracks. He was born April 1, 1892. His parents and one sister, Bliss, survive. He was a member of the First Presbyterian church. The body was brought to Bloomington, and funeral services held on February 13. Services were held at the home of the parents, conducted by Rev. Fayette E. Vernon of the First Presbyterian church, of which deceased was a member. Rev. Mr. Vernon read two of the favorite hymns of the young man. The casket was banked with a profusion of flowers. The burial took place in Park Hill cemetery.

ARCHIE F. STEWART

Although Archie F. Stewart of this county died on September 26, 1918, no word of his death was received by relatives in this city or county until October 31, and the first intimation of his fate was by means of a postal card received by his uncle, Clark E. Stewart, written by Sergt. Grover O. Jenkins, whose home was in Decatur. This postal card was sent from Scotland, and stated that eleven members of the band of the 106th Engineers had died from influenza on the ship going across or in hospitals on the other side, and that two of the dead had been buried at sea. It was not until November 21 that official notification from the war department of Archie's death came to Bruce A. Stewart of Randolph, his father. In this official notification it was stated that death occurred on Sept. 26. The influenza was raging at its height at the time the 106th Engineers were at Camp Mills and during the time they made their voyage. Several of the members of that regiment from this county were among the victims of the disease either at the camp or on the voyage. Archie F. Stewart was 29 years of age, and was the son of B. A. Stewart, who lived nine miles south of Heyworth on a farm. Archie lived there with his father until he was called to the colors with the draft contingent which left this county on June 25. When he was in Camp Wheeler, being a fine clarinet player, he was selected as one of the musicians in the regimental band. He went to Camp Mills after Camp Wheeler, and the latter part of September set sail on the voyage which ended in his death at sea. His father survived, and also his brother, John, who was at Camp Taylor when Archie's death occurred. There were also Margaret, Clifford and Herbert at home. Memorial services in honor of Archie Stewart were held at the Presbyterian church at Heyworth on November 24, conducted by Rev. Mr. Elges, assisted by Rev. Evans and Rev. Keller of the other Heyworth churches. The brother, Sergt. John Stewart, from Camp Taylor, came home to attend the services. There was a large turn-out of friends of the dead soldier and his family.

WALTER C. SEEGER

It was a sad Christmas day in 1918 at the home of William C. F. Seeger of 601 West Grove street, Bloomington, for two days before they received word that their son, Walter C. Seeger, had died in France from wounds received in action. October 15 was given as the date of the battle, but Walter lingered for some time after he was wounded, death taking place on October 17, and the war department having sent out official word on December 23. Walter was with Company M, 326th Infantry, part of the 82d Division. He served eight months in France, six months of which he had been in or near the front. He was assigned as a battalion runner, and while serving in that capacity he was hit. His grave was numbered 125 in Section L, plat 3 at the American cemetery located at Les Islettes, department of the Meuse. Walter C. Seeger went out of Bloomington with the first draft contingent, Sept. 19, 1917. He first went to Camp Dodge, thence to Camp Gordon, where he was absorbed into the 326th infantry and 82nd division. During a furlough from Camp Dodge, on Dec. 27, 1917, he was married to Miss Fern Snedaker, the ceremony taking place in Peoria. His wife, his parents, two brothers, Carl and Fred, and one sister, Frieda, were the surviving relatives. Walter was a member of the Lutheran church, also of Wade Barney lodge of Masons, and of the order of Eagles. He was educated in the Lutheran school, learned the trade of a pressman, and at the time of his entry into the service was employed at the Pantagraph Printing and Stationery Company. Memorial services for him were held at the Trinity Lutheran church a few weeks after his death was officially reported.

SERGT. DAVID B. STEVENSON

Sergt. David B. Stevenson, a young colored soldier of Bloomington, was killed in action November 4, 1918, in France. His stepfather, Abe Stevenson, received word on Dec. 5 in a message from the war department. Dave Stevenson was a soldier of the 370th infantry and had been in France since March, 1918. He was well known in Bloomington, having lived here for many years. During the few years before the war he had resided in Chicago, where he enlisted in July, 1917. Stevenson was born in Cobden, Ill., Oct. 21, 1883. He was married at Houston, Texas in 1917. He left his mother and stepfather, Mr. and Mrs. Abe Stevenson, two sisters, Mrs. Lena Hunter and Mrs. Clara Griggsby and a brother, Clarence, all of Bloomington, a brother, Abe Stevenson in Ohio and a brother Roy with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

The post of American Legion composed of colored soldiers was named Lewis Stevenson post, in honor of David Stevenson and of Capt. Lewis, another man of the 370th who met death in France.

CHARLES F. SMITH

Mrs. Ira Ledbetter of Gridley received word on October 15, 1918, of the death of her nephew, Charles F. Smith, formerly of Gridley, who died in France from wounds received in action. The young man was 22 years of age. He had enlisted in February, 1918, and after the usual preliminary training in camps in this country was sent across in June. He soon got into the fighting, and received the wounds which resulted in his death.

WILLIAM STROH

William A. Stroh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stroh, residents of Anchor township, was one of the many victims of the wave of influenza in the fall of 1918. He was one of the 565 young men who left McLean county on the 25th of June, 1918. He went with the boys to Camp Wheeler, where he began his military training as a member of Company L of the 123rd infantry. The regiment remained at Camp Wheeler until the latter part of September, when it was transferred to Camp Mills, Long Island. His company was placed in the 31st division and was about ready to sail for France, when young Stroh was seized with influenza, which developed into pneumonia, and death followed on October 18. The body was sent to the home in Anchor township, and the funeral held on October 26. Full military honors were accorded. The Gibson City and the Anchor Home Guards turned out and furnished a firing squad for the last salute. The burial was at St. John's cemetery near Anchor. William Stroh was born on a farm near Anchor April 18, 1891, and lived all his life on a farm. In 1912 he started farming for himself, and continued until he left for service in the army.

CHRIS STREENZ

One of the victims of the influenza from this city was Chris Streenz, son of Fred Streenz, whose home was eight miles southeast of the city, on the Abe Livingston farm. He was stricken down with the disease Oct. 9, 1918, while located in a camp in Texas, and died on the 18th. He was born in this county on August 10, 1894, at Towanda. He grew up on the farm, and was called to the colors in June, 1918, and after a short period at Jefferson Barracks he was sent to Fort Sam Houston in Texas. The body was brought to Bloomington, and the funeral services were held at the funeral parlors of Ferd Flinspach on October 24. Rev. H. K. Krughoff of the Salem Methodist church had charge. The burial was at Park Hill cemetery, and the following acted as pallbearers: Fred Schwartz, Ray Heintz, Charles Thomas, Bert Howes, John Pockenvitz and Edward Streenz. The young man left his parents, four brothers and three sisters.

HARLEY B. SALZMAN

The first McLean county soldier to give up his life in France was Harley B. Salzman, who died of embolism in a military hospital at La Courtain on January 25, 1918. Young Salzman had lived at Carlock when growing into boyhood and young manhood, and had spent the whole of his life in McLean county up to two years before the war, when the family removed to North Dakota. In July, 1917, he enlisted in the Second North Dakota regiment, being at that time 19 years of age. The regiment was sent in August to Camp Greene, North Carolina, and was there broken up and Salzman was assigned to the 116th Sanitary train, 164 Ambulance corps of the 41st division. In September the unit was moved to Camp Mills, and some time in the following December embarked for Liverpool, where they landed on Christmas day. The stay was short in England, and the regiment landed at LeHavre, France, on New Year's day of 1918. The next move was to the French camp at La Courtain, where young Salzman was taken sick and died on the date mentioned. The body is buried in a military cemetery at that place.

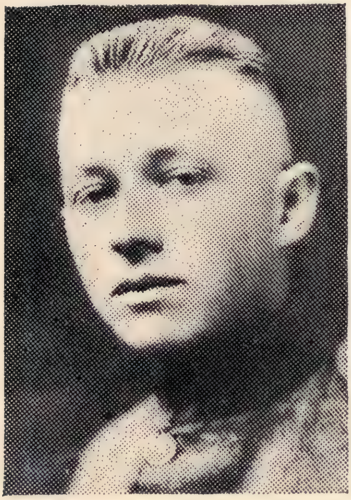
ELMER STEFFEN

Elmer Steffen, son of Albert Steffen of Cropsey, died on February 21, 1919, soon after he had received his discharge from the service and returned home to Cropsey. His death was caused by pneumonia. He went to a camp in the fall of 1918 and served there till the close of the war. He was 23 years of age.

LIEUT. CLARENCE W. SMITH

In the official casualty list of June 23, 1918, appeared the name of Clarence W. Smith, first lieutenant of Marines, who was killed in battle in France. This young man was a son of G. M. Smith, who at the time of the son's death was managing a garage on North Center street in Bloomington. He had formerly lived in Decatur, and there the young man was born and grew up. He graduated from the Decatur high school, won a scholarship at the University, and became a prominent student at that institution. He was soloist in the university glee club and manager of the Star lecture course. He received a strong recommendation from President James when he enlisted in the Marines, and this led to his winning a lieutenancy. He was acting captain when he entered his last battle. He had been in France since September, 1917, and died fighting along the valley of the Marne, where the Americans stopped the last German drive.

ALVA H. SMITH



Mr. and Mrs. S. I. Smith of Carlock received a message from the war department December 18, 1918, conveying the sad news of the death of their son, Alva Harold Simth, on October 29, in a military hospital at Liverpool, England.

Private Alva H. Smith was taken sick with influenza on the transport and was placed in the hospital for treatment. Two letters dictated by him on October 27 stated he was improving daily, so that death came rather unexpectedly.

Alva Harold Smith was born near Carlock, April 5, 1896, where he grew to manhood. He attended the Carlock grade school and later the Carlock community high school for three years. He entered the Urbana high school for fourth year's work, graduating from that institution June, 1916. In the spring of 1917 he took charge of the farm. A year later, knowing the he would be called to service, he disposed of his farming property. On May 29, 1918, he went out with a draft contingent to Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. His ability as a musician soon secured for him a position in the 150th infantry band, which position he held at the time of his death. His parents and one brother, Vernon, survive.

HERBERT SCHROEDER

Herbert Schroeder, formerly of this city, died at Johns Hopkins hospital in Baltimore in October, 1918, the result of pneumonia. He had gone to Baltimore to work in the ship yards when he was taken down with his fatal illness. Herbert was born in this city April 16, 1901. His parents died when he was young, and he made his home with his grandfather, Robert Maddux. He left one brother, Robert Schroeder, who was with the army in France, and two aunts, Mrs. M. L. Maddux of Bloomington and Mrs. Amelia Margraf in California, and an uncle, John Schroeder in Peoria. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial, and the funeral was held from the home of the aunt, Mrs. Maddux, on January 24. Rev. I. W. Longenbaugh of the Second United Brethren church was in charge of the services, and the burial was held in the Bloomington cemetery.

GEORGE STRAYER

George Strayer died while in the service of the government and doing his part to win the war, although not in the actual fighting forces. While working in the ship yards at Philadelphia he was a victim of pneumonia, and expired Oct. 12, 1918. He had been there since June, prior to which time he was in business with his brother Frank at the

Harlan cigar store in Bloomington. He was a tinsmith by trade, and in that capacity was employed at the ship yards. Mr. Strayer was born Nov. 9, 1889, and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Strayer. He grew up in Bloomington. He was married to Miss Etta Jones, daughter of Ward Jones of Towanda. The wife and one little son survived; also his mother, Mrs. Alice Strayer, and two brothers, Frank of this city and Charles D., of Chicago, and one sister, Mrs. Clarence Deetz. The body was brought back to Bloomington and the funeral and burial were held here.

LEO SHERBURN

Engineer C. Elmer Sherburn of the Alton road received word in October, 1918, that his son, Leo, had died in France from wounds received in action. His death was reported to have occurred on October 2. Leo Sherburn spent his earlier life in Bloomington, having worked in the Alton shops here and acted as substitute fireman in the city department at engine house No. 3. He was familiarly known as ''sport.'' He was 27 years of age, and a fine specimen of physical examination, having passed the third best examination in a barracks among 4,000 men. When the family left Bloomington for East St. Louis, Leo secured a position as engineer for the Missouri Pacific road, where he was working when he enlisted for the war. His parents and one sister survive.

CHARLES SCHAWADER

Mrs. Emma Rekker of 1004 South Livingston street, Bloomington, received word in November, 1918, that her son, Charles Schawader, had died from injuries received in an accident in France while in the military service. The family had resided in Bloomington only a short time, and the young man went out in a draft contingent in the spring of 1918. He was in France several months before his fatal accident.

FRANK M. THOENNES

The 106th Engineers of the 31st division set sail for the other side during the heighth of the influenza epidemic of the fall of 1918. Consequently several of its members fell victims to the disease, and one of these was Frank M. Thoennes, member of the regimental band of the 106th. Frank was a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Thoennes of South Allin street, Bloomington. He went out of this county with the June draft contingent, was trained at Camp Wheeler, and sailed for England in September. On arrival at Glasgow, Scotland, he and a number of other members of the regiment were taken to a hospital suffering with pneumonia, where on October 9 he died. The parents received a letter from the Red Cross telling of the funeral in which Frank was given military honors. An American chaplain read scripture. The burial was in the Craighton cemetery near the hospital. Frank Thoennes was born at Lafayette, Ind., September 17, 1891, but lived most of his life in Bloomington. After attaining young manhood he was employed as clerk in the Bloomington postoffice. He was a player of French horn in the Bloomington band, and was noted for his musical talent. He was a member of the Knights of Columbus, of the St. Aloysius society of St. Mary's church, of the St. Elmo club and the Catholic Order of Foresters. He was a member of Post L, T. P. A., and his was one of the two gold stars in the honor roll of the post. He left his parents and the following brothers and sisters: John of Kansas City; Otto M., who served in a naval band in the war; Louis, Paul, Claire and Irene, at home; Mrs. Tony Ulbrich and Mrs. John Kelly of Bloomington; Lela, in Washington, and Joseph Thoennes of Bloomington. On November 18 there was held at St. Mary's church in Bloomington a memorial service for Musician Thoennes, at which a large concourse of friends assembled. The occasion was one of great solemnity. An improvised bier draped with the American flag was shown, and the service flag with its star of gold shown from the midst of a wreath of autumn leaves was another impressive feature. Father Julius had charge of the mass, and spoke in fitting terms of the life which had been given for the nation.

VAN TODD

It was ten months after his death that the parents of Van Todd of Danvers first learned of his death. After the battle of Sept. 27, 1918, in which the American forces were driving the Germans back thru the Argonne toward the Meuse, Todd was reported missing. No further word was reported concerning him until July, 1919, when the war department gave out his name among those killed in action. It is presumed that he met his death on the date that he was reported missing. He was the son of Price Todd of Danvers. He left this county in April, 1918, going with a contingent to Camp Dodge. He went to France the same summer, arriving there July 4 as a soldier of the 358th infantry. His regiment got into action within a few weeks afterward and followed the fortunes of Gen. Pershing's command thru the Argonne. Van left besides his parents, one brother, Cecil, and one sister, Edith, of Danvers.

ALVA ROY ULMER

One of the young men from Anchor township who gave up his life in the world war was Alva Roy Ulmer, who died on October 21, 1918, at Camp Mills, where he had been sent preparatory to making the journey across to take his part with the actual fighting forces of America. Young Ulmer was a son of George Ulmer, who farmed in Anchor township. He went out of here with the draft contingent of June 25, and went to Camp Wheeler, where he received the preliminary training. He was sent to Camp Mills in September. About the middle of October the family were notified of the serious illness of the young man, and a brother, George, and a brother-in-law, George Huffman, went to the camp to be with him. Some time after his death a sister, Miss Vera Ulmer, received a letter from Miss Elsa Killers, the nurse who attended him, in which she enclosed a letter written by Alva to his sister, which the nurse found under his pillow after he was dead. The nurse wrote that his death was painless. Alva Roy Ulmer was born January 11, 1891, on the father's farm near Arrowsmith. Later the family moved to Anchor township. He was brought up in the local schools and received pastoral instruction. He left his parents, seven sisters and two brothers. The body was brought to Colfax for burial, and a funeral was held with military honors, the Anchor Home Guards forming an escort of honor.

REMI VEREECKE

Remi Vereecke, a young soldier who had been in the service only a few weeks, fell a victim to the influenza at Camp Sevier, S. C., on October 25, 1918. He had gone from Davenport on Oct. 5 with a company of limited service men. The day before he left he was married to Mrs. Ella Morris, who came to Bloomington to make her home with Mrs. Fannie Hinshaw, sister of the soldier. Young Vereecke was a native of Belgium. The body was brought to Bloomington for burial and the funeral held from Mrs. Hinshaw's home, with the burial in the Bloomington cemetery.

GEORGE GRAY WHEELOCK

One of the boys from McLean who died in the service was George Gray Wheelock, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarendon Wheelock, who expired from influenza on Sept. 30, 1918, at Camp Grant. He had been ill a week, and his brother Charles was with him at death. Young Gray was born at McLean Jan. 5, 1892. He graduated from the high school of his native town in 1911. On Sept. 3, 1918, he went to Camp Grant with a draft contingent, and was assigned to Co. B, Fifth Limited Service. It is an interesting coincidence that just 57 years before, to the very day, Gray's father left home to enter military service during the Civil war. Both father and son were in their 27th year at the time of entering the service.

Gray was survived by his mother, two sisters, Mrs. Frank Kinsey and Miss Carrie Wheelock, and one brother, Mr. Charles Wheelock; also three nephews, Harold, Clarendon and Whitney Kinsey.

Accompanied by Private Rhinehart J. Swanson from Camp Grant, the body was taken to McLean, where the funeral was held. The house and yard were filled with friends. The service was in charge of Rev. Thrall, and burial in McLean cemetery.

MAURICE WAKEFIELD

While pursuing his studies as a member of the Student Army Training Corps at the Iowa Agricultural college at Ames, Maurice Wakefield of Heyworth fell a victim of influenza and died on October 12, 1918. He was a son of Dr. F. L. Wakefield, one of the prominent physicians of the county living at Heyworth. The young man was a little less than 21 years of age, his majority birthday falling in December, 1918. He was educated in the Heyworth schools and for a time attended Lake Forest. He was in his second year at the college at Ames when he was stricken down. He left his father, his step-mother and two sisters, Mrs. Harvey Mostoller of Saybrook and Marie Wakefield at home. The body was brought to Heyworth and funeral services held at the Presbyterian church, with burial in the Heyworth cemetery.

RUDOLPH D. WATT

Rudolph D. Watt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Watt of Leroy, died in France three months after the war had officially closed. His death occurred on January 19, 1919, but his people did not hear of it until about the first of February. Pulmonary tuberculosis was given as the cause. A Red Cross message to his relatives sent from base hospital No. 52 in France on December 27, 1918, told of his serious sickness. The last letter his people received from him was dated December 8. Young Watt was a member of Company B, 338th infantry, 84th division, and had been in France from September 12, 1918. He was born at Leroy September 13, 1890, and grew up there. He left high school before time of his graduation, and learned the trade of a barber. He worked at Heyworth, Minonk, and then went to Indianapolis, where he was married January 23, 1917, to Thelma Corbin of Rutland. He left his parents, his wife, and four sisters and three brothers. One brother Rupert, was in Siberia during the war with the 27th infantry. Young Watts was an attendant at the Presbyterian church when he was a young man in Leroy, and once received a diamond pin for faithful attendance.

CLARENCE WEAKLEY

After going to France and performing his full duty as a soldier, it fell to the fate of Clarence Weakley of Lexington to die on home shores after he had landed enroute home. His death occurred on January 19, 1919, in debarkation hospital No. 3 at Hoboken, New Jersey. The news of his death came as a great shock to his father, Thomas J. Weakley at Lexington for when had last heard from his son the soldier boy was in France and well and hearty. It seems that he was taken sick on the return voyage, influenza going into double pneumonia, resulting in death after he was taken to the debarkation hospital. The body was brought home to Lexington, where military funeral services were held on January 23 at the U. B. church. The burial was at Lexington cemtery. Clarence Weakley was born at Lexington in 1893. He lived on his father's farm all his life until he was called to the colors,

leaving Bloomington with the draft contingent of June 25, 1918, to Camp Wheeler. After his training, he went overseas in October. He was with Company C, 49th infantry. Young Weakley was a member of the U. B. church and of the Modern Woodmen.

LOUIS WEILER

Louis Weiler of Bloomington died at Norfolk, Va., on December 15, 1918, but his relatives here did not hear of his death until May, 1919. Not hearing from him for many months, they instituted a search, and learned of his death from pneumonia. He left Bloomington in October to enter the merchant marine, and was stationed at Norfolk when he was taken sick. He was born in Bloomington January 15, 1899, and on attaining young manhood entered the Alton boiler shops. Afterward he worked on Frank Bane's farm near Saybrook. Young Weiler was a member of St. Patrick's church and of the Modern Woodmen. He left the following brothers and sisters: Charles, Robert, Marguerite and Mrs. Frances Hougham of Bloomington.

EDWIN WENDELL

A young man who formerly lived on a farm west of Bloomington and grew to young manhood there, was one of the soldiers who lost his life in the glorious action of the American Marine Corps at the Marne river in France in June, 1918. He was Edwin Wendell, whose family lived on a farm on West Market street road until their removal to Bruelle, Mo., some ten years ago. The young man was working in Peoria when the war came on, and he enlisted in the Marine Corps. He was in the marine brigade of the First Division which took part in the battle at Chateau Thierry on June 7, 1918, when he was hit and fatally wounded. He died shortly afterward and was buried on the field near where he fell. Young Wendell was 23 years of age. In April, 1919, the teacher and pupils of Little Brick school, west of the city, held a ceremony in the planting of a tree in the school grounds in memory of the young soldier from that neighborhood who gave his life for his country.

GUS WILLIAMS

Gus Williams, a soldier of the 370th infantry, colored regiment, was killed in action during the period between Sept. 26 and Oct. 2, according to word received by his father, Moses Williams of Bloomington on January 21. Young Williams before entering the service, was a cook at the Illinois hotel, where he was employed for seven years. He left Bloomington in June, 1917, and was a member of the old Eighth Illinois infantry. He was stationed for several months at Houston, Texas, and was sent overseas in April, 1918. Relatives here last heard from him in a letter written July 20, 1918.

Young Williams was 26 years old. He was born in Jacksonville, Ill., and came to Bloomington with his parents in 1900. Besides his father, he left four brothers: Jean, Harold, Howard and Melvin, and two sisters, Corrine Williams and Mrs. Ruth Sharp. He also left his grandmother, Mrs. Malinda Smith.

A memorial service for Gus Williams was held at Mt. Pisgah Baptist church, when resolutions were adopted.

JOHN R. WILSON

John R. Wilson, who left the county in the draft contingent of April 3, 1918, for Fort Wright, died on April 29, according to word received by his parents, S. A. Wilson and wife of Danvers. He was the first Danvers boy to give up his life in the service. After reaching camp he wrote his parents that he had mumps, and the next letter said he was better. On April 28 the family got word that he was seriously ill. John R. Wilson was born August 8, 1890, and lived all his life in Danvers. He worked for several years in a livery stable and thus had a wide acquaintance. His parents survived, with four sisters: Mrs. Belle Stahley of Leroy, Mrs. Elmer Otto and Mrs. Bessie Curry of Danvers and Mrs. Blanche McMullen of Arkansas. The body was brought to Danvers, and the funeral was held Sunday, May 5. Corporal Frank Wessell accompanied the body from Fort Wright. Services were held at the Presbyterian church, and fully 1,000 people attended. Rev. G. A. Wilson and Rev. L. C. Voss had charge of the service. The Order of Eagles attended from Bloomington. Interment was in Park Lawn cemetery near Danvers. Pall bearers were Vard Mussellman, Harry Strubhar, Alvin Hess, Lyle Sebastian, Christian Burmaster, and Wallace Musselman.

HARRISON W. WHITE

The first soldier who died after his return home, from the indirect effect of ailments contracted in the service, was Harrison W. White, who expired on January 14, 1919, at the home of his brother, Alonzo White 1404 West Locust street, in Bloomington. Death was due to heart disease, which he first developed while in the service. He was a member of the 3rd company, 164th depot brigade at Camp Funston. While there he was discharged for physical disability, and arrived home in August. He continued to grow worse until his death. Young White was formerly a fireman on the Alton road. He was 29 years old and was born at Sullivan, Ill. His father, S. W. White, six brothers and one sister survived. The body was taken to Congerville for burial.

JOHN T. WAKEFIELD

While serving as chief electrician on the U. S. S. Maine, John T. Wakefield of Heyworth was taken sick with pneumonia and died on his ship on the Atlantic ocean when the vessel was near Portsmouth, Va. His death occurred on October 2, 1918. The body was brought ashore and prepared for shipment to his relatives at Heyworth. It arrived in due time and funeral services were held on October 9 in the Heyworth Presbyterian church, with burial in the Heyworth cemetery. The young sailor was the son of J. C. Wakefield of Heyworth, and he was born at that place Feb. 8, 1897. At the age of 10 he united with the Presbyterian church. He attended the town schools and then Brown's business college. Then he decided to make a specialty of electricity and attended an electrical school in Milwaukee in 1914-15. On Sept. 1, 1915, he went to Chicago and enlisted as recruit in the navy and was first assigned to the naval yards at Brooklyn. Later he was put on board the U. S. S.

Maine in charge of the electrical work of the ship. He showed a great proficiency in his work. The young man's father died ten years before the war. He left his mother, one brother, Dr. W. B. Wakefield, and one sister, Mrs. Roy Potts of Pana.

HOWARD WILEY.

Howard Wiley, son of Gilbert Wiley of Bloomington, died at the Great Lakes naval training station on October 8, 1918, from pneumonia following an attack of influenza. He had enlisted in the naval service in the summer and had been at the Great Lakes only a few weeks when he was taken sick. His parents were at the hospital when he died. Young Wiley was 22 years old. His father had long been connected with the Bell telephone system, first in the Bloomington office and then as manager of the Danvers exchange. The parents and one sister, Eunice, survived. The body of young Wiley was brought to Bloomington, and accorded full military honors at the funeral. Services were held at the Danvers Presbyterian church, and the Masons had their ritual. Burial was in Park Lawn cemetery.

FRED P. WAMPLER

Private Fred P. Wampler died on March 30, 1918, at Fort Riley, Kansas, of pneumonia. His body was brought to Arrowsmith, former home of the family, and buried there. His father and Lieut. George W. Barr accompanied the body from Camp Funston for the funeral. The service was held from the home of John Bunn, conducted by Rev. Carlberg. Full military honors were given, the Saybrook Home guards being an escort of honor. The young soldier was a son of H. M. Wampler, who removed to Oklahoma some years before the war. Fred was employed in Des Moines when his call to service came, and he was sent to Camp Funston. When he was taken sick, he was sent to hospital at Fort Riley. He was 25 years of age.

WARREN K. WEBBER

Warren K. Webber died at a hospital in Washington on Oct. 15, 1918, after a brief illness with pneumonia following influenza. He had been in Washington for some months employed in the filing department of the adjutant general's office. He enlisted for military service on Sept. 13 of that year, but had not been called to the colors nor supplied with uniform. Warren K. Webber was born at Arrowsmith on May 21, 1891. He grew up at that place and entered business as manager of the Arrowsmith Concrete Tool company, which business he continued until he entered the government employ in February, 1918. He left his mother, Mrs. Nettie Webber, and one sister and three brothers. The body was brought to Arrowsmith, where funeral services were held at his home on October 20 in charge of Rev. A. W. Carlberg. The interment took place at the Frankeberger cemetery near Ellsworth.

CHARLES T. WITT

Charles Theodore Witt was one of the three sons of H. S. Witt of Arrowsmith who were in the service in the war, and the only one who gave up his life. He went out in the big draft contingent of June, 1918, and after a course of training at Camp Wheeler, he was sent to Camp Mills. He had reached the grade of corporal in Company I of the 123rd infantry. While at Camp Mills waiting to go overseas, he was stricken with influenza, and after about ten days' illness he died on Oct. 10. Charles T. Witt was born at Lost Creek, Tenn., on Feb. 14, 1896. The family moved to Arrowsmith several years before the war. He was one of ten children. One brother, Artee, was in France, and another brother, Dewey Witt, was in the Panama canal zone in the war. The other children lived at home with their parents. The body was brought back to Arrowsmith, and there on October 16 the funeral service was held from the Christian church, conducted by Rev. A. R. Carlburg. The interment took place in the Stipp cemetery.

SERGT. EDWIN D. WALTMAN

Word reached relatives on Sept. 19, 1918, of the death of Sergt. Edwin D. Waltman, formerly of McLean, he having been killed in action on July 19. He was in Co. C, Second Engineers, part of the First division which took part in the battles of the Marne in June and July of that year and definitely put an end to the last of the great German offensives. The young man was born in Mt. Hope township on July 2, 1898. The family moved to Colorado in 1908. Edwin enlisted in the army in 1913, and served two years in the Philippines. After returning, he served with the regulars on the Mexican border, and in September, 1917, his regiment went to France. He left surviving his parents and two sisters living in Colorado. He had many acquaintances in McLean and vicinity.

In a letter written to the mother of the soldier, Mrs. Lyman Waltman, Lieut. George Knight of Company C describes the manner of Sergt. Waltman's death, as follows: ''He met his death on July 19, while we were holding the line in an open wheat field about one kilometer west of Vierzy and six kilometers south of Soissons, and his body is buried at this point. His death, which was practically instantaneous, was caused by a shell fragment at about 2 p. m. on the 19th. He was then acting as platoon sergeant of my platoon.''

THE BIVOUAC OF THE DEAD

''The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
   The soldier's last tattoo;
No more on life's parade shall meet
   That brave and fallen few.
On Fame's eternal camping ground
   Their silent tents are spread
And Glory guards with solemn round,
   The bivouac of the dead.''

LEO VINCENT

Exposures and dangerous injuries while in service at the front were the cause of the death of Leo Vincent, altho his demise did not take place until April 12, 1920. He died on that date in Rhinebeck hospital in New York City, the indirect effect of having been gassed while serving with an ambulance company of the U. S. Marine corps in France. Leo was the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Vincent of 703 East Oakland avenue. Prior to the war he had studied with Rev. William Baker of St. Matthews Episcopal church with the intention of becoming a priest of that church. After his return from service he went to New York City to resume his studies. He had never fully recovered from the effects of the poison gas, and was finally taken down with tuberculosis of the spine from which he never recovered. His parents were with him when he died. Leo was 22 years of age. He left his parents and one brother, Herschel, living at Minier. The body was brought to Bloomington and the funeral services held here.

JOHN M. REDD

John M. Redd, one of the young colored men who went out of Bloomington with the old Eight Illinois and was later taken into Co. K of the famous fighting 370th Infantry, was mortally wounded by shrapnel in action. He was left in a base hospital at Brest when his comrades of the 370th returned home, and later died of his wounds. The young wife of Private Redd died in Bloomington a few months afterward, her death possibly hastened by grief for her soldier husband.

THE WHITE CROSS BY SIDE OF THE MARNE

This is a picture of the cross over the grave of Edward Dwyer of Cooksville, who fell in battle as a private in Company A, 58th infantry, in one of the battles of August, 1918. It is typical of thousands of others marking the graves of American dead in France.

Scarce need that we their names enshrine
In fadeless bronze, on deathless stone,
For their proud record still will shine
When all our sires and sons are gone.

DRAFT BOARDS SENT 2000 MEN TO SERVICE

The war had been in theoretical progress only for a few months, when the congress of the United States saw that some kind of a general military service law would become a necessity to summon the man power of the country to the call of duty. Not that the men of military age in the United States were lax in their sense of duty, but that it would be needful to supplant the volunteer service with a system of which would be uniform from one end of the country to another, and which make no discriminations among the men who were liable to this necessary duty. Accordingly the so-called draft law was passed by the congress in May, 1917, and the date of June 5, 1917, was set for the time when all the men of the nation between the ages of 21 and 31 should register in their respective homes as subject to military call. On the date mentioned, there were 5,800 young men registered in the various precincts of McLean county. The registration went off without a hitch. Men were stationed in the polling booth of each voting precinct of the county on that day, and the young men of the respective precincts came to the place and entered their names, ages, and various other facts sought by in the question blanks sent out by the war department. It is interesting to note the number of men registered at this time, and the facts which they made known to the board, all of which are revealed in the table of the registration compiled two days after the registration closed.

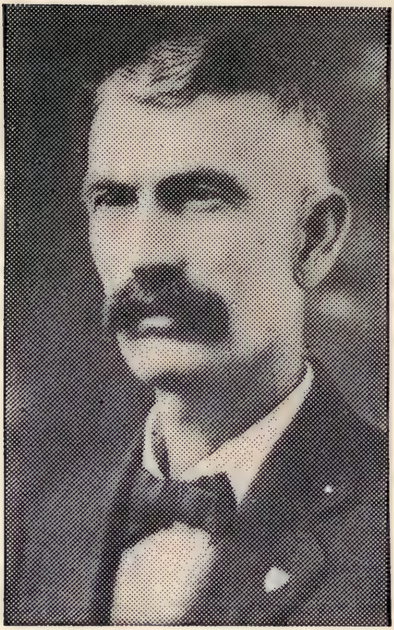
	Exemption Claimed	No Exemption	Total
Bloomington No. 1	51	23	74
Bloomington No. 2	19	36	55
Bloomington No. 3	55	44	99
Bloomington No. 4	61	33	94
Bloomington No. 5	72	36	108
Bloomington No. 6	62	43	107
Bloomington No. 7	65	28	93
Bloomington No. 8	53	32	87
Bloomington No. 9	37	25	62
Bloomington No. 10	15	24	39
Bloomington No. 11	30	41	71
Bloomington No. 12	44	53	97
Bloomington No. 13	43	32	75
Bloomington No. 14	63	19	82
Bloomington No. 15	43	21	64
Bloomington No. 16	57	22	79
Bloomington No. 17	25	40	65
Bloomington No. 18	34	36	70
Bloomington No. 19	33	18	51
Bloomington No. 20	35	36	71
Bloomington No. 21	38	37	75
Bloomington No. 22	47	34	80
Bloomington No. 23	26	44	70
Bloomington No. 24	52	47	99
Bloomington No. 25	24	25	49
Bloomington No. 26	42	23	65
Bloomington No. 27	49	27	76
Bloomington No. 28	51	33	84
Bloomington No. 29	53	24	77
Bloomington No. 30	31	26	57
Total city	1312	964	2276

Mt. Hope No. 1	71	33	104
Mt. Hope No. 2	8	5	13
Allin	20	77	97
Danvers	49	56	105
Funk's Grove	50	37	87
Dale	46	35	81
Dry Grove	36	33	69
White Oak	37	20	57
Randolph No. 1	47	47	94
Randolph No. 2	12	28	40
Bloomington township No. 1	48	35	83
Bloomington township No. 2	24	26	50
Hudson	53	32	85
Normal No. 1	23	83	106
Normal No. 2	56	31	87
Normal No. 3	46	33	79
Normal No. 4	34	11	45
Downs No. 1	41	18	59
Downs No. 2	9	29	38
Old Town	52	25	77
Towanda No. 1	39	14	53
Towanda No. 2	24	8	32
Money Creek	..	..	60
Gridley	58	107	165
Empire No. 1	28	22	50
Empire No. 2	36	39	75
Empire No. 3	27	30	56
Dawson No. 1	42	20	63
Dawson No. 2	24	20	44
Blue Mound No. 1	38	19	57
Blue Mound No. 2	26	5	31
Lexington No. 1	16	30	46
Lexington No. 2	26	45	71
Lexington No. 3	21	25	46
Chenoa No. 1	24	24	48
Chenoa No. 2	35	44	79
Chenoa No. 3	47	19	81
West	58	41	88
Arrowsmith	51	37	95
Martin No. 1	36	22	73
Martin No. 2	35	20	56
Lawndale	48	36	71
Yates	47	34	82
Bellflower No. 1	9	55	102
Bellflower No. 2	51	8	17
Cheney's Grove No. 1	37	31	82
Cheney's Grove No. 2	49	18	55
Anchor	12	33	82
Cropsey	11	26	37
Total townships	1717	1506	3303
Grand total	3029	2470	5579

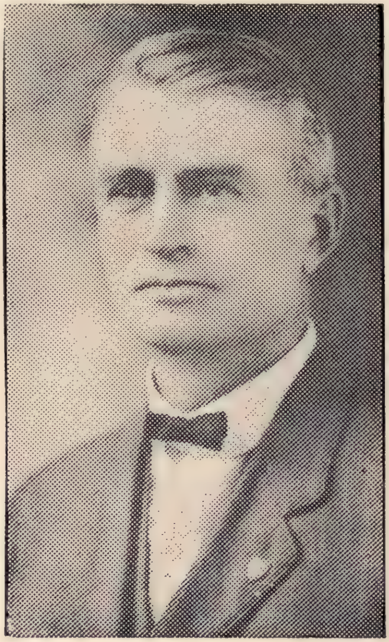
The above table is only for white men. In the lists of colored men there was for the whole county one card of officer, 50 with dependent relatives, 2 occupational exemptions, a total of 53 claiming exemptions. There were 69 claiming no exemptions, a grand total of 122 colored men registered.

Of the total of 3,029 who claimed exemption in the county, there were 6 who were public officers, 99 totally disabled, 2750 who had de-

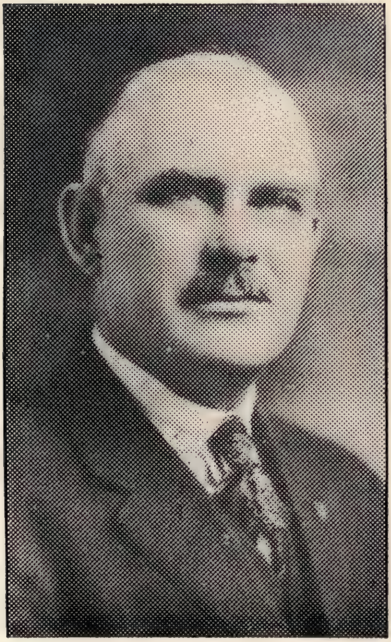
McLEAN COUNTY EXEMPTION BOARD



Isaac Murphy, No. 1



Chester R. Ewins, No. 1



Dr. B. F. Elfrink, No. 1

Mrs. E. A. Mott, Clerk No. 1

pendent relatives, and 175 occupational exemptions. There were 89 alien listed, and 25 alien enemies.

The next step in the process of securing men for the army under the operation of the draft law was to appoint a board in each county or district whose duty it should be to call all the registered young men before them for physical examination as to their fitness, and learn if there were any reasons why they should be exempted from military service when called. This board of exemption, so-called, was named by the adjutant general's office of the state of Illinois. McLean county was divided into two districts, one including the city of Bloomington together with Allin and Dale townships; the other district to include all of the county court; chairman of city board No. 2, Judge aSin Welty, including most of the country precincts was known as No. 1 and the city district No. 2. The personnel of the two boards appointed for these respective districts was as follows:

Exemption Board No. 1—Chairman, C. R. Ewins, of Danvers; clerk, Dr. B. F. Elfrink, of Chenoa; Isaac Murphy, of Leroy; chief clerk, Reube B. Prothero; assistant clerk, Mrs. Edward A. Mott; soldier member; John Farley; stenographer, Miss Dorothy Mason.

Exemption Board No. 2—Chairman, Judge Colostin D. Myers, Bloomington; secretary, H. M. Murray, Bloomington; medical examiner, Dr. E. Mammen; chief clerk, Ralph Freese; assistant clerk, Miss Loretta Grady; soldier member, Thomas J. Shanahan.

Local Advisory Board—Chairman of board No. 1, Judge J. C. Riley, of the country court; chairman of city board No. 2, Judge Sain Welty, of the circuit court.

Medical Advisory Board—Medical advisory board: Dr. B. F. Elfrink, of Chenoa; Dr. E. Mammen, of Bloomington; clerk, Walter P. Prenzler.

Instruction Board—Board of instruction: Capt. C. B. Hamilton, chairman.

These exemption boards were assigned rooms in the court house, and with their assistants were busy every week day during the war, and many times at night. It was their duty to keep on their waiting list a number of young men who had been examined and passed as subject to call, so that every time a call was issued from the adjutant general for a certain quota of men from either of these districts, the men would be ready and called at the designated date.

Scenes around the rooms occupied by the exemption boards during the war were among the most touching connected with the military history of the county. Every day lines of young men would be standing or sitting while waiting for the time of examination. Many of these were accompanied to the court house by their parents, and in some cases by their sweethearts or sisters. Parents would naturally be affected by the meaning of the process through which their sons were passing, and tears were shed by hundreds of the mothers and sometimes by the fathers as they watched their sons go through the examination.

By the time the boards were discharged, they had examined literally thousands of young men and passed upon their liability to military service. At the close of the work of the boards, after the end of the war, the following summary of their work was issued:

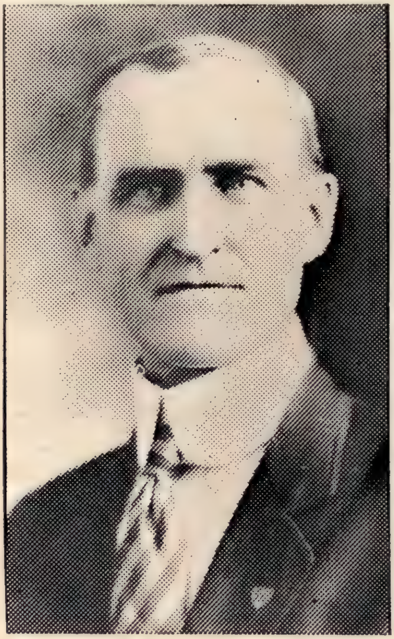
The local boards inducted and sent to camp a total of 1949 men. Of this number 1000 were from the country board of exemption board No. 1. Nine hundred and forty-nine men were inducted and sent to camp from city board No. 2.

Board No. 1—The following are the figures from board No. 1:

Total registration, June 5, 1917	3076
Total registration, June 5, 1918	259
Total registration, Aug. 24, 1918	57
Total registration, Sept. 12, 1918	4311
Total registration	7703

McLEAN COUNTY EXEMPTION BOARD

Dr. E. Mammen, No. 2



H. M. Murray, No. 2

Reuben Prothero, Clerk Board 1

Ralph Freese, Clerk No. 2

Of which 7675 were white and 28 colored.

Class 2 in all registrations	148
Class 1 in all registrations	2141
Class 3 in all registrations	104
Class 4 in all registrations	2598
Class 5 in all registrations	91
Non-combatants	91

2347 claims were sent to the district board, most of which were agricultural claims.

1598 were physically examined, 291 of which were disqualified for general service on account of their physical conditions.

133 were held for limited service only.

1000 were inducted into the service 938 of which were sent to camps in various places over the entire United States.

62 were sent to various colleges in the students army training corps division.

About 100 registrants voluntarily enlisted. Of course, there was a large number who voluntarily enlisted before they registered. The local board has no record of them.

City Board No. 2—The following figures give some idea of the vast amount of work accomplished by city board No. 1, which had jurisdiction of all of the city of Bloomington, and Normal and Allin and Dale townships: The total number inducted and sent to camp was 949, and the total number of registrations was 7,876.

Sent to Camp—Class of June, 1917: White, 704; colored, 28; total, 832.

Class of June, 1918: White, 34; colored, 4; total, 38.

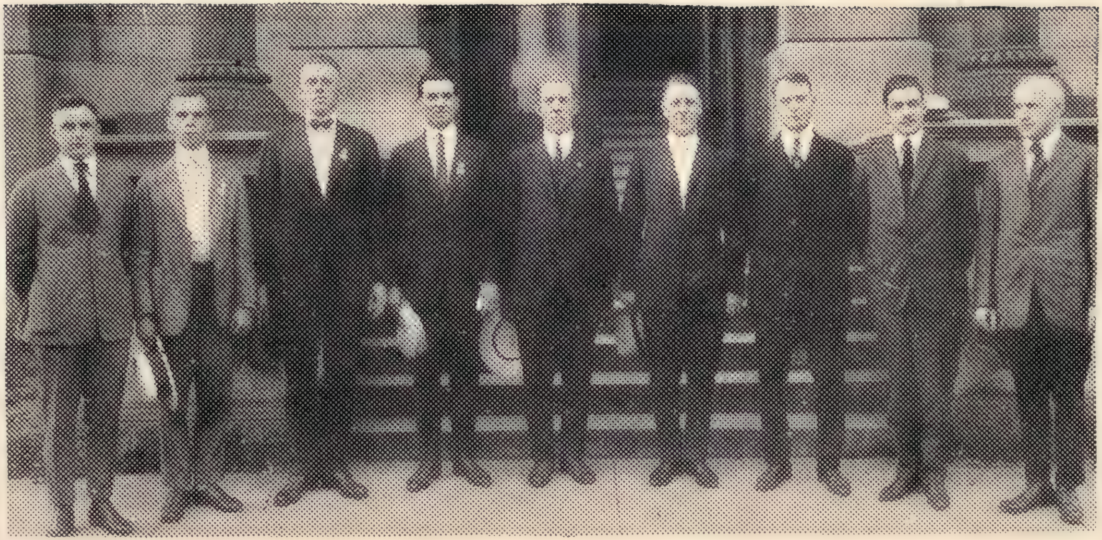
19 to 36 registrants: White, 53.

18-year-old registrants: White, 26.

Total inducted and sent to camp, 940.

The local boards were composed of men who were prominent in the business and professional life of the city and county. C. R. Ewins, of Danvers, chairman of board No. 1, was a member of the board of supervisors and is a prominent farmer and stockman, who has had much experience in business affairs. Dr. Elfrink, of Chenoa, clerk and medical examiner of this board and member of the medical advisory board, is one of the leading physicians of the county. Isaac Murphy, of West township, another member, is a farmer and stockman. He was one of the efficient workers of the board. Mr. Prothero, the chief clerk, was employed at the McLean county bank, and is most competent. Mrs. Edward A. Mott, Miss Dorothy Mason and Mr. Farley, employed with board No. 1 were all efficient in this line of work and all rendered valued service.

Board No. 2—C. D. Myers, chairman of board No. 2, was for many years judge of the circuit court. He was one of the most eminent jurists in central Illinois. Secretary H. M. Murray is a local attorney. He was a tireless worker and was on the job incessantly since the organization of the board. Dr. Mammen, one of Bloomington's leading physicians, was examiner of this board and also a member of the legal advisory board. Mr. Freese, the chief clerk is a young Bloomington business man. He has had much experience in clerical work of varied character and he rendered valued service. Miss Grady, assistant clerk of the board, is to be classed among the valued attaches of the board. She has been a capable and tireless worker. Mr. Shanahan, the soldier member, was another efficient worker. The personnel of both boards was all that could be desired and McLean county was to be complimented for their efficiency, their painstaking efforts, their courteous treatment and their patience.



BLOOMINGTON'S FIRST DRAFT CONTINGENT*

From left to right the men in this group are: Thomas Freed, Lloyd E. Orendorff, Edwin I. Lundborg, Frank G. Daniels, Frank Munther, Orville Swanson, Ben S. Rhodes, Verne G. Staten, James J. Butler. They were sent to Camp Dodge September 6, 1917, by Board No. 2. On the previous day, Board No. 1 had sent to Camp Dodge its first contingent, composed of: William P. Dunbar, William H. Paddock, and Ray Kettering of Normal; John Jensen of Bellflower, Fred S. Klein of Gridley, Fred C. Schroeder of Chenoa, Charles Skeen of Arrowsmith, George E. Emery of Normal, T. D. Brammer of Heyworth, Gwyn F. Haig of Leroy, Ralph W. Burtis of Hudson, Cecil Hudson of Saybrook.

Capt. C. B. Hamilton, chairman of the board of instruction, gave valued instruction in drills, and in army tactics to young soldiers about to entrain for the camps. This department of work was created well along toward the finish of the war, but at any rate it was productive of excellent results.

Personnel of 11th district medical advisory board internists: Drs. C. E. Chapin, W. E. Neiberger and L. B. Cavins, Bloomington; Frank C. Bowden, Pontiac; W. H. Miner, Farmer City; E. E. Sargent, Leroy.

Tuberculosis—Dr. O. M. Rhodes, Bloomington.

Surgeons—Drs. W. E. Guthrie, E. P. Sloan, E. B. Hart, G. B. Kelso of Bloomington; Dr. F. C. McCormick, Normal, and Dr. John D. Scouller, Pontiac.

Eye, ear, nose and throat—Drs. R. D. Fox, F. H. Godfrey and J. W. Smith, Bloomington.

Dentists—Drs. W. H. Land, S. B. Powers of Bloomington.

Legal advisory board—James C. Riley, E. E. Donnelly, R. L. Fleming, Sain Welty, Joseph W. Fifer, Louis FitzHenry, all of Bloomington.

The send-off of the drafted contingents differed from time to time according to circumstances, but there were points of similarity in all these occasions. There was the assembly at the court house of the men called for entrainment; then a dinner or supper served free to the departing soldiers by the citizens of Bloomington; then some speeches, and finally the march to the train and the good-byes at the station. A paragraph from a newspaper description of one of these farewells, will serve to tell the salient points about all of them:

''The spacious dining parlors of the Hills hotel were filled with soldier boys and members of their immediate families and as Judge Myers, Mayor Jones, and Ex-Governor Fifer voiced stirring sentiments and fond farewells on the part of the people of this community,—tears glistened on many an eye-lash. There was no effort, however, to say one word that had a tendency to discourage or sadden the hearts of any—in fact sentiments of cheer and good will were voiced by the several speakers and the enthusiasm and patriotic spirit manifested was largely responsible for the hundreds of moist eyes in the assembly.''

Here are one or two characteristic sentences from one of the speeches of Gov. Fifer:

''And now my comrades, may the good God who presides over the destinies of nations, keep and preserve you; watch over you and return you to us a victorious army in the great cause of world wide democracy, is my earnest prayer.''

''And now boys, go over there and get the Kaiser, and if you get there and find out that you can't get him—send for me.''

Here are some of the exclamations at the partings: ''Good-bye mother, I'll write soon.'' ''Good-bye Sallie, I'll not forget.'' ''So long Tom, I'll remember you.'' ''Good-bye mother, don't worry about me.'' ''Good-bye Bessie, I'll send you a button from the Kaiser's coat.'' ''Good-bye, when I get over there, there will a hot time in little ol' Berlin.'' ''Good-bye mother, take care of Rover.''

At the station the Bloomington band drew up in a circle and its leader, George Marton, mounted to the top of an engine tender close by and held a ''sing.'' Several of the popular patriotic airs were sung with band accompaniment and cheer upon cheer given by the crowd during the intervals. As the long train moved out, there was a profuse waving of hats and handkerchiefs and a cheering until the train was enveloped in the curve in the track in the eastern part of the city.

With the war in progress over a year, the government's war department decided that the man power of the nation under the first registration might be exhausted if the war continued for many years further.

Therefore congress passed a law requiring a second registration of men, this to include all those between the ages of 18 and 45.

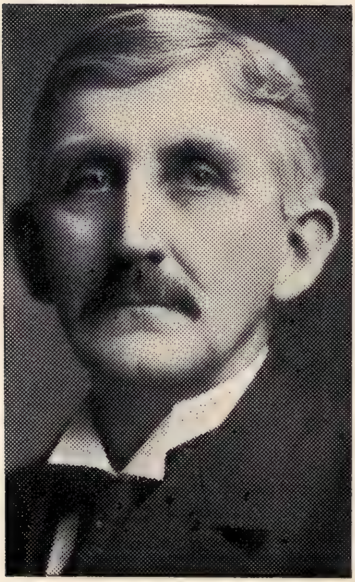
The men registered under this call were never in fact called into the service, except in some few isolated cases where they were inducted into service in special branches. The records of the registration, however, were preserved with other archives of the exemption boards, and sealed up with them for transmission to the state departments when the war work of the boards was ended. The total number of registrations under this second call were as follows:

Between 18 and 21	950
Between 31 and 45	7070

Of this total number of registrants, there were 4,225 registered in the jurisdiction of board No. 1, and 3,765 registered in the jurisdiction of board No. 2.

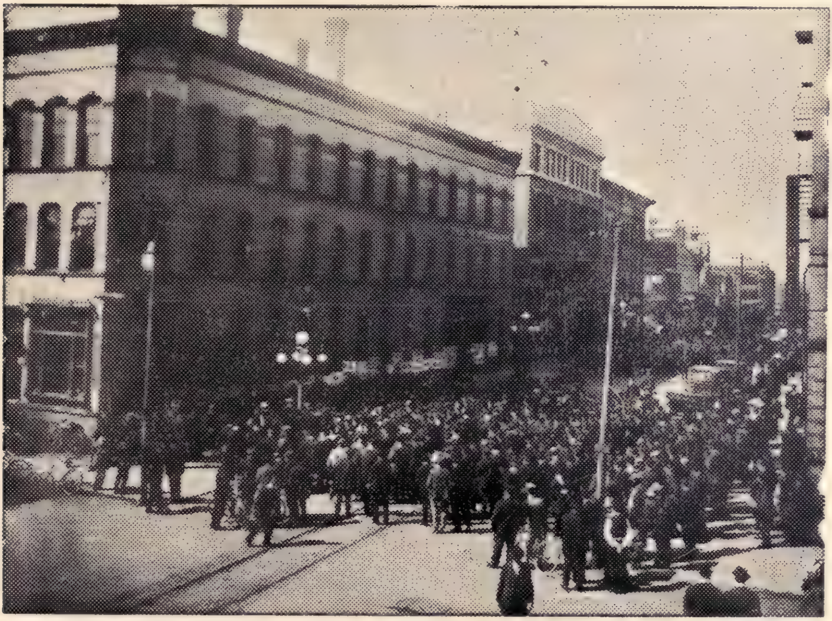
JUDGE MYERS' WORK IN WAR

Rounding out a life-time of distinguished service at the bench and bar with practically two years of direct devotion of his time and energies and vital force to the service of his nation, Judge Colostin D. Myers deserves one of the most merited encomiums of praise for his work during the world war. It was as a member of the exemption board for district No. 2 of McLean county, appointed to examine for military service all the young men of the city of Bloomington and the townships of Dale and Allin, that Judge Myers spent the most of his time during the last two years of his life, for his death on January 12, 1920, occurred only a few months after the board had officially wound up its work. Judge Myers' associates on board No. 2 were H. M. Murray and Dr. Mammen. The board began its work within a few weeks after the registration of the young men of military age in this county, which occurred on June 5, 1917. The work of the board included an immense mass of detail, consisting of physical examinations of hundreds of young men, examination of their claims of exemption, certifying to their selection for service, calling them together whenever the state required a certain quota for certain camps; looking after their comfort and accommodation at the time of their assembly for entrainment for the camp, and finally seeing that they were properly organized for the trip with proper leadership to the camps. One call for contingents followed another in close succession during the fall and winter of 1917 and the spring and summer of 1918, so that the members of the board had no rest from the strenuous tasks to which they were assigned until the signing of the armistice. Then followed the gigantic task of collecting and sealing up the immense volume of the records of the boards.



Judge Colostin D. Myers

Judge Myers came to the work of the exemption board from his well earned retirement after a life-time of public service. Born in Ohio, he served in the civil war and afterward located in this city. Being admitted to the bar, he took up the practice of law in this city, was elected county judge and then circuit judge, serving 12 years as county judge and 18 years as circuit judge. He also filled a position on the appellate bench for several years. His name was mentioned for state supreme judge, and at the republican convention he received a large vote for nomination. Judge Myers died on January 12, 1920, just as he was getting ready to take a trip south to recuperate from the physical strain which his two years of war labors had caused. He was laid to rest amid signal honors from citizens, the McLean county bar and hosts of personal friends.



A Typical Crowd Along Newspaper Row, Bloomington, Reading Bulletins of War News, 1918.

SUPPORTED FRENCH ORPHAN

Harley H. Bryant, son of Mrs. Harry Bryant of Towanda, took on the care of an orphan in France while he was doing his duty as a soldier. He wrote home to his mother while in France, and touched on this subject like this: "You should see the small boy I am sending to school; he sure is a dandy. His mother is dead and his daddy is in the trenches on some front. I think I shall steal him and bring him home with me. His name is Maurice Amant. Great kid, takes quite a bunch out of my pay and I don't get to go on any long passes. However, he is worth it. You should hear him say 'Harley'—it's good."

"The Greatest Mother in the World."

McLEAN COUNTY AND THE RED CROSS

At a meeting of the Civic League of Bloomington early in June, 1915, Mrs. N. D. McKinney, president of the Woman's club, presented the subject of organizing a Red Cross Chapter in Bloomington. The suggestion met with cordial approval, and action was taken authorizing the chairman, E. M. Evans, to appoint a committee to take preliminary steps toward that end. That evening Dr. E. Mammen, Mrs. G. S. McCurdy, Mrs. E. R. Morgan, Mrs. N. D. McKinney and E. M. Evans paid their membership fee, the necessary one-half of which was sent to the Red Cross director, in Chicago, with application for permission to organize a chapter. Permission was received within a day or two.

Dr. Mammen was chairman of the first committee to secure memberships, and he worked very hard for some time in listing people who were willing to enroll in the organization which at that time had no following locally, and of whose work there was general ignorance on the part of the public. After a number of memberships had been enrolled which made the organization of a chapter appear feasible, the committee appointed by the Civic League called a meeting to be held at the public library on July 27. At this meeting a board of twelve directors was elected, Dr. Mammen appointed temporary chairman and Mrs. McKinney, temporary secretary. The board of directors appointed at that time consisted of Oscar Mandel, Mrs. J. A. Bohrer, J. A. Perkins, Carl H. Klemm, George P. Davis, Mrs. N. D. McKinney, Mrs. E. R. Morgan, Frank Oberkoetter, Mrs. Kate D. Welch, Henry Behr, Mrs. Emma Wunderlich, and Dr. E. Mammen.

The officers were not elected until the meeting of December 5, 1915, when the following were chosen: Chairman, Campbell Holton; first vice chairman, C. F. Agle; second vice chairman, B. F. Harber; secretary, Alice O. Smith; treasurer, Frank D. Marquis. Miss Smith served as secretary until May, 1916, when she resigned and was succeded by Mrs. McKinney.

During May and June, 1916, a campaign for members was conducted under the leadership of Dr. C. M. Noble. In July, 1916, a charter membership of 174 was sent to Washington and a charter granted.

Eight organizations have representation on the board of directors, as follows: Community council, Woman's club, Bureau of Social Service, Girls' Industrial Home, Day Nursery association, McLean County Medical society, Nurses' association, and Association of Commerce. The mayor of Bloomington is an ex-officio member of the board of directors, and the chairman of each branch is also an ex-officio member with voting privileges. An auditing committee is composed of two bank cashiers and one accountant.

The jurisdiction of the activities of the chapter is within McLean county.

Prior to February, 1917, no special activities were undertaken except to secure memberships. On February 5, in response to instructions contained in a telegram from headquarters in Washington, a meeting of the executive committee was held and the necessary action was taken to put the chapter on war basis. Additional committees were appointed and work at once started in preparation of hospital garments and surgical dressings, and for packing and shipping, hospital and nursing service and instruction classes. The membership committee immediately started a great campaign for members, aided liberally by the Bloomington newspapers. A finance committee was appointed with the mayor as chairman. People responded liberally to every call for money.

Branches and Auxiliaries.—The territory of the county outside the city of Bloomington was divided according to the township boundaries with one or two exceptions. The first branch organized was at Saybrook in April, 1917, and before the end of July branches were formed covering the entire county, all active and enthusiastic.

The Woman's club of Bloomington was the first to organize as an auxiliary, and they furnished funds to buy materials which they made into hospitals garments and surgical dressings. The rooms were kept open all summer for work and surgical dressings classes.

Letitia Green Stevenson chapter of the D. A. R. was the next to form an auxiliary. During all the war they were liberal contributors of service and money. Other auxiliaries were the Hebrew Women's Aid and the Wesleyan university. The D. A. R. gave for home service work the net proceeds of a play given at the opera house. The colored women of the city formed a unit for sewing, and used the rooms one day a week.

Location—One of the first things considered by the executive committee was a location for headquarters and workshop. Mrs. Sarah D. Lillard gave a large corner store room in the Durley block, in the center of the business district, rent free. There were shelves and show cases in the rooms, so that operations were started without delay. Chairs, tables and other furniture were loaned by merchants and other individuals. The place at once became general Red Cross headquarters. The first and second membership campaigns were directed from there, and the noon luncheons were served in the basement. Surgical dressing and knitting instructors had quarters, and all committee and directors' meetings were held there. After a while these spacious quarters were outgrown, and classes met elsewhere.

In October, 1917, the chapter had to look for other quarters, as the Durley building was rented. The Y. M. C. A. directors offered space in their building, and the surgical dressings and hospital garments workshops were moved, and occupied about half the entire second floor. The public library board of directors gave rent free three large rooms on the first floor, with separate entrance. The Home Service section and the secretary of the chapter, with the Junior Red Cross, occupied these rooms. The Christmas packet committee had space for its special work

OFFICERS OF McLEAN COUNTY CHAPTER

Top—Mrs. N. D. McKinney, Secretary.
Center—Campbell Holton, Chairman.
Below—Davis Ewing, First Vice Chairman.
Right of Center—E. Mark Evans, Second Vice Chairman.
Left of Center—F. D. Marquis, Treasurer.

in December, 1917. Christmas Roll Call and other special committees also worked here. One library room was fitted up for first aid and home nursing classes.

The Home Service section outgrew its quarters, and in January, 1919, moved to the Y. M. C. A. building, occupying rooms formerly used as a workshop. In July, 1919, the Red Cross rented a building at Monroe and Center large enough to accommodate all activities.

Personnel of Officers—The chairman and treasurer of the chapter served since 1915; the secretary since May, 1916; the two vice chairmen since October, 1917.

Campbell Holton, chairman, is president of Campbell Holton & Co., wholesale grocers. He has been prominent in Y. M. C. A., the Bloomington Association of Commerce, Rotary Club and other community activities.

Davis Ewing, vice chairman, is president of the Davis Ewing Concrete Co.; has been president of the Rotary Club and active in civic affairs.

E. M. Evans, vice chairman, was president of the Association of Commerce in 1919 and 1920; served two years as president of the Civic League and connected with other community organizations.

F. D. Marquis, treasurer, is president of the People's bank and a leading man in business circles and prominent in civic enterprises.

Mrs. N. D. McKinney, secretary, served five years as president of the Woman's club, is secretary of the board of trustees of the Withers Public Library, and active in social welfare work.

The auditing committee gave generously of their time to the passing upon the Red Cross accounts. The members were W. L. Moore, cashier of People's Bank; Frank M. Rice, vice president First National Bank; E. H. Black, sec'y of the Paul F. Beich Company.

Miss Julia Holder had charge of the books of the financial records since March, 1917. She is in charge of the bookkeeping department of the Bloomington high school, which accounts for her qualifications for the work she did so efficiently. Carefully prepared monthly reports sent Central Division office contributed to the high standing of the chapter.

Committees—Mrs. W. W. Whitmore was the first chairman of the committee on Branch Organization, serving from March, 1917, to August of same year. She is a well known and active attorney. On Mrs. Whitmore's resignation, Mrs. Richard Ward succeeded her and served up to the end of the war and afterward. She is a professional woman of ability and wide acquaintance in the outside districts.

Capt. Cleon L. Hills was chairman of the Canteen Committee from its organization in September, 1917. He is proprietor of the Hills Hotel. Capt. Hills was an officer of cavalry in the Spanish War. He was chairman of the War Activities Committee of the Association of Commerce, which provided medals for all soldiers of the world war who went from McLean County. He also planned the official "Welcome Home" for the service men in the summer of 1919, and helped with other war work.

Mrs. J. A. Bohrer served as chairman of the Civilian Relief Committee from March, 1917, until July 1st, 1919. She is an active woman in community enterprises, being vice-president of the Girls' Industrial Home, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the McLean County Tuberculosis Association and one of the commissioners of Fairview sanatorium.

The Conservation Committee was headed by Mrs. Spencer Ewing from April, 1917. Mrs. Ewing was a long time president of the Day Nursery Association, and was known as a leader of philanthropic enterprises. She was moving spirit in war conservation work among women, and their work established the Home Bureau of the county upon a permanent basis.

The Educational Committee was headed by Miss Nellie Parham from November, 1917. Prior to that time the organization of instruction classes was arranged by the chairman of the Nursing Committee. Miss Parham is librarian of the public library, vice president of the Day Nursery Association, and was also member of the woman's committee of the Council of National Defense.

Mayor E. E. Jones served since February, 1917, as chairman of the finance committee. As mayor and chairman of the local committee of the Council of National Defense he was prominent in war work.

Dr. E. Mammen was chairman of the First Aid Committee from February, 1917. He is a leading medical practitioner, pioneer in the county Anti-tuberculosis society, member of the county exemption board for the city district and worker in all war relief campaigns.

Miss Margaret Robinson served from April, 1917, as chairman of the Committee on Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick. She is a Red Cross nurse and had conducted clinics and dispensary at the Day Nursery. Her specialty is child welfare and infant feeding.

The Hospital Garments and Supplies Committee headed by Mrs. Guy McCurdy from January, 1918. She is president of the Woman's Club and of the board of managers of the Withers Home for aged women. She is active in public enterprises.

The Committee on Junior Memberships was in charge of Miss Mary A. Kromer from February to September, 1918. She is supervisor of the primary grades of the public schools. When Miss Kromer resigned she was succeeded by Mrs. M. B. Folsom, former Junior Member secretary, who ably handled the work.

Mrs. F. W. Aldrich served as chairman of the Knitting and General Supplies Committee from May, 1917. She is a member of the board of directors of the Girls' Industrial Home, former president of the Day Nursery Association.

Paul F. Beich served from February, 1917, as chairman of the Membership Committee. He is president of the Paul F. Beich Company, president of the National Candy Makers' Association and vice president of the American State Bank of Bloomington. He is prominently connected with civic and commercial interests.

Miss Lulu J. Justis was chairman of the Nursing Committee from February, 1917. She is superintendent of Brokaw hospital, is president of the Sixth District of the Illinois Nurses' Association. She supervised the first instruction classes before the educational committee was appointed.

T. P. Murray, local freight agent for the Alton railroad, served as chairman of the Packing and Shipping Committee from February, 1917, to March, 1919. He was succeeded by C. W. Brayshaw. Both served very efficiently.

Louis O. Eddy served as chairman of the publicity committee from February, 1917. He furnished matter for the newspapers in practically all of the campaigns during the war, and his experience as a professional advertising writer served him in good stead.

The Purchasing and Distributing Committee was headed by Mrs. Louie Forman, with Mrs. Harry L. Fleming as vice chairman. Mrs. Forman served from February, 1917, and for many months gave practically all her time to the work of the headquarters in the production of hospital and other supplies. Mrs. Fleming served for the same length of time. During the same period she was called upon to serve as state president of the Parent-Teachers' Association.

Mrs. Fred B. Capen began in October, 1917, her work as chairman of the Surgical Dressings Committee. She was one of the first Bloomington women to qualify as instructor in preparation of surgical dressings. She was chairman of the social service committee of the Woman's club, and first president of Victory Hall, the county institution for orphaned boys.

The personnel of the county branches of the Red Cross were composed of many of the leading men and women of their several communities. All these, with the assistance of others whose names never appeared on committees or as officers, gave of time and money in the many war projects. The list of officers in the several branches were as follows:

Anchor—P. F. Roberts, chairman; Samuel Davis, vice chairman; Mrs. J. H. Thedens, secretary; Miss Minnie Martens, treasurer.

Arrowsmith—Mrs. Frank Golden, chairman; Miss Grace Slingloff, secretary; Raymond Webber, treasurer.

Bellflower—A. F. Gooch, chairman; Rev. A. R. Simons, vice chairman; Rev. E. E. Higdon, secretary; J. E. Troster, treasurer.

Carlock—R. E. Moore, chairman; Arthur Brennan, vice chairman; Mrs. J. K. Esh, secretary; H. G. Carlock, treasurer.

Chenoa—P. C. Gillespie, chairman; Rev. W. P. Burke, vice chairman; Mrs. V. L. Nickel, secretary and treasurer.

Colfax—Rev. H. H. Jenner, chairman; Mrs. W. McIntosh, vice chairman; Mrs. E. F. Roe, secretary; A. R. Tunks, treasurer.

Cooksville—Mrs. E. E. Wunderlin, chairman; Mrs. C. J. Baum, vice chairman; Miss Grace W. Brown, secretary and treasurer.

Covell—Mrs. Homer Johnson, chairman; Mrs. C. Barclay, vice chairman; Mrs. W. C. Rodgers, secretary; Mrs. Belle Hougham, treasurer.

Cropsey—C. H. Pratt, chairman; Mrs. Lee Warrock, vice chairman; Mrs. W. H. Groom, secretary; J. H. Barnes, treasurer.

Danvers—Rev. E. Sommer, chairman; Louis Berg, vice chairman; Mrs. R. J. Williams, secretary; O. P. Skaggs, treasurer.

Downs—Mrs. G. G. Dooley, chairman; Mrs. Sylvia Adams, vice chairman; Mrs. Jessie Adams, secretary; Miss Hortense Dodds, treasurer.

Dry Grove Township—Mrs. J. Birckelbaw, chairman; Mrs. Frank Bramwell, vice chairman; Miss Florence Kinsinger, secretary and treasurer.

Ellsworth—Mrs. C. O. Skaggs, chairman; Mrs. A. Dennis, vice chairman; Miss Jennie Johnson, secretary; C. A. Shinkle, treasurer.

Gridley—W. D. Castle, chairman; E. F. Kent, vice chairman; Mrs. Mattie Coyle, secretary; Henry Blessman, treasurer.

Heyworth—Rev. J. E. Evans, chairman; Mrs. Irene Jones, vice chairman; R. M. Ayers, secretary; Albion C. Lake, treasurer.

Holder—Mrs. Anna Dixon Coale, chairman; Mrs. M. Wightman, vice chairman; Mrs. James Tearney, secretary; Mrs. Fred Boston, treasurer.

Hudson—Miss Lora Johnston, chairman; Mrs. J. C. Gaddis, vice chairman; Walter Schad, secretary; Miss Irene Johnston, treasurer.

Leroy—Mrs. E. E. Sargent, chairman; Mrs. C. Vandeventer, vice chairman; Miss Grace Dolly, secretary; H. H. Crumbaugh, treasurer.

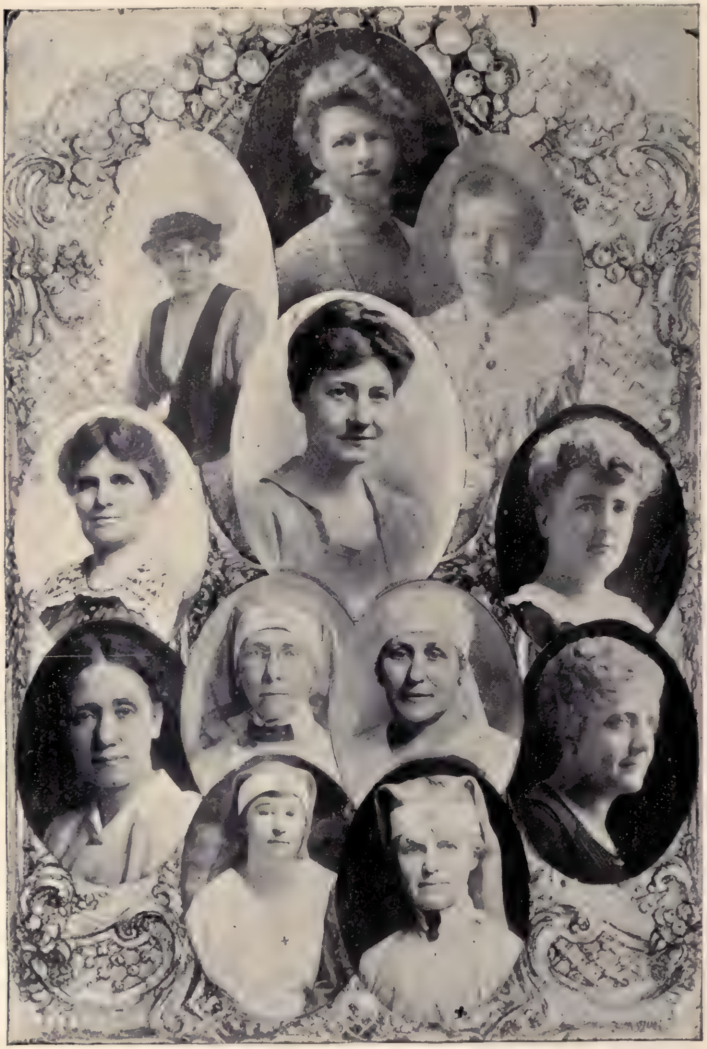
Lexington—Mrs. Charles Arnold, chairman; Mrs. E. A. Kennedy, vice chairman; Mrs. F. C. Wise, secretary and treasurer.

McLean—Rev. C. H. Thrall, chairman; Mrs. Deane Funk, vice chairman; Mrs. Fannie Baker, secretary; S. B. VanNess, treasurer.

Merna—Mrs. M. Kinsella, chairman; Miss Ella Moore vice chairman; Miss Mary Larkin, secretary and treasurer.

Normal—B. C. Moore, chairman; Miss J. Rose Colby, vice chairman; Mrs. Edna Bates, secretary; L. H. Kerrick, treasurer.

Saybrook—W. O. Butler, chairman; L. Horner, vice chairman; Mrs. Maud C. Anderson, secretary; Francis Lateer, treasurer.



SOME ACTIVE RED CROSS WORKERS

Upper row, left to right—Mrs. Spencer Ewing, Miss Florence Evans, Mrs. Charles Carroll Brown.
Second row—Mrs. E. R. Morgan, Miss Julia Holder, Mrs. Richard Ward.
Third row—Miss Lulu J. Justis, Mrs. Guy McCurdy, Mrs. W. S. Harwood, Mrs. A. V. S. Lloyd, Secretary Home Service Committee.
Lower row—Mrs. Louie Forman, Chairman Purchasing and Distributing Committee, Mrs. Fred B. Capen, Chairman Surgical Dressing Committee.

Shirley—Paul Neubauer, chairman; Mrs. George Parks, vice chairman; Miss Esther Olson, secretary; Mrs. John Meeks, treasurer.

Stanford—O. S. Folger, chairman; Mrs. S. T. Cavins, vice chairman; Miss Mabel Bender, secretary; Sam Wright, treasurer.

Towanda—I. N. Crayton, chairman; Mrs. F. Windler, vice chairman; Miss Carey Crichton, secretary; Miss Opal Gregory, treasurer.

Weston—Edgar Johnson, chairman; Mrs. Fred Gilman, vice chairman; Ora Shanks, secretary and treasurer.

West Township—Charles Umstattd, chairman; Mrs. P. Murray, vice chairman; Mrs. William Dean, secretary and treasurer.

Chapter Office—Mrs. N. D. McKinney was secretary and office manager thruout the war period. In addition to the usual and regular duties of a chapter secretary and office manager, all the work of preparing and filing membership cards was done under the secretary's supervision. A complete file of all memberships in McLean county was kept in the office. The branch correspondence, covering administration, membership, finances, and miscellaneous matters were handled from this office. The secretary collected the first and second war fund subscriptions and acted as treasurer for the Junior Red Cross.

Canteen—Capt. C. L. Hills, chairman. The canteen committee was composed of a captain and 22 privates. From September, 1917, and during the winter months following, there was very little troop movement, and the committee worked on a call basis, serving whenever notified of troop trains being due, or other duty.

On June 15, 1918, the Canteen committee was organized on the government plan and all members sworn into the service. Uniforms were secured and a daily assignment of service was established for regular trains, and when troop trains arrived the whole committee was in attendance at the station to serve them.

In August a canteen hut was built at the Union depot. All the labor and most of the materials were donated by citizens. The conveniences of the hut materially improved the service and comfort of the workers. An equipment for first aid service was kept there and used on a number of occasions. The hut also served as a rest room for mothers and other relatives who had come long distances for a brief visit with their soldier and sailor boys as they passed through on the trains, and many a long and sad hour for the waiting one was made brighter by the substantial cheer given by the Canteen workers. Many letters came to the chapter from the men and their families testifying to the value and appreciation of this service. The committee also provided a folder of heavy ledger paper for the military history of the soldiers, which was given to the men to fill out and keep.

A special feature of the service by the Canteen workers was that they raised a large portion of the funds used in their work. Two confectionery stores, C. D. Phillos and Louis Baldwin, donated the gross receipts of one day's sales for the benefit of the canteen work. The Canteen Committee had full charge of the stores on these days, furnishing the cashier and other helpers. The committee also held several lawn fetes for the benefit of this work, and gave a great ball in the court house, which was attended by thousands.

The records of the Canteen work show that from June, 1918, to November, 1918, an average of 3,000 soldiers and sailors per month were served with coffee, sandwiches, fruit, cigarettes, chewing gum, postcards, and many useful articles. The largest number served in any one month was 5,854 in September, 1918. The committee manufactured 2,000 leather tobacco pouches, which were filled with tobacco and given to the soldiers and sailors. They also made 5,000 folders for stationery, pencil, and other small articles, and on the inside cover a suggestion was printed that when empty, the case be used to put mother's letters in. These folders were given to men as they passed through on trains.

From September 1, 1917, to September 1, 1918, 52,924 men were served.

Total value of supplies distributed in that period, $3,086.88.

Of this amount, $2,900.63 was purchased and $186.25 contributed.

Average cost per man served, 6 cents.

The active work of the Canteen Committee ended on October 1st, 1919. On the evening of October 2 the chapter chairman and canteen chairman gave a dinner for the entire committee at the home of Capt. Hills. A formal discharge certificate, signed by the chairman and captain commanding, and showing the period of service, was given to each member.

It was then decided to reorganize into a ''Red Cross Reserve Canteen Corps,'' with the same chairman as captain. The purpose is to have a reserve corps which can report immediately prepared for service in case of disaster or calamity of any kind in the community. Part of the Hut equipment was kept for this use. An annual dinner and reunion of the workers will be held to perpetuate the splendid principles of canteen service and prolong the beautiful spirit of comradeship formed among the workers.

Conservation Committee—Mrs. Spencer Ewing, chairman. In the early summer of 1917 a Food Conservation committee was appointed. This committee divided the city into districts and began a systematic campaign of education on ''food thrift.'' The idea was to show women generally the importance of knowing comparative food values and a balanced ration as applied to health and sustenance of members of the family. Also to teach them to use food substitutes with which they had not had experience. The work was carried on thru Mothers' Clubs of the public schools, the Settlement House and small community groups. Much publicity was given to the subject thru the newspapers, and printed letters were distributed to the homes.

The four domestic science schools co-operated, and practical ways of saving meat, wheat, sugar and fats were worked out. Exhibits were arranged attractively in the long corridors of the high school building during the convention of the State Farmers' Institute, and, as delegates were present from all parts of the state, the exhibits seemed to be more than of local value as an educational feature of war work.

In March, 1918, a war kitchen was conducted for one week in a central location in Bloomington, which supplemented the work of the food exhibit. Trained experts from the University of Illinois gave instruction. During the week, 600 persons attended to learn of the new cookery.

Another phase of conservation work was an institute for the remodeling of clothing. This was attended by 284 people who were shown practical ways of making over garments of all kinds, and 24 teachers were trained to give instruction in this work in their respective communities.

Early in June, 1918, the food conservation committee increased the scope of its work to cover all of McLean county. A trained worker in household affairs was employed as Home Advisor, and a sustaining body, the McLean County Home Improvement Association was organized. Then followed a municipal canning center and other activities. Today there is a permanent organization called the Home Bureau, which employs a full time home advisor for the housewives of McLean county, who visits the different localities at stated intervals for lectures and demonstrations, and also furnishes advice by correspondence. The funds to carry on this work are secured partly by state aid and the balance by individual memberships. In the first six months the home advisor traveled 2,700 miles, distributed 5,000 bulletins, wrote 700 letters and gave one hundred demonstrations and lectures that reached 33,000 people, besides attending to office work and conferences. A bulletin is published monthly by the Bureau chairman and home adviser, and distributed to the members.

Educational Committee—Miss Nellie E. Parham, chairman. The principal work of this committee was making arrangements for the instruction classes in First Aid and Home Hygiene and care of the sick. Classes were organized in first aid in March and April, 1917, and meetings held at Brokaw hospital under the supervision of Miss Justis, hospital superintendent, with Misses Margaret Robinson, and Alice O. Smith, Red Cross nurses. Members of the McLean County Medical Association donated their services as instructors. Ten out of the first class of twenty took the examination and all passed very creditably and received certificates from Washington. Succeeding classes were organized and meetings held in rooms at the public library, which had been fitted with proper equipment for the work.

The influenza epidemic in October and November, 1918, furnished an opportunity for the practical application of knowledge acquired in home nursing and public welfare, and the graduates of the classes gave splendid service at this time. Some of the graduates have since taken great interest in general health affairs of the community. A large class finished the course in home hygiene in 1919. The educational committee will continue efforts to interest both men and women in such instruction, as a preparedness measure for all times. One of the instructors, Miss Robinson, also taught classes in adjoining towns.

Membership—Paul F. Beich, chairman. The membership committee started its work with a campaign in March, 1917, when the membership was 174, and followed with another campaign in August of that year, bringing the total membership to 7,000. To this was added the number of First War Fund subscribers who were entitled to membership which increased the number to 11,398.

The next campaign of the committee was the Christmas roll call of 1917, and that further increased the enrollment to 16,000. The membership work was continued by the chapter secretary sending requests for renewals month after month to those who had not renewed during the Christmas roll call. This method resulted in getting many renewals which otherwise would have been lost. The roll call of 1918 was a success, but after that there was a steady decrease. The active membership on September 1, 1919, was 14,700.

Nursing—Miss Lulu J. Justis, chairman. Bloomington chapter was fortunate in having for the head of its nursing committee a woman whose ability and experience qualified her to fill the position of president of the Sixth District Red Cross Nurses' Association of Illinois, and who months before our own country entered the war, realized that the responsibilities of the nursing profession were to be heavy. Miss Justis at once began arrangements for enrolling the nurses of the district, and by December, 1918, 83 were enrolled for immediate service. Bloomington headed the list with 33 in active service and five available on January 1, 1919, should they be needed. In enrolling the nurses for future service, the chairman had in mind that the activities of the nursing service would not end with the war; that disease which accompanied the war would require the skill and patience of American nurses to rebuild the health of war scarred nations.

Publicity—Louis O. Eddy, chairman. The committee was fortunate in having this experienced advertising writer to direct its activities. The two daily papers, the Pantagraph and Bulletin, generously donated much space in their news columns, and also considerable display advertising space. Their advertising rates for space paid for, were considerably cut down during the campaigns. Merchants and manufacturers in many cases allowed the Red Cross to use their contracted space in the newspapers. Business houses allowed use of their show windows. Roy Smith deserves mention for his work in distributing advertising posters and Red Cross literature free of charge. During the influenza epidemic the Boy Scouts aided in distributing instruction sheets in residence districts.

Purchasing and Distributing—Mrs. Louie Forman, chairman; Mrs. H. L. Fleming, vice chairman. In the beginning of the war work, the purchasing and distributing was taken care of by the hospital supplies committee. It was convenient and desirable for the branches to do their own buying, patronizing their local merchants and thus creating good feeling. At that time the stores were well stocked with materials. The qualities and colors had then not been standardized. As materials grew scarcer it became necessary to order from outside for the chapter and branches as well.

An electric cutting machine was installed, and then materials necessarily had to be uniform in weight and width. Goods were sold by the bolt to branches and cut for them. This system was followed till July, 1918, when the quota system of production became effective in all departments. The committee conformed promptly to all changes in methods of production received from Central Division, and impressed upon workers the importance of maintaining the highest standard of production. The committee kept records of all branch shipments and shipments to Central Division.

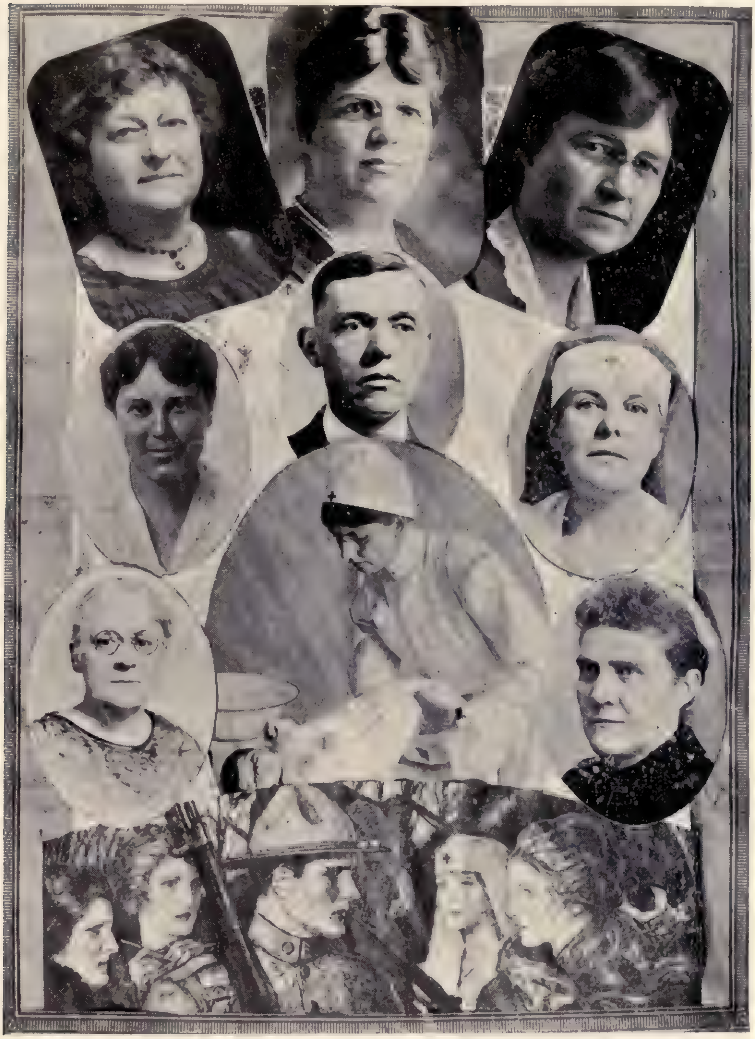
The first shipment of hospital garments and supplies was sent to Bush Terminal, New York, on May 21, 1917, and from there direct to France. It consisted of eight boxes of supplies and two cases of surgical dressings. One of the treasures of the committee is a letter from a hospital in France receipting for these supplies and expressing gratitude. The committee rendered excellent service in purchasing and distributing supplies and equipment used in the four emergency hospitals which the chapter established during the epidemic of influenza in October and November, 1918, and in re-assembling them when the hospitals were closed. A bulletin was issued at intervals with instructions to branches and workshops.

In November, 1917, the work in all departments of production had increased to such large proportions that larger and more commodious quarters were obtained. Each department had its separate quarters and thereafter were able to work to the best advantage. Practically all the work shop printing was done free of charge, or at the cost of the paper, by the boys in the printing department of the public schools, under direction of Miss Etta Walker. The wonderful success of the production as a whole is best expressed in the words of the chairman in her last annual report, as follows:

''The spirit of the workers thruout the county has continued from the first to be the finest thing we have ever known. It is often hard to obey orders without question, and the farther one is from the source the more difficult it is to see the reason for some of them.''

Hospital Garments and Supplies—Mrs. Guy McCurdy, chairman. This department had three definite lines of work—hospital garments, hospital supplies and refugee garments. The organized plan of group sewing in the early summer of 1917 gave way to individual and unit consignments to mothers' clubs, church societies, fraternal organizations and social sewing clubs at regular or occasional intervals.

One of the most interesting groups was ''The Girls of '61'' organized by Mrs. Sue Pike Sanders, who conceived the idea of getting together the women of the community who had worked for the soldiers of the civil war. Mrs. Sanders had been a leader in the war activities of that period. There were no dues for those joining the group, but each woman paid a small fee at each meeting, and thus a fund was created to buy yarn. The membership reached 125, all members of Red Cross.



GROUP OF LEADERS IN RED CROSS WORK

Top row, left to right—Mrs. M. B. Folsom, Mrs. Mabel H. Seymour, Mrs. Harry L. Fleming.
Second row, left to right—Mrs. Jacob Bohrer, T. P. Murray, Mrs. Frank W. Aldrich.
Third row, left to right—Miss Nellie Parham, Miss Margaret Robinson, Mrs. J. T. Sanders.

It was an inspiring sight to see these women, who as girls, had sewed and worked for the boys of '61, the boys in blue, now knitting and sewing for the boys in khaki, and setting a commendable example to the girls of today. They also made many articles of comfort for refugees.

In November, 1917, the work shop was moved to the Y. M. C. A. building, and cutting, previously done by hand, was now done by an electric cutting machine donated by business men. Mrs. Arthur Ross was in charge, with Mrs. Richard Ward assisting. The machine also did the cutting for the branches.

The fine workmanship shown by the chapter and its branches, brought great credit to the chapter, placing it in the "Star Class" both for quality and quantity of output. A request from Central Division for 375 model garments to be completed and shipped within three weeks was successfully handled. Two big drives for clothing for French and Belgian Relief were conducted under the supervision of Mrs. E. R. Morgan, vice chairman of the department, assisted by Mrs. Willis Harwood and Mrs. Henry Keiser.

Too much praise could not be given the women of the rural communities and small towns for their sacrifice and service in this and other lines of Red Cross work. They maintained a high standard of workmanship, and the quantity of their output was a marvelous exhibition of practically unceasing and painstaking labor.

Surgical Dressings—Mrs. Fred B. Capen, chairman. One of the first things considered by Bloomington chapter in February, 1917, was the need of instruction classes. Instructors in first aid and home nursing could be found among the physicians and Red Cross nurses, but preparation of surgical dressings called for special instruction before classes could be taught. Miss Carolyn Schertz, head surgical nurse at Brokaw hospital, was sent to Chicago in March for necessary training. On her return, twenty women enrolled for the first class. Interest was great and the women did splendid work. Miss Schertz taught four classes during the summer, assisted by Miss Margaret Robinson, who also had taken special training for instructor. A staff of eight qualified as instructors: Miss Schertz, Miss Robinson, Mrs. Willis Harwood, Mrs. F. B. Capen, Mrs. Kern Beath for Bloomington, and Mrs. Frawley, Mrs. Deane Funk and Miss Vance for the branches. Eleven classes were conducted and 185 finished the course and qualified as supervisors to teach volunteer workers. One of the classes was composed of women from the branches, and nine out of this class qualified as supervisors. Some of the branch members of previous classes also became supervisors, making a total of 16 surgical dressings workshops in the branches.

Early in the summer of 1917 the need of a place where volunteers might help make surgical dressings was recognized, and Mrs. W. S. Harwood opened a room in her home, and the results were more satisfactory than had been anticipated. Later another volunteer shop was opened downtown.

During the summer another volunteer workshop was opened at the Bloomington Country club, and many availed themselves of the opportunity to work there.

In August, 1917, Miss Schertz left to enter the service of her country as an overseas Red Cross nurse. The impress of her high standards remained here after she was gone, and as long as this work was required. She was succeeded by Miss Robinson as chairman.

The first week, 456 dressings were made, the second week 744 and the third week 1264. This was then thought to be a fine record, but the work grew until monthly quotas of from 25,000 to 30,000 dressings were being filled promptly. From just giving a half hour's time occasionally by women who dropped in, the department developed into a regular manufacturing plant where women gave whole days of their time. There was one worker, Miss Ida Evans, who was at her table every day with but few exceptions, from July, 1917, until the shop closed. She made a total of 40,108 dressings. The chairman's report says of Miss Evans: "We owe much to her loyal, faithful service and feel that much of our success has been due to her fine spirit and willingness to help at all times."

The work was thoroly systematized, with a corps of efficient workers in charge of cutting, inspection and packing, and results showed the value of team work. The production is one that the chapter may be proud of, and there is no estimating the value of the fellowship enjoyed and friendships formed during this period. The first shipment of surgical dressings on May 21, 1917, consisted of two small boxes. This and a second shipment were consigned direct to France, and arrived safely. All later shipments were sent to Central Division, Chicago.

Knitting—Mrs. F. W. Aldrich, chairman. Among the faithful soldiers of the great volunteer army at home were the knitters. This department was started in July, 1917. At first, two afternoons a week were thought sufficient for consultation and instruction, but after the first week it was found necessary to have some one in attendance every day. Several hundred persons were taught, and each one furnished her own yarn when learning. At first, knitting rules were not strict. The first shipment of socks, made on small needles and with toes and heels which would not pass inspection a year later, were readily accepted. Changes in directions and inspections were finally followed until the "army standard" became the knitter's motto. There were about 3,000 names of knitters on the department's records, being about evenly divided between chapter and branches, and it is worthy of mention that a few of them were men. School boys printed the knitting instructions and rules for washing.

Numerous tests of the swiftness of flying fingers were made when large quotas of knitted articles and garments were requisitioned within a time limit, and it is to the honor and credit of the workers that the Chapter was able to meet every demand on time.

Packing and Shipping—T. P. Murray, chairman; C. L. Brayshaw, assistant. This committee began active work in May, 1917, when the first shipment of eight boxes of hospital garments and supplies and two cases of surgical dressings were consigned to Bush Terminal, New York, from where they were forwarded to France without repacking. Instructions as to packing, marking and invoicing were observed to the letter. When word came from France that the supplies were received and everything found in good condition, all the workers felt that the first line of communication had been established between the producing department of the chapter and the place of actual need. War did not seem so far away.

After the first two shipments to France, the supplies were sent to Central Division, Chicago. Through the generosity of Bloomington firms and individuals in donating packing boxes, this department was able to operate at a nominal expense. The Johnson Transfer & Fuel company handled all shipments to and from the freight depots free of charge during the entire period of the war. The promptness of the branches in delivering finished articles, and the excellent co-operation of the heads of producing departments, made it possible to maintain a regular weekly shipping day and to get quotas out on specified time. In addition to handling the finished products, this department shipped 1,200 packages of yarn, gauze and cut garments to the branches.

Red Cross Exchange—Mrs. Grace Wilcox Funk, chairman. On October 12, 1918, a special committee opened a Red Cross Exchange. The use of a large store room in the Illinois hotel building was donated and was artistically decorated after a plan representing a street of shops in an old French village. All sorts of wearing apparel, house furnishings, canned goods, vegetables and farm produce were donated and sold. A Tea Room was opened and became a very popular place for meeting one's friends. At Christmas time large quantities of toys—old toys renovated and repainted—were sold at low prices, and many children of the community had a happier Christmas with toys secured at the Exchange. The Exchange really served a double purpose and furnished an opportunity for people of limited means to secure good warm clothing at small cost and in most instances garments of a better quality than could be secured at double the cost.

A "Melting Pot" was one of the features of the Exchange. Here people brought articles of gold and silverware which they donated to the cause.

A salvage department was another feature. Auctions were held every Saturday with satisfactory results. When the hotel store room was required for a business tenant, the Exchange was moved across the street to J. A. Jordan's building, where it held forth for several weeks before being closed up with a grand auction sale in which all the remaining articles were disposed of. The Exchange turned into the Chapter treasury the sum of $3,100, a splendid help to the treasury at a time when it was much needed.

Civilian Relief—Home Service Section—Mrs. J. A. Bohrer, chairman; Mrs. A. V. S. Lloyd, secretary; Mrs. E. W. Oglevee in charge of "Comfort Kits"; Miss Florence B. Evans director of field work. Consultation Committee, Mrs. Mabel H. Seymour, Miss Margaret Robinson and Miss Jeanette Johnson.

Home Service was a distinctive enterprise, not duplicating, but cooperation with other established departments and agencies. It was the designated agent of the Government for helping soldiers, sailors and their families. There were two lines of work: First, the mechanical relationship with the Government through the filling out of forms and affidavits and the writing of letters; second, the human relationship with the family.

Nearly three thousand men leaving for service were supplied with Comfort Kits. The message carried by this little gift seemed to have a peculiar significance, being material evidence of friendship for the soldiers and sailors and the folks left at home. Through the contact with the men who called at the Home Service office for these kits, the committee obtained the names and addresses of most of the men who went into service from McLean County. The majority of these families were able, especially with the help of the allotments and the government allowances to maintain good standards of health, education and industry without relying upon outside service of any kind. But in many families the power of self-help was strained to the breaking point by lack of opportunity, by ill-health, or by the sudden changes in economic and social environment occasioned by the war. To help maintain the essential standards and the solidarity of these families was the Home Service worker's greatest opportunity for helpfulness.

To attempt this difficult task required a group of trained workers, and to meet the situation two Chapter Courses were held, consisting of a series of lectures in home service and social welfare, given by representatives from Central Division and the University of Illinois and Chicago. Mrs. Mabel H. Seymour, General Secretary of the Bureau of Social Service gave much time to directing students in the field work.

The Chapter was fortunate in having as a leader in this educational work Mrs. Charles Carroll Brown. Her work was so successful that in October, 1918, Central Division called her to a larger field of service. Fifty-five workers completed the courses of instructions, many persons interested in social welfare throughout the County were enrolled, and as a result twenty-one of the twenty-seven Branches had each a trained worker. This made it possible to carry the Home Service spirit into every part of the County, and to put into the home of almost every soldier and sailor certain important, definite information which many times spared the family much anxiety and distress. Too much cannot be said of the fine work done by the following Home Service Chairmen:

Anchor—Miss Minnie Martens.
Arrowsmith—Mrs. H. A. Bell.
Carlock—Mrs. Elmer Gerber, Mrs. I. U. Ropp.
Chenoa—Mrs. W. A. Chapman.
Colfax—Mrs. Du Bois Marquis, Mrs. R. B. Henderson.
Cooksville—Mrs. W. H. Mahan.
Cropsey—Mrs. M. B. Meeker.
Danvers—Mr. L. E. Skaggs, Rev. Edwin Sommer.
Dry Grove—Mrs. H. N. Harnes, Mr. Edwin Ropp.
Gridley—Mrs. W. D. Castle.
Heyworth—Mrs. J. P. Shelton.
Holder—Mrs. Luella Parker, Miss Alma Geske.
Hudson—Mrs. H. F. Carrithers, Mrs. E. L. Burtis.
Leroy—Mrs. A. J. Keenan, Mr. D. D. McKay.
Lexington—Mrs. J. V. McCullough.
McLean—Rev. C. H. Thrall.
Normal—Mrs. W. H. Johnson.
Saybrook—Mrs. Maude Crigler Anderson.
Stanford—Mr. W. C. Murphy.
Shirley—Miss Clara Douglass, Mrs. George Parke.
Towanda—Mrs. Elva McKenzie.
Weston—Mrs. Carrie Eckhart.

Home Service opportunities were legion, but the following will illustrate both the need and meaning of the service:

a. Informing families of their right to allotments and government allowances, and encouraging them to have their men in the service take out insurance.

b. Trying to understand by patient talks and visits to the home the real problems of the family.

c. Caring for the sick and convalescent. The doctors and hospitals giving their services in many instances.

d. Protecting inexperienced young wives and comforting lonely mothers.

e. Meeting emergencies caused by delay in the payments of allotments and allowances, and supplementing these when necessary.

f. Maintaining relations with social agencies, doctors, lawyers, nurses, teachers, ministers and priests, business men and others who were likely to know of complications which should have attention.

g. Re-establishing communication with men in camps here or overseas in cases where long periods of silence had elapsed.

To families where the soldier did not return,—where a gold star replaced the blue, the Home Service felt a special call, and many times the silk American flag was placed on the coffin by the Red Cross visitor.

Too much credit cannot be given to the twenty faithful visitors and the helpers in the office. These women responded to calls day or night and no request from the family of a service man went unheeded. One of the workers, seeing great need for financial assistance for soldiers' and sailors' families interested her personal friends in this part of the relief and raised a fund of $1418 for special comforts for those in need.

The interests of the colored soldiers and their families were under the care of Mrs. Fred Wyche, who having taken the Chapter Course was

First shipment of Red Cross Hospital supplies from County Chapter, May, 1917.
Persons in picture—Miss Caroline Schertz, nurse; Corp. Burns, Sergt. Lishka.

well prepared for the work and proved herself one of the most faithful of the visitors.

During the war emergency the work was carried on untiringly by volunteers. With demobilization, when other Red Cross departments ceased activities, the Home Service work increased and reached its peak in the after-care service. Congress enacted new laws, and it was necessary for the workers to keep accurately informed as to all changes regarding compensations, insurance, vocational training, bonus, army clothing, travel allowance, land, etc., that they might be of real help to the former service men.

In September, 1919, a United States Public Health Surgeon was appointed for McLean County and later a Dentist, which facilitated the work of obtaining compensation, and medical and hospital care for the disabled soldier.

Home Service touched the lives of so many people in so many different ways, that there is scarcely any part of the life of the County with which the workers did not become acquainted. They were hurriedly brought together by the emergency of the war. Many of them are still learning the art of helping people, and they do not lightly abandon the friendship and confidence of the soldiers and sailors and their families.

Over 6000 persons called at the office.

More than 3000 visits were made.

91 persons were given hospital care and there were 25 confinement cases.

250 applications for bonus were sent in.

70 affidavits for liberty bonds, amounting to $4750, filled out.

Converted insurance amounting to over $100,000.

Filed 225 compensation claims, and 42 insurance claims.

130 stranded men were helped.

Relief was given to the amount of $14,235.80.

The field work and keeping of records was in charge of Miss Florence B. Evans, a trained social service worker, and her careful attention to detail kept things running smoothly. Twenty faithful visitors responded to calls night or day to give help or advice to any soldier's or sailor's family.

Nothing was more appreciated by service men's families than the work of this department in re-establishing communication with their men in camps here or abroad in cases where long periods of silence had elapsed. In most of these cases, letters had simply failed to reach their destination. If information came that a man was wounded, it was Home Service work to proffer such help and consolation as human sympathy could give.

Up to the first of November, 1918, all the work of the Civilian Relief and Home Service committees was performed by volunteer workers, who showed ability and untiring energy. One of the workers in the Home Service office, Miss Laura McCurdy, seeing great need for financial assistance for soldiers' families, interested her personal friends in this part of the relief and raised a fund of $1418 for special comforts for the families, especially young mothers and prospective mothers.

Special commendation should be given to Miss Mary B. Rhoads, who entered the office at about the time of the close of the war, and in the strenuous months of the demobilization carried on the work with great efficiency and devotion.

Junior Membership—Miss Mary A. Kromer, chairman, succeeded by Mrs. M. B. Folsom. This department was organized in February, 1918, but little was done that year except in rural districts. A few schools had been making refugee garments, etc., prior to junior enrollment, and they continued to the close of the year. The girls of the Bloomington high school made surgical dressings at the chapter workshop, and one day was set apart for them. Work of enrollment for 1918-19 was retarded by the influenza epidemic in October. During the year a quota of 1,500 picture and scrap books were made for hospital patients. The manual training department of the Bloomington high made 50 canes. The Juniors aided materially in the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals.

The enrollment of the Junior Red Cross in 1918 was 70 auxiliaries and 6703 pupils. This is a little over 50 per cent of the children of the county.

Special Committee First Red Cross Fund—Howard D. Humphreys, general chairman; executive committee, Mayor E. E. Jones of Bloomington, Chairman Campbell Holton of the Bloomington chapter, Oscar Mandel, Milton R. Livingston, Alonzo Dolan, Paul F. Beich, John B. Lennon, Dr. E. Mammen, E. M. Evans, and Dr. McIntosh of the Colfax branch. The publicity chairman was Louis O. Eddy, and secretary Mrs. N. D. McKinney.

The county was divided into districts, the city voting precinct boundaries being used in Bloomington, and township boundaries in the outside territory. The apportionment of the amount to be raised in each district was according to the population. The campaign was a strenuous one, being the first big war drive undertaken in McLean county. Daily luncheons were held at Red Cross headquarters in the Durley building, and reports made from the city precincts and the outside branches.

The total quota for the county was $50,000, and the campaign closed with a total of $68,194.19 pledged, an over-subscription of 36 per cent.

Special Committee Second Red Cross War Fund—E. M. Evans, general chairman; Davis Ewing, chairman for the city of Bloomington; A. J. Keenan of Leroy, chairman for the branches; Louis O. Eddy, publicity chairman.

This campaign was conducted along the same lines as the first, so far as apportionment was concerned. A contest was instituted between the city and the branches to see which should capture a beautiful silk Red Cross flag. The flag was offered by Mr. Evans, general chairman, to the group which should have the largest percentage of oversubscription. The winner was Shirley branch, with an oversubscription of 156 per cent, while Funk's Grove township with 140 percent oversubscribed was second; then came McLean branch with 76 per cent, Hudson with 43 per cent and the city of Bloomington with 54 per cent. A special fund was raised before the campaign to pay the cost of the campaign. C. E. Gillen, proprietor of the Illinois hotel, donated the use of a large corner room on the ground floor for campaign headquarters, and the trustees of the Masonic temple gave the use of their dining and serving rooms for the daily luncheons. The quota assigned to McLean county was $70,000. The total subscriptions for the county were $99,460.11, and special expense fund $571, making a grand total raised in McLean county of $100,031.11, an oversubscription of 42 per cent.

Influenza Committee—About the first of October, 1918, several cases of the Spanish influenza appeared in the city. On the 10th, authority was received from Central Division office for the chapter to take steps to combat the disease, which by that time was epidemic. The same day a committee was appointed, headed by Dr. Mammen and composed of Red Cross workers in the nursing department, Home Service department, prominent city officials and citizens, who met and organized for immediate service. Two rooms in the public library were placed at the disposal of the committee for information headquarters and bureau of telephone service. It was soon seen that special hospital accommodations would be needed, as one of the local hospitals would not receive these patients and the other only a limited number.

At the S. A. T. C. camp of the Wesleyan a number of the soldier students were down with the disease. A fraternity house was offered and opened the following day, with volunteer workers. A food supply committee also began work at once.

The Bloomington Country Club offered the use of their club house free of charge, and by midnight of that same day a hospital was in operation there with twenty-one patients, the second night there were 72 patients. A third hospital was soon opened in the spacious home of Mrs. M. T. Scott, who offered it for that use. The S. A. T. C. patients were removed to the Scott hospital. The Bloomington Club offered the third floor of their club house for a convalescent hospital, with trained dieticians in charge. The chairman of the chapter publicity committee kept the public informed thru the newspapers of the precautions to be taken as a means of prevention. The daily papers generously co-operated.

As the epidemic spread, the emergency hospitals could accommodate only a comparatively small number of those needing care, and a large number of women volunteered to do practical nursing in the homes. These women left their own homes to do the most menial tasks, as well as to nurse the sick, in the homes of some of the city's most unfortunates. It was the most serious epidemic which had ever come upon the city. The local chapter of the Red Cross was the only agency which could have handled the situation. Its credit was such that no time was lost in securing equipment and supplies, for every one knew that every legitimate bill would be paid. There is no question that the efforts of the Red Cross greatly diminished the number of cases, and that without its assistance and intelligent care many more persons would have perished. It was a fine example of what a live chapter of Red Cross can accomplish in peace activity.

Public Health Nursing—In February, 1918, a special committee on public health nursing was appointed with Miss Margaret Robinson as chairman. A full time nurse was employed and an office opened in one of the school buildings. Cases were referred to the visiting nurse by the Day Nursery association, Bureau of Social Service, public schools and individuals. The nurse was very capable and the results satisfactory. The nurse resigned in September. In June, 1919, a full time health officer wase employed by the city commissioners of Bloomington, and the services of the Red Cross nurse will hereafter be directed by the health director.

Christmas Packets—In October, 1917, a special committee was appointed with Mrs. David Davis as chairman, to prepare Christmas bags for men in the service. Nearly all the money to buy the contents of these bags was contributed as a special fund for Christmas cheer. There were 1,440 bags filled and shipped in time to reach the men in the camps by Christmas.

In October, 1918, a special committee was appointed with Mrs. N. D. McKinney, chapter secretary, as chairman, to inspect Christmas packets sent to men overseas. The chapter furnished wrapping paper, cord and Christmas cards for all the boxes. The committee were asked for suggestions as to contents and gave help in that way. There were 785 boxes inspected at the chapter offices, of a total weight of 2,000 pounds. The total postage paid on the packages was $150. A number of the branches inspected the packets sent from their districts and these numbered 320.

Red Cross War Funds—First Fund:

Quota assigned to county	$50,000.00
Total subscribed	68,194.19
Total collected	66,488.79

Second War Fund:

Quota assigned to county	$70,000.00
Total subscribed	99,460.11
Total collected	98,122.24

Shipments by McLean county chapter to Bush Terminal and Central Division from May 21, 1917, to June, 1919:

Surgical dressings	331,732, value	$11,262.68
Hospital garments	39,091, value	20,152.03
Hospital supplies	32,106, value	5,642.94
Refugee garments	7,971, value	7,081.11
Comforts	5,408, value	1,744.05
Knitted articles	24,806, value	77,256.50
Totals	441,114, value	$123,139.31

The branches in the county shipped to the Bloomington workshop 228,742 articles. Besides the articles shipped, thousands were turned over to the Allied Relief Committee, were supplied to the tuberculosis sanatorium, to the Day Nursery, the Girls' Industrial Home, Victory Hall for boys, the Salvation Army, Brokaw and St. Joseph hospitals, or furnished for use in the influenza epidemic of 1918, or supplied to the Red Cross Health and Home Service sections.

Knitted articles and supplies, February, 1917, to December, 1919: Sweaters, 7,571; Socks, 6,576 pairs; Mufflers, 1,964; Helmets, 804; Wristlets, 3,649 pairs; Trench caps, 60; Total number, 20,624. Total value, $66,839.75. Surgical Dressings, from March, 1917, to December, 1918: Number dressings, 331,732; Value of dressings, $11,262.68; Branches furnished 125,639 pieces.

French and Belgian relief clothing and supplies: First drive, 71 cases weighing 7,300 pounds. First drive chapter quota, 1,030 pounds. Second drive, 145 cases, weighing 12,285 pounds. Packing and shipping: To Bush Terminal, New York, 17 boxes hospital supplies and surgical dressings. To Central division, 281 cartons for surgical dressings. 122 cases hospital supplies. 103 cases knitted garments and supplies. To commission for Relief in France and Belgium: 216 cases. To concentration depot, 12 barrels peach pits and nut shells. To branches, yarn and cut garments, 1,200 packages.

Nursing: 83 nurses enrolled for service from district. 15 nurses in district enrolled for service overseas. 33 nurses from Bloomington in service. 8 nurses from Bloomington in service overseas.

Instruction class enrollment: 129 certificates issued in home nursing. 73 certificates issued in First Aid.

Special Relief Work—In June, 1917, large portions of the cities of Mattoon and Charleston, in Coles county, were destroyed by a tornado. The Chapter executive committee decided to at once head a subscription for funds for the sufferers and ascertain what other help could be given. Miss Justis, chairman of the nursing service, arranged to furnish nurses. She and three nurses from Brokaw hospital, Misses Yarp, Schertz and Schreiner, were among the first to reach the stricken towns. Miss Justis returned in a few days to recruit other nurses from the district. Miss Yarp and Miss Schertz from Bloomington remained in the towns for three weeks, and were of great assistance in organizing the nursing service there. Quite a sum of money was forwarded from Bloomington, having been subscribed through the Pantagraph.

Bazaar and Sale—The colored people of McLean county conducted a bazaar and sale in Bloomington in October, 1918, for the benefit of the local chapter. Mrs. Samantha Crook Wright and Mrs. Belle Blue Claxton headed the committee in charge. All the fruits, vegetables, poultry and other articles were donated, and the net proceeds of the sale, $175.73, turned over to the chapter. This sale was conducted as an expression of the loyalty of the colored people to the American Red Cross.

Service Badges—One hundred and sixty-five badges have been issued to Red Cross workers who were entitled to them for having completed the required number of hours of work in the interest of the Red Cross.

The Future—The permanency of the McLean county chapter seems assured. During the four years of its existence it proved to the public that the Red Cross principles upon which it is founded are most worthy of perpetuation and support. The influenza epidemic in both chapter and branch territory in October and November, 1918, furnished a wonderful and convincing illustration of what an active Red Cross chapter means to a community at such a time. There was no cutting of red tape, no wires to pull—merely quick and effective action. It is recognized that the prompt measures taken by the Red Cross in this epidemic averted a more serious calamity and lessened the number of deaths through prevention of contagion.

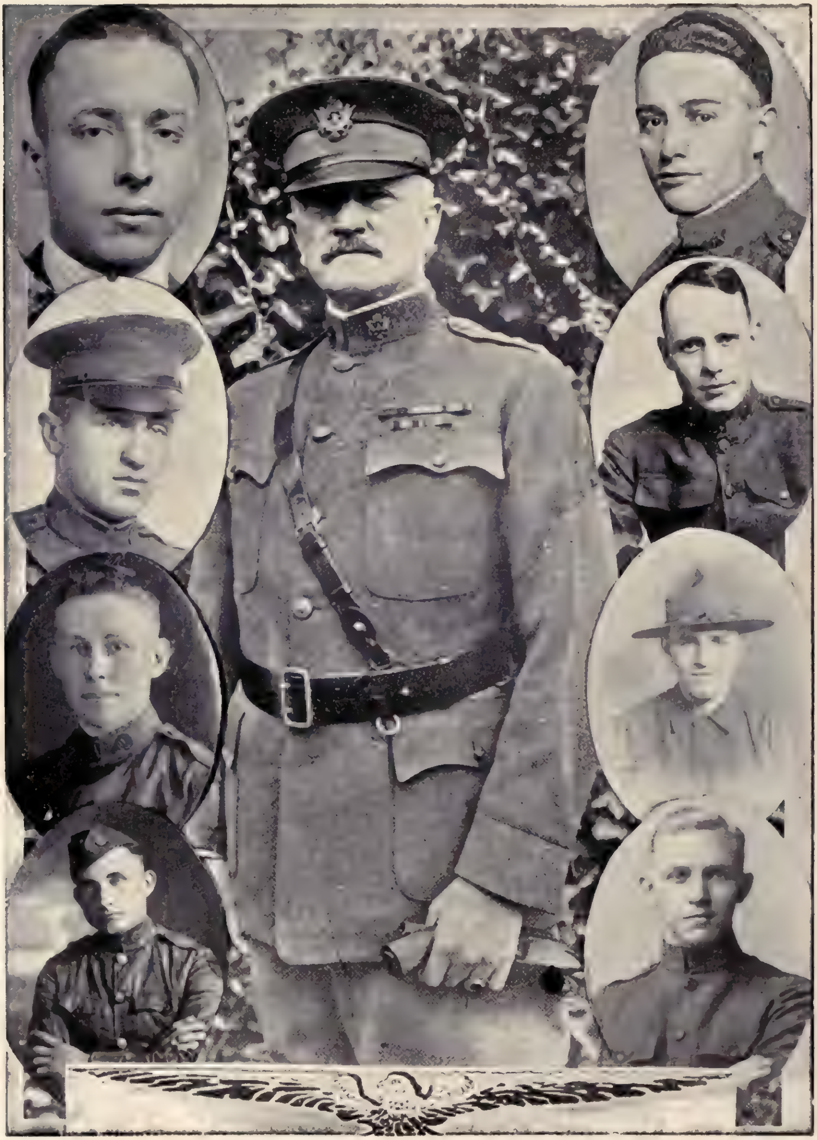
A Band of Boosters for the Red Cross in the first great War Drive, June, 1917.

"BY DAWN'S EARLY LIGHT"

Pantagraph, Nov. 12, 1918: It was about 3 a. m. The whistling locomotives and the clanging first bells were awakening the community and the enthusiasts were making their way up town to join the jubilee. For a few minutes there was a lull in the ear splitting noise. This proved to be a golden opportunity for a cornetist, somewhere in the northeast section of the city. Stepping to the porch of his home, he played the "Star Spangled Banner," throwing his whole soul into the inspiring strains. It was a beautiful and appropriate interpolation and thrilled all who were privileged to hear it. The player, Dr. A. F. Strange, will never know the effect of the selection upon his widely scattered auditors, but it was an inspiration to all within hearing of the silvery notes. It seemed as if again "bombs were bursting in air" and all knew the "flag was still there." Patriotism was strengthened and the jubilee given a finer meaning to those who stood reverently in hearing. There was a universal sigh of regret when the final note died away. It was a benediction of the early morn of peace.

COMMANDER OF THE A. E. F.

(AND SOME OF OUR BOYS)



Center—Gen. John J. Pershing; *left row, top to bottom*—Sergt. Erwin Albee, W. H. Pemberton, Dewey C. Witt, William Price.
Right row, top to bottom—William O'Hara, Benoni S. Iungerich, Joe Nowatski, Lt. Henry Schneider.

LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGNS.

The people of McLean County loaned to the federal government during the war a total of about $11,000,000 of their money to help bring ultimate victory. This great sum was the payment on liberty bonds bought by the people of the county during five different drives which the government put on at different times, averaging in a rough way about six months apart during the period of American participation in the war. This huge total was nearly thirty times the cost of the court house of the county which was built just after the great fire. The very first public notice in McLean County calling attention to the fact that the government would have war bonds to sell to the people, was published in the newspapers of Bloomington on May 30, 1917, and read as follows:

''In accordance with steps taken by numerous counties in this and other states, it was deemed advisable to call a meeting of the bankers of McLean county for the purpose of perfecting an organization for the advertisement and sale of Liberty bonds. The responsibility of marketing this issue largely falls upon the banker, and they in this connection are called upon to 'do their bit.'

''The meeting for McLean County will be held in the Association of Commerce rooms in the Griesheim building, Bloomington, Ill., on Saturday afternoon, June 2, at 4 o'clock p. m. It is earnestly requested that your bank be represented, at such meeting, by as many officers and directors as possible to express the sentiment of your community and also to offer suggestions for the successful marketing of these bonds locally.''

This was signed by H. K. Hoblit, Adolph Woehner and Frank M. Rice, committee.

This meeting was held as called on June 2, in the rooms of the Association of Commerce, with John J. Pitts as chairman and F. L. Garst of Stanford, secretary. E. H. Leith and John Dacey of the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank were present and laid the matter before the assembled bankers. Talks were also made by L. L. Silliman of Chenoa, George E. Dooley of Leroy, Mr. J. H. Stephenson and Mr. Simpson of Danvers, Mr. Churchill of Chenoa, Mr. Arnold of Cooksville, D. G. Fitzgerrell of Normal, A. J. Keenan of Leroy, J. B. Lennon, Mayor Jones and L. G. Whitmer of Bloomington and Mr. Garst of Stanford. A plan of campaign for the sale of bonds in the county was presented by H. K. Hoblit. A permanent organization was formed for pushing the liberty loan, with John J. Pitts as president, D. G. Fitzgerrell of Normal as vice-president, and H. K. Hoblit as secretary. The executive committee was H. K. Hoblit, Adolph Woehner and Frank Rice. The following bankers were appointed to assist in the general campaign:

Frank W. Aldrich of McLean, F. L. Garst of Stanford, J. H. Stephenson of Danvers, Mr. Ewins of Carlock, R. A., Ensign of Hudson, F. S. Kelly of Chenoa, L. L. Silliman of Chenoa, O. L. Hiser of Lexington, L. B. Strayer of Lexington, S. S. Bolton of Towanda, Thomas Arnold of Cooksville, H. L. Barnes of Colfax, Harry Arnold of Colfax, A. R. Tunks of Colfax, Jacob Martens of Anchor, H. L. Barnes of Cropsey, F. W. Boston of Holder, C. A. Shinkle of Ellsworth, H. Van Gundy of Arrowsmith, John Jacobs of Arrowsmith, A. W. Froehlich of Saybrook, R. R. Cheney of Saybrook, C. A. Schureman of Saybrook, George Carson of Bellflower, Arthur Gooch of Bellflower, J. A. Taylor of Leroy, L. C. Keenan of Leroy, E. B. Lanier of Downs, J. T. Buck of Heyworth, J. P. Shelton of Heyworth, G. M. Deaver of Gridley, J. R. Heiple of Gridley, D. U. Claudon of Meadows, L. H. Kerrick of Normal, D. G. Fitzgerrell of Normal, J. J. Pitts and the following Bloomington bankers: J. J. Pitts, Adolph Woehner, Frank M. Rice, H. K. Hoblit, W. H. Brown, W. L. Moore, and C. M. Harlan.

The first liberty loan drive in this county was carried on with remarkably little talk, publicity or excitement. It was almost wholly in the hands of the bankers, and they pushed the sales mainly with the people with whom they did business. The newspapers gave but little space to the campaign from day to day, and modest advertising space was used by the banks. There were volunteer speakers who addressed crowds at the moving picture theaters. Subscriptions by mail and otherwise to the banks totaled about $700,000 at the end of the first week, according to Secretary Hoblit's announcement, although the county's quota as assigned by the government was $1,500,000. On the last day of the campaign, the total had reached $811,700, or about 60 per cent of the county's quota. It was announced after the close of the time limit, June 15, that the total had reached $1,007,000, but this later shrank to about $800,000 as allowance had to be made for duplications of reports. The Boy Scouts of the city and county were credited with selling a total of $35,000 through their personal efforts. Lawson Henninger of Bloomington personally sold $12,500, while others who sold ten or more bonds were Kenneth Wells, Glen Whitcomb, Norval Goelzer. Each of these boys received a war badge for his services.

Second Liberty Loan

It was on October 1, 1917, that the first meeting of bankers of McLean County was held after the announcement of the government's second liberty loan plan. At this meeting there was very little definite information at hand. John Dacey of the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank again was present and spoke and exhibited a sample of the $100 bond. On the next day, October 2, a meeting was held in the Association of Commerce rooms of a committee of bankers with other citizens. An executive committee was then named to push the loan, the committee consisting of Mayor Jones, John W. Harber, Joseph Sprague, R. C. Baldwin, J. J. Condon, Paul F. Beich, L. G. Whitmer, M. R. Livingston, W. S. Harwood, H. K. Hoblit, Campbell Holton and Frank Oberkoetter.

On October 4 another meeting was held for general organization, when the following officers were chosen: Chairman, John J. Pitts; vice chairman, H. K. Hoblit; secretary, J. H. Hudson. Precinct chairmen were appointed for all the precincts of the city, as follows, in the order of number: Hal M. Stone, G. C. Heberling, P. W. Coleman, Bert Thriege, John M. McDonald, Frank Ryan, Will Costigan, George Monroe, R. C. Baldwin, Sumner Goodfellow, Oscar Mandel, C. L. Hills, C. L. Miller, Harry Surface, Dr. A. W. Meyer, Henry Oberkoetter, J. F. Heffernan, Ralph Hasenwinkle, Wesley Owen, David Wochner, J. W. Harber, Edward Fahey, E. R. Morgan, J. L. Bonnett, Jesse Hoffman, J. W. Rodgers, Charles E. Hall. For Bloomington township, outside the city, B. T. Alexander and Amos Johnson. For Normal, D. G. Fitzgerrell.

A vacant room of the Hunter building was rented and equipped with chairs, tables, etc., for headquarters, and R. M. Darst placed in charge, with Edward F. McKinney as assistant. A series of noon lunches was planned, when canvassers could get together and hear reports on the canvass. A number of lawyers were enlisted for making four minute speeches in favor of the bonds at the theaters and other public gatherings. Ministers promised to refer to the drive from their pulpits on the first Sunday after the organization. At the end of two days it was announced that $100,000 in bonds had been sold.

The active house to house canvass began October 15 and increased with more fervor every day from that time. An organization of women headed by Mrs. J. C. Riley was formed throughout the county which worked with the men's committees. The organization was now complete throughout the county. Four minute men organized with C. B. Hughes as chairman and R. F. Dunn secretary. Daily luncheons were held with reports of the campaign. On the 18th a mass meeting was held at the high school with rousing speeches by Henry Rathbone and Gov. Fifer. The quota for the county, set at $1,800,000, was apparently reached with the final reports on October 31, but later figures shrank the total somewhat below the quota. The published figures were:

Cropsey	$ 6,500	Arrowsmith	11,000
Anchor	5,700	Saybrook	25,750
McLean	30,150	Leroy	90,000
Stanford	42,000	Danvers	33,950
Carlock	7,950	Bellflower	36,450
Lexington	30,150	Heyworth	16,550
Hudson	20,500	Ellsworth	7,200
Towanda	18,000	Meadows	9,100
Holder	8,000	Downs	5,650
Chenoa	120,000	Normal	130,000
Colfax	19,000	Bloomington	1,129,850
Gridley	33,250		
Cooksville	16,500	Total	$1,852,500

Revised figures from some of the townships changed the total considerably, and the final figure stood at about $1,200,000.

Third Liberty Loan

The announcement of the campaign for the third liberty loan came in March, 1918, and the campaign actually began on April 6, the anniversary of the entrance of America into the war. The organization in McLean County was more thorough than in the two previous campaigns. Harris K. Hoblit was appointed general chairman for McLean County and D. G. Fitzgerrell of Normal was appointed vice chairman. These men went to Chicago early in March and consulted the state organizers for the loan, and then along toward the end of the month the local organization was completed. The vacated room in the corner of the Illinois hotel building was rented as headquarters, and a general committee of ten named to supervise the campaign, this committee being composed of Mrs. J. C. Riley, W. T. Wolcott of the Alton shops organization, L. G. Whitmer, R. C. Baldwin, J. J. Condon, L. O. Eddy, M. R. Livingston, W. L. Moore, Mayor Jones and C. B. Hughes. Mrs. Riley was again named as chairman of the women's organization. There were local committees in every township of the county, and precinct committees for all sections of the city of Bloomington. The quota for the county was fixed at $1,782,000, and the campaign started with a burst of speed. By April 11, the sum of $1,100,000 had been subscribed.

On April 16 the general committee of ten issued the following statement, announcing that the county's quota had been voluntarily raised: ''Inasmuch as in the two previous campaigns McLean county has not taken her just part, now that our quota has been reached we should not be satisfied with a smaller subscription than two and a half million. The work should go on with as much activity as it has in the last ten days, until every resident of the county has had an opportunity to subscribe their proper proportion.''

The campaign went on vigorously, and the next day after this announcement was made, the subscriptions had reached the two million dollar mark. Liberty day, the first anniversary of America's entry in the war, was celebrated with a great spurt. By April 23rd, the total had reached $2,444,000 on a quota of $2,500,000, and by the 27th had reached $2,777,000. On May 1st it was announced that the total for the county was then $2,900,000. The momentum continued, and at the close of the campaign the pledges had well passed the three million dollar goal.

The average over-subscription of the whole state of Illinois was 55 per cent. McLean county made an oversubscription of 68 per cent.

In the entire state the amount of money placed in bonds per capita was $39.85. In McLean county the amount subscribed per capita was $44.08.

The total number of persons subscribing to the third Liberty loan in the state was 521,561. Of those, 25,611 subscribed in McLean county.

The per cent of population which subscribed in the state at large was 25 per cent. In McLean county 38 per cent of the population subscribed to the loan.

The average size of the subscription in the state was $157. In McLean county the average size of subscription was $117, showing that we made our good showing not by the great subscriptions of a few men, but by the many subscriptions of the less wealthy.

Fourth Liberty Loan

After the completion of the third liberty loan campaign, the organization of workers both in Bloomington and thruout the county was kept more or less intact, hence when on September 26, 1918, it was announced that a fourth issue of bonds would call upon McLean county for a quota of $3,767,927, there was not a quaver of doubt that the people of the county would rise to this call of a large financial sacrifice as they had in other ways met the emergencies. H. K. Hoblit was again chosen head of the county organization, with many of the same workers as had been active in other campaigns, both in the city and county. The Chicago & Alton liberty loan organization was notably thorough and efficient, extending from the president's office down to the various departments. The shops and road men of Bloomington had a working machine which went through with a fine tooth comb the entire organization of employes.

September 28 was declared as volunteer day, and on that date a total of $1,391,100 in subscriptions was rounded up. In the city of Bloomington the results on volunteer day totaled $694,400. On the evening of October 1 there was a gigantic parade of those who had volunteered, held in Bloomington. On the second day of the campaign it was announced that a total of $1,741,550 had been subscribed, and that Mt. Hope was the first township to go ''over the top'' on its quota.

On October 2, the two million dollar mark had been past. On October 5 a train load of war battlefield relics sent out by the government was exhibited in Bloomington as a spur to patriotism. Great crowds went to the Big Four depot to see them. By October 11, seven townships had reached their goals, these being Anchor, Bellflower, Blue Mound, Cropsey, Funk's Grove, Mt. Hope, and Normal. On October 16, the county was still $500,000 behind its quota, but on October 20 it was announced the county quota had been passed, the figures being summarized as follows: County's quota, $3,767,927; raised, $3,813,200. For the city of Bloomington: Quota, $1,539,732; raised, $1,544,850; oversubscribed, $5,178. Outside the city, quota, $2,228,198; raised, $2,268,350; oversubscription, $40,155.

In the successful termination of this remarkable campaign, special credit was given to Mr. Hoblit, Daniel G. Fitzgerrell of Normal, L. O. Eddy for the publicity; C. B. Hughes for the effective speaking campaign. The women under the direction of Mrs. J. C. Riley were given due credit. O. E. Forrester was commended for his work in keeping records at headquarters.

The Alton shop men raised in this campaign $200,000, and the men of the whole system about one million dollars. On the last day of the campaign, the telegraph operators of the system subscribed for $3,700 of bonds. The Alton ran a Liberty Loan special train with Sergt. McCarthy as orator.

During the last two weeks of the campaign, the talk of an early ending of the war upset the notions of the people that the loan was necessary, and that it was oversubscribed in the face of all this tendency makes the success of the campaign all the more remarkable.

The Victory Loan

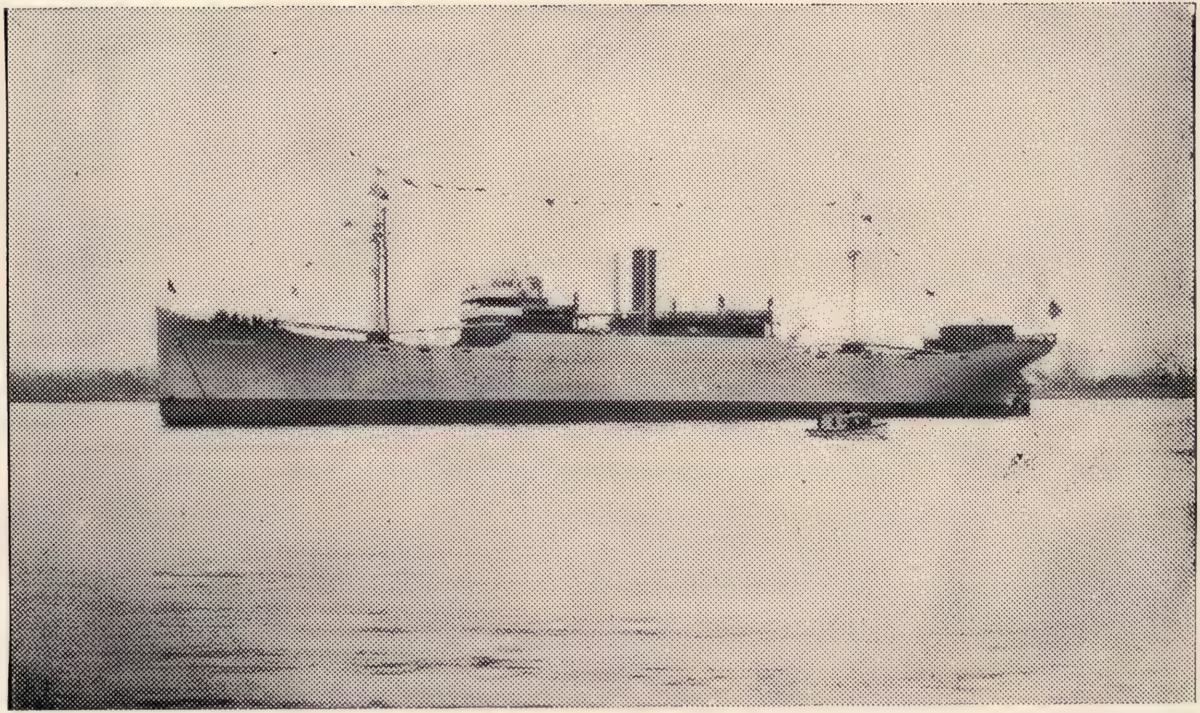
The fifth and last government loan floated for war purposes was known as the Victory Loan, for it was put out after the signing of the armistice, the partial demobilization of the army and navy, and the purpose of the loan was the payment of the vast expenses incurred by the government in the finishing up of the great war task on which the nation had entered. It was announced in April, 1919, about five months after the signing of the armistice. McLean county's quota was announced on April 15 as $2,904,000, which was somewhat less than the quota for the fourth loan. The organization throughout the county remained much the same as it had been for the fourth loan, and Chairman Hoblit announced that the slogan for this campaign would be: ''Get it in one day.'' The preliminary plans were made with this end in view, of making a whirlwind start and get the county's quota subscribed in the shortest possible time. Hon. John Burke, treasurer of the United States, spoke in Bloomington on April 16, the next day after the announcement of the quota.

The campaign in this county started with a remarkable burst of speed. On April 17, three days before the general start, Supervisor A. L. Hutson of Martin township notified Chairman Hoblit that his township had already subscribed its quota. On the 18th, Cropsey reported through Chairman G. M. Meeker that that township had oversubscribed its quota to the extent of $3,000. Jacob Martens of Anchor the same day reported Anchor over the top. The city of Bloomington by action of its council voted to invest $7,500 of its surplus funds in liberty bonds.

April 21 was observed as ''Victory Day,'' and it was announced that the county had subscribed for $1,500,000 in bonds by the close of that day, this figure being larger than the total subscriptions from this county during either the first or second loan campaigns. That same night there were nine townships which had reached their quotas, as follows: Anchor, Chenoa, Cropsey, Mt. Hope, Empire, Allin, Martin and Cheney's Grove. The first day at the Chicago & Alton railroad and shops had secured $40,700, this sum coming from 500 of the 1,700 men at the shops. The rear room of the public library building was used as headquarters in this drive, and it was a busy place from the first. Solicitors were out in the field in every precinct of the city and every township in the county, except where the work was finished up the first day. On April 24 it was announced that the two million dollar mark had been reached in the local campaign, the subscriptions reaching $757,500 in the city of Bloomington and $1,309,000 in the county outside the city. Gridley, Funk's Grove, Danvers, Dawson and Cheney's Grove were added to those who had reached their quota. Captured German helmets were given as souvenirs to township or precinct chairmen who had put their organizations over the top.

At the end of the first week of the drive, the sum of $2,277,600 had been subscribed or about four-fifths of the desired total. Fourteen townships and seven city precincts had gone over the top. The campaign finally came to a close on May 3, with the following results:

In county, outside city	$1,930,550
In city of Bloomington	1,315,100
Total	$3,245,650



The 8,000 Ton Freight Ship, "Evergreen City," which was Built by the U. S. Shipping Board and Named in Honor of Bloomington for its Large Subscription to the Fifth or Liberty Loan in 1919. The Ship was Launched at Bristol, Pa., on March 20, 1920, with Miss Margaret Fenton as Official Sponsor.

At the close of the campaign, the following summary of the results of the campaign among the Alton railroad employes showed that they more than did their part:

	Per cent of employes subscribed	Total amount
Conductors	75	$13,800
Road engineers	64	30,150
Road trainmen	19	2,800
Yard engineers	66	2,450
Yard firemen	41	1,550
Road Trainmen	22	4,450
Switchmen	52	5,750
Station force and freight house employes	78	52,750
Maintenance of way employes	76	59,850

Summary

By subscribing its portion to the Victory Loan in 1919, McLean County did two things worthy of its name and its august history. It oversubscribed the last of the great war drives, the campaign that brought the boys home. And it also raised a sufficient sum to make the total pledges of five loans greater than the combined quotas of those loans. Thus McLean county was more than one hundred percent in its financial aid to the war. It defies reproach. It has maintained its historical prestige of sound sense, integrity and patriotism. Here are the figures that show the financial war history of McLean county:

Loan	Quota	Subscription
First	$ 1,300,000	$ 800,000
Second	1,700,000	1,200,000
Third	1,762,000	3,000,000
Fourth	3,676,000	3,805,000
"Victory"	2,866,900	2,885,900
Grand total	$11,305,900	$11,690,900

The following were the total subscriptions by townships and precincts for the third, fourth and fifth loan campaigns:

Townships	Third	Fourth	Fifth
Allin	$ 69,950	$ 71,000	$ 62,500
Anchor	56,450	54,250	60,000
Arrowsmith	53,150	56,150	43,750
Bellflower	47,600	66,150	50,000
Blue Mound	56,600	72,250	56,350
Chenoa	99,450	126,950	123,050
Cheney's Grove	81,000	97,700	92,750
Cropsey	21,100	31,650	32,450
Danvers	82,450	87,750	67,700
Dale	40,150	60,800	50,050
Dawson	39,800	71,310	66,000
Downs	41,000	56,300	53,000
Dry Grove	38,350	52,100	39,850
Empire	93,400	148,180	111,000
Funks Grove	29,500	44,700	43,900
Gridley	104,250	103,800	95,350
Hudson	47,800	60,700	65,300
Lawndale	28,000	41,900	32,000
Lexington	65,150	122,500	93,500
Martin	54,050	93,850	67,550
Money Creek	29,150	43,200	32,800

Townships	Third	Fourth	Fifth
Mt. Hope	89,200	96,000	81,600
Old Town	41,000	53,350	30,000
Normal	208,700	278,200	232,000
Randolph	73,650	89,850	93,300
Towanda	47,350	67,050	51,000
White Oak	33,350	38,950	24,400
West	38,350	55,400	43,000
Yates	29,450	49,200	30,150
Bloomington Tp.	60,950	51,750	44,600
	$1,800,340	$2,341,940	$1,968,900

	Third	Fourth	Fifth
City No. 1	$ 59,150	$ 81,250	$ 75,550
City No. 2	60,700	66,950	53,800
City No. 3	42,400	63,600	35,450
City No. 4	6,000	4,450	750
City No. 5	5,000	10,550	6,400
City No. 6	13,500	13,800	13,950
City No. 7	8,450	7,850	5,750
City No. 8	33,600	30,750	28,900
City No. 9	27,350	30,200	17,750
City No. 10	83,450	111,800	80,450
City No. 11	65,200	92,350	87,350
City No. 12	38,100	50,750	68,950
City No. 13	8,800	9,050	15,300
City No. 14	6,200	6,850	350
City No. 15	12,450	9,100	9,900
City No. 16	19,400	17,650	10,800
City No. 17	25,600	20,050	13,750
City No. 18	71,900	102,750	75,350
City No. 19	64,500	79,100	39,900
City No. 20	8,450	9,100	3,800
City No. 21	20,750	22,850	40,200
City No. 22	10,900	5,250	2,400
City No. 23	62,150	86,900	54,850
City No. 24	26,950	32,600	44,550
City No. 25	60,450	81,450	69,850
City No. 26	36,450	43,000	41,100
City No. 27	12,200	16,650	14,850
City No. 28	20,350	13,250	10,800
City No. 29	83,250	26,450	26,050
City No. 30	19,750	23,650	13,600
Totals	$1,013,400	$1,251,000	$962,450

The personnel of the leadership for the different drives in the county changed to some extent, but many of the same people were active in all the last three liberty loan campaigns. The following is the list of names for the several townships for the third, fourth and fifth loans, the first name in each instance being the township chairman for the third, the second name for the fourth and third name for the fifth. In cases where the same chairman acted in two campaigns, it being given only once:

Allin—C. F. Kauffmann.
Anchor—Jacob Martens.
Arrowsmith—J. H. Henton, Earl W. Bane, R. S. Krum.
Bellflower—W. S. Bingham.
Bloomington—Fred J. Blum.

Blue Mound—Charles E. Wonderlin, Thomas Arnold.
Chenoa—L. L. Binnion.
Cheney's Grove—H. D. Stine.
Cropsey—F. E. Meeker, G. M. Meeker.
Danvers—E. P. Krum, L. A. Berg.
Dale—W. C. Rogers.
Dawson—Matthew Richardson.
Downs—Ed. L. Weaver.
Dry Grove—F. L. Bramwell.
Empire—George Dooley, A. J. Keenan.
Funks Grove—C. L. Disher.
Gridley—G. A. Manshardt, Thomas Moate.
Hudson—R. A. Ensign.
Lawndale—Charles Atkinson.
Lexington—H. S. Shade.
Martin—R. O. Wills, A. L. Hutson.
Money Creek—Elmer Ogden.
Mt. Hope—S. B. Van Ness, Isaac G. Funk.
Normal—C. O. Hamilton, Lester H. Martin.
Old Town—Fred W. Boston.
Randolph—J. P. Shelton.
Towanda—P. N. Jones, G. H. Geiger.
West—Thomas D. Irish.
White Oak—J. K. Esh.
Yates—C. E. Graves.

Bloomington, City—First Precinct—Hal M. Stone, Herman S. Ochs; Second precinct, J. J. Cowden, J. P. Lowry; Third precinct, P. W. Coleman; Fourth precinct, D. J. Salmon; Fifth, J. M. McDonald, Edward J. Madden; Sixth, William E. Smith, Frank Ryan, J. F. Maloney; Seventh, E. C. Haase, John F. Morrissey; Eighth, Richard M. O'Connell, Frank Phillips; Ninth, Sumner Goodfellow, W. F. Costigan; Tenth, Leroy Whitmer; Eleventh, S. C. Deaver; Twelfth, W. D. Snow; Thirteenth, A. G. Letson, Rev. A. D. Freden, M. B. Walsh; Fourteenth, A. G. Erickson; Fifteenth, Charles L. Miller; Sixteenth, Dr. A. W. Meyer, W. A. Wells, W. L. Tatman; Seventeenth, Charles W. Silvers, Mrs. Ernest Baldwin; Eighteenth, Huber J. Light, William Merna, E. M. Heafer; Nineteenth, J. J. Thomassen, D. W. Snyder, John Schlosser; Twentieth, C. C. Bowman, James Gray; Twenty-first, Thomas Kane, W. H. Homuth; Twenty-second, Clyde A. Johnston, William Freese; Twenty-third, John W. Harber, Harry L. Fleming; Twenty-fourth, George Freese; Twenty-fifth, Ira Whitmer, W. B. Leach; Twenty-sixth, Robert E. Williams, E. W. Sutherland, Arthur Heafer; Twenty-seventh, R. S. Davidson, W. C. Seran; Twenty-eighth, Harry E. Albee, I. A. Lederer; Twenty-ninth, A. L. Pillsbury, Ernest H. Black; Thirtieth, I. R. Good, E. F. Brechbeller.

LIBERTY LOAN BOOSTER

Harris K. Hoblit, cashier of the State Bank of Bloomington, is the one man of the county on whose shoulders rested larger financial responsibilities of the war in this section than upon any other man. Mr. Hoblit was secretary of the Bankers' Organization during the first and second campaigns and had sole charge of the last three, his appointment coming through the Federal Reserve Bank. The five Liberty Loan campaigns were carried on during 1917, 1918 and 1919, and the people of this county subscribed more than $11,000,000 of their money in the form of loans to help the government in its great task of financing the war. It was on May 8, 1917, that the bankers of Bloomington were offered the first war bonds of the government for disposal. On June 1 of that year the announcement came that McLean County was supposed to subscribe for $1,500,000 of these bonds. Such a proposition was staggering in its immensity, for the people of the county, including the bankers themselves, were not then accustomed to doing big things for mere patriotic motives. On June 2 the bankers of the county held a meeting to talk of some general plan for handling the sale of the bonds. At this meeting Mr. Hoblit was chosen chairman, and he continued in the same capacity through each succeeding drive for the other Liberty Loans, each of the last four being larger than the first.

Harris K. Hoblit

When the first campaign was on, the general opinion among the people was that this was a proposition for the bankers—that they would have to take up the bonds as offered, and if the people generally bought any of them, it would be comparatively few, and these to be sold only to people of ample surplus means. The banks themselves could not in the nature of things absorb so large a quota of government paper at one time and leave ample capital for the ordinary business. Consequently, with the public apathy on the question, the immature organization of the bankers themselves, and a general failure of the people to understand the stiuation, that the quota for the county was not reached. However, this was never true in any subsequent loan, and the total of the five campaigns in all was much greater than the total quota of the county for the five loans. Mr. Hoblit in each succeeding campaign ,gave himself without stint to the work of raising the quota. He devoted days and weeks to this work, to the neglect of his own private interests to a large extent. Of course in every campaign for the Liberty Loans, there was a large and earnest committee covering every precinct in the county, who gave their time and labor to enlisting the interest of the people in the propositions. Mr. Hoblit worked so quietly, so unostentatiously, and with no thought of credit to himself, that he inspired every other worker with zeal and devotion to the cause. Consequently, when the close of the final campaign for Liberty Loans came it was found that the people of the county had loaned $11,000,000 of their money to the government, divided as follows among the various campaigns:

	Quota	Subscribed
First loan	$1,500,000	$ 800,000
Second loan	1,700,000	1,200,000
Third loan	1,762,000	3,022,250
Fourth loan	3,676,927	3,805,200
Fifth (Victory) loan	2,866,900	2,998.400

WAR-TIME COMMUNITY SINGING

A history of the War interests and activities of McLean county during the great world war, that did not take into account the subject of community singing would be incomplete. Music has always carried within its elements the power to stir the deeper emotions of the human soul, to arouse the finer and better powers of human nature, to bring solace and cheer in times of sorrow, and to give courage and fortitude to carry over the crisis of life.

Perhaps the first outstanding characteristic of this community music was its voluntariness and spontaniety. There was nothing forced about it, and no man served for pay. James Melluish, who was one of the leaders in the movement, speaks in a paper written January 4th, 1918, of the beginning of the "sings" as being spontaneous, and almost without care so far as preliminary campaigns were concerned. He said: "We were contemplating the subject from a distance when suddenly some one decided to launch a sing in one of the public schools, and within a week many of the schools were clamoring for sings."

J. G. Melluish

Mr. Melluish again in the paper quoted above says: "In seeking leaders for these 'sings' a very unusual thing happened; voluntarily the very best leaders in the city came forward and offered their services freely for the good of the cause." In the same paper he states, "Musical jealousies and petty rivalries which had hitherto balked concerted efforts in musical projects in this community were forgotten or ignored."

In the organization and coordination of the school singing, Miss Mabelle Glenn, the proficient supervisor of Public School music in the

Bloomington schools, with the efficient assistance of many of the teachers early in the campaign had the little singing soldiers storming the forts of indifference if there was any, and thru the schools the inspiration of song passed like a good infection into every home.

If schools lacked the facilities for the evening ''sings'' such facilities were soon installed; as for instance, in one school district the school had no lighting facilities; their first sing was under the dim light of small candles. The next, however, found the school building equipped with a modern electric lighting system. Contests interesting and friendly were carried on between the various grades and rooms of individual schools as to which grade or room would have the largest attendance of school parents at given ''sings.'' And a silver cup contest was carried on between the various schools of the city.

An event long to be remembered was the final contest in mass singing for the Silver Cup, held in the High School auditorium the afternoon of December 24th, 1917. The leader chosen for the contest was Prof. Osborne McConathy, director of music at the Northwestern University of Evanston. Prof. Lawrence Erb of the Musical department of the University of Illinois was selected as the judge, and the final competing schools were Hawthorne, Emerson, Franklin and Washington. Needless to say these five school groups at this final contest for the cup that would always remain a valued memorial to the winning school, acquitted themselves with pride and enthusiasm. The schools by standing at the close of the contest were as follows:

First, and winning school, Hawthorne, Prof. Westhoff, leader; Mrs. James Reeder, pianist.

Second, Emerson School; Leader, Dale James; Pianist, Ralph Freese.

Third, Franklin School; Leader, Lyle Straight; Pianist, Miss Norma Brown.

Fourth, Washington School; Leader, Mrs. O. R. Skinner; Pianist, Mrs. Harry Roush.

Songs used were—Keep the Home Fires Burning, Come all ye Faithful, Tomorrow, and Hallelujah Chorus from the Messiah. This was doubtless one of the most enthusiastic meetings held during the year. The Auditorium of the new High School was crowded to the doors, the various singing groups from each of the competing schools being accompanied with hundreds of interested friends and supporters. It being the Christmas occasion a chorus of fifty well trained little boys and girls from the grades under the direction of Miss Glenn marched in procession singing ''Hark the Herald Angels sing.'' The dramatic effect added to the well trained voices gave beauty and the charm of the old Christmas carol to the whole meeting.

The Hawthorne school was awarded the honors and the cup by Dr. Erb who was the judge chosen for the decision.

The foregoing will suffice to give some idea of the voluntariness and spontaneity of these ''sings'' that characterized the democratic spirit that stamped itself on the music of the war time period. Of course the music was chosen for its adaptability to the need of the time. The times demanded music of the popular type, music adapted to the emotions common to all classes of people; the man from the shop was to sing with the man from the school and the cathedral, the girl from the counter with brother or sweetheart ''over there'' was to sing from the same book with her employer's wife whose sons were ''over there.''

The community sing, judged by numbers reached and interested, was a success. The first week of the sings in the various schools, the attendance was 600. By the fifth week, the enthusiasm had spread to the extent that 3200 were present at the various ''sings.'' On Sunday afternoon, November 11, 1917, was held what was one of the most not-

COMMUNITY SING AT BLOOMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL able mass sings at the High School auditorium under the leadership of Prof. Peter W. Dykema with an attendance of over 2,000 people, and an overflow meeting of several hundred at a nearby theater.

Under the direction of Prof. B. C. Moore, Supt. of McLean county schools, "sings" were developed in the surrounding country schools, leaders going out from Bloomington to the other towns of McLean county. By this method it is safe to say that over two hundred community centers of McLean county were moved by the common impulse of songs, and the larger birth of community consciousness was produced. The most cordial assistance in this work was given by Prof. B. C. Moore, and by the Federated Parent-Teachers Clubs, with Mrs. Harry Fleming as president. It will thus be seen that the American school, the most democratic institution in American life gave itself freely to the new democratic type of song.

On November 6th, the general shops committee of the Chicago and Alton R. R. gave permission to those in charge, to organize the shop force into a "sing." The first sing brought about five hundred of the men. The interest increased until over a thousand men every Tuesday noon gave 35 minutes to singing national and patriotic songs. A band of fifteen pieces was organized by Geo. Apelt and with Geo. W. Marton as leader the thousand men from forge and lathe and the noise of boiler shops and car shops, painters and carpenters and engine wipers together joined in singing courage for the trying hour.

Similar sings were held at Paul F. Beich Co.'s factory; in this instance however, Mr. Beich placed a piano in the main building, where the girls were encouraged to put in time practicing for the "sing" to be held when the regular leaders came. It was a matter of comment, that Mr. Beich himself, one of the leading business men of Illinois mingled freely with his employes in their "sings." Here is seen what may be termed one of the by-products of the community spirit of song. There was revealed a common interest between employer and employe, in the various industries and institutions of the business world.

Indicative of the interest taken by the business men of the city, it is of interest to note that the movement was led by James Melluish, a civil engineer and successful man of affairs, being at the same time one of the city's leading organists. The men who gave of their time and leadership without stint were prominent young business men, Dale James, Lyle Straight, Ralph Freese, all prominent young men of affairs, each a leader in his line.

The Rotarians and the Association of Commerce club backed up the whole movement in a very substantial way by assisting in the purchase of 2500 books for the use of the "sings."

A word as to what seems to be the permanent contributions to community life from this movement, and this chapter will close with a few of the songs that were popular during those dark days of national sorrow and hope.

The first valuable element contributed was that of a mutual fortitude, that could scarcely have been awakened thru any other means. All that was being so well done for the individual of the community thru the Red Cross, was augumented in mass effect by the enthusiasm of the community sing. From time to time came the added help and inspiration of some great song leader from distant places.

Second, the deeper appreciation on the part of all the people of the common bond of popular music, the increased appreciation of the national hymns, the patriotic fervor aroused by the mass movement, and third, the revaluation of music as the means of lightening up, and poetizing the monotony and commonplace spirit of the business and workaday world.

The following are among the most popularly sung numbers, worthy to be passed on to the coming generations as typical of the spirit of a struggle that we shall all hope may never be again a part of the world's life.

OVER THERE—(A-Flat)

Over there—Over there—
Send the word, send the word over there—
That the Yanks are coming, the Yanks are coming,
The drums rum-tuming every where—
So prepare—say a prayer—
Send the word, send the word over there—
We'll be over, we're coming over
And we won't come back till it's over, over there.

There was always a spirit akin to the spiritual effect of the real folk song, when the crowd struck in on,

"Pack up your troubles in your old kit bag,
  And smile, smile, smile
While you've a lucifer to light your fag,
  Smile boy, that's the style.
What's the use of worrying?
  It's never worth your while, so
Pack up your troubles in your old kit bag,
  And smile, smile, smile."

To overlook the increased internationalism of spirit as manifest in song, would be to overlook one of the greatest assets of the movement. Perhaps one of the most impressive features of the whole community sing movement was the presence in many of the mass meetings of scores of foreign born men and women, and especially children. Out of the home of Scandinavian, Hungarian, Pole and all other representatives of Europe including loyal Americans who were born in the Kaiser's own kingdom, here joined heartily in singing strength to the heart of the great cause that to them more than any other stood for liberty and justice. As a bit of the French spirit, "Joan of Arc," became popular, sung in the key of (F).

"Joan of Arc, Joan of Arc,
  Do your eyes, from the skies, see the foe?
  Don't you see the drooping Fleur-de-lis?
  Can't you hear the tears of Normandy?
  Joan of Arc, Joan of Arc,
  Come, lead your France to victory.

If these brief words will suffice to give some idea of the song spirit that prevailed during the trying years of struggle, conserving to future generations a bit of the moral and spiritual force manifest in this and multitudes of other cities and states all over the world, it will satisfy the ambition of the writer. And now that the pain and suffering is past, and many homes have a renewed interest in European countries by reason of the graves that are there, may we gather in twilight of memory and imagination and sing,

When the great red dawn is shining,
When the waiting hours are past,
When the tears of night are ended
And I see the day at last,
I shall come down the road of sunshine,
To a heart that is fond and true,
When the great red dawn is shining,
Back to home, back to love and you.

1,000 Men of the C. & A. Shops Gathered at Noon Hour to Sing Patriotic Songs, 1918

Some of the more popular verses of many war-time songs were these:

MARSEILLAISE HYMN

(A-flat)

Ye sons of Freedom awake to glory!
Hark! Hark! what myriads bid you rise!
Your children, wives, and grandsires hoary,
Behold their tears and hear their cries!
Behold their tears and hear their cries!
Shall hateful tyrants, mischief breeding,
With hireling hosts, a ruffian band,
Affright and desolate the land,
While peace and liberty lie bleeding?

"SMILES"

(G)

Chorus:
There are smiles that make us happy,
There are smiles that make us blue,
There are smiles that steal away the teardrops
As the sun-beams steal away the dew,
There are smiles that have a tender meaning
That eyes of love alone may see,
And the smiles that fill my life with sunshine
Are the smiles that you give to me.

THERE'S A LONG, LONG TRAIL

(A-flat)

There's a long, long trail a-winding
Into the land of my dreams,
Where the nightingales are singing
And the white moon beams;
There's a long, long night of waiting
Until my dreams all come true,
Till the day when I'll be going down
That long, long trail with you.

THE ROSE OF NO MAN'S LAND

(E-flat)

There's a Rose that Grows on "No Man's Land,"
And it's wonderful to see:
Tho' it's spray'd with tears, it will live for years,
In my garden of memory.
It's the one red rose the soldier knows,
It's the work of the Master's hand;
'Mid the war's great curse stands the Red Cross Nurse,
She's the Rose of No Man's Land.

KEEP THE HOME FIRES BURNING

Keep the home fires burning,
While your hearts are yearning,
Tho your lads are far from home,
They dream of home—
There's a silver lining,
Thru the dark clouds shining,
Turn the dark clouds inside out,
Till the boys come home.

ASSOCIATION OF COMMERCE

The Bloomington Association of Commerce during 1917 and 1918 devoted its energies largely to work to help the nation win the war. Its offices, then in the Griesheim building, became headquarters for many minor organizations, such as fuel committees, food price committees and the like. In the summer of 1917, the rooms were used as a recruiting office for getting men to fill out the ranks of old Company D, which later became a part of the famous Prairie Division. The Association had its own War Activities committee, which worked for the comfort of successive contingents of drafted men as they assembled for departure for camps, and later when the service men returned home after the demobilization. This committee had designed and struck a bronze medal, in quantities sufficient to give one to each man who went out of this county into any branch of service. The inscription on this medal reads: ''McLean County, Illinois, U. S. A., Honors her Soldier, John Doe, Serve Well. 1918.'' On the reverse side was a bas-relief of the great seal of the state of Illinois. On May 1, 1918, the Association of Commerce moved into its present spacious quarters upon the second floor of the Durley block, the new location giving more than four times the floor space of the old.

The Association of Commerce provided and financed different rooms as headquarters for drives, such as liberty loans, Red Cross, war benevolences, etc. The city and county organization of the Council of National Defense made the A. of C. rooms their headquarters, and a secretary, Miss Reeser, was employed constantly for this kind of work. All the township committees of the C. N. D. co-operated through this association during the war. The Association of Commerce raised in special funds for war work during the three years from 1917 to 1920, the total of $4,991.81, which was distributed through its committees and the office itself. One of the most important phases of its war work was that connected with the establishment of the Student Army Training Corps at the Wesleyan. When the government took this action, the Association of Commerce guaranteed the financing of the barracks on Wesleyan's campus, at a cost of $27,000. At the opening of these barracks, the A. of C. and Better Farming Association put on a benefit corn show and raised $5,000 for building a students' club house. The armistice put an end to such need, and the fund of $5,000 was distributed among the Home Bureau, the Better Farming Association and the A. of C. The government after the war reimbursed the Association for the cost of the barracks. During the demobilization period, the Association carried on its most beneficial activity through its canteen committee and War Activities committee. The Association was instrumental in establishing in Bloomington a government employment agency, which up to the year 1920 had secured jobs for some 4,000 people, many of them returned service men. This bureau was in personal charge of John E. Matthews. In spite of the strain of war activity, the Association of Commerce carried on with scarcely any interruption during 1917 and 1918 its general community work for the city's welfare. The wartime officers of the Association of Commerce were: President, R. C. Baldwin; vice-president, Milton R. Livingston; secretary, J. H. Hudson; treasurer, Harris K. Hoblit.

The personnel of the war activities committee of the Association was as follows: C. L. Hills, chairman; George Washburn, H. D. Bunnell, W. H. Homuth, E. E. Jones, C. U. Williams, C. B. Hamilton. For three months during the demobilization period, the War Camp Community Service organization maintained an office with the Association, and a paid secretary to assist returned men in getting back into civil life.

R. C. Baldwin

J. H. Hudson

HONOR ROLL

The following members of the Association of Commerce were in the service:

Carl H. Behr
Wm. Bright
R. W. Bringham
J. J. Butler
Fred Brian
Dwight E. Beal
John Cleary
T. W. Cantrell
Dr. Behrendt
Walter J. Freese
W. W. Gailey
G. H. Galford
W. H. Gardner
Harry Hall
H. C. Hawk, Jr.
Ed. Hammond
F. M. Harry
J. B. Havens
L. A. Hayes
Ralph Heffernan
Rogers Humphreys
Blake Holton
Harry L. Howell
T. F. Harwood
Dr. J. K. Hawks
Julius Klemm
Ralph McCord
R. A. Noble
R. M. O'Connell
G. N. Paxton
J. Warren Paxton
Logan Perry
Ben Rhodes
A. E. Rogers
Horace Soper
V. G. Staten
Carl F. Schalk
Chas. H. Snow
E. C. Straub
Earl T. Smith
Glen Walley
Joe Watchinski
Walter Williams
Wm. Wallis
Thos. W. Weldon

John F. Anderson

Mayor E. E. Jones

E. R. Morgan

A. G. Erickson

R. L. Carlock

BLOOMINGTON WAR COUNCIL

Of the many civic bodies in Bloomington that played a highly important part in the war, none is deserving of a fuller measure of credit than the Board of City Commissioners composed of Mayor E. E. Jones, and Commissioners E. R. Morgan, John F. Anderson, A. G. Erickson, and R. L. Carlock. At nearly every session of the council during the period of the war, there was some action of importance calculated to help win the great struggle. The council set the pace in patriotism by utilizing surplus funds for buying Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps to the extent of $24,832. The inauguration of the War Gardens, which vastly increased the output of vegetable foodstuffs, was a notable movement fostered by the City Council. This was in charge of Commissioner John Anderson. Hundreds of vacant lots were cleared of weeds and the public encouraged and assisted in growing vegetables. The total acreage thus utilized, was very large and the food produced reached a very considerable tonnage. This was one of the most successful side movements growing out of the war and many of these vacant lots have been cultivated following the signing of the armistice. In supporting the Council of Defense, and all other patriotic movements, the council was at all times quick to respond and 100 per cent in achievement, and, in loyalty and activity, was second to none. The war council will always be held in grateful remembrance by the citizens of Bloomington and all McLean County as well.

WOMEN AND FOOD CONSERVATION

To anyone who read the newspapers during the first few months of 1917, it was apparent that when the United States declared war on Germany, there would be some sort of organized campaign for food conservation in this country. The question of food had become critical for the warring nations and the United States would play a large part in supplying the armies and civilians of our associates with enough food to keep them in the fighting ranks.

The prompt action of Bloomington and McLean county women in organizing to meet this need will always be one of the greatest matters of pride to this county. During the latter part of April, just after our declaration of war, Mrs. Spencer Ewing went before the officers of the McLean County Chapter Red Cross, and offered her services for any work in food conservation that might be taken up. The offer was at once accepted, and thereafter during the whole period of the war and reconstruction months that followed, Mrs. Ewing was county leader in food conservation. To her is due large credit for the enlistment of McLean county women in the army of housewives who fought in the trenches at home, against starvation abroad. The national food administration, with Herbert Hoover as its head, did not begin operations until July, 1917, so it may be seen that McLean county can justly claim the distinction of having been foresighted.

The original Conservation Committee of the Red Cross was composed of Mrs. Ewing, R. C. Baldwin, Ben Sumner, W. H. Cummings, Roy Costigan, H. W. Kelly, John G. Miller, Mrs. F. W. Benjamin, Miss Sallie Anthony, Mrs. Paul Beich, Mrs. J. C. Riley, Mrs. S. Noble King, Mrs. George Monroe, Mrs. J. B. McConkie and Mrs. Will Moore.

Later, when the Woman's Committee, Council of Defense, was organized, a conservation committee was appointed as follows: Mrs. F. W. Benjamin, president of McLean County Household Science Club; Miss Nellie Parham, representing public library; Miss Alice Treganza, teacher of domestic science in public schools; Miss Olla Johnson, Wesleyan domestic science teacher; Mrs. E. J. Carroll of Holy Trinity Ladies Aid; Mrs. Maurice McCarthy of Daughters of Isabella; Mrs. G. H. Johnson of Grace Methodist church; Mrs. E. M. Hamilton of Second Presbyterian church; Mrs. F. C. Davison, Second United Brethren church; Mrs. John Coupe, Parent-Teacher Confederated Club; Mrs. Jennie C. Barlow, Mrs. Ross Breckenridge, Miss Laurastine Marquis and Miss Emma Wright.

Thruout the emergency, the food conservation work of McLean county was done equally thru the Red Cross committee and the Woman's Committee, C. N. D., and reports were made to both organizations.

In May, 1917, forty-five groups for the study of new problems that confronted housewives, were organized. These included members and representatives from the Day Nursery Mothers' Club, Normal Sewing Society, Holy Trinity Ladies' Aid, several ladies' aid societies of Bloomington protestant churches, Y. W. C. A. group of young married women, Normal Improvement League, T. P. A. auxiliary, Home Welfare Club, Colored Churches, Normal Neighborhood group, North Clinton Neighborhood group, St. Patrick's Ladies' Aid, Thalia Circle, East Side Group, Heyworth Household Science Club, McLean County Household Science club, Country Club, West Oakland group, White Place group, Broadway group, Emerson school group, Spaulding school club, Price School Club, Washington street school club, and others.

These groups came together during the summer and discussed the world food situation and the ways in which local women could help. The leader of each group attended lectures given weekly by Mrs. Jennie C. Barlow. A room for these meetings was opened in the new high school building.

In July, when the national food administration began its work, pledges were sent out for the signatures of housewives. About 700 of these were signed. But the organization was still imperfect, and it was not until November when the general registration of women took place, that McLean county housewives in any large way signified their willingness to enter into the spirit of food conservation. When the matter was put before them in a detailed statement, 9000 out of a possible 11,000 housewives of McLean county signed the pledges.

In July, Miss Naomi Newburn, of the University of Illinois, gave a week of canning demonstrations in Bloomington. She urged the necessity for preserving for winter use everything that could be preserved from the home garden. Her demonstrations were largely attended.

During the late summer and early fall months, Miss Emma Wright, a McLean county girl with university training, gave weekly demonstrations in practical war-time cookery, in the high school domestic science room.

It was during the fall of 1917 that agitation for employment of a home adviser was first begun here, Mrs. Ewing, Mrs. Frank W. Benjamin, and other leaders in household science work, initiating the movement. Under the Smith-Lever bill, the government had several years before offered funds to counties employing home advisers, on the same basis as farm advisers were employed. Up to this time there had been but one home adviser in Illinois—in Kankakee county—where the experiment was started in 1914. The government, in an effort to establish home advisers as trained leaders of conservation, increased the funds available during the war emergency, and it was to take advantage of this offer, and to get the assistance of such a leader that the McLean county women began their campaign for members of a Home Improvement Association.

The Illinois Farmers' Institute held its annual meeting in Bloomington in February, 1918, and the exhibits for the Department of Household Science, were made by the McLean County Food Conservation Committee. The Normal high school arranged plates of meats and meat substitutes to illustrate lessons in meat saving; Bloomington high school had exhibits on sugar saving; Wesleyan classes showed wheat substitutes; the I. S. N. U. classes made exhibits of fat conservation. During the institute hundreds of the five-cent conservation cook books gotten out by the State Council of Defense, were sold.

The message had gone forth from Washington early in 1918 that more food must be conserved than during the previous year; the situation abroad was more and more critical as our own troops were sent over and had to be fed 3000 miles from the base of supplies. A spirit of downright seriousness began to prevail; no longer were complaints concerning the government regulations heard. Wheat, meat, fats and sugar were the foods upon which attention was concentrated.

In March, 1918, a war kitchen was opened on North Main street, $25.00 for material and equipment being supplied by the Red Cross. Here Miss Naomi Newburn and Miss Olive Percival of the University of Illinois staff, gave two demonstrations daily for a week to large and enthusiastic audiences. Women were really eager to learn how to cook in order to use the least possible amount of the conservation foods, and yet to maintain the health of their families. Daily appeals for conservation were made by the women in charge.

The uses of rice instead of potatoes; fish instead of meat; syrups instead of sugar; vegetable fats for animal fats; were all demonstrated.

Perhaps the most largely attended of these demonstrations was that on ''liberty'' breads—those in which flours other than wheat were used. Women were having poor success in using the wheat substitutes, and when it was announced that Misses Newburn and Percival would make several loaves from various flours, interest in the kitchen knew no bounds. The room was crowded to the limit, and women even stood out on the sidewalk.

A permanent organization called the Home Improvement Association was formed in April, as the result of agitation previously mentioned, for a home adviser. It had a membership of 1500 women from all over the county, each paying $1 per year toward its support. The government likewise paid $1500 per year. There was a director in each township, who stood for food conservation in her community. In June the home adviser began work. She was Miss Clara R. Brian formerly of San Jose. Because McLean county is so large that one person could not give it adequate attention, the University of Illinois, sent Miss Grace D. Taylor to assist Miss Brian during the first two months she was here. Food conservation work was centered, thereafter, in Miss Brian, who gave lectures and demonstrations six days a week and traveled several thousand miles by train and automobile to towns and rural communities of the county.

The Municipal Canning Kitchen was perhaps the most spectacular piece of conservation work done during 1918. It was opened in the Pantagraph building on June 18 and closed on August 31 after 1128 cans of produce had been put up there. To the kitchen came women from all over McLean county and nearby towns in adjoining counties. It was estimated that 1200 housewives heard the lectures and demonstrations given twice weekly by Miss Taylor and Miss Mabel Sill of Normal, who was employed for this work after Miss Taylor left. In these demonstrations seasonable fruits and vegetables were canned and dried, the sorting of vegetables was shown, pickles and sauer kraut were made, and meat canning was illustrated.

It was the purpose of the kitchen to so get before the people directions for canning and drying, that no garden produce should go to waste. There was a plan whereby persons having surplus garden products, donated these to the kitchen, and they were canned by volunteers, in jars donated by other people. At the end of the season 665 quarts of such stuff was distributed to philanthropic agencies in Bloomington and Normal, and it proved invaluable during the influenza epidemic of the winter. There was a plan whereby a woman could bring her own jars and produce to the center and can under expert direction, no charge being made for this. Or she might send produce and jars and have it canned, giving half to the center as payment for the work.

After canning season was practically over, several demonstrations of war-time cookery were given in the kitchen. At one of these Miss Taylor made war breads. The room was larger than that in which the North Main street war kitchen had been located, but it was taxed to capacity and many women were turned away. On another occasion Miss Sill made sugarless, wheatless cakes and sugarless icings. This brought another large crowd, as families were loathe to give up cake, and yet wanted to be patriotic.

The municipal kitchen was a community enterprise in which many organizations and individuals had a part—the McLean County Household Science Club, the Home Improvement Association, Patriotic League girls, Boy Scouts, the Motor Emergency Corps, the Council of Defense, Food Conservation Department of the Red Cross, Bloomington Pantagraph and church societies. The financial support was given by a few individuals, the Council of Defense and the Pantagraph.

Mrs. Spencer Ewing

Miss Clara Brian

School children were enlisted in the food conservation game early in its history. They participated in three essay contests which were designed to give publicity to some phase of conservation. The first was open to all pupils of the county. A prize was offered by Mrs. Ewing for the best short essay on the benefits of having a home adviser. The second was a similar contest in which three prizes were given to the children who wrote most convincingly on ''Why and How Wheat Flour Should Be Conserved.'' The third was a potato essay contest, in which ward school domestic science classes participated. The winning paper contained a list of 435 ways in which potatoes may be prepared, and another named 410 recipes for potatoes. High school English classes, used potatoes as the subject for essays, stories and verses. During the time when potatoes were extremely scarce and high in price this cooperation in the schools helped materially in getting the Food Administration's program before the public.

It is interesting to recall the first set of rules issued by the United States food administration and which were sent to Bloomington chapter of the Red Cross for promulgation among the women of this section. These rules were modified from time to time, but the first draft of them is as follows:

Save the Wheat.—One wheatless meal a day. Use corn, oatmeal, rye or barley bread and non-wheat breakfast foods. Order bread twenty-four hours in advance so your baker will not bake beyond his needs. Cut the loaf on the table and only as required. Use stale bread for cooking, toast, etc. Eat less cake and pastry.

Save the Meat.—Beef, mutton or pork not more than once daily. Use freely vegetables and fish. At the meat meal serve smaller portions, and stews instead of steaks. Make made-dishes of all left-overs. Do this and there will be meat enough for everyone at a reasonable price.

Save the Milk.—The children must have milk. Use every drop. Use buttermilk and sour milk for cooking and making cottage cheese. Use less cream.

Save the Fats.—We are the world's greatest fat wasters. Fat is food. Butter is essential for the growth and health of children. Use butter on the table as usual but not in cooking. Other fats are as good. Reduce use of fried foods. Save daily one-third ounce animal fats. Soap contains fats. Do not waste it. Make your own washing soap at home out of the saved fats.

Save the Sugar—Sugar is scarce. We use today three times as much per person as our allies. So there may be enough for all at reasonable price, use less candy and sweet drinks. Do not stint sugar in putting up fruit and jams. They will save butter.

Save the Fuel.—Coal comes from a distance and our railways are overburdened hauling war material. Help relieve them by burning fewer fires. Use wood when you can get it.

Use the Perishable Foods.—Fruits and vegetables we have in abundance. As a nation we eat too little green stuffs. Double their use and improve your health. Store potatoes and other roots properly and they will keep. Begin now to can or dry all surplus garden products.

Use Local Supplies.—Patronize your local producer. Distance means money. Buy perishable food from the neighborhood nearest you and thus save transportation.

Buy less, serve smaller portions.

Preach the "Gospel of the Clean Plate."

Don't eat a fourth meal.

Don't limit the plain food of growing children.

Watch out for the wastes in the community.

Full garbage pails in America mean empty dinner pails in America and Europe.

For many months a person's patriotism was judged quite as much according to the food he ate, as according to the money contribution he made toward winning the war. The rules of the Food Administration were obeyed without question in McLean county. The consumption of sugar was cut to two pounds per person per month, except for canning, and that was limited. Bread made of all wheat flour was all but forgotten. There was no waste of fats. The people pulled together in wonderful team work for the husbanding of supplies for American soldiers and our associates in the war.

With food regulations what they were, and a genuine desire on the part of country women to conform thereto, the problem of threshing dinners became acute, for war breads, especially could not be prepared in advance; pies were taboo in some communities; a great many women hesitated about making substitute cakes; and meat was almost out of the question. Various solutions were found in various communities, depending somewhat on the men for whom the threshing dinners were cooked. But it was found, (to the surprise of a great many cooks, be it admitted) that good meals, conforming to food administration rules and requests could be provided and the cooks be commended by the threshers for their patriotism.

The fact that McLean county is one of the richest counties in the world might have accounted for failure to obey in letter and spirit the rules of the administration. But violations were so few that they were practically negligible, a fact of which McLean county people may always be proud.

With the signing of the armistice, the urge for conservation was largely gone, but as a result of the work done during the war McLean county has a permanent Home Bureau (as the Home Improvement Association was later called) which will carry on college extension work and lessons in the best for home and community life, thru many years to come.

WOMEN IN THE SERVICE

Of the women of McLean county who were in the army service, either as attaches of the Red Cross or nurses otherwise, the following are well worth of especial credit:

(Serving overseas):

Miss Alice O. Smith, Normal; Miss Florence Schreiner, Bloomington; Miss Carolyn Schertz, Bloomington; Miss Ethel Irwin, Bloomington; Miss Catherine Smith, Bloomington; Miss Fannie E. Woodbury, Bloomington; Miss Virginia Langley, Bloomington; Miss Charlotte Bender, Bloomington; Miss Mary Agnes Burke, Bloomington; Miss Mable Brust, Bloomington; Miss Bessie Moon, Bloomington; Miss Mary Sheridan, Bloomington.

Miss Charlotte Bender

Miss Catherine Smith

List of Army nurses and others who served in camps in the States:

Miss Alice Markland, Ft. Sam Houston. Bloomington.
Miss Emily Ransom. Bloomington.
Miss Ruth Maxwell, Walter Reid Hosp., D. C. Bloomington.
Miss Charlotte Ross, Camp Shelby, Miss. McLean, Ill.
Miss Eva Ely, Camp Shelby, Miss. Bloomington.
Miss Florence Johnson, Camp Shelby, Miss. Normal, Ill.
Miss Mary Mortimore, Camp Shelby and Ft. McHenry. Bloomington.
Miss Grace Gaines, Ft. Oglethorpe. Bloomington.
Miss Evelyn Worley, Ft. Oglethorpe. Bloomington.
Miss Sarah Wells, Camp Grant, Ill. Bloomington.
Miss Bertha Duff, Camp Grant. Bloomington.
Miss Anna Miller, Camp Grant. Bloomington.
Miss Edna Smiley, Camp Grant. Bloomington.
Miss Bertha Dunn, Camp Grant and Fort Snelling. Lexington.

Miss Arne A. Allen, Camp Dix. Bloomington.
Miss Margaret O'Reilly, Camp Dix. Bloomington.
Miss Amy L. Clark, Camp Wadsworth, S. C. Bloomington.
Miss Myrtle Crum, Camp Gordon, Ga. Bloomington.
Miss Clara Mann, Walter Reid Hosp., Tacoma Park, D. C. Bloomington.
Miss Beulah Leuberman, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga. and Walter Reid Hospital, D. C. Bloomington.
Miss Amelia Hughes, Ft. Thomas, Ky. Bloomington.
Miss Opha Wren, Bloomington. A. E. F.
Miss Margaret Merwin, Bloomington. A. E. F.

WAS NURSE IN FRANCE

Miss Charlotte Bender, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bender of Bloomington, early responded to the call for Red Cross nurses, and served for a year at the United States base hospital in France. She sailed early in 1918 and performed efficient service until the close of the war. Miss Bender was a member of the unit from the Presbyterian hospital of Chicago and was stationed at Base Hospital 13 in France.

Miss Bertha Dunn

Miss Ruth Maxwell

Miss Carolyn Schertz

STORY OF ALICE SMITH

Miss Alice Orme Smith of Normal, daughter of Col. and Mrs. D. C. Smith whose service was largely in Europe, had the distinction of receiving the following commendation from Gen. Pershing August 14, 1918. "The Commander-in-Chief was proud to learn from a report from the office of the Inspector General, A. E. F., of the fine courage shown by you and your personnel under shell fire when stationed with the 42nd Division at Bussy, France. He congratulates Mobile Hospital No. 2, and requests you to inform its members that he is proud to have them in his command."

Miss Smith wrote of her experiences as follows:

"My time was entirely spent with a mobile hospital. These mobile hospitals stand in the line with field hospitals to give prompt, rather delicate treatment to cases that are non-transportable. We were suddenly called away from the British in June and sent to Paris. Wounded from Chateau Thierry were being sent to Paris with only their first aid dressings. Everybody was put to work, American Red Cross workers, even American civilians lent a hand. There were two or three air raids every night, and the screams of the sirens and the noise of the anti-aircraft guns added to the confusion. We were very busy until the first week in July. There was a sense of something brewing. There were rumors of another offensive and on the 5th of July we were ordered to join the troops that would meet this offensive. We were sent east of Rheims. The roads were dusty and it was very hot. Our side of the road was full of people going to the front, and the other side was full of people who were escaping, of broken equipment, and an occasional dispatch rider who dashed by. It was a desolate wilderness to which we went. We left our tents behind because we were to be quartered in French barracks. When we arrived we found that before every door was a little cart in which people had packed the belongings they would take away in case it was necessary to escape. Every night our troops put over a tremendous barrage. We had little to do in the hospital because there was no actual fighting. These shells were to harrass the enemy as he brought up supplies. The Huns' silence was ominous. But at midnight of July 14 we were awakened by a tremendous noise of explosions and the German shells were landing. Then came the camp Klaxon, which means gas shells. We dashed to a shelter, where three tiers of stretchers could be placed. Some of the first shells hit the hospital and the patients in their beds. Soon shells hit the electric dynamo and there was no light except candles. The dugout was so full we could not reach the patients, but we gave them stimulants as best we could. The cook who ventured out after coffee was hit. We went to the operating room at 2 o'clock and worked with tin hats on our heads and gas masks within reach. In two hours the range of the guns came back and part of the operating rooms was blown off. Then the order came to retreat. At nine o'clock in the morning the patients were evacuated and after all were sent out the staff packed equipment and escaped. The St. Mihiel was the first all-American offensive. Great secrecy was necessary, and it must be a success. Troops were not allowed to move except at night, no new roads must be built or old ones widened or changed. We were not even allowed a flashlight at night. We were unloaded at night on the side of a hill. Above, on the crest of the hill, was out of bounds, because we could be seen by the enemy across the valley. Toward morning we lay down to try and get a snatch of sleep. We lay down in our clothes. Never a sound did we hear. When we woke in the morning you had probably heard over the cables that the offensive was on. But there was no traffic on the road, no ambulances, no word. At noon we heard that they had gone over, but the men called the attack a walkaway. They reduced the salient rather easily. We waited and expected the wounded to come in. Never a wounded person came. There were a great many wounded, but not in as large proportion as usual, and what there were had been sent back to hospitals in the Toul sector. Where we were we had a great many seriously wounded, because the battle was raging and the men were trying to forge ahead. As they came back and we asked them about it, they would say 'it was pretty hot.' They would never tell you much about it. The men who came back from the Argonne were disturbed by rumors of peace. They said they did not want it to end until they had put an end to those blithers. They chaffed at disabilities that kept them out of the line. With the armistice came new orders and we moved on, but not until we had performed the last rites for the 400 dead we had left there."

McLEAN COUNTY COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

A previously unwritten and yet one of the most important chapters in the history of the late war, is the part taken by the McLean County Council of Defense. It is but common justice to pay tribute to the patriotic body which performed its mission so unobtrusively and without ostentation and yet which was one of the most efficient and essential organizations of the nation. Victory was achieved and the enemy capitulated to the most stringent terms of surrender that history records. For America, the actual arena of the war was 3,000 miles overseas, and, into this arena, the Government of the United States threw 2,000,000 of the most superb troops that the drama of warfare has known and, what is more to its credit, got them there on time and made possible the final smashing blow. The organization, transportation and clocklike delivery at the eleventh hour of these irresistible citizen armies of the republic of the western world, is an epic in itself, a story in the making of which all who served, are miraculously fortunate to have borne even a small part. The sacrifices that have been made on this side of the water, should be counted as nothing, unless, indeed, they should be held as benefits conferred, for, in the philosophy of sacrifice, there is gain for every human being. None who participated in the war, either abroad or at home, will ever again move on as great a stage or be so close to the chemistry of high events. Those who have had the most to offer have been the happiest. There need be no repining, whatever the material cost may have been. The war has been won and the world is being remade. The nations that have been aligned upon the side of a decent civilization will have their share in the remaking, and the logic of events will, no doubt, bring a contribution to the world's future welfare, even from those defeated countries in which new and better forces are arising, we hope, out of the ashes of empire, empire perverted and gone awry.

But here at home, there were armies also and they performed a mighty task. They were created without mandates; they were welded into cohesive form by suggestion rather than by order; they were galvanized from beginning to end by the mighty force of voluntary cooperation; and they served with an efficient power which nothing could have stopped. They were the armies of production, not alone of guns and steel plates, soldiers, shoes and the like, not alone of visible things but production of energy of thought that made the bayonet a flaming thing; of optimism to offset the stupid pessimism of people who criticized, but had nothing tangible to contribute; of the immortal spirit of ''carry on,'' of, above all unification. For it has only been within the period of the war that this nation completely realized that, after all, it is properly introduced to itself, and is but a partnership of 100,000,000 persons. Out of all of this grew the great lesson of the war to America; the independency of social effort which, in the last equation, must keep a nation wholesome in peace and which must furnish the continuing tireless force behind the cutting edge in time of war. This then, broadly, was the task of those at home. In the vast work of unification, in the carrying from Washington to the people, the messages and measures of the national government and in the transmission back to Washington of the moods and aspirations of a people at war, the council of defense system with its more than 180,000 units set down in every county of the country, played a definite, stirring, and highly fruitful part. Launched May 2, 1917, the Council of National Defense forged into action immediately. The McLean county organization was as follows:

Mayor, E. E. Jones, Chairman; B. F. Hiltabrand, secretary; R. C. Baldwin, John Normile, W. T. Wolcott, D. G. Fitzgerrell, J. J. Condon,

SOME LEADERS IN COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

John J. Condon

Judge Sain Welty

William L. Moore

Dr. Theodore Kemp

and Elmo Franklin, directors. This board appointed the numerous committees divided by chairmen, as follows: Finance Committee—Will L. Moore; Neighborhood—Dr. Theodore Kemp; Food—D. O. Thompson; Boys Reserve—B. C. Moore; Publicity—L. O. Eddy; Federal Fuel—Spencer Ewing and Bert Franklin; Women's Organization—Mrs. F. O. Hanson; Liberty Loans—Harris K. Hoblit; War Savings Stamps—Judge James C. Riley; Legal Advisory Board—Judge Sain Welty and E. E. Donnelly; Four Minute Men—C. B. Hughes; Red Cross—Campbell Holton; Y. M. C. A.—H. O. Stone; Civilian Relief—Mrs. Jacob A. Bohrer; Non-War Material Conservation—A. E. Pillsbury; Merchandise Conservation—Milton Livingston; Knights of Columbus—James Flavin.

It was the task of these committees and their aides to carry out the programs of the War, Navy, Agriculture, Interior, and Labor Departments; the Food and Fuel Administrations; the Shipping Board; the United States Employment Service; the Childrens Bureau; the Bureau of Education; the American Red Cross; the National War Savings Committee; the several Liberty loans; the Commission on Training Camp Activities; the suppression of the German press and abolition of German from county schools: loyalty cards, handled by neighborhood committees; Legal Advisory Board with the assistance of the McLean County Bar in filling out questionnaires; Emergency Farm Labor, furnished by D. O. Thompson, assisted by Herman Ochs and others, also B. C. Moore who placed many boys; prosecution of citizens who, by their expressions, appeared to be disloyal, and also those who while financially able, refused to contribute to the war activities.

B. F. Hiltabrand

D. G. Fitzgerrell

It fell to the McLean County Council of Defense to serve these and other official and recognized agencies united in the common task of war. The draft boards were assisted with volunteer workers, both physicians and clerks, and who aided in the transcription of occupational cards and in bringing out a full registration and the roundup of delinquents. Before the draft, the Council of Defense was in the forefront of recruiting. It counteracted destructive criticism of the government's war measures by replacing thoughtless gossip with constructive truths. The publicity organization was unparalleled in the effectiveness and extent of its contact with the press and in the vigor and completeness of the speakers' bureaus; the contact with the people themselves through community councils and war units and the complete enlistment, organization and leadership of the women of America, were a mighty source of power from which rose much of the strength of the local boards. Energies were fused into one great harmonious and efficient power. Non-war construction and consumption were curtailed; the welfare of departing and returning soldiers was promoted, public information was given as to possibilities provided by the Federal Board for Vocational Education for crippled soldiers; cases reported of unwarranted payments under the war risk insurance law and detection of deserters aided. Enemy owned property was located; enemy propaganda was met with counter propaganda, and the spread of sedition and disloyalty checked, and at the same time working against lawlessness in the treatment of persons suspected of disloyalty; the work of Americanization; relieving railroad congestion; facilitating motor transportation, etc., all being a part of the great work of the Council of Defense. It brought to the people a message of economy and thrift, the conservation and protection of food and in co-ordinating the work of war agencies in the interests of economy of resources and effort. It aided in the collection of funds for the Red Cross, the United War Work campaigns; aided existing social agencies in meeting the strain of the war and in protecting young people from the serious social effects of abnormal times, helped to fight what was vicious and foster what was good and wholesome in our social life. It assisted in the recruiting of nurses to fill the needs of the hospitals abroad and at home; assisted the navy in the collection of optical instruments; in the campaign to secure volunteers for the shipyards. Through speakers, motion pictures, posters, the press and through personal contact, community singing and the organized fellowship of war workers, the council aroused in the public a desire for service; it brought before the people an intelligent vision of how that service could best be rendered and upheld the faith and enthusiasm through the trying years of the war, thus winning the high title of special guardians of the civilian morale. In evolving measures to increase agricultural production and to combat influenza and conserve the public health, all have led to permanent benefits. A national interest was awakened in the health of the children, in the safeguarding of women who entered the industrial field, and in the assimilation of and Americanization of our foreign born in healthy group recreation and social expression and in wise nonpartisan community organization. Following the war, the Council of Defense assisted in finding employment for discharged soldiers and sailors and in the rehabilitation and care of wounded or sick soldiers; in procuring legal advice and in providing suitable reception to the returning heroes and in making permanent recognition of their deeds of valor. In other ways, the Council of Defense of McLean county distinguished itself for its superb co-operation unit and which was one of the major assets of the war to America. Elsewhere in this work will be found more extended reference to the various departments and particular reference to the work of individuals. Nothing that can be said, unduly praises. McLean county may justly be proud of its record. In men, money and materials, in products of the farm, and of the factory, and in wholehearted response to every call for service or sacrifice imposed by the time, McLean county gave to the nation and its cause, upon a scale surpassing even its best traditions and its rank in the state of Illinois. The contribution of the McLean County Council of Defense, was of a kind that can not be reduced to tables of statistics or expressed in definite form, for in war time, as at no other time, momentous results are often the product of efforts that can not be weighed, measured, or even approximately estimated.

MAJ. GEN. JAMES G. HARBORD

It was an honor to McLean County in connection with the world war that one of the men highest in the councils of the military expedition in Europe was a man who had his birth and youth in this county, and who retained his friendship and acquaintances here, returning for a visit in person after he returned victorious from the world struggle. He was Gen. James G. Harbord, who went to Europe in 1917 as chief of staff to Gen. John J. Pershing, the commander in chief of the A. E. F. and who later became the chief of the American Service of Supply, which kept the lines of fighting men fed with munitions and rations in the great campaigns which they carried on in the summer and fall of 1918.

Gen. Harbord was born in Blooming Grove township in 1866. His parents were Mr. and Mrs. George Harbord, well known McLean County residents a half century ago. The family later moved to Saybrook, thence to Missouri and then to Kansas, where Gen. Harbord graduated from the Kansas State Agricultural college in 1886.

During his life in McLean County, Gen. Harbord attended the Irving school in Bloomington. The largest star in the Irving school service flag during the war stood for Gen. Harbord.

Shortly after his graduation in Kansas young Harbord tried for a West Point appointment, but was beaten in the competitive examinations by Claude B. Sweezey, later a lieutenant colonel in the U. S. army.

Following his failure to secure the West Point appointment, young Harbord showed the kind of stuff generals are made of. He enlisted as a private in the Fourth Infantry in 1889 and in a few months passed through the non-commissioned ranks.

In 1891 he appeared before an army board for examination for a commission and went through with flying•colors, receiving a commission as second lieutenant. When young Sweezey, who won the West Point appointment, was graduated from the military school Harbord had been a commissioned officer in the army for over a year.

Gen. Harbord has had a wonderful military career and spent many years in the Philippines and Cuba. He was a close friend of Gen. Pershing. On January 21, 1899, Gen. Harbord married Emma Ovenshine, daughter of Brig. Gen. Samuel Ovenshine. Mrs. Harbord during the world war lived in Boston. Gen. Harbord's mother, Mrs. George Harbord, lived in Manhattan, Kans. An aunt, Mrs. Ira Orendorff, and an uncle, Jacob Gault, live at Heyworth.

Just before the German forces advancing to Paris in the spring of 1918 encountered the American army at the Marne, Gen. Harbord was detached from the staff of Gen. Pershing and placed in command of the brigade of Marines of the First Division who were sent to Chateau Thierry to stop the German drive. All history knows how the Americans stopped the Germans. Of Gen. Harbord at this stage of his career, a writer in a New York paper wrote in June of 1918:

''General Harbord is a typical example of the American self-made soldier. Born in Illinois, he graduated from the Kansas State Agricultural College in 1886 at the age of 20 and enlisted in the army as a private in Company A of the 4th Infantry, Jan. 10, 1889. He soon became corporal, sergeant, and quartermaster sergeant of that company. During the Spanish-American war he was appointed second lieutenant of the 5th Cavalry and later served with the 10th, 11th, and 1st Cavalry regiments. He was a major when the war in Europe began. He was lieutenant colonel when he went to France a year ago as General Pershing's chief of staff and has seen fine service in Cuba and the Philippines.''

Of the general character of the Marine Corps as fighting men, the same writer wrote at the same time:

''Our boys are doing exactly what we knew they would do,'' said an enthusiastic officer at the New York headquarters yesterday, ''and my only fear is that they will get too enthusiastic and run too far forward. That bunch of ours in France is the finest lot of lads that ever crossed the Atlantic. They are, every one of them, of the 'one in seven type;' that is, for every man we accepted we examined seven. We have been getting reports lately from the fellows in the trenches, and we knew that their time to get a whack at the Hun was coming, and we have been awaiting for the news that they were in it for a week or ten days.

''The German has met and named the fighting American marine. In the past the foe who encountered the prowess of marines received a mingled impression of wild cats and human cyclops and movements as quick as lightning. When Fritz was introduced to him he uttered one gutteral gasp.

'' 'Teufel Hunden.' ''

''From now on the soldiers of the sea apparently have lost their old-time name of 'lethernecks' and are to be known as 'Devil Dogs' or 'Devil Hounds.' Take your choice.''

Of his position and work following the close of the war, a correspondent writing from Tours, France, in January, 1919, said:

''The great man of Tours today is Maj. Gen. Harbord, the American. He is kindly, paternal and powerful for good. He represents to these poor folks the healing might of the United States today, just as he represented our offensive force when he commanded first the marine brigades and then the entire heroic Second Division at Bouresches, Belleau Wood and Vaux.

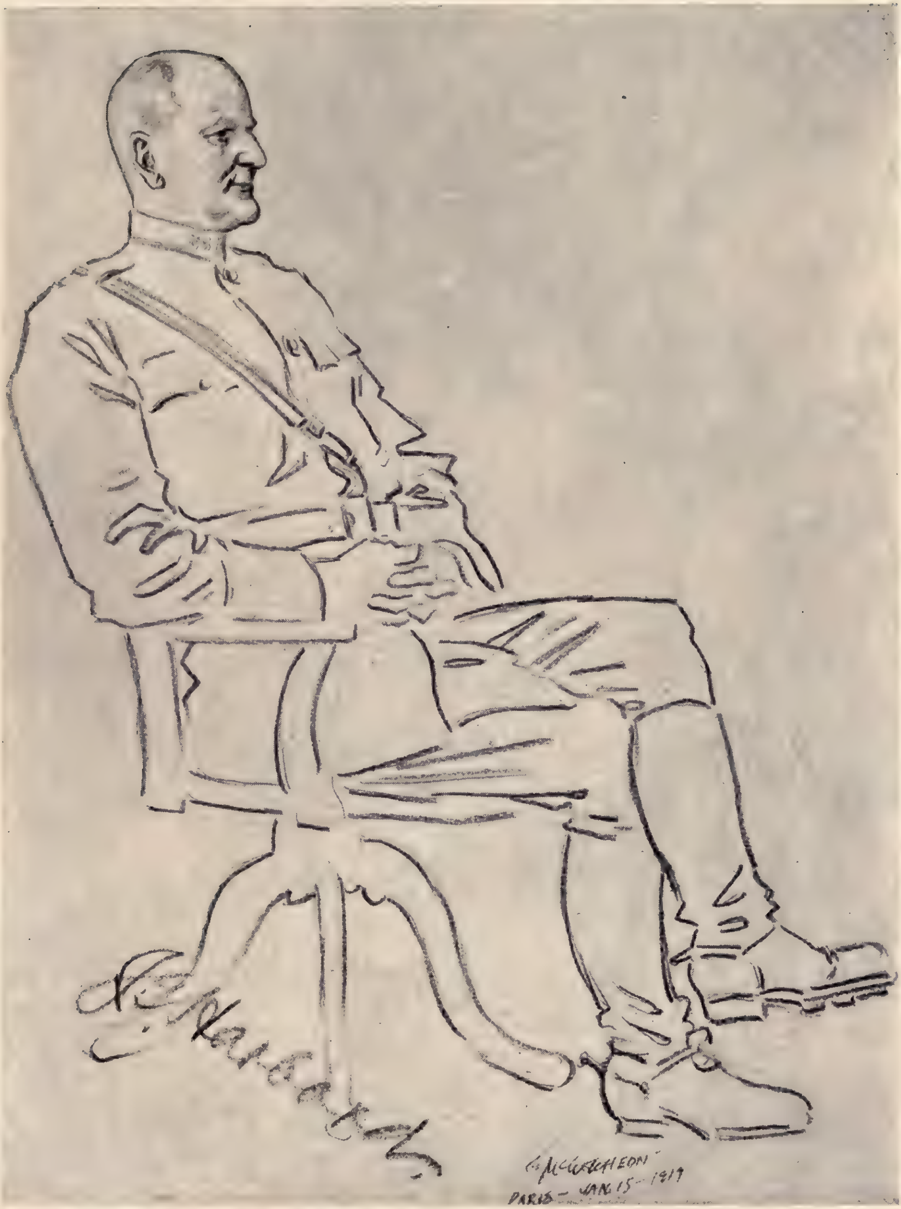
''Originally he was Gen. Pershing's chief of staff. Then he went into the thick of fighting—the defense of Paris. Now Gen. Harbord commands the S. O. S., vast area of France where the American victory was manufactured, where we have flung railroads and telephone-telegraph lines, built veritable cities of warehouses and factories. It includes the ports. Tours has been its capital—the United States war department in France.

''It is a great, rich service of supplies, which means coal, flour, cars and locomotives, American railroad operators helping out French roads, wages for poor refugees, trade profits of a hundred towns, the enrichment of ports, the hope of reconstruction, the improvement of municipal works and necessary scattering of varied benefits. It is here, solid—the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things unseen. Gen. Harbord is a great man.

''He lives in a chateau across the Loire. Other generals live with him; others, yet, come visiting. The chateau is on a height, with glorious river view. When Tours natives pass it of a Sunday, going to the country, they say, 'There's where Harbord lives!'—as speaking of a shepherd of the people.''

On another page of this book is a picture of Gen. Harbord, it being a sketch of him made in Paris by the great artist, John T. McCutcheon, many years cartoonist of the Chicago Tribune. This picture is reproduced in this book by special permission of Mr. McCutcheon, who writing in explanatory comment on the drawing said:

''The three big figures in the American expeditionary forces in France are Gen. Pershing, Gen. Harbord, and Gen. Dawes. Gen. Pershing is the commander in chief and the apex of all the army's European activities. Gen. Harbord is the commanding general of the service of supply. He sees that the army is transported, fed, supplied


J. McCUTCHEON
PARIS — JAN 15 — 1919

McLean County's Greatest Soldier of the World War, as Sketched in Paris by John T. McCutcheon, Famous Artist and War Correspondent of the Chicago Tribune.

and equipped. Gen. Dawes is the general purchasing agent, under whose authority every dollar's worth of material that we buy outside of America is purchased. He does no buying himself, but acts as a general co-ordinator of all the buying that is done through the heads of the purchasing departments of the various services.

''These three men are the giants under whom our army abroad has functioned, and it is fortunate for the nation and the army that the national emergency brought them irresistibly to the top in their three vital fields of activity.

''I was particularly desirous of making sketches of them and lucky in securing their permission to pose for me. I was less lucky in the results that I obtained, as the friends of the subjects will be able to testify after seeing the accompanying drawings. That the three generals were willing to sign the sketches is a testimonial of their natural kindliness rather than a testimonial of their approval and satisfaction with the sketches.

''Gen. Harbord was the first victim. In the Paris headquarters which he occupies when not at his general headquarters in Tours, he sat patiently during the time that I tried to draw him. He did his part perfectly. The most exacting portrait artist could not have asked more from a subject.

''The failure to catch the refinement, and force, and kindliness of his features was entirely my own fault. The drawing as it stands is a mere approximation of him, minus the soul and spirit which are such marked characteristics of the man. His friends may well have reason to be disappointed in the portrait and will be more than justified in their comment, 'Yes, that's Gen. Harbord, but—.' ''

During all his strenuous labors with the army in France, Gen. Harbord never forgot the people of his old home town, and especially those of his old school, the Irving. Several times during the busiest periods of the war, Gen. Harbord wrote letters to Bloomington friends, and Mrs. Emma Bryant, representing the Parent-Teachers' Association of the Irving school, at one time received a handsome picture of him which was later framed and hung in the assembly room at the school.

The Irving school was also the receipient of ivy and poppy seeds from the historic fields of Europe from Gen. Harbord, who wrote the following letter to Mrs. Bryant at the time he sent them:

Paris, Oct. 31, 1919.

I am enclosing you herewith some poppy seed which should produce the scarlet poppy which blooms on the former battlefields of France. I am leaving for America tomorrow and am bringing with me a box of ivy roots from Chateau Thierry, packed in moss, which I shall send to you by express on arrival in New York. These are for the Irving school, with my best wishes. Arriving as they do at a bad time of year, I presume it will be necessary to have them cared for until spring by a florist and have them replanted when the warm weather comes.

Yours sincerely, J. G. HARBORD.

Some months after the actual close of the war, and while the peace commission was sitting in Paris, Gen. Harbord was sent with other American officers on a mission to the countries of Central Europe to investigate conditions there. His report on his findings was made to the government at Washington on his return to this country, in the late fall of 1919.

A memorable event in the history of Bloomington was the visit of Gen. Harbord to this city on his return to this country in the winter of 1919-20. He was in Chicago just before Christmas, and ran down to Bloomington for a day, accompanied by his friend Gen. Dawes and several other Chicago friends. Bloomington planned a great reception for him. He was first taken to the Irving school, where a reception and dinner luncheon was given under charge of the Parent-Teachers' Association. Then in charge of a reception committee, Gen. Harbord was taken to the court house and the general public greeted him. In the evening there was a public meeting at the high school with speeches by Gen. Harbord, Gen. Dawes and others. Mayor Jones presided and Gov. Fifer introduced the speakers and guests. The reception was in charge of committees from the city council, the Association of Commerce and the Parent-Teachers' of Irving school.

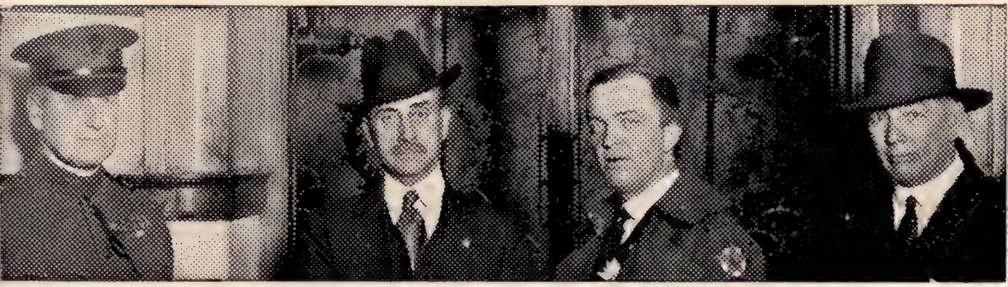
That Gen. Harbord was pleased was shown by a letter received from him after his return to Chicago. He wrote to Mayor Jones, to Mrs. Bryant of Irving school, and President E. M. Evans, president of the Association of Commerce. In the last named letter, to Mr. Evans, the general wrote:

"I feel that I am very much indebted to you for your invitation, as well as to all of the Bloomington people by whose fine hospitality we were entertained. The date will always mark an epoch for me, and I feel that I am now fully re-established as a Bloomingtonian."

In his letter to the school, he said:

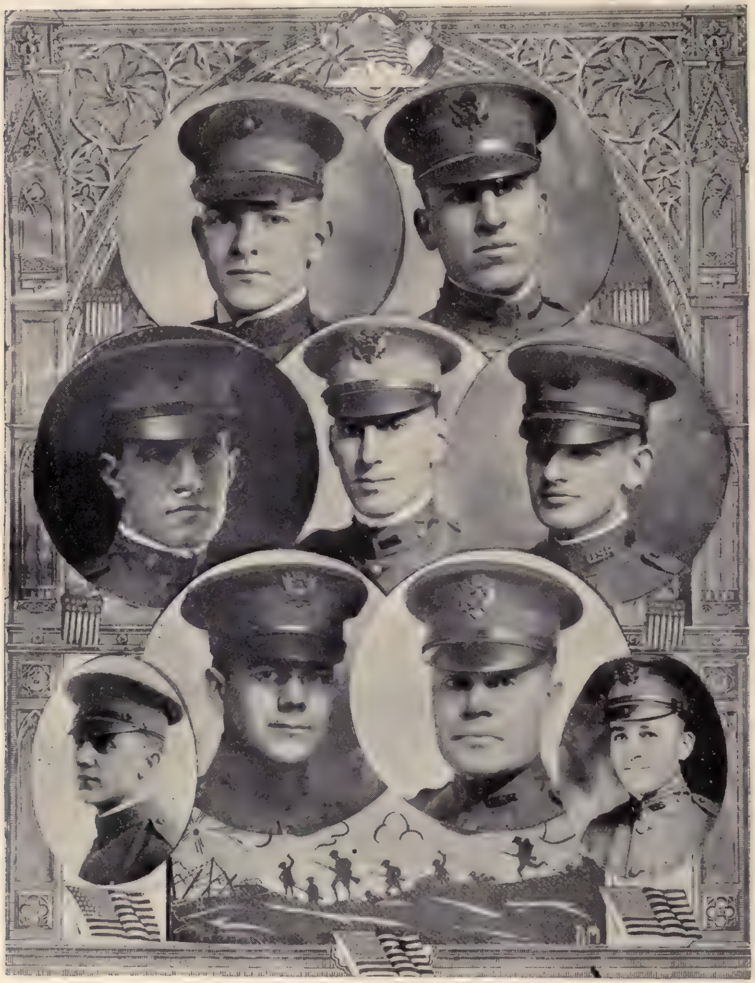
"I can not undertake to say to you how much I appreciated the hospitality shown me in my native city. I felt that it was a particularly graceful thing for your committee to plan to take our party first of all to Irving school. It gave me the greatest pleasure to meet old friends on that spot which to me is more nearly a shrine than any other portion of my native city."

PICTURE IN COURT HOUSE, BLOOMINGTON, DEC. 23, 1919



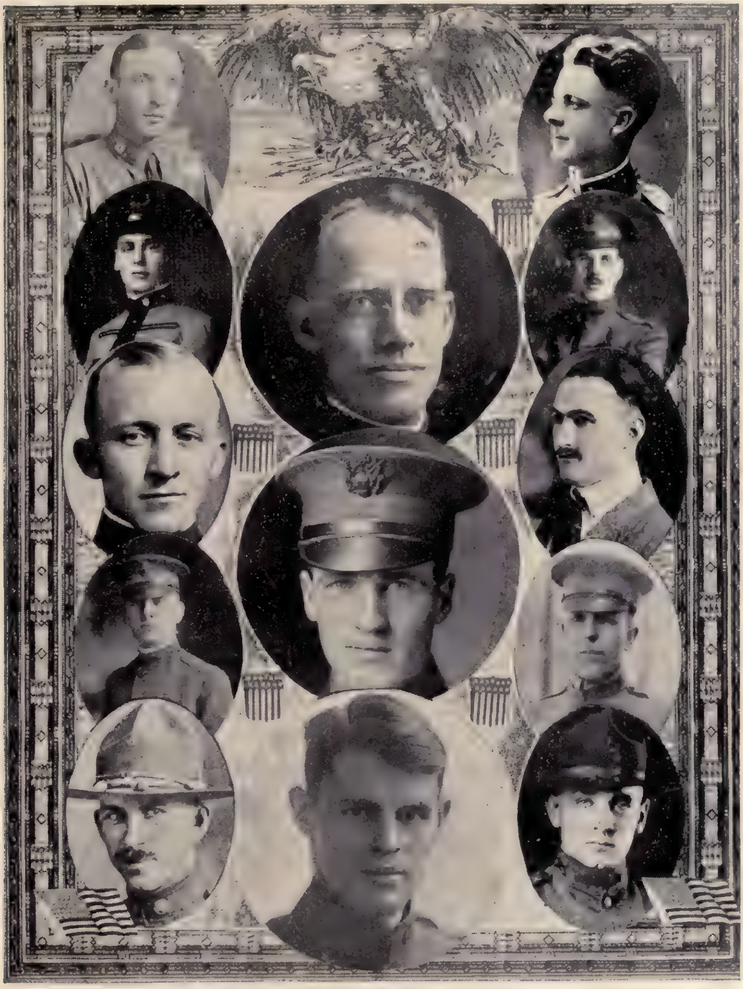
Brig. Gen. Harbord (left). Mayor E. E. Jones. Claude Miller. Mayor Foulk, Normal (right)

Left to Right—C. L. McGraw, Lawrence L. McGuire, Frank Mason, Don McElhaney, Chas. F. Meinkey.



GROUP OF OFFICERS.

Upper left—Capt. Abram Perry.
Upper right—Lt. W. B. Geneva.
Center (left to right)—Lt. Roy Deal; Lt. Walter Sutherland; Lt. Henry Carrithers.
Lower (left to right)—Lt. John B. Stevenson; Lt. Lathrop Roberts; Capt. T. Burr Crigler; Lt. C. H. Burrows.



GROUP OF OFFICERS

Center row, top to bottom—Lt. Alvin W. Viney; *center*—Lt. E. C. Hamill; *below*—Lt. Leslie R. Gray.

Left row, top to bottom—Capt. Harry D. Saddler, Lt. Lee E. Thompson, Lt. Russell Van Ness, Lt. Frank Tobias, Lt. Ralph C. Morath.

Right row, top to bottom—Lt. Raymond Baylor, Lt. Jas. Munch, Lt. Bradford Stewart, Major George W. Frost, Lt. George S. Ross.

BRIG. GEN. HARRY BISHOP

One of the most distinguished soldiers who claimed his home in McLean county was Brig. Gen. Harry Gore Bishop, son of L. H. Bishop of 403 West Vernon avenue, Normal. Gen. Bishop attained a high rank in the world war, but this was the culmination of a life time of service as a soldier for Uncle Sam. He graduated from West Point when a young man, and served first in the coast artillery branch of the service. Then he went to the Philippines, where he served for two years and a half. His next station was at Fort Totten, New York, and the following two years was instructor in artillery at the army school at Fort Leavenworth. Several years later he served in active work in Texas and on the Mexican border. When raised to the rank of brigadier general, he was transferred to the command of the 159th Field artillery, composing the field artillery brigade of the 84th division. Gen Bishop is the author of two books on army matters, one being ''Elements of Field Artillery,'' and the other ''Operation of Field Artillery.''

WALTER HENRY ALLEN, MAJOR ENGINEERS, U. S. ARMY

One of the few officers of McLean County to win the rank of Major was Walter Henry Allen, son of Mrs. William H. Allen of 1112 East Jefferson Street, Bloomington. He was among the first to tender his services and upon July 16, 1917, was commissioned Captain of Engineers and ordered to Fort Leavenworth as an expert in engineering, having become widely known in this profession by reason of fifteen years service in the construction of water works, sewerage systems and pavements in Chicago and on the Pacific Coast. He was later assigned to the 5th Engineers at Corpus Christi, Texas, then being promoted to the rank of Major, was assigned to the 65th Engineers transferred to Chicago and placed in charge of the organization of Tank Units. In March, 1918, he was assigned to the Engineer Replacement Camp at Camp A. A. Humphreys, Va., served on the staff, organized the ordinance supply and constructed the rifle range, one of the largest in the country, and was later placed in command of the Fourth Engineer Training Regiment. September 1st, 1918, he was transferred to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, and placed in command of the Depot Brigade, where he organized, trained and sent overseas 500 railroad men per day. The long training and unusual organizing ability of Major Allen made him of especial value to the government during the trying period of the war and no one from Bloomington made a finer record or acquitted himself to greater satisfaction of the department. The services of Major Allen were so indispensable that he was kept on duty until long after the armistice was signed, finally receiving his discharge February 13, 1919, and resuming his profession of consulting engineer with headquarters in Chicago.

LIEUT. MARK ETHELL

Before the war, Mark Ethell was a contractor in the city of Bloomington and was pursuing the ordinary career of a builder of houses in the county seat. When the war ended, he was Lieut. Mark Ethell of the Second U. S. Engineers, and had made a record with his command in the fighting which was done by the famous Second Division, of which the Second Engineers was a part. Lieut. Ethell volunteered early in 1917, and offered his services on the formation of the regiment of engineers which afterward became the Second Engineers. After a short period of training at Fort Leavenworth and Camp American University, the regiment was sent to France, November 12, 1917, where they participated in many of the most trying situations. At his own request, he was transferred to the 2d Engineers, 2d Division, a combat command, engaged actively at the front. He was promoted to Regimental Engineer and served in that capacity until the regiment arrived at the Rhine. He participated in four major offensives and many minor engagements, escaping injury except a few light shrapnel wounds, until October 29, 1918, and then, while making preparations for the final drive on November 1, he received very serious injury from gas, but remained at his post. His record is best recorded in the words of his commanding officers, Col. W. A. Mitchell and Maj Hinckley, the latter stating: "It has been my good fortune to have Lt. Ethell in my organization and, for co-operation, pep, speed, resourcefulness, hard work—day or night—and ability to get results, he is one among ten thousand. Further, his ability to command and inspire troops is invaluable. The army forever needs pioneers—men who can get results with what is at hand, and Lt. Ethell ranks as a pioneer of the first class. He should now be a captain to say the least." Col. Mitchell says the following: "Lieut. Ethell has been under my command both in the 20th and the 2nd Engineers. He has always been loyal, energetic and especially agreeable in every way. His great activity and pleasant personality overcome any deficiency he may have had. He was on my list to go home for promotion but the war ended before he could be ordered. He was gassed in the Argonne but foolishly and bravely did not report it, as he thought he should continue his work. As a result, he has been considerably injured, to my very great sorrow." Because of his injury, he was invalided home ahead of his division after having spent two months on the Rhine with the Army of Occupation. He was discharged March 24, 1919, at Camp Grant. Lieut. Ethell brought home with him from Europe one of the most remarkable collections of battle field trophies and pictures of the scenes near the front that was in possession of any man who went to the war from McLean county.

LIEUT. BEN. S. RHODES

On September 5, 1917, the first contingent of drafted men from McLean county set out from Bloomington at 5 o'clock in the morning. They were eight in number, and one of them was Ben S. Rhodes, who prior to his induction into the service, was assistant to the county judge. He had graduated from the Wesleyan law school a couple of years previous. Ben Rhodes and his seven fellows went to Camp Dodge, near DesMoines, which was one of the first army cantonments which the government had completed for training quarters for the new national army. Rhodes remained at Camp Dodge for many months going thru the usual training in the elemental part of the soldier's life. He displayed energy and efficiency in the work and won promotions first to the non-commissioned grades of corporal on October 1, 1917 and sergeant November 20, 1917. In the summer of 1918, he was transferred with a contingent of other men to Camp Pike, Arkansas, and after a short time of service there he was selected to take the course at the officers' training camp. In due time he received his commission as lieutenant, and was sent to Camp Lee, Virginia, May 23, 1918. He continued at that camp until the signing of the armistice, being engaged as instructor for many contingents of men who were constantly passing thru the camp. He was assigned to Co. A, Fourth Battalion and was promoted to First Lieutenant September 26, 1918. On December 30, 1918, a few weeks after the signing of the armistice, Lieut. Rhodes secured his discharge from the service, and returned to the walks of civil life in Bloomington. On the death of Dwight Frink, clerk of the city election commission, Rhodes was appointed to that position, which he held until his later appointment as private secretary for Hon. Frank H. Funk, member of the Illinois State Utilities commission. Lieut. Rhodes was one of the prime movers in the organization of the Bloomington post of the American Legion, and was one of its delegates to the first national convention of the Legion, which met at Minneapolis in October, 1919.

CAPT. CHARLES A. McDERMAND, D. C.

Of the Bloomington dentists who responded to the call of his country Dr. Charles A. McDermand who is still in the service had the distinction of giving almost three years of strenuous duty in the army. He was tendered a commission of First Lieutenant in the Dental Corps July 26, 1917, accepted August 29 and by September 12 was on duty at Camp Pike, Ark. He was first assigned as Regimental Dental Surgeon of the Medical Department of the 345th Infantry, 87th Division, but was later transferred to the 43d Infantry, Regular Army and finally entered various units of the 162d depot brigade. He was promoted to captain February 16, 1918. On June 1, 1919, he was transferred to the Camp Examining Board for the demobilization and re-enlistment period and served in this capacity until September 1, 1919, no less than 100,000 men being examined by himself and assistants. He also conducted dental clinics in the camp hospital. Capt. McDermand had the advantage of the regular army dentists by his years

of experience in civil life and ability to take care of complicated technical work, restorations, plate work, etc., and much of the difficult dental service was passed to him. Connected with the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias since 1898, he stepped into the army life naturally and felt right at home and was appointed drill master for the dental corps of the camp. Despite the great responsibilities and the exacting duties that were passed to him, he greatly enjoyed his life in Camp Pike but will welcome a return to civil life again, promised him in less than three years since his first response. The patriotic duty was made at great personal and financial sacrifice, and Capt. McDermand deserves the fullest credit for his response to the call from Uncle Sam.

MAJOR ALBERT N. BUESCHER

Major Albert N. Buescher, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Buescher of North Lee street in Bloomington, and before the war was employed at the Paul F. Beich Co. He received his military training at Fort Benjamin Harrison, where he was commissioned captain. After remaining there as instructor for a time, he was sent to France with the 331st infantry, where he attained the rank of major. After the armistice he secured his discharge and returned to civil life in an Ohio city. The experiences of army life in France had for Major Buescher somewhat of a different appeal from that of many other soldiers, because of his education permitting him to appreciate his surroundings in all their bearings aside from their strictly military aspects.

ROSE TO MAJOR

A sergeant in the regular army at the outbreak of the war, having served seven years, Frank Leslie Harrington of Bloomington, who was with Pershing on the Mexican border and also in the Philippines, was commissioned lieutenant and appointed artillery instructor at Chattanooga, Tenn; Fort Niagara, Camp Meade, Camp Gordon, and Camp Lee. He was later promoted to captain and finally major, believed to be the only Bloomington boy who advanced from the ranks to such a high rank. He resigned his commission after peace was declared.

LIEUT. DUDLEY C. SMITH, JR.

One of the first to enlist at the declaration of war, Dudley C. Smith, jr., of Normal, entered the first officers training camp at Fort Sheridan May 15, 1917, and was among the first commissioned, received the rank of Second Lieutenant August 15 that year, and being assigned to duty at Camp Custer, Michigan, and with the 160th Depot Brigade. Meritorious service won him promotion to First Lieutenant August 24, 1918, and on September 1 of that year he was assigned to Company E of the 10th Infantry located at Camp Custer. It was the ambition of this command to be ordered overseas and participate in the great conflict, but peace came too soon to permit this, and Lieut. Smith shared with his thousands of others, this disappointment. Lieut. Smith remained in the service and with the same command until his discharge at Camp Custer, January 29, 1919, then returning to his home in Normal.

LT. VERNE G. STATEN

Of the Bloomington men who won a commission in the late war, Verne G. Staten was among those fortunate enough to participate in some of the great battles and thus was able to appreciate the gigantic extent of the world conflict. He left Bloomington September 4, 1917, with the first contingent and was assigned to Co. E of the 349th infantry at Camp Dodge, Ia. He was promoted to corporal October 1 and entered the third officers training camp there January 6, 1918, completing the work April 19 and being promoted to sergeant. He was commissioned lieutenant June 1, 1918, and assigned to the third training regiment at Camp Pike, Arkansas, June 10. The welcome orders to go overseas came soon after and he departed August 15, 1918, with the 18th company, Camp Pike Automatic Replacement Draft, and arrived in Camp Standon, England, one month later. He then moved to France and was assigned to the 18th Infantry, 1st Division, joining that command October 20, and in time to participate in the great Meuse-Argonne Offensive, one of the most important engagements of the war. Peace came before Lieut Staten could participate in further battles. He was privileged to take part in the Luxemburg parade with the 18th infantry and remained with the Army of Occupation in Montabour, Germany, until December, being assigned later to the 34th Infantry, Seventh Division. When Germany finally concluded to accept the peace terms, Lieut. Staten was ordered home with his command arriving June 18, 1919, receiving his discharge June 28, 1919, and joining the firm of his father John Staten, real estate and loans, with offices at 304-5 Livingston Building, Bloomington.

CAPT. FITCH HARWOOD

Of the many men from McLean county who saw service as officers in the American army, perhaps none felt the call earlier than did Capt. Fitch Harwood, who gained a commission in the infantry and spent most of his time after receiving his commission as an officer of a machine gun unit. The ink was hardly dry on the official declaration of war by the United States against Germany, until Capt. Harwood was getting busy. One of his first tasks was drilling students of the Wesleyan university in their elemental military instruction which they undertook in the early spring of 1917. Capt. Harwood's summer spent at a citizens' camp at Plattsburg had given him a taste and capacity in that direction. He was next appointed Bloomington representative for securing candidates for examination to enter the government training camp for officers at Fort Sheridan, which was broached in April, 1917. Eighty men applied and were examined under Harwood's direction for this purpose, and fifty of these were accepted. Mr. Harwood and others of the first selections for the Fort Sheridan school reported there May 15, and during his training period he was first sergeant of his training company. In August Harwood was commissioned a captain of infantry, was ordered to Camp Grant, and placed in command of the machine gun company of the 343rd Infantry, a part of the 86th Division then organizing. Capt. Harwood was kept at Camp Grant for practically a year, being engaged all that time in the hardest kind of work drilling and instructing the successive contingents of young men who were being transformed from ordinary civilians into a military machine with which to break the power of the enemy. Almost exactly a year after he entered Camp Grant, Capt. Harwood set out with the other officers and men of the 86th Division for Camp Mills, the last lap of the journey preparatory for sailing for Europe. This division was aptly called the Wildcat Division, being made up of men from all sections of the country and of seventeen different nationalities; many of them came from the mountains of Virginia, Tennessee and the Carolinas. The division finally set sail on September 14, 1918, and landed at Southampton, England, where they went into camp for two weeks. The influenza was widespread in this camp, and many men died. When the division arrived at Bordeaux, France, it was broken up, and Capt. Harwood was sent to the officers' machine gun school of the Second Army corps at Chattillon-sur-Seine. There he remained until the armistice, after which he was assigned to Company B of the 316th machine gun battalion of the 81st division. A few weeks later he was transferred to the 165th infantry, part of the 42d division, which had taken part in much of the hardest fighting of the previous six months. This regiment was then stationed at Remagen, Germany. He never, however, actually assumed command, for he was ordered the next day to return to the States. He next found himself at St. Aignan with a contingent of casuals, all awaiting shipping orders for home. He finally sailed from Marseilles on the Italian ship Guiseppe Verdi. The ship stopped six days at Gibraltar on the voyage home, and while there Capt. Harwood chartered a small boat and took a party of friends over to Tangiers, Morrocco. Capt. Harwood was in command of the 1,800 soldiers making the return trip on the home-bound ship. They landed at New York March 21, 1919, and two days later Capt. Harwood received his discharge at Camp Dix. He had been in the military service of his country for a total of twenty-two months.

LT. ALFRED O. BROWN

Lieut. Alfred O. Brown of Bloomington entered Second Fort Sheridan Training Camp August 27, 1917; commissioned first lieutenant (infantry section) Officers Reserve Corps, November 27, 1917; on duty as platoon leader and company commander with Tenth U. S. Infantry, Fort Benjamin Harrison, December 16, 1917, to June 19, 1918; on duty as company commander of 29th Company, Machine Gun Training Department, Camp Hancock, Ga., June 21, 1918, to August 10, 1918; company commander of 6th Company, Hancock, August Replacement Draft, August 10, 1918, to September 11, 1918; Commanding Hancock August Replacement Draft, August 17, 1918, to Sept. 11, 1918; left Camp Hancock for overseas service August 17, 1918; left Camp Merritt, N. J., August 22, 1918; left U. S. on board S. S. ''Zealandia'' August 23, 1918; arrived Liverpool, Eng., September 5, 1918, and reached Southampton, Eng., same date; arrived Cherbourg, France, Sept. 8, 1918; arrived Selles-sur-Cher, France, September 11, 1918; on duty with 16th Infantry as platoon leader and company commander August 14, 1918, to March 2, 1919, drilling replacements and convoying replacement troops to the front; left Brest, France, February 8, 1919; arrived Hoboken, N. J., February 26, 1919; honorably discharged at Camp Dix, N. J., March 3, 1919. Lieut. Brown was an ideal officer, born to command, and made good in the fullest acceptation of the term. He brought credit to his city and county.

LIEUT. HOWARD SUTHERLAND

Lieut. Howard Sutherland was a first class gunner in the Coast Artillery and stationed at Fort Barrancas, Fla., where he was given very favorable notice by all of the officers. He, like his older brother was born and raised in Bloomington and was graduated from the city schools. Both are high class young Americans, boys that Uncle Sam and the entire community can well be proud of. Men of this type spelled the end of autocracy.

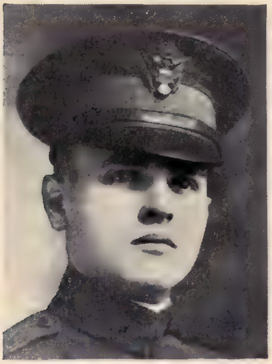
LIEUT. ROLAND S. READ

A record for persistency and patriotism, that has no parallel in the history of McLean county and success in overcoming discouragements that would have overwhelmed a less redoubtable spirit, goes to the credit of Roland S. Read, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. Burt Read of 1203 East Jefferson St., Bloomington. Rejected three times for volunteer service, and then called in the draft and again rejected, due to defective eyesight, he persevered, joining the American Field Service for transport duty in France, buying his own uniform and paying his own expenses to Europe. Sailing on Sept. 4, 1917, on the French liner Rochambeau and landing at Bordeaux, he reported in Paris to the American Field Service which had been working under the French government but during his voyage was taken over by United States. He was again rejected because of his draft exemption papers, but demanded another examination with the same result. He then applied to the French army, was accepted and assigned to hospital service at Neuchateau. His services were so valuable that he was commissioned First Lieutenant and sent to the front to look after supplies, being stationed at Petite Loges, just out of Rheims, during the great German drive in March, 1918. Ordered to leave, when the Germans began shelling the town with gas shells, Lt. Read was a victim of gas and was so seriously affected that he was discharged at Paris headquarters. Two days after he left Rheims, the Germans were in possession of the town. While waiting for his passport to return home, Lt. Read was offered a First Lieutenancy in the Serbian Army and accepted it, welcoming a further opportunity for duty. He was sent to Saloniki, Greece, by the Serbian government and was on duty some time there. Later he contracted Saloniki fever, returned to Paris to recuperate, and as his physical condition was serious, he returned home on the Leviathan in September, 1918. Since peace came, he has been engaged as farm manager near Geneva, Fla., a marked contrast to his thrilling experiences of the great war and which extended over such a diversified extent of territory. This young man has a record of which his parents may well feel proud.

LIEUT. MATTHEW LAWRENCE

Who was connected with the battery of artillery which fired the first shot by American troops against the German positions in 1917. He is a son of William Lawrence of Hudson.

BROTHERS WHO WON COMMISSIONS



Thomas Hart Kennedy

Kaywin Kennedy

Of that virile type of young America, masterful, unyielding, unflinching, which made up the armies in the late war, Normal was proud to contribute two conspicuous examples, Kaywin and Thomas Hart Kennedy, sons of Judge Thomas Kennedy and wife, of 1201 Broadway. They had the distinction of each winning a commission as second lieutenant, and the former was privileged to take part in the great conflict in France. Lieut. Kaywin Kennedy entered the Signal Corps officers training camp at College Park, Maryland (sent as a temporary instructor) and was in the signal corps at Camp Sherman, Ohio. He was sent to France and assigned to the 310th Field Signal Battalion Fourth Army Corps and served with the Third Army (Army of Occupation) of the American Expeditionary Forces until about July 1st, 1919. His special field of duty was wireless telephone officer and he saw a great amount of sanguinary service and was fortunate in participating in the great struggle when it was at its height. Lieut. Kennedy served in the Army of Occupation after the armistice was signed and was discharged at Camp Grant in August, 1919, resuming his school duties in Chicago.

Lieut. Thomas Hart Kennedy selected the infantry department, leaving his school duties at the Culver Indiana military academy and entered the officers training schools at Ft. Sheridan and afterwards at Camp Grant. He was assigned to the second company, but before he could realize his ambition in going across the sea, peace was declared and he received his discharge January 15th, 1919. He worked on the elevated railroad in Chicago until August, 1919, took a trip east to examine transportation systems, and in September reentered Culver Academy. Lieut. Kennedy was honored by being chosen the first secretary of W. A. Fleet Post 113 of the American Legion at this institution.

PREMATURELY REPORTED DEAD

In the casualty reports one day in the fall of 1918 appeared the name of John M. Redd, a colored soldier from Bloomington, as among the killed in action. When the members of the famous Company K of the 370th Infantry returned home in the winter of 1918-19, they reported that Redd, one of the comrades of their company, was not dead, but that they had left him severely wounded in a base hospital at Brest, France.

CAPT. RALPH N. McCORD

An army career in the war covering as many and varied features as could well be imagined was that of Capt. Ralph N. McCord of Bloomington, better known as "Jack." Commissioned a captain of infantry at Fort Sheridan in November, 1917, he was sent to France in January, 1918, and first acted as tactical instructor in a school for line officers at Chattillon-sur-Seine, for several months. Through this school passed in those months from 1,200 to 1,500 leading officers of the A. E. F. This gave Capt. McCord an opportunity for very wide acquaintance. Although he had no chance to participate in the actual fighting, he was sent as an observer in June, 1918, to the operations by American forces at Chateau Thierry, and in August to the St. Mihiel sector. In both cases he saw some of the most important actions of the war. His last trip to the front was in the opening days of November, 1918, in the Argonne forests. On this trip he was attached as an officer to the 115th infantry, of the 89th division. After the armistice, Capt. McCord was made an athletic officer, his training as school and college coach having fitted him for this work. He had control of the athletic contests of the Ninth Corps of the Second Army, comprising over 200,000 men. Elimination contests in all branches of athletics were held at Toul in March, 1919, and then came the championship contests at Paris in April. These contests selected the chief athletes of the whole A. E. F. Capt. McCord afterward managed a great basket-ball tournament of army men in Paris. When the forces of the U. S. had been reduced to small numbers, Capt. McCord secured his homeward passage and was discharged from the service in June, 1919. He resumed business in Bloomington.

LIEUT. STRODE P. HENDERSON

One of the first to enlist when war was declared, Strode P. Henderson, jr., son of Supt. S. P. Henderson of the Chicago and Alton with headquarters in Bloomington, brought credit to his country, McLean County and himself, by service of a very high order. He was first assigned to the Central Department of the army in Chicago in June, 1917, and was transferred in September of that year to Camp Grant and promoted to Corporal. His faithful and efficient performance of duty won him promotion to sergeant the same month and in May, 1918, he was ordered to the Officers Training Camp, known as Camp Joseph E. Johnson. He soon attracted attention and was promptly commissioned, receiving the rank of Second Lieutenant on October 7, his promotion being the result of hard work and study. Lieut.

Henderson was immediately assigned to transport service, making four trips to Europe and return while the war was in progress. Lieut. Henderson was retained in the quartermasters department of the army until long after peace was declared, not receiving his discharge until March 15, 1919. He then resumed his position with the New York branch of the National Cash Register Company and was on the threshold of what promised to be a brilliant career in commercial circles when pneumonia caused his death after a brief illness, the untimely summons bringing grief to his family and unnumbered friends. Both as a soldier and a business man, he won advancement through merit, tireless energy, and integrity. It was men of his type who made possible the victory of the Allies and of the transcendency of the nation he loved.

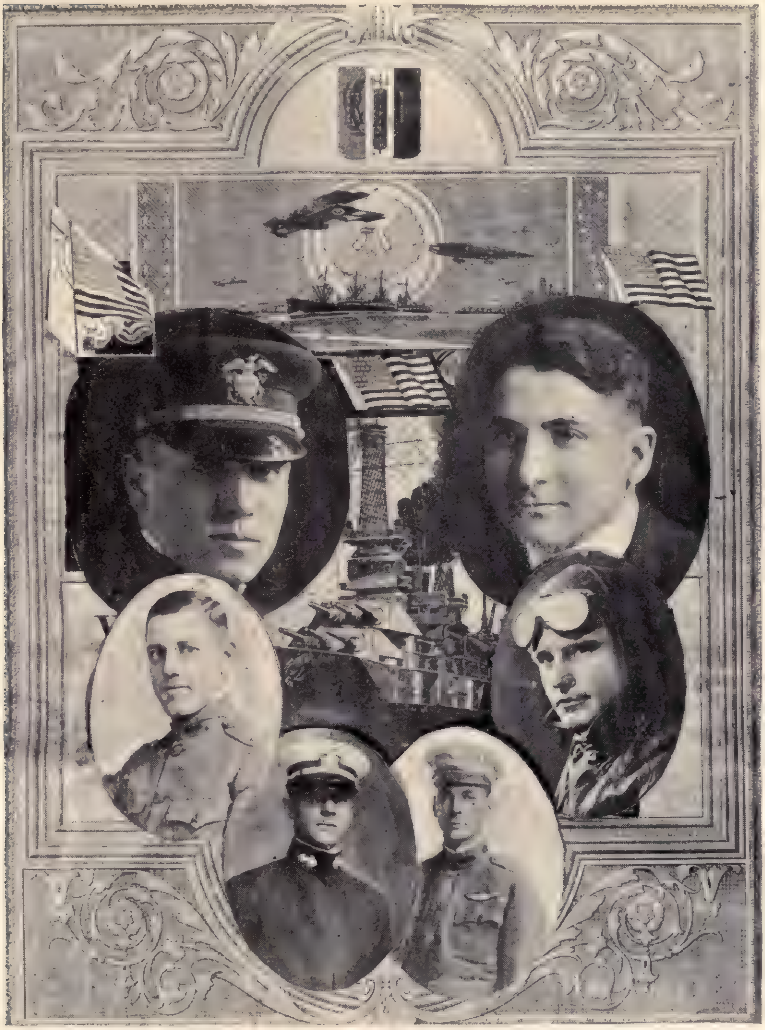
LIEUT. HENRY H. CARRITHERS

Lieutenant Henry H. Carrithers, who was a cadet at the U. S. military school of aeronautics, at the Georgia School of Technology, Atlanta, Ga., received his commission as second lieutenant in the aviation section of the signal corps, and assigned for duty at Kelly field, San Antonio, Tex. His home is in Hudson.

ON STRANDED SHIP

Charles Pancake, former engineer on the Alton road, was with 2,400 other wounded men who came home on the ship Northern Pacific, which was stranded off Fire Island, just outside New York harbor on January 1, 1919. The ship went on the rocks, and while it was not damaged, she was unable to back off on her own power, and there she stuck for two days and nights, while other ships, working at great peril in heavy seas, took off all the wounded men and landed them safely. The wounded men were gotten in some way into small boats, which carried them a mile to destroyers, where they again climbed or were pulled aboard, and the warships took them to land.

OFFICERS GROUP



Right Center—Ralph R. Loar; left center—Ensign John M. Kumler. Below center—Lt. Joseph Depew, left; Lt. David B. Lutz, right. Bottom—Ensign Royal Burtis, Lt. Edwin Burtis.

LT. J. T. ELLIOTT AND LT. GERALD THOMAS

Lt. Jas. Elliott

To enlist as privates during the first month of our entry in the war with Germany, to go through most of the battles in which American troops participated, to be commissioned at the front, to be members of the Army of Occupation in Germany after the Armistice, to come back home as first lieutenants,—and all without being wounded,—such is the exceptional good fortune of "Jim" Elliott and "Fat" Thomas. Surely, these two young men are deserving of particular credit for their service and of congratulation for their fortunate escape from injury in so many cases where the odds were heavily against them.

In April, 1917, Elliott and Thomas consulted several ex-service men and after carefully weighing the opportunities presented by the three branches of national service, chose the Marine Corps, enlisting in that organization as privates. That their judgment was sound is shown by their subsequent record. They were sent to Paris Island, S. C., for preliminary training and were later transferred to the Marine Brigade Training Camp at Quantico, Va. By this time they were non-commissioned officers and, as such, went to France as members of the Fifth Regiment of Marines. For a few months they took part in the special duties to which marines were assigned at that time, as the need for trained men was great while the American Expeditionary Forces in France were being organized.

On October 26, 1917, the Fifth Regiment of Marines became a part of the Second Division which was organized in France from troops sent over separately, and training in division tactics began at once. Elliott and Thomas served in the Verdun and Toul sectors March 15 to 24, 1918; Chateau-Thierry sector May 31 to July 9, with almost continuous heavy fighting, including the famous Belleau Wood operation. After parading in Paris on Bastille Day, Elliott and Thomas took part in the Marne offensive July 18 to 20 and in the Marbache sector August 9 to 24. In one of the engagements, so many of his superiors were killed or wounded that James Elliott was senior member of the company to which he belonged. For meritorious service he was commissioned a second lieutenant. During this period Gerald Thomas, because of superior ability, was sent to an

Lt. Gerald Thomas

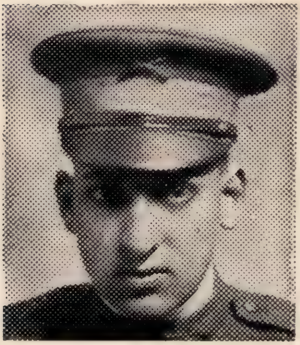
officer's training camp in France and was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Marine Corps. After the St. Mihiel offensive, service in Champagne and the advance to Sedan, Lieutenants Elliott and Thomas became members of the Army of Occupation in the Marine Brigade of the Second Division. Both returned to the United States with the Second Division after that organization was relieved from duty in Germany. James Elliott went back into civilian life where he has since become prominent in athletics. Gerald Thomas retained his commission in the Marine Corps and, during the latter part of 1919 was again sent on foreign service, this time to Hayti.

YOUNGEST OF HIS RANK

Bellflower had the distinction of furnishing the youngest army officer of his rank in the famous Thirty-Third Division if not in the whole A. E. F. He was Lieut. Col. O. J. Troster, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Troster, well known residents of Bellflower. He is a graduate of the University of Illinois, and prior to America entering the war he had his first military experiences with the National Guard regiments on the Mexican border. He went to France with the Thirty-third, and rose rapidly by promotion from one grade to another. During the war, the newspapers published several interesting letters from Troster, then a major. One of the most interesting was that written on the day when the armistice was signed, when he wrote:

''No cheering! The order might as well have said, Shoot yourself. How could normal, healthy Americans keep from voicing their joy in shouting? A colored labor battalion near by took it up, and the old hills certainly did ring. But the artillery continued firing until the hour of 11 o'clock, the time set when the Dutchmen arranged to stop. Then everything got quiet, and tonight there is not a sound.''

After his return from the war Mr. Troster went into business in New York City.



LIEUT. BYRON E. SHIRLEY

Lieut. Byron E. Shirley graduated from the Wesleyan law school in 1916, entered the first officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan, remained for the second, when he received a lieutenant's commission and was assigned to the Fourteenth cavalry, U. S. regular army. After serving in Texas, he was sent to France as an instructor in cavalry. He remained to the close of the war, and was on duty in many different army camps in France. After returning to the U. S. Lieut. Shirley retained his commission for some time and went back to a post in Texas. In the winter of 1919 he received his discharge.

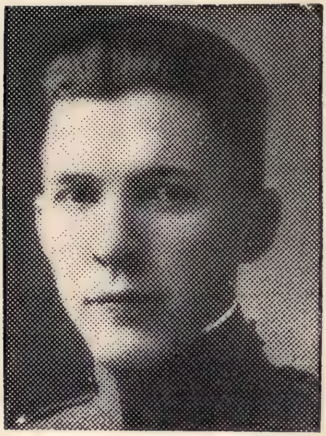
MAJOR WILLARD B. SOPER

Immediately upon the declaration of war by the United States, Dr. Willard Burr Soper, son of Mrs. C. P. Soper of Bloomington, enlisted in the medical corps and on May 4, 1917, commissioned captain. He had the distinction of sailing May 14, 1917, on the first boat leaving New York for France which carried American soldiers, and who represented the initial contribution of the United States to the great armies of the Allies, massed on the western front. Capt. Soper was at first connected as medical officer attached to the U. S. Base Hospital No. 2 which was recruited from the Presbyterian hospital, New York, Columbia University and New York City. Upon arrival in France, this hospital unit took over No. 1 General Hospital, B. E. F. at Etretat, Seine Inferieure. From this time on the unit was known as No. 1, (Presbyterian U. A. A.) General Hospital B. E. F., continuing as such until the end of the war. On July 1, 1918, Dr. Soper was placed in command of this hospital and continued so until demobilization February 18, 1919, at Camp Meade, Maryland. The great Casino at Etretat was commandeered and converted into a hospital and 1,000 beds installed for the soldier patients under charge of Dr. Soper. The emergency capacity was 1200 beds. Dr. Soper was promoted to major in August, 1918. The work assigned to him was both surgical and medical. Roughly, 23,000 cases passed through during the 18 months. Although the whole personnel of the staff was American, the hospital was British and almost all patients were from the British forces. This unit was one of six loaned to the B. E. F. on America's entrance into the war. All were retained until the Armistice. Helen Crocker Soper, wife of Major Willard B. Soper, went to France in June, 1917, for service with the American Ambulance Corps at Paris but it developed that her services would be of more value at Etretat where there was a colony of 250 orphans of the Association Nationale des Orphelins de la Guerre. In July, that year, she took charge with Mrs. Peabody of the Infirmary of the colony and of the general health of the children. From June, 1918, Mrs. Soper was assisted in this work by Miss Laura McNulta, formerly of Bloomington. Their work terminated January 1, 1919. At Christmas, 1918, the prefect of the Department of the Seine Infirieure, presented Mrs. Soper with the medal of Recoinnaissance of the department, in recognition of her invaluable services. The self sacrifice and tireless devotion to his line of duty, won for Major Soper the gratitude of the patients in his charge and he was at all times alert to their needs and watchful of their comfort and care. Dr. Soper elected to specialize in his chosen profession, as bacteriologist, and for several years prior to the war, was instructor for physicians at the Trudeaux School of Tubercular Diseases, located at Saranac Lake, New York. Upon his return from France with the conclusion of hostilities, he was induced by the managers of the Rockefeller Foundation to devote three or four years to experiments in the treatment of tuberculosis and with headquarters in Paris, France. Dr. Soper accepted this commission and his selection was a notable tribute to his ability and the fame that he has already commanded in this important field of work. It is believed that he will rank with the foremost authorities of our time, in the study and treatment of tuberculosis, and, as a result of his study and experimentation, the terrors of the "Great White Plague" will doubtless be largely alleviated.

CAPT. HORACE A. SOPER

Of the young business men of Bloomington who responded to the call to service, Horace A. Soper, vice president of the American Foundry and Furnace Company, located at 915 East Washington Street, was fortunate in being sent abroad. He won a commission as first lieutenant on October 11, 1917 and, due to his business training and administrative experience, he was first assigned to duty in Washington, D. C., and placed in charge of the purchasing department for steel helmets, fire control, instruments, etc. The war department records indicate that, great as was the shortage in some classes of equipment for the army, there never was reported a single instance where a combat division of United States troops was without steel helmets, this efficiency contributed to the credit of Capt. Soper. Making good in this field, he was commissioned captain in June, 1918, and given greater responsibilities abroad. He was sent to France and placed in charge of the purchases of iron and steel and various classes of machinery necessary for the projection of the war. Capt. Soper made his headquarters at Tours while in France thus enabling him to participate in the tremendous activity necessary in carrying on the war and also getting an insight of the superhuman modus operandi that no writer has yet been able to adequately describe. Capt. Soper remained in the service until the close of the great conflict and was honorably discharged January 4, 1919, returning to Bloomington to resume his post with the A. F. & F. Co.

FOUGHT ELEVEN MONTHS WITH THE BIG GUNS

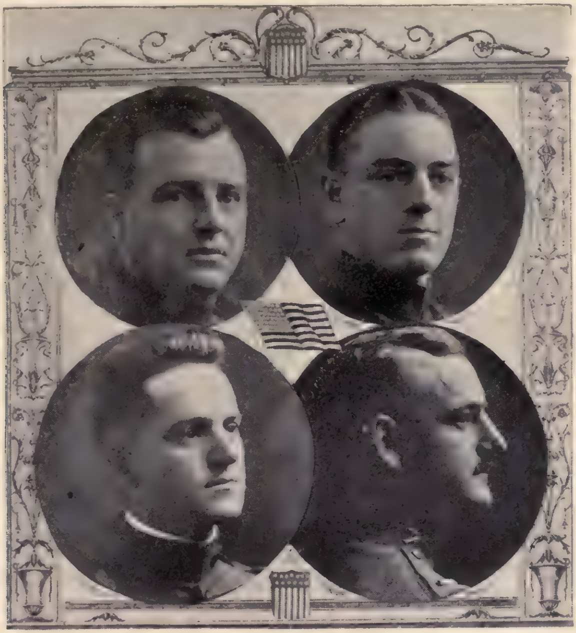


Capt. Ivan Elliot

Ivan Elliot, Wesleyan university athlete and graduate from the law school, left the employ of the Daily Pantagraph in May, 1917, and entered the first school for officers at Fort Sheridan. After a few months of preliminary training, he was sent to Fort Monroe, Va., having been one of a selected group of embryo officers for special service in the heavy ordnance department. Completing his special training at Fort Monroe, he set out for overseas service on September 12, 1917. Landing at Liverpool, he soon went to Havre, France, thence to a school for heavy artillery located in Central France. He was next assigned to the second battalion of the 52d artillery of the U. S. regular army. With that unit he served during the rest of his career in France. This unit handled railway guns known as the French 32's, which were of about 13 inch calibre, being among the heaviest guns used by the American forces in France. Each gun weighed about 150 tons and was manned by thirty-six men. The range of the guns was about ten miles. Each battery consisted of two guns with their crews, and two batteries composed a battalion. The personnel of the battalion consisted of 250 men, allowing a certain reserve for replacements for casualties in action. About the first of January, 1918, the battery with which Elliott was connected was assigned to an active fighting sector of the western front. From that time until relieved and ordered to America, he was in almost continuous active service. The battery was used most of the time for miscellaneous firing, making a target of any point in the enemy lines where known concentration of troops or transport was taking place. His battery was an important factor in the advance of the First Army under Gen. Pershing in the St. Mihiel sector in September, 1918. Afterward, the battery was in support of the infantry advance thru the Argonne forests. Capt. Elliott called this fighting the most terrific of any in which he participated during the war. Thru miles of dense woods and underbrush, interlaced with barbed wire and infested with Germans, the army advanced. The batteries prepared the way for infantry by shelling the enemy lines and roads prior to the advance. Meantime, the heavy artillery was itself the object of heavy counter bombardment by the enemy guns, and the battalion suffered many casualties. At Mount Fanchon, this battery was ordered to open and to cease firing at least ten different times, this being the hardest objective to take of any sought by this unit. The battery lost two guns during its service with the 52d, one bursting with its own discharge, the other being hit by a shell. Capt. Elliott was slightly gassed twice, but was never hit. He spent a short time in a hospital with the influenza. Elliott's promotion from a lieutenancy to a captaincy of artillery was dated September 21, in the midst of the Argonne battle. Capt. Elliott returned to America in December, 1918, and was soon afterward discharged from the service, and took up the practice of law at Carmi and Mt. Carmel, Illinois.

FOUR WATKINS BROTHERS

Four brothers of whom their parents have reason to feel proud and in the fullest acceptance of that term, are the sons of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Watkins of 810 East Chestnut street, Bloomington. Two of these won commissions, one attained the rank of Battalion Sergeant-Major while a fourth had been chosen for competition in an officers training camp when the war ended. Ferre C. Watkins enlisted May 17, 1917, at Fort Sheridan and entered the first Reserve Officers Training Camp. Hard and faithful work, won him a commission August 15 and he was first assigned to the 341st Infantry and on October 8 to the 356th Infantry. Training at Cambridge, Mass., Camp Grant and Fort Sill, Okla., he was ordered overseas, and was soon in the thick of the great conflict. He participated in the Argonne-Meuse offensive, October 18 to November 11 and with his headquarters at St. Andre de Cubzac, later joining the Army of Occupation in Germany. He made a notable record for bravery and was a participant in some of the greatest battles of the war. Lt. Watkins was kept in the service until long after peace was declared, being released June 23, 1919, and resuming his school duties in Chicago.



Upper left—Harold W. Watkins; upper right—Paul Watkins.
Lower left—Ferre Watkins; lower right—Warren C. Watkins.

Warren Cash Watkins enlisted August 20, 1917, entered the officers training camp at Camp Dodge and was commissioned 2d Lieut June 1, 1918. He was variously on duty later at Camp Gordon, Ga., Camp Pike, Ark., Camp Taylor, Ky., and Camp Knox, Ky., his final duty being with the 27th Co., 4th Regt. Dept. Brigade, being discharged December 3, 1918, resuming his school duties.

Paul R. Watkins enlisted October 14, 1918, in the S. A. T. C. at Urbana and was honored by selection for the Officers Training Camp when the armistice was signed, being discharged December 21, 1918.

Harold R. Watkins enlisted September 23, 1918, was assigned to the medical reserve and later the National Army and stationed at Philadelphia. Meritorious duty won him promotion to First Sergeant and then Battalion Sergeant Major, receiving his discharge December 18, 1918, then resuming his schools duties.

Edward Bynum

Chas. E. Brown
Edward Bynum
Lincoln Bynum
Enix Nathan
Herbert Henderson
Leonard Holmes
Norman Keys
Donald Luster
James Martin

OUR COLORED HEROES

The 370th made a glorious record in France where they met some of the Kaiser's best troops and put them to flight each time, thereby wining for themselves the name of ''Black Devils.'' Although several of the stalwart men belonging to the Bloomington company fell on the battlefield, the large majority of them survived the terrible hardships to which they were subjected, and rejoiced with their relatives and friends at being at home once more. The members of Company K 370th infantry formerly were known as the Eight Illinois composed chiefly of men from Bloomington, but when the war broke out the company was recruited to full strength with the addition of men from Pontiac, Clinton and other nearby places. The members follow:

Lt. Willis Stearles
Lt. F. K. Johnson
First Sgt. James L. Page
Sgt. G. W. Stewart
Sgt. Roy J. Stevenson
Sgt. Chas. Thomas
Corp. Jacob Ward
Leonard Marshall
Fred Samuels
Alonzo Walton
Joshua Ward
Bruce Anderson
Ernest Anderson
Oliver Bacon
Alonzo Barnes
Sylvester Beard
Joseph Boswell
Fate Palm
Westly Meauhead
Hollway McMath
R. C. Oliphant
J. T. Patterson
Maceo Shavers
Homer Skinner
Andrew Stovall
William Williams
Robert C. Wilson
Howard Brent

History of Company

In July, 1917, in response to President Wilson's call, the company left Bloomington for Peoria. They remained there about ten weeks, leaving Peoria for Camp Logan, Houston, Texas, on October 12. In March, 1918, they left Camp Logan for Newport News, Va., and arrived in

France April 22. On April 29th they were placed with a French division and trained with them until June 23 when they went into the trenches near Regonville where they remained for a week. From there they were taken to Vraincourt and went into the trenches again for ten days being quartered during that time with one of the best French divisions.

On August 16, 1918, the local boys left for Verdun front and on September 14 went into the front line trenches. Between that time and the day they were subjected to heavy shell fire and gas attacks. On September 30, the third battalion engaged in another hard fought battle and on October 12 they started in full pursuit of the fleeing enemy, and arrived in the trenches at midnight, October 18, ready to advance again the next morning.

On October 28th they left for Honoyn, and on November 9th were again in pursuit of the enemy, and were in the final battle on the day the armistice was signed.

They arrived at Brest, France, January 10, 1919 and landed in New York on February 9.

Cited for Bravery

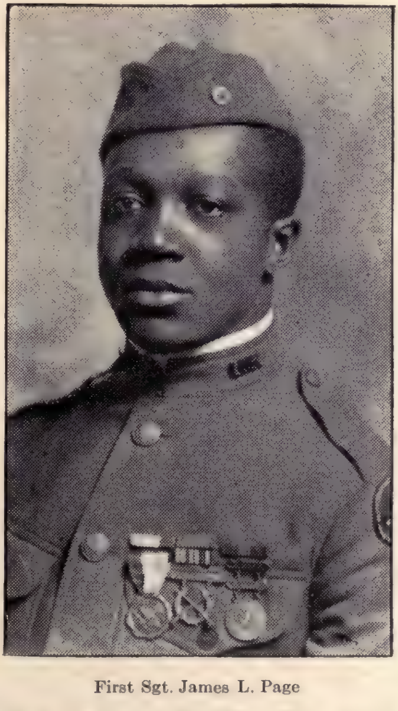
For bravery in battle and for their work in trench and camp the 370th Infantry were highly praised by General Mittlhouser, commander of the 36th division of the French army.

There are several among the local boys who wear decorations for distinguished service. Among these are Alonzo Walton, of Normal, who was cited for bravery in carrying food to his company during a German barrage.

Donald Luster and Harry L. Pierson received their distinguished service medal for going into "No Man's" land in daylight and carry out their wounded comrades. At one time two of the wounded died on their shoulders while being carried out.

Those Left in France

Only one of the local company sleeps in France, although several remained several months in the hospitals recovering from wounds. Gus Williams, killed in action, is the only one who was called to give up his life. John Redd, who was reported by the war department as killed in action was found in a hospital at St. Agnan. He was seriously wounded September 30, five machine gun bullets entering his body. Later, however, he died from his wounds.



First Sgt. James L. Page

Among the wounded were Corporal Len Wilson, wounded in the leg by a piece of shrapnel on September 30; Private Paul Turlington, wounded by shrapnel on October 4; Earl Lewis, ill in the hospital; Sergeant Solomon Williams, ill at the hospital in Brest; and Joe Fort, evacuated to a casual company September 5 at Brest.

BLOOMINGTON CITY LIBRARY IN WAR TIMES

At the entrance of the United States into the war, the Withers Public Library of Bloomington, under the leadership of its librarian, enlisted for war service, devoting all of its resources, without reserve to such activities as were within its scope.

When the first call came for reading matter for the camps, two thousand magazines were collected and shipped at the library's expense.

Later, one thousand magazines were sent on the Burleson plan, postage paid by the Library.

On the first call made by the American Library Association for money to purchase books, the sum of twelve hundred dollars was raised, and at the call for books 3,500 were collected, furnished with pockets and cards and sent to distributing points.

One hundred scrap books were made for Christmas packets for the soldiers and one hundred more blank scrap books furnished to be filled by the public. Two hundred fifty collections of stories were put into attractive bindings for hospital use.

Every facility was offered for the advancement of the food and fuel conservation movement. A room was furnished for a speakers' training class, conducted by Professor C. M. Sanford of the State Normal University. Bulletins headed ''Food will win the war'' were posted daily.

Thousands of pamphlets on food and fuel conservation and on public health were distributed and display space was furnished for posters in all Red Cross and Liberty Loan drives and all other war activities.

In the lightless and heatless period ordered by the United States Fuel Commission, the library was closed on Sunday afternoons and all day Tuesdays and opened only from 12 P. M. until 6 P. M. on other days of the week.

During the registration of women, by the McLean County Council of National Defense, ten thousand cards were clipped, alphabeted and filed for future reference.

From the file help was furnished as called for; especially during the influenza epidemic, when the registration of nurses and nurses' aids proved to be invaluable.

During 1918 the library was an agency for the sale of Thrift and War Savings Stamps with sales amounting to several thousand dollars. These sales were continued for many months after the war.

A contest between the various schools of the city was conducted, resulting in much interest and large sales. The sale was also encouraged by a thrift stamp play given by the children and staged in the Children's Room.

Three rooms were vacated and given for the use of the Red Cross Civilian Relief, and Home Service Bureau and secretary's office. The Red Cross Civilian Relief was housed at the Public Library from November 1, 1817, to January 1, 1919; also the secretary's office and Junior Red Cross headquarters, which are still here.

This necessitated the fitting up of new rooms in the basement for library needs at considerable expense, and re-locating the Children's Room in the Russell Art Room for the time being.

The library acted in the enrollment of boys for the Boys' Working Reserve.

Accommodations were furnished for the study classes in connection with the Home Service Department of the Red Cross for the regular meetings of the Red Cross Health Committee

A most important service was rendered during the serious epidemic of Spanish influenza in the fall and winter of 1918-1919, when office room was furnished the Red Cross Influenza Committee and the Emergency

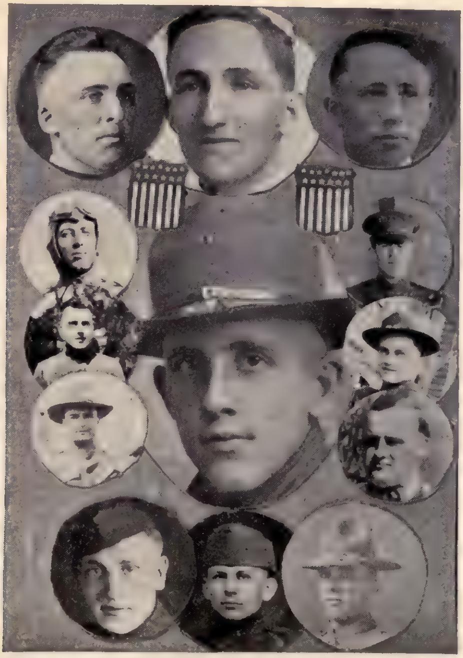
Motor Corps. These rooms were open day and night, during the critical time. Here supplies were received and sent to sufferers in hospitals and private homes, nurses were secured and placed and every effort made to abate the plague.

The Victory Loan also found headquarters at the library.

Constant publicity work was carried on along all lines. Bulletins calling attention to books and articles of interest were furnished the daily papers; clippings of historic value were mounted for permanent use; large collections of war books and pamphlets were made; Government and state official documents were secured and placed where easily accessible by the public.

In fact, the Withers Public Library became a sort of clearing house for both active effort and for imparting useful information in all lines of war work.

The staff of the library during the war period consisted of the following persons: Miss Nellie E. Parham, librarian in charge; Miss Nelle F. Webb and Mrs. C. F. Kimball, reference department; Miss Alma Lange, Miss Sarah Stowell, Miss Havenhill, Miss Mabel Whittington, Miss Lucy Williams, and Miss Helen Niehaus. Miss Niehaus was later for a short period in the government employ at Washington during the latter part of the war. Miss Miriam Wallace had charge of the children's department, assisted by Miss Charlotte Stevenson. Ray Powell, a Wesleyan student, worked in the library for a time, but resigned to enter the army.



Upper row (left to right)—Walter E. Rapp, Powell E. Reynolds Harry C. Reuger. *Center*—Harold Russell; *left of center*—Bert L. Riseling, Paul C. Robinson, Albert Rousey; *right of center*—Glenn A. Rieldick, Michael J. Reidy, John F. Quinn. *Lower row*—Joseph E. Radley, Clayton W. Rulon, Chas. A. Reum.

COUNTY FOOD ADMINISTRATION IN THE WAR

Only a few weeks after America's entry into the war, the Bloomington Association of Commerce was asked by Harry A. Wheeler, Federal Food Administrator for Illinois, to appoint an Administrator who should select a committee of four to co-operate with him in representing our Government in handling all questions that might arise on this subject.

R. C. Baldwin, president of the Association of Commerce, went to Howard Humphreys along in September of 1917, stating that as he was looked upon as the Dean of the grocery business in this section, he felt that Mr. Humphreys should accept this appointment, which he immediately did, wiring Mr. Wheeler that he would give it the best attention possible and be very careful in the selection of the Conference Committee. It seemed most natural at first that the different food interests should be represented on the committee, and Mr. Humphreys was about to make such appointments when a later thought convinced him that the personnel of such Committee might better be of men not interested in the food game, for he felt certain that the committee could have equal co-operation and assistance from all the food men though not on a committee. Accordingly he made the following appointments of men who, though very busy in their affairs, accepted them and pledged their support and co-operation:

President David Felmley, of Normal University.
John J. Morrissey, Attorney.
D. O. Thompson, County Farm Advisor.
Mrs. J. M. Patterson, President of the Woman's Union Label League.

It was necessary to act quickly and get this organization thruout the state working as soon as possible, and the various food committees were given very little instruction as to what they should, or should not do, and Mr. Humphreys did not know for some time whether he was representing Bloomington, the county or a section about Bloomington. However, he commenced to work at once, and immediately informed headquarters in Chicago what the committee were doing, and asked for their criticisms and suggestions. In reply he received their congratulations and was told to go right along in the same course.

The grocerymen of the county were at first very much agitated and felt that their business was going to be curtailed and their margins of profit so limited that it would be impossible for them to pay the expenses of their business, and while there was the universal expression of the utmost loyalty from all the grocerymen, yet there were many who seriously felt that it would be impossible to operate their business, under conditions which they thought would be imposed, without loss. The fact that the retail grocers and meat dealers of Bloomington were organized in a local association made it very much easier for the Food Administrator to get their quicker and more active cooperation.

When the grocerymen were asked to publish a price list of the staple food commodities, showing what the retail grocer bought and sold these staples for, there was quite a strenuous objection made by many dealers. They asserted that their margins of profit were reasonable, and that the matter of profiteering in prices was merely a question of agitation and irresponsible rumor, and had little or no foundation in fact in this community, even if it had in others.

When these men were finally convinced of the necessity of publishing their selling prices, a second objection arose as to publishing their costs, insisting that it was unnecessarily making public a part of their affairs that was usually a confidential feature of a man's business. However, when they saw that it was the publication of such costs and selling prices which assured the public of the small margins that these commodities were retailed at, and that such publication would beget confidence and dispel the trouble and agitation that came to the minds of many on account of the higher prices of foods, the thought that they were profiteering in war times, taking advantage of conditions in unreasonable profits from the consumer, would be dispelled.

It was along in December, the first price lists were published, December of 1917, Bloomington being one of the first towns of the state in this locality to publish such prices, and a committee was formed by the retail dealers who met once or twice a week, and having collected data as to the costs of the staple commodities, a fair price list was thus made and published for a time daily in both the morning and evening newspapers of the city. It would have been illegal under the Sherman Anti-Trust Law for merchants to meet, discuss and arrange prices in this way save for the fact that the Federal Trade Commission had given a ruling to the United States, that such action might be taken provided a regularly authorized Food Administrator was present at such meeting when prices were discussed, and what were considered to be fair prices named. Mr. Humphreys was working along without knowing the field that he was expected to cover, and yet it was a fact that there were quite a number of other Food Administrators appointed in other towns in McLean county at the same time that he was appointed. Presuming that they would all work together, Mr. Humphreys invited such appointees to a meeting in Bloomington so that they might co-operate in their activities. Soon after this he was asked to be County Food Administrator, and as such it was necessary to be sworn in officially.

A few weeks later, Mr. Humphreys was asked to become a member of the State District Board, taking charge of the district of seven or eight counties, which district was changed as changes were made in the District Board, so that finally his district included thirteen counties: McLean, Cass, DeWitt, Ford, Fulton, Knox, Livingston, Mason, Menard, Peoria, Stark, Tazewell and Woodford.

Each of these counties was represented by a County Food Administrator, and under them, each of the towns in the counties, was represented by a local food administrator. Mr. J. J. Thomassen was appointed county food administrator for McLean county and Charles O'Malley, local Food Administrator for Bloomington.

A county food administration was completed in February, 1918, under the direction of Mr. Thomassen, by the appointment of the following township food administrators, each of whom was supposed to deal with the food problems of his own immediate neighborhood, in co-operation with the county administrator: Allin—W. H. Springer, Stanford; Anchor—Jacob Martens, Anchor; Arrowsmith—George E. Lester, Arrowsmith; Bellflower—C. F. Gooch, Bellflower; Bloomington—Charles O'Malley; Blue Mound—A. T. Walton, Cooksville; Cheney's Grove—William Rowe, Saybrook; Chenoa—A. D. Jordan, Chenoa; Cropsey—H. L. Barnes, Cropsey; Dale—A. L. Nicol, Covell; Danvers—L. C. Voss, Danvers; Downs—G. H. Meiner, Downs; Dawson—A. L. Builta, Ellsworth; Dry Grove—L. C. Voss, Danvers; Empire—A. Jay Keenan, Leroy; Funk's Grove—C. M. Bowen, Bloomington; Gridley—C. F. Hoobler, Gridley; Hudson—R. A. Ensign, Hudson; Lawndale—H. L. Barnes, Colfax; Lexington—A. H. Scrogin, Lexington; Martin—H. L. Barnes, Colfax; Money Creek—A. H. Scrogin, Lexington; Mt. Hope—Frank W. Aldrich, McLean; Normal—W. J. Arbogast, Normal; Old Town—F. W. Boston, Holder; Randolph—J. P. Shelton, Heyworth; Towanda—Oren Clark, Towanda; West—C. F. Gooch, Bellflower; White Oak—L. H. Brown, Carlock; Yates—A. D. Jordan, Chenoa.

At this same time, the organization in Bloomington consisted of Charles O'Malley, city food administrator; J. J. Thomassen, county administrator; Victor Robinson, Oscar Mandel, Henry Munch, Campbell Holton, W. H. Cummings, Mrs. J. M. Patterson, Charles Utesch, and

Hal M. Stone

Howard Humphreys

J. J. Thomassen

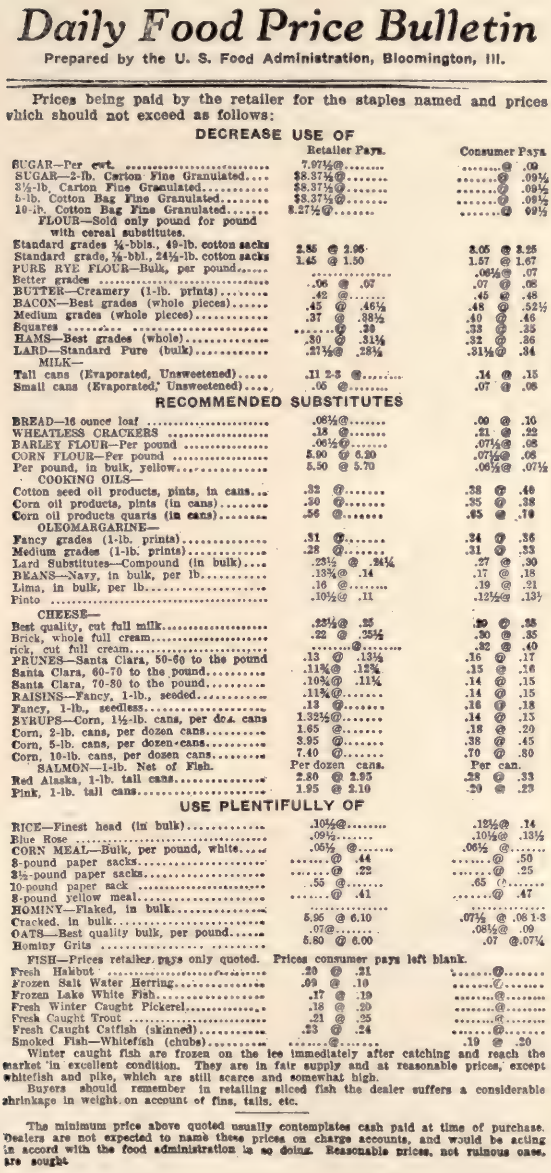
A. H. Hoopes. After a few weeks of very active service, Mr. Thomassen was obliged to resign the position, and Mr. Hal M. Stone accepted the appointment of County Food Administrator. Mr. O'Malley gave him very valuable assistance in handling one of the most important features at that time, the question of sugar distribution, and regulations of the quantity to be sold. In this respect, Mr. O'Malley was acting as County Food Administrator and was sworn in as such.

These arrangements continued until December, 1918, when practically all restrictions were withdrawn and the activities of the Food Administration ceased.

One of the most important features of this work were the efforts of the administration to limit and secure a fair distribution of sugar. Bloomington was one of the first towns in the west to limit the supply of sugar sold to the consumer; and when it was seen that a possible sugar famine was approaching, without consultation or advice, it seemed best to ask all retailers immediately to limit all sales to five pounds of sugar. These instructions were very promptly complied with, and at times later the sales were limited to two pounds. Our county was very fortunate in suffering less from the sugar famine than many others, and while there was some difficulty in the fall of 1918 in controlling the amount of sugar to be used for canning and preserving purposes, yet there was but little, if any, hardship experienced in a lack of supply of this great food necessity.

Careful investigations were made by the Food Administrators of the real needs of those purchasers of sugar for canning and preserving, it being the intention of the Government that sugar should be provided for such use, and tickets or orders were issued to dealers by the Food Administrators, on which they could sell sugar for such purposes. This feature of the work ran up to such importance that it was necessary to have an uptown office building with several attendants to issue these canning sugar tickets. Guy Strickle gave the Food Administrator, Mr. O'Malley, very valuable assistance in this work locally in Bloomington.

In the summer of 1918 it became necessary for every groceryman to keep a sugar card for each customer. On this was entered the name of and address of the customer and the time and amount of each sugar purchased. These cards were handled through a clearing house, and



Daily Food Price Bulletin

Prepared by the U. S. Food Administration, Bloomington, Ill.

Prices being paid by the retailer for the staples named and prices which should not exceed as follows:

DECREASE USE OF

	Retailer Pays.	Consumer Pays.
SUGAR—Per cwt.	7.97½@.......	.......@ .09
SUGAR—2-lb. Carton Fine Granulated	$8.37½@.......	.......@ .09½
3½-lb. Carton Fine Granulated	$8.37½@.......	.......@ .09½
5-lb. Cotton Bag Fine Granulated	$8.37½@.......	.......@ .09½
10-lb. Cotton Bag Fine Granulated	8.27½@.......	.......@ .09½
FLOUR—Sold only pound for pound with cereal substitutes.		
Standard grades ¼-bbls., 49-lb. cotton sacks	2.85 @ 2.95	3.05 @ 3.25
Standard grade, ⅛-bbl., 24½-lb. cotton sacks	1.45 @ 1.50	1.57 @ 1.67
PURE RYE FLOUR—Bulk, per pound	....	.06½@ .07
Better grades	.06 @ .07	.07 @ .08
BUTTER—Creamery (1-lb. prints)	.42 @.......	.45 @ .48
BACON—Best grades (whole pieces)	.45 @ .46½	.48 @ .52½
Medium grades (whole pieces)	.37 @ .38½	.40 @ .46
Squares	.......@ .30	.33 @ .35
HAMS—Best grades (whole)	.30 @ .31½	.32 @ .36
LARD—Standard Pure (bulk)	.27½@ .28½	.31½@ .34
MILK—		
Tall cans (Evaporated, Unsweetened)	.11 2-3 @.......	.14 @ .15
Small cans (Evaporated, Unsweetened)	.05 @.......	.07 @ .08

RECOMMENDED SUBSTITUTES

	Retailer Pays.	Consumer Pays.
BREAD—16 ounce loaf	.08½@.......	.09 @ .10
WHEATLESS CRACKERS	.18 @.......	.21 @ .22
BARLEY FLOUR—Per pound	.06½@.......	.07½@ .08
CORN FLOUR—Per pound	5.90 @ 6.20	.07½@ .08
Per pound, in bulk, yellow	5.50 @ 5.70	.06½@ .07½
COOKING OILS—		
Cotton seed oil products, pints, in cans	.32 @.......	.38 @ .40
Corn oil products, pints (in cans)	.30 @.......	.35 @ .38
Corn oil products quarts (in cans)	.56 @.......	.65 @ .70
OLEOMARGARINE—		
Fancy grades (1-lb. prints)	.31 @.......	.34 @ .36
Medium grades (1-lb. prints)	.28 @.......	.31 @ .33
Lard Substitutes—Compound (in bulk)	.23½ @ .24¼	.27 @ .30
BEANS—Navy, in bulk, per lb.	.13¾@ .14	.17 @ .18
Lima, in bulk, per lb.	.16 @.......	.19 @ .21
Pinto	.10½@ .11	.12½@ .13½
CHEESE—		
Best quality, cut full milk	.23½@ .25	.30 @ .35
Brick, whole full cream	.22 @ .25½	.30 @ .35
rick, cut full cream	.......@.......	.32 @ .40
PRUNES—Santa Clara, 50-60 to the pound	.13 @ .13½	.16 @ .17
Santa Clara, 60-70 to the pound	.11¾@ .12¾	.15 @ .16
Santa Clara, 70-80 to the pound	.10¾@ .11¼	.14 @ .15
RAISINS—Fancy, 1-lb., seeded	.11¾@.......	.14 @ .15
Fancy, 1-lb., seedless	.13 @.......	.16 @ .18
SYRUPS—Corn, 1½-lb. cans, per doz. cans	1.32½@.......	.14 @ .15
Corn, 2-lb. cans, per dozen cans	1.65 @.......	.18 @ .20
Corn, 5-lb. cans, per dozen cans	3.95 @.......	.38 @ .45
Corn, 10-lb. cans, per dozen cans	7.40 @.......	.70 @ .80
SALMON—1-lb. Net of Fish.	Per dozen cans.	Per can.
Red Alaska, 1-lb. tall cans	2.80 @ 2.95	.28 @ .33
Pink, 1-lb. tall cans	1.95 @ 2.10	.20 @ .23

USE PLENTIFULLY OF

	Retailer Pays.	Consumer Pays.
RICE—Finest head (in bulk)	.10½@.......	.12½@ .14
Blue Rose	.09½.......	.10½@ .13½
CORN MEAL—Bulk, per pound, white	.05½ @.......	.06½ @.......
8-pound paper sacks	.......@ .44	.......@ .50
3½-pound paper sacks	.......@ .22	.......@ .25
10-pound paper sack	.55 @.......	.65 @.......
8-pound yellow meal	.......@ .41	.......@ .47
HOMINY—Flaked, in bulk	....	....
Cracked, in bulk	5.95 @ 6.10	.07½ @ .08 1-3
OATS—Best quality bulk, per pound	.07@.......	.08½@ .09
Hominy Grits	5.80 @ 6.00	.07 @.07¼
FISH—Prices retailer pays only quoted. Prices consumer pays left blank.		
Fresh Halibut	.20 @ .21	.......@.......
Frozen Salt Water Herring	.09 @ .10	.......@.......
Frozen Lake White Fish	.17 @ .19	.......@.......
Fresh Winter Caught Pickerel	.18 @ .20	.......@.......
Fresh Caught Trout	.21 @ .25	.......@.......
Fresh Caught Catfish (skinned)	.23 @ .24	.......@.......
Smoked Fish—Whitefish (chubs)	.......@.......	.19 @ .20

Winter caught fish are frozen on the ice immediately after catching and reach the market in excellent condition. They are in fair supply and at reasonable prices, except whitefish and pike, which are still scarce and somewhat high.

Buyers should remember in retailing sliced fish the dealer suffers a considerable shrinkage in weight on account of fins, tails, etc.

The minimum price above quoted usually contemplates cash paid at time of purchase. Dealers are not expected to name these prices on charge accounts, and would be acting in accord with the food administration in so doing. Reasonable prices, not ruinous ones, are sought.

Each day during the war, the newspapers published a daily food price bulletin 1 prepared by the United States Food Administration and which protected the public from profiteering, the prices being fixed and dealers being warned not to exceed them. The recommended substitues for articles like sugar, that were scarce, were also given checked up so that no family should be allowed to exceed its sugar quota. The groceryman was required to furnish a certificate to his jobber as to his sugar requirements before he could purchase, and these cards were the basis. Manufacturers of ice cream and candy were cut down in their allowance of sugar, first to 80 per cent and then to 50 per cent of the normal. Sugar bowls were taken off the tables of restaurants and hotels, and sugar was given to the customer only on request. This regulation continued in force for several months during the summer and fall of 1918.

Another important feature of the work was the distribution of flour. It seemed quite certain in the spring of 1918, that our supply of wheat flour would certainly be exhausted by the first of June, and that we would have a two months' interim, where some food substitute would have to take the place of wheat flour. On January 28, 1918, when the serious condition of wheat flour was fully ascertained, the United States Food Administrator issued a ruling that all sales of wheat flour should be made with an equal quantity of cereal substitutes, specifically naming just what substitutes could be used as such, and making it necessary for all retailers and wholesalers, to see that each purchase of wheat flour was accompanied at the same time with a sale of a like quantity, pound for pound, on the fifty-fifty basis, of cereal substitutes. As the greater shortage of wheat flour became known, it was more generally understood that the people purchased unnecessarily, and it was to export larger quantities of this commodity to France, where its need was a necessity to winning the war, that a number of the McLean County housewives pledged themselves not to buy any wheat flour until the new crop would be available along in August of 1918. This pledge continued and it was finally released when it was known that we would have enough flour to tide us over and there was no longer a necessity for it.

The pledge was released in McLean County just one week before it was generally released by Mr. Hoover to the hotel and restaurant men of the United States, who had in like manner voluntarily taken the same pledge.

The official rules promulgated by the food administration on the subject of flour and meat, in February, 1918, were as follows:

''To reduce the consumption of wheat flour the consumers are called upon, in purchasing such flour to buy at the same time an equal weight of the following cereals: Corn meal, corn starch, corn flour, hominy, corn grits, barley flour, rice, rice flour, oat meal, rolled oats, buckwheat flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour, soya bean flour, faterita flours and meals.

Note—Rye flour is no longer used as a substitute.

''The housewife may use these products separately or mix them as she thinks best. Retailers are to sell wheat flour only with equal weights of these cereals. This ruling effective Monday, January 28, 1918.

''Monday and Wednesday of each week are to be observed as wheatless days, and the evening meal of every day after 5 p. m. as a meatless meal. This applies both in the home, and in the public eating places, and during such days and meals, no crackers, pastries, macaroni, breakfast foods or other cereals containing wheat should be used.

''It is further desired, in order that meat and pork products be conserved, that one meatless day, Tuesday in every week, and one meatless meal—the morning meal—before 10 a. m. in every day be observed, and in addition, two porkless days, Tuesdays and Saturdays in every week be strictly kept. By meatless is meant without hog, cattle or sheep products. On other days use mutton and lamb in preference to beef or pork. By porkless is meant without pork, bacon, ham, lard or pork products, fresh or preserved. Usé fish, poultry and eggs.

''Beginning February 3, bakers must use at least five per cent wheat flour substitutes in all breads and rolls. This amount must be increased as rapidly as possible until February 24, when they should be using at least twenty per cent of these substitutes in all bread and rolls.''

In the spring of 1918, a ruling was issued that every family having more than 49 pounds of flour in the house at one time should return the surplus to their dealer, to be resold. On May 8, Hal M. Stone, county food administrator, and Charles O'Malley, city administrator, issued a statement that the time for such returns was up. The statement added:

''Three thousand 49-pound bags of flour have been located and returned from persons in this county residing outside of Bloomington and Normal. These have been collected and returned to the merchants and placed upon the market to be resold under the new regulations, fifty-fifty with substitutes and no more than 48 pounds to be at one family's home at a time.''

In January, 1918, the Ad Club of Bloomington, composed of a number of live young business men, launched a campaign of education on food conservation. They bought space in the newspapers to preach conservation. They erected on the sides of the court house four huge signs containing some striking precepts on the same subject, and secured permission of the moving picture houses for slides with sensible hints on this subject. This campaign was continued to the end of the war.

From February to May, 1918, the poultry houses were forbidden by order of the food administration, to buy or kill for food any laying hen. This was in order to conserve the hen supply, and increase the output of eggs as a substitute for meats, so that more meat supplies could be released for shipment by the United States to Europe. This rule was universally observed by poultry dealers and raisers throughout McLean county.

Early in the fall of 1918, and a short time before the Armistice was signed, Mr. Hoover felt that it was necessary to devote the more especial attention of the Food Administration thruout the country to a general publication of prices throughout all the cities of the United States; and each state was asked to see to it that organizations which would bring about these results, were effected in each county of the state. Mr. Humphreys was then asked by Mr. Wheeler to take charge of this new division in the state of Illinois, which was known as the Price Division. This necessitated his spending practically all his time at the Chicago Headquarters Office, except the week ends that he spent at home; whereas before he had only spent a day or two at the Chicago headquarters, attending the weekly meetings of the District Board each week.

With the signing of the Armistice and the general knowledge of the fact that the war was over, an attempt to control this work by the voluntary work of the people was impracticable, as the necessity seemed to have passed. It is difficult to understand the great volume of work handled by the various food administrators, and the great amount of time and effort given to the work voluntarily, without any compensation whatever.

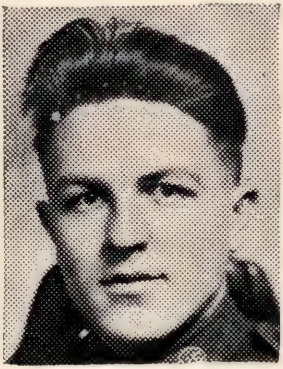
For over a year Mr. Humphreys had put in twelve to fifteen hours a day and when he accepted the position of taking charge of the Price Division for the state of Illinois, it was agreed that he should have a little vacation to be with his family and grandchildren in Florida. On December 8th he left Chicago to go to Florida, and it was not long after this until all restrictions were withdrawn, and the county and local Food Administrators of the state were released from their work, and the United States Food Administration, as to McLean County, became a thing of the past.

E. M. Evans of Bloomington was asked by the national food administration during the closing months of the war to take charge of food control in a large district of Indiana, and he put in several months at this work. When the armistice was signed and strict control was relaxed, Mr. Evans returned from his duties in that line.

CHARLES O'MALLEY, FOOD ADMINISTRATOR

The record of McLean county's part in the war would be sadly incomplete if due attention was not paid to the food conservation. The position of food administrator was ably filled by Charles O'Malley who had charge of the department in Bloomington and who was also assistant county food administrator. These positions were marked by great responsibility and required the maximum of tact and diplomacy. Mr. O'Malley possessed both to a marked degree and this was largely responsible for the great success which marked the operation of his department. The men who carried on the food conservation department, gave their time, their energy and their best thought without stint, neglecting their own business and without hope of reward or even recognition of their personal sacrifices and efforts. They were as truly, and as usefully, in the service of their state and their country as were those who wore the nation's uniforms. The ramifications of the food conservation program were many. They included farm labor, Boys Working Reserve, Mobilization of Adult Labor, food shows, seed corn, war gardens, regulation of prices and quantity sold, co-operation of schools, corn huskers campaign, etc. There were many angles to the campaign and many of these were trying and made the post of administrator an onerous one. Throughout all the period that the department was in operation, Mr. O'Malley gave his time and energy freely and was able to pacify the class which objected to food control and adjust complications which continually developed. The famine in sugar was the most annoying feature of the war from a food standpoint but this was handled successfully and the meagre supply distributed in small lots through the card system which originated in England. No one was more thankful to see the end of the war and the consequent release from the duties of food administrator, than Mr. O'Malley. It was a difficult position to fill but he acquitted himself to the entire satisfaction of the government and the public.

WON CROIX DE GUERRE



Harry E. Baker of Bloomington, cannoner of the 44th Artillery, U. S. Army of the A. E. F., won the French Cross of War on July 15, 1918, by his gallant action during a violent bombardment. It was during a night attack when he and four other men were on guard at their battery. Gas shells were thrown over by the Germans, and all but Cannoner Baker were overcome by the effects of the shells. He aroused his battery and undoubtedly saved the lives of hundreds of sleeping American soldiers. The citation which accompanied the medal came from Marshal Petain, at that time the marshal of France. The accompanying likeness of Private Baker was taken shortly after his arrival in this country.

McLEAN COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY

UNITED STATES ARMY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

In every emergency, where the physical well-being of people is at stake, the doctors of a community have responsibility hardly equaled by any other class of citizens. Therefore in the share of America in the world war, which brought the physical test to the nation such as it had never before seen, the physicians were called upon for a correspondingly large part in preserving the health and morale of the people. In McLean county our proportion of this great task was passed to the doctors, and they responded in a way which will forever be a credit to the profession. The McLean County Medical Society early in the war by formal resolution, decided to lend the professional aid of its members to the country in any way that should be demanded by the necessities of the case. Later on when the call came for enlistments in the medical reserve corps, some 90 of the doctors of the county responded. Many of these were called to active service in 1917 and 1918. A dozen or more of them were ordered across to the scene of the war, and several of them made notable records as part of or in command of sanitary units and hospital contingents. A few were given high military rank in acknowledgment of their efficient service. All served until the war was over, and then as soon as the need of their service was past they returned to plain citizenship and resumed the practice of their profession.

One well known doctor was appointed on each of the draft examining board, Dr. Elfrink on Board No. 1 and Dr. Mammen on board No. 2. Both of these served without cessation from the organization to the disbandment of the board. Out of the nearly 1,900 young men accepted by the boards for service in the national army, only 59 were rejected after they had reached the training camps. This speaks well for the thoroughness and efficiency of the local examinations.

There were in the county during the war some 120 physicians, and of these there were some 30, or 25 per cent in active service in the army or navy. In addition to these, a large number of physicians enrolled under the medical reserve, and were never called into active service. All but four of the doctors of Bloomington and Normal who were under 46 years of age were so enrolled.

The doctors of the country as a whole responded nobly. When war broke out, there were 447 physicians in the medical corps of the army, and 329 in the navy. When the armistice was signed the number of medical officers in the army was 35,000 and 3,000 in the navy. The medical department of the A. E. F. consisted of 14,000 officers, 3,000 nurses and 122,000 enlisted men. This organization treated 195,000 wounded men, and of these 182,000, or 93 per cent, were returned to duty.

The list of McLean county physicians who saw active service in the army and navy camps or in sea duty was as follows:

Dr. Harry Howell
Dr. R. A. Noble
Dr. Wilfred Gardner
Dr. A. E. Rogers
Dr. J. W. Wallis
Dr. T. D. Cantrell
Dr. J. K. P. Hawks
Dr. L. B. Cavins
Dr. Frank Sayers
Dr. Fred Brian
Dr. F. C. Vandervort
Dr. G. H. Galford
Dr. W. W. Gailey
Dr. L. L. Irwin
Dr. A. E. Behrendt
Dr. A. J. Casner
Dr. J. L. Yolton
Dr. H. A. Elder
Dr. W. L. Penniman
Dr. D. D. Raber
Dr. E. R. Hermann (Stanford)
Dr. A. R. Freeman
Dr. Paul Greenleaf
Dr. C. E. Schultz
Dr. Frank Deneen
Dr. L. O. Thompson (LeRoy)
Dr. O. A. Coss, Arrowsmith

The Board of Examiners in McLean county were as follows:

Drs. F. C. Vandervort, E. Mammen, J. L. Yolton, F. H. Godfrey, J. H. Fenelon, Frank C. Fisher, Wm. Young, Harry L. Howell, Chas. E. Chapin.

The Exemption Board Examiners:

Drs. N. E. Nieberger, E. P. Sloan, E. B. Hart, W. E. Guthrie, R. D. Fox, G. B. Kelso and J. Whitefield Smith.

LIEUT. COL. WILFRED H. GARDNER

Dr. Wilfred H. Gardner of Bloomington, by his length and efficiency of service in the medical department of the A. E. F. attained the rank of lieutenant colonel. Dr. Gardner had experiences which were unusual among the physicians of McLean county. A year prior to the time when America entered the war, was spent in the military hospitals of London as a volunteer physician, most of this period in the Royal hospital where British soldiers were taken who had been wounded in the head. This specialized line of practice was most interesting in a professional way, and gave Dr. Gardner an opportunity to contribute in no small manner to the relief of wounded men of a nation which was later to become our ally. After a year of this experience, he returned to Bloomington to resume practice of his profession.

Soon after the United States entered the war Dr. Gardner enrolled himself for service in the medical department whenever he should be needed. His call to service came in the summer of 1917, and on August 14 of that year he departed for Fort Riley, Kansas, to start his period of training. At that camp, Dr. Gardner was commissioned a captain and transferred to Camp Funston as commander of the Field Hospital company. Later he was made director and finally commander of the 317th Sanitary Train which was composed of Field Hospital companies and also hospital ambulance companies. In that capacity, he embarked with his hospital unit, thoroughly organized in the spring of 1918. It required but a few weeks of final training in the region behind the front lines in France, until this unit was made part of the American forces in the zone of advance. The unit followed the advance of the American army all thru the summer and fall of 1918, being part of and helper to the fighting forces in the Champagne district, Chateau Thierry, the campaign of the St. Mihiel salient, and the final bloody battles in the Argonne forest. After the signing of the armistice, Dr. Gardner, then commissioned lieutenant colonel, was placed in charge of a military hospital at Brest, thru which all the wounded men of the American forces were cleared for the home journey. He was kept at this strenuous work until late in the summer of 1919, when he finally was ordered home and received his discharge. He returned to civil life, but did not resume the practice of medicine, but became associated with his father and brother in "The Gardner Company," a Bloomington bond and investment company with offices in the Griesheim building.

DR. HARRY LEE HOWELL

Dr. Harry Lee Howell, of Bloomington, was one of the few physicians from Central Illinois, who became attached to the medical service of the United States navy in the war, and, afterward, as such, attained the grade of lieutenant, a high naval rank. Dr. Howell was accepted for service in November, 1917, and was first sent to Great Lakes Naval Training Station. Soon afterward, he was ordered to the Atlantic Coast and was assigned as one of the medical officers of the U. S. S. Calamares, a transport which was formerly operated by the United Fruit Co. Remaining on this boat between April and October, he was transferred to the giant transport Leviathan which was one of the greatest troop carrying ships under the American flag during the war. It had formerly been the Vaterland, a liner of the German Hamburg-American line, but was interned in an American port at the outbreak of the war. It was finally taken over by the United States Government and converted into a troopship. The great vessel could carry as many as 12,000 men and the medical officers of such a ship, naturally had immense responsibilities, professionally and physically. In his capacity as medical officer, Dr. Howell made fifteen trips across the Atlantic during the war, but, after the signing of the armistice, came perhaps, an even greater task for him. The great movement of troops homeward from France required extra work for the troop ships and the Leviathan was one of those most relied upon on account of its great carrying capacity. The medical officers' duties were strenuous, for many of the returning soldiers had been wounded or gassed. Prior to April 31, 1919, Dr. Howell had charge of the surgical department for troops alone but after that date, his jurisdiction was extended to cover the crew also, a heavy additional burden of responsibility. Dr. Howell continued in this active service until the fall of 1919 when he was permitted to return home on furlough. Not until the spring of 1920 did he receive his discharge. He then resumed his medical practice from which he had been taken for more than two years, resulting in much financial loss, which was but a small part of the great sacrifice he made for his country on account of the war.

CAPT. A. JAMES CASNER

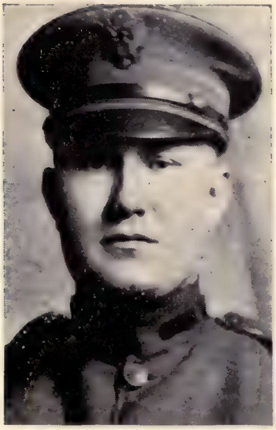
To Dr. A. James Casner belongs the distinction of being among the first to tender his services to the government and next to the last of the McLean county physicians and surgeons to receive his discharge. On June 1, he notified the department of his readiness to serve and was commissioned First Lieutenant on August 1 that year, but it was not until April 1, 1918, that he received orders to report. He was first assigned to Fort Riley medical officers training camp, serving there for eleven weeks. On June 22 he was ordered to Camp Funston, Kansas, for duty as an expert in heart and chest diseases, being engaged in this work until September 1 when he was promoted to Captain. He was then honored by assignment to the medical staff of General Leonard Wood as camp epidemiogolist, his duty being to make a special study of camp epidemics and the best method of treatment and overcoming them. This appointment was a marked compliment to the Bloomington physician. On November 26, 1918, Dr. Casner was assigned to the Base Hospital at Fort Riley, Kansas, in charge of service of clinical medicine and diagnosis. This institution, at that period had 3500 beds and is composed of permanent stone buildings, perfectly equipped and ranking with the finest hospitals owned by the government, modern in construction and comparing to the best of the world army hospitals. It was there that the war department sent hundreds of soldiers returning from overseas and who were in such serious condition as to require the best of treatment and highest degree of medical and surgical attention. There were such a large number of such patients and so many of them were in such desperate condition that they were quartered there for months, and it was necessary that a large staff of physicians be retained until long after peace was declared. This explains why Dr. Casner was kept in the government service so much longer than the other physicians from McLean county. It was not until July 22, 1919, that he could be spared, the number of patients dwindling by that time to 500. Dr. Casner than returned to Bloomington and resumed his practice in suite 505-6 Peoples Bank Bldg., Bloomington, having greatly enjoyed his long period of army duty.

DR. E. R. HERMANN

Promptly upon the declaration of war, Dr. E. R. Hermann of Stanford enlisted, the date being April 15, 1917. He received his commission as lieutenant M. R. C. July 30, 1917, and was called to active duty October 5, 1917. On November 15 of that year, he entered the School of Military Roentgenology, Cornell University, New York City, remaining there until March 22, 1918. Between April 1, 1918, and August 31, 1918, he was on active duty as assistant to the surgeon and in charge of the X-ray department at the Base Hospital at Camp Greene, Charlotte, North Carolina. September 1 of that year until November 1, 1919, he was on active duty at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, as assistant to the surgeon and Roentgenologist at the Post Hospital, his unusually long period of duty being necessary to by the fact that many soldiers returning from Europe, required attention, the hospital population continuing to be very great until nearly a year after the war was over. Dr. Hermann was finally given his discharge November 15, 1919, and permitted to resume his profession at Stanford, having been in active service more than two years, thus making a very great financial sacrifice for his country in being so long absent from his regular practice. On January 26, 1920, Dr. Hermann was honored by being appointed Captain in the U. S. A. Reserve Medical Corps.

DR. J. K. P. HAWKS

Dr. J. K. P. Hawks of Bloomington volunteered for war service in May, 1918. He received his commission as captain in the medical corps August 31, 1918, with orders to report to the Medical Officers' Training Camp at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia. After a few weeks in the training camp, he was ordered to report to Evacuation Hospital No. 46 for service overseas. This unit was not sent across and he remained with it until it was demobilized, and he received his discharge December 24, 1918, and resumed his practice in Bloomington at his office, 212-13 Griesheim Building.



DR. PAUL E. GREENLEAF

It was an interesting coincidence that Dr. Paul E. Greenleaf of Bloomington who was among the first of the McLean County physicians to enter into the services at the outbreak of the war, should see training at the Medical Officers training camp at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, named after Assistant Surgeon General C. R. Greenleaf, a Surgeon of the Civil War and a distant relative. Dr. Greenleaf was commissioned first Lieutenant on May 11th, 1918, and left Bloomington June 13, 1918, upon receiving a call to the service. His first orders sent him to the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research in New York City where he was given special instruction in the Carrel-Dakin method of the treatment of infected wounds. Upon completion of this course, he was next ordered to report for temporary duty at the Base Hospital at Camp Gordon, Ga., which was located near Atlanta. He remained there during July and August and was then ordered to leave Camp Gordon and proceed to the Medical Officers Training Camp at Camp Greenleaf, Ga., for a course in military training and Military Surgery. After two months at Camp Greenleaf Dr. Greenleaf was then ordered to Bellevue Hospital, New York City, for a special course in the treatment of fractures and war injuries. This course was intended for men who were to be sent overseas for taking care of the wounded in Base Hospitals. His final period of duty was at Camp Meade, Maryland, where he was stationed at the Base Hospital, where the formation of a Base Hospital was being made for duty overseas. Just when his unit was completed and all of the members were in readiness to go to France, the armistice was signed and the orders to sail were countermanded. This cancellation was a great disappointment to many of the physicians and surgeons as they were anxious to see service abroad. Dr. Greenleaf however was kept in active duty until January, 1919, when he was given his discharge and permitted to resume his practice in suite 614-615 Griesheim Building, Bloomington.

DR. HORACE W. ELDER

The distinction of being one of three physicians from Illinois selected by the Public Health Service Department of the United States government to fight an extraordinary epidemic of influenza at Chester, Penn., during the war, goes to Dr. Horace W. Elder of Bloomington, and this service was regarded by the authorities at Washington as just as vital as that in the camps of the army. At Chester, nearly every person in the city was a victim. Many of the local physicians had gone to army camps and the force left was wholly inadequate to cope with the epidemic. Physicians from other states were called and Dr. Elder was one of the three from Illinois leaving here October 2, 1918, and remaining until after the disease was under control several months later. This experience was a very inferno of contagion and death and tested the nerve and energy of every physician assembled and who battled against what appeared at times to be overwhelming odds. The physicians finally won and every one engaged won the gratitude of the people with whom they labored, as well as that of the government that had appealed. This conflict with influenza was one of the thrilling experiences of the war and had more of the terror, if less than the sanguinary features of the great army offensives in France. Dr. Elder resumed his practice in suite 527, Griesheim Building, Bloomington, about the same time that most of the other physicians and surgeons were being released from duty in the army hospitals.

DR. JOHN L. YOLTON

Associated upon the board of surgeons assigned to the Students Army Training Corps of the Illinois Wesleyan University during the war, was Dr. John L. Yolton of Bloomington. He was among the first to tender his services at the outbreak of the great conflict and it was his lot to take care of the boys of the educational institution who were anxious to participate and who occupied the barracks erected for their accommodation north of the Wesleyan University buildings. The premature ending of the war, just as the students were becoming proficient in the daily drills and tactics, prevented them from seeing active service and also the attending surgeons in charge and who might have been assigned to duty with them had they been ordered to the front. Dr. Yolton served faithfully and efficiently during the period of the war and the excellent health of the students during this period was largely due to the careful attention given to them by Dr. Yolton and his associates. After the end of the war, Dr. Yolton resumed his practice with offices at 208 East Jefferson street, Bloomington.

CAPT. D. D. RABER

An unusually extensive diversity of service was the privilege of Dr. D. D. Raber. Enlisting at Fort Meade, South Dakota, August 26, 1917, he was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Medical Corps September 30, 1917, and was called into active service January 17, 1918, at Fort Riley Medical Officers Training Camp. He then served with the Aviation Section Signal Corps at Waco, Texas; Camp Greene, N. C., and Hempstead Field No. 2, L. I. He was then assigned as Battalion Surgeon with Infantry at Camp Greene, N. C., 346th Battalion Q. M. C., moving to Camp Merritt, N. J., September 22, embarking on the George Washington transport, landing at Brest with the convoy October 13. He was first stationed at Camp St. Sulpice Depot No. 9, Base Section 2, Service of Supplies A. P. O. No. 705 A. E. F. He served with Camp Hospital No. 66 as battalion surgeon; Chief of Influenza wards; Chief of Pneumonia wards; Chief Medical Service, and Surgeon to Prisoners of War Camp, Nos. 6, 7, 10, and 11. He saw a vast amount of strenuous service abroad, was promoted to captain of medical corps September 16, 1918, and was finally ordered to America as Troops Surgeon on the Transport El Oriente, embarking at Bordeaux June 24, 1919, debarking at Newport News, Va., July 4. His battalion was demobilized at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., and he received his discharge at Camp Grant July 30, 1919. Capt. Raber then resumed the practice of medicine and surgery at suite 310, the Unity Building, Bloomington.

DR. FRANK DENEEN

Dr. Frank Deenen tendered his services as soon as the announcement was made that there was need and received his orders August 11, 1918, to report to Camp Meade where he was promptly commissioned Lieutenant and given four months of strenuous duty in that big cantonment. He was honored by assignment to the consultation department with special diagnosis work. He was engaged also in classification duty and his experience in the army service was of great variety and offered many interesting problems from a medical and surgical standpoint. He also assisted in the organization of the camp diagnosis department and found his time fully occupied until after the close of the war. A few weeks after the coming of peace, Dr. Deneen was given his release from duty, his discharge being dated December 6, 1918. While it was not the privilege of Dr. Deneen to see service abroad, his services for his country were fully as valuable as those who made the overseas trip. In company with the other physicians and surgeons of McLean County, the service of Dr. Deneen was made at great personal sacrifice but he was glad of the opportunity tendered him. Returning to Bloomington he resumed his practice in suite 606-626 Griesheim Bldg.

DR. ROBERT AVERY NOBLE

Probably few of the surgeons of the state had a more strenuous and withal a more interesting experience in the military service of their country during the world war than did Dr. Robert Avery Noble of Bloomington. He was engaged in active practice of his profession in Bloomington when the United States became engaged in the world war, and within a few weeks volunteered his services with the medical department of the army. He was accepted and sent to Fort Benjamin Harrison, where after the preliminary training he was commissioned First Lieutenant, M. C. His first assignment was to base hospital at Camp Sherman, where in December, 1917, he was raised to the rank of captain in the medical corps. In May, 1918, Capt. Noble was assigned for overseas duty, and sailed with a contingent of the American Expeditionary Forces. Arrived in France he was made chief of the surgical service of Evacuation Hospital No. 5. This was in June, just the time when the great German drive, the last struggle of Germany to overcome the Allies, was at its height. Capt. Noble's unit was attached to American divisions serving with the French army in the early weeks of the summer. Their first service was in the Soissons sector, then to La Ferte en Tardinos, the months of June and July being spent in these very active sectors, where hundreds of wounded men were passing through the hospital every day. In the early part of July, the unit was sent to Chateau Thierry, and then back to the Soissons region for the latter part of July and part of August. Being then transferred to the medical department of the first all-American army under Gen. Pershing, Capt. Noble was with one of the hospitals caring for the wounded during that historic St. Mihiel drive of September, 1918. Then followed the memorable struggle of the Argonne, and later he was transferred to the forces in the Champagne district. Before the end of the war came, Capt. Noble had been assigned to a base hospital at Rouillers, Belgium, where he was in charge with the rank of Major. From February, 1919, he was with the American base hospital at Staden, Belgium. He was honorably discharged in June, 1919, with the rank of major M. C. During his service in the army, Dr. Noble's hospitals units took care of 37,000 wounded or sick men, and performed 10,000 operations. Soon after his discharge, Dr. Noble returned to Bloomington and resumed the practice of his profession, with office at 214 East Washington street.

DR. O. M. THOMPSON

Of the McLean County physicians in the service, outside of Bloomington and Normal, Dr. O. M. Thompson of LeRoy was honored by election to the post of First Commander of Ruel Neal Post No. 79, that city, December, 1919. He served on local Exemption Board No. 1 McLean County, as Medical Examiner from beginning until he resigned April 1, 1918, to assume active duty in the U. S. Army. He enlisted in Medical Corps, U. S. Army in August, 1917. He was commissioned 1st Lieutenant, Medical Corps, September 28th, 1917. He was called to active duty April 8th, 1918 and reported to Camp Riley, Kansas, M. O. T. C. on that date, was in Co. 31 until June 26th, 1918. Ordered to Camp Lewis American Lake State of Washington, he was assigned to Infirmary

No. 8, 166 Depot Brigade. Relieved from duty there and transferred to 13th Division, August 8th, 1918. Assigned to 13th Sanitary train, Ambulance Company No. 249. He was in charge of the Influenza ward at the Base Hospital during the Flu epidemic. He received his honorable discharge on January 8th, 1919, and then resumed his practice in LeRoy.

DR. WATSON W. GAILEY

Dr. Watson W. Gailey of Bloomington was one of the doctors of this county who carried out a highly responsible work in the war, in spite of the fact that he was never called across the seas. In the summer of 1917 he enlisted for the medical reserve corps, and in August was called to active service with the rank of first lieutenant, medical reserve corps, U. S. A. His first assignment was to the office of the surgeon general at Washington, where he spent one month. From that place he was sent to investigate the sight and hearing requirements for various occupations, this being preliminary to his work in connection with the employment of disabled soldiers after their return to this country. This assignment required strenuous duty at Mineola, Long Island, flying station, at Ft. Wood, Ft. Slocum and at Hoboken. The report of these investigations was sent to a committee of congress.

In April, 1918, Dr. Gailey was sent to the U. S. A. general hospital No. 9 at Lakewood, New Jersey. He spent three months of hard service in eye clinics. In June of that year he was assigned as chief of the head section of surgery in this hospital. He continued in that capacity until he was finally discharged from the military service. The work was most interesting, being designed to restore so far as possible the normal use of functions of the head which had been partially destroyed by wounds in battle. The hospital handled thousands of such cases, and some of the reconstruction work accomplished was marvelous in its skill and results. Dr. Gailey was commissioned a captain of the medical corps in September, 1918. He received his discharge about the middle of 1919, immediately thereafter resuming his practice in suite 617-621 Griesheim Bldg., Bloomington, as oculist and aurist. He was one of the many physicians who made heavy financial sacrifices as a result of his patriotism.

MAJOR A. E. ROGERS

To win the commission of major was the distinction of Dr. A. E. Rogers of Bloomington. He entered the service November 15, 1917, was commissioned First Lieutenant and sent to Fort Riley where he trained for three months in the officers training camp, then enrolling at Cornell university for instruction in Roentgenology. After his complete course there and in different hospitals, he was assigned to Evac. Hospital 16 at Camp Meade and promoted to captain. He was ordered overseas August 19, 1918, on the Leviathan landing at Brest, France, and proceeding to Bazoilles, near Neufchateau where he was assigned to take care of the wounded coming in from the St. Mihiel drive. Train loads also came in from the Argonne drive of 47 days. October 1, 1918, Dr. Rogers moved up close to the battle front and took charge of an old French hospital abandoned by the Germans at Revigney near Barle Duc. After four months of strenuous duty in caring for the wounded and also many cases of influenza, Dr. Rogers was ordered to follow the Army of Occupation into Germany, reaching there February 1, 1919. One month was spent at Treves and then he moved to Coblenz to take charge of a large hospital there. The work was easily handled and living much more comfortable in this finely equipped structure, compared to the temporary quarters during the fighting in France. Dr. Rogers also was given some leisure and he took advantage of this to make several sightseeing trips up and down the famous Rhine and also to explore the large German citadel of Ehrembreitstim. April 10, 1919, Dr. Rogers received orders to return home as casual officer and returned via Paris, Marseilles, and Gibraltar, arriving in New York May 10, 1919, proceeding to Camp Dix, New Jersey, where he was commissioned Major and given his discharge June 9, 1919. On the way home he inspected Walter Reed hospitals in Washington and Fort Sheridan and was enabled to see how well the government was taking care of the sick and wounded. Dr. Rogers then resumed the practice of medicine and surgery with offices on the sixth floor of the Griesheim Bldg., Bloomington.

MAJOR MARSHALL WALLIS

One of the first of the McLean County physicians to respond to the call to service was Dr. Marshall Wallis of Normal, going to Fort Benjamin Harrison September 25, 1917, and thence to the Massachusetts General Hospital at Boston to take a course of instruction in fractures and dislocations under Dr. Charles L. Scudder. Thence he went to New York City to take a course in Carrel-Dakin treatment of infected wounds at the Rockefeller Foundation. December 25, 1917, he was ordered to the Base Hospital at Camp Lee, Va.; next to the Embarkation Hospital at Camp Stewart, Newport News, serving as executive officer there from March 20, 1918, until his discharge July 15, 1919, the appointment being a notable tribute to the incumbent. Dr. Wallis was commissioned lieutenant June 8, 1917; captain, December 6, 1917, and major August 22, 1918. Upon his return from the service, he has resumed the practice of medicine and surgery at Normal.

DR. F. C. VANDERVORT

Of the many members of the community who performed their duty at the "home front," one of the most important because of the unique place he occupied, was Dr. Franklin C. Vandervort, who was named to the position of physician to the Student Army Training Corps at the Wesleyan University, which was formed in the fall of 1918. There were some 300 young men enrolled in this organization. Dr. Vandervort was selected to represent the government in the important work of physical examinations and treatment of the sick or injured of the young men, because of his experience and skill in other lines of surgical and medical practice. For many years he had been the resident surgeon for the Illinois Central in Bloomington, and had served as county physician and engaged in general practice among a large clientelle in this city. His work as examining physician for the S. A. T. C. was strenuous enough for several months. First was the examinations when the men were inducted into the service. The physical tests were rigidly laid down, and each student was put thru the paces and his report testified to by the doctor, much the same as if he were going into one of the regular army camps. The Student Corps was hardly well organized when the epidemic of influenza struck the community, and this brought an unexpected and startling amount and variety of duty. An emergency hospital was opened at the home of Mrs. M. T. Scott, and the students taken with the disease, were quartered there. Scores of them were taken care of, and only one death occurred among them. But it was a strenuous two months which the student doctor passed before the subsiding of the epidemic. When the corps was to be mustered out, again the doctor's services were called into requisition, and not until the final discharge of the young men was made out did the close of Dr. Vandervort's work come in sight. It had been carried on without ostentation and with little public notice, but it was faithfully and efficiently done.

DR. LAWRENCE L. IRWIN

Of the McLean County physicians and surgeons who so cheerfully tendered their services when war was declared, Dr. Lawrence L. Irwin who has a suite of offices No. 504, Griesheim Building, Bloomington, was unfortunate or fortunate, whichever way one may look at it, in not being called into active service. He was examined September 1, 1918, in Chicago and assigned to duty at Fort Oglethorpe, but, due to the heavy movement of troops abroad at that time and the signing of the armistice soon afterwards, he was not called. He receives equal credit, however, with those who were called and his name is carried on the honor roll of the McLean County Medical Society.

DR. FRED J. BRIAN

When the call came for physicians and surgeons, Dr. Fred J. Brian of Bloomington was among the first to tender his services. He enlisted August 2, 1918, and was ordered to report on August 30. His first assignment to duty was at Camp Greenleaf, Chattanooga, Tenn. He was then assigned to a six weeks Post-Graduate course at the University of Chattanooga. He was next assigned to Camp Crane at Allentown, Penn., and was commissioned Captain. Captain Brian put in several months of strenuous duty at the Base Hospital at Camp Crane and was kept on detail for a month after the Armistice. Conditions then became such that he could be spared and he was given his discharge on December 12, 1918. He greatly enjoyed his period of service in the army, despite the heavy demands upon his time and energy. He then resumed his practice in Bloomington and also his post of surgeon for the Chicago and Alton railway, his suite of offices being on the third floor of the Eddy building.

CAPT. THOMAS D. CANTRELL

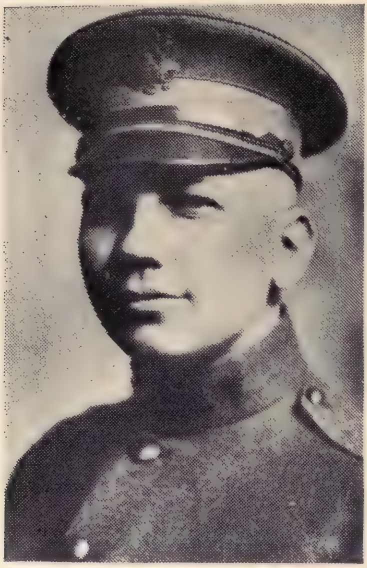
Commissioned June 20, 1917, Dr. Thomas D. Cantrell of Bloomington, immediately took up his duties as a member of the National Medical Defense Committee, was ordered to Chicago October 15, 1917, for the Military school of Roentgenology, entering the Fort Riley Medical Officers Training Camp December 28, passing the final examination and qualifying as Military Roentgenologist, seeing service at Fort Snelling, and Camp Dodge, going to Liverpool July 10, with Base Hospital No. 11, and reaching Nantes, France, where he saw strenuous duty as Roentgenologist until January 1, 1919, when he was ordered to join the 79th Division at Sally, for duty with Field Hospital No. 315 with 304th Sanitary Train. February 1 he was ordered to Bordeaux to convoy patients home. He sailed on the Antigone in command of 174 men March 12, and was discharged at Camp Dix March 28, 1918, concluding a strenuous period of service and giving him an excellent idea of the tremendous extent of the great conflict and the real horrors of war. Capt. Cantrell since his return from Europe has been serving as Roentgenologist at the Kelso Sanitarium at Bloomington. He was fortunate in being in command of the various departments to which he was assigned abroad, the greater portion of the time, and he left the army with rather pleasant recollections.

CAPT. GILBERT H. GALFORD

Dr. Gilbert H. Galford enlisted May 1, 1918, in the medical section and received an order to report for duty August 4, 1918, at Camp Greenleaf, Chickamauga Park, Ga., with Co. 4 1st Bn., later Co. 24, Bn. 6 and finally was made captain of Co. 22 Bn. 6, taking a two months special duty course in ear, nose and throat while in camp. On October 2, 1918, he was detailed for special duty to P. H. S. at Chattanooga to combat the "Flu." On October 22, 1918, Capt. Galford was ordered to the air service division at Champaign, Ill., lecturing in sanitation and hygiene before the ground school cadets at Morrow Hall. On November 17, 1918, Capt. Galford was ordered to Austin, Texas, having charge of 122 men at that post. With the end of the war, he was released from duty receiving his discharge December 20, 1918. He was recommended for promotion November 5, 1918, but it was held up until March 14, 1919. A captain's commission was then sent to him and accepted and he was assigned to the Reserve Corps. The family of Capt. Galford accompanied him during his period of service at the various camps. Capt. Galford resumed his practice after the war, his office being on third floor of the Unity Bldg., Bloomington.

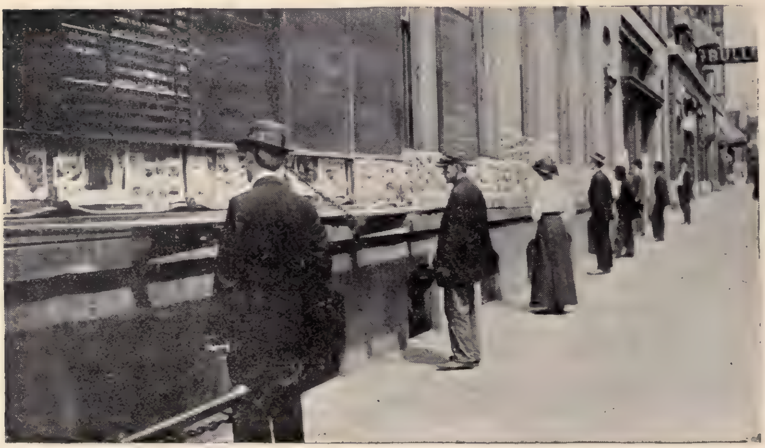
DR. LESTER B. CAVINS

Tendering his services to his country July 22, 1918, Dr. Lester B. Cavins received instructions to report August 28th that year being commissioned Captain. He left Bloomington September 4, having received orders to report for duty at Camp Greenleaf, Chickamauga Park, Georgia. He was assigned to Company 16, M. O. T. G. and in addition to other strenuous duty incidental to such a huge camp, was given much specialization work, notably in the X-ray. This was a field of special appeal to Capt. Cavins and he was kept busy in this department. An army hospital always developes much that is new and unusual and there is considerable fascination in the duty there, bringing as it does a change from the ordinary practice of civilian life. Dr. Cavins thoroughly enjoyed his four months of service for his country and also was fortunate in enjoying the best of health while living in the city of the white tents and working under strict military rules and regulations. While the service in the field hospital was strenuous, yet it was highly agreeable. With the end of hostilities the hospital at Camp Greenleaf was suspended, the major portion of the physicians and surgeons being permitted to resume their practice at home. Capt. Cavins received his discharge December 19, 1918, and resumed his practice in Bloomington, his offices being suite 704-6 Peoples Bank Bldg.

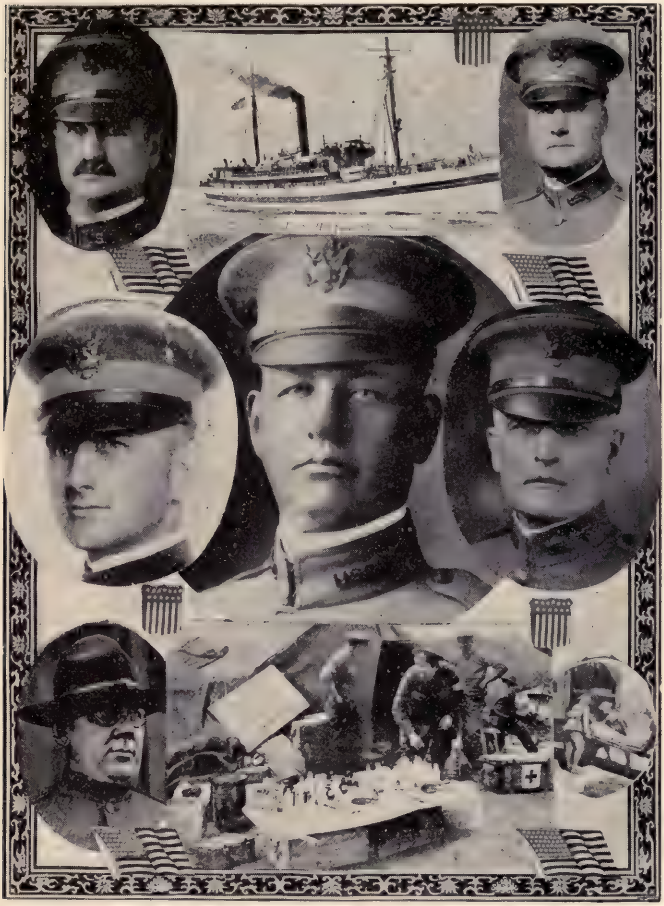


DR. EDMUND A. BEHRENDT

Ordered into service in October, 1918, after previously notifying the war department of his readiness to go, Dr. Edmund A. Behrendt was sent to Fort Riley, Kansas. He was commissioned Lieutenant and then recommended for a Captaincy but the war ended before the parchment was filled out. Dr. Behrendt put in several strenuous months and then with the coming of peace, resumed his practice with offices in the Peoples Bank Bldg.



Scene at the Pantagraph bulletin board during the war



MEDICAL GROUP

Major C. R. Sanderson—upper right.
Lt. E. R. Hermann—upper left.
Lt. O. M. Thompson—center.
Lt. Asa R. Freeman—left of center.
Capt. W. L. Penniman—right of center.
Capt. Chas. E. Schultz—lower left.

McLEAN COUNTY TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIUM

Built by the county during the war, and in which one wing was set aside especially for the treatment of soldiers of the great war who had returned from service suffering with the disease or a tendency toward it. The county commissioners acting for the board of supervisors in the building project were Mrs. Florence Fifer Bohrer, Jacob Martens and Dr. C. M. Noble. The building was opened in August, 1919, and immediately afterward the rooms for soldiers were all taken with victims of poison gas or other dangers of the war which had brought on tuberculosis. The total capacity of the building when first opened was 40 patients.

McLEAN COUNTY BAR HONOR ROLL

When the call to the colors was issued, a very large proportion of the members of the McLean County Bar responded, the honor roll being long and creditable. In addition to the score of young men who donned the khaki of the army or the blue of the navy, the elder attorneys became active in the various lines of war work which remained for those who could not leave. Without exception, the applications from widows and mothers of the soldiers or sailors for aid in the preparation of legal papers, allowances, etc., and in locating the boys abroad or in distant camps at home, was given attention without charge. There were hundreds of such applications involving a large amount of tedious work and consuming a vast amount of time. The lawyers gladly tendered their services in this direction and their co-operation was gratefully received. In every other activity, in the purchase of Liberty Bonds, Thrift Stamps, Red Cross and other war endeavor, the lawyers were in the front rank and made a notable record for liberality and prompt and generous response to every appeal. The war officers of the bar association were Judge Homer Hall, president; C. B. Hughes, secretary, and Charles Kane, treasurer. The list of members of the bar who joined the colors, is as follows:

Ralph Heffernan
Ralph DeMange
Charles Kane
Thomas Weldon
Roy A. Ramseyer
Dwight Beal
Ferre Watkins

E. A. Donnelly
Richard O'Connell
Orville Ross
Harry Riddle
Martin Callahan
Oscar Hoose
George Butler

Edmund Sutherland (died in service)
Frank Jordan (died in service)

(Note)—A sketch and picture of Lieut. Harry Riddle will be found in the department allotted to the Aviators and Balloonists.

ROY A. RAMSEYER

Roy A. Ramseyer was inducted into the Army May 16, 1918, at Bloomington, and reached Camp Hancock, Georgia, one week later. First assigned to Co. G, O. S. S. Third Regiment, he was transferred to a detachment of the Military Guard section of the Fifth Co. Prov. Ord. Battalion at Mays Landing, New Jersey. Faithful service brought him rapid promotion, arriving at the rank of sergeant of ordnance first class on December 7, 1918. He received his discharge January 20, 1919, and resumed the practice of law at Bloomington. Born and reared in McLean County, he practiced law in the office of Fleming & Pratt October 1, 1916, to May 16, 1918, and after the war, joined the firm of Pratt, Heffernan & Ramseyer, organized June 1, 1919, with offices on the second floor of the Unity Bldg., Bloomington.

LIEUT. RALPH J. HEFFERNAN

One of the very first to enlist when war was declared, Ralph J. Heffernan entered the Officers Training Camp at Fort Sheridan April 13, 1917, and was commissioned Second Lieutenant August 13 of that year. He was then transferred to Camp Grant with Company B of the 311th Ammunition Train. On December 12, 1917, he was transferred to the Motor School at Jacksonville, Florida, going from there to Chicago where he was engaged in the purchase of motor supplies and equipment. He was promoted to First Lieutenant in August, 1918, while at Chicago and the next day was ordered overseas. He first went to Brest, France and thence to the Fifth Army Corps Artillery Park. He remained there hauling ammunition supplies until the signing of the armistice. He then went to Bourges as adjutant to Lieut. Col. Carson and was engaged in adjusting claims and other financial matters for the army. He was ordered home April 16, 1919, arrived at Hoboken, May 2 and was discharged at Camp Dix, May 4, 1919, thence resuming the practice of law, with offices in suite 201-3 Unity Building and as a member of the firm of Pratt, Heffernan and Ramseyer.

EDWARD A. DONNELLY

Enlisting August 14, 1917, at Springfield, Illinois, in the field hospital unit commanded by Lieut. Col. Otis, Edward A. Donnelly of Bloomington, was placed in active service at Fort McPherson, Ga., where he remained until April 30, 1918, sailing from New York May 10 for Liverpool, being on duty at various debarkation ports, convoy duty, etc., there and in France, seeing strenuous duty and in infinite variety. After the war ended he entered the University of Rennes in France, taking advantage of the governments offer to its young soldiers, and his four months course in French law and politics, was very helpful to him, in his chosen profession. He completed his course July 1, 1919. While abroad he had the privilege of participating in the Army and also the Athletic contests in France and England and Celtic in Scotland, and his experience as an athlete with Illinois Wesleyan of Bloomington, specializing in hurdle jumping, came in good play and enabling him to make a creditable showing in the various competitions. This experience was one of the most enjoyable of his sojourn abroad. Mr. Donnelly received his discharge from the service in July, 1919, and then resumed the practice of law in partnership with his father, E. E. Donnelly, suite 302-3 Corn Belt Bank Bldg., Bloomington.

RICHARD M. O'CONNELL

Richard M. O'Connell enlisted in the Navy July 16, 1918, and was called soon afterwards and joined the training school for officers at Municipal Pier, Chicago. He put in several strenuous months preparing for such service and was on the eve of being ordered East for sea duty when the armistice was signed. He received his discharge on December 7, 1918, and resumed the practice of law, being a member of the firm of O'Connell & Dolan with offices in the fourth floor of the Unity building in Bloomington. Mr. O'Connell is married and has been practicing law for ten years. For the past five years he has been Corporation Counsel for the City of Bloomington.

BIRNEY F. FLEMING

Enlisted May 8, 1917, selecting the aviation section as his line of service. After leaving Jefferson Barracks he received his first training at Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas, becoming a member of the 11th Aero Service Squadron. In August of the same year he was sent to Belleville, where his organization opened in the flying field latter known as Scott Field, remaining there until December when orders were received to move to New York, preparatory to going into foreign service. He sailed December 17, 1917, for Liverpool, England, but owing to submarine blockade landed at Glasgow, Scotland. While in Great Britain, he received training at Winchester, Stanford, and Lincoln, finally reaching Le Havre, France, the fore part of August, 1918. Immediately the organization to which he was a member, was assigned to patrol duty at Mávages. Moving from there to Amanty in order to participate in the St. Mihiel Drive only to move upon the completion of this drive to Maulan where the field was better adapted to bombing purposes and at the same time closer to the scene of action. With this place as headquarters and at times maintaining relay stations, they operated throughout the Argonne Meuse Drive as the First day Bombardment Group, their objective being railway terminals, ammunition and ration dumps.

Sergeant Fleming was made a corporal in the United States and owing to his creditable work while in foreign service was promoted to 1st class Sergeant with the Air Mechanics rating. After the armistice his squadron went to Columbey Le Belle where they dismantled and salvaged planes preparatory to shipment back home. He sailed from Bordeaux in April and received his discharge at Camp Grant May 21, 1919. Aside from many interesting and thrilling experiences he was exceptionally lucky on being able to return with many souvenirs of the great war.

ORVILLE H. ROSS

Orville H. Ross was among the young lawyers of Bloomington who were privileged to reach France. Enlisting June 24, 1918, he was assigned to Camp Wheeler, Ga., joining the 106th Headquarters Ammunition Train, 31st Division. He sailed from New York October 28, 1918, reaching Brest November 9 and then spent three months at Le Havre. He was given clerical duty there and also at other points. The war ending, he entered the University of Poitiers, taking the four month course in French law and literature and found this training of great value to him in his chosen profession. He saw a large amount of territory in his years sojourn abroad and greatly enjoyed his experience as a soldier. Sailing from St. Nazaire in July, 1919, he welcomed the Statue of Liberty upon reaching New York harbor and then entrained for Camp Grant where he was discharged July 31, immediately thereafter resuming the practice of law, his offices being in suite 301-2 Peoples Bank Bldg., Bloomington.

THOMAS S. WELDON

At the outbreak of the war, Thomas S. Weldon was a practicing attorney, being associated with the firm of DeMange, Gillespie & DeMange. He was inducted into the army of Uncle Sam June 28, 1918, and was assigned to the Quartermasters Corps and with headquarters at Camp Kearney, California. He later applied for admission to the Officers Training Camp for Infantry at Camp Fremont, California, and was accepted, being ordered to report at Camp Fremont November 25, 1918, but this department was abolished after the signing of the armistice on November 11, 1918. However, he continued in the service until March 11, 1919, when he received his discharge and returned to Bloomington to resume the practice of law and opening up an office of his own at suite 506 Livingston Building, Bloomington.

SUPPORTED TWENTY-ONE ORPHANS

Letitia Green Stevenson chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, contributed during the war funds for the support of twenty-one French war orphans, it being estimated that the care of one orphan for a year cost $36. The chapter also contributed liberally to the national fund of the organization for the restoration of the French town of Tilloloy, one of the towns in the devastated district.

LIEUT. CHARLES P. KANE

Charles P. Kane left Bloomington for Camp Wheeler, Georgia, in June, 1918. He remained in the Second Provisional Regiment for one month and was then assigned to the 106th trains Headquarters. He was then transferred on September 8, 1918, to Camp Taylor, Kentucky, where he entered the Field Artillery Officers Training school, being commissioned second lieutenant December 17, 1918, following a strenuous tour of duty in which the candidate acquitted himself with credit. The armistice having been signed, the officers training camp was abolished and Lieut. Kane was assigned to the reserve for inactive duty on December 18, 1918. He then returned to Bloomington and resumed the practice of law as member of the McLean County bar and with offices in suite 501-2, the Griesheim building, Bloomington.

CAPT. GEORGE BUTLER

George Butler added lustre to the record of the McLean County bar, winning a captaincy, being wounded by a machine gun bullet, and participating in the Cantigney, St. Mihiel, Meuse Argonne, and Novon Montdidier engagements. He was also gassed. Formerly practicing law in Bloomington and Leroy, he later joined the Farmers Trust Co. of Indianapolis, entered the Fort Benjamin Harrison training camp August 15, 1917, won a commission and sailed for France October 31, 1917. He was company commander most of the time in France and his record was a gallant one, receiving four citations for conspicuous bravery, two coming from Gen. Pershing. He was assigned to the 28th Infantry soon after reaching France. After the war was over, he went to Germany with the Army of Occupation, being released and ordered home in the fall of 1919, proceeding to Camp Taylor to await his discharge in the spring of 1920.

CALF SELLS FOR $20,500

At the annual sale in Chicago of the American Guernsey Cattle Club on May 16, 1918, a cow consigned from Drew Ten Brook of McLean sold for $1,000. The cow had dropped a calf only three days before, and this animal was put up at the auction and sold and resold until it brought a total of $20,500, which sum was donated to the Red Cross according to announcement made before the sale began. The calf finally became the property of a man near Chicago.

MARTIN CALLAHAN

Martin Callahan was a candidate for a commission at the First Officers Training Camp at Fort Sheridan and was also on duty at Fort Wright, New York. He was unable to realize his ambition to go overseas and returned to Bloomington when the war was over to resume his profession, with office in the Griesheim building, Bloomington.

CHAPLAINS FROM McLEAN COUNTY

Quite a group of chaplains were contributed by McLean county. Of these Rev. William Blake Hindman, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Bloomington was with the regular army at Camp Taylor; Rev. H. Russell Brown, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Leroy, was at Camp Sherman; Rev. Paul Turner, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Heyworth, was with the army in France; Rev. F. L. Moore of the Christian church of Lexington, was with the army in France; Rev. E. K. Masterson of the Christian church of Normal, also was with the army in France; while Rev. Frank M. Harry, formerly pastor of the Park Methodist church, was engaged in Y. M. C. A. work in France.

HON. JOHN A. STERLING'S WORK IN WAR

When the war history of McLean county is written, always one of the heroic figures in that chronicle will be Hon. John A. Sterling, Congressman from the Seventeenth Illinois district during the first year and a half of America's participation. His death occurred in a tragic manner only three weeks before the signing of the armistice had crowned with victory the struggle he had helped to inaugurate. In his official capacity as a member of the house, Mr. Sterling had cast his vote for a declaration of war against Germany in April, 1917. His reasons for supporting the resolution making such a declaration were expressed in a speech which he made in the house, in which he said in part:

''In all the history of our republic, we do not find recorded so plain a cause for war as we find in the events which have happened on the seas in recent months. They have sunk our ships and destroyed the lives of American citizens, the greatest offense that may be committed by one nation against another, and an offense which, if borne without resistance must speedily result in the ignoble extinction of the nation which suffers it to be done. A nation which will not protect the lives of its people cannot and is not worthy to endure. *** The assault on these ships was as much an act of war as if Germany had landed an armed force on our shores and burned our cities and destroyed our citizens. Germany has made war on us. When we reach that inevitable conclusion, what must we say as to the second question involved in this resolution? Shall we resist? Shall we make war against war? *** When the American people by the logic of events know that they have been assailed, they answer, 'We will resist.' Let us say by the passage of this resolution the plain and simple truth, that Germany has made war on us, and that America will resist.''

John Allan Sterling was born on a farm near Leroy February 1, 1857, was educated in the schools of that neighborhood and graduated from Wesleyan university in 1881. He taught school for a time and was superintendent at Lexington two years. In 1884 he was admitted to the bar and formed a partnership with Sain Welty which lasted until the latter was elected judge. In 1892 Mr. Sterling was elected state's attorney, and served four years. He was chairman of the republican county central committee. Mr. Sterling was elected to congress first in 1902, and was continuously re-elected in each two years except the Sixty-third congress. He was married to Miss Clara M. Irons, who survived, with three children, Frank H., Charlotte A. and Horace N. Mr. Sterling came to his death in an automobile accident on October 17, 1918, when a car in which he and some friends were riding was overturned at a sharp turn on the road near Pontiac. Mr. Sterling's funeral was attended by a distinguished body of members of congress and other prominent figures in public life.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE WAR RELIEF WORK

Shortly after the entrance of the United States into the World War, the Christian Scientists organized for assisting in war relief work. The organization was planned by the board of directors of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts. State committees were appointed to carry out the details of the work in the various states. The local church at Bloomington, Illinois, cooperated with Illinois committee whose headquarters were in Chicago. All funds raised for the promotion of the work were forwarded to the Mother Church for distribution, as war activities were numerous in some states, especially in the South, while few or no army organizations were operating in other states.

The work of the Christian Scientists was carried on both at home and abroad. War relief workers were assigned to all of the various camps in the United States. Permission was granted to place Christian Science books and periodicals in the Reading Rooms and libraries of the various camps. The Christian Science Daily Monitor was especially appreciated. Individual subscriptions were given to all officers and men who requested it. Many thousands of copies were distributed daily. Its excellent news service and its able editorials gave the information most desired by the men concerning the war in its daily progress on the battlefields and in the camps.

Delegates from the local church attended conventions held at Chicago, thus enabling the work at Bloomington to be organized along the best possible lines. The interest of the Scientists of this community is indicated by the fact that contributions to the war relief fund to the amount of $1297.62 were forwarded to the Mother Church during the period of the war. This was a portion of the general fund of many hundreds of thousands of dollars disbursed by the Christian Science Church in war relief work.

The Christian Science Publishing Society, recognizing the need for copies of the Bible, of the Christian Science Text Book, ''Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures,'' by Mary Baker Eddy, and selections of songs especially suited to male voices, in compact form, published vest pocket editions of the Bible, Science and Health and a selection of Christian Science hymns, for use by the soldiers. Any officer or soldier requesting one or more of these publications received them without charge. Members of the local church were instrumental in placing a number of copies of these publications in the hands of soldiers who appreciated them.

The War Relief worker assigned to a camp was granted the privilege of free entrance with his automobile at any time of the day. He was ready to receive requests from soldiers for any assistance that he might lend. Under his guidance soldiers organized in many camps for the conduct of Christian Science services on Sunday and on Wednesday evening.

Many men and women in American uniform attended the regular services of First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Paris, where a Sunday morning service was conducted at 10 o'clock in French, and the same service in English at 11 o'clock. At the Wednesday evening meetings, testimonies were given in both French and English.

Mrs. Anna M. Campbell

Reading rooms with writing facilities were established in many camps at home and abroad. One of these Reading Rooms at the great Army School at Langres, France, was in charge of Mrs. Anna M. Campbell, a member of the local Christian Science Association, formerly a citizen of Bloomington. She fitted up a large room, nicely decorated and well furnished, comfortable chairs, good writing materials, and supplied with Christian Science literature which were used and appreciated by hundreds of officers and men. Sunday afternoon meetings were attended by more than forty men on many occasions, and hundreds of men attended the Sunday evening receptions given by Mrs. Campbell at one of the wealthy French homes of the city. A general of the American Army was frequently in attendance at these receptions. A part of Mrs. Campbell's work was to give Christian Science treatments, without charge, to all who asked for them. At the Christian Science meetings, frequent testimony was given of the practical service of Christian Science to the soldier on the field of battle.

A Christian Science reading room at Paris was always well patronized. Here, during the war, three Christian Science practitioners were stationed for calls at any time. During the heavy fighting from July to November, 1918, these practitioners received hundreds of calls for assistance from soldiers calling in person, or requesting aid by telegraph, telephone or by letter. It was no uncommon occurrence for each of these practitioners to have 30 or more calls in a single day, and one of these received 47 calls in one day. Numerous reports gave evidence of the efficiency of Christian Science during these trying months.

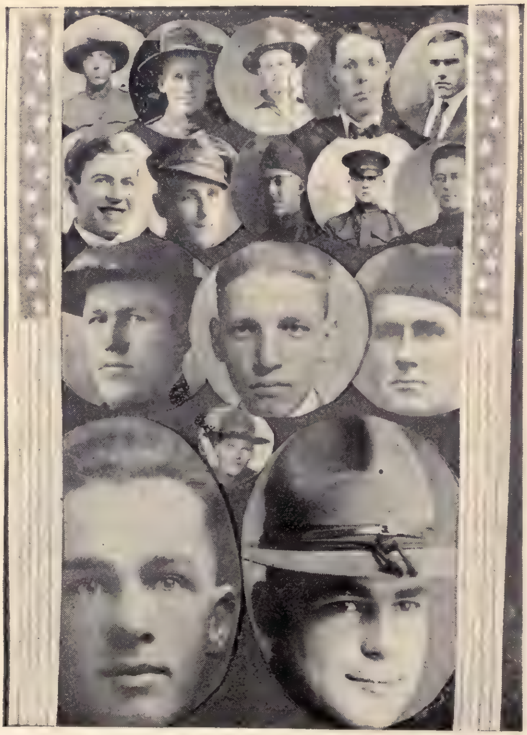
Special war relief was carried on in Illinois at Camp Grant at Rockford, at Great Lakes Naval Training Station, at Chanute Aviation Field at Rantoul, and at Scott Aviation Field at Belleville. The local Christian Science Church had its share in all these activities through its contributions to the general work of the Mother Church.

COMFORTS FORWARDING COMMITTEE

Another phase of the Christian Science work is evidenced by the Comforts Forwarding Committee. This activity was directed by a central committee at Boston. The local committees were organized by Christian Scientists in the various communities throughout the country. These committees made various articles for the comfort of the soldiers and forwarded them to Boston from where they were distributed to the various camps. Soldiers and war workers, going overseas, were supplied on request with useful articles by the distributing committees at the embarkation ports. At New York a special effort was made to provide Y. M. C. A. workers with abundant materials for their work abroad. Notices were posted at hotels where Y. M. C. A. Secretaries were awaiting sailing orders, calling attention to the fact that supplies might be had from the distributing committee near by. Large numbers took advantage of this generous offer.

The Comforts Forwarding Committee of Bloomington, Illinois, had for its headquarters Room 627 Griesheim Building. Funds for yarn, cloth and other materials were donated by members and friends of the local church, who also donated the necessary labor. The amount contributed for this purpose was $634.13. This committee of Bloomington sent the following articles: 320 pair socks, 30 sweaters, 47 pairs wristlets, 581 new garments, 129 made-over garments, 13 large quilts, 9 helmets, 15 other articles, making a total of 1153 articles. In addition to the work above mentioned, the Christian Scientists of Bloomington contributed generously to the war relief work of the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and other civilian organizations.

The families of the local Christian Science Church contributed not only money and articles of comfort for soldiers, but they also furnished men for active prosecution of the war. These families were represented by at least 12 men. These include officers in the army, enlisted men in the artillery, infantry, navy and S. A. T. C. One, Prof. Ridgley, enlisted for Y. M. C. A. Educational work and was later transferred to the Army Educational Corps.



Top row (left to right)—Elroy McNier, Guy Million, Harry Matthews, Vernon Moore, Thomas McMillan.
Second row—Jack Million, Otis Musselman, Alpha E. Moore, Roy F. Mitchell, Raymond H. Mortimer.
Third row—Earl Mahaffey, DeWitt P. Miller, Thomas Martin.
Fourth row—Jesse Mitchell, Harry L. Mitchell. Above—Raymond Morger.

WAR-TIME CONTROL OF FUEL SUPPLIES

In the summer of 1917, the government clearly saw that the problem of the nation's fuel supply was to be one of the big ones. On October 31, 1917, the fuel committee for McLean county was appointed by J. E. Williams, federal fuel administrator for Illinois. This committee began work November 1, being one of the first organized in the state. The personnel was Mayor E. E. Jones, chairman; Spencer Ewing, secretary, and Elaida Dickinson.

The local fuel administration had to deal with the public and with the fuel dealers. In treating with the dealers, one of the first tasks related to prices on coal, and in this the committee had to establish a margin of profit for retail dealers of the county. This was done by a method which was afterward adopted over the entire state. Then there was the question of properly distributing the supplies of fuel available and of enforcing upon the people the necessity of conserving their supplies. One of the first tasks confronting the local fuel administrator was to educate the people in the necessity of laying in their supplies of coal before the winter began. The old careless way of buying coal for domestic use a few tons at a time, because it could be obtained on short notice, must give way to prudent foresight in getting one's supply into the cellar in the summer and autumn. This campaign had its results. By the end of November a larger percentage of the winter's domestic requirements were in the cellar than had ever been the case before.

On November 23, 1917, the local fuel committee submitted a report of its work in fixing coal prices up to that time. The following were the prices quoted:

Delivered prices—	Per Ton
Southern Ill. Coal	$5.75
Central Illinois Coal	5.25
McLean County Coal Mine	5.20

Scale prices—	Per Ton
Southern Ill., Coal	$5.00
Central Illinois Coal	4.50
McLean County Coal Mine	4.45
Anthracite coal, all sizes delivered	10.00

The fuel administration could not proceed far with its work until it had some information from each community of the county for its guidance. Therefore a survey was made by addressing to all coal dealers of the county a letter in which the desired facts were sought.

With the desired information on hand, the committee assigned to each dealer his allotments of coal from time to time from the supplies available for this county.

Along with the problem of distributing the coal supplies, came that of urging the conservation of fuel on the part of the consumers. There were many angles to this problem. J. E. Lockwood was appointed as chairman of the conservation committee, in Bloomington, and he devoted much time to seeing that the orders of the national fuel administration were complied with. In order to save fuel at the electric power plants, so-called ''lightless nights'' were established. Two nights of the week, Thursday and Sunday, no street lights were permitted except those absolutely necessary for public safety. No electric advertising signs were permitted, and all lights at entrances were out except necessary for safety. This order continued in force until the following April, and was generally and willingly observed.

Restrictions on the use of fuel became more drastic from time to time during the late fall and early winter of 1917-18. The climax was reached when the order was issued for the closing of all manufacturing plants except those making food supplies for a period of five days, from January 18 to 22 inclusive of 1918. At the same time the order was issued that all retail stores except food stores should be closed one day each week for a period of five weeks. Monday was chosen as closing day.

Another angle of the fuel conservation order was its effect upon the railroads. The Alton road in January, 1918, annulled more than half of its passenger trains, and other roads running thru the county took similar action to a certain extent. This released many passenger engines for freight service and helped the movement of needed goods and war supplies.

All the public schools of Bloomington were closed by order of the board on January 15, and remained closed until February 4. This was done because coal enough to heat the buildings could not be obtained. The school children therefore had an unexpected mid-winter vacation, which they enjoyed.

The severity of the weather in this winter of 1917-18 was one of the factors aggravating the coal shortage. For twenty-eight consecutive days, from December 28 to January 25, the temperature was below zero at some part of each day. Then as a climax of the weather and fuel situation, the hardest storm of the winter struck the county on January 6. A twenty-four hour snowfall, driven by a fierce winter gale, made conditions such that traffic was impossible. Street car lines were put out of business in the city and taxicab service much crippled. Many trains on the railroads were hours behind time, or abandoned altogether. It took several days for the people of the city and country to dig themselves out from under the snow. In Bloomington the weight on the big barn of the Bloomington Delivery system, located on North Madison street, was so great as to crush in the roof and caused the company a loss of $10,000. Country roads were impassable and traffic in the country was more than ever restricted. After the people had spent nearly a week digging themselves out from under the snow, a second edition of the storm came upon the land, and the conditions were again almost as bad as it was at the beginning of the storm. All this made the supplying of the fuel needs of the communities more difficult than it had been previously. Many of the smaller places in the county got down to the state where there was not a ton of coal in the hands of the dealers. About the middle of January reports of such conditions came from Towanda, Arrowsmith, Saybrook, Glenavon, Bellflower, Monarch, Covell and Meadows. Appeals came from these towns to the county fuel committee asking for relief, and these were passed on to the state committee.

Every town in McLean county suffered more or less severely by the extraordinary weather on top of the fuel shortage, especially after the second blizzard of January 11. McLean ran out of bread, and the schools were closed for several days. Many business houses in Carlock closed on account of lack of heat. Cobs and wood were much used. There was no church service on Sunday, the 13th. Heyworth was in fair shape for fuel and other supplies. The Lexington basket-ball team played at Heyworth on the night of the second blizzard, and could not get home for two days afterward. Chenoa could get no bakers' bread and no milk for two days. No Sunday papers were delivered. Cooksville was practically marooned, and everything stopped. At Stanford Frank Hilpert attached a snow plow to an automobile and cleared some of the streets. Ellsworth got two cars of coal just before the blizzard, but could get no bread for two days. At Lexington most of the stores closed at 6 o'clock Saturday night, and there was no church on Sunday. Col. Brown, an auctioneer, who had held a sale at Arrowsmith, could find no way to get back to Bloomington, so he started and walked, taking ten hours for the trip. Leroy dismissed its schools and business was almost at a standstill. At Saybrook many farmers turned out and scooped roadways to the town to get supplies.

When the local fuel administrators made a tour of the city on the first night that the ''lightless'' order went into effect, they expressed themselves much pleased with its general observance. They counted only eight lights in the business district that should not have been burning.

The big blizzard struck the city and county on the first Sunday of what had been planned as ''go to church month,'' January. Consequently, the campaign got a bad start, for most of the churches were almost deserted on that Sunday. Many churches abandoned their services for the day.

The second edition of the blizzard was accompanied by temperature of 10 below zero, and was pronounced the worst storm in nineteen years. For a few days delivery of fuel became impossible. In many cases where families ran out of coal, they doubled up with other families, two or more living in one house.

In the midst of this crucial shortage of fuel, many expedients were resorted to, to tide over until relief came. Churches in Bloomington and other towns combined their services and held meetings in one church, or abandoned all services on Sunday except one. The county automobile men abandoned their usual winter show for lack of heat for a building to hold it. Commercial florists had to shut down parts of their greenhouses, and only heated the parts absolutely necessary to prevent serious loss. A big midwinter concert planned by the Amateur Musical Club in Bloomington was abandoned.

In Leroy, the men of the Christian church organized a huge wood-chopping bee, went to the timber owned by one of their members and spent a day chopping wood for use in the church to save coal. The necessity was made a gala occasion, with a noon dinner for the choppers.

The Normal university was closed for several days on account of the impossibility of getting fuel.

With the work of the strenuous winter of 1917-18 past, Mayor Jones resigned from the chairmanship of the local fuel committee, and Spencer Ewing, who had served as secretary, was named in his place. His work in charge of the local situation continued thru the spring of 1918, and plans were outlined for a campaign among the people for the next season which would prevent the fuel shortage of the previous winter. On May 1, 1918, Mr. Ewing was called to Chicago as director of state requirements in the Illinois office of the U. S. fuel administration. He served in that capacity until August 1 of that year, being in charge of fuel distribution for the state of Illinois outside of Chicago. Later he was made deputy fuel administrator for the state of Illinois, succeeding Raymond E. Durham. Mr. Ewing's work in his new position operated through eleven different departments and had 110 employes.

Bertram A. Franklin

Bertram A. Franklin was named as head of the McLean county fuel administration when Mr. Ewing was called to Chicago. He continued the work until and after the close of the war, for the signing of the armistice did not end the existence of the fuel administration. Mr. Franklin finally received his instructions in January, 1919, to close his office on February 1, which was accordingly done, and the fuel administration past out of existence.

In the summer of 1918, the government fuel administration took a hand in regulating the consumption of gasoline as well as coal. In August an order was issued that no pleasure cars could be used Sundays and all garages closed after 6 o'clock in the evenings. This brought about a situation which had its comic as well as serious side. No cars were permitted on the streets or roads except those on errands of necessity or mercy, on penalty of the driver being arrested. In consequence, people returned to primitive means of vehicle driving; all old time buggies and horses were gotten out of their hiding places, and the roads and streets on Sundays looked like scenes of the '60's instead of 1918. Young people got plenty of amusement out of the situation. The rule was pretty generally lived up to for the several weeks in which it remained in effect. Consumption of gasoline the country over was thereby reduced hundreds of millions of gallons.

SPENCER EWING WAR-TIME FUEL ADMINISTRATOR

How a practicing attorney took up the work of handling the fuel problems of a community, tells the story of the war work done by Spencer Ewing of Bloomington. His was one of the cases which demonstrated that patriotic ardor will enable a man to adapt himself to the performance of tasks which in ordinary times would be considered well-nigh impossible.

When the conservation of fuel became one of the vital questions of home policy in the war, Illinois along with other states was asked to appoint local fuel committees for the various communities. The committee in Bloomington was appointed by J. E. Williams, Federal Fuel Administrator for Illinois on October 31, 1917. The committee in this county was among the first in the state, and began work on November 1. The personnel was Mayor E. E. Jones, chairman, Spencer Ewing, secretary, and Elaida Dickinson. Although this line of work was utterly foreign to Mr. Ewing's professional training, he set out with enthusiasm and devotion. The first work of the committee was to fix the margin for retail dealers in McLean county. This was done by a method which was afterward adopted over the entire state. Mr. Ewing served as secretary through the winter of 1917-18, and when Mayor Jones asked to be relieved of the chairmanship, Mr. Ewing was appointed chairman on April 1, 1918. A month later Mr. Ewing was called to Chicago as Director of State Requirements in the office of the State Fuel Administrator, of the U. S. Fuel Administration. He served in that capacity until August 1, having charge of the fuel distribution of the state outside of Chicago. About August 1, with the appointment of Raymond E. Durham as Federal Fuel Administrator, Mr. Ewing was made Deputy State Fuel Administrator, for the state of Illinois outside of Cook county. He served in that capacity until the first of April, 1919. He had charge of the administrative end of the Fuel Administration in the state, with particular regard for the distribution and allotment of domestic and industrial coal, penalties for violations of orders, and industrial and labor disputes. This work was accomplished by means of eleven departments and 110 employes.

Old Company D on Parade in Bloomington just before Leaving for its First Duty, Guarding Bridges at Hannibal, May, 1917.

COMPANY D., I. N. G.

Company D, Bloomington, Fifth regt., of the Illinois National Guard was called to service March 26, 1917, and ordered to Camp Parker, Quincy, Ill., for training, remaining there until August 20 that year when the command moved to Houston, Texas, later being reorganized as a machine gun company and expanded to 150 men. While at Quincy the personnel of the company was as follows:

Roster of Company D

Captain—Burr Irwin.

Lieutenants—William Goff and R. W. Jackson.

Sergeants—Carl E. Moothart, Rolla E. Hinshaw, Chester Hull, Lee Lishka, Joseph Million and Harry A. Marshall.

Corporals—William Hibbens, Edward Burns, Hobart M. Trent, Elmer McAfee, Homer A. Bowers, Herbert C. Taylor and Lyle Fike.

Cooks—Lewis C. Dears and Herbert C. Garr.

Privates—James G. Dennis, Paul E. Draper, Joseph A. Erbe, Clifford W. Huffmaster, Emery B. Quinn, Joseph F. Ranney, Edward C. Albee, William A. Albee, Claude F. Armstrong, Charles Baine, Harry H. Campbell, Charles S. Carter, John W. Cooper, Pearl S. Dennison, Otho S. Earl, Guy H. Frisbey, Roy Goodwin, Oscar Hall, Lewis Hardman, Clarence Harmon, Harold Hartley, Henry M. Hartley, Charles W. Hildreth, Raymond Joquesh, John D. Jordan, Russell C. Logsdon, Carl S. Martin, William B. Mattoon, Clarence F. Miller, Joseph L. Miller, Thomas F. Miller, Peter M. Owen, Marshall N. Palmer, Merle M. Payne, Leslie G. Pfiffner, Leslie C. Pitzer, Paul V. Poole, Leslie E. Rankin, Herbert C. Rediger, Charles V. Riley, James S. Sears, Thomas J. Underwood, Leslie A. Vaughn, Roy Varner, Earl E. Hodgson, Floyd O. Haynes, James M. Jones, Fred Bloodgood, Henry E. Batson, Cecil Hammett, Vernon W. Winnin, Samuel W. Ashworth, James F. Baer, John J. Anderson, Alvin R. Austin, Donald Brigham, Russell Brigham, Cecil D. Collins, Floyd Crist, Thomas I. Costigan, James B. Chapman, Ray Dotson, Lee H. Ellis, Roy M. Fitman, Rolland Henshaw, Clyde Hewitt, Willard J. Jenkins, George Kraus, Leslie H. Larison, Andrew Miller, Earl Potts, Scott Poynter, Everett Phillips, Ralph Simms, William F. Smith, Lem Landers, Paul Smith, George G. Sprouse, Frank L. Simpson, Carl A. Truitt, Robert Switzer, Robert S. Turner, Sylvester Thorpe, Lawrence Wright, Sidney Webb, Kieth M. Wilcox, Curtis Waggoner, Owen P. Ely and William Campbell.

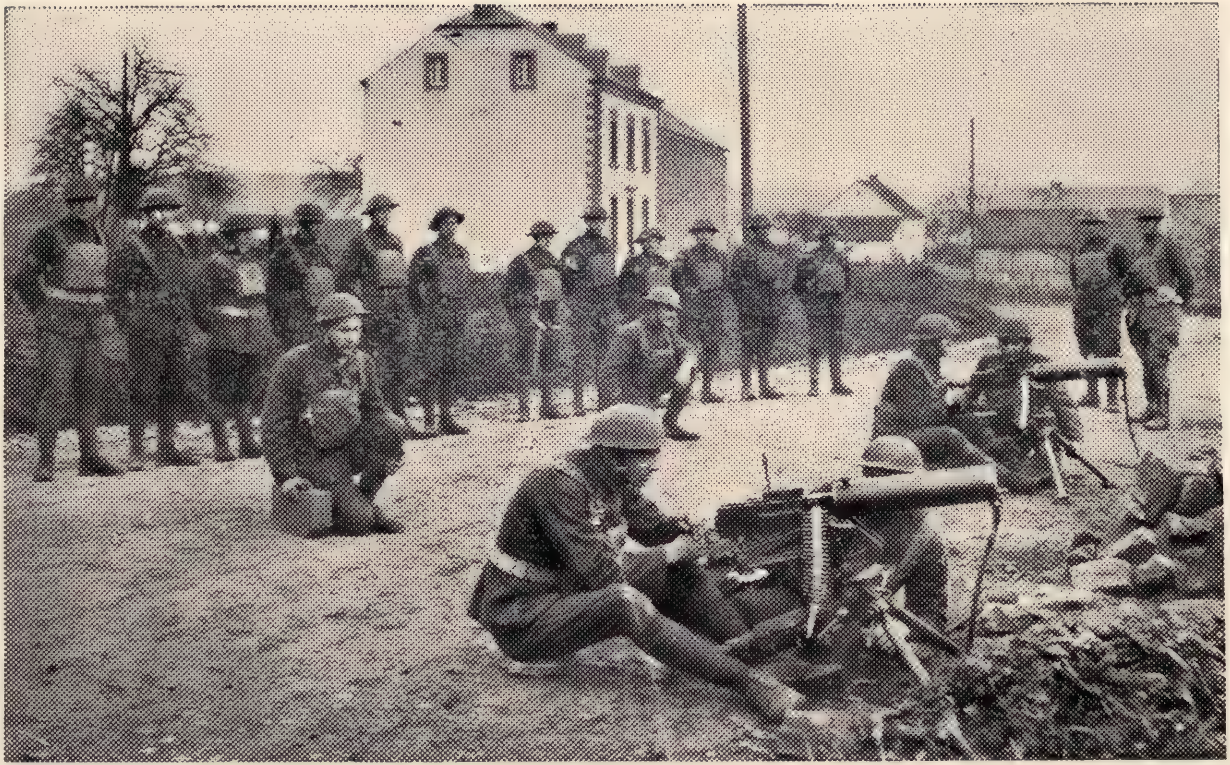
THE 124TH MACHINE GUN BATTALION

During the months of September and October, 1917, the Thirty-third division was organized at Camp Logan, Texas, from units of the Illinois National Guard which had been drafted into federal service. Several regiments of infantry of the I. N. G. had to be broken up or changed bodily into other arms of the service. Among these were the Fifth and Seventh. The Fifth regiment was composed of companies from Quincy, Peoria, Canton, Pekin, Jacksonville, Bloomington, Decatur, Delavan, Danville, Springfield and Taylorville, and was commanded by Col. Frank S. Woods of Quincy. On October 10, 1917, the reorganization took place, and the 122d, 123d and 124th machine gun battalions were formed. At first the 124th battalion was composed of three companies, L of Decatur, D of Bloomington and C of Springfield, all of the old Fifth regiment. In February, the battalion was increased to four companies, and Co. C of the 122d battalion, formerly the machine gun company of the Seventh regiment, became Co. D of the 124th. On October 13 Major Floyd F. Putman and Lieut. Clarence H. Woods were assigned to the 124th machine gun battalion, and Major Putman immediately began organization of the headquarters. The battalion continued in training at Camp Logan until May 6, 1918. By recruits from Camps Dodge, Grant and Taylor, the battalion was up to its authorized strength by date of its sailing, which occurred on the night of May 15 after transfer from Camp Upton, where the battalion had arrived May 11. The transport used was the Mount Vernon; formerly a German ship, which carried 5,000 troops on this trip. The division commander, Maj. Gen. George Bell, Jr., was aboard, with his staff, headquarters troop, military police, and the 132d infantry, all of this the Thirty-third division. The convoy arrived at Brest, France, May 24, and landed May 26.

The officers of Company B, in which were most of the McLean county boys, at this time were: Captain Burr P. Irwin; 1st Lieut. James A. Fishburne, 1st Lieut. William R. Bourdan, 2d Lieut. Clair F. Schumacher, 2d Lieut. Robert F. Rockhill, 2d Lieut. Chester I. White. The battalion was stationed at Cerisy until June 9, then marched to Grandcourt. On June 22 it marched to Pont Remy, on the Somme river, to operate in conjunction with British forces. From about the first to the 20th of August, the outfit became the machine gun reserve to the Australian forces, and after the 25th the entire division was transferred to the French area. At Guerpont the battalion was equipped with American guns and continued training preparatory to taking part in the great offensive which was to begin on September 26. On September 6 the battalion was transferred by rail to Bois-des-Sartelles near Balleycourt. The facts here recorded will hereafter be confined mostly to Company B, in which were most of the McLean county men.

In operations with the British, on July 17, 18, Companies B and A occupied positions in the Baizieux-Warloy line for twenty-four hours. From July 17 to 23 all officers and men occupied front line positions with British forces for observation; from the 25th to 30th, A and B companies relieved units of the British 47th battalion for four days. From August 6-7, A and B companies relieved units of the British 47th and 50th battalions until relieved by the 123d M. G. battalion. Casualties to battalion on this tour, 2 killed, 6 wounded. Battalion was relieved August 12 from British sector to Querrieu wood with the Australians. On the morning of September 26, all the companies of the battalion, together with the 122d machine gun battalion and the machine gun companies of the 131st and 132d infantry, participated in the attack on Forges Wood. The initial advance of the battalions was covered by machine gun barrage on the enemy trenches and strong points along the entire brigade front. The barrage consisted of forty guns, which was a complete success. The advance was over rough and ascending ground, mostly wooded, but all guns except three which were knocked out by shell fire were taken forward and reached the objective with the infantry and covered the consolidation. After crossing the Forges river, Company B formed up and moved forward under barrage of machine guns, artillery and smoke screen. Reached objective by 11 or 11:30 and took position to cover consolidation on left bank of Meuse valley. The 3rd platoon covered left flank, as 319th infantry did not reach objective until the following evening. Casualties, 3 killed, 7 wounded. Company remained in position until October 8, when it was withdrawn for operations on east side of Meuse.

As the result of hard work the night of October 7, this company placed 12 guns in position about Forges, and on the morning of 8th opened fire on Chaume Wood. On the 9th, moved to trenches southeast of Consenvoye, and at 6:45 on the morning of the 10th moved forward, with third battalion of the 131st infantry through Consenvoye and Chaume Wood, delivering effective fire from northern edge of latter wood upon enemy machine gun positions and bodies of the enemy fleeing over the edge of the ridge. The next move forward, to the top of the opposite ridge was under extremely heavy gun fire from front and flanks, resulting in heavy casualties and loss of four guns. Nevertheless, one section to the support of the 131st, delivered fire which silenced several enemy snipers and put to flight parties of the enemy assembling on the extreme right for counter attack. The enemy launched a counter attack on the afternoon of the 11th, which the guns of this company quickly stopped. Next morning the guns were moved back to a line with the third battalion, and placed to protect the front to the best advantage. On the night of the 13th of October the 131st infantry and machine gun



Part of Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Battalion, in a Ruined French Town. Vernon Wieting is Shown Sitting at the Forward Gun.

companies received orders to withdraw to Consenvoye. The casualties during this action were: 2 killed, 26 wounded or gassed, Capt. Irwin and Lieut. Fishburne being included in the total. On the night of October 24, the 124th battalion left their rest billets at Les Tamaris and marched to Longeau Farm in the Troyon sector, covering 18 miles in 12 hours by night. By 10 a. m. the battalion had taken over positions of the 312th M. G. B. of the 79th division. The reorganization of the whole sector was completed by October 30, with B, C, and D companies in positions and A company in reserve. Here these units remained until the operations of November 10 and 11. Sixteen gas casualties in B company at Avillers.

At midnight of November 9-10, B company got orders to join the 131st infantry at Doncourt, being assigned to the second battalion and moved forward into Haute Epines and Harville wood. The company was given the task of protecting the flank of the 3rd battalion while it attacked and held a part of Harville wood. The 3rd battalion went right ahead to its objective on the afternoon of the 10th. The second battalion moved forward into the wood under heavy artillery and machine gun fire. Lieut. Rockhill with the 1st platoon supported the front line, Lieut. White with the 2d platoon taking up positions along the right flank. While reconnoitering some of these positions, Sergt. Ely of Company B met and captured 11 prisoners single-handed. The heavy fire of all guns and the gas from exploding shells made the woods untenable and at 7 p. m. the troops withdrew to the edge of Haute Epines.

The morning of the 11th orders came to attack again, and the 131st infantry was being assembled to carry out the order, when word came of the truce, and operations ceased. That afternoon Co. B moved back to Longeau farm when Co. D took over its former position. Casualties: 4 wounded, 1 missing.

Company B, composed largely of McLean county men, had the distinction of having the greatest number of casualties of any company of the 124th Machine Gun battalion during its service in France, its total being 85, with 46 for A company being its next closest rival. The summary of casualties for the battalion in France is as follows: Headquarters Company, 1 killed in action, 1 accidentally killed, 1 wounded; total 3; A company, 4 killed in action, 21 wounded, 2 gassed, 19 missing; total 46; B company, 5 killed, 35 wounded, 44 gassed, 1 missing; total 85; C company, 7 killed, 9 wounded, 1 gassed, total 17; D company, 1 killed, 1 accidentally killed, 11 wounded, 1 gassed; total 14.

Altho machine gunners are not often in a position to capture prisoners, yet this 124th battalion captured a total of 112 prisoners, including 5 non-commissioned officers and 107 privates.

The armistice came at 11 o'clock on the morning of November 11 when all units of the 66th brigade, including all companies of the 124th M. G. battalion were making an assault on the enemy positions in front of the Troyon sector. As firing ceased, a general shout went up along the line, on both sides. The 124th withdrew to their billets at Longeau farm. On December 7 the battalion began its long hike into Germany, going by way of Moineville, Avril, Serrouville, Rumelange, Luxemburg, Aspelt, Kreuzweiler, Trintingen and Heffingen. B company was billeted in the village of Waldbillig. While in Luxemburg the monotony of long evenings was varied by various forms of entertainment designed by soldiers, in which the 124th M. G. battalion took prominent part. "Krigbaum's Circus" from A company and Lieut. Gene Hopkins' splendid show troupe made much merriment both in and outside of the 33rd division. One of the red letter days of the service was April 22, 1919, when the entire 33rd division was reviewed by Gen. Pershing at Ettelbruck. On April 26-27 the division entrained on the start on the long journey home. The arrival at Brest was on April 30. After nine days of im-patient waiting, the division embarked on the U. S. S. Mt. Vernon, which weighed anchor at 4:30, May 9.

The 124th machine gun battalion was a part of the 66th brigade, commanded by Brig. Gen. Paul A. Wolfe. Its strength was 30 officers, 750 men and 48 heavy type machine guns. The 66th brigade led all the principal assaults of the 33rd division, and the division ranked among the first of the A. E. F. in efficiency, gallantry and battle record. The machine gun barrage in the attack of September 26, with forty guns, was pronounced by critics the first occasion when machine guns properly supported an American division in attack. While in active operations, the battalion received some excellent service from the Y. M. C. A., the Red Cross and K. of C. welfare organizations. Chaplain C. M. Finnell was deserving of special credit for his work for the comfort and well being of the battalion. Through his efforts, every grave of a man from this battalion has been properly marked.

Sergt. Russell W. Bringham of Bloomington, of Company B. had successfully passed his examination for a commission when the end of the war came.

Two members of B company from McLean county were killed in battle: Sergt. Leslie G. Pfiffner of Normal and Corp. Lyle Fike of Bloomington, the latter dying of wounds.

The following were wounded in action: Henry M. Hartley, Howard E. Campbell, Thomas Ivan Costigan, Herbert C. Rediger, all of Bloomington; Paul E. Draper of Heyworth, Carl S. Martin of Normal, William B. Mattoon of Bloomington, Joseph Million of Bloomington, George G. Sprouse of Saybrook.

The following were gassed: Earl Potts of Bloomington, Leslie Rankin of Normal, and Louis C. Sears of Bloomington.

The McLean county boys, members of this company and battalion, in addition to those already mentioned were as follows: Sergeant Lee F. Lishka of Bloomington, Sergt. Chester Hull of Bloomington, Sergt. Joseph F. Ranney of Normal, Sergt. Oliver P. Ely of Bellflower, Sergt. George A. Kraus of Danvers, Corp. Lewis Hardman of Lexington, Corp. Samuel W. Ashworth of Bellflower, Corp. Emery B. Quinn of Bloomington, Horseshoer Henry E. Batson of Bloomington, Privates Cecil D. Collins of Holder, Edward C. Albee of Bloomington, Paul V. Poole of Bloomington, William A. Albee of Bloomington, Homer A. Bowers of Normal, James G. Dennis of Normal, Lee H. Ellis of Bloomington, Harold J. Hartley of Bloomington, Clarence F. Miller of Bloomington, Charles V. Riley of Normal, James H. Sears of Bloomington, William Price Smith of Normal, Sylvester Thorpe of Bloomington, Vernon Wieting of Bloomington.

CONTRASTING HOSPITAL METHODS

In an address before the McLean County Medical Society one day after his discharge from the service, Dr. Robert Avery Noble, former major in the medical service with the A. E. F., stated that the American wounded received better care than any of the other allied soldiers. The French custom, he said, was to care for the least wounded first, while the more severely wounded who would be unable to return to the line after leaving the hospital were the last to receive attention. The American method was to care for all wounded men as early and as rapidly as possible and to give the most severely wounded the first attention. The French he said rarely worked at night. He said that there were all kinds of injuries which could possibly be conceived of from the high explosive shells and machine gun bullets.

THE GENII OF THE AIR

The Line Patrol

Deeds which for sheer courage and daring, having stood out even against a background of man's ceaseless heroism, marked the world's greatest and most dreadful war. They have been those of the aviators, waging a warfare that was terrible and strange; rushing through the air at a hundred miles an hour, thousands of feet above the earth; menaced by bursting shells or the hawklike attacks of hostile craft; tossed about by the winds; in danger, always of some breakdown that might send them earthward inside the enemy's lines; yet braving each peril with a smile and joking even when in the presence of death. War has brought its heroes always but what can one say of these? Men who for hours at a stretch and in a plane that might be swaying in half a gale, ran a nerve racking gauntlet of shell fire, death that the enemy guns sends into the sky; a fate that creeps nearer daily as the gunners skill improves; that means first a crash and then a drop through a thousand feet or more of empty air, a crumpling of wings and a fluttering, helpless fall, leaving the sodden wreckage of a craft. When the hero paid the price of his heroism; when he flew out at dawn and failed to return, it was his friends and fellow airmen who remembered with the lingering affection of comradeship, the one who was gone. But though they have been shot at ceaselessly from the earth and attacked viciously by hostile planes, the airmen in the late war, did their work accurately and well. Not one of these men, flying over the enemy with death at his elbow, risked or lost his life in vain. And it is a satisfaction to those of McLean County to know that the contribution made of air men, led all the other counties of the state excepting Cook. Some made the Supreme sacrifice and met their fate fearlessly. The list of air heroes from McLean County is as follows:

Edward Burtis, Hudson
Clifford Brown, Normal
Nyle Balbach, Chenoa
Halsey Bingham
John Brokaw
*Louis E. Davis
Jack Daniels
Claude Ferguson
Mortimer Flynn
Harold Heafer
Archie Hansen
Reed B. Horney, Colfax
Iredell Harrison
Denny E. Henderson, Towanda
Omar Gregory
Don Jones, Leroy
David Lutz
Roy Lawson, Leroy
Harold Plummer
Edward Powers
Harry Riddle
*Lee Roebuck
Chester Twaddle
Earl Vanordstrand
Wm. Wise

LIEUT. JOHN BROKAW

Of the aviators from McLean county who were privileged to reach France, none enjoyed the experience more than John Brokaw of Bloomington. He enlisted October 23, 1917, at the age of 20, at the Ground School of the University of Illinois at Urbana December 8 of that year, and February 24, 1918, was transferred to Camp Dick at Dallas, Texas, remaining there until March 6 where he made such commendable progress

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*Killed in fall of plane. Obituaries will be found in the "In Memoriam" department.

that he was transferred to the famed Kelly Field at San Antonio, Texas, commencing to fly March 6 and maintaining this drill until April 15. He was then transferred to Chanute Field at Rantoul, Ill., where he continued the primary work until he was commissioned lieutenant May 15, 1918. He was then ordered to Camp Dick for two weeks and from there to Post Field, Lawton, Oklahoma, in June taking a four week course as an army corps pilot. His final home training was at Hicks Field, Fort Worth, Texas, in aerial gunnery and after four weeks of drill in the employment of air ordnance, he sailed for France, from the port of Hoboken, New York, landing at Brest, October 5, 1918. He spent the first four weeks abroad at St. Maixent and then received orders to complete his training at Issudon, France, before going to the front. The signing of the armistice brought bitter regrets to him as well as thousands of others who were just at the pinnacle of actual service after a long period of strenuous training. He was released from air training on December 23, and was permitted to visit Nice and Monte Carlo on a leave of absence for one week. He then sailed from Brest January 13, 1919, and was discharged at Garden City, Long Island, January 23, 1919.

LIEUT. DAVID LUTZ

Lieut. David Lutz, well known Bloomington boy, received his commission at Love Flying Field, Dallas, Texas, and took up special work in bombing.

Lieut. Lutz had a most narrow escape in a fall while avoiding a collision with another plane.

Lieut. Lutz is a graduate of the Bloomington high school, class '07, and of Normal University, class '11. At the time of entering the service he was a manual training teacher in Indianapolis.

LIEUT. WILLIAM C. WISE

Lieut. William C. Wise of Bloomington had the good fortune to reach France as one of Uncle Sam's aviators, but too late to take an active part in bombing the enemy. He enlisted April 7, 1917, at the age of 22 at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., in the aviation signal corps, but was transferred to the infantry, detailed to the first officers training camp at Fort Sheridan and was commissioned First Lieutenant at Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Ia., assigned to the Machine Gun Battalion and transferred to Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah, and was then assigned to duty as Intelligence Officer at Jefferson Barracks. He then resigned his commission in Infantry to become a cadet, U. S. S. M. at Urbana, Ill.. on February 1, 1918, graduating April 1, assigned to Chanute Field as Flying Cadet, later taking a six weeks course at Camp Dick, Texas, then known as "Kewees Paradise" and the "Home of the Gold Bar Cadets." He was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Air Service at Chanute Field July 1, 1918, placed in semi-active duty at Wilbur Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, and then ordered overseas, sailing from Garden City, L. I., October 1, 1918, and ordered to Issoudim, France, joining the 3d A. I. C. Before his aspirations to diminish the enemy armies was realized, the armistice was signed. His health failing, he spent two months in a hospital on sick leave and a month of his convalescence in Southern France, and was then assigned duty as Commanding Officer of Casual Co. 987 at St. Aignon, France. He then sailed for home, reaching Camp Merritt, N. J., March 11, 1919, and receiving his discharge one month later, returning to Bloomington to resume his studies at the State Normal University. The home of Lt. Wise is in Champaign.

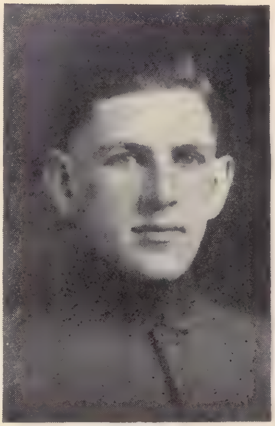
LT. MORTIMER FLYNN

Lt. Mortimer Flynn enlisted at Chicago July 25, 1917, and was assigned to the ground school in aviation at the Ohio State University. In October he was sent to Love Field, Texas, and was commissioned lieutenant May 8, 1918. He then trained at Camp Dick, Ellington Field, Tolliver Field, and finally Mitchell Field at Garden City, New York, taking the various courses in bombing, aerial gunnery, and other advanced work in aviation, and was ready to go across when the armistice was signed. He remained at Mitchell Field until March 10, 1919, when he proceeded to Camp Grant where he received his discharge, then returning to Bloomington.

LIEUT. KENNETH H. JONES

With the declaration of war, Kenneth H. Jones of Normal, promptly enlisted and was sent to Fort Howard, Maryland, May 7, 1917, and was assigned to the 3d company C. A. C. He was placed on detached service at the Master Gunners School at Fortress Monroe, Va., August 1, 1917, and then transferred to the national army at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky., October 1, 1917, with assignment to the 159th Depot Brigade Headquarters Co., later going to Co. C 309 Field Signal Battalion. October 25 he was promoted to corporal; November 15 to sergeant and December 24 to sergeant 1st class. He then asked for a transfer to the School of Military Aeronautics at Champaign, Ill., graduating April 26, 1918, transferred to Camp Dick, Dallas, Texas; thence to Wilbur Wright Field, Dayton, O.; and was commissioned Second Lieutenant August 30, 1918, at Chanute Field. He then trained in aviation at Brooks Field, San Antonio, Texas; Rockwell Field, San Diego, Cal., and was with the Pursuit Training Department until the close of the war, completing a long and strenuous period of training as an aviator. He received his discharge January 7, 1919, but in April of that year, he was commissioned in the Air Service Officers Reserve Corps.

LT. ARCHIE M. HANSON



Archie M. Hanson of Normal gave up his farm irrigation work in Texas to enlist and was assigned to Austin, Texas, where he trained for three months in the aviation officers training camp. February 16, 1918, he was ordered to the Concentration Camp at Dallas, Texas, to further complete his studies in machine gunnery, wireless and various other essentials to the aviator. Having been commissioned lieutenant, was ordered to Chanute Field May 20 for flying, aerial photography and study in the theory of flight. August 1 he moved to Wilbur Wright Field at Dayton, Ohio, and to Garden City, L. I., September 10, thence proceeding overseas for advanced training at Issoudon aerial field, arriving there October 26. There he prosecuted his training in bombing, gas drill, pistol practice and other work. Just as he was ready for active service against the enemy after a strenuous year of preparation, the armistice ended the war and Lt. Hanson in company with thousands of others, experienced the disappointment of being unable to clash with the enemy flyers. However, the period of duty was greatly enjoyed and he was able to see considerable of Europe before he was permitted to return to his home and be discharged.

LIEUTENANT HARRY E. RIDDLE

Aviation had its appeal for Harry E. Riddle and enlisting in Chicago, October 18, 1917, he was assigned to duty at the United States Army School of Military Aeronautics, located at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, reporting there on December 1, 1917. After more than two months of intensive training there, he was transferred on February 16, 1918, to Camp Dick, Dallas, Texas, where his training was continued. On April 7, 1918, he was ordered to the famous Kelly Field at San Antonio, Texas, and was there commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Air Service (Aeronautics). After completing his training as an aviator, he was transferred to Brooks Field near San Antonio where he studied the Gosport system of Flying instruction. He made such rapid progress that he was honored by selection as instructor at Park Field, Memphis, Tenn. and later promoted to the position of Flight Commander, still greater honor. He remained at Park Field, prosecuting his duties efficiently until his discharge from the service March 20, 1919, when he resumed the practice of law with office in Suite 408-9, Peoples Bank Bldg., Bloomington.

LIEUT. HAROLD HEAFER

Entering the Ground School of the University of Illinois July 16, 1917, Harold Heafer of Bloomington, was transferred to Park Field, Tenn., after eight weeks and spent four months there winning a commission as a flying lieutenant in air service March 12, 1918. He then put in a further strenuous training at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, Post Field and served six weeks as pilot in the observation school. Then followed five weeks at Camp Dick, Texas, and four weeks at Fort Worth, taking the course in aerial gunnery. When orders came to go across, Lieut. Heafer came via Peoria enroute to New York and was married at Peoria July 12, sailing July 21 for Liverpool and proceeding directly to France where he was variously stationed at St. Maxient, where he attended a school for aviation officers two months at Issoudoun, and on October 15 joined the 186th Aero Squadron at Colombey les Belles and also Souilly, and was at Lemmes, near Verdun during the closing months of the war. He returned by way of Tours, Angiers, and other points in southern France, and sailed from Brest, France, for the United States. He received his discharge February 3, 1919, at Garden City, New York.

AN ILLINOIS ARTILLERY REGIMENT

The second largest contingent of draft men which went out of McLean county at any one time was that which departed in April, 1918, for camps in the east. Most of that contingent became absorbed into the 68th regiment of Coast Artillery, which was organized at Fort Wright and other defenses on Long Island. An official history of that regiment published at the end of 1919 was as follows:

The Sixty-eighth was organized in the coast defense of Long Island, the first of June, 1918.

The officers had been designated earlier in the war department orders. The spirit, energy and discipline of the regiment was exemplified from the first. When each man was asked if he wanted to go across, those who replied promptly, ''Yes, sir,'' were chosen; all others were dropped from the list. At Fort Terry was regiment headquarters, also the medical department and batteries A, B, and C. Batteries D, E, and F were at Fort Wright, also the supply company. Lieut.-Col. Henry Fairfax Ayers was in charge of the unit at Fort Wright. Actual work began with a lecture by Col. Ayers, who is a West Pointer, on matters of discipline, dress, personal bearing, etc. The batteries began work at once in target practice, and the supply company in issuing overseas equipment and trying to get what was needed. The regiment was finally supplied with ''Class C'' equipment, when word came that ''Class A'' was the last word in European styles.

One day after a parade in a sizzling heat thru the streets of New London, when the men returned to barracks ''all in,'' word came that the regiment would leave the next morning. Immediately drooping spirits revived, and the men worked all night packing for the trip. Harbor boats took the men to New London, where Red Cross ladies served refreshments, and then after conflicting rumors of the possible port of embarkation, the trip for Boston began. The regiment detrained at the Cunard docks at Boston, and boarded the British ship Leicestershire. The men were loaded into the hold, which formed their mess halls and their sleeping quarters for the trip across.

The start in the voyage was made in a heavy fog and after a day's sailing, much to the surprise of the men, the ship dropped anchor in New York harbor. The stay there was short, however, and the next day another start was made, with the vessel's nose poked out to sea. The fifth day out, the vessel caught up with the rest of the convoy, six transports and a British cruiser. Two days before reaching England, an escort of British destroyers met the convoy.

The regiment's yell or battle cry was originated on this voyage. An assemblage of officers in the lounge one afternoon discussed such a yell. It was agreed that the forceful ''Gang-wah,'' so often heard from members of the Hindoo crew of the vessel, should be part of the cry. Soon this yell was evolved, ''Gang-wah. Six-Eight. Hoo-Rah.'' That remained the official yell of the regiment during the rest of its career. One day a British destroyer, No. 68, crossed the bows of the transport, and when the men from the railing shouted their yell, so appropriate to the destroyer, there came an answering cheer from the warship, and her commander sent a wireless vote of thanks.

After fifteen days on the ocean the transport landed at Tillsbury docks on the Thames in London. The ship was given a noisy greeting by the ships in the harbor, and the regimental band and the ''gang-wahs'' returned the compliment. Just as the ship was docking an alarm was sounded warning of an air raid, which furnished a new thrill to the Americans. They were all curiosity but soon the ''recall'' signal was given, as the raiders had been driven off. This was the last air raid attempted by the Germans over London. The next morning the regiment went ashore and were welcomed by King George and taken to Romsey, a rest camp.

The fifth day, the regiment set out on a ten mile hike to Southampton, which they reached at noon and were issued sandwiches by the

British Red Cross. The trip across the channel was made on the Narragansett, an old ship owned by the Central Vermont railroad, and used on the other side during the war for carrying troops. The boat took half the regiment over, reaching LeHavre at 5 p. m., and the rest of the regiment came on another boat and debarked at the same time. The men were packed into the boats. On the dock at LeHavre they saw German war prisoners for the first time. Here they also saw a long American Red Cross train coming in, loaded with wounded men, the sight of which brought the war closer to them. From the anchorage to the harbor, the men admired a wonderful hill back of the city, but little dreamed they would have to ascend it. After being officially welcomed by the city, they began their long hike up the hill. Leaving LeHavre, the regiment went to Rest Camp No. 1, where they spent a day and a half in cleaning up, etc. They left this camp at 11 o'clock at night on August 30, 1918, and marched silently down the hill to the train sheds where they were first introduced to French railroad facilities, cars built for ''eight horses, 40 men.'' The men were crowded so that only half of them could lie down at once to try and rest. On the train they ate British rations, and coffee was served at the stations by the French Red Cross. On Sunday, September 1, the trains landed at Libourne, where the regiment was split up and billeted in different towns, St. Denis de Piles, St. Pardon, Arvayres, and regimental headquarters at Vayres.

The billets consisted of old barns, houses, vacant stores, sheds and cafes that had gone dry. Soon the cooks and K. P.'s had coffee, bully beef and hard tack ready to serve.

On September 16 a course of instruction in heavy artillery was established for officers, one for each battalion, conducted by an American and a French officer. Real field problems were worked out, the school lasting until November 4. Special details of men and officers were sent to special schools, such as anti-aircraft, machine gun, gas, radio, aerial observation, and the like.

Excitement ran nigh on rumors of an armistice and papers were scanned for ''dope.'' When the news of the actually signing of the armistice reached the regiment, the lid was blown off, and November 11 and 12 given to celebration. Each battalion held a parade and were reviewed by the mayor and regimental officers.

From that time on, the exercises were just enough to keep in physical condition. The guns were shipped to St. Sulpice to be packed and ready to ship home. About November 24 another excitement arose on rumors of a start for home soon. It was a race to see which battalion would report ready first, and then which regiment first. All equipment but bare necessities were turned in, and yet no word came to move. It was raining constantly. On account of the rush order, there were premature celebrations of Thanksgiving, with its feast. The country was scoured for turkeys and many secured. With lack of drills on account of constant rains, time hung heavy on the men's hands. The band then did its part to keep up spirits, by going in turn to each battalion for concerts. Inspection showed a fine record in sanitation for the regiment. Only five deaths from flu occurred in the regiment, while the disease was ravaging the French population.

From the time of its organization the regiment had seen many changes of officers. On January 8, 1919, Col. M. C. Barnes took command and piloted the 68th on its homeward journey. Delay of the embarkation officers at Bordeaux was exasperating, but due to the persistency of Col. Barnes the order to move came on January 23. One cold, bitter day was spent at embarkation camp No. 1 and nine days at Camp No. 2. The Salvation Army supplied little comforts and made the boys feel at least as if they were nearer home. On February 3, 1919, the 68th moved to Bassens docks and then to the S. S. Matsonia. It was a happy day to be really on board ship. The voyage home was rough. The men were given two meals a day. On February 15 the ship emerged from the heavy fog and headed into New York harbor. The ship dropped anchor at Fiftieth street at 5 p. m. The next morning she docked at Hoboken and after debarkation the men were sent to Camp Mills. There they got hot meals, received a real delousing and spent much time on leaves to New York. On February 21 the regiment left for Fort Wadsworth and on the 25th the Illinois detachment left for Camp Grant, and it seemed as if the entire regiment was going. On the evening of March 7 the officers of Fort Wadsworth tendered a farewell dance to the officers of the regiment which was to cease to exist as a regiment after that date.

LOUIS O. EDDY

A very great measure of credit for his energetic and tireless part in the great war, should be given to Louis O. Eddy of Bloomington who had charge of the publicity department of the McLean County Council of Defense. To him, as chairman, was entrusted the responsibility of securing the co-operation of all the newspapers, both daily and weekly in city and country, in publishing articles in relation to the great drives by the various war relief associations. These drives came in rapid succession and required a constant activity in completing one line of publicity and preparing for another. The newspapers, threw open their columns with a generosity that has never been equalled and thousands of columns of matter in relation to the war drives, were printed. The cheerful and co-operative attitude displayed by the various publications, proved a source of satisfaction to the chairman of the publicity department and materially lightened his labors. In addition to the newspapers, it was necessary for Chairman Eddy to secure the consent of all merchants to utilize their display windows for posters and other advertising material. Stands for posting the huge posters, bill boards, etc., also had to be secured and the various sheets, displayed. An enormous quantity of such posters and advertising material was distributed and displayed throughout the county during the war. It is certain that but for this thorough and efficient publicity campaign, the part played by McLean county in the great war, and which will always be a source of pride to every citizen, would not have been so flattering, nor the results so colossal. When the Council of Defense came into existence, its most patent and pressing obligation, particularly imposed upon it by the creating act, seemed to be the development of a civilian morale which would ensure to the nation the full and willing co-operation of McLean county in all measures required for the successful prosecution of the war, due to the polyglot population and multitude of interests. At the outset, the war spirit was not fully aroused and essential duties and sacrifices not clearly sensed. Disloyalty and sedition was not general, but there was, to phrase it mildly, considerable indifference and hesitancy in the personal attitude toward the war. It was the duty of the Council to arouse the people, to make known the cause of the war, the inevitability of this country's participation and the necessity for an aggressive, solidified patriotism to win. ''Four minute men,'' ''neighborhood committees'' and other measures, proved wonderfully successful, in arousing dormant patriotism. The publicity department will always remain a bright page in the history of McLean county's part in the war.

WORK OF FRENCH-BELGIAN RELIEF ASSOCIATION

The French, Belgian-Allied Relief Association finished its work, and on Friday, March 28th, 1919, made the last shipment to the devastated countries. This statement did not mean a great deal to the people at large, but for those faithful women who have given unsparingly of their time and strength, the closing of the shop had a deep significance. To Mrs. G. B. Read was due the credit for the beginning of this work.

Early in the fall of 1917 she became interested in war relief work thru her visits to the different headquarters in Chicago, and eager to do something of which Bloomington might be proud, she gathered about her a small group of women, who immediately caught her enthusiasm for the splendid work. She turned over several rooms in her home to their use and in October, 1917, forty-five children's complete outfits were made. In all, 1213 garments were sent across to relieve the suffering in France in the first shipment. The call for relief became louder, interest increased and the work grew to such proportions that it became necessary to seek rooms more centrally located and better adapted to the work.

On November 1st, Mrs. Ralph D. Fox kindly donated the vacant building at 426 North Main Street. It was here that the organization was perfected and the first regular meeting held. The following officers and directors were elected at this time: President, Mrs. G. B. Read; 1st Vice-President, Mrs. H. S. Eckhart; 2nd Vice-President, Mrs. A. W. Anderson; Secretary, Mrs. F. C. Cole; Treasurer, Mrs. W. L. Moore; Directors, Mrs. Kate Brown, Mrs. R. C. Baldwin, Mrs. Charles Brokaw, Mrs. David Davis, Mrs. Alonzo Dolan, Mrs. C. B. Detrick, Mrs. Ralph D. Fox, Mrs. J. T. Johnson, Mrs. Anna B. Wade, Mrs. K. D. Welch, Mrs. Louise Robinson.

In March, 1918, it again became necessary to move, and through the kindness of Frank Oberkoetter, the rooms at 115 South Main Street were secured and were used for the work until its close.

The Board was very grateful to C. B. Hamilton, who did all the hauling free and which meant from two to nine boxes a week for eighteen months; also to T. P. Murray and E. H. Henniger who faithfully donated their services as packers.

As an association they always went "Over the Top" in every undertaking, whether it was Christmas Packets, French Orphans, an appeal for helpers, or what not, their dreams were more than realized and the quotas more than filled.

The French and Belgium Relief Shop meant much to the community. It was open every day, except Sunday, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., since its organization, with some members of the Board always in attendance. Church Aid Societies, Clubs, Lodges, Leagues, Thimble Societies, etc., worked there in a body, each having a special day of the week for its meeting.

There were all sorts of entertainments given for the purpose of raising money, notable among them being "The Story Hour" given by Miss Raycraft, "The Birds' Christmas Carol" produced by Mrs. Rodenhauser and her assistants, "Our Children" put on by Miss Winifred Kates; "The Ladies Minstrels" elaborately staged by the Daughters of Isabella; "The Garden Party" at the Country Club, the "Pavement Dance" on East Jefferson Street, "The French Market and Melting Pot," managed by the Sigma Kappas, the "Three Day Fete" at "The Oaks," the "White Elephant Sale," managed by the Kappa Kappa Gammas, and a number of social functions, all donating their proceeds to the work.

Through the French and Belgian Association, the first French Orphans were adopted. Mrs. Read and Mrs. David Davis had charge of that part of the work and it was due to their untiring efforts that

McLean County could boast of having adopted 500 orphans. Mrs. David Davis also had charge of the Christmas Packets, of which 1095 were sent to the wounded in hospitals of France and Italy.

In October, 1918, a little Gift Shop was opened in the west room of the Irvin Theatre building, the use of which was generously donated by Clarence Irvin. Here were to be found all sorts of dainty handmade gifts, and every afternoon tea was served in a charmingly appointed little tea room by young women who were glad to be of service. Mrs. Edith Fielding was chairman of this department of the work, until called out of the city. Miss Harriet Hallam was her able successor, who with her corps of helpers turned over $1000 to the Relief Association. Mrs. H. M. Rollins was chairman of the Committee on Refugee Bags, and with her helpers packed 199. Mrs. Rollins alone filled 1500 housewives, these little cases containing sewing materials.

Mrs. Mark Drum has been a faithful chairman of the Layette Committee, 505 complete layettes having been made and packed, to date.

In January the Board expended the sum of $1500 in blankets, which were sent across. 1324 comforts and quilts have also been packed and sent. The total in garments packed and shipped was 60,019.

It is quite impossible to tell of all the good works of the association. Local charities have been helped from the overflow. To all those who have given of their time, money, and strength the directors were deeply grateful and felt confident that they have been doubly blessed in the giving.

The following summary of shipments to the different countries made by this organization showed:

Women's garments to France, Belgium and Italy—1,513 coats, 275 suits, 856 dresses, 708 skirts, 944 waists, 277 petticoats, 138 drawers, 43 chemise, 796 underwear, 292 pairs stockings, 112 aprons, 50 shawls, 35 sweaters, 237 scarfs. Total of 6,276.

Refugee bags, each containing 28 articles—71 bags to France, 24 to Belgium, 21 to Italy; total of 3,248 articles. Also 93 bags to Italy each containing 27 articles. Total of 2,511 articles.

Miscellaneous garments shipped to France, Belgium and Italy—1,324 comforts, 437 blankets, 219 pillows, 466 pillow cases, 305 towels, 1,119 handkerchiefs, 43 sheets, 15 wristlets, 153 pairs mittens, 707 pairs shoes, 14 aviator vests. Total 4,802.

For Babies—1,502 rompers, 12 baby gowns, 12 kimonas, 1,156 dresses, 37 jackets, 316 bootees, 25 bibs, 7 skirts, 61 diapers. Total, 2,128.

Soap and other articles—1,537.

Christmas packets to French and Italian hospitals and to French orphans, 1,175.

Hospital garments to France—486 bandages, 106 bands, 60 bed socks, 12 bath mitts, 46 operating masks, 16 leggins, 195 con caps, 36 ice bag covers, 9 hot water bottle covers, 636 cup covers, 80 lunch cloths, 5 table cloths, 22 spreads, 229 napkins, 18 hospital shirts, 38 bath robes. Total, 1,994.

Layettes—Total of 505 to France, Belgium and Italy, containing 13,635 articles.

Men's garments to France, Italy and Belgium—67 overcoats, 221 coats, 129 suits, 175 pants, 329 vests, 456 shirts, 594 underwear, 184 pajamas, 211 sweaters, 1,554 socks, 45 caps. Total of 3,965.

Boys' garments—42 overcoats, 97 coats, 376 suits, 615 pants, 1,001 waists, 442 underwear, 84 sweaters, 353 caps. Total of 3,010. Also 37 refugee bags for boys, containing 481 articles.

Girls' garments—553 coats, 16 suits, 4,588 dresses, 87 middies, 69 skirts, 2,306 petticoats, 947 drawers, 814 waists, 489 gowns, 53 chemise, 478 aprons, 975 underwear, 1,180 stockings, 69 sweaters, 1,387 caps. Total 14,011.

Refugee bags for girls—Total of 57 shipped, containing 741 articles.

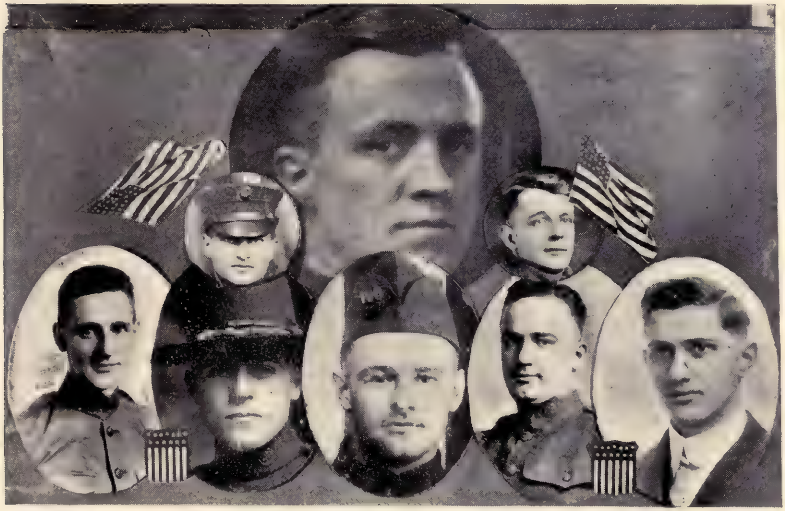
The reports on Belgian orphan funds was as follows: Christmas fund, $100; assigned Belgian orphans adopted 14, $616; fund to Belgian orphans, $1,580.50.

Mrs. Mabel W. Moore, treasurer, made the following report covering finances from November, 1917, until March 27, 1919:

Receipts—Donations $2,198.35, monthly donations $842; garden party $164, street dance $1,070.52; French market $582, lawn fete $5,663.71; white elephant sale $1,670.12, melting pot $122.80; gift shop $1,000; other entertainments and miscellaneous, $1,875.86. Total of $15,189.36.

Paid out—For materials, heat, light, janitor, freight and incidentals, $11,346.28; association adopted 15 French orphans, and to provide for them next year loaned $2,000; total paid out $13,346.28. This left a balance in treasury on March 27, 1919, of $1,843.08, which the board voted executive committee should use as they saw best.

Mrs. David Davis, as County Chairman of The Fatherless Children of France Committee made the following report: February first for McLean County, 375; Bloomington, 196; County outside of Bloomington, 179; No. previous to October 1st, 78; total 453. No. still to be returned, 15. Grand total, 468.



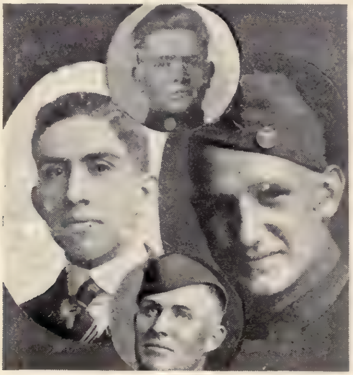
Harry Hiplert, Paul Huffington, Frank Hilpert, Harry H. Hall, G. M. Hargitt (*Above*) *Center*—Clark Hawk; *left*—Lyle I. Hoover; *right*—Merle Hutchinson.

FROZE NOSE IN JULY

Donald Jones of LeRoy, while in the aviation training camp at Arcadia, Florida, in July, 1918, reached such an altitude one day in a practice flight, that he froze his nose. The member swelled up to an abnormal size the next day and peeled off. The temperature on the ground at the time was in the 90's.

MRS. G. BURT READ

Her sympathies for the Allies aroused, long before America entered into the great war, Mrs. G. Burt Read of 1203 East Jefferson street, Bloomington, determined to do what she could for the relief of the French soldiers and purchased material and made pajamas during 1916 for their use. She worked for a time alone but later a sewing club of which she was a member, took up the duty, others became interested and out of this small beginning early in 1917, grew one of the most useful and helpful of all the organizations among the women of McLean county. Allied relief of all kinds was extended and garments sent to the soldiers of France, Belgium and Italy and also to the women and orphaned children of these nations. Shipments were made via Chicago and the New York City organization and also the Duryea War Relief Bureau. Sept. 10, 1917, marked the beginning of the sewing club activities and it made a notable record until the close of the war. Out of this beginning grew the Belgian, French and Allied Relief organization and huge shipments of clothing were made. McLean county led all counties of the state, with the exception of Cook, in the volume of shipments and in other activities in this direction. The work of the Belgian Relief is told in detail elsewhere in this volume. Mrs. Read also launched the campaign in behalf of the adoption of French orphans, no less than 468 of such adoptions being made by the men and women of McLean county, so vastly much more than any other county of the state excepting Cook as to make the showing noteworthy and attracting the attention of the French government. Mrs. Read and her husband were in Chicago to attend the reception given for Cardinal Mercier of Belgium when he toured the United States. He personally thanked her for her services in behalf of the destitute of his country. Mrs. Read was awarded a medal by the Duchesse of Vendome of Belgium, King Albert's sister, who had charge of the Belgian relief in recognition of her services and has also received diplomas and letters, expressing the gratitude of the French, Belgian and Italian governments.



Above—Alvin Dunn.
Center (*left to right*)—Willis H. Dambold, Harvey B. Downey.
Below—Charles E. Daniel.

FARMERS IN HEROIC WORK FOR VICTORY

D. O. Thompson

McLean county farmers have a record of vigorous war service. One phase of this is their subscription to the government war loans. The buying of these bonds thruout the county is shown elsewhere in this book in considerable detail. The population of the two cities, Bloomington and Normal, is distinctly less than half that of the county; and the people living on farms number just about twice as many as all those in the villages and cities outside the two named. Comparing the amount of bonds bought in Bloomington and Normal with the total amount bought in the county, it is seen that a very large proportion of the subscriptions came from the farm. This is made still more emphatic when it is noted that many people in the cities and smaller towns own land and derive a considerable part of their income from the farm, and yet their bond subscriptions were credited to the city or town where they live.

But still more important was the response in food production. This showed itself in two distinct ways,—in labor and in increase of wheat and pork raising. Our farmers never worked so hard before or accomplished so much per man. Having furnished their full quota of soldier boys and having lost many other hands to city work, they were very short of farm help—shorter than ever before in their farming. A great many farmers had little or no extra help during harvest. In many cases the one or two men on the farm had to shock all the wheat and oats. There was much risk of loss in this. The farmers made the tremendous attempt to increase their crops when their help was greatly reduced—the greatest effort of their lives. They made an almost unbelievable success of it, and it was not done simply for the money; a supreme effort to help win the war and feed the Allies was the uppermost thought and very apparent to all who went among them. This was emphatically expressed by D. O. Thompson, the county farm adviser, who had intimate knowledge of their conviction and doings. A great many men who had retired from the farm or from most of its hard work went back into the fields and gave valuable service. Absolutely every man went to work, and to the limit in the long days and intensity of his work.

The usual wheat acreage was 6,000 or 7,000 acres, but under the government call for wheat to provide food and the systematic drive of Farm Adviser D. O. Thompson, this was increased to 40,000 or 50,000 acres of wheat.

The government call for increased pork was also heeded, and a great many more pigs were raised, and this largely without regard to whether they would bring an extra profit. Probably its greatest effect was that a great number of farmers each added a few more sows. Much more pork was produced.

The fact is the farmers changed their system of farming, omitted the usual clover so necessary for the soil, and did everything possible to increase the products so greatly needed to support the war. The response was complete. Nobody came over to new ways, community cooperation and the every day doing of the heretofore impossible more than the farmer of McLean county. And nobody did what had to be done in quicker time or larger amount. The sum of the farmers' accomplishment is an enduring monument to their sense of citizenship and determination to win the war.

The McLean County Better Farming Association suspended its usual activities and lent the services of the farm adviser, D. O. Thompson, to war work during practically the entire war period. It came to be recognized as representing the farmers and speaking for the farmers in whatever there was to be done, and far greater results were secured thru this organization than could have been possible otherwise.

THE FOUR-MINUTE MEN

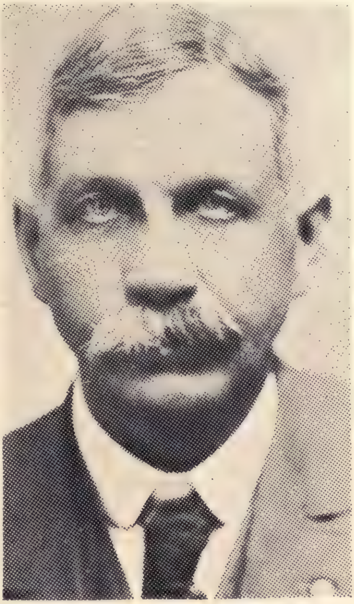
C. B. Hughes

One of the volunteer organizations which worked at home to promote the spirit of victory was that of the Four-Minute Men. The McLean county body of this name was similar to those of other places, but none were more enthusiastic and able than that of McLean county. The committee of public information at Washington on October 15, 1917, appointed C. B. Hughes, a well known attorney, as chairman of the Four Minute men of McLean county. The organization was active in Red Cross drives, Y. W. C. A., Liberty Loan and United war work campaigns, also on special occasions, and on special subjects. The objects of speaking was to enlighten by statement of facts and duties of citizens and arouse to action.

Nearly all the moving picture houses in the different towns of the county permitted Four Minute men to address their audiences at many performances. In Bloomington, the following theaters were thus used: Majestic, Irvin, Castle, Chatterton and the Scenic. Meetings were held on special occasions in many towns, and in many country school houses and churches the Four Minute men were privileged to address the people.

Medals for making more than 10 speeches during Liberty Loan Campaigns were given to James C. Riley, Edmund O'Connell and C. B. Hughes. C. B. Hughes spoke 142 different times in county during war on war subjects. The following were speakers enrolled for the purposes of four minute speeches:

John Alexander
R. C. Baldwin
Martin Brennan
A. K. Byrns
E. E. Donnelly
Will F. Costigan
Earl DePew
Frank Gillespie
Bert A. Franklin
Homer Hall
Frank Hanson
Richard F. Dunn
Jesse E. Hoffman
E. B. Hawk
James C. Riley
R. M. O'Connell
John B. Lennon
Walter Will
Rolla Jones
J. H. Hudson
Sigmund Livingston
James A. Light
Huber Light
M. M. Morrissey
B. C. Moore
Edmund O'Connell
E. W. Oglevee
Hal M. Stone
John M. Sullivan
D. O. Thompson
W. W. Whitmore
W. R. Bach
Fred W. Wollrab
D. D. Donahue
L. H. Martin



EUGENE D. FUNK

One of the most interesting and important war relief activities was that relating to food production and conservation. In September, 1917, it became evident that steps were necessary to stimulate and encourage an increased food production in Illinois during the war, especially upon those foods that were most needed and to assist farming and live stock interests in all ways possible. This campaign included conservation of food and avoidance of waste. Measures were adopted to effect a state wide food production and conservation organization. The various agricultural and live stock organizations were functioning satisfactorily but it was planned to lend constructive assistance and co-operate for the purposes of co-ordinating as much as possible and eliminate duplication of efforts. A food production and conservation committee was organized in McLean County and each other county of the state and there were seed corn committees; pork production; beef production, wool and mutton production, etc. Mr. Eugene D. Funk of Shirley was honored by appointment as a member of the General War Conference Food Committee and made chairman of the National Seed Corn Administration.

Mr. Funk was summoned first to Washington in May, 1916, by Herbert Hoover, national food administrator, and was appointed a member of the committee of twelve to fix the price of wheat by President Wilson. At the suggestion of Mr. Hoover, he was also placed upon the Agricultural Advisory Committee of the Food Administration and the U. S. Department of Agriculture by President Wilson. The fact that Mr. Funk has served as president of the National Corn Association since it was first organized in 1908; is a member of the Agricultural Committee of the United States Chamber of Commerce; Treasurer of the State Live Stock Association of Illinois; and Chairman of the Illinois State Seed Corn Administration, gave him especial prominence and had a tendency to secure his appointment upon the important war boards. Mr. Funk put in eighteen strenuous months in Washington. Interests antagonistic to the farmers exerted tremendous pressure, but Mr. Funk stood firm and deserves a large measure of credit for the recognition given the American farmers' part in helping to win the war and also in preserving the rights of the men who till the soil. He witnessed scenes in the committee rooms in Washington that would have caused the blood of any American farmer to boil. Their interests were more than once in jeopardy and considered only as secondary by those who, through ignorance or otherwise, had little inclination to respect the rights of the farmer.

The disastrous frosts of 1917 left the striking lesson that farmers should create a sufficient reserve of seed corn at harvest time for the following springs planting. In September, 1918, a campaign was launched under the direction of Mr. Funk urging the farmers of Illinois to select the best seed corn early and arrange for proper storage facilities. Seed corn weeks were arranged by districts and 250,000 copies of posters were distributed. The campaign brought satisfactory results and reports indicated that more farmers than usual were performing this task. The message that farmers should use care in selecting their seed corn and in testing it before planting, was visualized at a seed corn show and demonstration held under the auspices of the State Council of Defense at the International Live Stock Exposition during the week beginning November 30, 1918, in Chicago. A comprehensive seed corn exhibit portraying this message, was installed and competent authorities were present to talk with the visitors. This demonstration was a gratifying success and it was the general opinion that good work was being registered. The seed corn needs of the state were well taken care of. Over 250,000 bushels of tested seed were sold to Illinois farmers and only six complaints were registered against it. The sale of seed corn of doubtful germination from seedsmen of questionable reputation, was stopped in many instances. The administration not only supplied seed to the state but also protected farmers from many unscrupulous seedsmen. Mr. Funk and other members of the Seed Corn Administration deserve the highest commendation for their participation in this work. It was a great sacrifice because they necessarily were forced to neglect their own interests to be of service in the larger work of supplying the state with seed. Their efforts will be of lasting benefit to Illinois agriculture as the gospel of seed testing was emphasized as it never was before.

FRANK W. ALDRICH

Frank W. Aldrich, 1506 E. Washington Street, Bloomington, enlisted in the Red Cross Service and left Bloomington on May 16th, 1918.

He was Field Director for the American Red Cross at U. S. General Hospital No. 16, New Haven, Connecticut, from May 21st, 1918, to November 21st, 1918, and on December 6th, after a short visit home, took the position of Associate Director of Camp Service at the Headquarters of the Atlantic Division, A. R. C., at 44 East Twenty-third Street, New York City, and remained in that work until April 1st, 1919.

His work at New Haven was the direction of the Red Cross activities in the army tuberculosis hospital there, and while in New York, his work took him to all the Camps, Hospitals and Stations in the Atlantic Division, about forty in number.

TWO SONS IN NAVY

Victor W. Overton, Jr. and Ross M. Overton were both in the naval service during the war. They were sons of Rev. V. W. Overton, for several years superintendent of the Northern Illinois conference of the United Brethren Church. He had moved to Peoria at the time of the war and the boys went into service from there.

Charles F. Ross

McLEAN COUNTY OFFICERS

The McLean County Board of Supervisors during the years 1917-18 was notable for the patriotism of its members and the constant desire to do everything possible to help win the war. Both individually and as a body, the board fitly represented the great county of McLean, garden spot of the corn belt, the richest agricultural district of the world. The board arranged for the great service flag which contained many thousand stars each typifying a soldier that this county had contributed to the great armies of Uncle Sam. In every way possible, the board did its full duty and it earned the grateful appreciation of the entire public. The war-time board, was composed of the following members (Chas. F. Ross, Mount Hope, Chairman):

E. E. Ewing, Allin; C. R. Ewins, Danvers; Parke Enlow, Dale; F. L. Bramwell, Dry Grove; S. L. Stutzman, White Oak; C. Allen, Randolph; F. J. Blum, C. C. Wagner, Louie Forman, Dwight D. Moore, Wm. Schmidt, Wm. E. Rayburn, Charles Lathrop, Thos. P. Kane, George Zinn, John F. Welch, W. H. Flesher, Bloomington; E. P. Mohr, E. F. Coolidge, Normal; H. H. Wagner, Downs; M. R. Ramseyer, Hudson; George Meiner, Old Town, B. G. Falkingham, Towanda; A. A. Stewart, Money Creek; C. W. Kinsella, Gridley; Wm. Vance, Empire; Al. Jackson, Dawson; Thomas Arnold, Blue Mound; Clayton Ballinger, Lexington; Jacob Moschel, Chenoa; C. Imstead, West; John H. Jacobs, Arrowsmith; A. L. Hutson, Martin; Chas. Atkinson, Lawndale; James Hanes, Yates; J. E. Smith, Bellflower; E. M. Merritt, Cheney's Grove; Jacob Martens, Anchor; William Blair, Cropsey; S. C. Van Horn, Funks Grove.

The officers of the county during the war were the following:

Circuit Court Judge, Sain Welty; County Judge, James C. Riley; County Clerk, P. A. Guthrie; County Treasurer, Jos. Rice; Circuit Clerk, John C. Allen; Recorder, N. B. Carson; Sheriff, Geo. E. Flesher; State's Attorney, Miles K. Young; Assistant State's Attorney, W. B. Leach; Superintendent Schools, B. C. Moore; Coroner, James Hare; Surveyor, A. H. Bell; Master in Chancery, Homer W. Hall; Public Administrator, Fred W. Wollrab; Public Guardian, Richard F. Dunn; Superintendent County Farm, Arthur Jones; County Physician, Dr. Guy A. Sloan; Poor Master, Mabel Seymour; Probation Officer County Court, Nannie M. Dunkin; Court Reporter Circuit Court, C. C. Herr; Court Reporter County Court, A. A. Hoffmann; Probation Officer Circuit Court, William Irvin; County Superintendent Highways, Ralph O. Edwards.

Davis H. Daniel, Eston Dennis, C. A. Doggett, Wm. E. Deane, Gus D. Doenitz, Elmer Doggette, Paul G. Dally, Earl Dishong, Raymond Duehr, Frank Dwyer.

WAR-TIME LEGISLATORS

Members of the Illinois legislature from the Twenty-sixth district during the period of the war, when many vital issues for the state were settled in the capitol, were Senator William H. Wright of McLean, Representatives William Rowe of Saybrook, George Dooley of Leroy and William Noble of Gibson City. Senator Wright is a native of Vermont, who removed to Illinois in 1857. He has been a farmer all his life. He was elected to the House in the 46th and 47th assemblies and chosen senator in the fall of 1917. Senator Wright has been a leader in his community, prominent in the various war relief movements and active and influential in the various patriotic legislative acts while the great war was in progress. McLean County was fortunate as well as the state and nation in the possession of such men in the legislative halls during that crucial period.

HON. WILLIAM ROWE

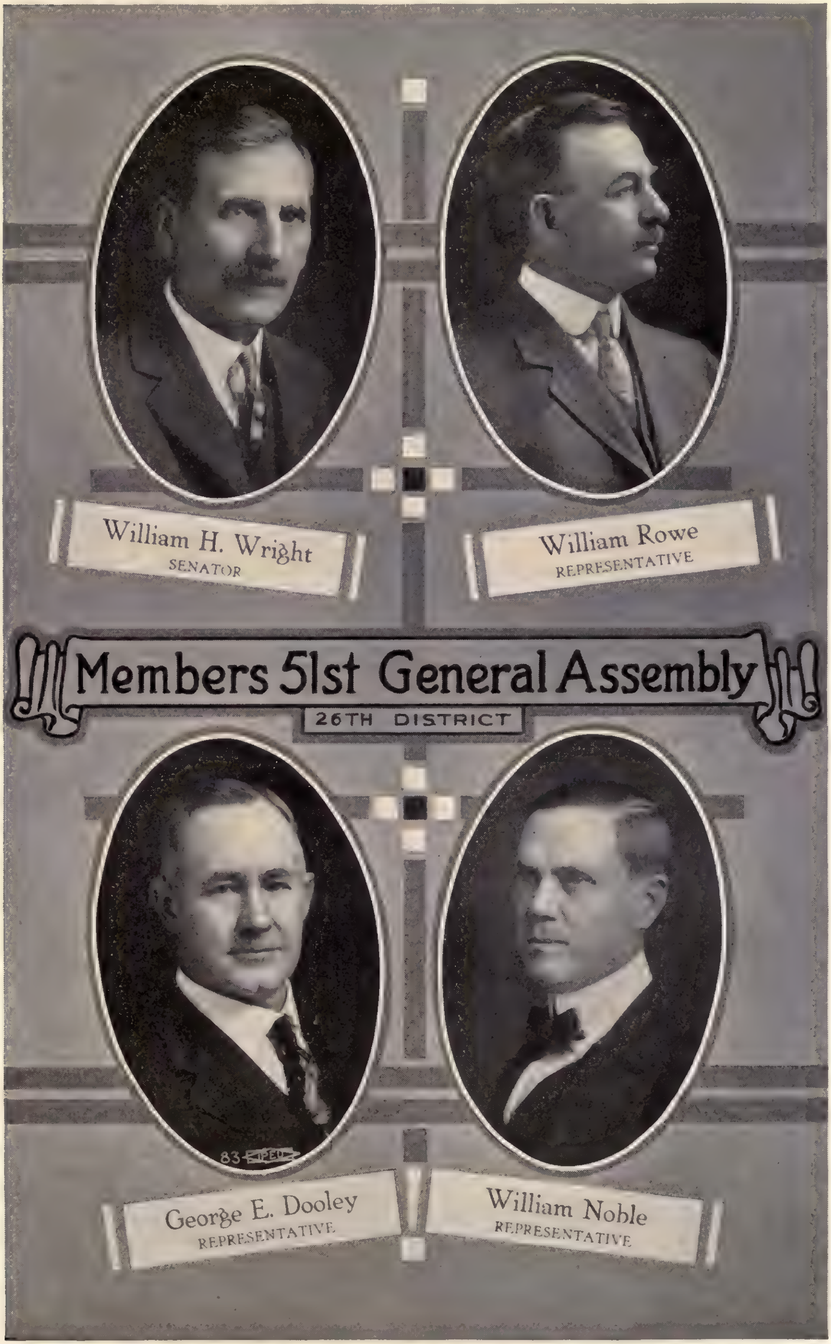
William Rowe is a farmer and stock raiser; was a native of Ohio and lived in Illinois since 1864. For twenty-three years he engaged in business in Saybrook; was vice-president of the Citizens' bank, and served many years on the town and school board. For ten years he served on the county board of supervisors and two years as chairman. He was elected to the house from 1912 to 1918 continuously. The record of Representative Rowe was of high class and he ranks with the ablest representatives that have served the 26th district. Always loyal and patriotic, Mr. Rowe won the high approval of his constituents by his course. The welfare of the nation was first in his thoughts.

HON. GEORGE DOOLEY

George Dooley of Leroy is one of McLean County's well known farmers, being a native of the county. He was educated in the common schools and business college; served as alderman at Leroy eight years and supervisor six years. He married Rosa L. West, daughter of Hon. Simeon West. He is a member of the Methodist church, and served his first term in the legislature during the war. Mr. Dooley, although the minority representative from the district, was with the majority when it came to patriotic action and all efforts to help win the war. His record stands the test and he reflected credit upon his district, the state and the country at large. His was the fullest measure of patriotism.

HON. WILLIAM NOBLE

William Noble of Ford County is a native of Ohio, but moved to Champaign County in 1891, and later to Ford County. He graduated from the University of Illinois in 1896. The war-time legislature was his first experience in legislative halls, but his efficiency and faithfulness to the trust reposed in him was of the highest character and not surpassed by those of many years service in the halls of legislation. He fitly represented the 26th district. Messrs. Wright, Rowe and Noble are Republicans, and Mr. Dooley a Democrat.



William H. Wright
SENATOR

William Rowe
REPRESENTATIVE

Members 51st General Assembly
26TH DISTRICT

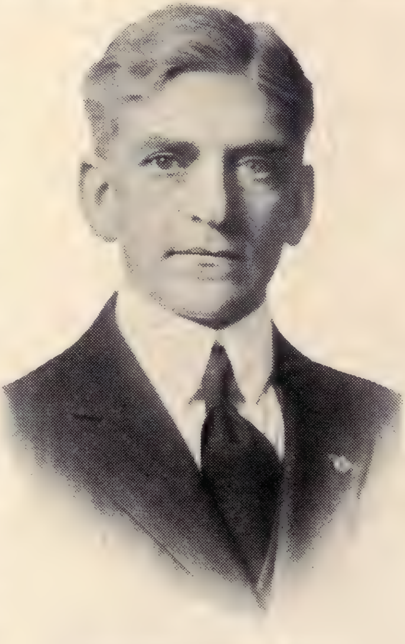
George E. Dooley
REPRESENTATIVE

William Noble
REPRESENTATIVE

WAR TIME SHERIFFS

Sheriff George Flesher

McLean county's war time sheriffs were George E. Flesher and Ralph Spafford. The former served from December, 1914, until 1918, while the latter succeeded Flesher on December 1, 1918, for a four year term, having been chief deputy under Sheriff Flesher throughout the latter's term. The two therefore, bore the brunt of the heavy responsibilities and vastly increased duties, incidental to the war. The sheriff had charge of the first draft registration and later, the department of justice turned over to that officer the enforcement of the war regulations. The various exemption boards called upon the sheriff and his deputies to look up draft evaders and those who had neglected to register. In such a great county as McLean, this duty in itself was an onerous one. Sheriff Flesher and his deputies co-operated at all times with the department of justice and there were hundreds of cases of various kinds growing out of the war which fell to the lot of the sheriff and his assistants to handle. The Legal Division of the War Risk Insurance Bureau required many investigations and which were turned over to the sheriff. In a multitude of other ways, Sheriff Flesher and Chief Deputy and later Sheriff Spafford, loyally and faithfully co-operated with the government and state forces and their office ranked as 100 per cent perfect, making a record for efficiency that had no superior and few equals in all Illinois. Thanks to the efforts of Sheriff Flesher and his assistants during the trying days of the great war, the responsibilities that were forced upon these efforts, were always handled to the entire satisfaction of the various agencies that appealed to them and the people of McLean county owe a debt of gratitude to these officers for their tireless service, all performed without additional compensation. The demand upon them was great, but there was no hesitation and no failure. The record is one for which Sheriff Flesher, Chief Deputy Spafford, Deputies William Kennedy and Ralph Flesher, and all others connected with the office, have reason to be proud.



Chief Deputy Ralph Spafford

MRS. FRANK H. FUNK

The history of McLean county's part in the war would be sadly incomplete if a tribute was not paid to the women whose efforts under the direction of the Council of Defense furnished one of the most inspiring features of the great conflict. Too much can not be said in praise of them. Without hope of reward or even recognition of their sacrifices, they gave their time, their energy and their best thought without stint. They were as truly, and as usefully, in the service of their country as were those who bore official titles or wore the nation's uniform. One of the most notable examples is Mrs. Frank H. Funk of Bloomington, who was an active member of the Executive Committee, Womans Committee State Council of Defense of Illinois, and the Womans Committee Council of National Defense, Illinois Division, having been a member of the committee from its organization in May, 1917, until the disbanding of the committee in October, 1919. Also, during the war, Mrs. Funk was Vice-President of the Illinois Federation of Womens Clubs which started the organizing of units for the Council of Defense. Mrs. Funk organized the Seventeenth Congressional District for the Council of Defense and was instrumental in organizing for the work of the Liberty Loans undertaken by the women. Mrs. Funk organized many units of the Council of Defense and was the speaker on numerous occasions for the promotion of War work. The Womens Committee, Council of Defense raised $73,000 from the Registration fee, which was a voluntary offering given by women who registered for War work, and registered 700,000 women for War service of different kinds. In addition to this sum nearly a hundred thousand dollars was raised by the Womens Committee, partly by subscription and partly by business ventures. Besides all this the Womens Committee raised $473,000.00 by Tag Days, giving the money to assist various War activities, such as Belgium Relief, etc. The Womens Committee, National Council of Defense had much to do with the successful choruses, called Liberty choruses, in the State, and distributed 81,000 free song books. The Committee established and maintained a Training Farm for women at Libertyville, and sent from there 76 well trained women capable of doing Agriculture or Dairy work; the herd, implements, etc., were afterwards given to the self-Help College at Carlinville. The Food Production Department promoted War gardens and reports came in from 90,000 school children who worked gardens. The Americanization Department held three institutes for the Foreign born, reaching about fifty thousand people. The committee succeeded in co-ordinating the different active organizations of women throughout the State, thus saving much duplication of work. The Federation of Womens Clubs of which Mrs. Funk was vice-president, established and sustained Soldiers Clubs at Rockford and Waukegan, established another club at Rantoul. For the protection of Girls, the Federation established and maintained a Girls Cottage at Rockford, as well as at Waukegan. The federation raised funds to send two young women to France for a year to do Canteen work. As a War measure the Womens Committee, State Council of Defense supplied a fund to be used for the benefit of Illinois to establish in its different towns and centres Community Councils. Mrs. Funk was elected a member of the Executive Committee at a State Conference and afterwards elected the Secretary. The Womens Committee felt it their duty to facilitate the work of the Federal Government which through the Department of Agriculture and Interior endeavored to promote the Community Council idea throughout the Nation, thus co-ordinating the work of the different organizations, promoting community welfare. The result of this work in McLean County is the Community Council of Bloomington, president of which, is President Felmley of the Normal University. Mrs. Funk, as a director of the Equal Suffrage Association of Illinois, worked for the Resolution for the Constitutional Convention passed by the Legislature. Mrs. Funk is Vice-President of the National Federation of College Women, director of the Illinois Parent-Teachers Association, member of Womans Relief Corps of Bloomington; member of the National Womens Trade Union League; of the Vassar Alumni Association; of the College Alumni of Bloomington; of the College Club, Chicago; Political Equality League, Chicago; Womans City Club, Chicago; Director of the Womens Association of Commerce, Bloomington; member of the Bloomington Womens Club; of the Amateur Musical Club; the Margaret Fuller Club; History and Art Club, all of which did their work in assisting to win the war.

WAR WORK OF THE Y. M. C. A.

The work of the Young Men's Christian Association of Bloomington during the Great War was directed along two very important lines, that of taking care of the boys who were in the Training Camps in this country and those who embarked for camps in other countries and those who were at the front.

The task of enlisting men to minister to the comforts of our boys both in camp and at the front was of such a stupendous nature that it early became necessary to enlist men of high character and of ability to perform this service. The Bloomington Association received and passed upon almost sixty applications and accepted for actual service in the field twenty men. These men were enlisted and accepted for their arduous task in the home Association and worked under the direct supervision of the National War Council. The association was proud to list among the twenty who went from this county the following: William Wallis, Ralph McCarroll, Elmer W. Cavins of Normal, Elmer Packard of Normal, D. C. Ridgely of Normal, D. E. Hagin, Rev. Moore of Lexington, Rev. E. K. Masterson of Normal, G. Kimball of Lincoln, B. C. Moore, County Superintendent of Schools, E. E. Haines of Normal, Gannon J. Gates, 236 Front street, Bloomington, and others who were recruited indirectly through the local committee for this work. These men performed a valiant service for our boys, both at home and abroad, that will never be forgotten.

The secretaries of the local Association were instrumental in bringing comforts to the boys while enroute from one camp to another in that they served as secretaries on troop trains, and in other ways served the boys while enroute.

Free privileges were given at the Y. M. C. A. building to over 10,000 soldiers and sailors, who greatly appreciated the comforts of the institution.

The building was also headquarters for various departments of the Red Cross. At one time most of the second floor was given over entirely to this work.

McLean County contributed during 1917 and 1918 over $200,000 to carry on the work of the Y. M. C. A. in this country and overseas.

The boys of the Y. M. C. A. were active participants in all of the loan drives, in the Thrift Stamp drive and in all Red Cross and other activities, taking part in carrying out such details as distributing posters, soliciting loan subscriptions and many other details which boys could be called upon to handle.

More than two-thirds of the time of the General Secretary was given to war activities of some form.

On account of the large call for man power, the Bloomington Y. M. C. A. was almost stripped of help during part of the war. General Secretary A. J. Luebbers and the janitor were at times the only men on the job in the building. The Association organization during the war consisted of: H. O. Stone, president; Campbell Holton, vice president; G. A. Washburn, treasurer; and the following directors: F. R. Bean, J. A. Beck, Paul F. Beich, Charles Brokaw, L. M. Crosthwait, C. E. Dagenhart, C. B. Hughes, W. H. Johnson, Henry Keiser, B. M. Kuhn, F. H. McIntosh, H. B. Patton, Frank Rice, W. D. Snow, J. K. Stableton, W. A. Whitcomb.

The National War Work Committee of the Bloomington Association who examined all applicants for war work in the local association, consisted of H. O. Stone, Mark Evans, Rev. W. B. Hindman, W. D. Snow and General Secretary Luebbers.

CONGRESSMAN FRANK L. SMITH

Brought face to face with a grave public responsibility right in the midst of the crucial events of the closing months of the war, Hon. Frank L. Smith of Dwight, elected to congress in November, 1918, had perhaps as hard a role to bear in connection with the war's finish and the national reconstruction period, as any other man of the state. Congressman Smith was chosen to represent the Seventeenth Illinois district to succeed the late John A. Sterling, who met a tragic death on October 17, 1918, only two weeks before the date of the election at which he would no doubt have been triumphantly re-elected if he had been alive. When the question of filling the vacancy on the ticket caused by Mr. Sterling's death came up for decision of the congressional district committee, there was no hesitancy in the nomination of Col. Frank L. Smith of Dwight. At the succeeding election he won out over his democratic opponent by the largest majority ever recorded for a candidate in the district. Col. Smith did the unusual thing of at once establishing an office in Washington, soon after his election, and although he did not formally take his seat in the house until March, 1919, he was on the ground at the capital to look after the interests of the people of the Seventeenth district.

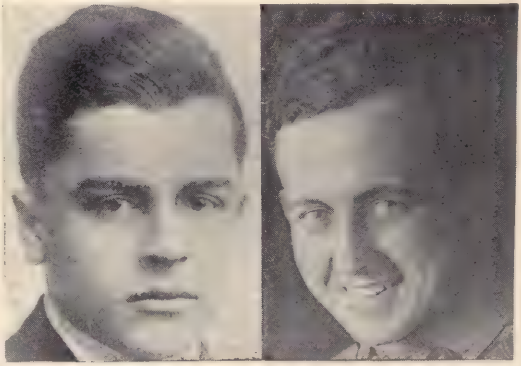
Col. Smith is an Illinoisan to the manor born, being a native of the town of Dwight, where he was born Nov. 24, 1867. His father was the ''village blacksmith'' of Dwight, and his start in life was humble enough. He early displayed the energy and good sense which ever afterward characterized his career. Graduating from the Dwight high school in 1885, he began to work at whatever he could find to do to make a start, not being afraid of manual labor. After a short time in Chicago he engaged in railroad work, he returned to Dwight and started in the real estate business on a capital of $125. His success from the first was marvelous, and in 1905 he was one of the organizers of the First National Bank of Dwight, in which he continued a leading spirit for many years. His own real estate offices became the largest and most complete in a town of the size anywhere in the country. Always an ardent republican, he became prominent in politics first in his own town, then in the county, the district and the state. He long served as chairman of the Illinois republican central committee, and was a candidate for the republican nomination for governor in the primaries of 1916, polling a total of 75,000 votes in the state and standing third in the large field of primary candidates. The successful nominee was Frank O. Lowden, who was afterward triumphantly elected governor. He afterward resumed his position as head of the republican state central committee, which he held at the time and after his election to congress.

THREE BROTHERS IN FRANCE

The town of Carlock had the distinction of having three brothers in the army, and all serving in France at the same time. They were Corp. Jesse L. Robison, Private Marshall O. Robison, and Private Travis E. Robison. Jesse went out with the first draft contingent from this county in September, 1917, first to Camp Dodge, then to Camp Pike, and afterwards Camp Dix, then overseas, where he served till the end of the war in Company G. 345th infantry. Travis enlisted on June 12, 1918, and sailed for France about the same time as his brother Jesse. Travis was a chauffeur in the medical corps. He took his preliminary training at Jefferson Barracks and at Allentown, Pa. Marshall O. Robison went out in April, 1918, to Fort Dupont, Delaware, to join a replacement regiment of coast artillery. After two months he went to Camp Merritt then to France, where he served to the end of the war. All brothers returned home safely.

JOE AND LOUIS MOORE

Joe and Louis Moore, sons of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Moore of 404 East Monroe street, Bloomington, were both in the army, but only the former was privileged to go overseas. Joe enlisted June 1, 1918, and was assigned to the chemical warfare department. After training at Camp Humphreys, he went to France and saw much active service at Tours, and other points and was on duty at Paris, Coblenz and other places, engaged in the preparation of maps and in laboratory work. He spent nearly a year in France and Germany and was discharged with the rank of sergeant at Camp Mills July 1, 1919.



Louis W. Moore enlisted March 8, 1918, and spent three months training in aerial photography at Kodak Park, Rochester, N. Y., graduating in First Class and sent to Post Field, Ft. Sill, Okla., where he was engaged in instruction work until May 26, when he was discharged at Camp Taylor, Ky. He was fortunate in being assigned to the largest school for aerial observers in the U. S. and photographed many miles of country from the air, making military photographic maps, a thrilling and highly interesting experience.

Within fifteen months after the armistice, when the service men and women had returned from their war service, there were many posts of the American Legion organized in McLean county. The idea of this organization had its inception with a group of U. S. army officers in Paris in February, 1919, when they met to study the problems of the return of the soldiers to civil life. They called a meeting of representatives of all large units then represented in France, and these officers and enlisted men in equal numbers, held a three days' meeting in Paris in March, and created the American Legion. The permanent state organization in Illinois was formed at a convention held in Peoria October 17 and 18, 1919, and this convention appointed delegates to the first national convention held in Minneapolis on November 10, 1919. At this convention policies were outlined, officers elected and Indianapolis selected as national headquarters. The preamble to the constitution reads as follows:

''For God and Country, we associate ourselves together for the following purposes:

''To uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States of America; to maintain law and order; to foster and perpetuate a one hundred per cent Americanism; to preserve the memories and incidents of our association in the Great War; to inculcate a sense of individual obligation to the community, state and nation; to combat the autocracy of both the classes and the masses; to make right the master of might; to promote peace and good will on earth; to safeguard and transmit to posterity the principles of justice, freedom and democracy; to consecrate and sanctify our comradeship by our devotion to mutual helpfulness.''

BRIEF HISTORY OF LOUIS E. DAVIS POST 56 OF BLOOMINGTON THE AMERICAN LEGION

Following the caucus of veterans in Paris, France, early in 1917, a similar caucus was held in St. Louis, Missouri. Thomas Fitch Harwood of Bloomington was selected as delegate to the first caucus in this country. Immediately after his appointment he called for service men of this county to accompany him to St. Louis. Ben S. Rhodes and R. M.

O'Connell attended the meeting. The aim and purpose of the American Legion was outlined and drawn into a temporary constitution, which was adopted.

Upon the return of Messrs. Harwood, Rhodes and O'Connell to this city, Mr. Harwood called a meeting of former service persons of this county for June 23, 1919, in the circuit court room of the McLean County court house. As Organizer for The American Legion Mr. Harwood formed a temporary organization. Those present were: Thomas F. Harwood, Lloyd E. Orendorff, Oscar G. Hoose, James D. Foster, Harold H. Livingston, Hilton D. Markham, Paul E. Greenleaf, Otto M. Salmon, Herman M. Gunn, Robert H. Moore, Roy A. Ramseyer, Henry H. Carrithers, Leslie R. Bristow, Ben S. Rhodes, Richard M. O'Connell, Clarence G. Anderson, L. Earl Bach, Bert L. Riseling, James Bernard Murphy, Charles D. Havens, J. J. O'Connor, Benjamin R. Anderson, Charles P. Kane, Mark R. Ethell, Robert A. Noble, James J. Butler, C. Dale James, Edward A. Mott, Emmett V. Gunn, Harold V. Moore, Arthur W. Smith, Lorne P. Murray, Oscar R. Bebout, James F. Thompson, Wayne W. Bircklebaw, Leon J. LaFond, William J. Keen, Heber S. Hudson, Howard E. Sutherland, Ansel F. Stubblefield, Harry E. Riddle, Thomas D. Cantrell.

The above men were the first to sign the application for charter. Charles P. Kane was elected Temporary Chairman, with Ben S. Rhodes as temporary Secretary and Treasurer. The name ''Louis E. Davis'' was selected by a committee composed of T. F. Harwood, James D. Foster and Oscar G. Hoose. Their report included the following: ''He was the first man of his class in camp to qualify as a reserve military aviator, and on the day of his death was then completing his bombing course, at that time the most advanced in aviation. At the time of his death he was preparing for overseas service. The remains of Louis E. Davis were buried with military honors in the Evergreen cemetery, Bloomington. It is fitting and proper that this organization gathering within its ranks those who gave and sacrificed for the freedom of country and mankind should honor itself by the choice of such a name.''

Louis E. Davis, Lieutenant in Aviation, was born November 24, 1893, in Bloomington. He died at Ellington Field, Houston, Texas, as the result of injuries of an airplane accident sustained May 10, 1918. He was the son of H. O. Davis.

Regular meetings on the first Thursday of every month were held in the county court house until January, 1920, when club rooms at 309½ North Main street, third floor, were leased. The membership grew from the original handful of former service persons until early in 1920 when the organization boasted of over 700 members, including a one hundred percent membership among the nurses of the county. It was the first post of the American Legion to be formed in McLean County. The first officers of the organization elected January 15, 1920, were: Past Commander, Charles P. Kane; Commander, Harry L. Howell; Vice Commander, Thomas Ivan Costigan; second Vice Commander, Miss Grace Gaines; Chaplain, Rev. William B. Hindman; Adjutant, James D. Foster; Sergeant at Arms, Albert S. Coomer; Executive Committee: Charles P. Kane, F. Carlyle Willey, Oscar G. Hoose, James Owen, Leo L. Hogan and John J. O'Connor. In a later meeting Ralph Morath was elected finance officer. William B. Geneva was elected historian.

Early in 1920 the Louis E. Davis Post 56 promoted an indoor circus in the Coliseum from which finances were derived enabling the then small membership to secure club rooms and support a membership campaign which was as great a success as the circus.

In March, 1920, ''The Mascot,'' a monthly publication of the Louis E. Davis Post made its first appearance. The publication was intended to stimulate interest in post affairs and indications of its development were rapidly entertained.

AMERICAN LEGION OFFICERS

Top row, left to right—J. D. Foster, A. S. Coomer, Ben Rhodes, Rev. W. B. Hindman.
Second row, left to right—Ralph Morath, Dr. Harry Howell, Oscar Hoose.
Third row, left to right—Ivan Costigan, Miss Grace Gaines, Charles Kane, J. O'Connor.
Fourth row, left to right—H. C. Willey, James Owens, W. B. Geneva, and Leo Hogan.

Committees from the Louis E. Davis Post 56 organized the Stevenson-Lewis Post 556, of the American Legion, as the second post in McLean County, which was solely for former service persons of the colored race. Lincoln Page was named as temporary chairman, and started the organization safely on its course.

"The Fathers of Veterans," first formed in McLean County also grew out of the American Legion. The Ladies Auxiliary to the Louis

E. Davis Post 56 of the American Legion was in its rapid development early in 1920, and has a membership almost as large as the post to which its members were affiliated. As neither the constitution of the American Legion nor the Auxiliary constitution, provide for the fathers of men or women who were in the service the "Fathers of Veterans" organization developed. William F. Costigan was the first chairman of the organization, which was county wide in its development, and B. C. Moore, was named secretary and treasurer.

First permanent officers of the Womens Auxiliary to the Louis E. Davis Post 56 were: President, Mrs. Irma Greiner; Vice-President, Mrs. Thomas B. Foster; Secretary, Miss Ina Rhodes; Treasurer, Mrs. Louis Wollrab; Executive Committee, Mrs. J. A. Goodwin, chairman; Mrs. Harry Howell, Miss Winifred Elliott, Mrs. W. W. Gailey.

Numerous other posts of the American Legion later came into being after the first post formation in Bloomington, including Ruel Neal, LeRoy; Erwin Martensen Post, Anchor; Ben Roth Post, Chenoa; Elmo F. Hill Post, Lexington; Benedict-Crutchley Post, McLean; David Humphrey Daniel Post, Saybrook; Grant Post, Bellflower, and Saybrook Post 427, Saybrook. Other posts were in their formation when this work went to press.

List of Members Louis E. Davis Post No. 56

George Elbert Abbey, Cecil Fiske Abrams, Forrest Lee Adams, Erwin Albee, Arrie Adelia Allen, James E. Allen, Benj. R. Anderson, Clarence G. Anderson, Russell R. Armstrong, Wavie Armstrong, Aaron R. Augustin, Corry C. Ayers.

L. Earl Bach, Delmar D. Bachman, Harry E. Baker, John M. Barr, Wm. Wilson Barrett, Henry F. J. Barrow, Wm. Herman Barthel, William Bauer, Donald Joseph Bayler, Clarence Bean, Oscar Ray Bebout, John Haerms Becker, Fred Beckman, Jr., Claude Edwin Bedinger, Carl E. Behr, W. G. Behr, Sylvanus Ray Belt, M. Charlotte Bender, Wayne W. Birckelbaw, Walter Franklin Blackburn, Stone Paul Bloomquist, Homer B. Blumenshine, Carl Theodore Bock, Russell Alvin Bolze, Ernest Boog, John Allen Bourland, Carroll M. Bowen, Glenn Rhodes Bowman, George Joseph Boylan, Harry Francis Boylan, D. F. Bracken, Timothy Joseph Bradley, Ralph Allen Bramwell, Dr. Fred W. Brian, Thomas Brigham, William M. Bright, Jr., Russell W. Bringham, Leslie R. Bristow, John A. Brokaw, Roy Gale Brookshier, Bert Edward Brown, Clifford Allen Brown, Edward S. Brown, Ellis Eugene Brown, Maurice Gilbert Brumback, Campbell E. Brunton, Thomas P. Bryant, Meddie Buck, Ralph W. Bunnell, Henry Lyell Burch, Mary Agnes Burke, Willis A. Burkholder, Hudson Burr, Louis Blackburn Bush, Chas. S. Butler, James J. Butler.

Elbert Wilson Callahan, Martin Leo Callahan, Williard B. Canopy, Thomas D. Cantrell, John Taylor Carlson, Ray Ellis Carnahan, Robert L. Carnahan, Floyd Wm. Carr, Richard A. Carr, Henry H. Carrithers, Andrew James Casner, Chester Burton Castle, Lester Blake Cavins, Arnett Sterling Chapin, Dean Wilcox Charmi, Edward W. Chrisman, H. S. Chrisman, Henson E. Clark, Edmund G. Cleveland, John R. Clickner, Herbert S. Cline, John Louis Cobb, J. Ivan Cole, Charles Clinton Compher, John J. Condon, George Orin Constant, David E. Cook, Edwin H. Cooke, Herbert Lee Cooke, Wilbur Rison Cooke, Albert Coomer, Edward John Corbitt, George M. Corson, Thomas Ivan Costigan, James Vincent Cox, John Flavin Cox, William B. Craig, Marvin W. Crawford, Thomas Burr Crigler, Hubert Monroe Cropper, Lee Howard Crosland, Donald Cruikshank, Robert Hiram Crum, Charles Wm. Culbertson, Francis Michael Cullen.

Glen A. Dale, Paul G. Dally, William Carl Dambold, Earl Waddington Daniel, Chas. Byron Day, Esek Earl Day, Ralph Jesse Deane, Homer

Deaton, Ralph C. DeMange, Frank Edward De Moss, Frank Deneen, Alvah H. Denning, Reynolds C. De Silva, Harry Lincoln Deutsch, Oscar E. Deutsch, Willard Leonard DeVore, John Robert Dewenter, Harry Kimball Dick, Wm. Stanley Dickey, William Diebold, Roy H. Dillon, Chas. E. Dimmett, Lawrence Egbert Dodge, Edward A. Donnelly, Clay Guthrie Dooley, Adlai Stevenson Dorrell, Dwight Ireneus Douglass, Lloyd F. Dowell, Fred Downs, George Edgar Drake, Raymond H. Duehr, Bertha B. Duff, Wm. P. Dunbar, James Richard Dunn.

Russell B. Easterbrook, Harold Crocker Eckart, Leo K. Eckart, Carl Harry Eckstam, Charles C. Eggleston, James Tennant Elliott, Joseph Ensenberger, Julius Nathan Epstein, Leslie M. Ernst, Mark R. Ethell, Harry Russell Evans.

Forest M. C. Fearis, Fred Feldt, Claud Eugene Ferguson, Herbert Blaine Ferguson, John Cecil Ferguson, Frank Powell Fish, Otto William Fisher, Henry A. Fisherkeller, Thomas Joseph Flaherty, Birney Fifer Fleming, Frank Wilfred Flesher, James Flint, Clarence Forbes, Lester M. Foreman, James D. Foster, Thomas E. Freed, Arthur Peter Freedlund, A. R. Freeman, Archie Wayne Froelich, Perle Fry.

William W. Gailey, Grace Gilkey Gaines, Gilbert H. Galford, Burke Gardner, Wilfred Henry Gardner, Melvin Nane Garlough, H. C. Garrett, William S. Gash, William B. Geneva, Stanley Gernsey, Walter Herbert Gerth, Paul Elmer Gibson, Laurence A. Giering, Carl Julius Giermann, Ruel Glen Gillis, Albert Franklin Gilman, Jr., Gerald Gill Ginnaven, Herman Goldstone, Lloyd F. Golliday, Guy Wm. Gooding, Harry John Gorman, Paul Arthur Gottschalk, Delmar R. Gottschalk, Guy Frank Gray, Forest E. Green, Gerald Ray Green, Tracey E. Green, Chester I. Greene, Paul E. Greenleaf, George E. Gregory, Wm. Earl Greiner, Clifford F. Grove, Emmet V. Gunn, Herman M. Gunn.

Arthur A. Hall, Charles Dean Hall, Harry Lee Hall, J. W. Hallett, Cecil Edwin Hamilton, Edmund G. Hammond, Archie Milton Hanson, James Guthrie Harbord, Geo. Merton Hargitt, Elbert I. Harrison, Lester Earl Harrison, Harlan H. Hart, G. E. Hartenbower, Thomas F. Harwood, Chas. D. Havens, James B. Havens, Frank P. Hawk, H. C. Hawk, William C. Hawks, Joseph K. P. Hawks, Melvin S. Hayes, Ralph J. Heffernan, Marion Helmick, Paul Henderson, Harry W. Henley, Clyde Edward Hewitt, Harold P. Hileman, John Warner Hill, Noel James Hilts, Wilbur A. Hilts, Wm. Blake Hindman, Rolla Edelbert Hinshaw, Walter A. Hinshaw, Fredrick McKinley Hisle, Albert Joseph Hodler, Edward Hoeft, Frederick G. Hoffmann, Leo L. Hogan, William Raoul Hoit, Chesterfield R. Holmes, Campbell Blake Holton, Oscar G. Hoose, Ralph R. Hoover, Gordon K. Howard, Wm. Nelson Howard, Harry L. Howell, Heber S. Hudson, Paul Huffington, Paul Glenn Huffington, Rogers Humphreys, Charles E. Hunter.

Earl G. Irons, Delmar Vern Irvin, Lawrence L. Irwin.

Clarence Earl Jacobssen, Chas. Dale James, Wm. Grice Jameson, James Bruce Jarrett, Herman H. Jasper, Mevise Cornell Jennings, Frank Louis Jensen, Chester K. Johnson, Eugene Roy Johnson, Florence I. Johnson, Frank R. Johnson, George L. Johnson, Jr., George W. Johnson, Gustaf A. Johnson, G. Vasa Johnson, Harry Gustaf Johnson, L. Ross Johnson, Mark Lowell Johnson, Oscar Walter Johnson, Rolla Thos. Johnson, Warren Edward Johnson, Jesse J. Jones, John J. Jones, John R. Jones, Owsley Lillard Jones, Robert Lough Jones, Walter Jordan.

Maurice Kalahar, Arthur P. Kane, Charles P. Kane, George Katsoulis, R. E. Kauffold, Donald Earl Kazar, William G. Keen, Dayton Keith, S. Reau Kemp, Kaywin Kennedy, Thos. Hart Kennedy, Wm. Lloyd Kenny, Jamie Hastings Kerr, Wm. Owen Kershner, Fred W. Kienzle, William E. Klatt, Julius Philip Klemm, Bryce Miller Knight, Lowell Cary Kraft, Philip Clifton Kurtz.

Leon J. LaFond, Fred Albert Lamke, Leonard F. Lang, Florence V. Langley, Clarence H. Lawbaugh, Edward D. Lawyer, Charles Ebarl Leary, John Maurice Leary, Lloyd Jesse Ledderboge, Kenneth William Lee, Leonard Emmitt Lee, Wm. George Leitch, Ernest N. Lemons, Loren B. Lewis, Chas. C. Liggitt, Albert Paul Limber, Ralph Harlan Linkins, Chester C. Linton, Gordon Cole Littel, Harold H. Livingston, Herbert Milton Livingston, Sam Abe Livingston, Parke Longworth, Gus Conrad Lundquist, Noble Leonard Lundquist, Florence Lyon.

Eugene Wright MacMillan, Oliver MacWilliams, Wm. C. J. McCabe, Ralph N. McCord, Thomas Orville McCord, John Noble McCrary, Guy Eric McCubbin, James T. McDonald, Lawrence Wm. McDonald, Herbert James McGrath, Wm. E. McGraw, James Willis McMurry, Allen W. McVaigh, Cecil W. Macy, Robert Emmett Maloney, H. D. Markham, Raymond Henry Mayer, Harold M. Medberry, Charles F. Meinkey, Davis Merwin, Gail Woldron Metcalf, Walter H. Metzger, Arthur Lloyd Meyer, Moody Wesley Meyer, Beverly H. Miles, Ann Burnette Miller, Earle Henry Miller, Eugene Christ Miller, George Miller, George Dick Miller, Leonard Franklin Miller, Roland Brohn Miller, Will A. Miller, Joseph Million, Lewis Millman, Dr. Frank P. Minch, Joseph Moews, James J. Monahan, Dean C. Montgomery, Bessie Moon, Byron Russell Moore, Harold V. Moore, Robert H. Moore, Sanford Harry Moore, Ralph Charles Morath, E. A. Mott, Eugene S. Moulic, Eleazer Ralston Munsell, Geo. E. Munsell, Jesse A. Munsell, Edwin Leo Murphy, Jas. Bernard Murphy, Mack Murphy, Fred E. Murray, Lorne P. Murray, Arnold Carl Muxfeldt.

Chester Nafziger, Lee C. Nafziger, Elmer Richard Nelson, Oscar Nelson, James Carlyle Nevins, Lloyd Lee Nevins, Will C. Niedermeyer, Porter C. Noble, Robert A. Noble, George Nowatski.

Richard M. O'Connell, John J. O'Connor, William J. O'Hara, Donald Francis O'Neil, Catharine O'Neill, Lloyd E. Orendorff, Arthur Oswald, James Owen.

Owen S. Parmele, Clarence F. Patterson, Leland Ray Pattison, George Glenn Patton, Stanley H. Paul, George Noble Paxton, John W. Paxton, Don Denison Pease, John Raymond Pemberton, Wm. Hubert Pemberton, Wm. Lloyd Penniman, Carl G. E. Peplow, Abram Brokaw Perry, Alfred S. Peterson, William G. Phelps, Frank L. Phillips, George D. Phillos, Nick A. Phillos, Bernard Abiff Pierce, Louis Hermann Pinkey, Joseph J. Pitsch, Lawrence Lloyd Ploense, William Clarence Poling, Charles Herbert Poll, L. Parke Powell, Robert E. Powell, Edward M. Powers, Leonard Odis Prather, Mark Price, Glenn Byron Pringey, Wallace Anthony Pringey, Harold Elton Protzman, Charles Walter Pullen.

Matthew Wm. Quinn.

Daniel D. Raber, Louis F. Radbourn, Harold Thos. Ramage, Roy A. Ramseyer, Ralph Otis Ray, Edward V. Raycraft, Howard J. Read, Roland Read, Wm. G. Read, Glenn Scott Reddick, Herbert Chas. Rediger, Lorine Z. Reeder, Sam J. Reeder, Louie Eugene Reid, Charles A. Reum, Walter M. Rexroat, William S. Rexroat, Howard D. Rhea, Ben S. Rhodes, Garth Tuthill Riddle, Harry E. Riddle, William Lester Riley, Bert L. Riseling, Julius Monroe Rodman, Dr. A. E. Rogers, Clarence John Rohwer, Paul De Loss Rollins, Sol Rosenberg, Bert Lee Ross, Charlotte R. Ross, Orville H. Ross, Laurence A. Rust.

Otto M. Salmon, Delmas Hiram Sample, Paul Hayden Sanderson, Carl A. Sandstrom, George Wald Sargeant, Albert Emil Schalla, Albert Scharf, Carolyn Mable Schertz, August Daniel Schewe, August Carl Schroeder, Joseph Aloysious Schultz, Charles A. Schureman, Jr., Carl W. Seeger, Mary Sheridan, Henry T. Shields, Ray John Shotwell, Carl H. Simpson, Ivan Theron Siscoe, George A. Skidmore, James A. Skillman, A. W. Skinner, Gersham J. Skinner, Harley A. Small, Bee Smiley, Edna Mae Smiley, Robert Clarence Smiley, Alice Smith, Arthur W. Smith, Charles Dickson Smith, Charley J. Smith, Claude Melvin Smith, Dudley C. Smith, Oran C. Smith, Floyd M. Smythe, Lyle K. Snavely, Charles H. Snow, Chas. F. Snyder, Kenneth Snyder, Horace A. Soper, Ross H. Spencer, Albert Monton Spier, John Henry Sprau, W. M. Springer, George Gail Sprouse, Henry Edward Stappenbeck, Verne G. Staten, H. Claude

Steininger, Frank H. Sterling, Howard Harvey Stevenson, Walter Henry Stiegelmeier, Wm. Walter Strain, Elmer Charles Straub, Robert M. Strickle, Ross Andrus Strickle, Ansel F. Stubblefield, Jacob Julius Suter, Howard E. Sutherland, Frederick Odins Sutter, Wm. James Sweeney.

Dean Tanner, Ralph A. Tanner, Glenn Sirledan Tatman, Samuel Myron Tee, George B. Tenney, Harry Houser Tenney, Otto Anthony Thoennes, Lewis Joseph Thomas, Daniel F. Thompson, James E. Thompson, Kenneth Alexander Thompson, Ralph R. Thompson, Otto P. Tiemann, Thomas Orville Tiffin, Floyd Chester Tobin, Harold John Toohey, Wayne Carlyle Townley, Daniel Edward Twomey.

Harry Umphress, Henry Elton Underbrink.

Asa Hamilton Vallandingham, Park Vance, Perley Bernice Vandeveer, Fred Randolph Vollborn (deceased).

Fred Charles Wahls, Sherman D. Wakefield, George Henry Wall, John Ray Wallace, Don E. Walley, Glenn Dan Walley, Thos. M. Walsh, Paul Walter, Wm. Verne Ward, Robert MacDonald Washburn, Frank Herman Watchinski, Earl Harrison Waters, Ferre C. Watkins, Harold R. Watkins, Paul R. Watkins, Warren C. Watkins, Lorin J. Welch, Thomas S. Weldon, Chas. Augustus Whalen, Glenn J. Wheeler, Ralph Owen White, Ned V. Whitesell, Robert Peter Whitmer, Albert R. Wilcox, Gayland Elbert Wilhoit, F. C. Willey, Mailess Clyde Williams, Walter Wood Williams, Jesse Ray Willis, Mart Willis, Jesse Lee Wise, William Clair Wise, Artee Witt, Ferdinand G. Wollenschlager, Louis E. Wollrab, Louis Arthur Wood, Fannie E. Woodbury, M. F. Woodruff, Asa P. Woods, Evelyn Wooley, Myles Spencer Wooster, Robert Burr Wren, Orion Leo Wright, W. W. Wyckoff.

Clarence Edward Yaeger, Homer S. Yetman, Chester Young, Fred H. Young, Laurance Henry Young.

John J. Ziemers, Wm. Asberry Zook.

COUNTY ROLL AMERICAN LEGION

At Leroy

Ruel Neal post was named in honor of Ruel Neal, the first Leroy boy to lose his life in the war, he being killed in action, in a front line trench on the Meuse river on October 2, 1918. The officers of the post first elected were: Commander, Dr. O. M. Thompson; vice commander, Herman L. Thomas; adjutant, R. E. Kimler; finance officer, Miles C. Grizzelle; chaplain, Rev. H. R. Browne; sergeant-at-arms, Charles Bane.

The list of members: Dean D. Buckles, Ray McFadden, Dwight L. Cooksley, Harold R. Browne, Hugh C. Keys, Roy E. Lawson, Earl Gulley, Clarence H. Flegel, Russell C. Brown, David D. McKay, Fred J. Phillip, Arthur H. Morgan, Eugene Dennison, Harry J. Flegel, Dr. O. M. Thompson, Dean Amstadt, Frank K. Beckham, Lorin Pray, Adley O. Whitaker, Park S. Simmons, Roy E. Kimler, Forrest D. Patterson, Donald T. Jones, Pete N. Olsen, Homer Phillips, Shelby Hendren, Alex Riggs, Clarence L. Hoit, Earl Rigney, Lester H. Wahls, Guy Wahlstrom, Benjamin Walden, Oliver C. Walden, Herschel C. Underhill, Edward R. Van Atta, Byron D. Kline, Clifford L. Crumbaugh, Lawrence E. Hammond, Clarence E. Warton, Julian K. Kincaid, Fordyce Sargent, Clifton Buckles, Lyle B. Moss, Roy M. Wirt, Otha S. Dailey, Frank Head, jr., E. R. Kirby, Elmer Farris, Millard Brame, Frank W. Hansford, Frank Hale, Elmer G. Staley, Bernard Quanstrom, Marvin C. Neal, Dewey Healea, Carl M. McComb, Edward H. Grady, Ottie Wallace, Glenn E. Craig, Eugene E. Taylor, Chalmer C. Taylor, Wilbur Evans, Albert Warford, Lawrence Peak, Grover C. Tudor, Harry Edward Dunakey, Lee

Silvers, Frank D. Moots, Claire F. Story, Glenn F. Zellhoefer, Benn L. Riggs, Frederick Peak, Lindley Oliver, Lawrence R. Wynn, Valbert B. Oneal, Clifford E. Dooley, Harry L. Roy, John W. Hawkins, Will Fred Landis, Wesley Wagers, Merle Arbogast, Herman L. Reynolds, Hal W. Conefry, David Rutledge, Lawrence A. Pray, Dr. D. E. Sisk, William Ball, Talmadge E. Ross, Alvadore Dennis, Albert M. Carlson, E. L. Deatrick, Carl Edward Mikel, Harry Van Atta, John D. Lemmel, Carl H. Backlund, John D. Carpenter, Guy E. Neal, Lester W. Scott, Robert B. Lamont, Walter H. Bradley, Pearl T. Reynolds, Robert D. Ross, Percy A. Phillips, Herschel P. Holt, Russell Owen, Harley H. Scott, Edwain Barnum, Charles E. Bane, Clarence E. Mardis, Harry E. Clevenger, Perry F. Crutcher, Grandville J. Boss, David B. Dolley, Josh W. Alshman, Frank Marcum, Owen R. Shrigley, Ebert Underhill, Earl Williams, Roy Thompson, George P. Hoffman, Alvin H. Bane, Asa B. Saunders, Fred W. John, Clarence E. Simpson, Reuben John, William F. R. Rayburn, Miles C. Grizzelle, George Dewey Dolly, Jack W. Barton, Arthur C. Brining, Edgar L. Hendryx, Fred Wey, Chauncey Doggett, Fred W. Bishop, Claude T. Brown, John F. McFee, Edgar Moon, Herman L. Thomas, Loyal C. Skillman, Lyle Michaels, Lester W. Jones, Frank L. Ferguson, William F. Masters, Gerald M. Cline.

At Saybrook

David Humphrey Daniels post, named in honor of the first soldier from Saybrook to give up his life in the war, had the following officers: Commander, Cecil Rhodes Hudson; vice commander, Fred G. Cary; treasurer, Roy Return Cheney; adjutant, Ora Francis LaTeer. The list of members included Cyrus Weldon Reddick, Lee H. Evans, James K. Brock, Edward Zimmerman, Elsy Walden, Clarence E. Gilmore, Rex R. Roach, Charles E. Butler, William T. Roach, Joseph E. Tipsord, Benjamin H. Wills, Hugh C. Froehlich, Alvin O'Neal, Henry E. Swanson, Clyde Perry, John L. Scotton, William Ward, William E. Crotinger, Virgil Martin, John L. Easterbrook, Otto H. Struebing, Charles G. Wills, Clement O. Williams, Thomas J. Martin, James H. Campher, Harry E. Campbell, Jesse Tongate, Harry R. Fryer, Lyle F. Proffitt, Arthur A. Johnson, Clay L. Mohr, Mascal H. Cary.

At Colfax

A post was organized at Colfax in June, 1920, and was named the Davis-Kerber post in honor of Bernard Davis of Martin township who was killed in action, and Albert Kerber, who died of pneumonia in France. The officers elected were as follows: Commander, Reid Horney; vice commander, Fred Scholl; finance officer and adjutant, C. R. Stevenson; sergeant-at-arms, Edsell B. Downey. Committees were appointed as follows: Building Committee, Fred Scholl, C. A. Eagan, W. B. Dorsett; Amusement Committee, Wm. W. Hite, Smith McHatton, Walter Parmele. The charter membership included: David L. Gillan, James Getty, William McClellan, O. E. Phillips, John Wonderlin, Smith McHatton, Edsell Downey, Pete Lorig, Clifton Parmele, Fred Scholl, Sidney McClure, Walter Parmele, W. B. Dorsett, Lee Garner, Clyde Eagan, Charles Keller, C. B. Stevens, Geo. Stretch, Reid Horney, Dave Murphy, Fred Kauth, James Austin and Chas. Downey.

At Gridley

Gridley post No. 218 was organized in 1919 with the following officers: Post commander, Lynn C. Sieberns, adjutant, Everett F. Kent; sergeant-at-arms, John D. Rediger. The roll of members during the first few months of the post's existence included: L. C. Sieberns, Everett F. Kent, Frank Benedict, William Helbling, Elmer Benedict, Myron C.

Freed, William J. Gibbs, Frank Klein, John Rediger, Oscar Sieberns, Eli Stoller, Loren Freed, Theodore Rich, Li Silas Rich, Byron Phillis, McKinley Benedict, Henry Diggle, George F. Kent, E. Glen Kent, Vivian Wilfong, Edward Klein, Dave Lintner, Clifford Manshardt, Harvey Meeker, Edward Helbling, William Burnham, Orie W. Coyle, H. B. Coyle, Earl Benedict, Paul F. Kent, John Ferguson, Ward Andrews, Joseph Huber, Park Gardner, W. H. Hill, William Wilson, John Rupperle, Russell P. Young, John V. Reeves, Perl Fleming.

At Bellflower

Grant Post, No. 202, at Bellflower, was named in honor of Earl and Erwin Grant, sons of Richard Grant, both of whom gave up their lives in the war. Earl died in Jefferson Barracks, and Erwin died in France after the close of the war, when he was returning with his regiment from Germany. The officers of the post are: Commander S. W. Haigler; senior vice commander, J. Warner Carlyle; finance, A. G. Gooch; adjutant, B. F. Hinshaw; service officer, DeWitt R. Gooch, III; sergeant-at-arms, John Jensen. The members of the post are as follows: William L. Barnhart, F. Glenn O. Ellis, Todd E. Coit, Levi Barnhart, Jessie Ward, O. D. Richard, Fred A. Ward, Floyd A. Zoll, Marley G. Hampleman, Archie C. Miller, George A. Jordan, Charles Monical, Wesley G. Wagner, Willard Gordon, Harold W. Brandon, Jesse P. Provines, Samuel W. Ashworth, Oliver P. Ely, Forrest T. Jones, Elmer L. Day, Roy Schofield, Charles Bliss, Alva Monical, R. L. Masters, John K. Price, Oliver J. Troster, Oral M. Summers, Arthur Curtis, Oscar A. House, Orda Shelton, Richard J. Nichols, Charles B. Lawrence, Tony M. Jones, Wesley Williams, Frank M. Mangold, Harry B. Stuart, Elmer M. Gose, Herman Rexroat, Robert Otto, Ralph Hillis, Clarence Rohlfing, Everet Schmale, Grover M. Fox, Omar Ashworth, Clyde E. Noe, Frank Petrashek, Thomas C. Burke.

At Chenoa

The organization of Ben Roth Post, No. 234, took place at Chenoa in May, 1919. It was named in honor of Ben Roth, a Chenoa soldier who died in France. There are about sixty-five members of this post, and they have been active in promoting the interests of the soldiers, giving several entertainments, maintaining teams in athletic sports and other activities. The officers are: Commander, Pierre Turck; vice commander, Frank Hogan; adjutant, Calvin R. Gentes. The post has had a steady growth since its organization.

At Anchor

Erwin Martensen Post No. 164, at Anchor was named in honor of a soldier from that community who was killed in action. The post is one of the newer ones, being organized in 1920. The officers are: Commander, Henry L. Simpson; service officer, John A. Schmidt; finance officer, Joe Garrett; adjutant, Albert Brandt. In addition to the above officers, the membership includes Arthur F. Lupp, John F. Reinhart, George Hensen, Harry J. Schleeter, Clarence M. Smith, John H. Brokate, Harry E. Patnaude, Alfred L. Freiberg, Clarence McLean, Herbert Rowan, Irving L. Kent, Ora Walter Crum, R. W. Meldner, Charles J. Lohoff, William E. Schmidt, Momen Pyle, John Bathon, Howard Gantz, Tobey Bane, August E. Brandt, William F. West.

At McLean

Burger-Benedict Post, No. 973, of the American Legion, was formed at McLean at a meeting held on Feb. 26, 1920. It was named from Dewey Burger and Ernest Benedict, two McLean boys who were killed in battle in France. The officers elected were: Commander, C. R. Van Ness; vice commander, Ray A. Bowers; past commander, Ansel Stubblefield; adjutant, Grant V. Wilcox; finance officer, Martin W. Hildebrandt; sergeant-at-arms, Otto Humble; service officer, George N. Snyder; historian, George Benedict; chaplain, Dan McFarland; athletic officer, Harry Matthews. The list of members includes Harold D. Woodmancy, Clarence C. Crutchley, Lyle E. Wilcox, Jesse W. Crutchley, Homer Warner, Charles Adams, Andrus A. Dunbar, Anton Hildebrandt, John Leslie Cowan, Jesse Stubblefield, Roy M. Craig, Thomas Swearingen, Albert Tyson, Elbert Rousey, Tee Farmer, Clifford M. Wilcox, Charles Alford Benedict, Gilbert Leman Reynolds, Clarence Ernest Dennison, Lou Butler Robinson, Arlie Swearingen, Fred Snow, Dan S. Buck, David Snow, Paul W. McFarland, Allen S. Davis, John H. Swearingen, Herbert W. Hildebrandt, Earl Dishong, Lloyd Burger, Claude O. Burger, Frank Hildebrand, Boyd Adkins, Charles Adkins, Herbert Ewing.

WAR WORK OF BUREAU OF SOCIAL SERVICE

The Bloomington Bureau of Social Service, which in peace is a full-time organization devoted to family welfare work, took on new aspects during the war, and gave to the newer local organization of the Red Cross the benefit of its trained personnel and experience. One department of Red Cross work in particular, the home service, found in the Bureau a strong ally and at times a valued leader. Much that was best in Home Service work as the war progressed, the Bureau of Social Service helped to build in the earlier days. Soon after America's entry into the war, the government took over every available trained social service worker, and most of these were asked to give all or much of their time to war emergency work. There is an art in dealing with families in abnormal conditions such as the war brought, and that art is acquired only by careful teaching and supervised experience. Mrs. Jacob Bohrer, who became head of the home service work of the Red Cross in this county, testified to the inestimable value of the Bureau in organizing the home service department of the Red Cross. The Bloomington chapter of Red Cross established courses in training its workers, and the Bureau of Social Service was responsible for the field work of these volunteer visitors, both in theory and practice. Their instruction was under the direction of Mrs. Mabel H. Seymour, General Secretary. Mrs. Seymour also acted as a member of the advisory committee of the Home Service department of the Red Cross during the period of the war. Mrs. Naoma M. Fry, assistant to Mrs. Seymour, gave much of her time, training and experience as a social worker to the Red Cross Home service work. The sum total of the Bureau's work was no small item in keeping up the morale of many families whom the war had placed under an unusual strain.

GERMAN PRISONERS ASTONISHED

Herbert Livingston, son of the late Mayer Livingston, proprietor of the Newmarket in Bloomington, wrote a Mothers Day letter to Mrs. Allie his mother on May 12, 1918, telling of his location in France at that time. He told how just before that time there had passed through that part of France a great body of American troops on their way to the front. All were fine men, in the pink of physical condition, well clothed and indicating a splendidly equipped army. Near that place are a large number of German prisoners, some working on the roads and in other capacities. Young Livingston says that the expressions on the faces of the Germans when they beheld this splendid army of American fighters was a study. They had never dreamed of so great a force of such fine fighting men, having been kept in ignorance of the real power the Americans were putting into the struggle. Probably a lot of the prisoners exclaimed in unison, when they saw the Americans: ''Mein Gott im Himmel.''

SUPT. B. C. MOORE AND SONS

Right—Supt. B. C. Moore. Above—Byron R. Moore. Left—Wayne S. Moore.

Benjamin C. Moore, superintendent of schools for McLean county, and his two sons were in the service, a unique distinction, all three reflecting credit upon their county and the nation they served. Supt. Moore was very active in local relief work during the war, serving faithfully as a member of the Council of Defense and Red Cross; and aiding in the various drives. He was also one of the ''four minute'' men.

He had applied for an appointment in the Army Educational work under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. when the armistice was signed. When the need came for several hundred experienced educational executives, Supt. Moore received an urgent call and accepted, proceeding directly to France and entering the Army Educational Corps, organized to take over the great and rapidly growing educational program. Supt. Moore was assigned to the college of education and post schools, a section of the A. E. F. University at Beaume, France. His especial duties were the training of soldier teachers, the inspection of schools and the teaching of illiterates. Supt. Moore returned from France in the summer of 1919 and resumed his post as the head of the McLean county schools.

Wayne S. Moore entered the U. S. Military Academy at West Point in June, 1918, his class completing the course in record time

He won the rank of honor student. It had been his ambition for several years to enter this academy. His membership in the training school, made him automatically a soldier of Uncle Sam and he with other students, joined in the hurryup program to train officers when the Armistice was signed, the class of which Wayne was a member was next in order to be commissioned and sent across. He shared with others of his class, the disappointment of the premature peace.

Byron R. Moore, the second son of Supt. B. C. Moore, selected the navy, and on the day he became 18, he enlisted. He was assigned to the Radio Service. He volunteered as a Submarine detector or listener, and, in the tests, ranked second in proficiency in a large class. Close study and faithful duty brought him active service soon and he was assigned to Sub-Chaser No. 104, making one trip across the ocean and also going to the Caribbean Sea. He became an expert "listener" and was able to distinguish the coming of various craft by the use of the hydrophone. His craft was once reported lost. It was but 110 ft. long and 11 ft. wide. Byron was released from active duty in January, 1919, and resumed his school duties in Normal.

CHENOA'S FIRST DRAFTED MAN

Entering the first draft contingent for district No. 1 at his own request, Sergt. F. C. Schroeder was the first man from Chenoa township to go into the national army, leaving Bloomington on September 4, 1917. From Camp Dodge he went to Camp Logan, then overseas with an ammunition train in May, 1918. Fought with the British forces at Albert and Amiens until July 26, when he entered a hospital on account of overwork and exhaustion. On October 18 he returned to his duty at the front, remaining until the close of the war. He was about the first man to return to Chenoa from overseas duty, reaching home on December 16, 1918.

CAPTURED BY GERMANS

Probably the only Bloomington soldier who was captured by Germans and returned alive to tell the story was Gus Goodwin, brother of Mrs. W. T. Rahlman of 1005 North McLean street. He was only 16 years of age when he enlisted, and was not yet 18 when he was taken prisoner in August, 1918. He was reported missing in action at that time, and several months later his sister got a letter saying he had been released from a German prison camp and was on his way home. He received fairly good treatment in the camp. When a boy in Bloomington he attended Washington and Franklin schools and afterward worked in a grocery store.

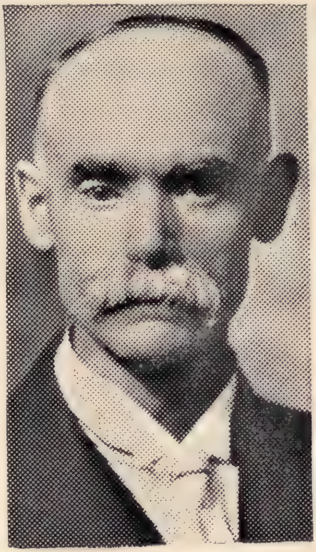
Gus Goodwin

JUDGE JAMES C. RILEY

One of the public men of McLean county who labored thruout the war in a cause which counted much, was County Judge James C. Riley. He took part with hundreds of other citizens in the various drives, for liberty loans, Red Cross, war work funds, and similar activities, but his particular interest was war savings stamps. He was appointed county chairman of the War Savings Committee by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and served from the time of the launching of the first W. S. S. drive throughout the war. The work along this line was of a peculiar nature. It was continuous in its appeal, and its object was to encourage habits of thrift and saving among the people, as well as to contribute money toward the one great cause. But the war savings stamp drives lacked the spectacular feature of the liberty loans. While the quota set for the county was $1,700,000 for one year the individual sales were generally small sums. Therefore the task of reaching any given goal was much more difficult than was the liberty loan drives, where subscriptions came in hundreds and often in thousands of dollars. In spite of the fact that other and larger war enterprises were engaging the time and strength of most of those in every community who were at all disposed to labor in war enterprises, committees were appointed in every school district, and savings societies organized in every school and in industrial and mercantile institutions. Thrift stamps were sold in denominations of twenty-five cents each.

When sixteen of these were sold, the card containing them was redeemable for what was called a War Savings stamp worth $5 each. One of these war savings stamp cards containing sixteen $5 stamps, was redeemable in 1923 for $100. The committee under direction of Judge Riley worked away during the two years of the war and managed to dispose of stamps to the total value of over $2,000,000. The purchasers of the war savings stamps were generally people of smaller means than those who bought liberty bonds, for this was a kind of war investment which could be taken in small denominations. Many of the labor unions of Bloomington went into the war stamp business as a body. Thousands of dollars' worth of stamps were sold among the Alton shop men in Bloomington. In some factories and other industrial plants, clubs were formed whereby each employe gave over out of his weekly pay envelope a certain sum to be invested in war savings stamps. But while smaller buyers were numerous, there were some larger investors. What was called the Maximum War Savings Club was organized, whose members agreed to take the sum of $1,000 in stamps, this being the maximum amount allowed to each purchaser. The Maximum Club in McLean county eventually reached a membership of several hundreds. On the whole, the work in selling war savings stamps was among the most important of any conducted by any group of people, and McLean County ranked among the highest in Illinois.

WAR EMPLOYMENT BOARD



Started as a necessity at the outbreak of the war, the McLean county branch of the Illinois Free Employment Bureau, became in eighteen months a permanent and valuable public utility. Farmers for many miles in all directions from Bloomington come to this office for their hired hands and the industrial plants of the city find use for it constantly.

John E. Matthews has been responsible for the success of the office. During the war his task was to find men to send to the shipyards and cantonments, to make the idlers at home go to work and to place all men where they would produce the most during the strain of war. After the war he was busy for months finding jobs for returned soldiers and placing them at the occupations that they wanted to work in so far as it was possible.

The total number of persons placed at work during the ten months of 1918 that the employment bureau was in existence was 2,436.

The grand total for the first twenty-two months of the bureau is 6,610.

The average number of persons placed at work in a month in the history of the bureau is 300. The average during 1919 per month was 346.

The average in 1919 was twelve persons given jobs a day. There are frequent cases where men are given jobs and neither the man or his employer reported the fact to the office and the matter could not be put on record. If these cases were included the totals would be higher in every month.

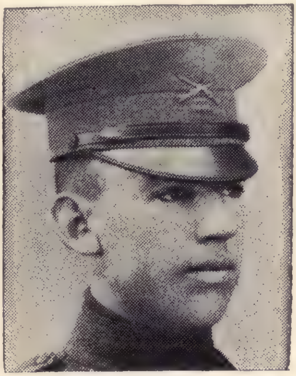
The government financed the office until March 22, 1919. Then until June 1 the office was kept going by the combined help of the Better Farming Association, the Association of Commerce, Trades Assembly Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association and the city. On June 1, 1919, the state took over the office.

G. EDWIN KNAPP

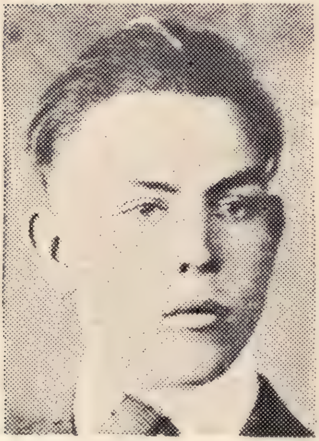
Engaged in Y. M. C. A. work as song leader at Camp Pike for many months during the war. Son of Mr. and Mrs. George Knapp of Bloomington.

DANVERS BOY LOSES LEG

Leonard Bunch, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bunch of Danvers, was injured while serving with the United States expeditionary forces in France. His leg was shattered and had to be amputated above his knee. He was invalided home as soon as he recovered from the shock of the amputation. Bunch was one of the first McLean county boys to get into the army after war looked certain, and he was perhaps the first seriously wounded soldier from this county. He enlisted March 8, 1917, a month before the U. S. declared war on Germany. After Jefferson barracks duty he was sent to Co. H. of the Third U. S. regulars at Eagle Pass, Texas, and later transferred to Co. E, 26th Infantry. The latter regiment sailed for France in June, 1917, just after Gen. Pershing had established headquarters in Paris. They landed at St. Nazaire on June 26, and in July were assigned to a "quiet sector" at the front near Luneville. In November they were taken back to a rest camp, and in the following February sent to the Toul sector. There at 10 o'clock on the morning of February 16 a German high explosive shell struck the trench 10 feet from where Private Bunch was stationed. He was hit by eight different fragments, one of which shattered his right knee. He was removed to a base hospital, where the doctors tried for two months to save his leg, but in April decided to amputate above the knee. He was shifted from one hospital to another in France till August, when he returned to the U. S. and spent the time till February, 1919, at the Walter Reed hospital in Washington. He reached his home in Danvers on February 6. He had been fitted with an artificial leg, and has learned to use it successfully.



Leonard Bunch



Bernard Duehr

WOUNDED IN BATTLE

Bernard Duehr enlisted in the marines at Peoria, April 20, 1917, at the age of 19, and sailed for France September 16, 1917. He was a member of 74th company, 6th regiment, First battalion. On July 19, 1918, he was wounded while orderly for the camp and carrying messages to the front line trenches during the battle of Soissons. He has a brother, Lieutenant Raymond Duehr, who was in the officers' training camp at Augusta, Ga.

COMPANY M 10TH REGT. I. N. G.

When the entire National Guard of Illinois hastened to training camps at the outbreak of the war, reserve regiments were organized, one being the Tenth. Bloomington was given representation, Company M. This command occupied first class armory quarters in the C. U. Williams building and was ably officered and equipped. It served as a valuable training school for men who later went into the army service and a large proportion of its members so advanced. Company M played a very important part during the war, escorting the draft contingents to the trains, attending the final rites over the men who made the supreme sacrifice and paying the soldiers tribute at the grave. Company M was Bloomington's pride during the dark days of the war and the command ranked as the leading unit of the Tenth. The personnel was as follows:

Captain—Clifford B. Hamilton.

First Lieut.—Otto Tieman. Second Lieut.—Fred Muhl.

1st Sergeant—Chas. W. Nichols.

Sergeants—Wm. G. Radliff, K. S. Hamilton, Roy M. Crosthwait, Walter Schwenn.

Corporals—L. W. Bosworth, Roland Gee, Homer English, John L. Northrup, Lyle Straight, Carl Messick, Sage H. Kinne.

Cook—R. N. Woodworth. Buglar—L. W. Plummer.

Privates—Albert L. Arnold, Clifford C. Baldwin, William G. Barnes, Carl E. Behr,* Maurice J. Brion, Alvin B. Bills, Gus Blumke, Edgar S. Bischoff, Carroll M. Bowen,* John M. Barr,* Richard B. Calhoun, Roy Collier, Paul Collins, Harry E. Crain, George J. Conklin, Ermin B. Carter,* Edwin H. Cook,* Chester B. Castle,* Clarence L. Dexter, Owen Dudley,* Alvah H. Denning* Shelby Emmert, Milo Elmore, Wm. F. Eberlein, Frank Erdman, Fred Feldt,* Walter J. Freese,* Frank J. Felton,* Ralph S. Freese, Fred S. Frost, Elam R. Fraser, Leonard E. Ferguson, Sumner Goodfellow, Tracey Green,* William V. Galford, Gilbert Gill, Rogers Humphreys,* Jesse B. Havens,* Robert Herr, Charles E. Hall, T. K. Hays, Emory G. Harvey, Charles C. Hastings, Eugene Harris, C. Dale James,* Merton A. Johnston,† Alfred M. Jackson, Ebon C. Jones, Eric Kullberger,* John Kates,* Garold Knight,* Harry J. Kelting, Harold K. Livingston, John A. Laird, Thos. Lancaster, John L. Marquis, Donald V. Murphy, Ralph P. Miller, George E. Myers, Zenna T. Main, Kenneth A. Miller, Henry C. McCormick, Walter G. Miller, Jesse A. Munsell,* Lewis Nevins, Chas. Nichols, Charles Osborne, August Pabst, Stanley Paul,* G. N. Paxton,* Donald Pease,* Tim H. Perry, George M. Piper, Leonard M. Potts, Logan B. Perry, Tim Perry, Arryl Paul,* George M. Piper, Walter M. Raydon, Percy J. Ramage, Victor B. Robison, Alex G. Robertson, Roy A. Ramseyer,* Geo. W. Roloffson, Walter E. Schloeffel, William R. Shores, E. T. Smith,‡ Charles H. Snow,* Walter M. Stacey,* Jacob J. Suter,* Dan A. Spellman, Floyd M. Symthe,* Clayton Tudor,* Leo F. Truchen,* Donald Van Petten, Frank Watchinski,* Joshua Weinstock,* E. Parke Willerton,* J. Stuart Wyatt,* Phil Wood, Frank B. Whitman, Chas B. Wiley, Harold R. Watkins, B. A. Wright, Stanley Wilhoit, Herbert Vielhack, Charles A. Zweng.

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*Later in the army. †Died at home. ‡Died in army service.

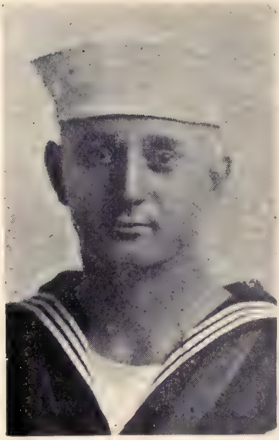
PROF. E. W. CAVINS AND SONS

Prof. Elmer W. Cavins, for twenty years a teacher in the Illinois State Normal University, enlisted with the Y. M. C. A. for educational work in the A. E. F. He sailed from Portland Me., on a Scotch vessel and landed at Glasgow. From there he proceeded to Paris, via Liverpool and Brest, and was assigned to duty in the American E. F. University about to be established at Beaune. This university comprised thirteen colleges. Mr. Cavins was Secretary of the College of Correspondence and to this college he gathered five other graduates of his own home school. In April the Y. M. C. A. educators were taken over by the army and called the Army Educational Corps. This army school in France did a great work for its 6000 students during the three months it was in existence. Its doors closed June 6. Prof. Cavins returned on the Imperator landing at New York July 13, 1919, and resumed his post with the I. S. N. U.

Warren Cartmell Cavins of Normal aged 19, son of Prof. E. W. Cavins, enlisted in the navy as Apprentice Seaman in December, 1917, and was called to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station March 26, 1918. When he was through detention, he served a short time in the library and then secured a transfer to the Aviation branch of the navy.

After a twelve-weeks course in Machinists Mate school he was honored by being made instructor in the same school where he served efficiently until discharged June 7, 1919.

Joe Loren Cavins, of Normal, aged 18, also a son of Prof. E. W. Cavins, a student at the University of Illinois, was sent by that institution to the Officers Training Camp at Fort Sheridan to prepare to serve as an officer in the student military camp of the U. of I. After three months at Fort Sheridan, he returned to the U. of I., but secured a transfer to the Illinois Wesleyan University of Bloomington, near his home. Here he served in the S. A. T. C. under Captains Wheaton and Collister, his rank being that of first sergeant and his duties as platoon commander, those of a lieutenant. He was discharged with the disbanding of the S. A. T. C. December 18, 1918.

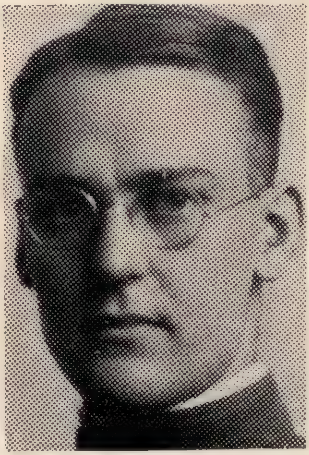


GLEN BOWMAN

Glen Bowman, son of C. C. Bowman of Bloomington, enlisted May 30, 1918, as a naval machinist and after training at Great Lakes four weeks was sent to Philadelphia, sailing on the George Washington for Brest. He was assigned to duty upon the U. S. Prometheus which was termed the "mother of destroyers" and remained with this craft until after the close of the war. He then returned to New York and received his release from the service February 9, 1919, then returning to Bloomington and taking a position with the Dayton Keith Company. He greatly enjoyed his tour of duty but welcomed the return to his home again.

JOHN NORMILE
FIRST LIEUTENANT

Lieutenant John Normile was commissioned a First Lieutenant in the engineers and was stationed with the American Expeditionary Forces somewhere in France. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Normile of 907 North Roosevelt avenue, Bloomington. Lieut. Normile enlisted as a private in the engineers in June, 1917. He was sent to Camp Deming, New Mexico, and later was transferred to the officers training school at Camp Lee, Virginia, from where he was commissioned Second Lieutenant. Lieut. Normile was a student in the architectural department of the University of Illinois at the outbreak of the war.



YOUNG MEN'S HONOR ROLL

Organized in October, 1916, the Young Men's Club of Bloomington meeting each Tuesday with a luncheon has been a power and has great influence in municipal betterment. It was especially active and patriotic during the war. Soon after hostilities opened, it was voted to establish a War Fund from which money could be drawn to contribute to the various relief activities. The Pat O'Brien lecture, one of the first personal narratives of the war, gave the club $385. Of this $150 was given to the Red Cross. ''Over There,'' a two night show at the home of E. Mark Evans on Broadway, Normal, realized $1731 profits which was utilized to finance the United War Work campaign and the Red Cross. Other money in the treasury, $2500 was divided among the Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., K. of C., Belgian Relief and Salvation Army, while the club also voted to take care of three Belgian orphans at a cost of $36.50 annually each. A picnic at Miller Park and a big minstrel show at the Chatterton, also proved successful, the latter clearing $565 for the War Fund. By this time the Young Men's Club had become very popular. In the city it became known as the livest bunch in Bloomington. There was an event given during the summer for which no admission was charged. It was known as ''Wake Up, America'' and was for propaganda purposes, being two lectures, which were given at the Bloomington High School, under auspices of the Bureau of Public Information of Washington. The last big event of the year, given by the Young Men's Business Club, was the French Military Band Concert, given at the Chatterton Opera House.

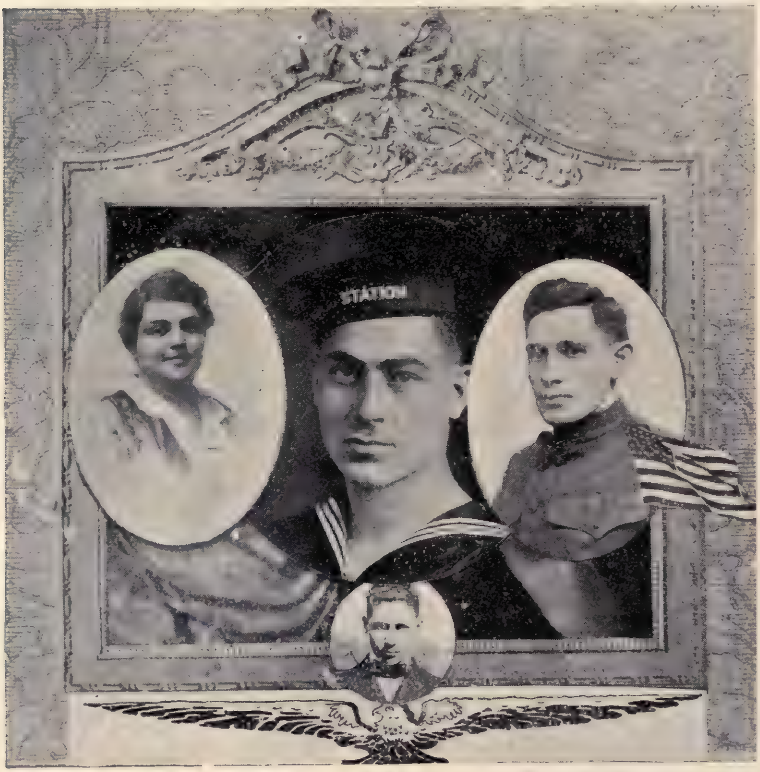
The club contributed thirty-two members to the service. Every one of them attained honor for himself, his regiment and rank and given honor to his country's flag. The honor roll is as follows:

Robert E. Alverson
Dr. Fred J. Brian
Dwight Bachman
J. J. Butler
Leslie R. Bristow
T. S. Cobby
E. A. Donnelly
Dr. L. G. Freeman
Fred Felt
Walter J. Freese
Louis Gunderson
Tracey Greene
Lawrence L. Gilday
Dr. G. H. Galford
L. Kirk Healy
W. J. Hull
J. B. Havens
Rev. W. B. Hindman
Harlan Hart
C. Dale James
Julius Klemm
John T. Kates
Warren Paxton
G. Noble Paxton
[illegible] Read
Ben Rhodes
[illegible]der
Howard Rhea
Charles Snow
George Stautz
Otto Tieman
Louis Wollrab

Officers in 1918—The annual meeting in January, 1918, saw Frank Rice re-elected President, Ben Hiltabrand, Vice President, W. H. Gronemeier, Secretary, Carl Messick, Treasurer.

Left to Right—Carl Bock, Arthur H. Boden, Wm. Bourges, Earl Bell, George J. Boylan, Clifford S. Book, Felix Binnion, Arthur Blough, E. J. Blum, Melville D. Ballinger.

MOSES MONTEFIORE SYNAGOGUE HONOR ROLL



Center—Julius Epstein. Left—Miss Harriet Ochs; right—Harold Livingston. Below—Karl Epstein.

Twelve stars gleam in the service flag of the Moses Montefiore Synagogue of Bloomington. Of those who saw service, Miss Harriet M. Ochs remained on duty long after the war was over. She enlisted as soon as hostilities opened and was assigned to hospital duty as Dietician, Medical Department, being ordered to the Letterman General Hospital at Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., where she was kept in strenuous duty for several years and was still at that institution at the time this work went to press in 1920. Miss Ochs achieved great success in her chosen profession and made a notable record.

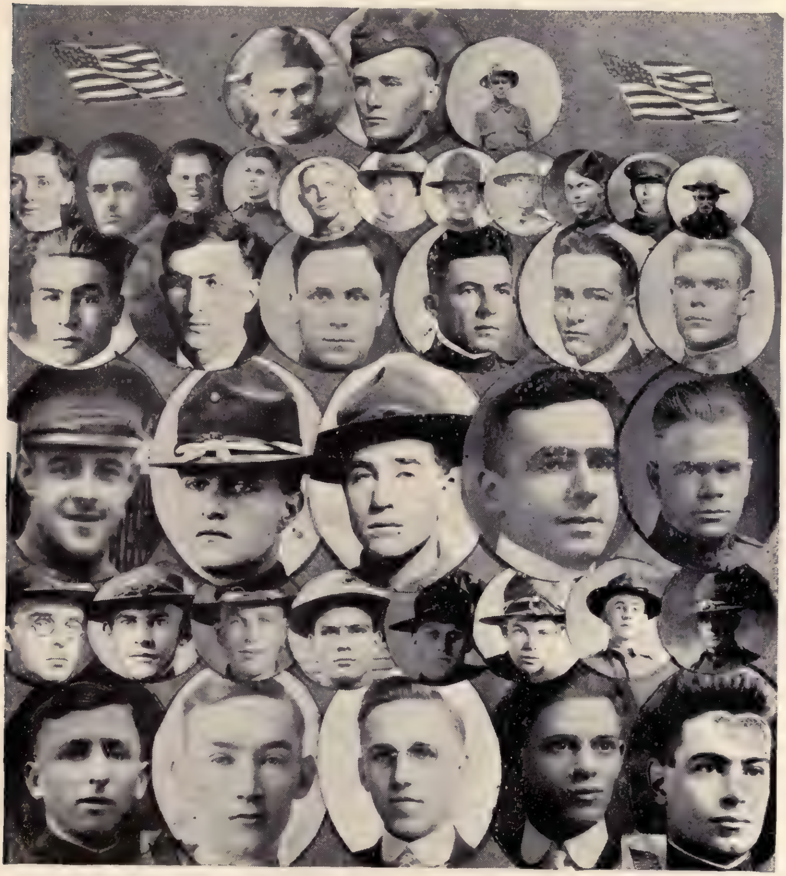
Karl Epstein enlisted in May, 1918, at Camp Bradley, Peoria, trained at Fort Leavenworth and Camp Meade, joining the Third Field Signal Battalion, was promoted to Master Signalman with the Electrical Signal Corps, and was then ordered to France. When five days on the ocean, the Armistice was signed and his command ordered back home again. He received his discharge February 15, 1919, at Camp Grant.

Julius Epstein enlisted in July, 1917, and trained for the Navy at Great Lakes. He was discharged on account of illness May 13, 1918, but was given recruiting service for two months, making his headquarters at League Island, near Philadelphia. He was finally released July 25, 1918, and returned home.

Harold Livingston joined the Medical Department and was assigned to Detail of the S. G. O. He soon received orders to go to France where he saw much active service with the Advance Medical Supply Depot No. 1, A. P. O. He remained abroad until the close of the war and then returned home to resume mercantile duties again.

Sam Livingston joined the navy and trained at Great Lakes remaining in the service until peace was declared.

Other names on the honor roll include Dr. H. L. Howell, Joshue Weinstock, Leo Wolff, A. Berman, Jack Smith, Herbert Livingston and Capt. Dixon Oberdorfer.



First row (left to right)—Harvey W. Woizeski, Roy M. Wirt, William O. Wallace, George H. Williamson, Ben F. Weatherford, Haskel O. Whiteneck, Vernon Weber, Sumner F. Williams, William A. White, Harry Wilkinson, Mailen Williams. *Above first row*—Harold J. Withers, Tom Walash, Orlo W. Woods.

Second row—Harry B. Wormley, Noah E. Wormley, Orion L. Wright, Gayland E. Wilhoit, George D. Waddell, John R. Willcox.

Third row—Leo R. Wolf, Jesse L. Wise, Harry West, Joe Weinstock, Adley O. Whitaker.

Fourth row—Albert R. Wilcox, William Watchinski, Paul Walter, Merl E. Whiteneck, Carl P. Wilson, Harry H. White, Fred C. Wohls, Clarence Warton.

Fifth row—Edward Werner, Ray Wohls, Donald D. Whitcomb, William C. Wicks, Jesse L. Williams.

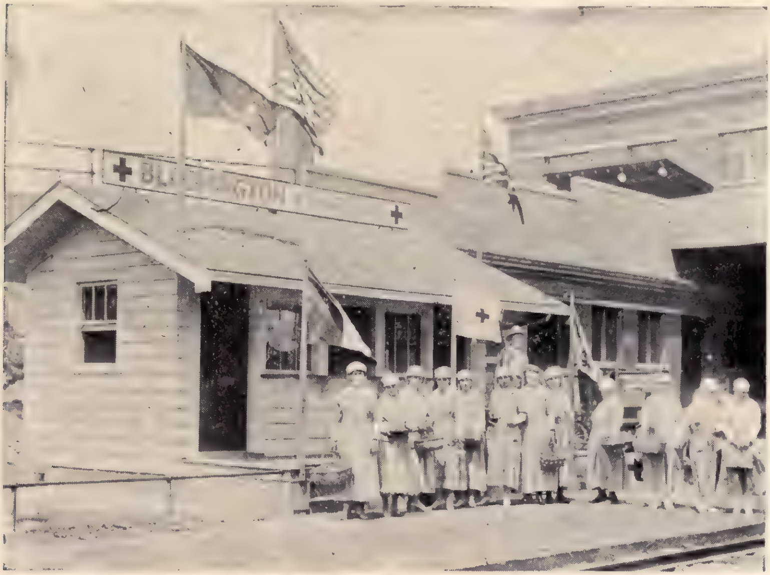
CAPT. C. L. HILLS

One of the men in Bloomington who carried on an important work tirelessly and with little of spectacular show or bid for public recognition, was Capt. C. L. Hills, owner of the Hills hotel. He was appointed early in the war as chairman of the war activities committee of the Association of Commerce, and also was named head of the Canteen service committee of the Red Cross. In both these functions, he accomplished the work with satisfaction to the public and for the comfort and happiness of all the young men whom he was called to serve. The War Activities committee looked after the arrangements for sending off one after another, the contingents of drafted men as they were called by the county exemption boards. They provided little comforts for their journeys and assuaged the emotions of the relatives by attentions and kindly consideration and also furnished farewell banquets, and a band as escort. During the course of the war, after the operation of the draft began, there were something like 2,000 young men sent out in this way. Also there were fully as many more who enlisted at the recruiting station, and these were treated in a similar manner. Medals were struck by the Association of Commerce in special recognition of the young man being from McLean county, and one of these went to each young soldier thru the ministration of this committee.

The canteen service was the most interesting and appreciated of any performed by the local organizations during the war. This was carried on by a Red Cross committee of which Capt. Hills was chairman. From September, 1917, to the close of the war, and many months afterward. while the movement of troops homeward continued, the canteen committee was hard at work. Capt. Hills and his committee originated the idea of building at the union station a canteen ''hut'' where the women of the committee might have their quarters, and from which to distribute sandwiches, hot coffee, chocolates, and various nick-nacks which make the short stay of the passing soldier a joy. For the fund to build this hut, C. D. Phillos and Louis Baldwin gave each one day's gross receipts of their business. With these funds and other donations, and much free labor offered by carpenters and other workmen, the hut was built, its total cost being about $800. From this hut and by other methods, from September, 1917, to September, 1918, there were 53,000 men served, the supplies distributed being valued at $3,086. This made an average cost per man served 6 cents. The active work of the canteen committee ended October 1, 1919, when at a dinner given by Capt. Hills and Campbell Holton for the women of the committee, a permanent organization, under the name ''Red Cross Reserve Canteen Corps,'' was formed. Much of the hut equipment was reserved for the emergency use of this permanent corps.

Aside from the canteen committee and its work, Capt. Hills is credited for many other unique war activities. One of these was the building of the Victory Memorial arches at the court house in Bloomington, commemorating the victorious home-coming of our boys. There was one at the south and one at the north entrance to the court house. They were artistically designed, suitably inscribed, and stood for a year or more after the final demobilization of the army. Money for this purpose was contributed from all over the county.

CANTEEN SERVICE FOR SOLDIERS EN ROUTE



Red Cross Canteen hut at union depot in Bloomington with a group of the women who served there. Shown in the picture, left to right are: Mrs. Mattie J. Radbourn, Mrs. Eva D. Murray, Mrs. Louise A. Ross, Mrs. Celia D. Albee, Mrs. Dorothea H. Miller, Miss Hazel E. Miller, Mrs. Rose E. Neubauer, Mrs. Luella B. Ward, Mrs. Lola W. McFarland, Mrs. Anna L. Miller, Mrs. Louise A. Hallett, Miss Oneita M. Vandervort. Other members of the band of heroic women but who were not in this picture are: Miss Ada M. Carlton, Mrs. Irene L. Piper, Mrs. Rose Mary Burke, Mrs. Martha M. Will, Mrs. Bertha Snyder, Mrs. Ina G. Ross, Mrs. Mollie L. Carlton, Mrs. Hazel M. Whitehead, Mrs. Margaret L. Hills, Miss Alice Swayze.

One of the many units of returning soldiers stopping at the canteen hut.

POST L AS PATRIOTIC BOOSTERS

In the civilian war activities of McLean county, one factor which could not be overlooked was Post L of the Travelers Protective Association. This organization, composed of 600 traveling men, was devoted heart and soul to patriotic enterprises during the war. While the members carrier on their usual business to such an extent as was possible in view of the strain of war, they loaned their energy as a body and as individuals to the promotion of every civilian drive for war purposes. Notably in the Liberty Loan campaigns, the commercial travelers were of value. Their experience as salesmen and their trained salesmanship, assisted in the pushing the sales of Liberty Bonds to a large figure in every district in which they worked. Many of the members of Post L acted as precinct chairmen in Bloomington in each of the Liberty Loan drives, and also assisted materially in the Red Cross campaigns, the Y. M. C. A. and United War fund efforts, and in other work of the kind. But the post was not content with its work at home, but sent into active service in the army and navy fifty-six of its members. The Travelers were represented in many different branches of the service, and all made creditable records. Two gold stars adorned the service flag of the post, representing Earl T. Smith who died at Camp Taylor, and Frank M. Thoennes, who died of pneumonia just after he had reached European shores, having gone over with the regimental band of the 106th Engineers.

HONOR ROLL POST L, T. P. A.

Earl T. Smith, died at Camp Taylor.
Frank M. Thoennes died in hospital in Glasgow, Scotland.

D. D. Bachman
W. W. Barrett
Karl L. Behnke
W. G. Behr
Carl H. Behr
C. M. Bowen
R. W. Bringham
L. R. Bristow
E. M. Case
A. S. Coomer
D. L. Cox
J. G. Deynzer
Mark R. Ethell
Fred Feldt
H. L. Frost
R. S. Getty
T. E. Green
W. E. Hartson
H. C. Hawk, jr.
J. B. Havens
L. K. Healy
W. H. Iungerich
Ross Johnson
E. Kullberger
L. H. Koos
F. A. Lamke
H. H. Lee
H. L. Medbery
Henry Monyhan
Edward W. Mott
E. E. Nafziger
O. S. Parmele
O. E. Pattison
G. N. Paxton
J. W. Paxton
A. S. Peterson
L. P. Powell
H. E. Protzman
H. J. Read
R. K. Smith
D. S. Russell
V. G. Staten
J. R. Stephenson
Leslie Stone
O. A. Thoennes
R. A. Turpin
C. W. Waller
Joe Watchinski
C. T. Waugh
William C. Westphal
W. W. Williams
F. T. Windle
M. S. Wooster
L. G. Wright

WAS POST EMBALMER

Noble K. Deputy of Bloomington was engaged in the service in a capacity somewhat out of the ordinary. He enlisted early in the war and was sent to Jefferson Barracks where he was given the rank of sergeant and made the official embalmer of the post, he having engaged in the embalming business prior to the war. His work ordinarily would not be strenuous but since his term of service covered the period of the great influenza epidemic in the fall and winter of 1918, his work grew to enormous proportions and kept him and his assistants on the jump night and day for many weeks. Sergt. Deputy served in the capacity of post embalmer for a period of eighteen months.

BLOOMINGTON COUNTRY CLUB

The Bloomington Country Club was an active and very useful agency for good during the war. Contributing no less than twenty-seven men to the service, the club also was a leader in war relief work, the members individually contributing generously to every drive and being prominent in the various committees, co-operating patriotically with the Council of Defense and also other bodies working to win the great conflict. During the epidemic of influenza which raged during the war, the Country Club very generously tendered the club house for a temporary hospital and a large number of soldiers and civilians were given attention there until the epidemic was over. In many other ways, the club displayed its patriotism and won the grateful appreciation of the community. The ladies of the Red Cross were permitted to use the club house for sewing and the preparation of supplies for the army and no distinction was made between members of the club and non-members. This was a concession that was deeply appreciated by the members of the Red Cross and was fully taken advantage of and proved a great accommodation. The officers of the club during the war were as follows:

President—Fred B. Capen.
Vice President—Sain Welty.
Secretary—Ralph Hasenwinkle.
Treasurer—Harris K. Hoblit.

The following is the list of members who were in the service:

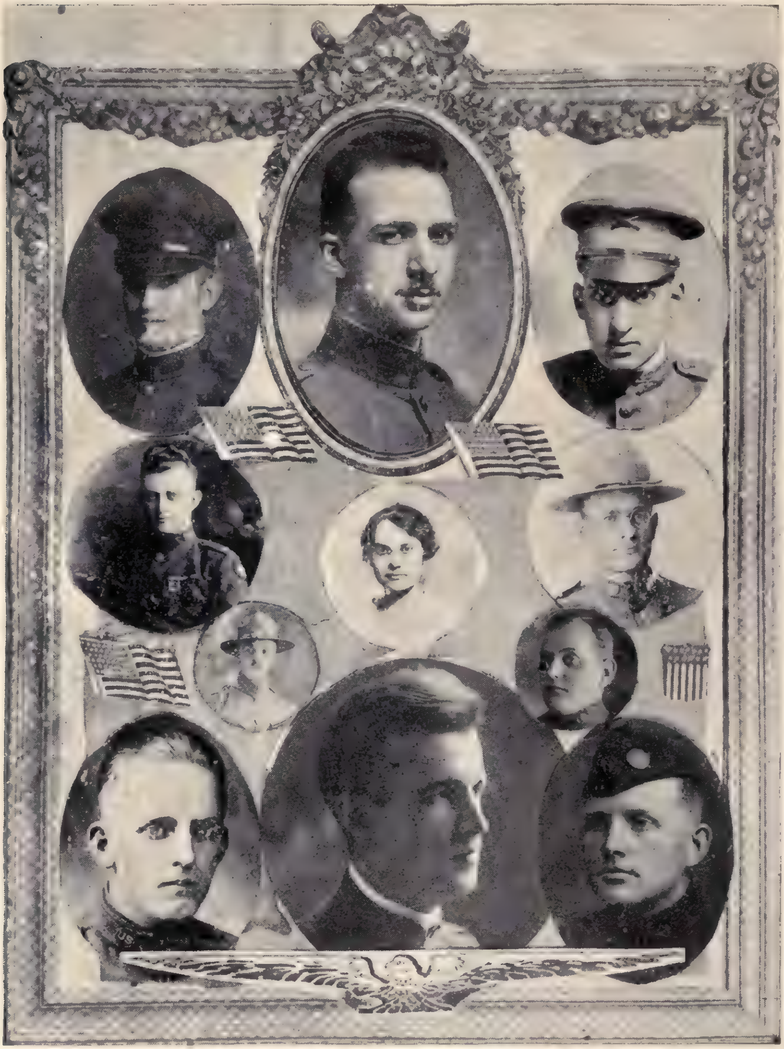
Anderson, W. W.
Bachman, D. D.
Bohrer, Joe
Bracken, Dwight
Brokaw, John
Brown, Clifford
Burr, Hudson
Carrithers, H. H.
Coulter, J. G.
Dick, Harry
Espey, J. E.
Felmley, John
Funk, G. W.
Funk, Jacob, Jr.
Gailey, Dr. W. W.
Gardner, Dr. W. H.
Gregory, Omar B.
Harwood, T. F.
Hawk, H. C. Jr.
Howell, Dr. H. L.
Klemm, Julius P.
Noble, Dr. R. A.
Soper, H. A.
Starkey, John
Stautz, Geo. P.
Tenney, H. H.
Young, L. H.

HEADED SALONIKI Y. M. C. A.

Rev. E. K. Masterson resigned the pastorate of the Baptist church in Normal to go into the army Y. M. C. A. work during the war, was sent to France, and after the close of the war to Greece. He became head of the Y. M. C. A. at Saloniki, where the Allies had a great military headquarters. In the early spring of 1919, a letter from George Horton, consul general of the U. S. at Saloniki, to Secretary Lansing, contained this statement about the work of Rev. Masterson:

''For some time now, in the absence of Mr. Henderson the bulk of the work in this city has fallen upon the shoulders of Rev. E. K. Masterson, who is showing tact and efficiency to an extraordinary degree. Unless he has some help before long, however, he is likely to break down from overwork. He keeps at it many hours of the day, with an enthusiasm that is inexhaustible, even continuing when he is suffering from fever. There is a great field for the H. A. N., as the Y. M. C. A. is called in Greece, and I believe that it will be possible to obtain the support, both here in Greece and out of it, for the erection of permanent buildings and centers in the principal cities.''

PANTAGRAPH NEWSPAPER HONOR ROLL



Top row left to right—Capt. Louis Colehower, Sergeant Emmett Gunn, Lt. Byron Shirley.

Second row, left to right—Lieut. Deane Duff; Miss Opha Wren; Frank Bill.

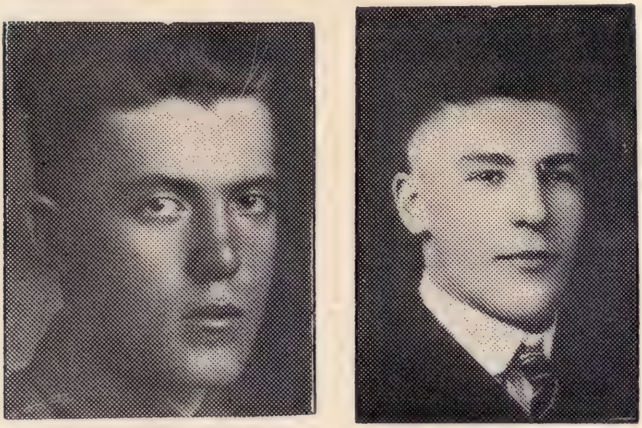
Third row—Lt. Fred Cox; Carl Guetschow.

Fourth row—Paul Gibson, Emmett Griffin, Sergt. Owen Dudley.

The Bloomington Daily Pantagraph contributed the following employees to the service:

Lieut. Louis E. Davis, Aviation.
Capt. Louis Colehower, Infantry.
Lieut. Byron Shirley, Cavalry.
Lieut. Fred Cox, Infantry.
Capt. Ivan A. Elliott, Heavy Artillery.
Sergt. James D. Foster, Infantry.
Paul E. Gibson, Balloon Corps.
Lieut. Deane Duff, Infantry.
Corp. Emmett H. Marquardt, Medical.
Corp. Paul M. Coogan, Aviation.
Frank Bill, Artillery.
H. H. Nichols.
James Emmett Griffin, Medical.
Howard Rodman, Medical.
Sergt. Emmett V. Gunn, Quartermaster.
Sergt. G. Owen Dudley, Intelligence.
Carl W. Guetschow, Medical.
R. Redmon.
Miss Opha Wren, Red Cross Service

AMERICAN TAXI CAB HONOR ROLL



Eugene B. Bedinger and Claud E. Bedinger

Two boys of whom any father or mother would have reason to be proud are Eugene B. Bedinger and Claud E. Bedinger, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel H. Bedinger, who are associated in business with their father in the AMERICAN TAXI & TRANSFER COMPANY, in Bloomington.

Eugene B. Bedinger enlisted in the air service December 11, 1916, and was assigned to the Balloon School at Omaha, Nebraska, for one year, leaving there with the first Balloon company organized in the Army and received eight months more instruction at Ft. Sill, Oklahoma. Sailed for France from Newport News, June 29th, 1918, landing at Brest, France. Served with the 25th and 101st, 102nd and 9th Balloon Corps, while in France. After the Armistice was signed was sent to England for instructions in the Dirigible Construction Balloon Company for four months. Sailed for New York, July 6th, 1918. Assigned to the 15th Aero Squadron Mineola until September, being sent to Wilbur Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, where he is still in service, holding the grade of sergeant and has charge of the Aviation Motor Repair Department.

Claud E. Bedinger, enlisted May 25, 1919, at the age of 17 and was assigned to the 27th and 30th Field Artillery, with headquarters at Jackson, South Carolina. Sailed August 21st, for Brest, France, remaining at Camp until October 16th, when his command moved up to the battle line and participated in the great battle of Argonne from October 16th until the Armistice on November 11th. He was privileged to be a participant in the greatest conflict of the war and fortunately escaped without injury and remained with the Army of Occupation at Coblenz, Germany, until August 19th. He sailed for home and was honorably discharged at Camp Grant, August 30, 1919. Resuming active connection with his father in business.

INVINCIBLE CAMP HONOR ROLL

Organized in June, 1888, Invincible Camp No. 1021, Modern Woodmen of America has been among the most successful of any of this well known fraternal order. During the war, the officers, serving through 1918, were as follows: Past Consul, E. G. Harvey; Consul, Clarence Wickoff; Adviser, Thos. Goodger; Clerk, L. Welling; Banker, Emil Zbinden; Escort, James Gillen; Watchman, Edward Farrell; Sentry, Frank Moews; Trustees, V. Ray Smock, L. R. Irvin, and J. C. Gehle. The lodge was active in war relief measures and generous in contributions, subscribing for $700 in Liberty Bonds, to the Red Cross, and also contributed the following members to the service of the army and navy:

Capt. Frank F. Tatman
Lt. Ralph Heffernan
Lt. Edward Wittmus
*Jess S. Anderson
Clarence Anderson
Felix M. Binnion
C. S. Butler
Carl H. Baumgart
Dr. T. W. Bath
Frank Bescher
Victor Collins
Evert M. Calhoun
Raymond H. Duehr
Geo. H. Davis
Wm. C. Everhart
L. G. Freeman
James Gillen
D. L. Hollingsworth
Louis A. Hayes
Shelby A. Hauffe
Sylvester Hibbins
Fred B. Jones
James F. Johnson
*Frank Jordan
William Keene
Ernest J. Leckner
Robert Messerli
H. C. Maloney
Wm. Nowatski
George Nowatski
Warren W. Owen
Frank L. Phillips
Frank N. Peck
George Preusch
Albert Scharf
James A. Skillman
Roy A. Seaman
William Springborn
Joseph Sweeney
Earl H. Vaughn
Harry Wickoff
Earl H. Waters
L. R. Wilson
S. C. Wright
Ralph White
A. A. West

STANFORD WOODMEN

The camp at Stanford of Modern Woodmen of American contributed the following members to the service:

George E. Garst
Dean M. Ewing
Otmer V. Folger
Grover I. Baldwin
Dr. L. B. Cavins
Dr. A. E. McReynolds
Wilbur R. Garst
Chester R. Naffziger
Leslie H. Hiner
Jesse A. Hawes
Arthur H. Harrop
Lester E. Wright
Lester B. Stout
Harry B. Rusmisell
Malcolm Sanders
E. R. Robertson
Lowell S. B[illegible]rton
Frank Wirrick
George E. Hamblin

Officers of the camp in 1918 were the following:
Consuls—Geo. E. Garst, J. M. Orendorff.
Adviser—Thos. Outlaw.
Banker—C. B. White.
Clerk—J. F. Garst.
Escorts—W. R. Garst, H. Babbs.
Consul and Escort both enlisted making it necessary to elect others.

MADE DEADLY GAS

Wayne Townley, former Wesleyan man and Bloomington high school instructor, was entered in the army in a special service detachment. He was sent to a government factory at Edgewater, Maryland, and was employed there during the closing months of the war in making asphyxiating gas designed for the use of the American army in France against the Germans. The process was a government secret. The plant was an immense one and had fairly got into full running order when the end of the war came.

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*Died in the service.

BLOOMING GROVE CAMP NO. 110, MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA

Officers 1918

G. O. Hankey—Venerable Consul.
Henry Clarke—Worthy Advisor.
C. A. Kleinau—Banker.
R. S. Davidson—Clerk.
Geo. D. Shaffer—Escort.
B. M. Donavan—Watchman.
E. J. Prinzback—Sentry.

Trustees

A. F. Heineman, H. M. Salch, H. E. Albee.
Camp No. 110 purchased $300.00 in Liberty Bonds.

Members in Service

Major A. E. Rogers
Lieut. H. L. Howell
Lieut. E. C. Hamill
Lieut. Frank Deneen
Lieut. Ben S. Rhodes
Lt. Ralph Morath

Armstrong James
Alsene, T. E.
Bunn, I. E.
Collum, D. R.
Clack, H. W.
Cahill, James
Cox, F. R.
Crawford, M. W.
Dugan, J. J., Jr.
Emmett, E. E.
Elfreich, R.
Gottschalk, P. A.
Gettel, Jos.
Gottschalk, D. E.
Grimm, John A.
Hoover, R. R.
Hall, Harry H.
Henly, Harry W.
Heyn, E. G.
Hull, Wm. J.
Jameson, W. G.
Kleese, Harry A.
Kurtz, P. C.
Kazar, D. E.
Kalahar, M. O.
Lash, Leslie (Died in Service)
Lucas, O. D.
Lindahl, C. S.
Lash, Bryan
Murray, Jos. P.
Meyer, Carl W.
Nevin, W. R.
O'Connor, John J.
Ploense, Carl W.
Salmon, O. M.
Sandborg, Roy E.
Sutherland, E. W. (Died in Service)
Streenz, T. J.
Townley, W. C.
Townley, F. S.
Wollrab, L. E.
Pierson, R. B.
Paul, J. C., Secretary Y. M. C. A.

NORMAL WOODMEN

Camp 1059, Modern Woodmen of America, located in Normal, invested $50 in war savings stamps and contributed the following members to the service:

H. R. Bustle
E. W. Callahan
Clyde Gray
Earl Littleton
Perl Miller
G. F. Moore
Howard Tobias
C. V. Conrad
John Erbe
Calvin King
Newton Mikesell
Russel Perkins
William H. Werner
Dr. W. L. Penniman
Dr. O. F. May
Dr. F. E. Sayers

Officers for 1918 were as follows:

Consul—George W. Skinner.
Adviser—Orion F. Huffington.
Past Con.—Edw. S. Palmer.
Banker—Otto H. Fissel.
Clerk—Everett L. Buck.
Escort—D. W. Rose.
Watchman—Sheridan Wilkey.
Sentry—Calvin King.
Physicians—F. C. McCormick, O. F. May, W. L. Penniman, F. E. Sayers.
Trustees—Wm. Brusch, A. E. Stout, A. E. Briscoe.

BLOOMINGTON CONSISTORY S. P. R. S. IN THE GREAT WAR

MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED MEMBERS OF BLOOMINGTON CONSISTORY SERVED IN THE WAR IN ONE CAPACITY OR ANOTHER.

Anderson, James C.
Anderson, Wilbur E.
Anglemeir, Russell H.
Annable, Neil E.
Apelt, Edgar
Apelt, Frank
Bach, Irwin W.
Barton, Warren C.
Bates, Walter B.
Blackwell, Eugene L.
Bowen, Carroll
Bremer, Maurice
Brown, E. Harold
Buess, Fred A.
Carrithers, Henry H.
Cash, LaRue
Catterlin, Merle W.
Chandler, Frank
Cheney, Roy R.
Clarke, Alfred H.
Clark, Vernon E.
Clarno, Harry T.
Crum, Ivan D.
Crumbaugh, Clifford L.
Denne, Simon F.
Dicus, Ora B.
Diggle, Henry E.
Dunham, W. C.
Fisher, Frank
Follick, Paul E.
Gailey, Watson W.
Galford, Gilbert H.
Gardner, Wilfred H.
Geneva, William B.
Gesell, Lester
Goodman, Harry W.
Grote, Henry W.
Gutel, Edward I.
Harry, Orris C.
Hartson, Wm. E.
Henry, Frank D.
Hoierman, Paul F.
Hooker, Henry K.
Howell, Harry L.
Imhoff, Roderick W.
Jacobs, Royal W.
Jarrette, James B.
Jiskra, Joseph T.
Johnson, Chester K.
Johnson, Harry G.
Johnson, Oscar W.
Johnston, Oscar W.
Jones, John R.
Katz, George
Kazar, Donald E.
Kimler, Roy E.
Kinsey, Irvin W.
Klemm, Julius P.
Kraft, Lowell C.
Kuhn, Waldo
Kyger, Donald E.
Kyser, Harry L.
Lafferty, Delmar W.
Lape, Walter F.
Lewis, Loren B.
Lewis, William E.
Liggitt, Charles C.
Loehr, William M.
Lovell, John G.
Luzader, Bryant A.
Lyman, Homer C.
McDonald, Elmer
McDonald, Floyd
McVay, Glenn H.
Marquardt, Harry T.
Marshall, Frank J.
Mayer, Raymond H.
Minch, Frank P.
Moffett, William
Moon, Edgar A.
Nevins, Loyd L.
Nierstheimer, Louis G.
Osten, Herbert B.
Owen, James
Paddock, William H.
Pass, Sam
Paul, James C.
Paxton, G. Noble
Peck, Frank N.
Rainsberger, George E.
Ramage, Harold T.
Renfro, William S.
Rickards, Corwin E.
Roberts, Raymond V.
Robertson, Colin J.
Rock, Roy J.
Rockwood, Roscoe
Ross, Albert L.
Russell, Don S.
Saddler, Harry D.
Sanderson, Charles R.
Schwindler, William
Scott, Shirley C.
Seeger, Carl W.
Shrock, Eugene G.
Sieburns, Lynn C.
Smallwood, Hank P.
Spier, Albert M.
Staten, Verne G.
Steere, Edwin B.
Stevenson, Howard H.
Stieglemeier, Walter H.
Storm, Harvey R.
Stubblefield, Ansel G.
Swindler, Rollin L.
Tiemann, Otto P.
Townley, Wayne
Turner, Walter C.
Uhrie, Raymond
Vance, Andrew P.
Vaughn, James A.
Wallis, Marshall
Washburn, Elmer O.
Watkins, Warren C.
Waugh, Carl T.
Westphal, William C.
Willerton, Edward P.
Wilson, Henry M.
Wilson, J. Guy
Wilson, Lunzie R.
Wollrab, Louis E.
Yakel, Harley B.
Zimmerman, Herman J.
Zimmerlin, John P.

HOME OF BLOOMINGTON CONSISTORY

LODGE 43 HONOR ROLL

Leslie O. Lash

Bloomington Lodge No. 43, A. F. and A. M., contributed the remarkable number of 102 men to the army service, one of whom, Leslie O. Lash, made the Supreme sacrifice. In addition, the lodge contributed $890 to war charities and purchased Liberty Bonds to the extent of $4300. Following were the officers of the lodge during 1918:

Clerc Tilbury, Worshipful Master.
Frank R. Berg, Senior Warden.
Hanson T. Mace, Junior Warden.
Clarence M. White, Treasurer.
Nimrod Mace, Secretary.
Henry Stanbery, Senior Deacon.
L. M. Crosthwait, Junior Deacon.
Donald E. Kazar, Senior Steward.
Clair R. McElheny, Junior Steward.
Frank H. Petrie, Chaplain.
Hardin J. Brown, Marshal.
Frank Noble, Tyler.
Frank R. Berg, A. M. Murray, Board of Control.
Frank H. Blose, Board of Relief.

THE ROLL OF HONOR

The following is the list of the members in the army or navy service:

R. H. Anglemeir
C. M. Bowen
Carl E. Behr
P. W. Barling
T. W. Bath
Fred Beckman
John A. Brokaw
Arnett S. Chapin
H. M. Cropper
A. J. Casner
LaRue Cash
John R. Clickener
E. B. Carter
George W. Daves
C. E. Dimmett
Harry K. Dick
W. J. Freese
G. King Franklin
George N. Frost
W. B. Geneva
W. W. Gailey
H. G. Garlock
W. M. Garrigus
Wilfred H. Gardner
G. H. Galford
Charles D. Havens
E. J. Hallsted
L. E. Harrison
H. E. Hayward
Edward G. Hammond
Harry Lee Howell
Harry H. Hall
Oscar G. Hoose
Fred W. Howard
W. Joe Hill
Rogers Humphreys
William P. Hensel
Clarence F. Hensel
Fitch Harwood
William E. Hartson
H. E. Harriott
W. B. Hindman
L. Ross Johnson
Oscar W. Johnson
Harry G. Johnson
Mevis C. Jennings
Waldo A. Kuhn
Donald E. Kazar
William O. Kershner
J. P. Longworth

C. W. Luckenbill
Loren B. Lewis
William M. Loehr
B. A. Luzader
E. Lyman Blose
Fred A. Lamke
Leslie O. Lash
Leonard F. Lang
Herman A. Lawrence
F. C. Munther
Ralph N. McCord
Raymond H. Mayer
Edward A. Mott
E. J. Murphey
George C. Murfey
Paul Mockert
L. G. Nierstheimer
James Owen
G. E. Owen
G. Noble Paxton
L. P. Reed
W. S. Renfro
E. B. Rodgers
Albert L. Ross
Howard Rhea
D. S. Russell
Ben S. Rhodes
R. V. Roberts
Eldon M. Rouse
Harry E. Riddle
Eugene G. Shrock
Vern G. Staten
Joseph N. Sletten
Harry D. Saddler
Clarence E. Smith
Albert M. Spier
Harvey R. Storm
Paul J. Snyder
H. E. Stappenbeck
Charles H. Snow
Robert M. Strickle
Milo C. Taylor
Harold E. VanPetten
Warren C. Watkins
Louis E. Wollrab
Carl T. Waugh
George S. Webb
J. F. Thompson
Jesse D. Havens
Ernest A. Jones
C. L. Fleischbein

Y. M. C. A. Work—J. C. Paul and Thomas W. Ward.
Total 102.

BLOOMINGTON CLUB HONOR ROLL

Thirty-three members of the Bloomington club were in the service, one Lieut. Louis E. Davis making the supreme sacrifice for his country. A large proportion won commissions and were otherwise prominent in the army. The club through individual subscriptions, was a leader in war relief work and its generosity was proverbial. In many ways the club contributed to the universal movement towards winning the war. The officers of the club during the war, were the following:

President, John W. Harber.
Vice-President, Everett C. George.
Secretary, Geo. F. Dick, Jr.
Treasurer, C. J. Northrup.
Directors, H. D. Bunnell, E. B. Mitchel, Ira S. Whitmer, Geo. C. Heberling, C. L. Hill.

Following is the honor roll:

Capt. Frank W. Aldrich
Hudson Burr
Edward S. Brown
Clifford Brown
D. D. Bachman
Dr. E. A. Behrendt
Roy R. Cheney
Lieut. Louis J. Colehower
*Lieut. Louis E. Davis
Harry K. Dick
Ralph C. DeMange
Dr. Watson W. Gailey
Dr. W. H. Gardner
Dr. G. H. Galford
Tracy E. Green
Omar B. Gregory
Rogers Humphreys
C. Blake Holton
Lieut. Ralph J. Heffernan
H. C. Hawk Jr.
Harry W. Hall
Lieut. Julius P. Klemm
Waldo A. Kuhn
I. G. Lain
Capt. Ralph N. McCord
Major (Dr.) R. A. Noble
Capt. Horace A. Soper
John J. Starkey
Geo. P. Stautz
Harry H. Tenney
Lieut. Walter Williams
Bourke C. Williams
Harold R. Watkins

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*Died in the service. Picture and sketch will be found in the department of "In Memoriam."

CHICAGO & ALTON HONOR ROLL

Capt. P. J. Watson

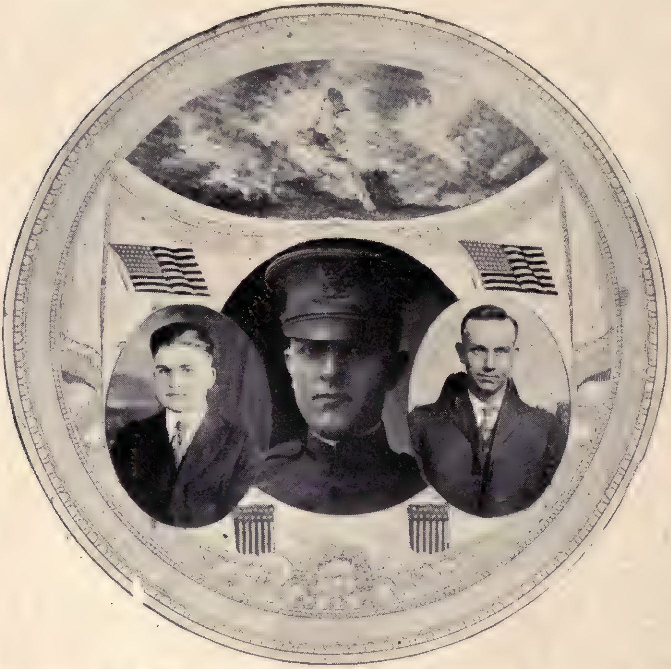
Harry Dennis

Chas. Pancake

The members of the various railroad brotherhoods procured a service flag in honor of the members of their organizations from Bloomington who entered the military service. There were thirty men, exclusive of the switchmen. This is considered a splendid showing and one which compares favorably with that of any of the departments of the road. The following are the engineers, firemen and brakemen of the Chicago & Alton: J. W. Burt, fireman; A. J. Segreit, fireman; G. Conavay, fireman; Gibson Forbes, brakeman; John Wheiting, brakeman; M. L. Sweeney, brakeman; J. Chestney, fireman; P. H. Hanahan, fireman; F. Friten, fireman; W. F. Harmes, fireman; E. Burton, brakeman; J. Forbes, brakeman; W. H. McLeese, brakeman; M. R. Sweeney, brakeman; R. Mowery, brakeman; E. Childs, fireman; H. L. Mitchell, fireman; L. Murray, fireman; F. E. Parker, fireman; W. H. Parker, fireman; F. C. Griffin, brakeman; A. Crebaum, brakeman; E. Painter, fireman; H. Dennis, engineer; J. M. Palmer, fireman; W. Emmett, fireman; B. England, fireman; C. A. Cowan, fireman; C. E. Baxter, engineer; H. T. Hiller, fireman.

In addition, the Chicago and Alton contributed a number of clerks who volunteered and who are mentioned elsewhere. Many shopmen also enlisted and other departments contributed their full quota. P. J. Watson, division engineer won a captain's commission by efficient duty in France.

B. & N. RY. & LT. CO. HONOR ROLL



Center—Lt. G. L. Knight; left—L. W. McDonald; right—K. S. Kirby.

The Bloomington and Normal Street Railway and Light Co. has a very creditable service flag, the following employes entering the service:

Joe Trimble, enlisted December 15th, 1917, at Jefferson Barracks in Signal Corps. Sailed from Hoboken June 9th, 1918, for France with Second Depot Bat. Arrived Brest, France, June 19th. After landing was transferred to 409th Telegraph Bat. S. C., Second Army. Made Private First Class August 1st. Went to front October 19th on the Meuse Argonne offensive and there remained until after armistice was signed. Temporarily assigned to Army of Occupation at Longwy, France. Sailed for U. S. April 5, 1919, landed Hoboken April 13th. Discharged Camp Grant April 28th, 1919.

Harvey R. Storm, Electrician. Volunteered May 4, 1917, not accepted. Sent to Jefferson Barracks, December 10, 1917, rejected December 12, 1917. Inducted in service as Alternate April 3, 1918. Assigned to 2nd Co. C. A. C. I. I. S. Fort H. G. Wright, N. Y. Transferred from 2nd Co. to 68th Reg. C.A.C. Transferred from 68th Reg. to Fort H. G. Wright Radio Station assigned 1st Operator July 8, 1918. Received appointment to Elec. school of Enlisted specialists C.A.C. School at Fortress Monroe, Va., September 13, 1918. School closed December, 1918. Left Fortress Monroe January 1, 1919. Discharged at Camp Grant January 9, 1919.

Chas. F. Snyder, Electricians Helper. Enlisted February 28, 1918, and assigned to 1st Company C. A. C. at Portland, Me. Battery B 72nd. Artillery C. A. C. A. E. F. Went overseas August 6, 1918, landed England August 25th. On September 1 sailed for France where he remained until March 19, 1919. Discharged latter part of May, 1919.

Bryan Maxwell, employed as Efficiency Engineer, enlisted in the Naval Reserve at Great Lakes. Was transferred to Norfolk, Va., where he contracted Spanish Influenza and died.

John Fritzen, employed at Power Plant. Enlisted in the Naval Reserve at Great Lakes and was not heard from after enlistment.

Wesley Van Schoick, employed as Collector. Drafted into service June 24th, 1918, and stationed at Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga. He was later sent overseas but was not heard from after going overseas.

Lawrence W. McDonald, enlisted in the Quartermaster Corps August 11th, 1918, and was assigned tc the 5th Company Camp Meigs, Washington, D. C. Ordered transferred to Camp Grant, Ill., December 28th and was discharged January 17th, 1919.

Siegfried Moline drafted into service and sent to Camp Grant, Rockford and not heard from after leaving employ.

Waldo L. Long, clerk, drafted into service and sent to Camp Grant, Rockford, but because of physicial disability did not enter service.

John Stevenson, employed as New Business Solicitor, enlisted at the very outbreak of the war at Jefferson Barracks and was not heard from after enlistment.

P. C. Ferrell, drafted in the Army and sent to Camp Dodge and not heard from after entering army. Was employed as electrician at El Paso, Illinois.

Paul Walter, car man, drafted and sent to Camp Dodge. Later sent to Camp Pike, Arkansas. After brief preliminary training was sent overseas and saw action in which he was wounded in the elbow, which wound will leave him partially disabled. Discharged April 29, 1919.

O. A. Montgomery, car man, enlisted in the Medical Department and was stationed at Fort Riley, Kansas, Medical Officers Training Camp Hospital No. 18 until the close of the war.

Wm. Craig, Engineer Power Plant, enlisted in the Aviation Corps and was stationed at San Antonio, Texas, for the duration of the war.

K. Schoenman, Oiler Power Plant, enlisted at Jefferson Barracks and was never heard from after enlistment.

E. Crew, Oiler Power Plant, entered Navy at Great Lakes Naval Training Station and not heard from after enlistment.

J. K. Tuthill, Local Manager at El Paso, Ill., entered Army service as Instructor in the Aviation Signal Corp.

G. L. Knight, employed as Ass't Operating Engineer, entered Military service January 2, 1918, as Private in Quartermaster Corps, was sent to Camp Joseph E. Johnston at Jacksonville, Fla. Remained there until August 17th on which date he was discharged as an enlisted man and given a commission as 2nd Lieut. At this time he was assigned to the Construction Division and ordered to Camp Greene at Charlotte, N. C. Here he remained as Property and Supply Officer for the Utilities Branch of the Construction Division until the date of his final release from the military service on May 1st, 1919.

Jno. M. Barr, Ass't to Operating Engineer, enlisted in the Medical Department at Jefferson Barracks May 16th, 1918, where he remained until January 15th, 1919, at which time he was transferred to the Quartermaster Corps at Jefferson Barracks. He gained the rank of Private 1st Class and was released at Jefferson Barracks on May 20th, 1919.

H. W. Hoerr, Electrician, Morton, Illinois, enlisted at Jefferson Barracks and no word was received locally after his enlistment.

L. D. Simpson, Car man, drafted in service May 28, 1918, and entered service at Fort Thomas, Ky., June 2nd and was transferred to Camp Gordan, Atlanta, Ga., and on June 10th to Fort Sheridan, Ala., where he remained until November 29th, 1918. On June 13th was sent to Camp Grant, Ill., and discharged on June 15th.

L. S. Kirby, Car Man, drafted in service April 3, 1918, and went to Fort H. G. Wright. April 22nd was transferred to 3rd Co., July 19th, 1918, transferred to 68th Regiment C.A.C. August 8th sailed for overseas and landed in England August 24th. Left England August 29th and landed at La Havre, France, same date. Sailed for home February 2nd, 1919, landing February 15th. Discharged at Camp Dodge about March 1st, 1919.

L. S. Bowley, Car man, drafted in service and went to Fort H. G. Wright. Received sailing orders and was out to sea when Armistice was signed and transport returned to the States and he was discharged.

Stanley H. Paul, Clerk, enlisted February 28th, 1918, 1st Co. C. A. C. Portland, Me. Battery B 72nd Artillery C. A. C. A. E. F. Headquarters 161st Depot Brigade, Camp Grant. Went over seas August 6, 1918, landed England August 25th. Sept. 1 sailed for France. Sailed for home March 19th. Discharged June 7th, 1919, at Camp Grant. Gained rank of Radio Sergeant.

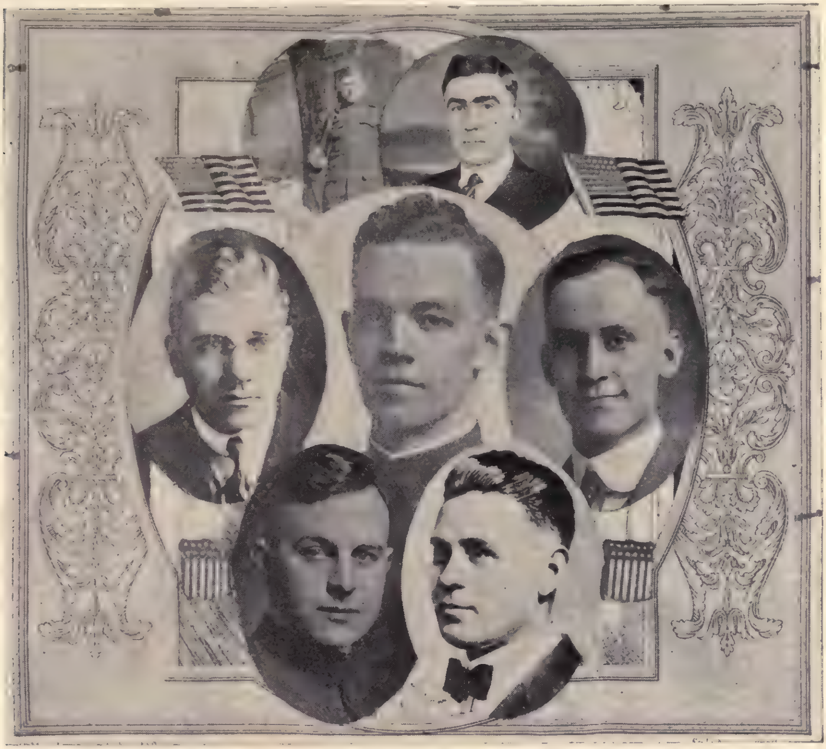
Lyman Blose, Mechanic Power Plant, enlisted and went in army service at Columbus, Ohio.

M. Pifer, laborer, drafted and went to New London, Conn., and never heard from after entering army.

Owen Carroll, Electrician El Paso, Ill. Drafted in army and stationed at Fort Perry, N. Y. Not heard from locally after entering service.

Flag Raising by Street Railway Employes at Car Barns

CAMPBELL HOLTON & CO. HONOR ROLL



Top row (left)—Glen Bartley; right)—Martin Russell.

Center—Blake Holton; left center—Leslie Stone; right center—F. C. Proctor.

Botton, left—Leonard Dexter; right—Ralph R. Thompson.

Of the employes of the firm of Campbell Holton & Co. Wholesale Grocers, Bloomington, who were in the army, Leslie Stone, saw much active service in France. Training at Jacksonville, Fla., he sailed for Brest, France, April 15, leaving Guvres after a longer period of strenuous duty, reaching Chateau du Loir February 14, 1919. He then spent six months with the Army of Occupation in Holland and Belgium and was discharged at Camp Grant September 8.

F. C. Proctor trained at Camp Stuart, V., in the M. S. Dept., sailed November 1, 1918, for France, landing at St. Nazaire, remaining abroad with the Army of Occupation until July 6, 1919, receiving his discharge at Mitchell Field July 22.

Glenn Bartley trained at Fort Wright in the coast artillery, leaving Camp Mills for France, September 20, 1918, and assisted in guarding Paris at Fort De Stains, ten miles distant. He saw much of the French capital. He received his discharge at Camp Grant January 25, 1919.

Ralph R. Thompson enlisted June 24, 1918, trained at Camp Wheeler with the 123d Infantry, sailed for France October 13, saw much active service until the following summer and was discharged at Camp Grant June 20, 1919.

Leonard Dexter trained at Camps Dodge, Gordon and Upton, and reached Le Havre, France, May 16, 1918, and was distinguished in spending five months in the front line of service at the Toul, Marbash, St. Mihiel, Meuse and Argonne sectors. He was gassed and wounded by shrapnel in the latter offensive and was able to get a thorough insight into the grim vicissitudes of war. He remained abroad until the following summer and was discharged at Camp Grant May 30, 1919.

Blake Holton enlisted December 15, 1917, at the Chicago Medical Supply Depot and was successively on duty at Camp Stuart, Camp Hill, Debarkation Hospital, Hampton Roads, Embarkation Hospital, and finally Camp Grant, seeing constant duty until his discharge May 5, 1918, having been promoted to sergeant.

Clyde Jetton enlisted June 3, 1918, and trained at Great Lakes naval station at Cambridge, Mass., being released February 11, 1919.

Martin Russell enlisted September 21, 1918, at Columbus, O., trained at Camp Hancock and was discharged February 20, 1919.

Park Powell trained at Camp Dodge but was discharged on account of ill health.

Henry Carlson trained at Camp Grant and Camp MacArthur and was discharged December 23, 1918.

Thomas Shanahan saw service with the Bloomington draft board and Andy Mann joined the S. A. T. at Camp Dodge.

PROF. DOUGLAS CLAY RIDGLEY

Douglas Clay Ridgley, professor of geography at the Illinois State Normal University, enlisted October 10, 1918, in Y. M. C. A. Educational Department for service in France, reported at New York December 20 and sailed January 4, 1919, with 75 other workers, reaching Paris January 19 and was assigned by the Army Educational Commission of the Y. M. C. A. as Director of Geography in the A. E. F. He aided in the organization of army schools and visited educational centers of the First and Second Armies at Beaune, Cote d'Or, headquarters of the A. E. F. University; aiding in the organization of the Department of Geography and Geology of that institution, and the geography courses in the Farm school at Allerey, twelve miles distant. On April 15 Prof. Ridgley was transferred to the newly organized Army Educational Corps, the army taking over all educational activities, and spent a month making a tour with a party of educators, of the schools of the Army of Occupation, covering 2500 miles by automobile, visiting points in France, Belgium and Germany. The next month was spent lecturing among the Service of Supplies troops in the Argonne region where 8,000 were working on the Argonne cemetery. On June 10, 1919, Prof. Ridgely received his discharge from the army with privilege of twenty days travel in France and Belgium, covering 3,000 miles by train and with the pleasure of being accompanied by his fellow instructor at the I. S. N. U., Prof. E. W. Cavins. They visited the Rhone Valley, Mediterranean Coast, Marseilles to Nice, French Alps, including Mt. Blanc, Central Highlands, Bordeaux, battle front from Chateau Thierry to the English Channel, Belgium from Ostend to Brussels, Louvain, Liege, Namur, and battle lines in regions of Sedan, Verdun, St. Mihiel Rhiems, etc. They then returned to America, reaching Normal July 26. During the seven months absence of Prof. Ridgley he travelled 15,000 miles and the experience was included among the most enjoyable of his life.

J. F. HUMPHREYS & CO. HONOR ROLL

The wholesale grocery firm of J. F. Humphreys & Co., Bloomington, contributed a very large number of employes to the service, the list being as follows:

D. D. Bachman, U. S. A. Ambulance Service Sec. 611.
C. M. Bowen, Co. D 46th Inf.
Paul Bloomquist, U. S. N. R. F.
Carl Bock, Hdq. Co. 345th Inf.
Wm. W. Barrett, Co. D 12th M. G. Bn.
John Fenton, Camp Wheeler, Ga.
Guy Gray, 16th Aero Squadron.
H. E. Henson, Co. M 37th Inf.
Carl Hallstedt, Co. H 28th Inf.
Rogers Humphreys, 5th Squadron Marine Corps Flyers.
Wm. H. Iungerich, M. T. C. No. 423.
Walter Johnson, 16th Ordnance Depot Co.
Lloyd Ledderbogge, Navy.
Eugene McCarthy, Navy (Died in Service).
Julian Mohr, Navy.
Geo. Nies, Jefferson Barracks.
Ivan Martin, Navy.
Joe Matt, Navy.
Chas. Neeld, Navy.
A. B. Perry, 5th Regt. Marines.
Alfred Peterson, 309 Supply Co.
Eugene Phillips, Army Aviation Service.
Roy Seammen, Co. I 128th Inf.
Ralph Stewart, Navy.
Archie Sayers, Hdq. Co. 326th Inf.
Howard Stevenson, 45th C. A. C.
Earl Van Ordstrand, Army Aviation Service.
P. B. Vandeveer, 68th C. A. C.
Frank Watchinski, Co. I 326th Inf.
Orion Wright, Bty. F. 68th C. A. C.
Straude Wiseman, Navy.
L. L. Waterfield, Co. A 328 Bn., Tank Corps.

Upper row (left to right)—John F. Schneider, William Swearingen, Leslie R. Suter, Earl Stickler, Michael Stokes, Charles Smith, Fred E. Shoup, Vernest E. Stockdale, Leslie Stone, Jack K. Simonson.
Second row—Fred C. Schroeder, Joseph G. Stevens, Warren A. Stubblefield, Ellis D. Stubblefield, Guy M. Stubblefield, William F. Shorthose, Park F. Shorthose, Chas. L. Stephens.
Third row—John A. Schmidt, Valle Staffen, Keith Stark, Elmer Straub, Emmett E. Stiger, Joseph Sweeney.
Fourth row—George B. Sweeney, John W. Stewart, Russell I. Simkins, David Shadid, Harlan W. Sachs.

C. U. WILLIAMS & SON HONOR ROLL

Of the attaches of the motor vehicle firm of C. U. Williams & Son, 207-209 East Washington street, Bloomington, who were in the service, Walter W. Williams, junior member of the firm, made a notable record in the aviation department, Enlisting December 1, 1917 as Master Signal Electrician with the 38th Aero Squadron, located at Chanute Field, Rantoul, he soon won a commission as an engineer officer. Major G. W. Krapf, who made the recommendations, paid him a notable tribute. After alluding to the rapid advancement and frequent promotions of Mr. Williams, Major Krapf stated: "He is the most valuable man on the field. He has remarkable ability in the handling of men and to a large extent, is responsible for the success of the field. His qualifications can be used to better advantage and his knowledge and executive ability would be more effective and of more actual value to the service as a commissioned officer than in his present status. His services are needed here and he knows local conditions. His business experience has made him more mature and he commands more respect than his age would indicate." Lieutenant Williams spent some time at a New Jersey camp after his promotion and then received his discharge, following the end of the war, then returning to Bloomington. The following is the roster of other attaches of this firm who were in the service:

J. B. Havens
George Johnson
Jack Daniels
Wm. Rexroat
Wm. Watchinski
Wm. Sweeney
Sam Reed
Robt. McGregor
Francis Harry
Wm. R. Smalley
John Clark
Faye Baldwin
Park Shorthose
Harlan Dorland
G. J. Gates
J. G. Winstrom
Martin Walsh
A. S. Coomer

Howard Wiley (Died October 9, 1918).

Earl T. Smith (Died October 15, 1918). A biography and picture of both will be found in the department reserved for "In Memoriam."

Harry Umphress (center), W. L. Urban (left), Raymond E. Uhrie (right).

JOHN A. BECK HONOR ROLL

John A. Beck, Bloomington, was one of the most active war relief workers and was numbered among the most generous contributors. He was especially prominent in the Young Mens Christian Association and also a faithful and energetic committeeman upon many of the various activities and assisted in every way possible. Mr. Beck was deserving of the fullest measure of credit for his part among the workers at home in helping to win the war.

Of the attaches of the John A. Beck Company, 116 S. Main street, Bloomington, Louis E. Wollrab enlisted May 31, 1918, was assigned to Camp Sheridan Montgomery, Ala., was promoted to corporal and remained there until he received his discharge April 1, 1919.

Thomas C. Jenkinson enlisted June 19, 1918, trained at Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., was sent to France, seeing much active service and returned home six months after the war was over and was discharged September 1, 1919.

Edwin I. Lundborg was inducted into the army at Camp Grant in the summer of 1917, went overseas, serving with credit and returned home in the spring of 1919, receiving his discharge with the rank of sergeant June 1, 1919.

Top Row (left to right)—Henry W. Capen, C. D. Glen Cook, Ivan D. Campbell, Richard A. Chapman, Roy Cruikshank, Paul Crumbaker, and Jesse F. Carnell. *Second Row*—Marcus W. Coyle, Dwight Cooksley, Robert H. Crum, Lyman A. Canady, Roy E. Chrisman, Eric Clason, A. R. Clason.

F. H. COLE MOTOR CO. HONOR ROLL

Of the attaches of the Frank H. Cole Motor Car Co. with plants at 301-3 East Front street and 200-202 South Main, Bloomington, George J. Gollmar, manager, selected the aviation section of the signal corps when the call came for enlistments. He reported at the Rantoul, Ill. (Chanute) field on June 27, 1918, and was given strenuous duty in the inspection of motors for air crafts, his familiarity with gasoline engines giving him the necessary qualifications for this responsible duty. He continued in this capacity until October 1, 1918, when he was transferred to the Aviation Officers Training Camp at Fort Omaha, Nebraska. He made such an excellent showing in his knowledge of air craft and its mechanism that he was recommended for a commission and would have received this honor but for the sudden ending of the war and the closing of the camp. He received his discharge on November 27, Thanksgiving Day, 1918, and immediately resumed his post with the F. H. Cole Company, having greatly enjoyed his life in camp and his tour of duty.

Other attaches of the F. H. Cole Co. who were in the service included C. F. Snerly, salesman, who won a commission as lieutenant at Camp Logan, enlisting in the infantry but being transferred to the air service in France, seeing much active service in the Argonne, and Somme offensives, and being discharged June 19, 1919.

Harry Hall was assigned to the tank corps and saw much strenuous duty in France.

William Hart was in the Motor Transport Corps and also saw much duty in France.

James Allen was in the aviation department at Chanute field. Dean Montgomery trained at Camp Taylor in the motor corps. Emmett Koos in the motor transport corps at Camp Grant. James M. Kinsella in the nitro detachment at Sheffield, Alabama, while Monroe Rodman also saw much service in the Motor Transport Corps.

OUR BOYS WHO WERE IN SERVICE

HAWKS, INCORPORATED
Bloomington, Illinois

LESLIE O. LASH
Died in Service

H. C. Hawk, Jr.
Harold Protzman
Ray Wallace
Grover Norris

Oscar Anderson
Everett Calhoun
Willard Hoover
Herbert Ploense

PORTABLE ELEVATOR CO. HONOR ROLL

PORTABLE ELEVATOR GROUP
Center—George Meece.
Left—William L. Arnold.
Right—William H. Werner.
Below (*left to right*)—Oscar Jones, Walter Mau.

The Portable Elevator Company located at 920-930 East Grove street, Bloomington was most creditably represented in the service. George Meece enlisted August 21, 1917 in Co. 484, Aerial squadron, spent twelve months in France, and received two citations, one while with the first army and the other with the second army.

William F. Arnold was inducted into the army May 9, 1918, trained at Camp MacArthur, was made sergeant in the quartermasters corps, training later at Camp Grant, and was discharged Jan. 3, 1919.

Walter H. Mau enlisted Jan. 19, 1918, and was sent to Newport News, training there and other coast points. While enroute for New York to go overseas the armistice was signed and he was disappointed. He was discharged from Co. K of the 48th Infantry, January 22, 1919.

Ocean Wilson Jones enlisted and left April 3, 1918, for Fort Wright, training in the coast artillery, sailing for France August 8, via Liverpool. After active duty until the armistice, he sailed for home was discharged March 6, 1919.

William H. Werner enlisted and trained for the navy at Great Lakes, commencing May 13, 1918. He sailed on the Leviathan June 13 for France where he prosecuted his naval aviation training. He also saw active duty in England and was a member of a sailor minstrel company organized there. He was discharged April 25, 1919.

Harry L. Wickoff enlisted in the navy May 13, 1918, trained at Great Lakes and Norfolk, was assigned to the battleship Massachusetts, and later the armored cruiser Minneapolis and was in convoy duty, later making six trips on the K. I. Luckinbach, a transport. He was discharged September 26, 1919. His photograph is published in one of the naval groups of this work.

P. L. Robert enlisted May 8, 1917, as fireman in the navy and had the privilege of witnessing the surrender of the German High Seas fleet November 21, 1918, fifty miles off the coast of Scotland. These included ten superdreadnoughts, fifty destroyers and fifty submarines. He was discharged July 15, 1919.

William Dambold was inducted into the army June 27, 1918, and was trained at Camp Wheeler. While ready for overseas duty, the armistice was signed and he was discharged January 6, 1919.

John F. Clark enlisted November 9, 1917, and served ten months in France with Co. E, 38th infantry. He received a citation for bravery, serving in the battles of the Ainse Marne, Chateau Thierry, Champagne Marne, St. Mihiel, Vesle Sec. Meuse Argonne. He was discharged August 30, 1919.

Elmer Doner was inducted into the army September 19, 1917, trained at Camp Dodge and was discharged October 19 on account of weak eyes.

Otto Sablotzke served as cook following his induction into the army and was discharged with credit.

UNION GAS & ELECTRIC CO. HONOR ROLL

Of the attaches of the Union Gas & Electric Co. of Bloomington who were in the service, one Edward Wittmis, was commissioned Lieutenant. He was inducted into the army September 19, 1917 and trained at Camp Dodge, Iowa. He was in France in active service from August 7, 1918, until August 16, 1919, and was rapidly promoted, due to meritorious service, winning the non-commissioned chevrons and, finally, a lieutenantcy. He was discharged August 18, 1919.

UNION GAS & ELECTRIC CO. HONOR ROLL

(*Top*)—Chester Dodge.
(*Center*)—Paul H. Lehman, Edward Wittmis.
(*Below*)—Peter Brown.

Paul Henry Lehman selected the navy for his service, enlisting August 9, 1918, and was assigned to the Great Lakes station for training. He was released from active service February 6, 1919.

Harry Kleese was inducted into the army April 3, 1918, and assigned to the coast artillery, being trained at Fort Wright, N. Y. He was overseas from October 5, 1918, to March 14, 1919, and received his discharge March 28, 1919.

Chester A. Dodge was inducted into the army May 1, 1918, training at Camp Fremont, Cal., with Co. H of the 13th Infantry. He was discharged October 12, 1918.

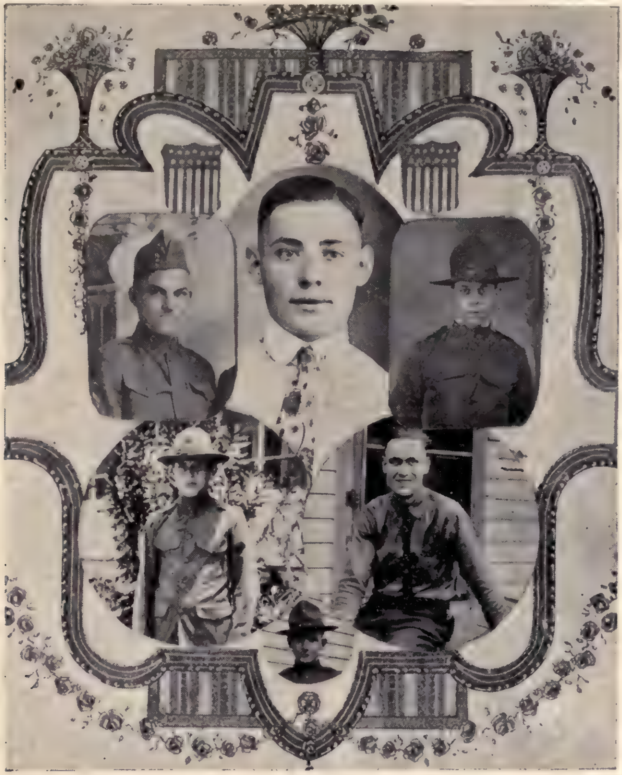
Peter James Brown enlisted April 30, 1918, in the naval aviation department trained at Camp Logan and was discharged February 23, 1919.

Leonard Crego was inducted into the service June 26, 1918, assigned to the radio section of the 117th Field Artillery at Camp Jackson, S. C., and was discharged January 17, 1919.

Thomas Welling was inducted into the army June 26, 1918, assigned to the infantry at Camp Wheeler, and was discharged May 28, 1919.

Emil Butzirus was inducted into the army June 26, 1918, assigned to the infantry trained at Camp Wheeler and was discharged May 28, 1919.

DODGE-DICKINSON CO. HONOR ROLL



Upper—Frank W. Ploense, Gerhart H. Ploense, Albert Friedewald (left to right). Lower—Walter R. Ploense, William Harrington. Below—Charles Mott.

Of the employes of the Dodge-Dickinson Co., mattress and couch manufacturers of Bloomington, who entered the service, several were fortunate in reaching France. Frank W. Ploense enlisted June 24, 1918, and trained at Camp Wheeler. He sailed for France September 19, 1918, and saw much active service before peace was declared. He remained with the Army of Occupation and then received his discharge at Camp Grant May 10, 1919.

Walter R. Ploense enlisted May 2, 1917, trained at Fort Randolph and then went to the canal zone, Panama with the 8th Company, C. A. C. He received his discharge at Camp Dix, October 2, 1919.

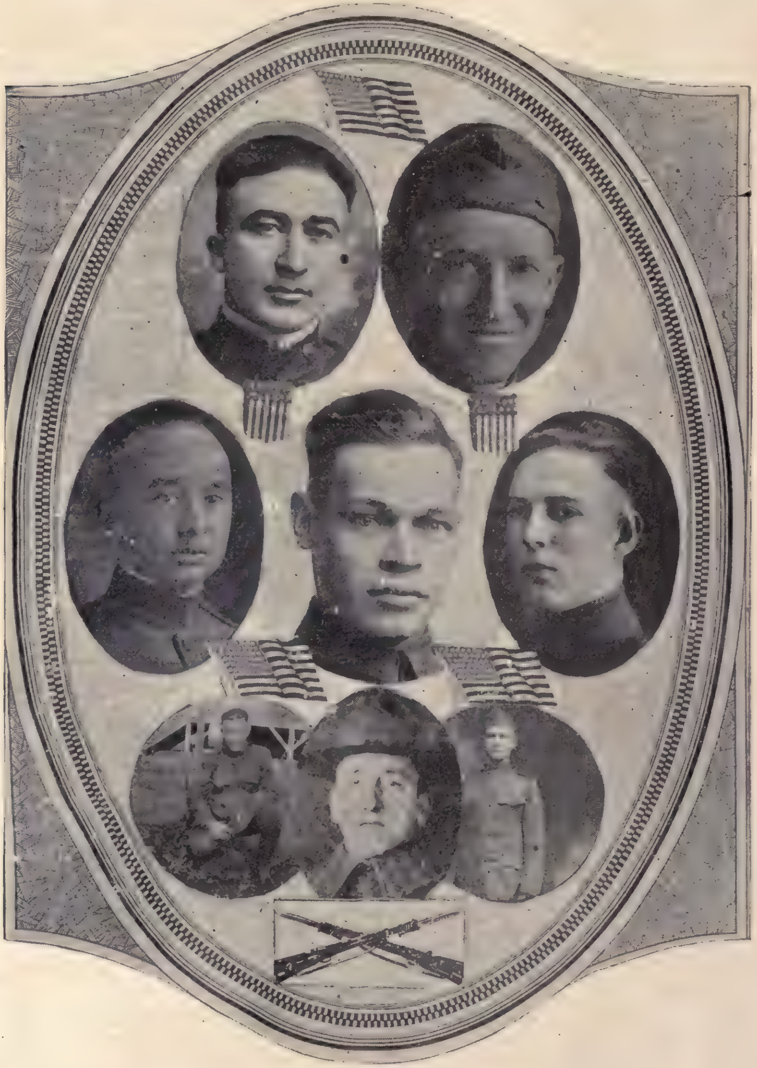
Charles Mott trained at Fort Washington with the 52d artillery and was discharged at Camp Grant January 25, 1919.

Gerhart H. Ploense enlisted September 6, 1918, trained with the engineering corps at Camp Forrest, Ga., and received his discharge at Camp Custer, December 27, 1918.

Albert Friedewald enlisted September 5, 1918, trained at Camp Grant and was discharged there October 28, 1919. His service was with the Infantry.

William Harrington enlisted June 24, 1918, served in the Motor Transport Corps, went overseas and served ten months in active duty abroad. He returned home via Charleston, South Carolina and received his discharge at Camp Grant July 16, 1919.

C. W. KLEMM HONOR ROLL



Upper row (left to right)—Joseph E. Burkey, Roy W. Karr.
Center—Julius Klemm.
Left of Center—Jesse J. Jones; right of center—Porter W. Karr,
Lower, left to right—Jesse E. Small, Carl Kumming, Jacob W. Weber.

Of the employes of the C. W. Klemm wholesale and retail dry goods stores, Bloomington, who were in the services, one Julius Klemm, junior member of the firm won a commission of Lieutenant. He enlisted June 1, 1917, and trained at Camp Logan, Houston, Texas, and Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga. He received his discharge November 28, 1918.

Sergeant Chas. N. Karr trained at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Oglethorpe, and Fort Bliss, being discharged April 9, 1919.

Sergeant Carl H. Kumming trained at Kelly Field, Texas, and Buffalo, N. Y. He was discharged March 29, 1919.

Jacob W. Weber, Surgical assistant trained at Camps Wheeler and Mills and went to France November 9, 1918, seeing service at Brest, La Val, Le Mans and St. Nazaire. He was discharged July 12, 1919.

Sergeant Jesse L. Jones trained at Camps Johnston and Wheeler and was discharged March 10, 1919.

Sergeant Joseph E. Burkey trained at Camp Wheeler and was discharged January 22, 1919.

William R. Heikes served at Great Lakes and went to France in the U. S. S. Mobile. He was made baker and discharged Sept. 16, 1919.

Jesse Small trained at Camp Meigs and Rahway, N. J., and was discharged May 27, 1919.

Lawrence Koos trained at Fort Monroe and Camps Merritt and Stewart, went overseas April 5, 1918, was in the battle of St. Mihiel and in the Meuse-Argonne offensive. He was discharged February 26, 1920.

Louis Seiffert trained at Lincoln, Neb., and Camp Grant and was made C. I. O. T. S., being discharged November 23, 1918.

Porter W. Karr trained at Fort Bliss and Camp Vail, went across December 24, 1917, was in the battles of Toulon, Aisne, Chateau Thierry, Aisne Marne, St. Mihiel, Champagne and Meuse Argonne. Discharged August 11, 1919.

Roy Karr trained at Kelly Field and went across January 3, 1918, was in the Lys defensive, St. Mihiel offensive and Meuse Argonne battle. Discharged June 16, 1919.

MANUFACTURED ICE CO. HONOR ROLL

Above—Lt. Chester McLaren.
Center—James Lucas.
Below—Thomas Williams.

Chester McLaren, of the many employes of the Bloomington Manufactured Ice and Cold Storage Co., who were in the service, had the distinction of winning a commission. Training at Houston, Texas, and also seeing service in Mexico, he was successively promoted to corporal, sergeant and lieutenant of the 123d Machine Gun Battalion. He saw much active service in France and later was with the Army of Occupation, his record being of the very best. He received his discharge August 1, 1919, and then located at Akron, Ohio. Other employes of the Bloomington company in the service were the following: Joe Wilcox, James Lucas, Howard Rodman,* Albert Scharf, Tom Williams, Glenn Pringey, Brinkley Latham, Gyles Wright, A. Grampp, E. Livingston, Harry Graehl,† George Selby, C. C. Ashby, Richard Cook and Roy Snedaker.

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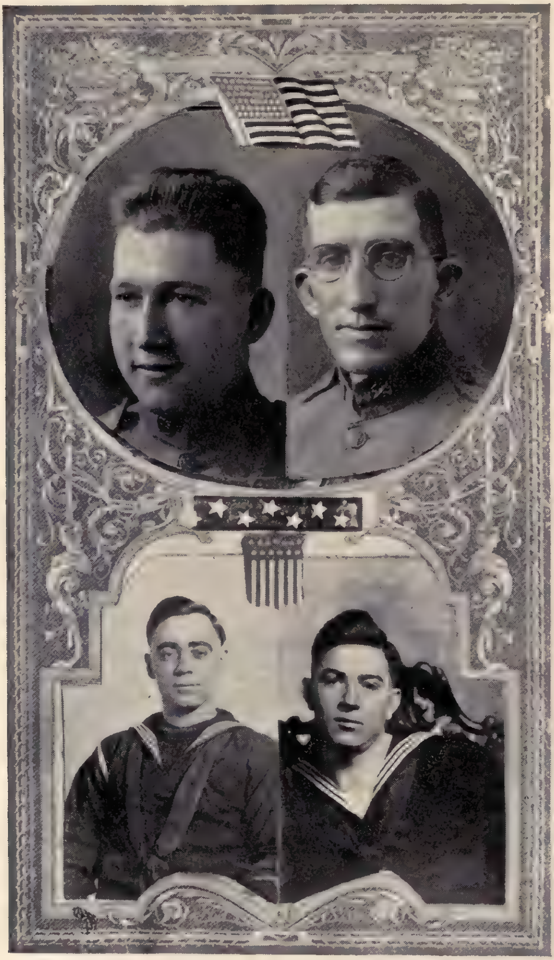
*Died of disease in Camp.
†Killed in Action.

CHARLES UTESCH HONOR ROLL

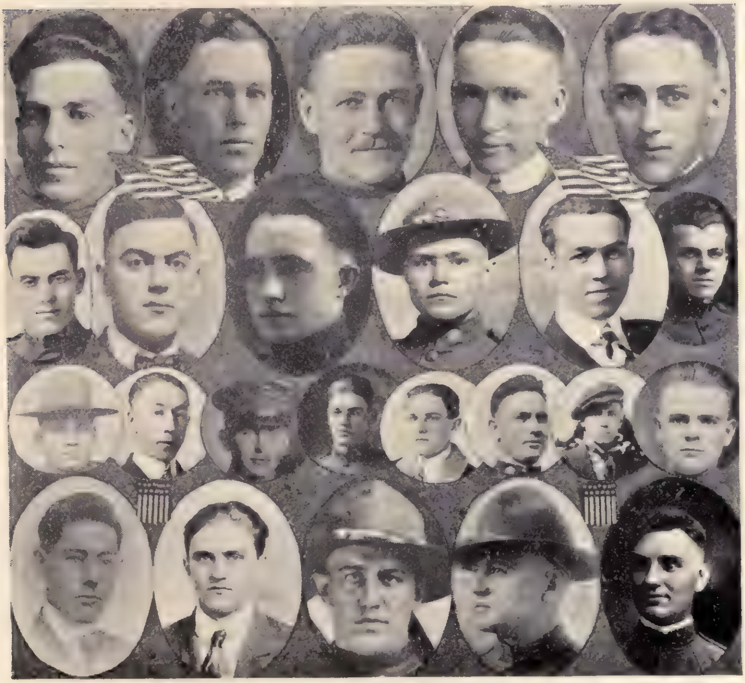


Upper left—Walter Greishaber; upper right—Roy A. Herring.
Lower left—Earl Million; lower right—Edward Pitsch.

Charles Utesch, Bloomington, who operates grocery, meat market and bakery at 428-430 North Main street, Bloomington and also branch plants was included among the active and generous participants in all war relief work who so distinguished Bloomington. Perhaps his most notable service, however, was in the founding of the co-operative delivery system, designed to release a large number of drivers for the war and which proved to be a great success. He organized a mutual company which provided for the delivery of products for a large number of Bloomington stores and thus enabling the release of a large number of men to the army and navy. This system proved so successful that it was continued following the war. Mr. Utesch was also active in the food conservation department of the council of defense and in other ways demonstrated his patriotism and open heartedness. A large number of his employes entered the army and navy, the honor roll including the following:

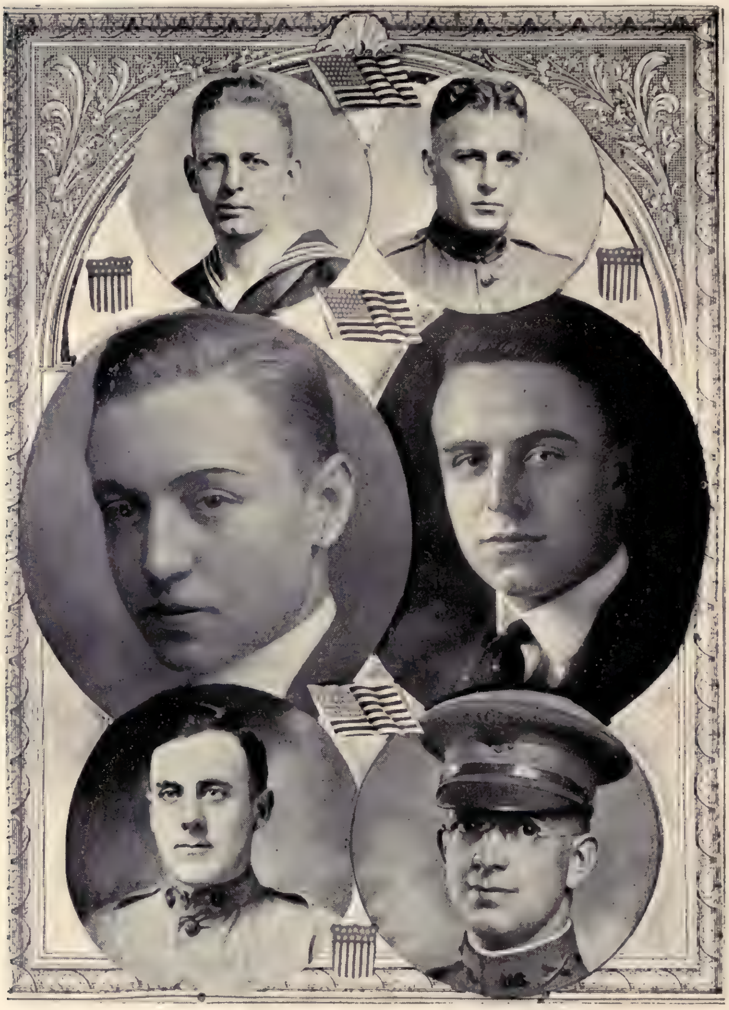
Leroy A. Herring, manager, enlisted in the coast artillery March 19, 1918, and spent five months in detached service at Fort Standish, Boston Harbor. On August 22, he sailed for France and spent six months with the 68th Reg. Bat A. Coast Artillery, seeing much active service. He was discharged at Camp Grant in March, 1919.

Walter J. Grieshaber enlisted March 19, 1918, was promoted to corporal in the coast artillery, and was stationed at Fort Standish, Fort Warren and Camp Devens, and finally received his discharge at Camp Grant January 14, 1919. Earl Million and Edward Pitsch, also of this firm, also served with similar distinction.



Top row (left to right)—Rolland H. Carlock, John O. Carey, John M. Crichton, Eugene Cofer, Clifford L. Crumbaugh.
Second row—Francis H. Conroy, David J. Conroy, Dana O. Clark, Samuel Crabtree, John A. Cleary, James V. Cox.
Third row—Ora A. Cunningham, Fred G. Cary, Ralph Crose, Harvey B. Crusius, William D. Coyle, T. Ivan Costigan, J. K. Coppenberger, William J. Cahal.
Fourth row—Mascal H. Cary, Howard S. Chrisman, Oval M. Cope, Arnett S. Chapin. Charles E. Cordes.

FUNK BROS. HONOR ROLL



Top row, left to right—Lafayette Funk, Jr., Eugene D. Funk.
Center row—Jacob Funk, Donald S. Funk.
Lower row—Curt A. Rehtmeyer, Otto Tieman.

The following attaches of Funk Bros. Seed Co., Bloomington, were in the service:

Donald S. Funk, son of Deane N. Funk, enlisted March 26, 1917, in the U. S. Naval Reserve and was honorably discharged on account of physicial disability in June of that year. He was later inducted in the army on March 11, 1918, and trained at Fort Moultrie, S. C. He was also at Camp Eustis, Va., with the 61st Regiment, C. A. C., going overseas in July. He attended the artillery school between August and November, was promoted to corporal in March, 1919, and received his discharge at Camp Grant May 13, 1919.

Jacob P. Funk also a son of Deane M. Funk enlisted in the U. S. Naval Reserve March 26, 1917, served on the U. S. S. Seneca during the summer of that year, was promoted to instructor at Pelham Bay Training Station, remaining there until his release in December, 1918, following the close of the war, having attained the rank of Second Class Quartermaster.

Lafayette Funk jr., son of Eugene D. Funk, enlisted as apprentice seaman in the U. S. Naval Reserve October 2, 1918, and was stationed at Urbana, Ill., where he trained until released from active duty December 21, 1918. His brother, Eugene D. Funk, jr., enlisted in the S. A. T. C. at Urbana, Ill., October 2, 1918, training at the University of Illinois until his discharge December 2, that year.

Curt A. Rehtmeyer, son-in-law of Eugene D. Funk, enlisted in the 4th Battery C. A. C. April 1, 1918, and trained at Fort Washington, Md., remaining there until the end of the war, receiving his discharge December 20, 1918.

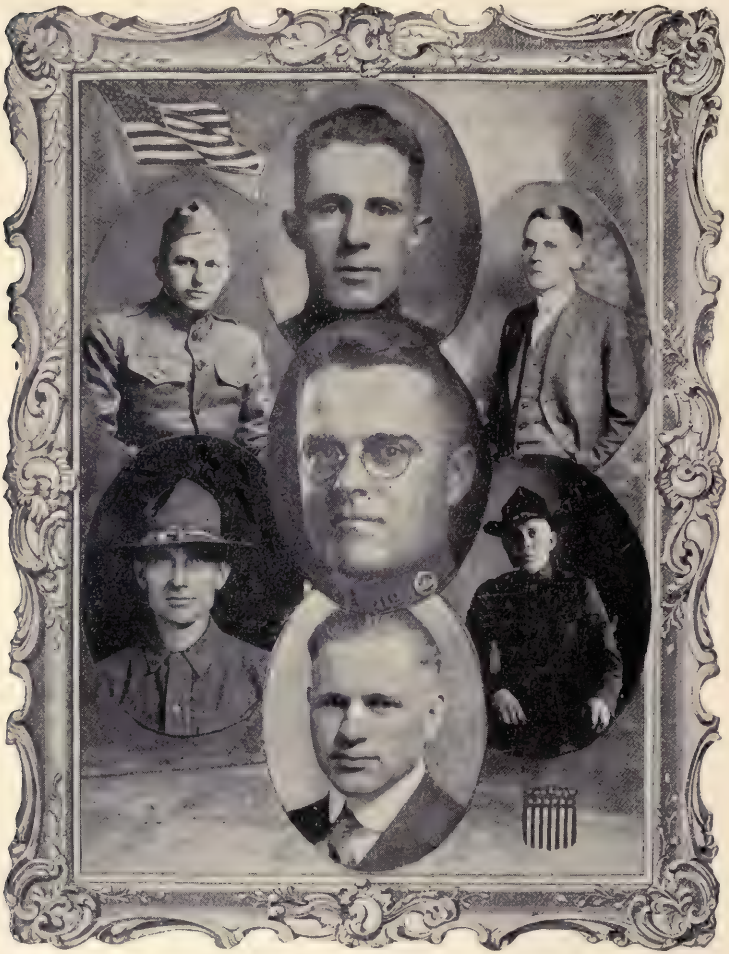
A member of the Lafayette Company of the Indiana National Guard, Battery B, Otto Tieman went to Brownsville, Texas, in June, 1916, remaining on duty there until February, 1917. When the war opened with Germany, he entered the First Officers Training Camp at Fort Sheridan, but was turned down on account of his eyes failing to reach the vision standard. He then joined Company M as one of the Tenth regiment, I. N. G. as First Lieutenant and in June, 1918, joined the draft contingent of 500 that went from Bloomington to Camp Wheeler. He then entered the Artillery Officers Training Camp at Camp Taylor and won a commission in November, just as the war ended. He received his discharge as Second Lieutenant on December 12, 1918.

L. B. MERWIN CO. HONOR ROLL

Wade Houston Fielder, residing at 1213 South Madison Street, Bloomington, was employed by the L. B. Merwin Co., Bloomington, when the call for naval recruits was issued and selected the United States Naval Air Service, enlisting August 9, 1918. He was first on duty at the Hartford Receiving Ship stationed at the port of Charleston, South Carolina. He next took the final examinations to enter ground school, was transferred to the Mount Pleasant Navy Rifle Range where the ground school is located. Attending this school for three months, he was about to be transferred to Camp Bennett, Pensacola, Florida, when the war ended. He was discharged December 10, 1918, from the Third Regiment, Company 10, Section 1, and placed on the reserve list, then returning home to resume his post with
n Co., having greatly en-
ence as a naval flyer.

Wade Houston Fielder

PAUL F. BEICH CO. HONOR ROLL



Center, top to bottom—Clarence Hensel, Lt. Carl Behr, H. W. Bereman. Left upper, Harry E. Gordon; left lower, John W. Lane. Right upper, Walter Behr, right lower, Clarence J. Troxel.

There are seventeen stars in the service flag of the Paul F. Beich Co., Manufacturers of Confections, Bloomington, while ten additional employes are now with the company who engaged elsewhere when war was declared. Of the seven who were with the company when hostilities opened, one Carl E. Behr won a commission as second lieutenant, training in the Motor Transport Corps at Camp Joseph E. Johnston, Florida. With the end of the war Mr. Behr resumed his post as sales manager.

John W. Lane was promoted to sergeant in the Engineers, joining Headquarters Detachment 4th Engineers Tr. Rgt. at Camp A Humphreys, Va.

Walter G. Behr was promoted to corporal of infantry, training at Camp Sheridan, Ala., and at the Army Supply Base, New Orleans.

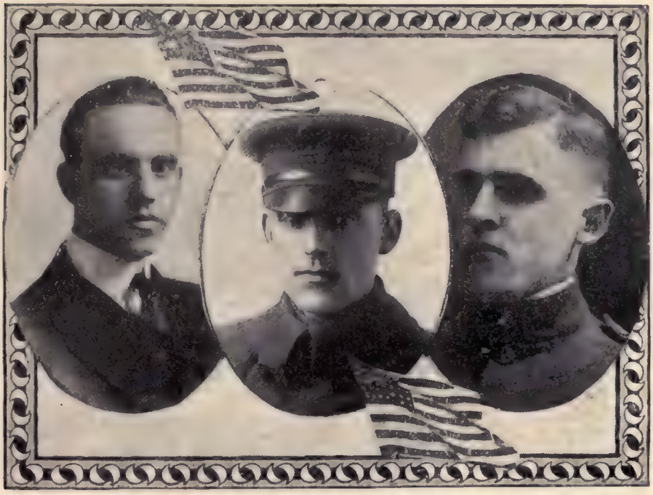
Herbert W. Bereman was promoted to corporal of Artillery and trained at Fort Totten, New York.

Clarence H. Troxel was assigned to Co. A 4th Bat. Infantry and trained at Camp MacArthur, Texas.

Clarence F. Hensel joined the 809th Infantry at Camp Grant, training there until the war was over.

Harry E. Gordon joined Headquarters Co. 4th Infantry, 3d Div. and was fortunate in being assigned to duty overseas, serving with the Army of Occupation some time after peace was declared.

MARTENS-LEARY CO. HONOR ROLL



Left—Charles E. Leary; center—Richard M. Leary; right—John M. Leary.

Of the Martens-Leary Co., dealers in tractors, vehicles and implements, 316-320 South Main street, John M. Leary, stenographer, enlisted November 2, 1917, at Chanute Field and was assigned to the 39th Aero Squadron and was later assigned to Kelly Field at Waco, Texas, remaining in the adjutant's office there as stenographer until discharged March 4, 1919. He was promoted to corporal for meritorious service.

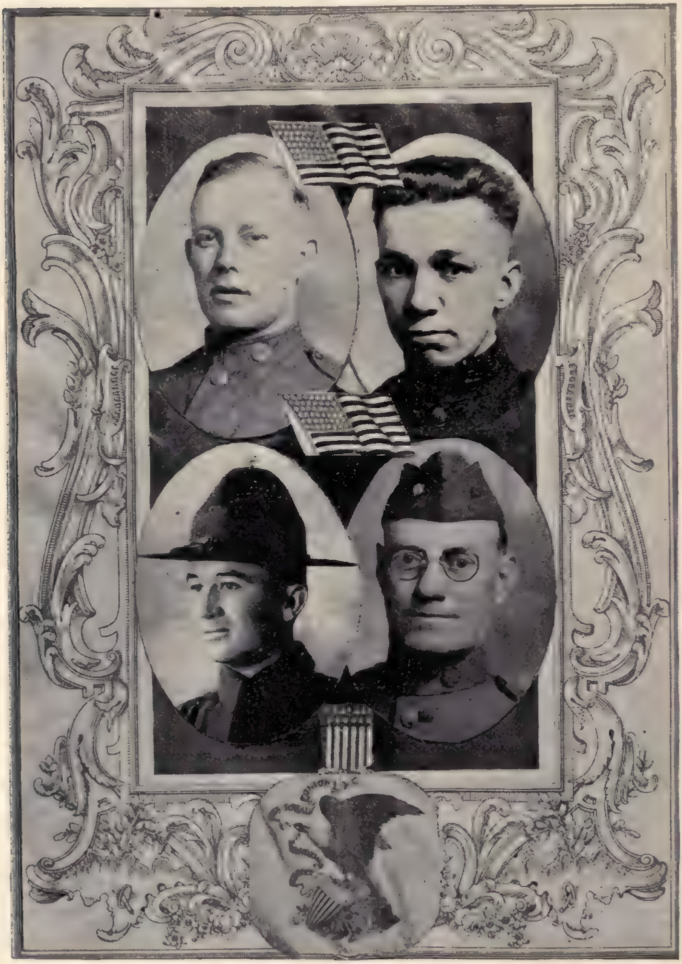
Richard M. Leary enlisted December 1, 1917, at Chanute Field and was assigned to the 210 Aero Squadron, training there until February 1, 1918, when he sailed for England, training at Doncaster Flying Field, being assigned as instructor, a high compliment to his ability and grasp of the principles of aviation. With the end of the war, his squadron was disbanded and he returned to the United States having been promoted to the rank of sergeant of first class, being discharged at Camp Grant December 24, 1918.

Charles E. Leary was inducted into the medical reserve, having enlisted December 18, 1917, being assigned to the S. A. T. C. He re-enlisted January 14, 1918, for the Medical Reserve Corps and was discharged with the end of the war.

Robert Messerli, mechanic, enlisted April 5, 1918, and was assigned to duty at Fort Wright as machinist, joining the 249 Supply Co. of the Coast Artillery. He was transferred to Camp Eustis, Va., June 16, 1918, and then went overseas, remaining in France from September 24, seeing much service in the vicinity of Tours and then returned home when peace was declared.

Andrew Lock, machinist, enlisted April 5, 1918, joined the 249th Supply Co. at Fort Wright, New York, of the Coast Artillery, and later went to Camp Eustis. He remained in the service following the coming of peace.

GUY CARLTON HONOR ROLL



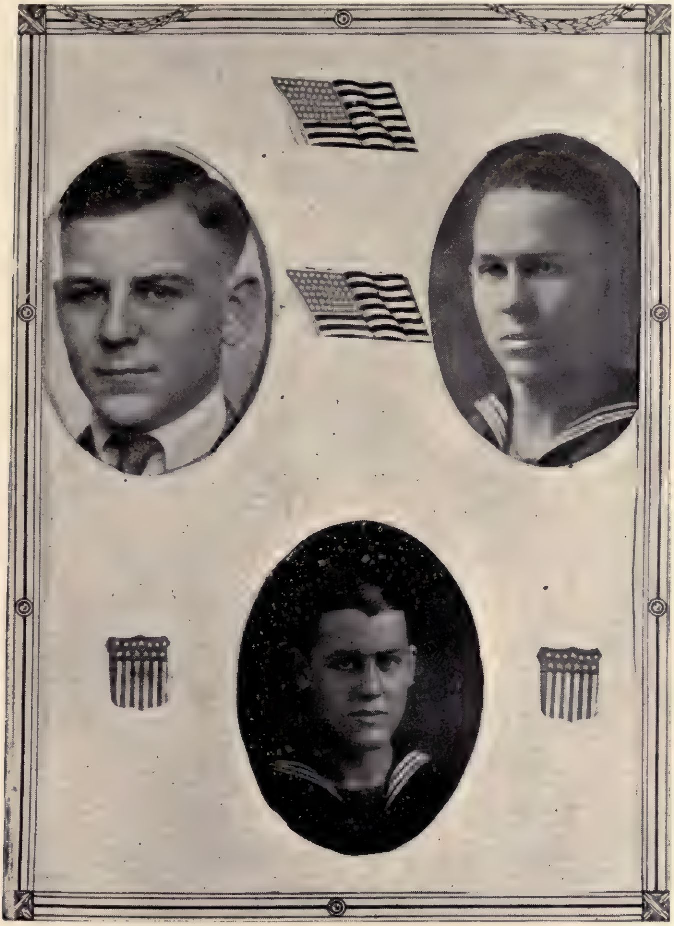
Upper left—Harry Maloney; upper right—Lawrence Carnahan.
Lower left—Lee Jones; lower right—Bert Ross.

Lee L. Jones of the firm of Guy Carlton, electrical contractor, 528 North Main street, Bloomington, enlisted on June 20, 1918, and was assigned to Sweeney Motor and Tractor School at Kansas City, where he trained in the motor transport department until the close of the war. He received his discharge December 10, 1918, and then returned home.

Lawrence P. Carnahan enlisted April 3, 1918, in the field artillery and was sent to Fort Sill, Oklahoma, where he put in a solid year of intensive training. He was not discharged until April 2, 1919, at Camp Grant, then returning home.

H. E. Maloney of the same firm was inducted into the army April 30, 1918, and was assigned to Fort Sheridan where he trained until the close of the war. He was then sent to Camp Grant and was discharged February 27, 1919.

Bert Ross of the same firm also saw much active service.



Willis Harry Francis

THREE McMURRY BROTHERS

The above picture is of the three sons of Mr. and Mrs. James M. McMurry of Bloomington who were in the service. Sergt. James Willis McMurry (upper left) enlisted in medical reserve U. S. A., in December, 1917. Recovering from sickness with scarlet fever at Jefferson Barracks, sailed from Camp Merritt, February, 1918. In France until June, 1919; was 13 months at base hospital near St. Nazaire; then to Tours. Harry L. (below) enlisted U. S. navy August, 1918; had flu at Great Lakes; served as fireman on Transports Ohio, Northern Pacific and Frederick; two trips on battleship Ohio; on one trip on Frederick was in French port only 1½ hours; home June, 1919. Francis C. (upper right) enlisted in navy June, 1918; Great Lakes, then battleship Kentucky; then to coal docks at Bayonne, N. J. Two trips to France on transport Philippine. Is held as reserve since relieved October, 1919. Quit service with rank first class fireman.

T. S. BUNN Inc. HONOR ROLL

M. S. Wooster W. A. Stubblefield

Of the attaches of the T. S. Bunn Inc. motor cars, Washington and Lee streets, Bloomington who saw service, Warren A. Stubblefield, 829 W. Elm street, left April 6, 1918, joining Bat. C 68th Art. at Fort Wright, training at Fort Terry until July 8, when he sailed for overseas, arriving July 24, remaining in active service until peace was declared. On February 2, 1919, he sailed for home and received his discharge at Camp Grant one month later, resuming his post of foreman with the T. S. Bunn Inc.

M. S. Wooster, who is a salesman with this company, was inducted into service June 25, 1918, was advanced to First Sergeant of the 35th Headquarters Motor Command, drilling at Camp Meigs and Camp Merritt, and ordered to France. He sailed from the port of New York November 6, 1918, and was on the high seas when word was received that the armistice had been signed, sharing with other soldiers, the universal disappointment. Sergeant Wooster spent three months at Camp Meigs, Camp Holabud and with assignment to S. P. U. 462 in charge of the truck field, remaining until his discharge at Camp Grant February 28, 1919, then resuming his position with the T. S. Bunn Inc.

Top Row (left to right)—James E. Allin, Abner Adams, Albert H. Arnold, McKinley G. Adams, Clyde L. Allison, Ernest L. Asbury, James Austin.
Second Row—Voyle L. Ashabran, George F. Atkinson, Wilbert E. Anderson, Herman Abbott, Forest L. Adams.

ILLINOIS CLUB HONOR ROLL

The Illinois club of Bloomington with luxurious quarters in the Odd Fellows building temple, contributed forty-nine members to the army of whom one, Edmund W. Sutherland, made the supreme sacrifice. The club purchased $3500 worth of Liberty bonds, conserved food by abandoning banquets during the war, remitted the dues of members in the service and in many other ways demonstrated its patriotism. The officers of the club during the war, were the following: President, J. W. Grapes; Vice-President, C. W. Nichols; Secretary, C. E. Denton; Treasurer, R. M. Darst; Directors, J. J. Cowden, C. L. Schneider, E. J. Gilmore, Chas. D. Myers and Dr. J. D. Siebert.

The club honor roll is as follows:

R. H. Anglemier
Carl E. Behr
E. L. Behrmann
Dr. F. W. Brian
L. R. Bristow
Dan S. Buck
Dr. T. D. Cantrall
Dr. Frank Deneen
E. A. Donnelly
Frank J. Felton
Fred Feldt
Dr. A. R. Freeman
Walter J. Freese
Dr. Paul Greenleaf
Chas. D. Havens
Ed. Hammond
L. Kirk Healey
Oscar G. Hoose
Gordon Howard
Dr. L. L. Irwin
Chas. P. Kane
W. A. Kuhn
Wm. Loehr
David Lutz
A. Maurer
Francis D. Misner
S. H. Moore
Ralph C. Morath
Louis Nierstheimer
L. J. O'Brien
Richard M. O'Connell
N. S. Ong
H. E. Protzman
Roy A. Ramseyer
Howard J. Read
Ben S. Rhodes
Bert L. Ross
J. Mervin Ryan
V. G. Staten
*Edmund W. Sutherland
James F. Thompson
J. Ray Wallace
Raymond F. Ward
Thos. S. Weldon
Louis E. Wollrab
C. E. Yager
Ed. Lundborg
Dr. L. G. Freeman
Dr. G. H. Galford

A BRIEF HISTORY OF OUR STATE FLAG

When Mrs. G. A. Lawrence of Galesburg was State Regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution (1910-1913) she began the promotion of her long cherished idea of Illinois having a State Flag. In order to awaken interest in her idea she offered a prize of twenty-five dollars to the Chapter sending the design for a flag which should be considered best by four judges. Thirty-nine designs were submitted. The judges awarded the prize to Rockford Chapter.

However, it was necessary to interest the Legislature, whose vote was essential, and whose province it was to pass final judgment on the design after law was enacted. Through the assistance of Hon. Lewis G. Stevenson, Secretary of State, and Senator Raymond D. Meeker and Hon. Thomas N. Gorham of the House of Representatives, Mrs. Lawrence secured the presentation of the Bill. The Bill was passed and became a law July 6, 1915, without an unfavorable vote in Senate or House.

Illinois has the Daughters of the American Revolution to thank for its State Flag, and should give credit to Mrs. Lawrence, who originated the idea, promoted and ultimately realized it for the public good.

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*A picture and obituary of Edmund Sutherland will be found elsewhere in this work under the head of "In Memoriam."

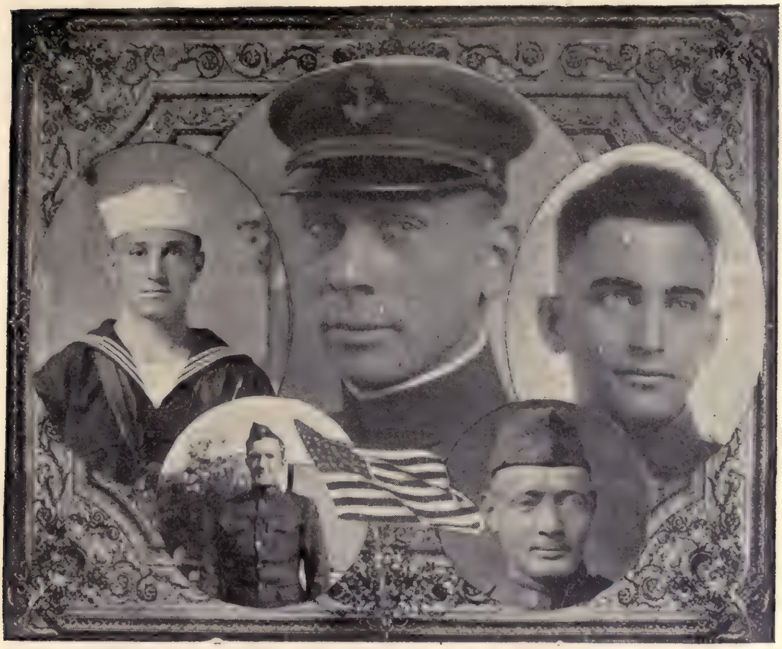
ELKS HONOR ROLL

Bloomington lodge No. 281, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, was in the very lead of those organizations which distinguished the Evergreen City during the war, in patriotism and activity in the various relief movements. The Order of Elks is purely an American organization. Every one of their hundreds of thousands of members is a real American citizen, owing allegiance to no other country on the face of the earth, owing allegiance to no other flag than the Stars and Stripes, the flag of our country and the emblem of our Order. Therefore, every Elk and every Elks Lodge should, and must, stand for everything that makes for continued success for America, and boldly and unreservedly, against any creed, any doctrine, any propaganda, any plan or scheme—by whoever advanced—that would hurt America. If there is one thing above all others that has placed the Order in the high position in the public eye that it is in today, it is the war work that was done by the Order and the interest manifested by the Order in lending a helping hand to the Government and the Nation during the greatest conflict of arms in the history of the world. Elks are justly proud of the part that those at home played in winning the war, and they should take great pride in the fact that they had 64,428 men in the service of our country, 13,084 of whom were commissioned officers, one of whom was the Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces in France, General John J. Pershing, a member of Lincoln, Neb., Lodge, No. 80, and an honorary member of El Paso, Texas, Lodge, No. 187. As nearly as can be ascertained there were 1037 members who made the supreme sacrifice and are now sleeping their last sleep on the battlefields of France. "It is interesting to note that of our members in the service, one is a general—John J. Pershing; two are Major-Generals; six are Brigadier-Generals; eighty are Colonels; eighty-five are Lieutenant-Colonels; four hundred are Majors; sixteen hundred are Captains; forty-seven hundred are Lieutenants; two thousand are Sergeants; and five hundred are Corporals. In the Navy: One is a Rear Admiral; twelve are Captains; four are Commanders; twenty are Lieutenant Commanders; one hundred are Lieutenants; and one hundred and fifty are Ensigns. The splendid remainder are the boys in the ranks, the real power that won the war." The signing of the armistice had left the National Elks War Relief Commission with a considerable unexpended residue of the money which was appropriated by the Grand Lodge for war relief work under its direction, and which was not definitely committed. After a most thorough investigation of the numerous propositions submitted to it, it was unanimously decided by the Commission, that no better use could be made of this fund than to devote it to assisting the government in its vocational training program. The offer of the Commission was promptly accepted, and as a result, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks stands as the sole and exclusively private agency in partnership with the United States government in this great work.

Bloomington lodge contributed the following members to the service:

C. A. McDermand
W. W. Williams
Julius P. Klemm
L. R. Bristow
H. D. Saddler
J. Monroe Rodman
Lloyd M. Nelson
Clayton W. Porter
Omar Gregory
Lloyd A. Daniels
Donald F. O'Neal
J. J. Million
Earl W. Daniels
Roy E. Clark
M. R. Gregory
M. L. Callahan
Joseph Smith
Chas. A. Whalen
R. J. Heffernan
E. E. Caddell
Chas. Brooks
W. B. Causey
M. J. Salmon
Alfred M. Wright
Fred H. Adams
Dr. Paul E. Greenleaf
I. R. Pattison
Albert Lundberg
Jno. F. Quinn
Sanford H. Moore
Austin I. Howard
W. W. Wyckoff
A. W. Froelich
R. J. Lindley
Dr. Frank Deneen
Dr. E. A. Behrendt
M. D. Meiss

SNOW & PALMER CO. HONOR ROLL



Center—Charles Snow; left—Con Everhart; right—Ermin B. Carter. Below, left—O. A. Roberts; below, right—Albert Scharf.

Of the Snow & Palmer Co. dairy products, 507-9 West Washington street, Bloomington, Charles Snow attained the rank of Chief Quartermaster in Aviation. He enlisted July 30, 1918, and was assigned to the Dunwoody Naval Training School, Aviation Detachment at Minneapolis, Minn. He put in three months of duty and finally received inactive duty orders on November 20, 1919, then resuming his position at home.

Con Everhart of the same firm, enlisted in the Navy June 1, 1918, trained at Great Lakes, then moved to Paulliac, France, and after much active service, received inactive retirement orders March 1, 1919, with the rank of third class mechanic.

Albert Scharf enlisted June 24, 1918, trained at Camp Wheeler, Camp Grant, and Camp Green, going overseas, and received his discharge May 20, 1919.

Ermin B. Carter enlisted July 27, 1918, assigned to Camp Meigs, later at Camp Lee and Camp Grant, being discharged February 18, 1919, with the rating of corporal and having served in the Quartermaster's clerical department.

O. A. Roberts enlisted in the 5th Regiment I. N. G. at Springfield, April 9, 1917, trained at Camp Logan, sailed for Europe May 26, 1918, reaching Liverpool, Le Havre, Vulifans, St. Mihiel, Argonne, Luxemburg and Brest, seeing much active service and was mustered out as wagoner of the 108th Ammunition train June 5, 1919.

Weaver Dulaney was on duty in the C. A. C. department; William Hoffman in the navy; Audrey Humble, saw service abroad and is given extensive mention elsewhere in this work while V. E. Simms served in the Navy

FOUR DOWNEY BROTHERS

The four Downey brothers of Bloomington, all entered the service. Dan enlisted June 25, 1918, was assigned to the medical corps at Camp Wheelock, sailed for France September 5, 1918, going to various points, including Camp Hospital 101 at Belgian Camp near Le Mans and Camp Hospital 52 and with the coming of peace returned home to be discharged June 15, 1919.

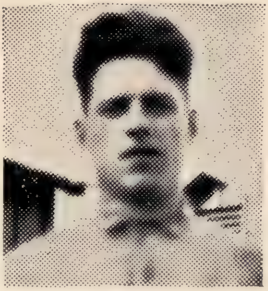
Downey Group—Left to right: Dan Downey, Eugene Downey, Edward Downey, and William Downey.

Eugene Downey enlisted December 15, 1917, trained at Camp Hancock, sailed for France with Co. B, 28th Engineers January 10, 1918, participated in the St. Mihiel, Argonne Forest, Aprumont and the Toul Sector battles, seeing much strenuous service and after spending some time in France after the war, was discharged July 3, 1919.

Edward Downey enlisted March 15, 1918, at Great Lakes and was transferred to the medical department at Pelham Bay, N. Y., being discharged March 10, 1919.

William Downey entered the aviation corps March 15, 1918, and was stationed at Kelly Field, Texas, until his discharge February 15, 1919.

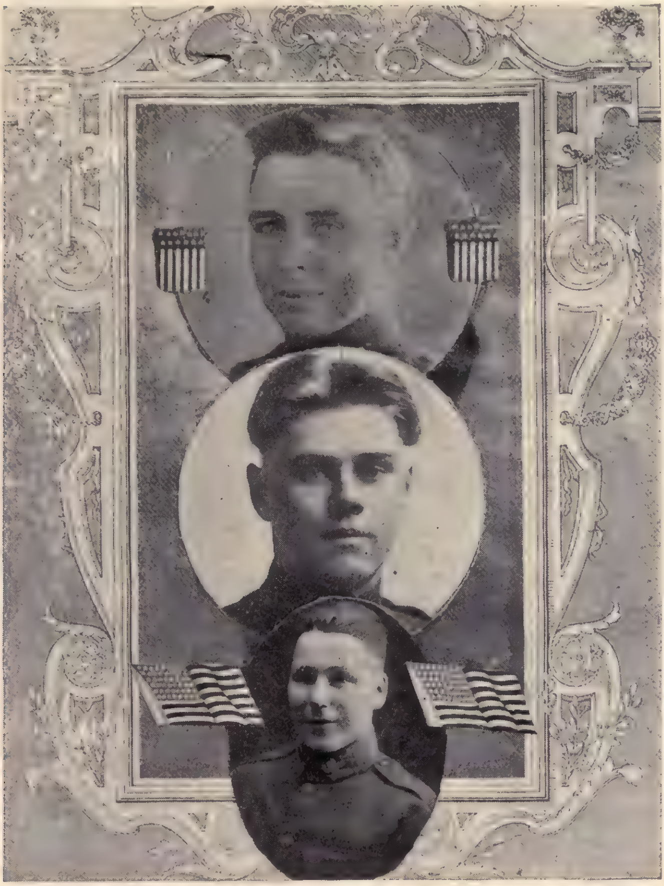
OF FIGHTING FAMILY



Earl Jefferson

Earl Jefferson, son of Benjamin F. Jefferson of 1409 Eastholme avenue, in Bloomington, was of the fifth generation of a fighting family. He was in France for a year with the A. E. F. His great-great-great grandfather, William Jefferson, fought thruout the revolutionary war. His great-great-grandfather, Thomas Jefferson, was a veteran of the war of 1812. His great-grandfather, his grandfather and his great-uncle fought for the union in the civil war. The grandfather, William H. Jefferson, for twenty-six years was a resident of Bloomington, but for the past fourteen years has made his home at Lilly. Earl maintained the fighting reputation of the family in the latest war—the greatest in all history. The grandfather was born at Wheeling, W. Va., June 27, 1847, and came to Illinois in 1879.

T. K. HAYS HONOR ROLL



Top—Lt. Eugene Moulic. Center—Delmar Frink.
Below—Carl Miller.

Of the attaches of the firm of T. K. Hays, automobile firm of T. K. Hays, 701 North Main street, one, Eugene Moulic won a commission as lieutenant in aviation. Enlisting at Perdue, Ind., university April 10, 1917, he was transferred to Kelly Field, Texas; then to Mineola, Long Island; afterwards at Park Field, Tenn., where he received his commission April 27, 1918, and Payne Field, Dallas, Texas, and then after completing his training in flying at Camp Duck was commissioned April 27, 1918, and sailed for France. He reached St. Nazaire, September 23, 1918, and spent six weeks training at Issudon and with the 103d Aero Squadron, seeing much active service and getting an excellent idea of the grim vicissitudes of the great war. He remained in France with the Army of Occupation until three months after the war closed and received his discharge at Camp Dix, Pa., February 23, 1919, then returning to his post with T. K. Hays again.

Delmar Frink of the same firm enlisted at Escanaba, Mich., at the outbreak of the war and trained at the University of Michigan, Ann

Arbor. He entered Motor Transport department and made himself so useful that he was retained on duty instead of being sent across as he had hoped. He specialized in electrical equipment and made a fine record.

Carl Miller enlisted July 15, 1917, in the medical department, was on duty at Fort Riley, Camp Funston, Camp Pike, and Camp Dix and then went overseas, seeing active service at Cherbourg, Pons, Paris, and Beaudesert, with the Hospital Headquarters company. He went to Coblenz with the Army of Occupation, 87th Division and was transferred to the Engineers Motor Transport and was casualized for various other duty. He received his discharge at Camp Grant June 23, 1919.

KEISER-VAN LEER CO. HONOR ROLL

Left—F. C. Munther; right—Harold T. Ramage.

The following attaches of the Keiser-Van Leer Machinery Co., 503 N. East street, Bloomington, were in the service:

Frank C. Munther joined Co. 4 of the 337th M. G. Bat. at Camp Dodge September 5, 1917, promoted to corporal and later sergeant, sailed for France August 8, was in skirmish at Fontain, France, September 25 and in Battle of Banholz Woods and held advance machine gun post in German Alsace and in Toule Sector; leaving France May 21, 1919, and was discharged at Camp Grant.

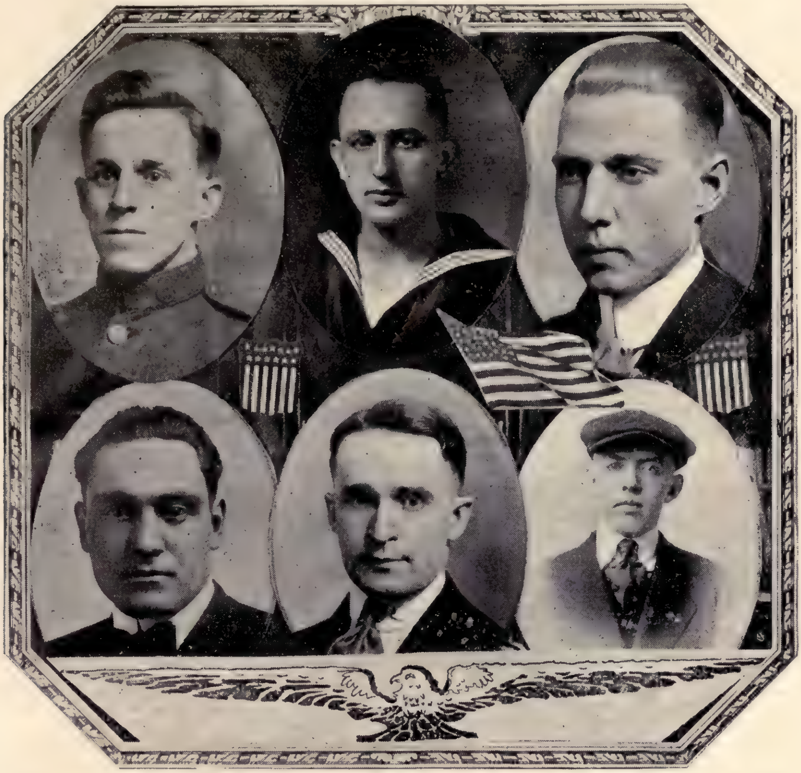
Arthur P. Freedlund inducted into the service at Camp Wheeler June 24, 1918, Co. H 122d Infantry, 31st Div., arrived in France October 21, remaining until April 19, 1919, and discharged at Camp Grant May 9, 1919.

John J. Frisch enlisted December 14, 1917, in the aviation branch at Chanute Field, promoted to corporal, transferred to Mitchell Field, N. Y., spent six and one-half months in France, seeing much service and was discharged at Camp Grant May 23, 1919. Picture will be found in Group ''F.''

Harold T. Ramage enlisted June 4, 1918, as musician in navy, transferred from Great Lakes to Plymouth, England, but was taken ill with influenza remaining in League Island Naval Hospital at Philadelphia until his medical discharge December 28, 1918.

Romney Black enlisted April 2, 1918, trained at Fort H. G. Wright and Fortress Monroe, was rated as wagoner and received discharge at Camp Grant January 24, 1919.

HEBERLING MEDICINE CO. HONOR ROLL



Upper row, left to right—Bernard Strongman, Wayne Colaw and Norman Griser.

Lower—Ray K. Smith, William M. Bright and Russell G. Hanson.

The Heberling Medicine & Extract Co., 223 East Douglas street, Bloomington, contributed a large number of employes to the service. Of these, Wayne Colaw enlisted in the Navy July 20, 1918, as third class fireman and after training at Great Lakes and Hampton Roads, was transferred to the Battleship Illinois and saw much active service, being in eastern waters most of the time, training firemen and officers. His ship had the distinction of being the first cruiser going through the Panama Canal. He received his discharge October 5, 1919.

Russell G. Hanson enlisted September 7, 1918, in Company A, 5th Training regt. at Camp Grant, remaining there until November 1, when he was sent to Freeport as clerk with the exemption board, returning to camp February 1 where he was classified for clerical work. He was the only soldier sent from the Eureka Board for that work during the war. He received his discharge February 7, 1919.

Bernard Strongman enlisted December 15, 1917, as a musician with the 60th Artillery, trained at Fortress Monroe and then saw active service at Souil, the Toule sector, St. Mihiel drive, the Argonne Forest, and other engagements, being in the most thrilling battles of the war. His colonel (J. W. Wallace) was killed in action. He was discharged February 28, 1919.

William M. Bright enlisted December 15, 1917, was assigned to the medical corps and served with credit at Jefferson Barracks until discharged January 11, 1919.

Ray K. Smith trained at Camp Hancock and Norman Griser enlisted in the S. A. T. C. and trained with the Wesleyan company in Bloomington.

W. H. ROLAND HONOR ROLL

Upper left—E. S. Layton. Upper right—Lt. Chester Twaddle.
Lower left—Russell Young. Lower right—Albert Heberbeckler.

Attaches of the W. H. Roland stores, 111 to 117 West Jefferson street, Bloomington, who were in the service included Raymond Wakely, advertising manager who enlisted at the University of Michigan and who was assigned to the Aviation course of the S. A. T. C. training there until peace was declared. Other attaches in the service were as follows:

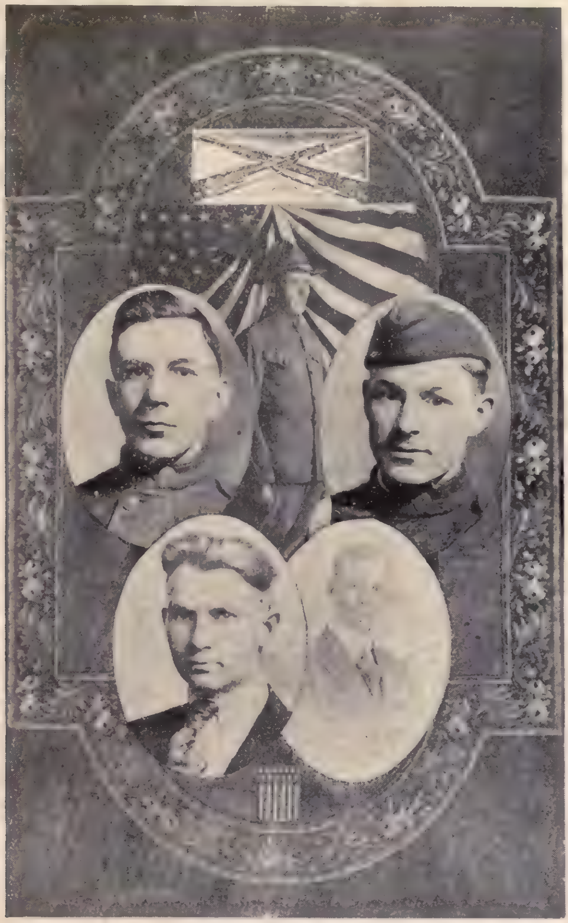
Albert Heberbeckler of 1206 West Locust street, enlisted October 3, 1917, and was first assigned to Co. K of the 344th Infantry, 86th Division, later going to Co. M of the 59th Infantry, Fourth Division. He was on duty at Evacuation Hospital No. 30 and then sailed for France where he spent ten months, seeing much strenuous service. With the coming of peace, he returned to America and was discharged August 12, 1919.

Corporal E. S. Layton enlisted September 23, 1917, and was assigned first to Camp Taylor and later to Camp Shelby. He received a physical debility discharge on December 30, 1917.

Chester Twaddle selected the aviation department and was sent to Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill. There he won a commission as lieutenant. He qualified in the various departments of flying but before he could satisfy his ambition of going abroad, the Armistice was signed and he received his discharge. He was commissioned at Rantoul but also trained and received instruction in aviation and advanced flying at Cornell University; Dallas, Texas, and West Point, Miss. He received his discharge from the service December 15, 1919.

Russell Young enlisted in the S. A. T. C. at the University of Illinois and trained for several months in the reserve corps, being discharged when peace was declared.

A. WASHBURN & SONS HONOR ROLL



Center—Harvey Woizeski; upper left—Robert H. Moore; upper right—R. E. Chambers; lower left—August Schroeder; lower right—Harry G. Johnson.

Of the employes of A. Washburn & Sons, florists, who were in the service, August C. Schroeder was fortunte in reaching France. Enlisting July 10, 1918, he trained for a time at Jefferson Barracks and then went to Liverpool with the field artillery, landing overseas September 27, 1918. He then transferred to Camp De Songe, at Bourdeaux, France, and after peace was declared, remained with the Army of Occupation, receiving his discharge at Camp Grant May 27, 1919.

Musician Harry G. Johnson enlisted June 25 with the 106th Engineers and trained at Camp Wheeler, going overseas September 16, 1918, first landing at Glasgow, Scotland, and later going to Camp Pontanezen, Brest, France. He remained with the Army of Occupation and was discharged at Camp Grant July 14, 1919.

Harvey W. Woizeski sailed for overseas October 14, 1918, remained with the Army of Occupation until the following summer and was discharged at Fort Sheridan November 12, 1919.

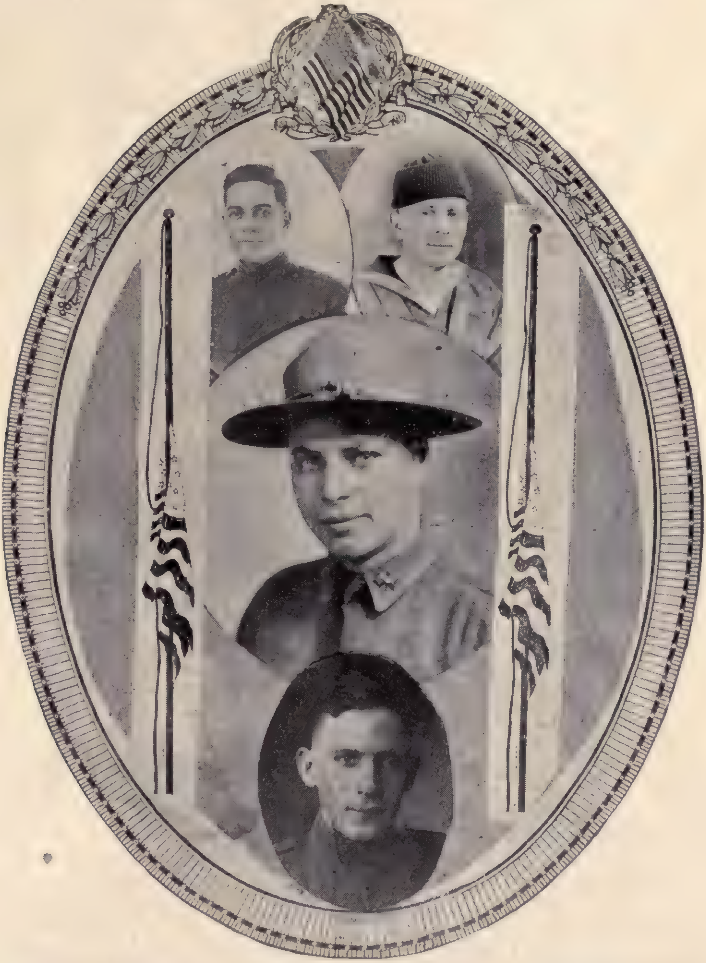
Robert H. Moore enlisted June 25, 1918, trained with the 106th Sanitary Train 123d Ambulance Corps, at Camp Wheeler; went to Camp Mills in September; to Camp Merritt in November; to Camp Lee in December and was finally discharged at Camp Grant January 4, 1919.

Roy E. Chambers enlisted April 1, 1918, trained at Camp Dodge, went overseas and reached France May 19 as a member of the Regimental Intelligence Section, saw much active service in the Vosges mountain sector, and in the St. Mihiel, Argonne Forest offensives, camping at Commercy and Le Mans long after peace was declared and then returned home to receive his discharge at Camp Grant May 7, 1919.

THREE MARQUARDTS IN FRANCE

Here are three persons from the same family, all of them having gone into the service during the war, and all of them having reached France and spent some months in active work there in their respective spheres. They are all children of Fred Marquardt of 1615 West Locust street in Bloomington. The young woman at the left is Miss Alice Marquardt, who served as a Red Cross nurse. She enrolled for active service and was sworn in for duty in the medical department of the army in June, 1918. She first was sent to San Antonio, thence across, and was stationed at Bordeaux, France, in base hospital No. 6. She performed the active work of a hospital nurse in caring for the wounded as they came in by thousands during the months of the late summer and fall of 1918 when the last great struggle was on. She remained for some months after the war and was finally sent home and discharged in July, 1919. The man in the center of the group is Corp. Emmett H. Marquardt, who enlisted in the veterinarian corps of the army while he was yet a student at the Bloomington high school, in April, 1918. He was in a camp in the west at the time of the commencement, and came home in uniform and received his high school diploma. He went overseas in October of that year, and spent the rest of the fall and winter in active service helping to care for the hundreds of horses in the army transport system. He was discharged in July, 1919. Harry Marquardt, at the right, went out with a draft contingent in June, 1918, being assigned to the engineers' division of the transport corps. He went overseas in August, and during the rest of the war was stationed most of the time at LaRochelle, France, a large seaport which was a great transportation base of the American army. He completed his service and returned home and was discharged in May, 1919.

MURRAY-MEDBERY HONOR ROLL



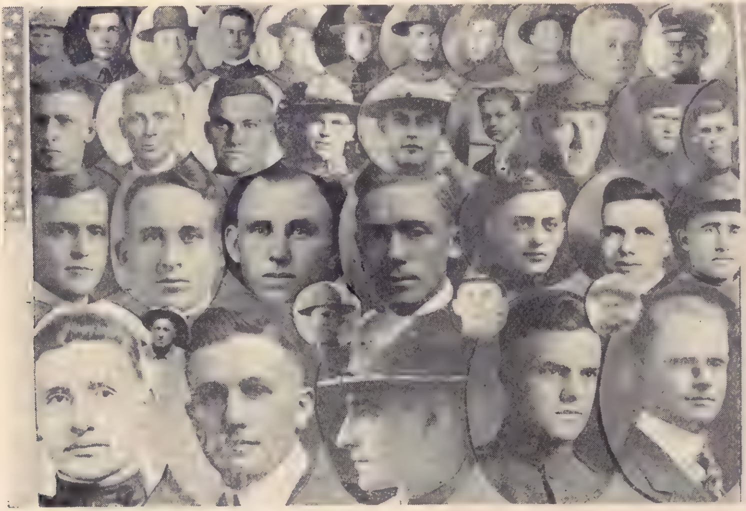
Walter Rexroat, upper left; Harold Medberry, upper right; Lorne Murray, center; Hugh Rolofson, below.

Lorne Murray of the Murray-Medberry Co., wholesale and retail auto accessories and oils, 407-411 West Washington street, Bloomington, enlisted May 6, 1917, losing no time to get into a uniform when war was declared. He selected aviation and was sent to Kelly Field, Texas, later going to Scott Feld and Garden City, L. I., sailing for overseas via Halifax February 1, 1918. He landed at Liverpool and was promoted to corporal there. He trained for seven and one-half months at Lopcomb Corners aviation field and was finally promoted to sergeant of the first class. He went to France August 1, 1918, and spent three and one-half months in the vicinity of Paris and the Toule sector seeing much active service and getting a good idea of the tremendous character of the great war. He sailed for home after the armistice was signed and was discharged at Gas City, Ky., February 4, 1919.

Harold Medberry of the same firm enlisted as naval aviation carpenter May 20, 1918, trained at Great Lakes for three months, thence at the Philadelphia naval station; sailed for England August 15, 1918, and then saw much active duty at Glasford, Paris, Calias and Champagne, joining a bombing group. He saw much strenuous service in France and was promoted to second class petty officer, machinist's mate. He received his release February 18, 1918.

Walter M. Rexroat enlisted February 4, 1918, at Chanute Field, leaving with the 210 Aero Squadron for Garden City and sailing for France, February 28 for England, training at Codford, Romsey, Doncaster and Notty-Act. He was discharged December 24, 1918, at Camp Grant.

Hugh Rolofson enlisted October 20, 1917 in the air service as mechanic, trained at Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas; Richfield, Waco, and was promoted to first class sergeant, being discharged March 2, 1919.



Top row (left to right)—Robert Peasley, Gustave Punke, Frank L. Phillips, Warren C. Passwaters, Charles Popejoy, Martin J. Pree, Donald Purcell, Stanley H. Paul, W. P. Probus, Percy H. Phillips, Marion W. Perry.

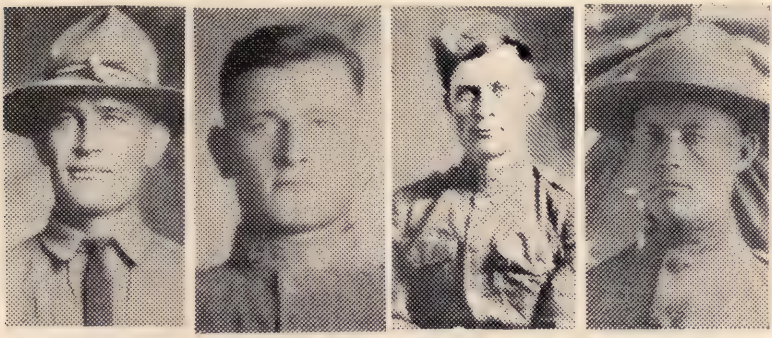
Second row—Bernard A. Pierce, Alfred W. Pinneo, Frank Ploense, Walter L. Ploense, Walter R. Ploense, Martin H. Ploense, Elza N. Pick, Elmer Paxton, William A. Parker.

Third row—Robert E. Powell, Glen B. Pringey, Roy A. Pierson, Owen S. Parmele, Lerman Parke Powell, William J. Pleanitz, Nick A. Phillos.

Fourth row—George D. Phillos, Carl Porter, Joseph J. Pitsch, Fred J. Phillips, Emory H. Powers. Above—Elbert L. Perry, Alfred S. Peterson, Harry J. Prescott, Harold E. Protzman.

FOUR BROTHERS WHO SERVED OVERSEAS

Edward Garbe, one of the four Garbe brothers in the war service, enlisted May 31, 1918, in the 7th Cavalry and was stationed at Del Reo, Texas, on the Mexican border for a short time when he was transferred to the 55th Motor Field Artillery, then located at Camp Bowie, Ft. Worth, Texas, and later at Ft. Sill, Oklahoma, until his discharge from the service February 10, 1919.



Charles Garbe Edward Garbe Herman Garbe Arthur Garbe

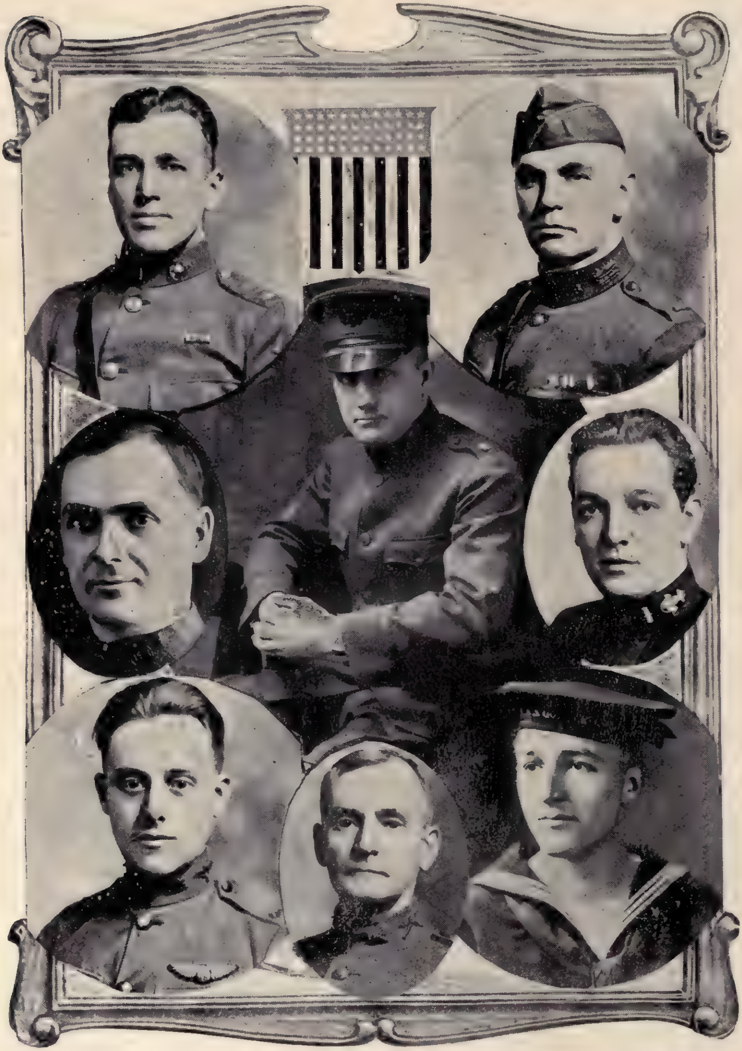
Herman, Charles and Arthur Garbe left Bloomington, June 25, 1918, for Camp Wheeler, Macon, Georgia. Herman was assigned to the 19th Engineers and transferred to Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C. Left for overseas August 26th and arrived in England, September 9th. Crossed the English Channel and arrived at Nevers, France, where he was stationed with the 110th Transportation Corps in the largest railroad shops in France, and operated entirely by Americans. Left there May 31st and arrived in the States July 6th, 1919. Was mustered out at Camp Grant, July 14, 1919.

Charles and Arthur were with the 123rd Infantry at Camp Wheeler, leaving for overseas, October 7th, until their arrival in France, October 21, when they were both sent direct to the front as replacements to the 306th Infantry, 77th Division. Both returned April 25th with the division and were discharged from the service May 7, 1919. The home of the Garbe brothers is on West Walnut street in Bloomington.

Top row—Willard K. Yoder, Lee A. Yoder, Oscar Yordy.
Center (left to right)—Harold A. Yerke, Homer S. Yettman, Wilbur H. Youngman, Julius A. Yarp.
Below center—Luther E. Young.

DAYTON KEITH & COMPANY INC. HONOR ROLL

DAYTON KEITH GROUP NO. 1

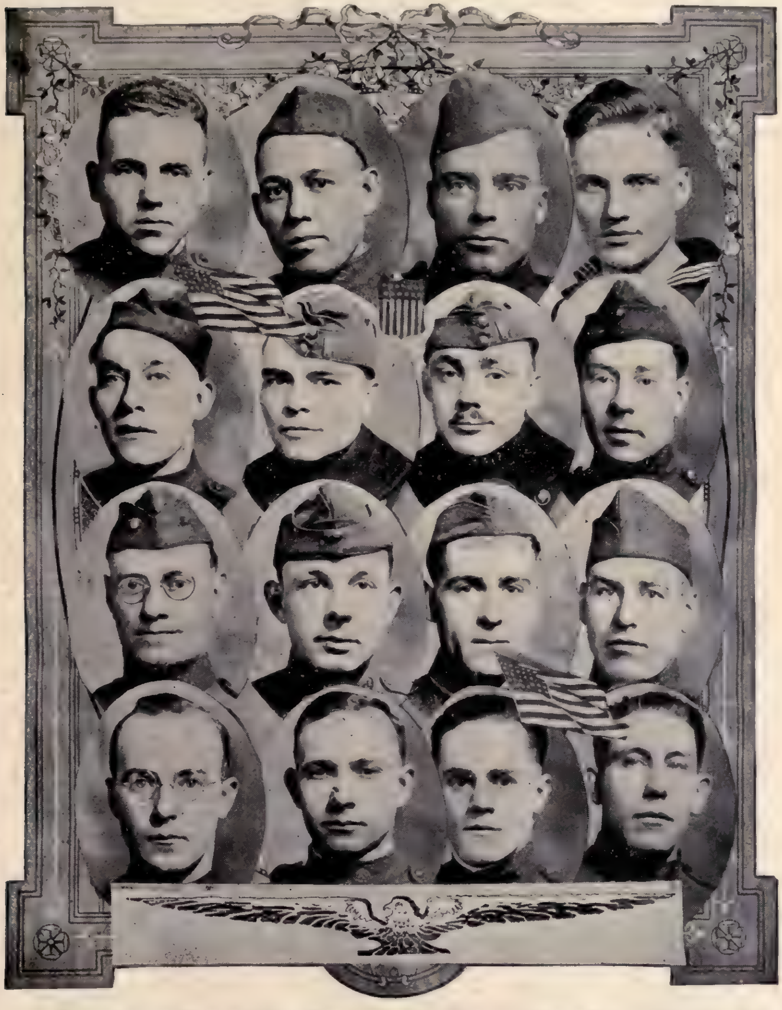


Upper left—Wm. A. Zook; upper right—S. C. Hibbins; left center—T. K. Morrow.

Right center—L. R. Bristow; center—Dayton Keith.

Lower left—Iredell Harrison; lower center—W. H. Goff; lower right—W. B. Garrette.

DAYTON KEITH GROUP NO. 2



Top row, left to right—Tracy Green, Wm. Poling, L. L. Wright, and A. C. Muxfeldt.

Second row—J. A. Cunningham, Emerson Planck, C. W. Pullen, and F. C. Ferguson.

Third row—B. L. Ross, Francis Harry, James McDonald and Paul Henderson.

Fourth row—T. O. Tiffin, C. H. Morrison, L. E. Harrison and Walter L. Hoffman.

Dayton Keith & Company Incorporated, of Bloomington, distributor of Ford cars and Fordson tractors, contributed the following men to the service:

Dayton Keith—Commissioned major in the Motor Transportation Corps.

J. R. Cunningham—Enlisted December 5th, 1917, promoted to sergeant of the 317th Aero Service Squadron, discharged December 20th, 1918.

William A. Zook—Commissioned first lieutenant, 6th Marines, enlisted May 19th, 1917, discharged August 15th, 1919.

Charles H. Morrison—Enlisted May 25th, 1917, promoted to sergeant in the 9th Engineers transportation, discharged January 15th, 1919.

Francis Harry—Enlisted July 26th, 1917, promoted to sergeant of aviation, discharged May 3rd, 1919.

William Poling—Enlisted May 15th, 1918, in 39th infantry, discharged April 2nd, 1919.

Walter T. Hoffman—Enlisted September 19th, 1917, promoted to sergeant, discharged February 10th, 1919.

L. E. Harrison—Enlisted June 28th, 1917, chauffeur first class, discharged November 28th, 1919.

R. E. Kauffold—Bugler 18th Battalion, enlisted April 28th, 1918, discharged January 13th, 1919.

Clarence McGhee—Enlisted December 14th, 1917, promoted to sergeant of 261 Aero Service Squadron, discharged December 23, 1918.

Earl W. Hayes—Enlisted December 13th, 1917, promoted to corporal 3d Air Service mechanic, discharged July 12th, 1918.

James McDonald—Enlisted March 27th, 1917, promoted to sergeant 133d machine gun battalion, discharged May 18th, 1919.

S. C. Hibbins—Enlisted May 31st, 1917, commissioned second lieutenant 304th battery tanks, discharged May 18th, 1918.

L. L. Wright—Enlisted May 25th, 1917, promoted sergeant 124 machine gun battalion, discharged April 15th, 1919.

J. C. Ferguson—Enlisted June 1, 1917, cadet 15th ambulance corps, discharged June 28th, 1919.

Hiram Fisher—Enlisted July 15th, 1918, 46th Infantry, discharged March 1, 1919.

L. R. Bristow—Enlisted July 14th, 1917, commissioned lieutenant, J. G. United States, N. R. Discharged February 7th, 1919.

Tracy E. Green—Sergeant Motor Transportation Corps, June 19th, 1918, discharged June 27th, 1919.

B. L. Ross—Enlisted January 1st, 1918, promoted to sergeant in special unit 317 Engineers, discharged April 1, 1919.

C. W. Pullen—Enlisted May, 1917, commissioned 2d lieutenant, 116th Field Artillery, discharged January 14th, 1919.

T. O. Tiffin—Enlisted July 31st, 1918, promoted corporal battery F, Artillery, discharged January 5th, 1919.

Donald Garrett—Boatswain's mate first class, U. S. N. R. F., May 8th, 1917, discharged December 25th, 1918.

Emerson Planck—Commissioned 1st Lieutenant, Air Service 14th, 1917, discharged February 25th, 1919.

William H. Goff—Enlisted May 26th, 1917, commissioned 1st lieutenant 124 Machine Gun Battalion, 3d division discharged September 15, 1918.

A.C. Muxfeldt—Enlisted June 9th, 1918, seaman, 2d U. S. N. R., discharged February 11th, 1919.

Paul Henderson—Enlisted February 4th, 1918, promoted to sergeant of medical department, discharged June 14th, 1919.

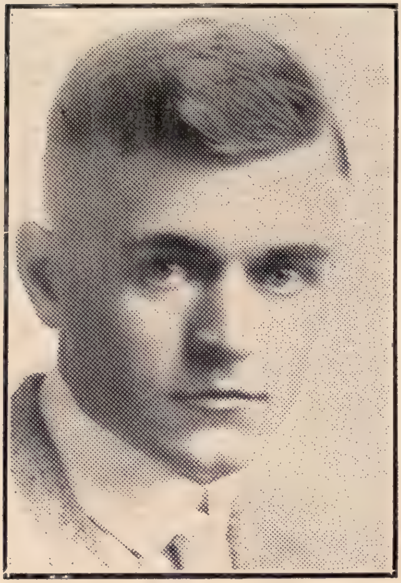
H. B. Wood—Sergeant of 344th Infantry.

C. J. Seeley—Enlisted January 1, 1918, promoted corporal 314 Supply, discharged June 1, 1919.

T. K. Morrow—Enlisted May 29th, 1918, Infantry, discharged December 21, 1918.

Otmer Folger—Enlisted May 11th, 1917, Medical Dept., discharged July 30th, 1919.

BLOOMINGTON BULLETIN HONOR ROLL



William J. Eads

GLEN D. WALLEY

Enlisted September 19, 1917. Went to Camp Dodge. Sailed July 8, 1918, for France. Served 11 months and 7 days overseas. Saw action on the Alsace Lorraine front and Woever section in front of Metz. Discharged June 15, 1919. Was member of Co. F, 349th Inf., Co. M. 349th Inf. With the seventh French army and Headquarters Detachment 88th Division following the signing of the armistice. Left Rhine River for home May 8, 1919. At the time of his discharge he was a line sergeant.

WILLIAM J. EADS

Sergeant First Class William J. Eads. Served with the Headquarters Detachment 84th Division. Enlisted September 21, 1917. Discharged April 16, 1919. Did not get overseas.

CARLYLE J. WILLEY

Sergeant Willey enlisted in 1918 and took a course at Bradley Polytechnic Institute in Peoria before going overseas. Sergeant Willey was with the ordnance department and was at Verdun and saw the big shells fly thick and fast. He was discharged in July, 1919.

SERGEANT ORAN SMITH

Sergeant Oran Smith enlisted in November, 1917, with the 319th Engineers stationed in California. They were sent overseas in October, 1918. Just too late to get into action. He returned to this country in September, 1919, and was honorably discharged.

SHERMAN D. WAKEFIELD

Sherman D. Wakefield enlisted September 10, 1918, in 432nd Engineers and was discharged from 478th Engineers May 31, 1919. Served also with 489th Engineers, all at Washington, D. C. Was rank of first-class sergeant when discharged.

Edward Radley

Glen D. Walley

EDWARD RADLEY

Enlisted in the fall of 1917 with the 60th Hospital Unit. Was overseas one year and two months. Was stationed near Tours, France, in hospital work. Was discharged July 8, 1919.

FRED H. YOUNG

Fred H. Young, sporting editor for the *Bulletin*, heard the call of his country and enlisted in the Navy in the spring of 1918. Mr. Young's work was mostly publicity for the Navy Department. He was released from service in the spring of 1919.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS HONOR ROLL

Eugene McCarthy

Too much can hardly be said of the great work of the Knights of Columbus during the great war. Their buildings dotted all sections of France and contributed to the pleasure and comfort of an unnumbered host of heroes. Out of the original budget of the United War Drive of $170,500,000, the Knights of Columbus was allotted 17.60 per cent or $30,000,000 and received by June 30, 1919, $17,000,000. Prior to that date, $5,468,080.79 was spent for activities in the United States and $9,550,083.62 overseas, the remainder being expended since that time. Out of the $15,000,000 spent prior to June 30, $7,000,000 went to ''Free Creature Comforts'' both in the army and the navy. Some of the items included in the list of supplies for free distribution were as follows: 900,000,000 beef cubes; 618,000,000 cigarettes; 3,750,000 pipes; 546,851 pounds of pipe tobacco; and 3,000,000 pounds of candy. The relief work of the Knights of Columbus right up to the firing line is well known to every soldier who reached the firing line. In the United States, the Knights had 461 buildings; 32 tents; with 11 buildings under construction at permanent army posts on June 30, 1919. Overseas, the Knights had 125 huts and clubs of substantial size; while they had many, more or less ephemeral clubs were equipped and maintained. For collection, care and general administration, $166,616.76 or 20.63 per cent was expended a sum that was more than taken care of by discounts from prompt payment of merchandise bills. Since the close of the war, the Knights of Columbus equipped and financed many vocational training houses in army camps, conducted as an army school under the supervision of army officers appointed by camp commanders. Such camps as Camp Devens, Mass., Camp Dix, N. Y., Camp Mills, N. Y., Base Hospital, No. 1, New York Base Hospital, Staten Island, and others are operating these schools where in some instances, 200 officers and over 1,000 enlisted men attended courses from 1 to 4 p. m., five days in the week. At Camp Dix, Major Gen. Hale thought so much of the work that he ordered his entire staff of officers to take courses. An appropriation of $3500 was recently made for the purpose of maintaining and equipping the 57th Regimental School at Camp Pike, Ark., and this has been highly endorsed by the regimental officers. There is every evidence that the Camp Educational project of the Knights of Columbus is going to be very extensive and it promises to be one of the most successful features of the Post War service.

Locally the work of the Knights of Columbus is also well entitled to praise. Bloomington Council No. 574, conscious of the high mission of the organization of which it is an integral part, was among the first to assist in every local patriotic project. The council gave generously not only to the various Knights of Columbus relief work funds, which preceded the United War Drive, but were eager subscribers to the various war funds collected by other war relief agencies—over $10,000 being raised. Conspicuous among the individual affairs in which Bloomington Council played a prominent part, was the memorable bazaar, given at ''The Oaks'' for the United War Drive, which was made possible through the generosity of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Humphreys, the assistance of the Young Mens Club and the whole hearted co-operation of the citizens of McLean County. The officers of Bloomington Council No. 574 who served through the war were the following: Grant Knight, James V. Flavin; Deputy Grand Knight, Charles Lucas; Warden, Floyd C. Clothier; Chancellor, J. Roy Costigan; Financial Secretary, Thos. L. Middleton; Recording Secretary, Fred Frost; Treasurer, P. W. Coleman; Trustees, M. T. Cunningham, Dan W. Conners, and Edward T. Doyle; Chaplain, Very Rev. M. Weldon.

The Bloomington Lodge, Knights of Columbus compiled a list of the members of the local council in the military service and made a handsome roll of honor containing the names of all those in the service.

James C. Allen
John C. Bandi
Michael J. Barthoviak
Dr. E. A. Behrendt
Howard Bethea
Lloyd F. Blair
Edward G. Bounen
George J. Boylan
Harry F. Boylan
Edward F. Brennan
Peter A. Burke
Richard J. Burns
Lieut. Frank M. Butler
Lieut. James J. Butler
Martin L. Callahan
John E. Carbery
John A. Cleary
Edgar L. Conley
George F. Conley
Francis H. Conroy
Maurice J. Conroy
John P. Corbley
Thomas I. Costigan
James V. Cox
John F. Cox
Francis M. Cullen
Lieut. Frank Deneen
Roy B. Devaney
James P. Donlon
Daniel P. Downey
Edward T. Downey
Eugene P. Downey
John B. Driscoll
Jay D. Enright
Henry A. Fisherkeller
Edgar A. Flynn
Lt. Mortimer G. Flynn
Albert J. Freese
John G. Freese
Lawrence Gehring
Leo A. Gildner
George P. Gleeson
Lt. Paul E. Greenleaf
Matthew R. Gregory
Lt. Frank D. Hackett
Louis L. Hafner
John J. Hallihan
Daniel A. Hayden
Thomas J. Hayden
Louis A. Hayes
Melvin S. Hayes
Paul Hayes
Peter J. Heintz
Leo L. Hogan
Austin Howard
Leo Hunt
James T. Johnson
Maurice Kalahar
Lieut. Charles P. Kane
Vernie C. Kellog
Patrick L. Kinder
James J. Kinsella
Emmett L. Koos
Lawrence H. Koos
Robert Lahey
Charles E. Leary
John M. Leary
Richard M. Leary
William J. Lenanan
Laughlin J. Lunney
James R. Lynch
Wayne C. Lyons
Arthur J. McAvoy
Eugene S. McCarthy (Gold *)
Patrick M. McGraw
William E. McGraw
Robert E. Maloney
Andrew J. Mann
Adolph Mauer
Joseph P. Meaney
Harry Merna
William Merna
Francis De Sales Misner
Roy B. Moore
Ralph C. Morath
James J. Morrissey
James S. Morrissey
Fred E. Murray
Leo F. Murray
Richard M. O'Connell
John J. O'Conner
Raymond O'Donnell
William J. O'Hara
Peter J. Ottes
Jacob J. Parker
Hubert Pemberton
Lieut. Fred W. Penn
James C. Penn
John W. Phelan
Edward Ploussard
Lt. Edward M. Powers
Louis Radbourn
Edward V. Raycraft
Arnold F. Riegger
Edward Riley
Joseph E. Rodgers
James M. Ryan
Maurice A. Salmon
Maurice J. Salmon
James J. Salmon
Dr. Wm. Sanders
Andrew Schultz
John Schwartz
Thomas J. Shanahan
Lieut. Joseph F. Smith
William Smith
Leslie Stone
Andrew E. Sullivan
Charles H. Sullivan
George Sweeney
William F. Sweeney
Otto A. Thoennes
Harold J. Toohey
Daniel P. Twomey
Roger M. Vogel
Leo M. Walsh
Thomas M. Walsh
Francis L. Watson
Roland B. Watson
Thomas Y. Watson
Thomas S. Weldon
John A. Williams

KUHN COAL CO. HONOR ROLL

Waldo Kuhn

Waldo Kuhn of the Kuhn Coal Co., Bloomington, was inducted into the army June 24, 1918, and was honored by appointment as captain of a detachment of 560 men which left McLean county for Camp Wheeler, Ga. Mr. Kuhn was later sent to Camp Mills, L. I., and embarked as a corporal of Co. A. 113th Infantry, arriving at Brest, France, October 15, 1918, with the 31st division. He was stationed at various small towns and finally when the division was broken up he was assigned to Co. I of the 123d Infantry, 29th Div. This division had orders to relieve the 26th at the battle front and was on its way when peace was declared, being close to Metz when the armistice was signed. Mr. Kuhn was among the soldiers who took advantage of the government's offer to supply a university training and entered the University of Toulouse in France, taking the French course in literature and other studies for four months, remaining there until his embarkation at St. Nazaire on July 10 for home, receiving his discharge at Camp Merritt, Grant, August 1, 1919.

Albert R. Wilcox, bookkeeper with the Kuhn Co. enlisted September 4, 1918, at Champaign, and was assigned to the 435 437th Engineers at Camp Meigs and also being on duty at Washington, D. C. He was discharged December 24, 1918. A picture of Mr. Wilcox will be found in the group of "W's."

PEOPLES BANK HONOR ROLL

Ferdinand Senseney

Jake J. Suter

Jake J. Suter, assistant teller of the Peoples Bank, joined the Fifth Regiment of United States Marines, and was assigned to the 2d Division, A. E. F. He trained at Paris Island, South Carolina, for six weeks, then to France. He saw much active service, participating in the battles of St. Mihiel, Champagne, or Blanc, Mont Ridge, Argonne Meuse, and other sanguinary engagements. He remained in Germany with the Army of Occupation until July 18, and then came home, being discharged at Quantico, Va., Aug. 13, 1919, resuming his post with the Peoples Bank.

Fredinand Senseney, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Senseney, was one of the Peoples Bank young men who volunteered for the military service and contributed his bit to the success of the American cause. He enlisted on May 6, 1918, and was sent first to Jefferson Barracks. From there he was sent to Fort Totten, New York, where he remained thruout the year in work connected with the artillery service. He attained the rank of first sergeant in the Second Anti-Aircraft Battalion. In December, 1918, he was mustered out at Camp Eustis, Va., and returned to his home in Bloomington. In the fall of 1919 he attended the Chicago Art Institute, and while there was taken sick. He came home, and after an illness of less than a week he died.

AMERICAN FOUNDRY AND FURNACE CO. HONOR ROLL

The American Foundry and Furnace Company of Bloomington, contributed twelve men to the service. These included the following:

Horace A. Soper, vice-president of the company, who was commissioned First Lieutenant October 11, 1917, and Captain, June 1, 1918. He was assigned to duty in Washington, D. C. and then transferred to Tours, France. His first duty was the purchase of steel helmets and fire control instruments and while in France had charge of the purchase of iron, steel, and machinery. He was honorably discharged January 4, 1919.

Delos Beck, navy. Enlisted April 6, 1917, and was still in the service when this book was published.

John Kates. Army. Enlisted January 1, 1918.

Robert Whitmer. Army.

Wilson Bean. Army. Enlisted September 1, 1918, Students training camp, Eureka, Ill.

Ray Moore. Navy. Enlisted 1917 and assigned to Great Lakes station.

Arthur Garman. Army.

Fred Bartels. Enlisted May 20, 1918 and served at Camp Del Rio. Discharged August 16, 1919.

Paul Jabsen. Enlisted June 24, 1918, assigned to Camp Wheeler, Ga., left for France September 28, 1918 and remained there eight months, largely in the Toul sector. Discharged June 7, 1919.

Edward Prochnow. Enlisted June 24, 1918. Assigned to Camp Wheeler, Ga., and left for France October 5, 1918. Remained there seven months in the Argonne sector. Discharged May 17, 1919.

Roy Wittmus. Enlisted Army September 2, 1918. Assigned to Camp Grant. Discharged November 30, 1919.

John Dunn. Enlisted army May 25, 1918. Assigned to Camp Grant. Discharged March, 1919.

Left to Right—Frank C. Niehaus, P. Naffziger, Ernest C. Neal.
Below—Ralph L. Nicol.

LIEUT. ROBERT P. WHITMER

Lieut. Robert P. Whitmer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leroy G. Whitmer of Bloomington, who was a student at the Illinois Wesleyan University of Bloomington when war was declared, joined the Students Army Training Corps at Fort Sheridan early in July, 1918. He finished his training there and won a commission as Second Lieutenant. He then volunteered to enter the Field Artillery Central Officers Training School at Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky. He was hard at work training for this department of the service when the Armistice was signed and the war came to an end, the ending of hostilities being as keen a disappointment to him as to thousands of other patriotic young men who were anxious to take an active part in the great struggle abroad. Lieut. Whitmer was honorably discharged on December 14, 1918, and immediately resumed his studies in the Law School of Illinois Wesleyan and in his second year.

Top row (left to right)—Lloyd Mischler, James R. McIntosh, James S. Morrissey, John O. Morrissey, Beverly H. Miles.

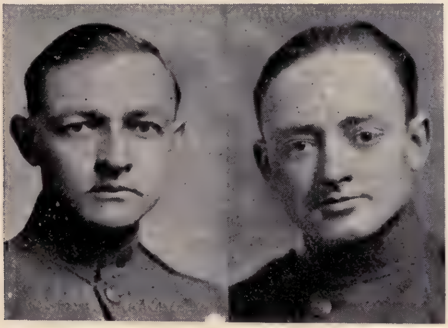
Second row—Andrew Miller, Arthur L. Meyer, Loyal S. McMillan, Richard J. Marton, Carl Masso, Allen W. McVeigh.

Third row—Raymond H. Mayer, Cecil W. Macy, Oscar Moore, Ervin P. Martenson, Edward McReynolds.

Fourth row—William R. Merna, Harvey Meeker, Frank C. Munther, Roy Morrell, Harold McElwain, Raymond Means.

HOWARD BROTHERS

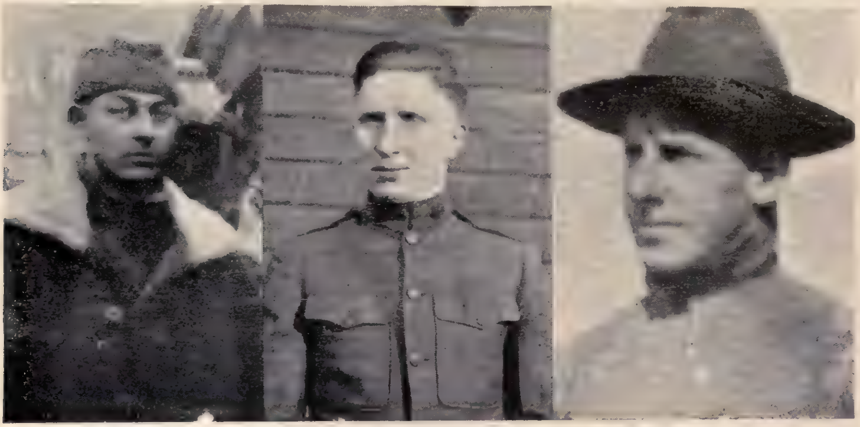
Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Howard of Bloomington have two sons who did a full part in the military service of the U. S. in war. Mr. Howard is a well known Bloomington merchant. The elder son, William Nelson Howard, enlisted for the University of Chicago ordnance army supply course in November, 1917. Completing this course November 23, he was sent first to San Antonio arsenal, Texas; thence to Camp Jackson and then to Camp Hancock; after six weeks of infantry drill was sent to Camp Merritt, and four days later sailed for England. Crossed the channel on an old side-wheeler and landed at Le Havre. His first month was spent at ordnance depot 4 at Mehun, east of Orleans, the largest in Central France. After a month, he was sent to advance depot 4, and put in charge of the small arms yard. It was a busy place, as the drives of Chateau Thierry and Toul were in progress, and loading trucks was done at night and in a hurry. On October 1, he was ordered to the largest base depot, near Bordeaux on the Girondin river. Here each man was a specialist in his line; the depot grew to 38 warehouses each 600 feet long. Six steam cranes worked on railroad tracks to sorting sheds for ammunition, fourteen in number. There were 1,500 men, composed of German prisoners, American garrison prisoners, negro soldiers, Chinese coolies, and white Americans. He remained until March, 1919, as sergeant in charge of ammunition at this depot. He got a two weeks' leave and visited St. Malo; also was in Paris for a day and saw President Wilson. At Easter time he went to the Pyrennese mountains on leave, and on Easter Sunday was in the old city of Lourdes. Took dinner that day with a sister of the King of Belgium, who invited all American soldiers in town. Spent ten days at St. Aignan, and then took a forty-eight hour ride in box cars to Marseilles; sailed from there on an Italian boat for home. From Camp Merritt, went to Camp Grant and was there discharged July 17, 1919. He said after discharge: ''I came home a full fledged, honest-to-goodness American for all time to come.''



Gordon K. and William N. Howard

Gordon K. Howard enlisted as private June 4, 1918, and went to Jefferson Barracks. Was transferred to Allentown, Pa., July 25, and five days later was assigned to base hospital 82. He sailed from Hoboken on the S. S. Leviathan on Aug. 31, and landed at Brest September 1. Was first sent to a so-called rest camp, then to Pontanezze barracks, where he remained until September 12. He was sent to Toul on September 20. With the medical department in the American drive of the Argonne forest November 5 and 6. He remained with the American forces after the armistice until the spring of 1919. He was promoted to sergeant March 13, and from March 18 to 25 was on leave to Monte Carlo, Nice, Mentone. He left Toul on the homeward journey by way of LeMans on April 24; sailed from Brest on the ship President Grant; landed at Boston June 9, thence to Camp Devens, and was discharged at Camp Grant June 17, 1919.

HUNTER ICE CREAM CO. HONOR ROLL



Left to right—Clarence Bean, Kenneth Thompson, Neil Callahan.

Of the employes of the Hunter Ice Cream Co., 205 N. East street, Bloomington, who were in the service, one James Butler, won a commission. He was inducted into the army September 4, 1917, going first to Camp Dodge and later entering the officers training camp at Camp Pike where he won a commission as lieutenant. He also entered the school of flyers at Fort Sill and also was on duty with a special infantry detachment at Oklahoma. He closed his service at Camp Funston where he received his discharge January 1, 1919, after a year and a half of

LIEUT. JAMES BUTLER

strenuous duty. After the war, Lt. Butler removed to Kansas City where he has been engaged in the mercantile business.

Neil Callahan enlisted November 8, 1917, in the air service and was assigned to duty at Payne Field, going later to Kelly Field with the 75th Aero Squadron and to Ellington Field with the 272 Aero Squadron. By faithful duty he won a promotion to sergeant and received his discharge March 3, 1919, then embarking in the oil business at Shreveport, La. He was a candidate for a commission in the flying school but the end of the war prevented his realization of this ambition.

Clarence Bean enlisted December 14, 1917, trained at Camp Hancock, Ga., and Camp Merritt, N. J., and then sailed March 3, 1918, on the Leviathan, reaching Liverpool March 11 and soon thereafter going to France. He saw much active service and was kept there with the Army of Occupation until the summer following the war, not leaving Brest until July, 1919. He was discharged at Long Island July 14.

CONTRIBUTED FOUR SONS

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Johnson of Bloomington had the distinction of giving four stalwart sons to the service during the war. Mr. Johnson is a well known business man, being a member of the Johnson Transfer and Fuel Company. All the four boys did a full part in the various branches of service in which they engaged, and all returned safely after the close of the fighting. Frank R. Johnson enlisted in April, 1917, at the age of 16. He chose the air service and was sent to Kelly Field, Texas, where he was stationed for six months. Then he went to England and was there six months with the 11th Aero squadron. Finally, he was sent to France and served the last six months of the war with the 86th Aero squadron. He returned and was discharged in the winter of 1918-19. John Paul Johnson entered the service in September, 1917, in the quartermaster's department and was sent to Louisville, Ky. He served there for nine months, when he was sent to Chanute field, at Rantoul, with the quartermaster's corps. He remained there until his honorable discharge on December 17, 1918. L. Ross Johnson enlisted November 26, 1917, and chose the air service. He was sent to Kelly field, where he remained for ten months. Then he was transferred to the officers' training camp at Waco, Texas. He was there at the close of the war and received his honorable discharge on November 27, 1918, with the grade of master signal engineer. Warren E. Johnson enlisted in May, 1918, in the medical department. He was stationed most of the time during his training at Newport News, Va. He was then sent to France, where he served until after the close of the war and was discharged in the winter of 1918-19.

L. Ross Johnson

John P. Johnson

Warren E. Johnson

Frank R. Johnson

HACKETT-HARVEY CO. HONOR ROLL

Acquiring the military fever as a member of the National Guard, Frank Hackett, a member of the firm of Hackett-Harvey Co., garage and accessory dealers, 406 West Washington St., Bloomington, enlisted at the outbreak of the war and entered the first Officer's Training Camp at Fort Sheridan. He soon won a commission as lieutenant and was then ordered to Cornell, N. Y. university; the Boston Polytechnic Institute; Wichita Falls, Kansas; Call Field, Texas, and finally to Mather Field, Sacramento, Cal., for various classes of training in aviation. His long experience and practical knowledge of motors, made him a valuable man in the mechanical department of aviation and he made such a notable record that he was given increased duties and responsibilities and gradually became one of the most valuable men for the department and towards the final year of war and later, he was given sole charge of the motor and mechanical department in the care of the air craft. The work was so congenial and the lure of the military so irresistible that there is a chance that Lieut. Hackett will adopt the profession. He was given favorable mention by the commanding officers upon numerous occasions and strong pressure exerted upon him to remain in the aviation department. As a result, it is more than likely that he will not return to Bloomington, but will remain with the war department, aviation section permanently.

Lt. Frank Hackett

Others on the Hackett-Harvey honor roll are the following:

Birney Driscoll, Navy. Enlisted May 25, 1918.

Herman A. Lawrence. Enlisted September 5, 1918. Trained at Camp Hancock, Ga., and discharged there February 4, 1919.

Roy Shifflet, Aviation 138 Aero Squadron. Enlisted August 26, 1917. Jefferson Barracks, Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas. Four months at Flying Field, Fort Sill Okla.; four months at British Flying Field at Mount Rose, Scotland, Colomby, Les Belle, France and after training there was sent to the front at Layst Remy until the armistice was signed. After the signing of the armistice, moved to Coblenz, serving 15 months, 21 days. Discharged at Camp Grant, July 11, 1919.

Conrad Gottschalk, Machine Gun Corp. Enlisted July 22, 1918. Sweeney School Kansas City, Mo., Camp Hancock, Ga., Camp Grant and discharged January 15, 1919. Six months service.

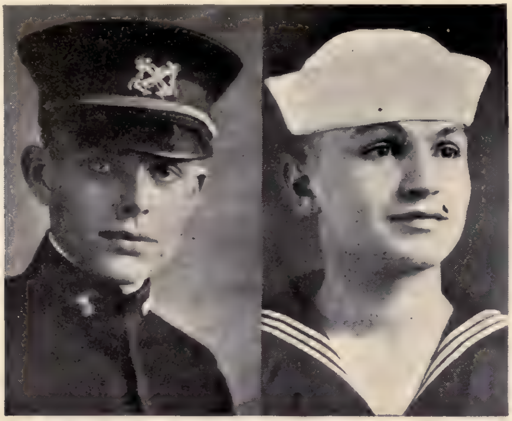
Paul Mockert, gas warfare dept., trained at Cleveland, O. Enlisted June 15, 1918.

Robert Smith, Medical Supply, Camp Kearney, San Diego, Cal. Enlisted June 1, 1917.

Ralph Meatyard, Navy. Enlisted May 7th, 1917. Two months training at Newport, R. I. and Portsmouth, N. H. Later on U. S. S. Texas. In service 26 months.

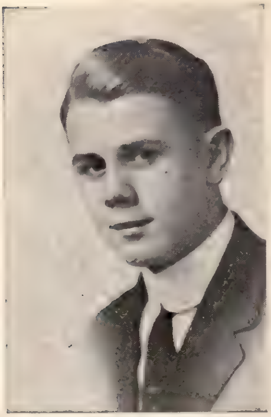
HOLLIS AND JOSEPH FREY

The bounding billow appealed to the sons of C. W. Frey of Bloomington both Hollis O. Frey and Joseph R. Frey selecting the navy when war was declared. Joseph enlisted June 24, 1918, in Chicago as second class seaman and joined the deck officers school at Municipal Pier. October 29, he was called to service at the Great Lakes Training Station but peace came inopportunely for him and he was released February 4, 1919, but held in reserve. He was permitted to return to the University of Illinois where he graduated, receiving the Bachelor of Science degree in the College of Commerce, then becoming associated with his father in the automobile and tractor and truck business. Hollis O. Frey enlisted May 17, 1918, at Cleveland, O., and was ordered to Pelham Bay, L. I., July 21 after finishing in Mechanical Engineering at the U. of I., entering the Navy Steam Engineers School, completing his course at Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J., where he was made a warrant officer. He sailed November 14 for France, was promoted to Ensign January 15, 1919, and returned home, being released from active duty February 10, 1919, and returned to Bloomington entering the firm with his father and brother. He greatly enjoyed his period of service abroad, although disappointed over the premature cessation of hostilities.



Hollis Frey Joe Frey

HERBERT J. McGRATH



Herbert J. McGrath, junior member of the firm of J. T. McGrath & Son, 215 East Douglas street, manufacturers of railway shop appliances, enlisted June 20, 1918, and trained at the Sweeney Auto school in Kansas City, serving as instructor for six weeks. He was transferred to the Railway Operating Engineers Corps August 20 and went to Fort Benjamin Harrison. He was assigned to Co. A. of the 118th Engineers and sailed October 26 for Liverpool, reaching Havre, France, and was assigned to the 45th Co., 52d Engineers serving at various points in France and seeing much active duty at Perigueaux, (Didogue) and finally sailed for home June 16, 1919, being discharged at Camp Mills one week later. Of the young mechanical engineers who saw service abroad, Mr. McGrath greatly profited by his experience and it will undoubtedly be of great value to him in his future career in his chosen profession.

A. LIVINGSTON & SONS HONOR ROLL

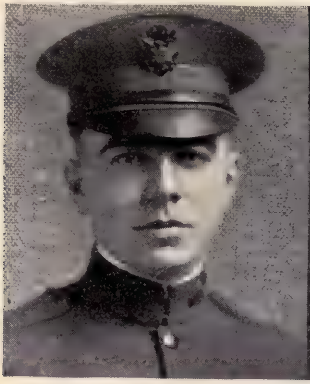
Milton R. Livingston, senior member of the firm of A. Livingston & Sons, dry goods, etc., located on the south side of the public square, Bloomington, served through the war as County Chairman of the State Commercial Economy Administration. Products required for the armies and the American Allies, were conserved and, in each city, steps were taken to this end. Mr. Livingston had charge for Bloomington and discharged the duties to the entire satisfaction of the state bureau. Mr. Livingston was also active in all war relief work and was a never failing and generous contributor in the various "drives."

Milton Livingston

Among the employes of this firm who were in the service, were the following:

Herbert S. Cline, advertising manager for A. Livingston & Sons, returned to Des Moines, Iowa, where he enlisted in Company C, 1st Iowa Engineers June 23, 1917. The Company was called out July 17th to assist in construction work at Camp Dodge, Ia. Sept. 1st Mr. Cline was appointed Corporal and Company Clerk. On Sept. 30th his Company was ordered to Camp Cody, New Mexico, where it became Co. C, 109th Engineer Regiment. Corporal Cline was transferred to Headquarters Co. of this regiment and appointed Regimental Supply Sergeant. During January and February, 1918, he was on detached service with detachments from the regiment engaged in bridge building on the Rio Grande River at Camp Courschene, New Mexico. May 1st, 1918, Sergeant Cline was ordered to the Quartermaster Officers' Training Camp at Camp Joseph Johnston, Florida. July 1, 1918, he was commissioned 2nd Lieutenant, A. M. C. and ordered to Camp Upton, N. Y. Here he was assigned to the Subsistence Division, in charge of the rationing of troops destined overseas. Following a month in the Base Hospital, Camp Upton with influenza and pneumonia he was honorably discharged, January 17, 1919, and re-commissioned in the Officers' Reserve Corps, after which he resumed his position with A. Livingston & Sons.

Reginald P. Tuttle enlisted in the Medical Corps, U. S. A. at Bloomington, Illinois, July 6th, 1918. He was sent to Jefferson Barracks, where he remained until August 22, 1918. He was then ordered to Camp Crane, Pennsylvania. At Camp Crane Private Tuttle was assigned to Casual Co. 284 and proceeded with them to Camp Upton, N. Y., on August 29th. He sailed from Hoboken with his company September 15th. Arriving at Brest his company was sent to Pountmossoun, near Metz and here he was assigned to Evacuation Hospital No. 13. The 31st of October he proceeded with this organization to Commercy where it participated in the Meuse-Argonne offensive. January 12, 1919, Private Tuttle was ordered to Luxemburg city where he remained until July 4th when his command returned to Brest. After a quick return trip he landed at Hoboken, July 19th, and was honorably discharged at Camp Grant, Ill., on July 29, 1919.



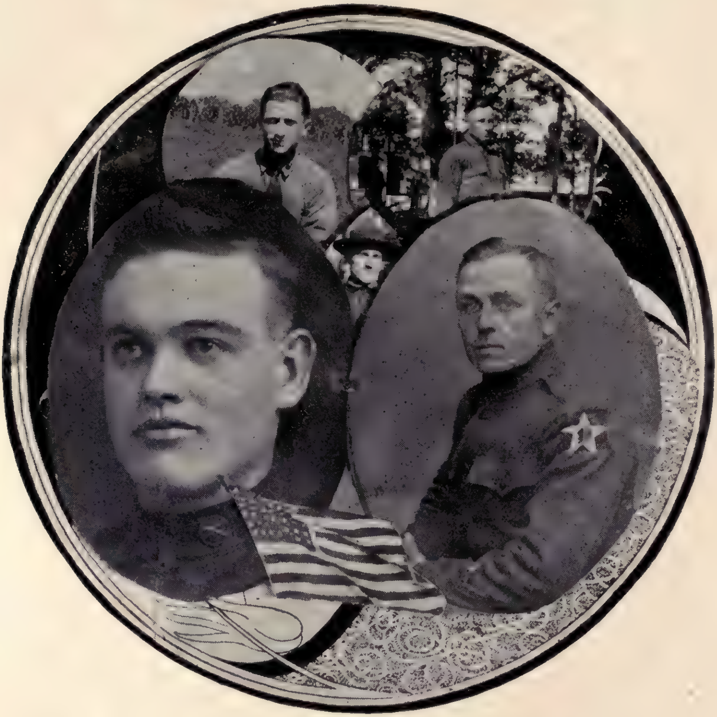
Herbert S. Cline

Reginald P. Tuttle

TWENTY-SEVEN TIMES OVER THE TOP

Entering the army as a private, W. H. Wilson, son of Charles B. Wilson of Gridley, came out carrying a commission as lieutenant and with a record of having gone over the top in action twenty-seven times. He was with the First division, and took part in the battle at Cantigny, the first American engagement on a large scale. He was in twenty-two different raiding parties against the enemy trenches in the Marne region in the summer of 1918, and for nearly nine months was constantly in front line positions. Afterward he attended an officers' training school in France and obtained a commission as lieutenant.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO. HONOR ROLL



Upper left—M. Julian; upper right—Harry Hoeft.
Center—Dowel Mauney.
Lower left—H. C. Steininger; lower right—Park Vance.

Among the attaches of the Franklin Motor Car Co., 316-320 West Washington street, Bloomington, Park Vance of Danvers was especially distinguished, receiving two glowing citations. Enlisting May 17, 1917, as First Class private in F Co., 2d U. S. Engineers, he was among the first overseas, reaching France September 9, 1917. He qualified as expert rifleman in marksmanship and participated in the battles of Toulon, Troyon, Ainse defensive, Chateau Thierry, Aisne Marne, Marbache, St. Michael Mihiel and in the Meuse Argonne. Few men from McLean county saw as much active service and he was privileged to receive a full understanding of the horrors of war and be in the front rank in a number of the greatest battles that the world has seen. Remaining with the Army of Occupation until the summer after the war's end, he sailed for home and was discharged August 8, 1919.

H. C. Steininger enlisted June 14, 1918, and trained at the Valparaiso, Ind. University, then going to the Arsenal Technical School at Indianapolis, where he assisted in the manufacture of army trucks under contract with the Premier corporation. From September 15 to December 26, 1918, he was attached to Battery D, 3d Regt. F. A. R. D.

at Camp Taylor, Louisville, for replacement of 84th Division, his unit of the field artillery, being given charge of the motor unit of the entire regiment. He was awarded the warrant of mechanic in his unit and received his discharge with the close of the war.

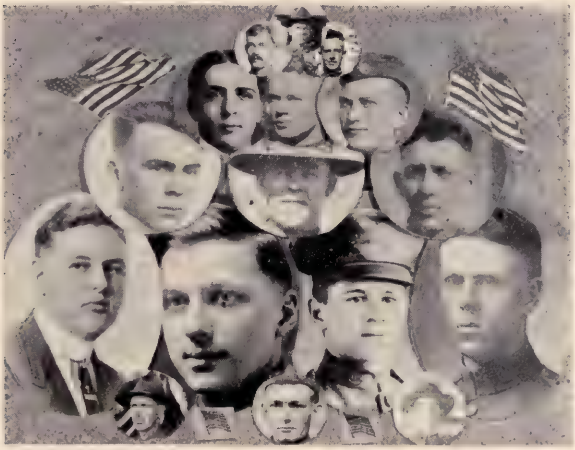
Dowel Mauney enlisted December 13, 1917, and was assigned to Chanute Field where he was kept until January 20, 1919, in the motor department, his experience in this line, making him a valuable man for the government. He had charge of the motor machine field and was discharged as first class sergeant.

Corporal Fred Kauth of Colfax was assigned to the First Thirteenth Air Service Squadron, which had the distinction of being the first to cross the ocean. He trained at Kelly Field after he enlisted in April, 1917, saw much active service abroad and was badly injured in an aeroplane accident. He was invalided home, remained in the Fort Sheridan hospital for seven months. He may never recover fully from the accident.

M. Julian enlisted April 12, 1917, trained at Kelly Field, Chanute Field, where he attained the distinction of chief electrician of the field and at Fort Slocum. He was discharged as Master Signal Electrician September 3, 1919. In the fall of an aeroplane at Grant Park, Chicago, he was injured.

G. E. McConnell enlisted July 1, 1918, and served as oiler in the navy and assigned to the transport Meeade, crossing the ocean several times, and discharged as 2nd Engineer February 13, 1919. He also trained three months at Harvard university.

Harry Hoeft enlisted December 9, 1917, saw service at Kelly Field and then transferred to Newark, N. J., as ship builder, discharged from that service January 20, 1919.



First row (left to right)—Richard M. Taylor, H. R. Thompson, Carl Truitt.
Second row (left to right)—Maurice Thompson, Daniel F. Thompson, Jesse R. Tongate.
Third row—Chas. A. Thompson, Joe Trimble, Ralph G. Thompson.
Fourth row—George Tenney, Samuel M. Tee, Rouland V. Traxler, Howard A. Tobias.
Fifth row—Elva J. Truax, Jake L. Thomas, Harry Turner.

HUDSON BURR & CO. HONOR ROLL

Top—Lt. Hudson Burr.
Below, left to right—Lt. Joseph F. Smith, A. Royce Evans.

Hudson Burr, junior member of the firm of Hudson Burr & Co., 319 North Center street, Bloomington, left Yale college in the spring of 1917 to enter the first Officers Training Camp at Fort Sheridan and was commissioned a Provisional Second Lieutenant of Field Artillery, Regular Army, October 26 that year. He was assigned to the 83d F. A. at Fort Russell, Wyoming, then transferred to the 13th F. A. at Camp Greene, N. C. and next attended the ''Aerial Observers School'' at Fort Sill, Okla., graduating May 1, 1918, and sailing for France May 22 and entering the French artillery school at Camp de Soue Bordeaux, with Battery C of the 13th F. A. He went to the front at Chateau Thierry July 30 and participated in the engagements as follows: Aisne-Marne Offensive, August 1-6; Vesle River sector August 6-16; San Mihiel Salient, September 12-14; and Argonne Forest September 26 to November 11, the four leading battles of the great war. Lt. Burr then moved with the Army of Occupation to Ahrweiler, Germany, remaining there from December 1 until July 1, 1919. He was promoted to First Lieutenant of Field Artillery at the front, July 4, 1918, and was married at Coblenz, Germany, April 2, 1919, to Miss Mignon McGibeny of Indianapolis, who was in Germany in the Y. M. C. A. work. Lt. Burr was discharged from the service September 5, 1919.

Joseph F. Smith entered the Officers Training Camp at Fort Sheridan August 1, 1917, and was commissioned Second Lieutenant November 1, 1917, ordered overseas December 1, 1917, entered an Infantry school, was appointed Junior Musketry Instructor; assigned to 30th Reg. Infantry in May, 1918, and promoted to First Lieutenant November 1, 1918, seeing active service in three major operations, Aisne Marne, Champagne Marne and Argonne Forest. He was appointed assistant Musketry Officer during the A. E. F. Rifle, Pistol and Musketry Competition; assigned as Company Officer of Casual Co. 5428 May 1, 1919, and was discharged at Camp Mills, L. I., June 1, 1919.

A. Royce Evans enlisted in the tank corps September 12, 1918, assigned to Casual Co. 1 T. C. U. S. A. at Camp Colt, Pa., transferred to 346th Bat. at Camp Dix, N. J., promoted to corporal November 20 and was discharged at Camp Dix December 11, 1918.

McLEAN COUNTY COAL CO. HONOR ROLL

Oliver Easterbrook was among the group of employes of the McLean County Coal Co., Bloomington, in the service enlisted June 7, 1917, at Urbana for the ambulance service and was sent to Allen Pa., and assigned to the 611 U. S. Ambulance Squadron, being sent to France and seeing much strenuous service. He was kept in the service until June 19, 1919, when he was discharged. After the war, he made his headquarters in Peoria.

Other employes of the McLean County Coal Company who were in the service were the following:

Wm. Hegerty, 805 W. Locust, age 30. Enlisted May 2nd, 1917, as 3rd class fireman, served 26 months in foreign waters on Flag Ship Black Hawk. Discharged as 1st class fireman December 3, 1919.

Lincoln Clark, 1310 West Chestnut. Age 31. Co. B, 804th Reg. Pioneer Infantry. Sailed September 14, 1918. Discharged July, 1919.

Peter Janick, 1203 W. Taylor street. Age 26. Co. H, 326th Reg. Infantry. Sailed October, 1918. Discharged June 14th, 1919.

W. H. KERRICK, SPECIAL AGENT DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

There are far more chapters of the great war history that will remain unwritten than there are which will ever be published. In the records of W. H. Kerrick, Federal Agent of the Department of Justice, who is the well known attorney of Bloomington, with offices in the Corn Belt Bank building, there are the depositions and other evidence in thousands of cases which began to develop immediately with the beginning of the war in Europe, and which became more numerous and more acute when the United States was drawn into the conflict.

Previous to the war period, Mr. Kerrick had for nearly three years represented the Government in the same Department, but his work was principally restricted to White Slave and similar cases, in which the Federal laws were being violated.

When war was declared by the United States, there at once developed hundreds of cases involving citizens and others who were not citizens, who were accused of disloyal acts and attacks against the Government. These included aliens who were suspicioned of carrying on pro-German propaganda, and were otherwise putting forth efforts to give aid and comfort to the enemies of our country; industrial agitation and crimes to hinder the government often charged to German sympathizers, an eye being kept open for all such; conscientious objectors, nearly all plain cowards, under the guise of religion, who made trouble in every way possible; refusal to purchase liberty bonds or to give assistance to the great drives for Red Cross work, Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus and others of the great organizations which were straining every nerve with all loyal citizens to help win the war; the registration and draft difficulties, involving failure to register, and failure to respond to call and rules of the Local Exemption Boards, which failure often resulted in registrants being classed as deserters; alien enemies failing or refusing to register as the law provided for such registration; failure often willful, to comply with food and day-light saving regulations; applicants for positions with the Government; fraudulent allotments; investigations of persons and their references who desired passports into the United States, and naturalization cases referred to the Department of Justice for investigation, which were most of the matters which required attention. These and other problems frequently aggregated as many as eight or ten cases in one day and during the war period ran up to more than three thousand in number, in all of which, investigations were made by Mr. Kerrick.

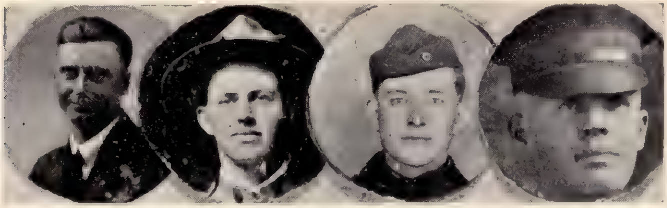
His territory extended over at least one-third of Illinois, and occasionally beyond the State. From Kankakee and LaSalle on the north, and almost to Cairo, south, Peoria, Springfield and Carlinville, west and to the State line east, taking in not less than 35 counties, and which were gone over several times. He necessarily traveled many thousands of miles conducting the required investigations and prosecutions. Many of these were of a grave and serious nature, and the more difficult they were to handle the less the public knew of them, and which, for the highest welfare of the different communities were adjusted without public notoriety and generally kept from publication. Many, were handled by warning and stern reprimand and with emphatic warning as to what would be the result of repetition of the acts complained of.

The most difficult cases to properly adjust were those of peculiar religious sects, nearly all of them pro-German sympathizers, who attempted to make loyal citizens believe they were claiming exemption from military service on account of their religion, and conscientious scruples against going to war. Usually it was not the young men themselves who were making such claims, but the parents or church leaders who urged such reasons for exemption. In making such claims, coupled with refusal to take any part in helping to win the war, such persons always became objects of public scorn and contempt and in some instances of violence. The loyal public desperately indignant at such persons and such claims, were often ready to take radical and criminal action against them and it often required, considerable diplomacy and finesse upon the part of Mr. Kerrick, with the help of conservative public authorities to prevent serious outbreaks.

Mr. Kerrick was energetic and tireless in the performance of his duties, the importance and seriousness of which were not understood by the public, and was engaged almost night and day and Sundays as well, for at least three full years in responding to calls from the Government, not only in the Department of Justice, but from other departments wherein his Department had taken over the work of investigations, particularly the War and Navy Departments and the Department of Labor and Commerce.

Soon after the Armistice was signed, Mr. Kerrick's territory was extended to the western part of the State together with that formerly covered, which with the after the war difficulties added to what already existed, and with this additional territory to travel over caused him to still be unusually busy with Government affairs, arising principally out of the post-war conditions.

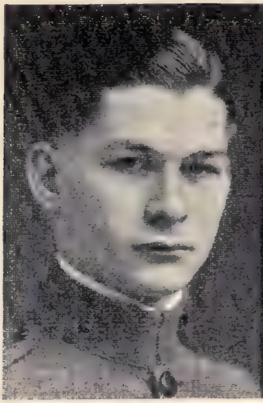
Although the great majority of the cases which were given attention were protected from the public by the mantle of non-publicity. Mr. Kerrick's credit is none the less pronounced and his efficient and successful discharge of the responsible and important duties are widely recognized, not only by the people of his own district, but his work is highly appreciated by the government at Washington, where it is of course best known. He has accomplished a great work for the Government, and no one has achieved a more faithful record of war services, and there is no one more deserving of the high appreciation of the public.



Orin W. Fawcett, Elmer E. Fornoff, Otto W. Fisher, Otmer B. Folger.

MOZART LODGE HONOR ROLL

Four members of Mozart lodge A. F. & A. M. were in the service. Of these, Paul Frederick Hoierman enlisted in the navy at the Officers Training camp in Chicago December 6, 1917. On June 19, 1918, he was sent to Cleveland to learn the practical part of seamanship on the different lakes between that city and Detroit, Mich. After four months of practical study on the lakes he returned to Chicago for further study until January, 1919, when he was sent to Pelham Bay, N. Y., for final examination where on March 1, 1919, he received his commission as Ensign in the Reserve Navy. May 1, 1919 he was transferred to the regular Navy as Ensign. May 15, 1919, he passed examination in the United States Shipping Board and was appointed a Supercargo on the S. S. Point Arena which sailed for Porto Rico. He made two trips to Porto Rico and in each case returned with a cargo of raw-sugar. The next trip he took to Cuba, and Hong Kong, China, thru the Panama Canal via San Francisco, Cal., Honolulu, Hawaii, and Manila, P. I.



Edgar Apelt

Paul Hoierman

Caught in the ankle by a bullet from a German machine gun in the famous assault by the Marines in front of Soissons on July 19, 1918, Claude S. Miller of Bloomington suffered for more than two years from the effects of his wounds and returned home carrying with him the honorary decorations of the Croix de Guerre and the red cord of the French Legion of Honor. Claude was one of the several boys from Bloomington who belonged to the famous Sixth brigade of the Marine Corps, which with the Fifth brigade composed part of the immortal First division which stopped the Germans at the Marne and drove them back during the months of June and July, 1918. Claude came home in October, 1918, and there was a happy reunion at the residence of his father, Theodore Miller of 606 West Market street. Claude soon after his return wrote for the Daily Bulletin, in whose employ he had formerly been as a reporter, an interesting story of his experiences in the war. The Fifth and Sixth Marines sailed for France in September, 1917. For several months they occupied a camp and engaged in drill duty. About the first of June, 1918, the Marines were put in front line positions to replace French troops. On the morning of June 6 the German barrage against the Americans began, and this was cited by Claude as his most terrible experience. The Yanks had orders not to retreat or give up the front line at any cost. Consequently they advanced through the barrage to points of comparative safety in no man's land. But suddenly the barrage stopped and the Germans swarmed out of their trenches. They found the Marines meeting them half way, and before they could recover from their surprise they were peppered by the American guns so hotly that all who were not killed scampered back to their trenches. The Marines had obeyed orders not to retreat, and had captured Balleau Wood with 600 prisoners. The Germans retook the wood, but the Marines were hurried back to the front and captured it a second time. In this second attack the American big gun barrage was very effective. In honor of their heroic work, the French government changed the name from Balleau Wood to Wood De Marines. In these battles Claude saw where Germans had chained their own machine gunners to trees so that they could not retreat, but most of them were killed. Claude was wounded in an attack at Soissons on July 19, when the Marines had advanced too fast and got out of the protection of their own artillery, running into a direct fire from Germans guns. It was about 9 o'clock in the morning when Claude was hit in the ankle by a machine gun bullet and his foot so shattered that he fell in the wheat field through which the regiment was advancing. When he fell, his company kept on advancing and he lost track of them. Finally a first aid man found Claude wounded and carried him to a roadside, where he lay until 8:30 that night, when an ambulance picked him up. While he lay by the road, he saw a German airplane swoop down over the field and fire with machine guns at every wounded man he could see. Fortunately, Claude lay unobserved in the ditch, which probably saved his life. From the first aid station he was taken to a base hospital at Paris, later to Bordeaux. While at the latter place, when walking with crutches he slipped and fell, injuring his foot again. Finally, on September 22 Miller with many other wounded men embarked on the transport Manchuria for the voyage to the home-land. For more than a year after reaching the United States, Miller was subject of treatments and surgical operations in several different government hospitals, in New York, Chicago, Des Moines and elsewhere. Finally his ankle had been rejuvenated to such an extent that he could discard his crutches and used only a brace on the ankle.

Claude Miller

William Diebold

WADE BARNEY LODGE HONOR ROLL

Wade Barney Lodge No. 512 A. F. & A. M. of Bloomington took a very active part in the war relief work, while one of the forty-nine members who entered the service, made the supreme sacrifice for his country. The lodge as a body invested liberally in Liberty bonds while the members as individual purchasers were generous and also were active in assisting in the various war relief drives and other measures calculated to win the great conflict. Officers of the lodge during 1918 were as follows:

Eugene F. Duncan, Worshipful Master.
Leslie C. Spurgin, Senior Warden.
Herschel H. Fryer, Junior Warden.
Charlie J. Moyer, Treasurer.
J. Huber Allen, Secretary.
Charles J. Anderson, Senior Deacon.
Theron O. White, Junior Deacon.
Walter Rust, Senior Steward.
C. M. House, Junior Steward.
Thomas Stockdale, Marshal.
J. N. Swift, Chaplain.
Frank Noble, Tyler.
Alonzo Dolan and J. Huber Allen, Board of Control.
Thomas H. Ramage, Board of Relief.

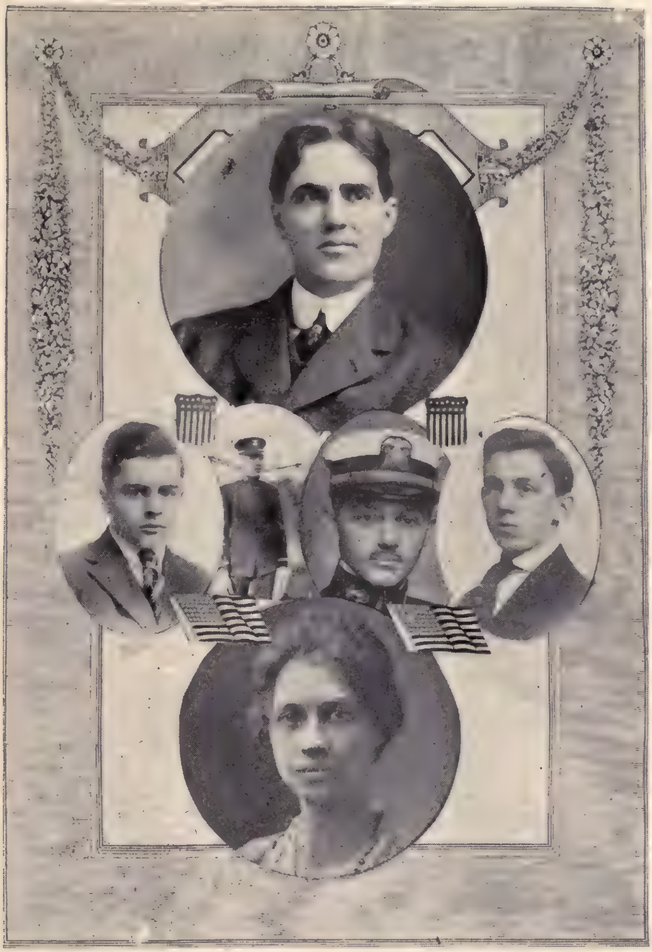
Wade Barney Lodge adopted Rene Legallais, a Belgian orphan and is still caring for him. The lodge contributed the following to the service:

Wilbur E. Anderson
C. E. Baxter
Lloyd L. Biggs
Eugene L. Blackwell
Fred W. Brian
Robert H. Carson
Levi C. Carter
Chester B. Castle
Arthur R. Chism
J. A. Clark
Vernon E. Clark
William R. Clickener
Leonard R. Dexter
John G. Lovell
O. H. Lundborg
Edward I. Lundborg
D. W. McDonald
Harry Marquardt
Lloyd M. Nelson
Lloyd L. Nevins
Hubert B. Osten
Wm. H. Paddock
Frank N. Peck
Emery H. Powers
Paul M. Follick

Lester Gesell
Kline Hartley
J. K. P. Hawks
Lew W. Henry
Jay E. Hickman
Floyd L. Johnston
John R. Jones
Marshall W. Jones
George A. Katz
Thos. W. Kitchen
Julius P. Klemm
W. H. Louden
Harold T. Ramage
Carl W. Seeger
Walter C. Seeger
Howard Stevenson
Wayne Townley
Raymond Uhrie
Philip J. Watson, Jr.
Ralph O. White
Walter W. Williams
Linzie R. Wilson
Julius Yarp
Morris Pumphrey

Walter Carl Seeger was wounded by shrapnel on October 15, 1918, while on duty in Argonne Woods with Company M. 326th Infantry, and died as a result of the wounds two days later. He was buried in the American Cemetery located at Les Islettes, Department of Meuse.

ARTHUR PILLSBURY HONOR ROLL



Above—Arthur Pillsbury. Center—left to right—Joe Moore, Donald E. Marquis, Walker W. Anderson, Archie Schaeffer. Below—Ada Lyle Seeley.

Arthur L. Pillsbury, architect, Peoples Bank Bldg., Bloomington, was appointed McLean County chairman, by the State Council of Defense, and was in charge of the department in relation to the construction of buildings. It was the desire of the government to avoid the construction of unimportant or non-essential buildings during the period of the war in order to conserve supplies necessary for the operation of the great struggle. It was the duty of Mr. Pillsbury to enforce the rules and regulations as provided by the council of defense and he served efficiently and faithfully. The post was non-salaried yet it required a great deal of the time of the incumbent. In addition to contributing his own services, quite a representation of his office force were also in the government service.

Walker W. Anderson enlisted in June, 1917, at Great Lakes as chief carpenter mate. Was commissioned Ensign in September and sent as a deck officer to sea aboard the U. S. S. Minneapolis an armored cruiser. He also served on the U. S. S. Hubbard, a mine sweeper; the U. S. Piqua, a patrol boat; U. S. S. Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, a transport; and was thirteen months at sea. For six months he was stationed at the Naval Base L'Orient, France, and his total foreign service was fifteen months. He was made a lieutenant, junior grade in September, 1918, and in June, 1919, was placed on the inactive list while on the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.

D. E. Marquis enlisted in the U. S. Navy July, 1917. Assigned to duty Norfolk, Va. Served on instruction staff at Hampton Roads Station until January, 1918, then entered Training School for Officers U. S. Naval Reserve Force. Commissioned July, 1918, and assigned abroad U. S. S. Missouri. Served as watch and Division Officer until February, 1919, when the Missouri went on Transport duty. Assigned to duty at Headquarters 6th Naval District, Charleston, S. C. until released from active duty, April, 1919.

Archie Schaeffer received Civil Service appointment in Navy Department in March, 1918. Placed in Bureau of Yards and Docks at Washington, D. C., as an architectural draftsman planning emergency hospital buildings for the U. S. Naval bases. Resigned position in June, 1919.

Ada Lyle Seeley received Civil Service appointment in June, 1918, as stenographer in Civilian Espionage Department, Military Intelligence offices. Returned to Bloomington September, 1918.

The war history of Joe Moore is given elsewhere in this work.

PAUL F. GINTER

Paul F. Ginter, chief clerk in the office of Master Mechanic M. J. McGraw of the C. & A. served in the aviation department and trained at St. Paul, making a fine record.

WILLIAM B. BRIGHAM

William B. Brigham, assistant county superintendent of schools for ten years, was appointed Emergency County Club Leader by the United States Department of Agriculture to co-operate with the schools in organizing the young people into clubs primarily to aid in the war program of increased production and conservation. It is needless to say that the boys and girls under his direction gave a good account of themselves. This work proved very successful and attracted much favorable attention and commendation. Shortly after the armistice, Mr. Brigham composed a poem in reply to the immortal war lyric, "In Flanders Field." Mr. Brigham's effort contains such a beautiful sentiment that it is well worth reproduction in this work as a lasting tribute to the heroes who made the supreme sacrifice for their country. It reads as follows:

OUR ANSWER

O, Comrade Dear, across the sea,
  Who fought on Flanders fields for me;
We would you knew the foe's no more,
  And victory ours the wide world o'er.
Your flaming torch we've placed on high,
  True faith we'll keep with you who lie
Asleep where poppies grow
    In Flanders fields.

And now while seasons come and go,
  The larks will sing and poppies blow;
Your name is with a gold star sealed,
  And angels guard those sacred fields.
—W. B. B.

Burger Brothers

Top Row (from left to right)—Corporal Ollie Burger, Private Claude O. Burger.

Bottom Row—Private Dewey Burger, Corporal Lloyde Burger.

Group "C's"

Above (left to right)—Albert M. Carlson, Paul D. Clark.

Center—Edward J. Corbitt.

Below—Henry R. Coyle, Chester L. Claggett.

"THE GIRLS OF '61"

(By Mrs. Sue A. Sanders.)

When on April 15, 1861, Gen. Anderson and his men marched out of Fort Sumter, the greatest war of modern times, up to that period, had begun, and the question was, Shall there be one or two republics in North America? The people of the U. S. were divided on the subject of slavery, both divisions deprecating war. But one of them would rather make war than that the nation should continue as it was; the other would accept war rather than let it perish.

The first gun had been fired and the peace of our country severed. Our men and boys were called to arms in defense of the union, and the women were called to a duty they had never before assumed or experienced; a work that extended from the cradle to the grave; for many families were left helpless as well as destitute when the call to arms came. On the Sunday following the declaration of war, Rev. C. G. Ames, pastor of fthe Unitarian church, preached a powerful sermon on "What will become of the Republic?" This speech was pronounced by various papers of the country as the "shadow of the keystone of liberty." Mr. Ames was solicited to repeat the speech in many cities and it was greeted with applause. Mr. Price, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, also preached a most enthusiastic sermon, which met with some opposition by some members of his church, yet he flinched not.

In July, 1861, 200,000 boys and men had enlisted for defense and been ordered to the front. It was very warm in the south, and many of the men were sick and in ill-prepared hospitals. The women needed no special invitation to respond to the demand for hospital supplies. When the first call was made, McLean county boys responded nobly and at once began to drill for service. The boys of the Normal university secured an old cannon and placed it on the campus. A play was given in Normal hall entitled "The Goddess of Liberty." It was a great occasion and attended by a large crowd. The president of the school, Charles E. Hovey, and three of the teachers had enlisted, and the boys of the school were drilling as if actual war had begun. There were some students from the border states who entered the university to escape the draft in their homes. They were tainted with disloyalty, and many exciting episodes resulted as these clashed with loyal students.

On August 22, 1861, there was an immediate call for help in hospitals. On November 21 a meeting was held in Phoenix hall to organize the women for relief work. At this meeting the Odd Fellows of Bloomington offered their hall to the women in which to carry on the work, and also gave $250 to begin with. John F. Humphreys tendered the back end of his store on Front street for canning, pickling, and preserving for the camps and hospitals. Mrs. George Bradner was elected president of the Aid society, Mrs. Hannah Newell, secretary; both resigned as officers at the next meeting, when Mrs. Goodman Ferre was elected president, Mrs. Martha Ward, vice president and Mrs. Newell, secretary, all of whom served to the end of the war. The older members of the Aid society held most of the offices and were responsible for the departments of service. They arranged the work and attended to shipping. The girls of '61 did all the soliciting in what time they had out of school and on Saturdays. They scraped lint, wound bandages made of old muslin and linen, wound yarn, knit socks and mittens with a short thumb, and ran errands. To them was assigned the duty of soliciting through the city and country on Saturdays and after school for supplies of all kinds. Saturdays was set apart to solicit vegetables, fruit, etc., in the country. There were dinners, suppers, festivals, banquets, sociables, excursions, dances, picnics and many other affairs for raising money to carry on the work of the Aid, and the girls of '61 had the arrangements to make for all these. They also collected books and magazines for camps and hospitals. Farmers brought supplies to town and left them at Humphreys' store, where the girls sliced, peeled and prepared them for sending. After they were put into barrels, kegs, etc., they were covered with what was called high wines, from Peoria, which made them very palatable to the soldiers. Bloomington had neither the population nor the wealth in '61 that it has today, and there were no government supplies nor Red Cross headquarters where the girls could find up-to-date machines for doing the work for the Aid. The Girls of '61 had many problems. Disloyalty met them on every side. Many in the north had southern ties, and expressed their sympathy for that cause. When patriotic meetings were held and loyalty badges were worn, the southern sympathizers sometimes tore them off, and on one occasion they even rotten-egged the girls of '61.

The girls of '61 also visited afflicted families to relieve broken hearts and do other acts of mercy. To them, too, was assigned the duty of meeting all trains bearing soldiers, either union or rebel, and of serving lunches to them, irrespective of politics or color. When the bodies of soldiers were brought home for burial, it was a duty of the girls to follow them to their last resting place.

It was not the death knell which called to the girls of '61 together in 1917, but rather the lack of good knitters. Many women wasted efforts through lack of proper instruction. At a certain gathering I saw a patriotic young woman thus wasting her energies, and I remarked to a good friend of mine, and a good knitter, ''If we had the girls of '61 here we could show them how to knit, and I am going to organize them for service.'' The meeting was called at the Withers library November 14, 1917, and a goodly number of the old girls responded, all anxious to renew the work of '61-'65. The only qualification for membership was having done some kind of relief work in the civil war. Not long after the war of the rebellion, the veterans of the war organized the Grand Army of the Republic and their wives, mothers and daughters formed the Woman's Relief Corps. Ever since that time the two organizations have met together in conventions and celebrations. The Woman's Relief Corps during the half century have assisted in all honorable ways to give relief to the soldiers of '61 and their families. Homes and orphanages to care for the widows and children of soldiers have been established. Burial lots have been located for the resting place of the loyal man or woman without relatives at his death. Each year on Memorial Day these women follow the flag and muffled drum to the graves, the tell-tales of the patriotic past.

At the first meeting of the ''Old Girls of '61'' held in the Odd Fellows Temple, I stood in the hall near the elevator to welcome the women, veterans of the war of '61, I observed that the custodian Mr. Storer, was a little confused as to the object of the meeting. Aside I said, ''Do you know who these women are?'' He replied, ''A lot of old women, I suppose, to sew and have a good time.'' He certainly was right about the good time. And later he observed that it was not a gossiping crowd. I said to him, ''These are the women who were the young girls of 1861, who thru the war of the rebellion worked along all lines of duty and sacrifice for the soldiers and their destitute families. Now they are the young ''Girls of '61'' and the Old girls of 1917 who are again organized to work for soldiers of the Allied war.'' Not strange to say, his attitude changed; there was a deep patriotic smile on his face as I passed on. Soon after he came into the hall bringing with him a glass-framed autograph of the Odd Fellows Orphans' Home boys of Lincoln. He said, ''I assure you the Odd Fellows of Bloomington take pleasure in tendering to you the use of their hall in behalf of the girls of 1861-1917, who after sixty years are again called to service in a second war for the cause of justice and liberty.''

Many of the members of the organization were unable to attend the meetings, yet in their easy rockers in quiet homes did much knitting and piecing of quilts, comforts, etc., while memory dwelt upon the scenes and sorrows of the past not forgotten thru all the sixty years. Many were the tears which trickled down the wrinkled cheeks as they recalled the messages from the battlefields, hospitals, and worst of all the southern prison pens, for many were the soldiers of the north who suffered, starved and died, who might otherwise have been wearing the badge of the G. A. R. for the past fifty years.

When the first call came for hospital supplies in 1917, the Girls made over 100 glasses of jelly for the Red Cross, which was at first rejected lest there might be some poison through some unknown way. But it was afterward sent with that of the D. A. R. This was only the beginning of what might have been sent had it again been requested.

The war work of the Girls of 1861 was a renewal of their youthful patriotism, and their meetings were the revival of the sad yet happy days of long ago. While it might have been and was the duty to again ply the needles, which is possible if not probable, I am fully assured by the last meeting and farewells of the Girls of 1861 and 1917, that should the third call come for help, those still living will renew their patriotic work for the defenders of our flag and country, and I also believe that the Odd Fellows Hall will be just as freely and courteously donated as in the days of '61 and 1917.

The roster of the members of the Girls of '61 was as follows:

A.—Emma Peters Abrams, Catherine Guthrie Atkinson, Elizabeth Anderson, Josephine Sears Armstrong, Sue Waters Andrus, Mary E. Whittaker Albright, Amanda Williams Aldrich.

B.—Mary Seymour Brown, Elizabeth Kern Beath, Mary Eliza Carlton Bragonier, Jeanette Lee Blackwell, Mary Miller Bowman, Helen Walton Bradley, Almira Ives Burnham, Isadore E. Buttolph Brown, Susan Beard Blackwell, Mary Alice Bishop, Mary Ann Martin Brindley, Mrs. Bramwell, Rebecca Dell Thrasher Burr, Sabina Hibbs Benedict, Maria E. Platt Burke, Harriet Cheney Bishop, Marilla Tilton Barnes, Anna Middleton Baldwin, Sara Dolbard Bomgardner, Mary Jones Brindley, Druella Stratton Burner, Ada McClure Briggs.

C.—Maria Guest Cadwallader, Anna Reid Coblentz, Emma Bozarth Coleman, Emily Little Carlton, Catherine Hendryx Crigley, Elizabeth Lowe Crawford, Effie Marshall Clark, Malissa Taylor Coleman, Martha Canfield, Edith Cruikshank, Elizabeth Rowley Cotterman, Lucy Kingman Cowden, Jennie E. Judy Curry, Belle M. Crowder Cassaday, Anna Warner Chapman, Emma Rouse Cox, Amarilla Madden Carter, Sara Keiser Cruikshank, Martha J. Canfield.

D.—Jane Smith Drake, Sara A. Seibird Dagenhart, Sarah Crabarns Disbro, Emma Hardesty Depew, Mary Regina Peters Dawson, Mary Newell Deal, Annie Schumaker Dixon, Elizabeth Jane Redding Deits, Ella Hughes Drybread, Clara Davis, Sarah Newell Dickinson, Katherine Hayes Doyle.

E.—Mary L. Parke Evans, Laura Strimple Enlow, Elizabeth Blackburn Eaton, Minerva Ralston Eyestone, S. J. Hougham Eades, Ellen Edwards, Louise A. Cheney Ehrmantrout.

F.—Cornelia Deems Fox, Gertrude Lewis Fifer, Lucretia Clarkson Faulk, Minerva Fielder, Pauline Stewart Fry, Harriet Hemming Frankenberger.

G.—Elizabeth Hall Galloway, Susie Wheeler Gossard, Mary Ives Gage, Abbie Albright Griffin, Mary Hibbs Glimpse, Henrietta Peters Gailey, Mary Rachel Lorsen Gabbert, Theresa Clark Gibbs, Caroline Carson Guthrie, Henrietta Jones Goetz.

H.—Frances Plummer Hill, Laura Von Egidy Holmes, Mattie Arnold Harvey, Sarah Wills Hayden, Marie Anthony Hazenwinkle, Elsie Coole Hastings, Carrie Rathie Hindman, Ellen Rouse Hodge, Martha

Crum Gaddis Hazelton, Minerva Arnold Hopkins, Ida Hinshaw Hull, Miss Addie Humes, Kate Hullinger, Addie Hunter, Louise McKnight Hapenny, Louise Moulton Hill, Sara Rowley Hullinger, Mrs. Hostetler.

I.—Miss Nellie Ives.

J.—Anna M. Hamperton Jones, Josephine Nessenger John, Laura Bowman Johnston.

K.—Halley Bessy Sharick Knapp, Caroline Jackman Kimball, Jennie Moon Killow, Laura Tenny Kerrison, Belle Dunham Kerr, Edith Packard Kelly, Sara Lafever Prather Barley Killow.

L.—Laura Veach Lutz, Mary White Lewis, Mary Boulware Lain, Cordelia Reynolds Livingston, Letitia Garretson Lander, June Allin Lennon, Carrie Gillespie Loudon, Louise Lander, Mrs. Lyons, Roxie Van Rankin La Teer, Sara Frances Reeder Lawrence.

M.—Annie Whipple Murray, Margaret Hoffman Moore, Myra Morris Moore, Martha Hibbs McClure, Mary Nicholson McCart, Henrietta Braum McCabe, Jean Jones McKnight, Martha Wheeler McCollom, Lucy Kramer Mantle, Isa Baldwin Murphy, Kate Herr Smith Mott, Mary Elliott McCarty, Lillian Van Schoick Miner, Martha White McCullom, Hattie Steele Mason, Mary A. Lewis Means, Laura Howe Michel, Zerelda Batterton Moon.

N.—Mary Deal Newell, Mary Ehrmantrout Nourse.

P.—Carrie Boon Pope, Mary Elizabeth Peterson, Catherine Beltzer Pierson, Margaret Baker Packard, Sarah Stanfolk Pope, Elaine Caroline Peer.

R.—Mary Bedinger Reeves, Isabel Hutchinson Reynolds, Clara Cox Rockwell, Elizabeth Burgess Reed, Kate Law Richards, Sara Stubblefield Rayburn, Jennie C. Rundle.

S.—Mary Dietrich Sprague, Isabella Brown Sickles, Martha Sley Scott, Laura Burbank Strimple, Margaret Platte Stone, Minerva Fielder Steele, Ella Hart Shay Spear.

T.—Martha A. Rockwood Tay.

W.—Minerva Smith Warnock Webb, Amanda Belle Savage Weaver, Minerva Rodman Welch, Belle Lemon Welch, Dora Drake Weaver.

BROUGHT DOWN GERMAN PLANE

Lieut. Donald T. Jones, son of C. D. Jones of Leroy, made a good record in the aviation service. On November 3, 1918, he shot down one German Folker plane in a combat over the hostile line. The official credit for this performance was contained in the following citation, a copy of which he brought home with him:

Base Section No. 5. B. E. F., A. P. O. 314.

November 7, 1918.

Special Order No. 61.

12. Lieut. Donald T. Jones, is credited with having brought down one Folker in combat, November 3, 1918, at 6:50 o'clock, while patroling northeast of Renaix.

Harry Murray, Adjutant,
155th Pursuit Group,
British Expeditionary Forces.

Young Jones entered the service in January, 1918. He received preliminary training at Berkley, Calif., and Arcadia, Fla., receiving his commission at the latter place. In October, 1918, he was sent overseas and assigned to a British army, along with 75 other flyers. He reached France on October 24 and was at once sent to the front near Renaix, in Flanders. He was at the front 14 days before the armistice and in that time got the chance to bring down an enemy plane, which he is officially credited with having done. After his discharge he returned to Leroy.

WORLD WAR VETERANS

There was organized in Bloomington during the winter and spring of 1920 a local post of World War Veterans, an organization composed of service men as its name indicates. It was named the Hauptman, Morgan, Conley Post, from the names of three Bloomington men who had been slain in battle. These men were Joseph A. Hauptman, David Thomas Morgan, and Eugene Conley. Sketches of these men are to be found in the chapter of this book containing the stories of those who died in the war. The first list of officers for the post were these: Commander, W. F. Witty; senior vice commander, Robert Switzer; junior vice commander, E. P. Downey; chaplain, Lee Crosland; adjutant, William A. Sammon; quartermaster, Arthur Garbe. The board of trustees were: William J. Hull, J. P. Murray and Wade H. Fielder. The post holds monthly meetings. The principles on which the organization was founded are given in the following statement. the first clause of which stated that the members would not participate in a national convention prior to June 1, 1920:

2. We stand opposed to any form of compulsory military training in the United States of America.

3. We endorse the rights of collective bargaining by truly representative groups of all productive industry; we will not endorse any political parties.

4. We, the World War Veterans, individually and collectively, shall at all times of crisis, either local or national, encourage dignity, calmness, justice and peaceful settlements. In time of crisis, either local or national, the World War Veterans will extend the assistance of their organization to the whole peoples of the community, state or nation.

5. We demand for all the peoples the rights of free speech and peaceful assemblage as written into the constitution of the United States of America, except that such license must not be used by such person as would use such license to overthrow the United States government by violence or force.

6. We endorse the principles set forth in the woman suffrage bill as past by congress.

7. For the guidance of our elected representatives in the United States congress we endorse the fourteen points we fought for and upon which the armistice was agreed and signed.

8. Nationalization of all oil and coal lands and all oil wells and coal mines. We endorse public ownership of unavoidable monopolies.

9. We, the World War Veterans, oppose any declaration of war without first submitting the issue to the people of the United States of America, except in case of invasion by armed forces of the territory of the United States of America.

10. In event of war, all profits made by any individual or corporation, over and above such profit made by any such individual or corporation, in the year prior to such declaration of war, shall be paid to the United States government by any and all such individuals or corporations during the period of the said war and become the property of the United States government.

11. The constitution of the United States of America to be amended only by a direct vote of all the people. In case of national crisis the suffrage to be extended to all franchised citizens absent from their place of residence due to government duties.

12. The enforcement of the constitution of the United States of America as it is written.

PAUL F. BEICH

One of the men who was most active in different war projects in Bloomington was Paul F. Beich, head of the Paul F. Beich Company, and one of the largest business men of the city. He runs two concerns for the wholesale manufacture of candy, one in Bloomington and one in Chicago, and in addition was chosen national president of the National Confectioners Association. In spite of all these interests, Mr. Beich during the years 1917 and 1918, devoted many of his days and nights to promoting one after another of the enterprises designed to help win the war. He was chairman of the membership committee of the McLean County Chapter of the Red Cross, and in this capacity he directed two of the greatest drives of the war, for the purpose of increasing the membership of the Red Cross. That he was successful is shown in the fact that from an initial membership of 174 persons when the chapter was organized, the numbers grew until they reached a maximum of nearly 15,000, or one person in every five in the county. Mr. Beich was also very active in the different Liberty Loan campaigns, serving as chairman of precinct committees in several of them. In all his effort for war work, he was of course assisted by many willing co-workers, who had confidence in his ability and energy to put "over the top" any proposition which he undertook. In the conduct of his own business, which was a large consumer of one of the materials most under the restriction of conservation, namely sugar, he managed to carry on the business without interruption, furnishing employment to many people and thus in that way helping to carry the war burdens of others. The employes of the Paul F. Beich company were a patriotic company, and one of the red letter days of the war with them was the occasion of a flag raising with due ceremonies, when Mr. Beich addressed them. Community sings and other patriotic exercises were carried on at intervals in the factory itself, the employes assembling at the noon hour for that purpose. Mr. Beich gave liberally of his own income toward every worthy war subscription, and in every way assisted the community in its struggle toward the final victory.

SOLEMN, IMPRESSIVE MEMORIAL SERVICE

On May 30, 1919, the first observance of Memorial Day in Bloomington after the return home of most of the men who had been in service in the years 1917-18, there was held in St. Mary's cemetery, the Catholic burial ground in Bloomington, a most unusual and impressive solemn high mass for the dead soldiers whose resting place was there. A spacious platform served as the sanctuary. Upon it were seated two hundred soldiers and sailors in uniform, 120 altar boys, the choirs of the three Bloomington parishes and a full orchestra for accompaniment to the music of the mass.

The mass followed a parade of soldiers, Knights of Columbus and men of the parishes, headed by the Bloomington band. Dan Connor was marshal and he with James Flavin, Grand Knight of the Knights of Columbus, led the procession, which marched from Holy Trinity to the cemetery.

Forty sisters from the three parishes of Bloomington sat before the platform. Behind them the crowds closed in. Father O'Callaghan was aided in the service by Father Julius as deacon and Father Hayden of Wapella, as sub-deacon. Father Medcalf was the master of ceremonies and introduced Father Sammon, of Peoria, when the time came for the address.

The priests were clad in golden chasubles and performed their ceremonies before an altar of filmy white set with a few golden candlesticks. The dazzling canopy contrasted strongly to the gray-green foliage of the box elders in the rear. The 120 altar boys were dressed in cassock and surplice. On opposite sides of the rostrum were the Ameriman flag and the crucifix held by a sailor and soldier respectively. Grouped at the left of the platform were the vivid service banners of St. Mary's, Holy Trinity and St. Patrick's, Knights of Columbus and of the Colfax church. Several gold stars were to be seen glowing in the sunlight among the blue stars of the banners.

The choir of sixty sang Rosewig's mass. Their united voices carried easily to uttermost parts of the congregation. When the chorus ceased and the chant of Father O'Callaghan rose from the altar into the air the crowd hushed to catch the accent and meaning of his song.

After the mass Father Sammon, a former Bloomington boy, advanced to the front of the platform and addressed the crowd upon the principles of patriotism and the meaning of Decoration Day.

SPECIAL RECRUITING SERVICE

Dr. H. W. Grote was the Bloomington and Central Illinois representative of the Military Training Camps association before the war, and during the period of the war he turned his office into headquarters for recruiting men for special service. What was accomplished is shown in the following report issued at the close of the war:

Men examined for the first officers' training camp 100; number accepted, 27.

Number of men examined for the second officers' training camp, 65; number accepted 25.

Number of applications for commissions sent into war department or to military training association, 40; number of men accepted, 12.

Number of applications for motor service received by quartermaster department thru this office, 100.

Number of mail inquiries answered 71. Number of personal inquiries 453.

Number of candidates given preliminary training, 54.

Aviators placed, 7; to the English army, 2; to the American tank service, 11.

Published notices to the papers, 30.

Memorial Scene and Mass at St. Mary's Cemetery, Bloomington, May 30, 1919.

Many Returned Soldiers of the World War Marched in Memorial Day Procession, May 30, 1919.

TWO RED CROSS DRIVES AT A GLANCE

(June, 1917, and May, 1918)

City First and Second Drives

Precinct	Quota	Amount raised	Amount raised in first war fund
1	$3,000	$2,550.00	$1,570
2	2,500	2,754.25	1,323
3	1,500	1,568.00	1,121
4	500	212.90	100
5	200	No report	130
6	250	312.50	250
7	150	104.10	73
8	600	800.00	603
9	750	663.00	617
10	5,000	4,875.00	3,080
11	3,000	2,849.00	1,910
12	1,200	2,036.35	1,150
13	250	192.00	256
14	200	220.00	160
15	400	419.50	226
16	500	582.00	312
17	1,000	550.00	1,025
18	3,500	3,210.00	1,980
20	300	409.55	195
21	750	690.00	615
22	200	265.25	130
23	4,000	2,500.00	1,900
24	1,600	2,220.00	1,650
25	3,000	2,382.50	1,600
26	750	759.25	375
27	300	210.00	150
28	300	456.15	234
29	450	736.70	450
30	800	No report	310
C. & A. Federation		1,000.00	....
Wesleyan fund		183.00	....
Bloomington total		$38,008.95	

County First and Second Drives

	Second war fund assessment	Amount raised in second war fund	Amount raised first war fund
Anchor	$ 1,112	$1,182.00	$1,024
Arrowsmith	1,178	1,250.00	1,065
Bellflower	1,541	1,541.00	1,278
Carlock	798	719.00	....
Chenoa	2,587	2,650.00	2,008
Colfax	2,029	2,030.00	2,376
Cooksville	1,537	1,820.00	1,320
Covel	633	675.00	443
Cropsey	752	752.00	299
Danvers	1,960	1,960.00	1,420
Downs	1,679	1,445.50	1,676
Dry Grove	1,237	1,489.10	993
Ellsworth	1,207	1,060.00	1,104
Gridley	2,379	2,380.00	1,359
Heyworth	2,442	2,550.00	2,555
Holder	1,683	1,350.00	....
Hudson	1,425	825.00	1,135
Leroy	3,567	3,570.00	2,603
Lexington	2,508	2,589.59	3,670
Lawndale	910	925.00	....
McLean	2,032	5,456.75	4,247
Merna	874	875.00	....
Money Creek	1,098	1,404.50	....
Normal	5,978	5,500.00	3,902
Saybrook	1,887	2,250.00	1,784
Shirley	633	1,271.00	....
Stanford	1,174	1,561.00	657
Towanda	874	1,200.00	1,268
Weston	999	1,053.61	633
West Tp.	1,504	1,336.58	801
Bloomington Tp.	2,537	1,140.54	....
Bloomington	31,000	38,008.95	28,377
McLean Co. total		$93,812.12	

MARK BODELL IN VAUDEVILLE

After the armistice, while American forces were holding positions in France and Germany, Mark Bodell, son of Rev. W. A. Bodell of Bloomington, got into a rather unusual line of work in the army. In a letter dated from Gondrecourt on March 1, 1919, he wrote:

"For the past three months I have been associated with the advance section entertainers organized by the Red Cross. The entertainment opens with a half hour of rapid fire minstrel, followed by seven vaudeville acts. I have a seat in the semi-circle of the minstrel and a cartoon act of my own in the vaudeville. We have made quite a reputation for a snappy clean show, having every detail worked out to the seconds. For instance, the total minutes of curtain waits for the entire show is six minutes. This entire week we are playing the 88th Division. To my great surprise, as I came out of the mess hall yesterday, I ran into Glenn Walley. He is the second one I have met from Bloomington, that I know, in all my twenty months of army life. The other Bloomington fellow I met was Wilbur Youngman, whom I saw at Toul, while playing there."

MT. HOPE MADE RECORD

No part of McLean County wrote a more heroic record of deeds in the war than did Mt. Hope township, the village of McLean and vicinity. Eight gold stars represented the young men of that part of the county who died in the war. One of the most impressive scenes of the whole county's war history was the dedication on December 3, 1917, of the new community hall and library, when a climax of the occasion was reached in the presentation of service flags to members of every family having boys in the army and navy. Some flags had one star, some two, some three, and one had four, representing the four sons of Isaac Burger in the war, one of them afterward being killed. Rev. Edgar DeWitt Jones of Bloomington made the presentations.

In making the campaigns for liberty loans and different war work funds, Mt. Hope and Funk's Grove generally worked together as one unit, and always made their quota and more. Here are the figures of the liberty loan drives:

Drive	Quota	Subscription
1. (Mt. Hope and Funk's Grove)		$32,000
2. (Mt. Hope and Funk's Grove)		80,150
3.	$86,676	107,850
4.	82,618	96,000
5.	64,000	82,100

There are no banks in Funk's Grove township and no large center of population. Consequently the bank of McLean was made the center of the war loan drives. The two townships were considered as a unit in many of the campaigns and their subscriptions are given together below:

Y. M. C. A.	$ 800
United War Work	8,700
First Red Cross	4,147
Salvation Army	300
Armenian relief	828

A Red Cross dance brought $1,400. M. E. Hightshow gave the profits of his business for one week to the Red Cross, which amounted to $1,200. Another gift to the war fund which, tho the money did not go to the credit of McLean, belonged in part to that town. Mr. Ten Broeck put up a heifer calf for sale in Chicago at auction for the Red Cross and realized upon it the sum of $20,000 for war work. The fourth Liberty loan was raised in one day. The Victory loan was realized on the first morning of the campaign by 11:15 o'clock.

Practically all subscriptions to the Liberty loans were voluntary. Isaac Funk and S. B. Van Ness were the chairmen who led the organization of twenty-five which did the work. H. M. Palmer was in charge of the Red Cross and United War Work drives. Ansel Stubblefield led the work of the Y. M. C. A. campaign. The Armenian and Syrian relief campaign was made a success thru the efforts of W. N. Ewing.

TWO ASTONISHING THINGS

Speaking before the McLean County Medical Society one evening after his return from France, Dr. T. D. Cantrell, former captain in the military medical service, said that there were two great sources of amazement in France. The French were amazed at American waste of material, while the Americans were amazed at the French waste of time. He said that the table wine of France has no "kick," but that the French have intoxicating beverages as was proved when the armistice was signed.

FRENCH GIRLS AT THE WESLEYAN

During the school year of 1918-19, the Wesleyan University in Bloomington had as two of its students a couple of young women from Lyons, France. They were two from a large number who were sent over to the United States by the French government to carry on their education, facilities for which were interrupted in France by the war. These young women were Idellette and Annette Barron, daughters of a manufacturer in Lyons who prior to the war had been very well-to-do. The Barron sisters lived at Kemp hall while attending Wesleyan, and were active in all the ordinary affairs of college life. They spoke very good English, as well as being of course fluent users of their native tongue. In a published interview which one of the young woman gave out shortly after arriving at Wesleyan, she expressed wonder and surprise at the richness of America and its comparative freedom from the pinch of war, as compared with their own country.

HENRY E. PEASE

Corporal Henry Elton Pease, son of M. A. Pease, 802 West Wood street, Bloomington, Hd. Co. 121, F. A. P. O. 734, A. E. F., saw much active service. On the way over, his convoy was attacked by submarines and in the battle which followed two subs were sunk. In Scotland and England, the troops were given enthusiastic receptions. From England, they went to France and spent most of their time on the Verdun front. The last seven weeks of the war, they were under almost continuous bombardment but he came thru without a scratch. Pease says that on the battlefields they passed over in advancing, it appeared there were ten dead Germans to every dead American.

A PATRIOTIC FAMILY

Andrew Walsh of Saybrook, with his family, did their part in the war. The only son, Rex Roach, went into the service early in the war. There were two sons-in-law, Harry Nichols of Saybrook and Harry Fryar of Onarga, both of whom went to France, Fryar being in the naval service. A step-son, Eugene Crowley, enlisted in July, 1918, and was stationed at Camp Taylor. There was a baby born to Mrs. Fryar during the war, and the little one did not see his father till after he returned from service. The Walsh family provided a home for Mrs. Rex Roach during the war.

PROMINENT IN WAR ACTIVITIES

Mrs. J. C. Riley

Mrs. J. L. Murray

Frank Oberkoetter

Egbert B. Hawk

EMPIRE ALWAYS READY

The people of Leroy and vicinity always did their share and more in whatever sacrifice the war called for. Empire township contributed its full quota and more of her young manhood to the service, and several gold stars adorned her service flag. At home, the people of the township subscribed a total of $391,750 to the different liberty bond campaigns, and $16,061 to various war work drives. The figures are as follows:

First Liberty loan	$ 52,300
Second Liberty loan	92,200
Third Liberty loan	83,650
Fourth Liberty loan	163,600
Fifth Liberty loan	112,000
First Red Cross, 1917	2,600
Second Red Cross, 1918	3,567
Y. M. C. A.	1,855
Salvation Army	659
United War Work	7,380

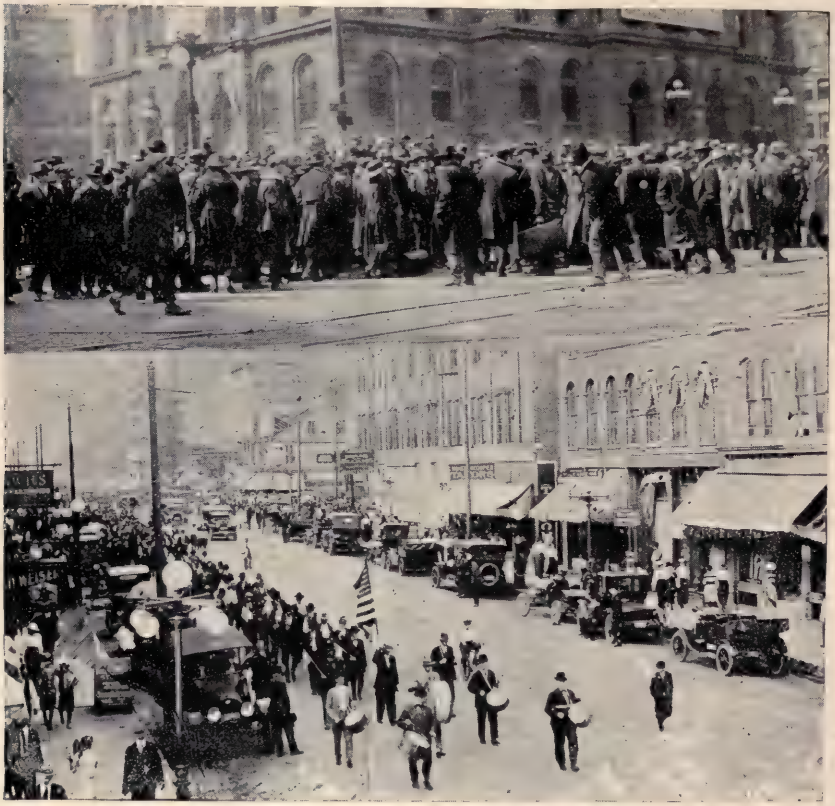
Empire township never failed to make her quota, and exceeded it in several instances. This was most likely due to the good organization behind the campaigns. As chairman of the drives the following served: J. H. Iden, chairman of both Red Cross drives; George Dooley, chairman of Liberty loans; Frank Barley, chairman of Y. M. C. A. and Salvation Army drives; and Prof. S. E. LeMarr, chairman of United War Work drive. Chairmen of the twenty-one committees were: S. E. LeMarr, H. E. Buckles, Oscar Phares, A. J. Keenan, J. A. Taylor, Frank C. Barley, C. A. Pierce, L. J. Owen, F. E. Jones, William Arrowsmith, George Payne, James Hitchell, B. F. Baker, Milton Dooley, F. B. Humphrey, Charles Null, William Vance, L. R. Wartena, Oliver Smith, H. H. Crumbaugh, George Dooley. The assistants were: M. A. Cline, Rev. L. F. Sargent, K. B. Dolly, Grant Smith, Ed Wirt, Rev. R. H. Browne, Dr. E. E. Sargent, Lincoln Bailey, A. J. Sarver, J. H. Iden, Ed Guard, J. T. Schumacher, Dr. A. G. Reardon, Glenn Patterson, Rev. C. S. Boyd, Canby Barley, Lee Fuller, Ray Cain, W. W. Pike, Ed Beckham, George Payne, Ed Rees, George Shrigley, T. G. Steinkie, A. D. Kincaid, John Howard, J. A. Hair, Z. T. Strayor, A. E. Linton, Harry Kline, Hugo Pfitzenmeyer, Charles Tyner, Les Sarver, Joe Rutledge, L. R. Wartena, Frank Riddle, Frank Bishop, D. F. VanDeventer, A. G. Bailey, L. N. VanDeventer, G. D. Staley and Rev. W. C. Holmes.

FRENCH MARKET CLEARS $500

The Sigma Kappa Sorority of the Wesleyan on July 13, 1918, successfully carried out a ''French market'' in a vacant room of the Illinois hotel building. A garden cafe, set along the sidewalk outside the building, much after the fashion of Parisian affairs of that kind, was well patronized. The market inside and outside was tastefully decorated with the national flags of France, Belgium and our own United States. A wealth of flowers arranged among the booths added further color to the picture.

The entrance to the cafe was formed by the flower booth, presided over by Mrs. Jessie Harwood, assisted by Mrs. Kern Beath and Miss Elizabeth Stevenson, with a corps of flower girls who circulated about the streets asking everyone to buy the bouquets. The cafe was in charge of Eliza Alexander, the art department in charge of Anna Lantz, and the fruit and vegetable booth in charge of Mrs. Guy Sloan, Mrs. John A. Beck and Miss Grace Collins. The bakery goods were in charge of Miss Lorah Monroe. The whole plan for the French market was conceived and supervised by an executive committee of which Mrs. James G. Melluish was chairman. The French market cleared $500, which was turned into the Belgian Relief Fund.

STIRRING SCENES OF WAR TIMES RECALLED



Above—Typical gathering of young men and their friends at the court house on the morning when a contingent of draft men were to start to camp.

Below—Parade led by drum corps and Grand Army men escorting draft contingent to railroad station to entrain for camp.

PRAISES PROF. RIDGLEY

Prof. D. C. Ridgley of the Normal University faculty spent some months in France in educational work directed by the government for the benefit of the men in the army. President Felmley of the Normal University afterward received letters from officers of the educational corps commending Prof. Ridgley's work. F. E. Spaulding wrote in part as follows:

''If you have ever had any misgivings concerning your action in giving Mr. Ridgley leave of absence for this work, let me assure you that in my judgment your action was abundantly justified by the results. In the face of all kinds of difficulties, he has never hesitated, but has put his very best efforts enthusiastically into the work. He will return to his former duties better prepared than ever, on account of his experience over here, to render the excellent service which I know you appreciate.''

ROTARY CLUB HONOR ROLL

The Rotary Club was prominent in war relief work, not only as a club but also individually, each member being active. The officers of the club June 1, 1917, to June, 1918, were the following:. President, Davis Ewing; vice-president, Adolph Wochner; secretary, E. Mark Evans; treasurer, Eliada Dickinson. The officers from June 1, 1918, to June 1, 1919, were: President, J. G. Melluish; vice-president, Fred Savage; secretary, Sage Kinnie; treasurer, Eliada Dickinson.

Among the members who were in the service were the following:

Dr. Watson Gailey
Lieut. H. C. Hawk
Sergt. B. T. Holton, Jr.
Lt. Harry H. Howell
Major Dayton Keith
Lieut. Julius P. Klemm
Capt. Fitch Harwood
Ralph B. McCarroll
Major Robert A. Noble
Capt. Horace A. Soper
George P. Stautz
Lieut. Ross Winship
Capt. J. G. Melluish

War histories of most of the foregoing will be found in full in other sections of this work. Major Dayton Keith was stationed in Chicago and had charge of the district west of Detroit in handling Motor Transport Manufacturing.

Lieut. H. C. Hawk was in the army transport service, being advanced to a commission, serving with credit from September 25, 1917, until his discharge February 1, 1919. Most of his period of duty was in New York City where the transports commenced and ended their voyage overseas.

WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY AND S. A. T. C.

Like all the other schools of the country, the Wesleyan university lost many of the young men from its classes during the spring and fall of 1917, for they answered the call to the colors and served in many branches of the army and navy. Several gold stars were added to Wesleyan's service flag before the war was over, and a memorial service after the close of the war took note of the following Wesleyan men who had died for liberty: George Herman Anna, Lyle Best, Howard Bolin, Elmer T. Doocey, Vergne Greiner, Allington Jolly, Sergt. Lemuel Jones, Frank Jordan, Henry R. Peckmann, Herbert Quarnstrom, William Ralston, Maurice Roberts, Edmund W. Sutherland.

In the opening of the fall term in 1918, Wesleyan, like many other colleges, became in fact a military academy by the formation there of the Student Army Training Corps, sponsored and managed by the war department of the government. The young men were divided into three groups according to age; those 20 or 21 years old would have remained only twelve weeks, and then would have been sent to some Army Officers' Training Camp; those 19 would have remained 24 weeks, while those who were 18 would have remained 36 weeks. All academic work was planned on military lines, and drills were carried on certain hours each day under Capt. Wheaton, a regular army officer assigned to this camp. Barracks were erected on the vacant ground north of the campus, at a cost of $25,000, this fund being guaranteed by Bloomington business men, who were later reimbursed by the government. There was a great corn show held at the opening of the barracks, the funds from which were to be used for building a club house for the S. A. T. C. boys. But the war ended all plans on this line, and in fact the armistice came before the S. A. T. C. had a chance to show its true worth as a military asset of the country. There were many disappointed young men who were eager to go on with the training and finally enter active service. The abandonment of the S. A. T. C. caused great confusion in the university. The wooden barracks were sold for $4,000 and dismantled; the military instructors were dismissed from the faculty and everything again put on a peace basis. The following is the list of young men who made up the corps of the Wesleyan S. A. T. C. during its short life:

A.—Cecil Abrams, Decatur; Ira R. Abbott, Mason City; Ivo G. Augspurger, Tiskilwa; Morgan Albee, city; Everett Alsup, Hadley; Otto Arnold, Donnellson; Dean Ashley, city; Homer Austin, Greenview.

B.—Leslie Calvin Barrick, Mackinaw; A. Mileham Ballew, Lexington; Theodore Bean, city; Irwin Bower, Covel; Charles Bower, Covel; Robert A. Barrack, Decatur; Lloyd L. Bell, Easton; Walter Blandin, Rutland; Gerald Brown, Wapella; Clarence Crusius, city; Edwin Beltzho, Springfield; Clarence Buttorf, Springfield; Russell Baum, city; Lee Belzell, Waynesville; Russell W. Bickford, Plymouth; Paul W. Bigler, Auburn; Alvin Bills, Lexington; Parks Bohlander, El Paso; Stephen Bottenberg, city; Vincent V. Brierly, Griggsville; Thomas Brighan, city; Verven Buck, Waynesville; Homer Brown, New Holland; R. C. Bailey, Danville; Adane Bowles, Clinton.

C.—Charles Campers, Roanoke; George Conroy, Streator; Byron R. Closer, Whitehall; Melvin G. Comet, Aurora; Deiner Condon, city; Daniel Dodge, Aurora; Lawrence Cole, Chicago; Harold T. Carlquist, city; Albert Cargill, Mason City; Francis Carl, Mahomet; William Chamberlain, Litchfield; Henson Clarke, Chamberburg; Clifford Craig, Pontiac; Roy C. Clark, Murrayville; H. Rutledge Coleman, Palmyra; Ralph P. Connell, Waynesville; Clyde Curtis, Farmer City; Orrin D. Cooper, Plymouth; Frank B. Coady, Greenview; Harold E. Chapman, city; Charles A. Custer, Pontiac.

D.—Charles W. DeAtley, Cerro Gordo; Vernon Dimmett, Melvin; Charles Dietrich, Mason City; Harold K. Dolbow, Griggsville; Ray Doud, Gardner; Earl Derry, Petersburg; Albert J. Daley, city; Lawrence Dodge, Normal; Harold Davis, Potomac; John Robert Dewenter, city; Elmo Dillon, Normal.

E.—Paul Elsbury, Plymouth; Harry R. Evans, Whitehall; George Evans, Normal; Charles Endicott, Muncie; Milton Ewing, Paris; Frank Ebert, Roberts.

F.—Harold Frederick, Roberts; William Fisherkeller, city; Delmar Fuller, city; John D. Follis, Elkhart; Frank Fagerburg, city; Stephen E. Finley, Lexington; Forest Furrer, Mason City; Harry H. Foster, Fairbury; Beecher Foley, Paris

G.—Howard Gerland, Pontiac; William Gleason, city; Albert F. Gilman, city; Harold Gibbs, Thawville; Paul S. Gordon, city; J. Edward Grady, Chicago; Vergne G. Greiner, city; Wilbur Guild, city; Clarence Goodhart, city; Walter H. Gillan, Mackinaw; Norman G. Griser, Normal.

H.—Emmett Hutton, Saybrook; Harold Huey, Plymouth, Frank Herbst, Roanoke; Howard Huey, Plymouth; John Hamilton, Clinton; John H. Hart, El Paso; Joseph Hart, Clinton; Alfred Hitch, Chatsworth; Richard Hobson, Greenfield; W. E. Hogan, city; George Holliger, Tremont; Rex G. Howard, Washburn; Russell Hughes, Mason City; Warner Hurst, city; Kenyon Hyles, Whitehall; Herman Halfmann, Minonk; Robert Henderson, Greenfield; Paul Hayes, city; Claire I. Hanks, Lexington; Myron Melvin Holt, Mahomet; Arthur W. Haas, Beason; Mark Hannum, Lexington; Max Hannum, Wenona; Paul Huffington, Normal; Ralph E. Hicks, Lexington; Dewey Hill, Muncie; Carl Henning, Lostant; Lloyd C. Holley, Normal; Claude L. Holloway, Herscher; Earl Harpster, Carlock; Osman P. Hall, Joliet.

I.—Hubert Ireland, Tremont.

J.—Russell Jackson, Bridgeport; F. Fay James, city; Milo Janes, Lafayette; William M. Jeffrey, Sheldon; Eugene Johnson, Moline; Charles W. Jones, Petersburg; Glenn Jones, Mason City.

K.—Harold Kinsey, city; Wm. A. Kimber, Cornell; Harold M. Kemple, Gibson City; Lloyd Kenny, Pontiac; Roy Keller, Arrowsmith; Raymond Kelso, city; Wm. Kibler, Cissna Park; Ora King, Waynesville; Peter Koch, Tremont; Walter Kronshagen, Pana; Clarence F. Krughoff, San Jose; Wayne Kennedy, Plymouth; Glen Knobloch, Roanoke; Lawrence Kipling, Colchester; James Kerrigan, Minonk.

L.—Robert Lewis, Plymouth; Willis Lundgren, city; Jewel Lynch, Normal; Wayne C. Lyons, city; Clarence Lawbaugh, city; J. Reed Lee, McLean; Leonard Lee, Stanford; Eugene LeBee, Chicago; Francis LaTeer, Saybrook; Olon Lee, city; William Leitch, city; Lawrence W. Luce, Springfield; Arthur Lehman, city.

M.—James E. McConkie, city; William E. McGraw, city; Darrell McReynolds, Stanford; Eugene McDonald, city; Dewey H. Montgomery, Philo; John Moody, Gibson City; Cecil W. Martin, Pana; Merritt Meeker, Bath; Estil Miller, Pittsfield; Clarence Melton, Mason City; Glen Memmen, Minonk; Anderson Molz, Pana; Glade Murchison, Mason City; Carl B. Mayfield, Lawndale; Lawrence Main, Gibson City; John L. Mertz, Tonica; Harry H. Matthews, Greenview; Lyle B. Mohr, Normal; Don Carlos Moreland, Clinton; Frank D. Moots, Leroy; Layard Mace, city.

N.—Raymond Newell, Keithsburg; John Ernest Newlin, Robinson; V. L. Nickell, Mansfield; Roy A. Nicol, Covell; C. C. Nordling, Rantoul; Walter Nuttall, Bethany; Howard Nelson, city; Deal Nicol, city; Edward A. Nollsch, Springfield; Elmer Nelson, city.

O.—Walter O'Brien, Deer Creek; Russell Owen, Leroy; Allen G. Orendorff, city; Herman Orendorff, city.

P.—Russell Packard, Normal; Paul Packard, Normal; Irvin Peplow, Minier; Carter Pietsch, city; Alva E. Pepping, city; William H. Piper, Charleston, Ia.; Horace Potter, Petersburg; Charles H. Power, Petersburg; Noble J. Puffer, Lafayette; David Phelps, Plymouth; Ralph W. Pierson, Normal; Forrest Patterson, Leroy; Leo Provost, Roanoke; Lewis L. Paulen, Curran; Bane Pierce, city.

Q.—James Quigg, Minier; Forest W. Quinn, city.

R.—Clarence Rohwer, Moline; Paul Rogers, city; Vaughn Ransom, Potomac; Elmer B. Reed, Quincy; Fred W. Reed, Streator; Sylvester Roach, Fairbury; T. E. Ransdell, DeWitt; Lawrence Rudisell, Deland; Paul Roberts, Cissna Park; Dwight H. Roth, Panola; Leroy Rosencrans, Ottawa; Lloyd L. Ramseyer, Hudson; Roland F. Rembe, Lincoln; Garth Riddle, city; Earl Rieck, Normal; Duane Ross, Mansfield; H. Glenn Ross, Mansfield; Charles S. Roberts, Danville; Maurice H. Roberts, city; James Ryan, Minonk.

S.—Raymond N. Spears, city; Clinton F. Rolofson, city; Charles St. Clair, Streator; Shirley Salter, Dowagiac; Oran Sarff, city; Clarence Swearingen, Gibson; Keith Sheffler, Manteno; Stanley Strauss, Chicago; G. C. Scott, Arrowsmith; Glenn Seymour, Potomac; Russell Shearer, Cullom; Calvin Stauffer, Saybrook; Edgar Stevenson, city; Harlow N. Sutherland, city; Owen Shrigley, Leroy; Frank Schultz, city; Russell Stone, Mason City; Bert Joel Sorrells, Roodhouse; Harold St. John, Hume; Leonard B. Slagel, Heyworth; Owen Schertz, Panola; Kenneth Snyder, Moweaqua; W. G. Smith, Beason; Floyd C. Smith, Lexington; Leland C. Sherrill, city; Wilbur Smith, Mt. Pulaski; Charles Strain, city; Quinn R. Sanks, Streator.

T.—Allen Taylor, Catlin; Lewis Thomas, city; Frederick L. Thrailkill, Centralia; Alvah Tippelt, Pittsfield.

U.—Will Umback, Easton.

V.—Oscar Vaughn, French Lick; Ewert Vandaveer, Whitehall; La Rue Van Meter, Williamsville.

W.—Casper W. Weber, Lostant; Wm. Wadleigh, Herscher; Hartzell Ward, Colfax; Joe Walker, jr., Mason City; C. H. Wampler, Waynesville; David H. Ward, Normal; Forrest W. Watt, Lexington; Luther Ward, Bellflower; Clifton Ward, Clinton; Emmett Willis, Joliet; Clark Webb, Mason City; Clarence Westhoff, Normal; Mason Whitney, Lostant; Louis L. Williams, city; Calvin Wochner, city; Roy Wright, city; Wade Westervelt, Buda; Floyd F. Wright, Mahomet; Theron White, Normal; Robert H. and Henry O. Woll, San Jose; Milton Woofers, Ralph Wilcoxson, Springfield.

Y.—Leroy Yolton, city; William Yoder, Danvers.

Z.—John Zimmerman, Altamont; Victor Zimmerman, city.

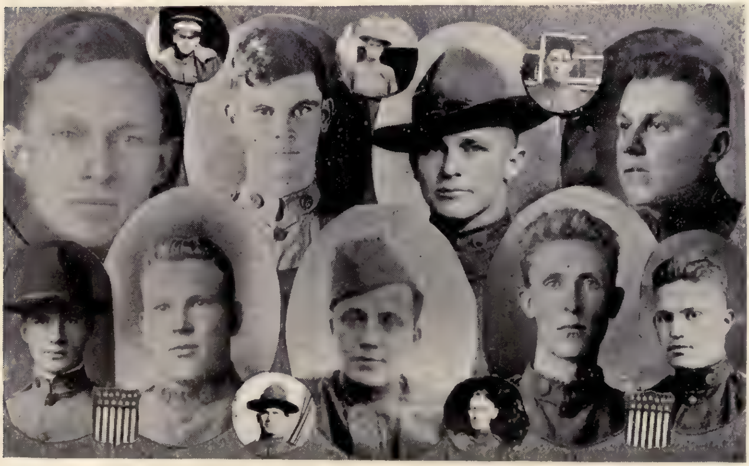
FEELINGS ON RETURN HOME

In March, 1919, when the soldiers yet remaining in France had their minds all bent on the home-coming, Lieut. William B. Geneva wrote a letter expressing their feelings about the return to civil life. He said in part:

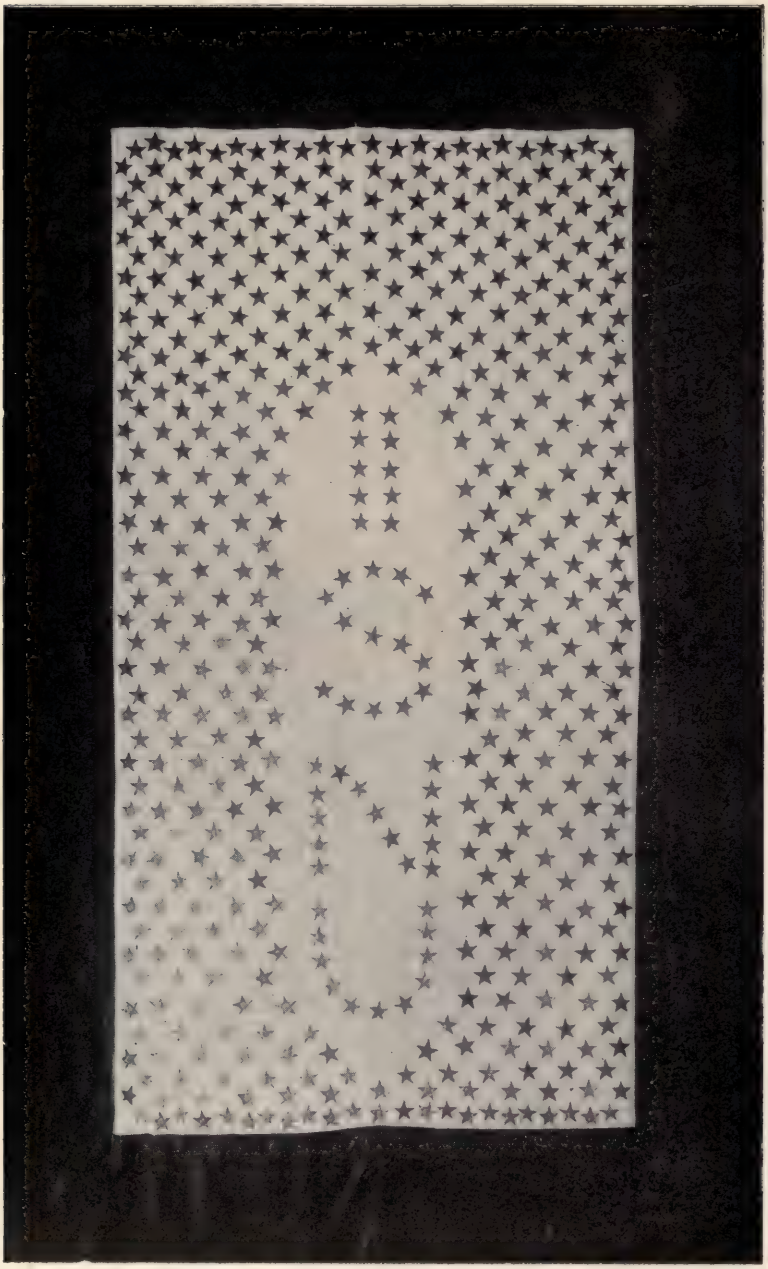
''I have talked to many over here and what they all wish is the chance to get into the civil work that is before them without too much housetop shouting. These men want to know that those at home are grateful, deeply grateful, but the simple practical demonstration of it will please them most. A big public welcome is good—but not too many. Assistance to get into that life occupation is most desired. The home folks, the relatives, will give that heartfelt warmth of feeling which will mean more than anything else. In one home where there is a waiting mother I know this will be true. Many of the men over here are trying to keep in touch with the life back there, to study the problems that they will have to face when they return. The transition to civil life, we hope, will find us prepared in advance.''

WAS OFFICIAL "CANNONNEER"

Major Edward C. Butler of Bloomington was by public approval, given the position of "Official Cannonneer" during the great war. It fell upon him to awake the echoes with the discharge of cannon when peace was declared and other noteworthy events justified universal enthusiasm, and exemplified the public rejoicing. Major Butler stepped into the post gracefully and the appointment was justified by long and honorable duty as a soldier. Enlisting in the Illinois National Guard in 1884, he rose from the ranks to a commission and was for thirty-four years in the service, a portion of this period on the reserve, retiring from active duty with the rank of Major. He was lieutenant in Company G, I. N. G. Fifth Regiment, later lieutenant and captain of Troop B, First Cavalry, I. N. G., was captain of Troop G, First Illinois Cavalry during the Spanish-American War, and following that war, captain of Troop B again. He was also long an officer in the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, now being Colonel and chief of staff, and has been otherwise prominent in military affairs, serving as marshal during innumerable Fourth of July and other celebrations and being always ready to serve the public in any capacity. Whatever duty devolved upon him, was performed faithfully and efficiently. This service is deserving of the fullest appreciation by all.



Top Row (left to right)—J. Leonard Rush, Harry Milton Reid, William K. Rader.
Second Row—Lloyd W. Ritchie, Homer E. Riddle, Raymond Roberts, Leslie Randall.
Third Row—William G. Read, David A. Rutledge, Cecil W. Riseling, Carl J. Radcliff, Louis Rablow.
Bottom Row—Joseph A. Ranney, Howard J. Read.



STATE NORMAL UNIVERSITY SERVICE FLAG

NORMAL AND HER WAR WORK

In all the home activities of the war, the city of Normal and Normal township worked practically as one unit. In July, 1917, the work of the Normal auxiliary of the McLean County chapter of the American Red Cross expanded in such a way that it became advisable to reorganize and so on July 10, at a mass meeting held in the high school auditorium a constitution and by-laws was adopted creating the Normal branch, with the following officers: Chairman, B. C. Moore; vice chairman, Prof. J. Rose Colby; secretary, Miss Florence Smith; treasurer, D. G. Fitzgerrell. These officers appointed the following chairmen of standing committees: Headquarters, Mrs. D. C. Smith; membership, Mrs. H. W. Grote; publicity, C. A. Burner; hospital supply, Miss Annette B. Cooper. Later committees appointed were: Civilian relief, Mrs. W. H. Johnson; surgical dressings, Mrs. H. W. Grote; knitting, Mrs. John R. Dodge; junior Red Cross, Miss Elsie Brusch.

Dr. M. Wallis, who had entered the medical service, gave the use of his office free of all charge, and here the branch had its headquarters, sewing and knitting was done and officers and committees met, often in counsel with their board of directors, as follows: Mrs. J. R. Dodge, L. F. Shepard, Col. D. C. Smith, E. P. Mohr, President David Felmley, Miss Fannie Fell, Miss Julia Allen, Mrs. E. F. Coolidge, Mrs. L. H. Kerrick, O. E. Norris, Miss Lillian Barton, Dean O. L. Manchester, Prof. M. J. Holmes. In January, 1918, Miss Smith resigned as secretary and Miss Constance B. Coen was appointed in her place. And in December, 1918, Mrs. Roy Bates was elected to succeed Miss Coen, resigned, while as treasurer L. H. Kerrick succeeded D. G. Fitzgerrell.

Walter Arbogast, chairman of the finance committee, had the following workers who stood back of the entertainments and other activities: L. H. Kerrick, Frank Schoenfeldt, George Rankin, J. W. Stubblefield, F. D. Barber and J. E. Richmond. At the time of the organization in July, 1917, the balance of funds carried over from the auxiliary was about $1,000, while in August, 1918, the total of the receipts had amounted to almost $13,000. The financial campaign was launched in the summer of 1917 with a concert by Miss Josephine Colehower, sponsored by C. A. Burner, from which $50 was realized, and a ball game between Normal and Bloomington business man netted $165. There were flower sales, concerts, box socials, and lectures. Early in 1918 a farm sale was planned, for which a special committee consisting of E. P. Mohr, Roy Bates and Charles Straub were named. Contributions came in from farmers of Normal township, and the sale was held February 25th in front of Schoenfeldt's barn, John Raycraft donating his services as auctioneer. One pair of ducks was bid in three times by Col. Smith, for a total of $100, and then returned and sold again for $12. The sale netted nearly $1,000. Normal business men gave a minstrel show which cleared $300 for Red Cross. Byron Gregory donated a twin six Packard automobile, which was sold for a total of $2,500. In all these enterprises for raising money the publicity committee of C. A. Burner, Prof. Ridgley and Charles Straub did notable work. The membership committee carried forward several drives, which resulted in further revenue. This committee consisted of Mrs. Grote, Mrs. Frank Hanson, Miss Elsie Brusch, J. W. Arbogast and Mrs. Fred Johnson. At the organization they secured 488 members, which by January, 1918, had been increased to 1,117.

There was formed a headquarters committee of which Mrs. D. C. Smith was chairman and most constant worker. She was assisted by Mrs. Frank Ward and Mrs. Allen Brown. Miss Annette B. Cooper bought supplies and Miss Flora Crum gave five afternoons a week to superintend the work. All churches had sewing groups, and most of the clubs. Many neighborhood groups and individuals assisted. Normal branch turned over to the McLean county chapter 7,500 finished, inspected and approved garments. The knitting department, under direction of Mrs. Amanda Dodge, furnished 1,600 knitted articles. Later the Normal university gave a room for making surgical dressings, and at first Bloomington women acted as instructors. Mrs. Grote later was appointed chairman and instructor. In all, 14,000 bandages were produced at this place.

Mrs. W. H. Johnson organized and launched the great work of the civilian relief department, assisted by Mrs. J. W. Kasbeer and Mrs. George Rankin. Calls were made by these women on families of soldiers, and material help given when needed. This committee made and distributed comfort kits to the departing drafted men. They also assisted families in such matters as insurance, allotments, discharges and innumerable other questions.

When the Junior Red Cross was organized throughout the country, Normal township joined with 100 per cent membership, under the leadership of Miss Elsie Brusch.

During the time of the greatest monetary activity, D. G. Fitzgerrell gave his time unstintingly to the duties of treasurer. During the latter part of 1919 and '20, this work was in the hands of L. H. Kerrick. The taxing duties of secretary devolved upon Miss Florence Smith, Miss Constance Coen and Mrs. Roy Bates, each of whom in her regime had her own peculiar problems to meet.

One of the great and wonderful campaigns of the war was the United War Work drive, combining the funds of the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, the Jewish Relief, the Salvation Army and the Red Cross. In Normal township this mighty effort was captained by Palmer Q. Moore, and was carried through with eminent success the sum of $11,000 being raised.

Normal township was proud of her record in all the liberty loan campaigns. The first was unorganized, and subscriptions were secured by the banks, $5,000 by the State Bank and $25,000 by the First National. D. G. Fitzgerrell, who was vice chairman for the county, had charge of the Normal township campaign.

For the second loan, Walter D. Alexander acted as chairman, and $130,000 was raised in Normal township. In the third loan under the leadership of C. O. Hamilton, $208,000 was subscribed. In the fourth and fifth loans, Lester H. Martin was chairman, and the amounts raised were respectively $278,000 and $232,000. The entire subscriptions in Normal township for the five loans was $878,000, or four-fifths of a million dollars.

The women had a notable part in the Liberty loan drives, beginning with the second. Mrs. Henry G. McCormick was chairman of the women's committee for the second drive, and afterward served as county secretary and kept the records of the subscriptions in a very systematic and satisfactory manner.

Normal university, as distinguished from the town people in general, had a large and commendable part in the war work. The student body and faculty, during the period of the war, gave much of their time and effort to the things which tended to bring victory to America. Dedicated with impressive services in May, 1920, there is a large boulder on the campus as a memorial to the fourteen university men who lost their lives in the war, as follows: William Auth, Ralph Barron, C. Nolan Smith, Earl Ralph Hart, Louis Eddy Davis, Rolf Leo McManus, Howard Henry Hardy, Doy William Skinner, Maurice James Peters, William Roy Hinthorn, Allington Joyce Jolly, Robert Benjamin Huffman, Edmund White Sutherland, Arthur William Niedermeyer. The 14 gold stars are representative of 3 army men who were killed in action, 2 who were accidentally killed in the falling of planes, 1 who was drowned, and 8 who died from illness.

The 675 stars on the service flag of Normal University represent the services of six faculty men who were in actual service, alumni of classes dating back from the class of 1917 to as early a date as 1880. There was one high school navy man of the class of 1880; one Normal Red Cross relief worker of the class of 1883. These stars represent the service of 455 men who served in the army, 81 who served in the navy, 20 who served the marine corps, 72 who were in the aviation, both military and naval, 14 women nurses, one Red Cross relief worker, and 32, the nature of whose service is not known.

The record of the men in the aviation service shows that there were 14 flying men, 1 aerial photographer, and 3 balloon observation men.

There were 81 students of the Normal University who served in the navy during the world war. Three of these were young women who enlisted as yeomen.

The records of the students of I. S. N. U. who were in the service of the United States during the war, shows that they served everywhere, from Panama to Archangel, at the front and with the Army of Occupation, and in battles in France and in Italy. Several of the young women who went as nurses were under fire. Both men and women of the university received crosses and citations of many kinds.

LEXINGTON'S WAR ACTIVITIES

Lexington was among the first to answer the call for men to defend her country, and many of her young men enlisted before the draft came; a total of 120 or more men answered the call. Some were gassed, some wounded, but none lost their lives on the battlefields. Most of the men came home after the armistice, but some stayed with the Army of Construction. Capt. T. F. Feiker did service in Coblenz, Germany, after the war, and W. Earl Ballew, Y. M. C. A. Secretary, also served in the same place.

The Lexington branch of the Red Cross was organized April 29th, 1917, with over three hundred in membership, and Mrs. N. E. Franklin, Chairman, Dr. L. J. Hammers, vice chairman, Mrs. L. B. Strayer, secretary, and Mrs. F. W. Wald, treasurer. The chapter was very active in all branches of war work and met each Tuesday and Thursday of every week. Mrs. L. J. Hammers being in charge of the surgical dressings, Mrs. O. L. Hiser of the knitted articles, and Mrs. W. C. Lindsay, Sr., of the sewing. A total of 22,000 articles was made and sent out by this branch. When McLean County was asked for $50,000.00, Lexington came to the front and oversubscribed her amount of $2,000 and gave over $4000.00. Much credit is given to Mrs. J. V. McCullough who was the captain of this drive, and her assistants for their work. In the later drive E. A. Kennedy was the chairman.

After the war this branch was the first to install a community nurse. Miss Phoebe Grundy of Chicago, who began her duties January 1, 1920. The present officers are: Mrs. Charles Arnold, chairman; Mrs. E. A. Kennedy, vice chairman, and F. W. Wald, secretary and treasurer.

Lexington Township subscribed $1,000 for the Y. M. C. A. and the Liberty loans are as follows: 1st., $22,950.00; 2nd., $16,250.00; 3rd., $35,750.00; 4th., $49,950.00; 5th., $70,800.00; total, $195,700.00. H. S. Shade was the chairman of the Liberty loans.

In December, 1917, the State Council of Defense organized a Volunteer Training Corp, recognized as Unit 45 of 100 members, for the purpose of military training. April 1918, from this unit Co. H 5th Regiment Illinois Reserve Militia, was organized consisting of sixty-five privates and three officers. The officers were: W. F. Goddard, Captain, Ira M. Whitman, 1st Lieutenant, and James Arbogast, 2nd Lieutenant. The officers and Sergeant John Mantle were all ex-soldiers, having served their country in the Spanish American War in 1898. The company was very active in drilling and instructing men of draft age, who were soon to be called in service for their country. They furnished firing squads for military funerals, for the boys who died for their country. The roster of the company was: Captain, Wm. F. Goddard; first lieutenant, Ira M. Whiteman; first sergeant, G. H. Calhoun; Q. M. sergeant, A. P. Schantz; sergeants, W. C. Lindsay, John M. Scrogin, R. H. Ricketts, John Mantle, W. C. Hicks; corporals, B. Haushalter, R. E. Arnold, J. G. Gilmore, Charles Wright, F. W. Wald, Perry Stanton; musicians, L. M. Magill, C. L. Rosenberger; privates, H. F. Amick, C. L. Barrett, W. A. Bornder, G. E. Brown, J. H. Botkin, E. R. Buzzard, Roy Courtney, B. R. Dawson, J. E. Donnelly, J. H. Ervine, W. N. Falkingham, Howard French, Guy Hensley, M. E. Jenny, Clarence Jenkins, Leonard Koehler, W. A. Lucas, J. T. Leach, I. E. Cook, Ray Muffley, Thos. Oddy, R. H. Payne, H. E. Payne, A. P. Printz, J. J. Pils, Kenneth Stone, J. C. Shoop, Delbert Snyder, Henry Schmitz, Earl Turnipseed, Lawrence Whiteman, H. C. Wormley, Ralph Wilmuth, Noah Weakley, Ora McNemar, Dewey Ralston, Wm. Leonard, Elden Murphy, Russell Golliday, Theodore Walker, Rex McConnell, Loren Freed, Clarence Zook, Elmo Jenkins, John T. Moore, Ervine Printz, Dewey Burke, S. Herman Poole.

C. & A. LOYALTY BOOSTERS

On April 9, 1918, when Mrs. Antionette Funk of Washington, one of the government's best speakers for the Liberty loans, visited Bloomington in her boosting tour, one of the places she addressed was a mass meeting of the Alton shop men. The occasion was a notable one, and her reception at the shops was enthusiastic. To show how she herself viewed the patriotic devotion of the Alton men here, she sent the following telegram to the treasury department officials at Washington immediately after the meeting:

''Bloomington, Ill., April 9, 1918—Secretary McAdoo, Washington, D. C.: Men of the C. & A. shops so far solicited for bond subscriptions are 100 per cent. Have pledged $25,000 per month for war savings stamps; grand parade last night. C. & A. shops center of enthusiasm and patriotism in Bloomington. Antionette Funk.''

The organization of loyal men of the Alton was the means by which several incidents in which disloyal remarks were made or hinted, were straightened out by the men themselves, without outside intervention.

Many incidents of stirring appeal occurred at the shops during the war. Perhaps the greatest spectacular demonstration was the occasion when the Jackies' Band from Great Lakes training station gave a great concert in the shops, at which the entire force of employes attended.

Every Liberty loan drive, every Red Cross appeal, every campaign for the Knights of Columbus, the Y. M. C. A. or other war humanitarian project, found ready response with the Alton men, both of the shops and the road.

There was a great ceremony at the shops on June 14, 1918, when a large flag was unfurled amid the cheering of the hundreds of the men. Harvey Baker presided at the ceremony, and Joseph Stoekl made a speech on behalf of the foreign born employes of the shops. The money to buy the flag was subscribed by the men, and the balance after purchasing the flag was turned over to the Red Cross. Judge Louis FitzHenry and John Alexander also made addresses on the occasion. At the conclusion of the ceremony, resolutions were passed by the foreign born men employed by the company, which read as follows:

''Whereas, We have fled from the land of our birth in search for freedom and liberty, in this great United States; and have been received with outstretched arms by this great government, to enjoy the freedom of which we had so long dreamed of but never had enjoyed;

''Whereas, we have fled from tyranny and oppression and a land of poverty and degradation to this land of the free and home of the brave, in which to build our homes and rear our children, that they may enjoy the educational system of this great country;

"Therefore be it resolved, That we will support the United States in this great world war, and regard any who is an enemy of this country as an enemy of our own; and should the United States desire our service in any capacity, we stand ready to obey its command;

"Resolved, That as soon as the laws will permit we will become citizens of the United States, to support its laws and constitution in every way."

A copy of these resolutions was sent to President Wilson, and copies also to the railroad officials.

BELGIAN BOY AS SOLDIER

Harry A. Vuylsteke, a native of Belgium, who lived for three years at the home of Charles Gambrel at Heyworth, donned the uniform of a soldier for Uncle Sam during the world war. He came to America about 1911, and had never attended school after he was 12 years of age. He could not speak English when he came to this country, but worked till he mastered the language. He was called in the draft from Henry county, and was sent to Camp Jones at Douglas, Arizona. He wrote from there to Mrs. Gambrel at Heyworth. He became in turn a first class private and then a corporal. He wrote to Mrs. Gambrel to the effect that in his regiment were 400 boys from Mississippi, 400 from Illinois and the rest are New Yorkers. "But we are all brothers here, no matter where we are from. We are all working together for the same cause. * * * We expect to leave here the end of this week for San Diego. The news was received with great joy.

"You folks at home stay behind us, every one of you, and we can't lose. We Illinois boys are far away from home, but never worry about us, as we are all well, and if we do go across we are not going to be killed, but the good Lord will bring us safely back and guide us to walk the straight and narrow path. So make the best of it at home and we will do our bit."

MADE GAS MASKS

Mrs. Marquis Deaver, formerly Miss Edith Miner of Bloomington, was employed for several months during the war, in a factory on Long Island where the government was making gas masks for soldiers. She was so employed while her husband was in the service with the coast artillery at one of the forts just outside New York. In a letter written shortly after her entry to the factory, she described her surroundings somewhat as follows:

"The plant is new and is simply immense and nothing but windows. It is guarded by about one hundred soldiers. You have to show a letter written by one of the heads in order to get in. And even after you get inside the main door you are accosted by a secret service man every few feet. Military tactics are used thruout and we are in divisions and companies. The head of the concern is a Major Smith, and we are considered in the service as much as a man in the army. We wear a badge constantly. It is like the setting of a huge cameo brooch, and contains your photo and the number by which you are identified.

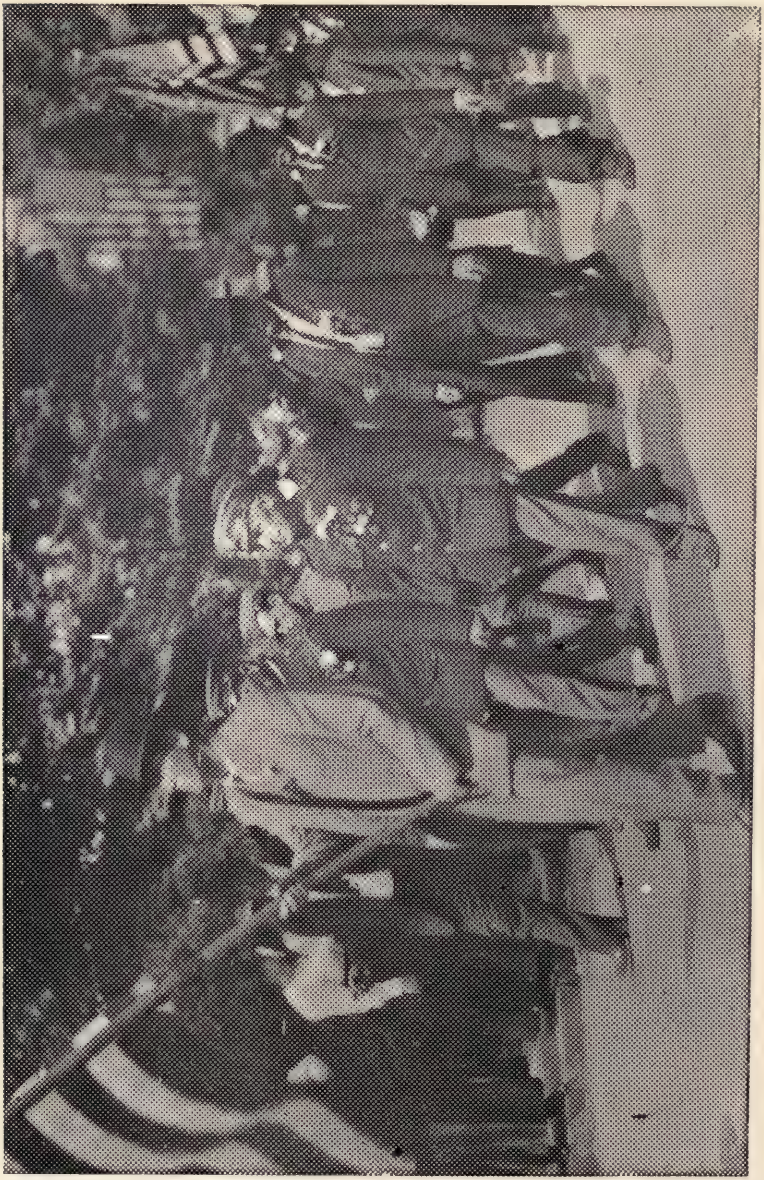
"The enormous room where I work has loads of Italian, British, French and American flags, and is hung with posters and mottos:

"An Extra Mask, Girls, is a Life Saved in France."

"It's Up to Us Whether It's a Death Mask or a Gas Mask."

"I get 40 cents an hour and we have double time for overtime and when we are rushed we work two and three hours extra a day. They have practically weeded out every one in the place who has not some relative in the service.

"The work is simple. I sit at a desk and inspect the masks as they come to me. The hours are from 8 to 5:30, and we are off at 2:30 on Saturdays."



Spanish-American Veterans Escorting Draft Men to Depot

McLEAN COUNTY PEERLESS HONOR ROLL

The roll of honor for McLean county, herewith given contains more than 5,000 names, believed to be a greater number than contributed to the service by any county in the state excepting Cook. The list has been compiled with great care and revised and corrected after many weary hours by Emanuel Rhoades, secretary of the McLean County Historical Society. The honor roll is as nearly correct and complete as it was humanly possible to make, and, while necessarily there are a few names missing and perhaps a few inaccuracies every opportunity was given to those interested to make corrections or revisions. The honor roll is one of which all McLean county has reason to feel proud. Alphabetically arranged, the list is as follows:

A

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major W. H. Allen, Engineers; Camp Benjamin Harrison.
Capt. Elmer J. Armstrong, Normal, Infantry.
Lieut. Will Alberts, Bloomington; Illinois Wesleyan.
Lieut. Eugene Alexander, Bloomington; Quartermaster's Corps; Camp Johnson.
Lieut. Erwin Albee, Bloomington; Air Service; A. E. F.
Lieut. Russell Anglemeier, Bloomington; Infantry.
Lieut. James Ambrose, Hudson, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. (Jr. Grade) Walker W. Anderson, Bloomington; Navy; U. S. S Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.

ENLISTED MEN

Corp. George E. Abbey, White Oak; Co. C, 61st Inf., 5th Div., A. E. F.
William H. Abbott, Normal; Hdqrts. Co., 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
William H. Abbott, Normal; Co. I, 102d Infantry, 26th Division, A. E. F.
Alfred Abby, White Oak Township; Infantry.
Cecil Fiske Abrams, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Harry Abrams, Hudson, Co. A, 26th Infantry. Killed in action.
Abner L. Adams, Heyworth, Co. G, Ammunition Train, 29th Div., A. E. F.
Forrest L. Adams, Bloomington, 662 Aero Squadron.
Fred Adams, Bloomington, Artillery.
Homer F. Adams, Bloomington, 4th Co., C. A. C.
Howard F. Adams, Coast Artillery.
Leslie C. Adams, Bloomington, Motor Truck Corps, A. E. F.
McKinley G. Adams, Heyworth, Infantry, Co. G, Ammunition Train, 2d Division.
Raymond B. Adams, Lexington, Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Samuel M. Adams, Chenoa.
William H. Adams, Bloomington, Marine Corps.
William O. Adams, Osman.
William O. Adams, Bellflower, Infantry.
Harold C. Adelman, Bloomington, 74th Engineers, Fort Meigs.
Cecil M. Adkins, McLean, Infantry.
Charles R. Adkins, McLean.
Elmer Adreon, Lexington, Post Hospital, Fort Omaha.
Edward C. Albee, Bloomington, R. R. 2, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
William A. Albee, Bloomington, R. R. 2, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Frank W. Aldrich, Bloomington, Red Cross.

Corp. Vaughn Alexander, Bloomington, Field Artillery.
Stefano Alfano, Colfax, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. E. B. Allen, Normal, Co. A, 328th Infantry.
Frederick Allen, Bloomington, Infantry. Died at Camp Mills.
Arrie Adelia Allen, Bloomington, Army Nurse Corps.
James Allen, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Robinson Allen, Bloomington, 25th U. S. Regulars, A. E. F.
Clyde Lorraine Allison, Lexington, Infantry. Died at Camp Mills.
Ben Almstead, Colfax, Co. D, 314 Ammunition Train, 89th Division.
Theodore N. Alsesn, Bloomington, R. R., 186th Engineers.
Joshue W. Alsman, Leroy.
Clyde G. Alwood, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A.
Dean Amstadt, Leroy.
Ben R. Anderson, Bloomington, Battery E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Bruce Anderson, Bloomington, Infantry.
C. I. Anderson, Normal, 149th Infantry.
Clarence G. Anderson, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Bradley Polytechnic.
Charles Anderson, Danvers, Infantry.
Delmar C. Anderson, Bloomington, Co. B, 363rd Infantry.
Elmer C. Anderson, Bloomington, Co. B, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
Ernest Anderson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Earl Anderson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Sergt. George Anderson, Bloomington, Aviation.
Jesse S. Anderson, Bloomington, 106th Engineers. Died in Scotland.
Oscar (''Okie'') Anderson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Thomas E. Anderson, Gridley, Co. I, 339th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Sergt. Wilbur Anderson, Bloomington, 24th Company, Coast Artillery.
Charles Andrews, Bloomington, Harry W. Andrews, Gridley, died while awaiting call.
William M. Andrews, Bloomington, Navy.
Edgar Apelt, Bloomington, Musician.
Frank Apelt, Bloomington, Musician.
Merril R. Apker, Bloomington, Co. C, 311th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Waldo Rolland Appel, Normal, Radio, Navy, Great Lakes Station.
Bert G. Appenzeller, Stanford, Battery A, 74th Coast Artillery, C. A. C., A. E. F.
Francis L. Arbogast, Saybrook, Hospital.
Merdle D. Arbogast, Leroy.
Cecil Arnett, Colfax, Infantry, Hawaiian Islands.
James Wallace Arnett, Colfax, Coast Artillery.
Corp. Claude F. Armstrong, Normal, 108th Supply Train, Q. M. Corps, 33rd Division, A. E. F.
Harry A. Armstrong, Leroy.
James Armstrong, Normal, Railroad Artillery.
Miles Armstrong, Hudson, Battery D, Lft. Rgt. Artillery, A. E. F.
Russell R. Armstrong, Normal, 52d Coast Artillery.
Corp. Wavie Armstrong, Stanford, Co. D, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
Albert H. Arnold, Gridley, Aviation.
David Arnold, Bloomington, Marines.
Elma Arnold, Bloomington, Radio.
Floyd Arnold, Colfax, Infantry.
Harry Arnold, Bloomington, Infantry.
Herbert Arnold, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Will Arnold, Bloomington, Infantry.
Stanislaus Arnseneau, Normal, A. S. Section 555. (Ambulance).

Ernest L. Asbury, Bloomington, Co. C,
Voyle L. Ashabrau, Lexington, Squadron D, Flying Dept., Kelly Field, Tex.
Corp. C. C. Ashby, Bloomington, Marine Corps.
Corp. S. W. Ashworth, Bellflower, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Btn., A. E. F.
Sergt. Charles Allen, Stanford, Co. A, 48th Infantry.
G. A. Atkinson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Ora G. Augspurger, Danvers.
Aaron R. Augstin, Carlock, Co. B, 113th Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Corp. Carl Ausmus, Bloomington, 16th Co., Third Regt., Motor Mechanics, A. E. F.
Cecil Austin, Lexington, Navy.
James Austin, Colfax, Battery F, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Fred Avey, Leroy.
Fred Avery, Leroy.
Corp. Cory C. Ayers, Bloomington, Battery C, 339th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Coleman Azbill, Carlock.

B

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Brig. Gen. Harry G. Bishop, Normal, Infantry, Third Brigade, Third Div., A. E. F.
Major Albert N. Buescher, Bloomington, 331st Infantry, A. E. F.
Major Thomas W. Bath, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Major J. Dwight Brewer, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Col. John Bruce, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Col. Frank C. Bolles, Normal, Regular Army, A. E. F.
Col. W. V. D. Brown, Colfax, 8th Balloon Company, A. E. F.
Capt. A. E. Behrendt, Bloomington, Medical Corps,
Capt. F. W. Brian, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Capt. John G. Burkholder, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. George E. Butler, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. G. B. Bushee, Normal, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Phillip C. Barber, 56th Heavy Artillery, A. E. F.
Lieut. William Barrett, Bloomington, 347th M. G. Bn., 91st Div., A. E. F.
Lieut. I. W. Bach, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Lieut. Nyle J. Balbach, Chenoa, Aviation.
Lieut. Raymond C. Baylor, McLean, Field Artillery, U. S. Camp.
Lieut. Cornelius Beardsley, Bloomington, Artillery, A. E. F.
Lieut. Arthur L. Benedict, Ellsworth, Infantry, Camp Lee.
Lieut. Fred H. Beck, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lieut. Carl E. Behr, Bloomington, Motor Transport Corps, Camp Johnson.
Lieut. Fred Beckman, Bloomington, 314th Field Sig. Btn., 89th Div., A. E. F.
Lieut. Halsey L. Bingham, Bellflower, Aviation.
Lieut. Earl F. Blackburn, Normal, Infantry.
Ensign Dwight F. Bracken, Bloomington, Naval Aviation Station, Pensacola, Fla.
Lieut. Richard Boydston, Bloomington, Marines. Died at sea.
Lieut. Timothy Bradley, Bloomington, Rail Supply Detachment, A. E. F.
Lieut. John Brokaw, Bloomington, Aviation, Instructor, A. E. F.
Lieut. (Junior grade) Leslie R. Bristow, Bloomington, Navy, U. S. S. Prinz Willem.
Lieut. Frank Brewer, Bloomington, 52d Aero Squardon, A. E. F.
Lieut. Russell W. Bringham, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Btn., A. E. F.
Lieut. Clifford Brown, Normal, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Lieut. Alfred O. Brown, Bloomington, 164th Infantry, A. E. F.

Lieut. Dan Buck, McLean, Infantry.
Lieut. Carlton Burrows, Bloomington, Artillery.
Lieut. Hudson Burr, Bloomington, 13th F. A., Fourth Div., A. E. F.
Lieut. Edwin S. Burtis, Hudson, Aviation, Camp Pike.
Ensign Royal V. Burtis, Hudson, Navy, A. E. F.
Lieut. James J. Butler, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Funston.
Lieut. Earl Butler, Bloomington, Dental Corps.
Lieut. Frank M. Butler, Bloomington, Engineer Corps.
Lieut Robert Guy Buzzard, Normal, Infantry.

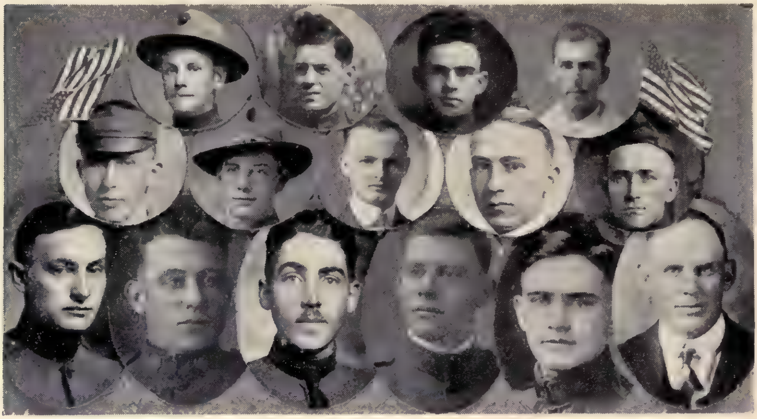
ENLISTED MEN

Carl H. Backlund, Leroy, Battery F, 137th Field Artillery.
Delmar Dwight Bachman, Bloomington, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
Earl Bach, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
George Backhouse, 9th Co., Depot Brigade.
Oliver Bacon, Bloomington, Infantry.
Thomas Backhouse, Bloomington, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Corp. Joseph Baer, Chenoa, Infantry.
Dilley Bailey, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. E. O. Bailey, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Ralph Bair, Colfax, Infantry.
Howard Baird, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph Owen Baird, Bloomington, Commissary Department, Great Lakes.
Corp. Virgil R. Baird, Heyworth, Infantry.
Frank Baker, Chenoa, Infantry.
Harry E. Baker, Bloomington, 44th F. A., A. E. F.
Perry Baker, Bloomington, Navy.
William Baker, Bloomington, Infantry.
Russell Faye Baldwin, Stanford, Supply Train 814, A. E. F.
M. John Balbach, Chenoa, Infantry.
Clarence Balbach, Chenoa, Infantry.
William Ball, Leroy, Infantry A. E. F.
W. Earle Ballew, Lexington, Y. M. C. A. work. Wounded.
Melvin Ballinger, Chenoa, Infantry.
John C. Bandi, Bloomington, Instructor, Aviation.
Alvin H. Bane, Ellsworth, Signal Corps.
Charles E. Bane, Bloomington, Tank Corps, A. E. F.
Elton T. Bane, Colfax, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Thomas Bane, Ellsworth, Infantry.
La Verne Barkley, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Philip Barling, Infantry.
Ivan Baldwin, Stanford, Navy.
Ben Barnhart, Bellflower, Artillery.
William Barnhart, Bellflower, Infantry.
William F. Barnes, Cropsey, Tank Division. Died in hospital.
Sergt. Edward Barnum, Leroy, Infantry.
Edwin Barnum, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
John M. Barr, Bloomington, Clerical Detachment, Medical Corps.
Elbert Barrett, Downs, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Tucker Barret, Normal, Artillery, A. E. F.
William H. Barron, Bloomington, Co. C, 3rd Infantry, Del Rio, Tex.
Henry Fred Barrow, Bloomington, Navy, Puget Sound, First Class Seaman.
Alex. Barry, Co. A, Fourth U. S. Engineers, A. E. F.
Fred Bartsch, Ellsworth, Navy.
W. E. Barscht, Ellsworth, Navy, Great Lakes.
Wm. Herman Barthel, Bloomington, Infantry.

Glenn C. Bartley, 20th Anti-aircraft Battery, A. E. F.
Hillard Barton, Bloomington, Infantry.
Jack Barton, Leroy, Infantry.
Harry Bartsch, Bloomington, Infantry.
Harry W. Bates, Bloomington, Construction Company, Air, A. E. F.
Walter Bates, Bloomington, Artillery.
John Bathon, Anchor, Infantry.
Henry E. Batson, Bloomington, Horseshoer, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Louis Bauchman, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F.
George H. Bauer, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. William Bauer, Stanford, 121st Infantry, Conway, France.
Sergt. Chester Baumgartner, Bloomington, Infantry.
Al. Baughman, Bloomington, Infantry.
Albert N. Baum, Blomington, Infantry.
Elmer Baum, Cooksville, Hospital Apprentice, U. S. S. Utah.
Albert F. Bauman, Bloomington, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Bertram R. Bauman, Chenoa, Navy, Great Lakes.
Carl Herman Baumgart, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Ammunition Train.
George V. Bavester, Bloomington, Canadian Army.
John Bavester, Bloomington, C. F. E. Infantry.
William Bavester, Bloomington, Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Charles E. Baxter, Bloomington, Co. 2, Transportation Corps, A. E. F.
Donald J. Baylor, Bloomington, Battery B, 38th Artillery, A. E. F.
Leslie Beach, Bloomington, Hospital Corps.
Wesley Beach, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Dwight E. Beal, Bloomington, Washington D. C., Medical Corps.
Sergt. Geo. Beal, Bloomington, Infantry.
Ray W. Baylor, Towanda, Aviation.
Lee R. Beam, Saybrook, Infantry.
Clarence Bean, Bloomington, 3rd Co., 2nd Engineers, Motor Mechanics, A. E. F.
Herman I. Bean, Leroy, Infantry.
Rollo Beard, Bloomington, 26th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded slightly.
Ross O. Beard, Normal, Navy.
Felix Beasley, Colfax, 46th Balloon Corps.
Austin Stone Beasley, Bloomington, A. E. F.
Oscar Bebout, Heyworth, Seaman, U. S. S. Indiana.
John H. Becker, Bloomington, 74th Co., 6th Regiment Marines. Gassed.
Peter Becker, Bloomington, Infantry.
Elza Bechtel, Colfax, Infantry.
Frank Beckham, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Frank K. Beckham, Balloon Corps.
Claude E. Bedinger, Bloomington, Bat. A, 10th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Eugene Bedinger, Bloomington, Normal, Balloon Squadron.
Sergt. Junius Beebe, Bloomington, Engineers, A. E. F. Awarded war cross.
Corp. Ben L. Beeler, Bloomington, A. E. F. Wounded.
Corp. Robert Beer, Bloomington, 108th Aero.
Lincoln Behr, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Corp. Walter G. Behr, Bloomington, 46th Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Corp. Karl L. Behnke, Bloomington, 150th F. A., A. E. F.
Emil Behrman, Bloomington.
Ernest Behrmann, Bloomington.
Ellis Belcher, Colfax, Infantry.
Corp. Edward Bell, Heyworth, 60th, Co. A, A. E. F.
Elmer Bell, Heyworth, Infantry.
Jefferson Hall Belt, Saybrook, Co. C, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Sylvanus Ray Belt, Bloomington, 166th Infantry, 42d Div., A. E. F.

Marion Belts, Bloomington, Infantry.
Miss Charlotte Bender, Bloomington, Red Cross Nurse, A. E. F.
Charles Benedict, McLean, Infantry.
Early A. Benedict, Gridley, Aviation.
Ernest Benedict, McLean. Died from wounds in France.
Corp. Frank Benedict, Gridley, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
George Benedict, McLean, Infantry.
Corp. Rollin J. Benedict, Ellsworth, Infantry, Camp Lee.
Russell J. Benjamin, Bloomington, Dixie Division, 106th Horse Department, Ammunition Train, A. E. F.
Paul K. Benjamin, Bloomington, Physical Instructor, U. S. Naval Academy.
Roland Benjamin, Bloomington, Marine Corps.
Troy J. Bennett, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Harold Bennett, Arrowsmith, Infantry.
Lawrence B. Bennett, Bloomington, 307th Infantry, A. E. F.
John Bennington, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Herbert Bereman, Bloomington, Infantry.
E. Bermnan, Bloomington, 602d Engineers.
Carl Bernau, Danvers, Co. D, 30th Infantry, A. E. F.
Walter Berg, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F.
George Bernard, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Charles H. Berry, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Elihu Berry, Gridley, Co. C, M. R. S. U., Camp Holabird, Md.
Lyle D. Berry, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lyle Berry, Bloomington, Aviation.
Edward Bertha, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Herbert Besemann, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Paul C. Beshers, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lyle Best, Bloomington. Died at Great Lakes from Diphtheria.
Edward Bethea, Bloomington, Infantry.
Harry Bethel, Randolph, Infantry.
Ernest Betsberg, Colfax, Navy.
Lawrence Beveridge, Colfax, Co. L, 41st Infantry.
Virgil M. Bierbower, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
Benjamin Biggs, Arrowsmith, Infantry.
Cleo T. Bierbower, Arrowsmith, 6th Co., 161st Depot Brigade.
Roy Biggs, Bloomington, Navy.
Frank Bill, Normal, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
R. E. Binger, Bloomington, Navy.
Charles Bingham, Bellflower, Infantry, A. E. F.
Don J. Bingham, Normal, Co. B, 125th M. G.
Byrl Binnion, Normal, Navy, First Class Q. M., U. S. S. Santa Clara.
Corp. Felix Binnion, Normal, Co. A, 108th Engineers, A. E. F.
S. M. Binnion, Bloomington, Co. A, 108th Engineers, A. E. F.
Wayne Birckelbaw, Bloomington, Medical Detachment, 830th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Sergt. T. L. Birkelbaw, Bloomington, Engineers, A. E. F.
Albert V. Birkey, Hudson, Aviation.
Chalmer Bishop, Heyworth, Artillery.
Robert Bishop, Stanford, 143rd Inf., 36th Division, A. E. F.
Smith Bishop, Bloomington, 67th Marines.
Sergt. Walter I. Bishop, Bloomington, Aeronautics.
E. C. Bissell, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Dan Black, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Joe Black, Bloomington, Navy.
Romney Black, Bloomington, Infantry.
W. F. Blackburn, Bloomington, Navy, Sea Duty.
Paul Blackford, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.

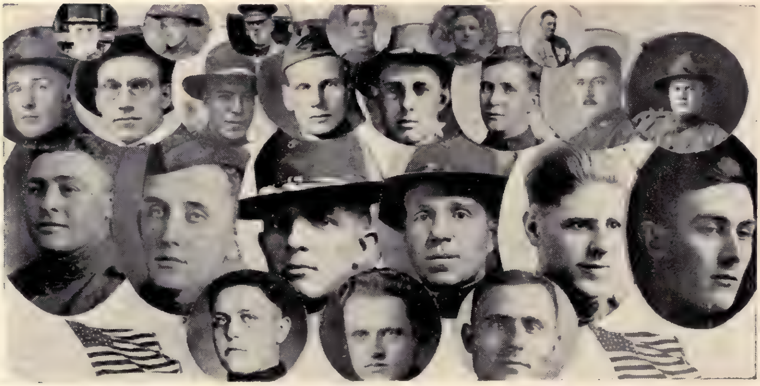
Eugene Blackwell, Bloomington, Naval Machinist.
Albert H. Blanchard, Bloomington, 325th Inf., 82d Div., A. E. F.
Charles Bliss, Bellflower, Infantry.
Paul Bloomquist, Bloomington, Great Lakes Station.
Lyman Blose, Bloomington, Co. A, 2d Bat., Edgewood, Md.
Sergt. Adreon W. Blough, Hudson, Infantry.
Arthur Blough, Hudson, Co. B, 19th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Sergt. Paul M. Blough, Hudson, Signal Corps.
Clifford Blount, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
E. J. Blue, Normal, Co. A, 123d Infantry, A. E. F.
G. Dooley Blue, Artilleryman, Canadian Army. Killed in action.
Edward Blum, Bloomington, 331st Infantry, A. E. F.
Roger W. Blumenshine, Colfax, Infantry, Bat. C, 6th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Homer B. Blumenshine, Colfax, 328th Aero Squad., A. E. F.
Horatio Earl Boblett, Colfax, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Carl Bock, Bloomington, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Mark Bodell, Bloomington, Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Arthur Boden, Bloomington, Chauffeur, Infantry.
Howard A. Bolin, Bloomington, Co. E, 39th Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action, July 20.
Leslie E. Boling, Normal, Medical Corps, Camp Meade.
Russell A. Bolze, Covell, Hdqrs. Co., 56th Inf., A. E. F.
Walter E. Bonke, Bloomington, Navy.
Ernest Boog, Saybrook, 139th Inf., A. E. F.
Corp. Clifford S. Book, Bloomington, R. R., Infantry, A. E. F. Gassed.
Orel Boone, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
J. M. Bouhl, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. W. H. Bourges, Bloomington, 40th Infantry, Fort Sheridan.
Louis Bosshardt, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Delbert Bostick, Danvers, Jefferson Barracks.
Melvin Roy Bossingham, Stanford. died at Camp Mills.
Clarence C. Botsfield, Bloomington, 56th Balloon Co.
Carroll M. Bowen, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Milton Bowen, Bloomington, 149th Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. John A. Bourland, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Perry Dean Bower, Stanford, Infantry.
Homer A. Bowers, Normal, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Elton Bower, Stanford, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Ray Bowers, McLean, Aviation.
Russell Bowers, Bloomington, 159th Depot Brigade, Camp Taylor.
Corp. R. E. Bowers, Bloomington, Infantry.
L. H. Bowling, Bloomington, Infantry.
Glen R. Bowman, Bloomington, Navy, Second Mate Mechanic, U. S. S. Prometheus.
James W. Bowman, Saybrook, Artillery.
Leverette E. Bowman, Bloomington, Signal Corps.
R. W. Bowman, Towanda, Aviation, A. E. F.
Thomas Bowman, Colfax, Infantry.
Alva Bowser, Bloomington, Q. M. Department.
John E. Bovie, Bloomington, Veterinary Corps.
George Boylan, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Pike.
Harry Francis Boylan, Bloomington, S. A. T. C. at U. of I.
Hal Bradley, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Jesse Bradley, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Walter H. Bradley, Leroy, Co. I, 325th Infantry, A. E. F.
Otis R. Braddy, Colfax, Bat. C, 129th F. E., A. E. F.
Noah Braden, Normal, Navy, at Brooklyn.



Top Row (left to right)—Merle Fitchhorn, J. J. Frisch, Joe E. Fitchhorn, Perle Fry.

Second Row—Ben Fike, John P. Fredrich, Jas. C. Fielding, Paul E. Follick, Clarence Forbes.

Third Row—John J. Ficken, Louis K. Farmer, Hobart Fry, Van W. Farmer, Glen E. Frink, Myron C. Freed.



First Row (left to right)—T. S. Kirwin, Ellsworth E. King, A. Kennedy, Miller Kirkpatrick, Edward Kahle, James M. Kinsella.

Second Row—Kenneth E. Kimler, Ralph E. Kauffold, Walter Kurth, Louis E. Kessler, Glen Kinsler, Roy Kaylor, Carl Knecht, H. C. Keys.

Third Row—Elmo G. Kent, Byron D. Kline, Chas. N. Karr, Roy E. Kimler, George D. Kennedy, Bryce McKnight.

Bottom Row—Lawrence H. Koos, John J. Kates, George J. Katsoulis.

George Bragonier, Bloomington, Infantry
Millard Brame, Ellsworth, Navy, Puget Sound.
Carl Brame, Ellsworth, Infantry, Panama.
Everett Brammer, Bloomington, Co. F, 139th Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph Bramwell, Yuton. Aviation.
Samuel M. Bramwell, Bloomington, Bugler, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Sereno Brazelton, Normal, Co. H, 48th Infantry.
Harold W. Brandon, Bellflower.
Vernon Bradford, Colfax, Infantry.
Fred Brandt, Bellflower, Infantry.
Sylvan Breese, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Fremont M. Breidenbach, Cooksville, Infantry.
Corp. Oscar J. Breidenbach, Cooksville, Co. F, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
William H. Breidenbach, Cooksville, Co. G, 144th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Edward Brennan, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Frank A. Brennan, Bloomington, Naval Machinist, U. S. S. Prometheus.
Patrick Brennan, Bloomington, Infantry.
William T. Brennan, Bloomington, Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. Fred Brenning, Bloomington, Camp Stanley.
Howard A. Brent, Bloomington, Co. I, 370th Infantry, A. E. F.
Emerson W. Brewer, Bloomington, Q. M., Camp Grant.
Corp. Homer D. Bridges, Stanford, 149th D. A. Wounded in action.
Thomas Brigham, Bloomington, Wesleyan S. A. T. C.
Corp. John Bright, Normal, A. E. F.
Corp. William M. Bright, Bloomington, Q. M., Infantry, Medical Dept.
Donald Bringham, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lawrence Bringham, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Russell W. Bringham, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Wagoner W. E. Brinkley, Bloomington, A. E. F.
W. E. Brinkley, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
Carleton L. Brining, Leroy. Died.
Ralph Britton, Bloomington, 16th Photo Section, Aviation, A. E. F.
Corp. Chas. Broadhead, Bloomington, 341 S. T. Infantry, A. E. F.
Bugler Cecil Brooks, Chenoa, A. E. F.
Roy G. Brookshier, Bloomington, 13th Reg. Marines.
Sergt. Albert W. Brown, Chenoa, Infantry.
Bernard Brown, Colfax, Co. C, 2d Regiment Engineers, A. E. F.
Clifford Brown, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
Earl Brown, Lexington, 106th Engineers. Died at Le Havre, France.
Edgar M. Brown, Bloomington, 168th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Edward S. Brown, Normal, Naval Reserve.
Bert Edward Brown, Bloomington, Bat. F, 2d F. A. R. D.
Edwin Brown, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
Ellis E. Brown, Bloomington, Co. H, 143rd Infantry.
Ephraim Brown, Randolph, Infantry.
Everett C. Brookshier, Bloomington, A. E. F.
Frank M. Brown, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Howard C. Brown, Downs, Yeoman, Navy, Great Lakes.
James J. Brook, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Herman E. Brown, Colfax, Infantry.
John R. Brown, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Joseph Brown, Colfax, Navy.
Milner Brown, Normal, Navy.
Peter J. Brown, Normal, Naval Aviation.
Richard Brown, Bloomington, 108th Infantry, 27th Division, A. E. F.
Rev. R. D. Brown, Leroy, Chaplain, Kelly Field.
R. E. Brown, Bloomington, Artillery.

Roy Browning, Bloomington, Infantry.
Russell Brown, Leroy, Infantry.
Walter D. Brown, Lexington, Balloon Corps, A. E. F.
Warren Broughton, Bloomington, 352d Aero Squadron.
Otto G. Bruce, Bloomington, Aviation.
Elmer Henry Brucker, Cropsey, 28th Division, A. E. F.
Maurice G. Brumback, Saybrook, 124th Infantry, 31st Div., A. E. F.
William Brunker, Bloomington, Infantry.
Campbell E. Brunton, Bloomington, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
Ernest A. Brust, Bloomington, Minelayer in Navy, European Waters.
Gilmore Brust, Bloomington, Co. A, 11th Supply Train, A. E. F.
Harley H. Bryant, Towanda, Infantry, A. E. F.
Isaac Bryant, Towanda, Infantry, A. E. F.
Thomas Phillip Bryant, Bloomington, 13th Engineers and Tel. Btn., Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Arthur Buchanan, Bloomington, Apprentice Seaman.
Meddie Buck, Cropsey, Co. L, 39th Inf., 4th Div., A. E. F.
Clifton Buckles, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Dean D. Buckles, Bloomington, Aviation.
Harry Buckles, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
M. Buckley, Randolph, Infantry.
William Buckley, Randolph, Infantry.
Fred E. Buess, Bloomington, Infantry.
Ralph Buffham, Bloomington, Military Police, Camp Funston.
Cecil Buford, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Leonard Bunch, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F. Lost leg from wounds.
Curtis Bundy, Lexington, 16th Infantry, Camp Mills.
Corp. Curtis Bundy, Bloomington, Co. D, 150th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Roy Bundy, Bloomington, Co. B, 10th D. S. T., Camp Holabird, Md.
Roy Bundy, Lexington, 10th Motor Supply Company, Baltimore, Md.
Isaac E. Bunn, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Ralph Bunnell, Bloomington, M. T. Corps, A. E. F.
H. Lyle Burch, Bloomington, Signal Corps, Fort Leavenworth.
William Burchette, Randolph, Infantry.
Arthur L. Burdette, Danvers, Sixth Marines, A. E. F.
Harris Burdette, Dry Grove, Navy.
Claude Burger, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
Dewey Burger, McLean, Co. E, 16th Infantry. Killed in action.
Ollie Burger, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
Lloyd Burger, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
Dewey O. Burk, Lexington, Co. H, 48th Infantry, Greenville, S. C.
Sergt. James J. Burke, Lexington, Third Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Miss Mary Burke, Bloomington, Red Cross, A. E. F.
Musician Paul Burke, Bloomington.
Harry Burkey, 137th Machine Gun Battalion, 78th Division, A. E. F.
Solomon Burkey, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Edgar Burkhead, Bloomington, 83rd Aero Squadron, Langley Field.
John Burkholder, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
John Burkholder, Normal, Medical Corps.
Sergt. Willis A. Burkholder, Mt. Hope, 345th Regiment, 87th Division, A. E. F.
Jacob J. Burmaster, Danvers, Infantry.
Elmer Burnette, Bloomington, 130th Machine Gun Battalion, 35th Division, A. E. F.
Ortho Burnett, Mt. Hope, Infantry.
George W. Burnham, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Edward Burns, Bloomington, Infantry.
Richard J. Burns, Bloomington, Naval Machinist, U. S. S. Kearsarge.

Willard J. Burns, Bloomington, Signal Corps.
Sergt. Ralph Burtis, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles J. Burton, Colfax, 34th Engineers, Camp Dix.
Henry C. Burton, Colfax, Infantry.
Lowell S. Burton, Stanford, Co. H, 330th Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Busald, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clarence Busby, Chenoa, Infantry.
Grover Busby, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Busby, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ray Busby, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Richard Busby, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Robert Busby, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Busse, Bellflower, Infantry.
Sergt. Louis B. Bush, Normal, Medical Corps, S. O. S., A. E. F.
Hubert J. Bustle, Mackinaw, Cook, Co. A, 160th Ammunition Train, 31st Div., A. E. F.
H. R. Bustle, Bloomington, Battery B, 13th Battalion, 5th Regiment, Camp Taylor, Kentucky.
Otto A. Buth, Danvers, 14th Veterinary Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Charles E. Butler, Saybrook, Truck Driver, Camp Greene.
Charles Butler, Bloomington, Section 64, Hospital Corps.
Earl Butler, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Butler, Bloomington, Navy.
Ralph E. Butler, Bloomington, Q. M. Department.
Clay Button, Cropsey, Infantry.
Lloyd G. Buzick, Lexington, 11th Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Corp. Edward Bynum, Bloomington, 370th Infantry.
Lincoln Bynum, 370th Infantry, A. E. F.
Rudolph M. Byquist, Bloomington, Infantry.

C

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major John Bruce Carlock, Bloomington, First Gas Regiment, A. E. F.
Capt. Thomas D. Cantrell, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Capt. Daniel Carroll, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Capt. Merle Catterlin, Heyworth, Dental Corps, A. E. F.
Capt. A. J. Casner, Bloomington, Base Hospital, Section H, Ft. Riley.
Capt. Lester B. Cavins, Bloomington, Medical Reserve, Camp Greenleaf.
Capt. Louis H. Colehower, Normal, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Capt. O. A. Coss, Arrowsmith, Medical Corps, Transport Physician.
Capt. John G. Coulter, Bloomington, Agricultural Bureau Director, A. E. F.
Ensign Russell Courtright, Normal, Assistant Paymaster, Navy.
Capt. T. Burr Crigler, Normal, Machine Gun Company, Camp Hancock.
Lieut. Harry H. Carrithers, Hudson, Aviation, Kelly Field, Texas.
Lieut. P. M. Carter, Bloomington, Navy Chaplain, New Haven, Conn.
Lieut. Thomas M. Carter, Bloomington, Army Chaplain.
Lieut. Robert H. Carson, Bloomington, Aviation, Vancouver.
Lieut. Benjamin Cassidy, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Dean W. Charni, Bloomington, O. T. C., Camp Gordon.
Lieut. S. R. Claggett, Lexington, 833d Machine Gun Battalion, 86th Div., A. E. F.
Lieut. John F. Clark, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. C. B. Clarno, Bloomington, Dental Corps, Fort Oglethorpe.
Lieut. Herbert S. Cline, Bloomington, Q. M. C., Camp Upton.
Lieut. Charles Coen, Normal, Chemical Dept., Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Bayard F. Collins, Bloomington, Aviation, A. E. F.

Lieut. J. J. Condon, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Fort Oglethorpe.
Lieut. Wilbur R. Cooke, Bloomington, Signal Corps, 410th Tel. Battery, A. E. F.
Lieut. Fred H. Cox, Normal, Machine Gun Battalion, 86th Division, A. E. F.
Lieut. James Vincent Cox, Bloomington, Aviation, Langley Field, Va.

ENLISTED MEN

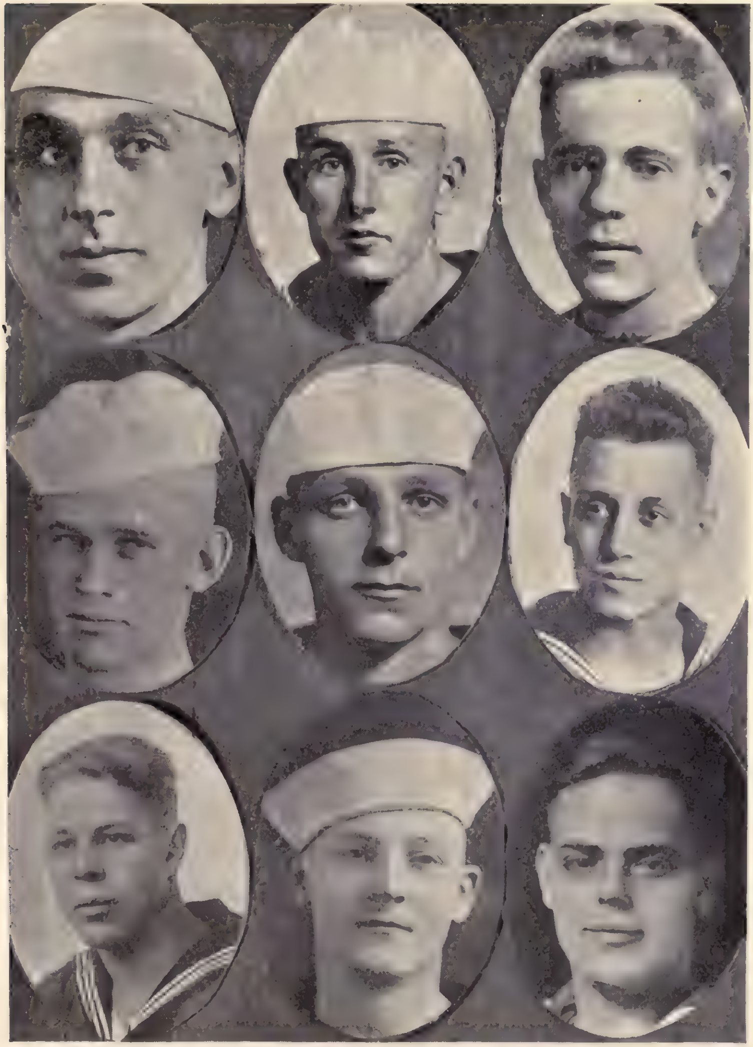
James Cahill, Bloomington, Infantry.
Rex S. Cain, Bloomington, Navy Radio.
Sergt. Napoleon Calamese, Normal, 809th Pioneer Infantry, A. E. F.
Orville Calamese, Normal, Navy, Battleship Vermont.
Sergt. James S. Caldwell, Meadows, Infantry.
James Caldwell, Bloomington, Navy.
Everett Calhoun, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Everett M. Calhoun, Bloomington, Medical Department, Comp. Hospital, A. E. F.
Elbert W. Callahan, Bloomington, Machine Gun Co., 48th Inf., Camp Sheridan.
Francis J. Callahan, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. Martin L. Callahan, Bloomington, 9th Co., L. I. S., Fort Wright.
Sergt. Neil Callahan, Bloomington, Aviation, Shelby, Miss.
Donald G. Callaway, Bloomington, Navy.
Guy Calloway, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. Everett Camp, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Meade.
James H. Camp, Bloomington, Infantry.
Henry Campbell, McLean, Infantry. Killed in action.
Howard E. Campbell, Bloomington, 124th M. G. Btn. Wounded in action.
Ivan D. Campbell, Stanford, Coast Artillery.
William H. Campbell, Bloomington, 139th Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action.
James H. Camper, Heyworth, 161st Depot Brigade, Infantry, Camp Grant.
William Cannoy, Saybrook, Co. D, 116th Engineers, A. E. F.
Lyman L. Canaday, Colfax, Infantry.
Edward Canan, Normal, Q. M., Camp Johnson.
Don Canady, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Glenn Canady, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Willard B. Canopy, Normal, S. A. T. C.
Clarence Carbaugh, Bellflower, Infantry.
John Carberry, Bloomington, Engineering, A. E. F.
Roland W. Carlock, Carlock, 14th Photo Section, A. E. F.
Albert M. Carlson, Ellsworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clarence D. Carlson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank E. Carlson, Normal, 13th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
John F. Carlson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
John T. Carlson, Normal, Co. L, 13th Marines, A. E. F.
Warner Carlyle, Bellflower, Infantry.
Arthur L. Carmen, Normal, Medical Corps.
Rex. S. Carn, Bloomington, Navy Radio.
Dr. John Carnahan, Bloomington, Veterinary, Canadian Army, Overseas.
John J. Carnahan, Bloomington, 176th Overseas Battery, Canadian Army.
Sergt. Robert D. Carnahan, Bloomington, 97th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Ray E. Carnahan, Bloomington, Musician, 17th Field Artillery.
Richard E. Carney, Bloomington, Co. I, 23rd Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. Charles Carr, Bloomington, Signal Corps, Texas.
Sergt. Floyd W. Carr, Bloomington, Co. 7, Development Bat., Camp Wheeler.
Porter Carr, Bloomington, Co. B, Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Richard Carr, Bloomington, Field Artillery, A. E. F.

Roy Carr, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
James Carrell, Jr., Arrowsmith, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant.
John Carrington, Normal, Infantry.
Ansley Carson, Lexington, Co. N, 35th Engineers, A. E. F.
Corp. Ermin B. Carter, McLean, Infantry, Camp Lee, Va.
Warren Cartmell, Normal, Navy.
Sergt. J. D. Carpenter, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ollie H. Carpenter, Lexington, Battery B, 2d T. M. Bat., A. E. F.
W. Lee Carpenter, Leroy, Infantry.
Fred G. Cary, Saybrook, 138th Infantry, A. E. F.
Earl M. Case, Bloomington, Co. C, 6th Signal Corps, A. E. F.
La Rue Cash, Bloomington, Navy.
Burton C. Castle, Bloomington, Officers' Training, Camp Grant.
Drew W. Castle, Gridley, 310th Aero Squadron.
Robert Castle, Bloomington, Navy.
Ray Casper, Colfax, Infantry.
Ted Catanzan, Bloomington, Co. B, 110th Engineers, A. E. F.
William J. Cation, Bloomington, Cavalry.
Prof. Elmer W. Cavins, Normal, Educational Work, A. E. F.
Warren Cavins, Normal, Navy, Great Lakes.
Charles Centers, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Earl Centers, Colfax, Infantry, Ft. Sill.
Roy Chambers, Chenoa, Infantry.
Milo Chaney, Downs, Infantry, A. E. F. Died from wounds.
Corp. Albert T. Chapman, Chenoa, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Sergt. Arnett S. Chapin, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Martin R. Chapman, Bloomington, Infantry, 89th Div., A. E. F.
Sergt. Richard E. Chapman, Carlock, Co. I, 55th Infantry, A. E. F.
Russell Chase, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. Fred L. Cheek, McLean, Co. B, 112th M. G., Camp Logan.
Sergt. Paul H. Cheshire, Colfax, 19th Co., C. O. T. C., Camp Lee.
Corp. R. R. Cheney, Saybrook, Medical Corps.
James Chestney, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Arthur Chism, Bloomington, Mechanic, Navy Yards, Washington, D. C.
Chester W. Chism, Bloomington, Sharpshooter, Navy, Coach at rifle range, Glenburnie, Maryland.
Howard S. Chrisman, Bloomington, Motor Transport Corps, A. E. F.
Edward W. Chrisman, Normal, M. O. T. C., Camp Greenleaf.
Alfred Christensen, Leroy, Hospital.
Roy E. Christman, Normal, 91st Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Okey Christy, Randolph, Infantry.
Joel H. Churchill, Bloomington, Fireman.
Frank Chuse, Bloomington, Aviation, A. E. F.
Harry Clack, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Major Chester L. Claggett, Lexington, Co. A, S. A. T. C., Omaha, Neb.
Ervin J. Claggett, Lexington, Navy, U. S. S. Gen. Knox.
Edwin Clamon, Bloomington, Navy.
Corp. Alfred H. Clark, Bloomington, Chemical Water Service, American University, Washington, D. C.
Dana O. Clark, Towanda, Artillery, Ft. Caswell.
George Clark, Bloomington, Infantry.
James A. Clark, Bloomington, Fireman, 28th Engineering Division.
Leo F. Clark, Blomington, Artillery, A. E. F.
Mark L. Clark, Bloomington, Navy Radio, Second Division.
Henson E. Clark, Bloomington, S. A. T. C. at Wesleyan.
Paul Douglas Clark, Colfax, 30th Co., 5th Regt., Marine Corps, A. E. F.
Cadet Roy E. Clark, Colfax, Camp Dick, Texas.
R. E. Clark, Colfax, Navy.

Sergt. Vernon Clark, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Charles A. Clarke, Bloomington, Navy. Died at Great Lakes Hospital.
Corp. Earl Clawson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Erick Clawson, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Travis.
William J. Clawson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Edmund G. Cleveland, Bloomington, Bat. E, 134th Artillery, Camp Eustis.
Harry Clevenger, Leroy, Navy, A. E. F.
Sergt. John Cleary, Bloomington, 637 Aero Supply Squadron, A. E. F.
Michael Cleary, Gridley, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
John R. Clickener, Bloomington, U. S. Naval Reserve Forces.
Gerald Cline, Leroy, Hospital Corps.
James Clifford, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. John A. Ross Clickener, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
L. Clifford, Leroy, Infantry.
William Clinton, Bloomington, Infantry.
Robert Clugston, Bloomington, Battery F, 305 Artillery, A. E. F.
John Louis Cobb, Normal, 159th D. B., Sergeant Major.
Russell Cochran, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
R. W. Cochran, Lexington, Navy, U. S. S. Virginia.
Carl C. Cody, Bloomington, Auto Mechanic.
Donald Coen, Normal, Aviation.
Eugene Cofer, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Infantry, A. E. F.
Eugene Cofer, Bloomington, 345th Battery, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Ralph Coit, Saybrook, Co. L, 345th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Todd Coit, Bellflower, Infantry.
Wayne A. Colaw, Downs, Navy, Great Lakes.
Fred Cole, Bloomington, Co. A, Third Trans., A. E. F.
J. Ivan Cole, Bloomington, Navy, Sea Duty.
Sergt. Edgar Collier, Infantry, A. E. F. and Army of Occupation.
Roy M. Collier, Bloomington, Infantry.
Cecil D. Collins, Holder, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Battery, A. E. F.
Joe Collins, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Collins, Bloomington, Co. D, 306th Infantry, A. E. F.
Roger Collins, Bloomington, Q. M. D., Camp Meigs.
Roy Collins, Bloomington, Boilermaker.
Alfred Colt, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Victor W. Collum, Chenoa, Baker, Co. 310, A. E. F.
Corp. David R. Collum, Chenoa, Headquarters Company, Balloon Wing, A. E. F.
Charles Compher, Heyworth, Infantry.
Henry Comstock, Normal, Infantry, Fort Reilley.
Arthur M. Condon, Bloomington, Chief Yeoman, Navy.
Frank Condon, Bloomington, Plumber.
George F. Condon, Heyworth, Musician, Engineers, A. E. F.
George F. Condon, Hudson, Musician, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
H. Leroy Cone, 308 Engineers, A. E. F.
Hal W. Conefy, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Arthur Conklin, Bloomington, Navy.
Harry Conklin, Bloomington, Navy.
Ben Conlee, Bloomington, Co. A, 34th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Edgar Conley, Bloomington, Petty Officer, Navy.
Eugene T. Conley, Bloomington, Co. D, 306th Infantry. Killed in action.
Corp. George Connelley, Bloomington, 20th Co., Infantry, Camp Grant.
Orville Conger, Lexington, Co. F, 46th Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
R. D. Conger, Lexington, 28th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Alvin A. Conrad, Bloomington, Coxswain, Navy, A. E. F.
Sergt. Clifford Conrad, Normal, Motor Mechanic, A. E. F.

Sergt. David Conroy, Bloomington, Aviation, Fort Sill.
Francis Conroy, Bloomington, Motor Transport Service, Fort Sill, Okla.
Morris J. Conroy, Bloomington, Navy.
Corp. George O. Constant, Bloomington, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Paul M. Coogan, Bloomington, Post Printer, Chanute Field.
Corp. Cary Cook, Lexington, Co. C, Motor Truck Supply Train, A. E. F.
Sergt. David E. Cook, Danvers, Medical Department, A. E. F.
Fred W. Cook, Bloomington, Hospital Apprentice, Second Class, Navy.
Gaines Cook, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. H. Lee Cooke, Bloomington, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Ray Cook, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Richard Cook, Bloomington, Naval Aviation, Great Lakes.
Richard L. Cook, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. R. W. Cook, Lexington, Co. G, 36th Infantry, Camp Devens.
Thomas Cook, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Willis Cook, Danvers, Infantry.
Edwin H. Cooke, Bloomington, First Train Field Battery, Camp Taylor.
Sergt. Dwight Cooksley, Infantry.
Francis Coolidge, Bloomington, Navy.
Carl E. Coon, Bloomington, Co. C, 106th Ammunition Train, A. E. F.
Claude Coon, Heyworth, Mine-laying Detachment, Fort Wright.
Thomas Cooney, 139 Mach. Gun Co. Died in France.
Sergt. Albert Coomer, Bloomington, 164th Depot Brig.
Leslie Coomer, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Ellsworth Cooper, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Cooper, Bloomington, Infantry, Houston, Texas.
John W. Cooper, Normal, 124th Machine Gun Btn., A. E. F. Gassed.
Stanley Cooper, Bloomington, Fireman, Navy.
T. W. Cooper, Bloomington, Aviation.
Ivan Cope, Arrowsmith, Infantry.
Corp. Onal M. Cope, Arrowsmith, Co. C, 2d U. S. Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. William C. Coper, Normal, 810th Aero Squadron, Indianapolis.
James K. Coppenberger, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Vernon Coppenberger, Normal, 434th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Edward J. Corbley, Gridley, Infantry.
John Corbley, Bloomington, Fort Prette, Coast Artillery.
Edward J. Corbitt, Gridley, Q. M. C., Camp Merritt, N. J.
S. C. Corcoran, Bloomington, Infantry.
Charles Edward Cordes, Towanda, Remount Depot, Camp Wheeler, Ga.
Howard Corey, Bloomington, Mechanic, Transportation Service, A. E. F.
Clyde Cornell, Colfax, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Jesse T. Cornell, Colfax, Co. D, 36th Infantry, Arizona.
Pascal Cornelius, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F.
Thurlow Cornwell, Bloomington, Infantry.
George Corson, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
George M. Corson, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, Fort Greble.
Mascel Cory, Saybrook, Infantry.
Nicholas Cosma, Anchor, Infantry.
Sergt. T. Ivan Costigan, Bloomington, 124th Machine Gun, A. E. F. Gassed.
W. F. Cotner, Colfax, Infantry.
H. E. Couchman, Bloomington, Ordnance, Camp Hancock.
Dudley Courtright, Normal, Navy Aviation.
Corp. Edwin H. Courtright, Lexington, Headquarters Co., 3d Pioneer Infantry, A. E. F.
Lyle Courtright, Normal, Navy, Great Lakes.
Chester A. Cowan, McLean, Co. A, 139th Machine Gun Battery, A. E. F.
Lester J. Cowan, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Bruner G. Cox, Bloomington, 5th Field Artillery Brigade, 5th Division.

Carroll D. Cox, Normal, Yeoman, Navy.
Frank Cox, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. John F. Cox, Bloomington, Infantry, General Hospital, Camp Oglethorpe.
Russell Cox, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Marcus Coyle, Gridley, Navy.
Opie Coyle, Saybrook, Q. M. Div., Jacksonville.
Ross Coyle, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Banks, A. E. F.
John E. Crabbe, Chenoa, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Ben Craft, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Glen Craig, Leroy, Infantry.
Ralph Craig, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, Pensacola, Fla.
Roy M. Craig, McLean, Infantry.
Walter Craig, Infantry.
Corp. William B. Craig, Bloomington, 648th Aero, A. E. F.
Abner H. Crane, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Crane, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Hadley Crayton, Towanda, Machinist.
Marvin W. Crawford, Normal, Co. A, 326th Infantry, A. E. F.
Leonard C. Crego, Bloomington, Wireless Operator, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
John M. Crichton, Towanda, 338th Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F.
Ralph Crise, 122nd Infantry, A. E. F.
Jessie Criswell, Bloomington, Infantry.
W. H. Crockett, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ina A. Crookshank, Randolph, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Ira Crookshank, Heyworth, Medical Corps, Base Hospital, 63, A. E. F.
Hubert M. Cropper, Mdc. Detachment, 56th Infantry, 7th Div., A. E. F.
Clifton A. Crosby, Medical, Camp Jackson.
Frank J. Crosby, Normal, Co. D, 116th Engineers, A. E. F.
Lynn R. Crose, Towanda, Pelham Naval Station, N. Y.
Corp. L. H. Crosland, Normal, Co. B, 111 Signal Bat., A. E. F.
Lawrence Cross, Anchor, Infantry, Camp Pike, A. E. F.
Ralph W. Crose, Towanda, Battery E, 15th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Earl Crotinger, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
John H. Crow, Bloomington, Electrician.
Clarence E. Crowford, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Mills.
Donald Cruikshank, Heyworth, Infantry, 302 Amm. Train., 77th Div., A. E. F.
Roe Cruikshank, Heyworth, Medical Corps, Camp Meigs.
Chester Cruse, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Dick, Co. D, 46th Infantry.
Ralph E. Cruise, Carlock, Infantry.
Ira Walton Crum, Cropsey, Navy, Ocean Service.
Ivan Dwight Crum, Cropsey, Officers' School, Ft. Monroe.
Robert H. Crum, Normal, Aviation, I. A. S. M. Reg. M. A., A. E. F.
William L. Crum, Lexington, 344th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
William M. Crum, Lexington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Corp. Clarence C. Crumbaker, Bloomington, Co. B, Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F.
Paul Crumbaker, McLean, Co. F, 46th Infantry, Camp Sheridan, Ala.
Bernie Crump, Colfax, Infantry.
Corp. Clifford L. Crumbaugh, Leroy, Hdqtrs. Detachment, A. E. F.
Corp. C. R. Crumbaugh, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Elmer Crump, Colfax, Infantry, Co. H, 352d Infantry.
Michael K. Crunski, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Walter J. Crushaver, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Corp. Harvey Crusius, Colfax, 12th Balloon Co., A. E. F.
Perry J. Crutcher, Ellsworth, Q. M., Infantry.
Charles W. Culbertson, Bloomington, 88th Inf., 19th Div., Musician, A. E. F.



NAVY GROUP

Top Row (left to right)—Earl Bach, Howard D. Rhea, L. R. Cash.
Second Row—Cecil Popejoy, Walford A. Schwaab, John M. Kumler.
Third Row—Jesse Fisher, Clifford Y. Stubblefield, Lynn E. Givens.

George Cufaude, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Lawrence Culbertson, Danvers, Aviation.
Francis M. Cullen, Bloomington, Second Class Seaman, Navy.
George Cunningham, Bloomington, Navy.
Ora Cunningham, Bloomington, Navy.
Arthur Curtis, Bellflower, Infantry.
David Currin, Bloomington, Bat. D, 68th Regt. Heavy Artillery.
Loren B. Curry, Normal, Chemical Engineers, A. E. F.

D

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Capt. Paul DeMange, Bloomington, Bat. Adju., Ammunition Train Service, A. E. F.
Capt. Ralph C. DeMange, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Capt. Roy H. Dillon, Normal, Engineer Corps, Camp Humphreys, Va.
Lieut. Frank G. Daniels, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. L. A. Daniels, Bloomington, Aviation, Camp Jackson.
Lieut. Louis E. Davis, Bloomington, Aviation. Killed in accident at Ellington Field.
Lieut. Roy T. Deal, Normal, Tank Division, 302d Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Frank Deneen, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Meade.
Lieut. (Junior grade) Chas. Byron Day, Bloomington, Destroyer Flotilla, U. S. N.
Lieut. Joseph W. Depew, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
Lieut. D. B. Dolly, Leroy, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Sebert Dotson, Normal, Aviation, A. E. F.
Lieut. Raymond Duehr, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Hancock.
Lieut. F. Deane Duff, Bloomington, Co. C, 6th Engineers, Tank Corps, A. E. F.

ENLISTED MEN

Harry Degenford, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Degenford, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Alva Degenford, Chenoa, Infantry.
Orville Dailey, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Otha S. Dailey, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Glen A. Dale, Bloomington, Infantry, Jefferson Barracks.
Marion Dale, Heyworth, Infantry.
Paul Dally, Bloomington, Aviation, 11th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
James Daly, Bloomington, Infantry.
Willis H. Dambold, Bloomington, Naval Air Service.
Wm. Carl Dambold, Bloomington, Co. G, 121st Inf., A. E. F.
Herman Dambrown, Infantry.
Chester Daniel, Bloomington, (Col.) 370th Infantry. Died in France.
Chas. Everett Daniel, Saybrook, Co. C, 122d Infantry, A. E. F.
Floyd Daniel, Bloomington, Aviation, Dallas, Texas.
Hartley Daniel, Normal, Infantry, Fullerton, Cal.
Sergt. Earl W. Daniels, Bloomington, Medical Corps, S. O. S., A. E. F.
David Humphrey Daniel, Saybrook, Infantry. Died on shipboard.
Lieut. L. A. Daniels, Bloomington, Aviation, Camp Jackson.
Harry Danison, Bloomington, Co. H, 122d Infantry, A. E. F.
Ross Darnall, Stanford, 335 F. A.
Ivo Darr, Colfax, 18th Co., Jefferson Barracks.
Roland Darst, Bloomington, Infantry.
Robert F. Daugherty, Bloomington, Navy.
Samuel Daugherty, Hudson, Infantry, Camp Robinson.
Bernard Davis, Colfax, 138th Infantry. Killed in action.

Bert Davis, Cropsey, Little Rock, Infantry.
Chester E. Davis, Lexington, Hospital Corps, Camp Greenleaf.
Easton Davis, Infantry.
Elmer Davis, Bloomington, Infantry, New York.
John C. Davis, Bloomington, Motor Trucks.
Lester G. Davis, Bloomington, Submarine, A. E. F.
William Bryant Davis, Bloomington, 23rd Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. W. W. Davidson, Lexington, 132d U. S. Infantry, Co. B, A. E. F.
Edward H. Davison, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Corp. Harry Davison, Infantry, Ordnance Department.
Sergt. A. L. Dawson, Lexington, Co. E, 605th Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles E. Dawson, Danvers, Infantry.
Elmer L. Day, Bellflower, 10th Co., L. I. S., Fort Wright, A. E. F.
Gerald Day, Bloomington, Co. E, 2nd Bat., Engineers, Washington, D. C.
Marion B. Day, Bloomington, Medical Department, Co. G, 28th Infantry, A. E. F.
Esek Earl Day, Bloomington, Infantry.
Russell M. Day, Bloomington, Field Artillery.
Lawrence Deal, Danvers, Navy.
Elden Dean, Fletcher, Infantry, A. E. F.
Owen R. Dean, Co. F, 52d Infantry, A. E. F.
Will Dean, Towanda, Infantry.
Oscar Deane, Colfax, Co. 2, Motor Transport, A. E. F.
Ralph J. Deane, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Camp Travis, San Antonio, Tex.
Frank E. Dearth, Bloomington, Aviation, Camp Omaha.
Edgar Deatrick, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Homer Deaton, Bloomington, Signal Corps, 311th Field Battalion, A. E. F.
Sergt. Marquis S. Deaver, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, Camp Eustis.
Isaiah Deckard, Carlock, Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Alvin E. Decker, Colfax, Infantry.
Fay B. Decker, Bloomington, Aviation.
Sam DeHart, Stanford, Infantry.
Clarence Dehner, Chenoa, Infantry.
Merwin Deitrich, Signal Corps, Kelly Field.
Patrick J. Delmar, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Frank E. DeMoss, Bloomington, Navy, U. S. S. St. Paul.
Alvah H. Denning, Bloomington, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Clarence Denison, McLean, Infantry.
Alvadore Dennis, Ellsworth, Apprentice Seaman.
Charles R. Dennis, Infantry.
Corp. Eston Dennis, Normal, Bugler, Panama.
Harry Dennis, Bloomington, Railroad Engineer, Co. A, 39th, Camp Upton.
James G. Dennis, Normal, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Olin R. Dennis, Ellsworth, Signal Corps, Operator, A. E. F.
Pearl Dennis, Normal, Head Cook, Camp Logan.
Corp. Sherman Dennis, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Noble Deputy, Bloomington, Medical Service.
Reynolds DeSilva, U. S. S. Radio Operator, Sea Duty.
Sergt. Harry L. Deutsch, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Base Hospital, Camp Lee.
Oscar Deutsch, Towanda, Infantry, Camp Mills.
Frank DeValon, Co. B, 23d Engineers, A. E. F.
William H. Devine, Bloomington, Railroad Engineer.
Willard Devore, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Evacuation Hospital 13.
Corp. Leonard Dexter, Co. A, 328th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Sergt. John Robert Dewenter, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Sergt. George Dey, Chenoa, Camp Logan.

John Deynzer, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Bumford.
John Dial, Bloomington, Infantry.
Edward Dial, Danvers, Infantry.
Harry Kimball Dick, Eng. Officers Training School, Camp Humphreys, Va.
Sergt. William S. Dickey, Normal, 2d Co., Aviation Mechanic, A. E. F.
Pearl W. Dickerson, Leroy, Coast Artillery. Drowned at sea.
Robert Dickson, Stanford, 126th Inf., 82d Div., A. E. F.
Sergt. William Diebold, Bloomington, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Henry Diggle, Gridley, Infantry.
Robert Dillman, Bloomington, Co. M, 121st Infantry, A. E. F.
Dean Dillon, Normal, Co. E, Casual Bat., Camp Merritt.
Elmo Dillon, Bloomington, R. R. Motor Service, Washington, D. C.
Adolph Dimler, Bloomington, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Charles E. Dimmett, Bloomington, 437th Eng. Detach., Washington, D. C.
James Dungey, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. Earl Dishong, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph H. Dissell, Bloomington, Motor Truck, Co. 314, A. E. F.
William Dixon, Ellsworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles Dodge, Bloomington, Signal Corps, Aviation.
Chester Dodge, Normal, Infantry.
Lawrence E. Dodge, Normal, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan.
Elmer Dodge, Heyworth, Camp Dodge.
Sergt. Frank Dodgson, 4th Am. Tr.. Co, E, A. E. F.
Corp. Gus D. Doenitz, Holder, Camp Stuart, Newport News, Unit 348.
John G. Doenitz, Holder, Co. B, 108th Supply Train, A. E. F.
Elmer Doggette, Leroy, Infantry, Camp Corpus Christi.
Charles A. Doll, Danvers, Battery F, 68th Regiment, A. E. F.
James F. Donlon, Bloomington, Navy.
Raymond E. Donnell, Lexington, Hospital, Fort Omaha.
Edward A. Donnelly, Bloomington, Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Harvey B. Donney, Chenoa, Infantry.
William Donovan, Bloomington, Infantry, Marines, A. E. F. Gassed.
Corp. Clay Guthrie Dooley, Bloomington, Co. C, 314th Sig. Bat., A. E. F.
Clifford Dooley, Leroy, Infantry.
Clare Dorlan, Bloomington, Navy.
Harlan Dorlan, Bloomington, Navy.
Hugh Dorland, Engineer, A. E. F.
Adlai S. Dorrell, Heyworth, Infantry.
Harry Dorrell, Heyworth, Infantry.
Sergt. John Dorrell, Heyworth, Co. 96th, 6th Regular U. S. Marines. Killed in action.
Hugh Dorland, Colfax, Infantry.
William B. Dorsett, Colfax, Post Bakery, Fort McIntosh.
Richard M. Dossett, Stanford, Infantry, 328th Reg., 82d Div., A. E. F.
Roy Dotson, Saybrook, Infantry, Fort Houston.
William H. Doty, Bloomington, Hdqtrs. Co., F. A. R. D., Camp Taylor.
Sergt. H. G. Dougherty, Hudson, Infantry.
John Dougherty, Chenoa, Infantry, Camp Johnson
Sergt. Thomas S. Dougherty, Chenoa, Co. B, 5th Regiment Infantry, Camp Gordon.
Sergt. Dwight I. Douglas, Colfax, Co. C, 27th Engineers, A. E. F.
Corp. John L. Douglas, Arrowsmith, Q. M. C., Camp Logan.
Corp. William Dourgess, Infantry.
John G. Dougherty, Colfax, Infantry.
Lloyd Dowell, Bloomington, 51st Heavy Artillery, A. E. F.
Harvey J. Dowens, Cropsey, Infantry.
Corp. Charles E. Downey, Colfax, Co. F, 8th Regt. C. A. C., A. E. F.

Dan Downey, Bloomington, Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Edsell B. Downey, Colfax, Co. H, 39th Infantry. Wounded.
Edward Downey, Bloomington, Navy.
Eugene Downey, Bloomington, 28th Engineers, A. E. F.
Harvey Downey, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
W. P. Downey, Bloomington, Aviation Mechanic, Kelly Field.
Thomas Downing, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Downs, Bloomington, Navy, 1st Class Fireman, U. S. S. Seattle.
Fred Downs, Bloomington, Naval Aviation, A. E. F.
William D. Doyles, Saybrook, Motor Truck, Co. 309, A. E. F.
George E. Drake, Lexington, Field Artillery.
Corp. Paul Draper, Heyworth, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
John Bernard Driscoll, Bloomington, Navy, Seaman 2d Class.
Sine Dudderer, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Owen Dudley, Bloomington, Intelligence Dept., Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Bernard Duehr, Bloomington, 74th Co., 6th Regiment Marines, A. E. F. Wounded.
John W. Duff, Bloomington, 802d Pioneer Infantry, Co. F, A. E. F.
Bertha Duff, Bloomington, Nurse, Camp Grant, Base Hospital.
John Dugan, Bloomington, Musician, A. E. F.
Leo M. Dugan, Bloomington, Gunner, Navy.
James T. Duggan, Bloomington, Navy.
Harry E. Dunakey, Leroy, Aviation.
Andrus A. Dunbar, Bloomington, Motor Transport, Edgewood Arsenal, Baltimore, Md.
W. P. Dunbar, Normal, Co. B, 131st Infantry, A. E. F.
James D. Dungey, Bloomington, Navy.
Eugene Dunlap, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Miss Bertha Dunn, Lexington, Nurse, Camp Grant and Ft. Snelling.
James R. Dunn, Bloomington, Navy, Machine Instructor, Dayton, Ohio.
John J. Dunn, Bloomington, 9th Bat., Machine Gun, Camp Logan.
Marion W. Dunn, Lexington, Co. C, 6th Field Battalion, Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Owen J. Dunn, Bloomington, 147th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Hester Durham, Chenoa, Infantry.
Sergt. I. L. Dutsch, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Edward Dwyer, Cooksville, Co. A, 58th Infantry. Killed in action.
Corp. Frank Dwyer, Cooksville, Ordnance, Camp Lee.
John Dwyer, Lexington, Infantry.

E

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Capt. Ivan Elliott, Bloomington, Heavy Artillery, A. E. F.
Lieut. S. W. Eaton, Normal, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Ensign Thomas Eaton, Normal, Paymaster, Navy.
Lieut. Harold Crocker Eckart, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. James T. Elliott, Bloomington, 75th Co., Sixth Marines, A. E. F.
First Lieut. C. A. Eagan, Colfax, Co. C, 341st Infantry.
Lieut. Mark A. Ethell, Bloomington, Second Engineers, A. E. F.
Lieut. Glenn S. Evans, Normal, Medical Corps, 358th Inf., A. E. F.

ENLISTED MEN

Tell Eads, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Arnold Eades, Heyworth, Infantry.
Ernest Eades, Heyworth, Infantry.

James F. Eales, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Sheridan.
John L. Easterbrook, Saybrook, 3d Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Oliver L. Easterbrook, Bloomington, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
Russell B. Easterbrook, Saybrook, 79th Field Artillery, Camp McLellan.
Samuel E. Eaton, Normal, Q. M., Infantry.
William C. Eberhardt, Bloomington, Machinist, Aviation.
Leo Eckhart, Bloomington, 92d Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
William H. Eckhart, Weston, Battery C, 64th Field Artillery. Died at Fort Bliss, Texas.
H. O. Echols, Bloomington, Infantry, Y. M. C. A. in A. E. F.
Harry Edison, Colfax, Infantry
Merle Edmunds, Military Police, 6th Army, A. E. F.
C. E. Edwards, Bloomington, Fireman in Navy.
Cyrus E. Edwards, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Infantry.
Sergt. Glen Edwards, Bloomington, Co. B, 123d Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Pearl Edwards, Lexington, Machine Gun Company, 87th Infantry, Camp Dodge, Iowa.
Harry Ege, Bloomington, Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F.
Charles C. Eggleston, Bloomington, O. T. C., Camp Taylor.
George Egle, Chenoa, Infantry.
George W. Ehrmantraut, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Ehresman, Gridley, Navy.
Carl H. Ekstam, Bloomington, 124th Infantry, 35th Div., A. E. F.
Ambrose Elliot, Lexington, Camp Taylor.
Clifford Elliot, Lexington, Co. 3, Ordnance, Peniman, Va.
Floyd Elliot, Lexington, Infantry.
Harold Elliot, Bloomington, Navy.
Ralph Elliott, 70th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Lee H. Ellis, Bloomington, Co. B, Machine Gun, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Glen Ellis, Bellflower, Infantry.
Lester I. Elson, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Oliver P. Ely, Bellflower, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., 33rd Div., A. E. F.
James Embrey, Colfax, Co. C, 16th Infantry, A. E. F.
William M. Emily, Bloomington, 20th Prov. Reg., Camp Wheeler.
Walter Emmitt, Co. E, 316 Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. George Emory, Normal, Infantry.
Daniel T. England, Bloomington, 28th Engineering Div., A. E. F.
James F. Engle, Colfax, Purdue University.
Arthur E. Englund, 349 Infantry, Co. A, A. E. F.
Nathan Enix, Bloomington, Infantry.
Harold W. Enos, Bloomington, R. R. 5, Navy.
Leroy E. Enos, Bloomington, Navy.
Fay D. Enright, Bloomington, Infantry.
Joe Ensenberger, Bloomington, Sanitary Corps, Camp Kearney.
Fred E. Ensminger, Bloomington, Co. E, 67th Infantry, 7th Div., A. E. F.
Julius N. Epstein, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Corp. Karl Epstein, Bloomington, Mechanic.
Joseph Erbe, Normal, 124th Machine Gun, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Rhinehart Erdman, Bloomington, Infantry, Vancouver.
Fred Erickson, Bloomington, Marine Corps.
Roy Erickson, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Eddie Erisman, Stanford, 82d Div., A. E. F.
Louis D. Ernst, Normal, Co. A, 343d Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Leslie M. Ernst, Bloomington, S. A. T. C. at University of Illinois.
Charles Erps, Bloomington, Co. C, 123d Infantry, A. E. F.
Clavin Ethington, Normal, Aviation, Los Angeles.
Corp. Donald Evalsizer, Bloomington, Co. C, 123d Machine Gun, Camp Logan.

Anderson M. Evans, Bloomington, Co. H, 325th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Audrey R. Evans, Bloomington, Tank Division, Camp Dix.
Lee H. Evans, Saybrook, 210th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Deane M. Ewing, Stanford, Medical, Fort Sill.
Herbert N. Ewing, McLean, Co. M, Central Infantry, O. T. C., Camp MacArthur.
John Ewing, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Ewing, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William E. Eyehart, Bloomington, Machinist.

F

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

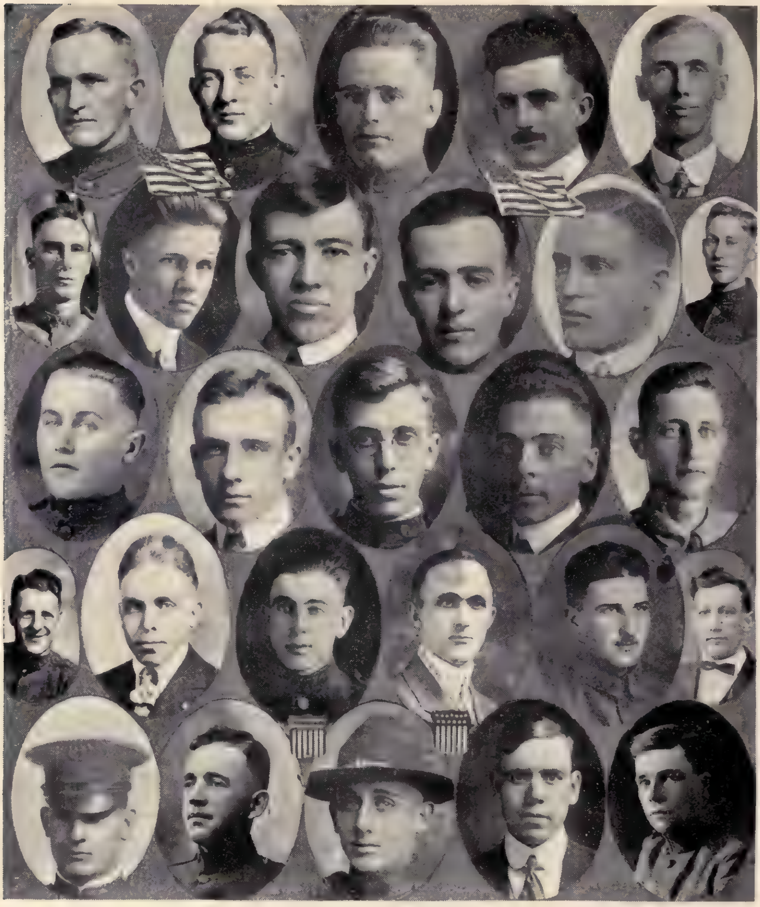
Major George N. Frost, Bloomington, Dental Corps, Hospital 43, A. E. F.
Capt. Theodore Fieker, Lexington, 342d Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. Arthur M. Fischbeck, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Ensign Arthur Farrell, Normal, Navy, Pelham Bay.
Capt. E. H. Fuller, Bloomington, U. S. Regulars, A. E. F.
Lieut. J. R. Fawver, Bloomington, Veterinary Corps, 72d F. A.
Lieut. John L. Feek, Normal, Quartermaster's Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Frank Felton, Bloomington, Infanty, Camp Pike.
Lieut. Claude Feguson, Bloomington, Aviation, Kelly Field.
Lieut. William Ferguson, Bloomington, Aviation, Post Field, Okla.
Lieut. Lee Flynn, Bloomington, Medical Section, Camp Pike.
Lieut. Mortimer G. Flynn, Bloomington, Aviation, Garden City, L. I.
Lieut. A. R. Freeman, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Archie W. Froehlich, Saybrook, Medical Corps, Infantry, Camp Pike.
Ensign Hollis Frey, Bloomington, Navy.
Lieut. Rex Fuller, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lieut. Howard L. Funk, Danvers, Co. 22, Machine Gun, Camp Hancock.
Lieut. Weldon Funk, Infantry, Camp Grant.

ENLISTED MEN

Ralph G. Fagerburg, Bloomington, Co. 61, Unit U, U. S. N., Hampton Roads, Va.
Sergt. Louis D. Fahnselow, 322, A. E. F.
William J. Faith, Lexington, Co. A, 124th Infantry.
John Fain, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Isadore Farian, Bloomington, Motor Trucks.
Harry Farley, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Farley, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lyman Farley, Heyworth, Coast Artillery, Fort Wright.
Sergt. Allen R. Farmer, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
Tee Farmer, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Sergt. Louis K. Farmer, Bloomington, Co. G, 30th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Sergt. Van Wade Farmer, Bloomington, Co. B, 60th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
William Farris, Leroy, Infantry.
Reynold A. Faust, Bloomington, Clerk, Infantry.
Carl Fawver, Leroy, Infantry.
Hal Fawver, Leroy, Infantry.
Forest M. C. Fearis, Bloomington, 13th Inf., Camp Merritt.
Corp. Charles A. Feicht, Bloomington, Q. M. C., Camp Johnston, Fla.
William D. Feiner, Bloomington, Co. E, 25th Engineers, A. E. F.

John B. Felmley, Normal, Carpenters First Mate, Navy.
Corp. Fred Feldt, Bloomington, Motor Truck Co. 524, A. E. F.
Harold Fenstermaker, Bloomington, Infantry, San Diego, Cal.
Daniel Fenton, Lexington, Marines.
Cadet Pilot John Cecil Ferguson, Bloomington, 34th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Herbert B. Ferguson, Bloomington, 872d Aero Squadron.
David Ferrell, Bloomington, R. R., Co. L, 301st Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. John J. Ficken, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Corp. Bernard Ficker, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Hugh Fiedler, Bloomington, Navy.
Clarence Fiegel, Leroy, Infantry.
Edward Fielder, Bloomington, Ship Yards, Charleston, S. C.
Wade Houston Fielder, Bloomington, Naval Aviation.
J. Claire Fielding, Colfax, Medical Corps, Camp Grant.
Michael Fielding, Bloomington, Base Hospital, Camp Grant.
E. W. Fierce, Machinists Mate, second class, U. S. M., Air Forces, A. E. F.
Forrest Eugene Fierce, Bloomington, Co. H, 123d Infantry, A. E. F.
Francis Fifield, Leroy, Infantry.
Ben E. Fike, Bloomington, Co. D, 3rd Infantry, Camp Del Rio.
Corp. Lyle Fike, Bloomington, 124th M. G. Battalion. Died in France of wounds.
Russell Fike, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Fimm, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Adlai Finley, Chenoa, Infantry.
Harry Finley, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Thomas Finnegan, Normal, Co. M, 345th Infantry, Camp Pike.
Carl Fish, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Frank Fish, Bloomington, Navy.
Frank Powell Fish, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Sergt. Floyd Fisher, Downs, Aviation, A. E. F.
Jesse Fisher, Bloomington, Naval Engineer, U. S. S. Oklahoma.
Otto W. Fisher, Bloomington, 68th Regt., Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Henry A. Fisherkiller, Bloomington, Navy, Radio.
William Fisherkiller, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Fishkeller, 122d Engineers, A. E. F.
Elmer Fitchorn, Downs, Musician.
Elver J. Fitchhorn, Heyworth, First Class Musician, 317th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Merle J. Fitchhorn, Downs Township, Co. M, 11th U. S. Marines, A. E. F.
Roswell Fithian, Bloomington, Navy.
Corp. Roy Fitman, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Btn., A. E. F.
John J. Fitzgerald, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Wilber E. Fitzgerald, Cooksville, Infantry.
Thomas J. Flaherty, Bloomington, 118th Mach. Gun Btn., 31st Div., A. E. F.
Edmund Flanagan, Bloomington, Officers' Training Camp, Fort Sheridan.
Clarence Flegel, Bloomington, Medical Department.
Harry F. Flegel, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Birney Fifer Fleming, Normal, Aviation, A. E. F.
Herbert L. Fleming, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Otis J. Fleming, Bloomington, 30th Infantry, Machine Gun, A. E. F. Wounded.
Pearl Fleming, Gridley, Mechanic, Aviation, Signal Corps.
Arthur Fleener, Danvers, Infantry.
Frank W. Flesher, Bloomington, Navy.
Fred E. Flesher, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Russell Flesher, Lexington, Medical Supply, New York.
Martin Fletcher, Arrowsmith, Infantry, Camp Mills.

Warren Fletcher, Heyworth, Co. L, 139th Infantry, A. E. F. Died from wounds.
James Flint, Bloomington, 106 Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Edgar Flynn, Bloomington, Medical Supply, Newport News.
Thomas Flynn, Bloomington, Infantry.
Edward J. Folger, Covel, Naval Cadet, Harvard University.
Sergt. Otmer V. Folger, Stanford, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
John M. Foley, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Sherman.
Sergt. Paul Follick, Bloomington, Aero Service, Eberts Field, Ark.
Clarence Forbes, Bloomington, 131st Regiment, 31st Div., A. E. F.
Clarence Forbes, Danvers, 148th Mch. Gun Btn., A. E. F.
Hugh Forbes, Infantry.
Kenneth Forbes, Bloomington, Co. 8, Infantry, Camp Shelby.
Albert Ford, 370th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Foreman, Bloomington, Co. F, 330th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lester M. Foreman, Bloomington, Chief Electrician, U. S. N. R.
Walter Foreman, Bloomington, Musician, Field Artillery, Camp Stanley.
Elmer E. Fornoff, Gridley, Coast Artillery, Honolulu.
Claire Fortier, Chenoa, Infantry.
Emmett Fortier, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Fortier, Chenoa, Infantry.
Walter Fortman, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Stanley.
Joseph Fosdick, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank Fosnaugh, Bellflower, Infantry.
Louise Fosnaugh, Bellflower, American Red Cross Nurse.
Sergt. James Dorsey Foster, Bloomington, Ordnance, I. C. O. T. S., Camp Grant.
June W. Foster, Bloomington, Wagon Company 301, A. E. F.
Robert F. Foster, Infantry.
Samuel Foster, Bloomington, Machinist.
Frank Foulk, Normal, Naval Signal School, Hampton Roads.
George J. Fowlie, Bloomington, Mechanic.
Corp. James Fowlie, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Grover M. Fox, Bellflower, Co. E, 129th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
George H. Francis, Bloomington, U. S. Regulars. Killed while prisoner.
Kenneth C. Frank, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
I. C. Franklin, Lexington, Army Provisional, Washington, D. C.
John Frederick, Bloomington, Medical Supply, Fort Worth, Texas.
Myron C. Freed, Gridley, Company R, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
Thomas E. Freed, Gridley, Infantry, Camp Dodge, Officers' Training Camp.
Arthur P. Freedlund, Bloomington, Co. H, 346th Infantry, A. E. F.
Rudolph A. Freedlund, Bloomington, Aviation Electrician.
Sergt. Clarence Freeman, Bloomington, Co. 164th Bat. Air Service, A. E. F.
Henry T. Freeman, Bloomington, Navy.
Dr. Louis G. Freeman, Classification Camp, LeMans, France.
Albert J. Freese, Bloomington, Machinist, U. S. S. Surveyor, A. E. F.
John G. Freese, Bloomington, Commissary Department, U. S. S. Kentucky, A. E. F.
Walter Freese, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Roy Freiburg, Saybrook, Machine Gun Company, 38th Infantry, A. E. F.
Richard French, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy French, Bloomington, Co. F, 360th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Harry O. Frey, Bloomington, Navy.
Alfred L. Frieburg, Anchor, Infantry, A. E. F.
Owen C. Friedwald, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Mills.
Delmar D. Frink, Padua, S. A. T. C., Ann Arbor.
Donald Frink, Bloomington, Infantry.



Top row (left to right)—Oscar E. Strange, Thomas J. Shanahan, R. Struebing, Elmer L. Stauffer, William J. Subke.

Second row—Elmer G. Staley, James A. Skillman, Cleon Skillman, John E. Skillman, Taylor Scarberry, Otto Sablotzke.

Third row—Clarence A. Stautz, Lyke K. Snavely, Robert S. Sanford, Elmer J. Seifert, Penn Snodgrass.

Fourth row—Orville G. Swanson, Walter H. Stiegelmier, James T. Smith, Hanley Stewart, A. Lee Sargent, Ross H. Spencer.

Fifth row—Henry T. Shields, Shelby C. Smail, Harvey L. Stiegelmier, Edmund Sage, Fred L. Snavely.

Sergt. Glen E. Frink, Bloomington, Army Gas Engine Instructor, Washington, D. C.
Corp. Frank Frisch, Bloomington, Infantry, New Orleans.
John Frisch, Bloomington, Naval Aviation, A. E. F.
Harold Fritz, Chenoa, Infantry.
John Fritzen, Bloomington, Infantry.
Hugh Froelich, Saybrook, Evacuation Hospital 16, A. E. F.
Hobart Fry, Carlock, 76th Engineers, Ft. Myers, Va.
Pearl Fry, Carlock, 161st Depot Brigade, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Roy Ancil Fry, Ellsworth, Co. C, Machine Guns, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Fryer, Saybrook, Naval Aviation.
Capt. E. J. Fuller, Bloomington, U. S. Regulars, A. E. F.
Earl Fulton, Cooksville, Infantry.
Donald Funk, McLean, Navy.
Jacob D. Funk, McLean, Navy.

G

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. Col. Wilfred H. Gardner, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Major E. Bruce Godfrey, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Capt. Watson W. Gailey, Medical Corps, Lakewood, N. J.
Capt. Clyde Garrison, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Capt. Gilbert H. Galford, Normal, Medical Corps, Camp Oglethorpe.
Capt. Gresham Griggs, Normal, Motor Mechanic, A. E. F.
Lieut. Lloyd Gardner, McLean, Field Artillery, Camp Johnson.
Lieut. George Gehle, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
Lieut. William B. Geneva, Bloomington, Co. I, 804th Pioneer Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Richard W. Gerling, Bloomington, C. A. C., Fortress Monroe.
Lieut. Charles Gillilan, Bloomington, Aviation, Travis Field.
Lieut. Hallie M. Gillis, Bloomington, R. R. 4, 324th Machine Gun Btn., Camp Hancock.
Lieut. Ralph Gingerich, Bloomington, Veterinary Corps, Camp Greenleaf.
Lieut. Wm. H. Goff, Bloomington, Co. D, Fifth Infantry, I. N. G.
Lieut. Scott Gomien, Colfax, Infantry.
Lieut. Leslie R. Gray, Bloomington, Aviation Service in Texas.
Lieut. Paul Greenleaf, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Meade.
Lieut. Omar Gregory, Bloomington, Aviation, Benbrook Field, Texas.

ENLISTED MEN

Corp. Martin C. Gaede, Bloomington, Base Hospital, Camp Johnston.
Miss Grace Gilkey Gaines, Bloomington, Red Cross Nurse, A. E. F.
Edward E. Gale, Bloomington, Ordnance, Camp Dodge.
William P. Gambon, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Frank J. Gang, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Merritt.
Arthur Gantz, Infantry.
Howard Gantz, Anchor, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Arthur G. H. Garbe, Bloomington, Infantry, Co. D, 306th Infantry, 77th Division, A. E. F.
Charles Garbe, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Edward Leo Garbe, Bloomington, Artillery, Camp Bowie, Texas.
Herman A. Garbe, Bloomington, Transportation Corps, 110th Co., A. E. F.
Alfred Garber, Infantry.
Lee Garber, Bloomington, Navy.

Burke Gardner, McLean, Med. Corps, S. A. T. C. at U. of I.
Delbert C. Gardner, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ira Gradner, Heyworth, Infantry.
Parker H. Gardner, Gridley, Infantry, Camp Merritt.
Corp. M. E. Garlock, Bloomington, R. R. 2, Co. D, 339th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Melvin N. Garlough, Normal, Students' Training Camp.
Arthur T. Garman, Normal, O. M. C. Detachment, A. E. F.
Everett Garner, Colfax, Co. A, 106th Am. Train, A. E. F.
Willard Garr, Bloomington, Gunners' Mate, Navy, A. E. F.
H. C. Garrett, Bloomington, First Gas Regiment, A. E. F.
Joseph Garrett, Colfax, Signal Corps, Vancouver.
Robert Garrett, Saybrook, Supply Dept., Aviation, A. E. F.
Shelby M. Garrett, Saybrook, Navy.
Woodford Garrigus, Bloomington, Aviation, Kelly Field, Texas.
Sergt. Cramer E. Garst, Stanford, Medical Corps, Hospital 26, Des Moines.
George Garst, Stanford, Infantry.
Wilbur G. Garst, Stanford,Medical Corps.
Walter H. Garth, Bloomington, Artillery.
Ben Garton, 334th Supply Co., A. E. F.
William Garton, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
William S. Gash, Bloomington, M. C. Dept., A. E. F. Gassed.
George B. Gaskill, Bloomington, Infantry.
William A. Gast, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Gannon J. Gates, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A., A. E. F
William Gates, Bloomington, Infantry.
Frederic A. Gaw, Padua, Co. A, 28th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lester Gazelle, Bloomington, Aviation Signal Corps, Chanute Field.
Charles Gehle, Bloomington, 108th Engineers.
Corp. Harold Gehleg, Bloomington, Technical, New York.
Lawrence Gehring, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry O. Genders, Downs, Navy.
Calvin Gentes, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William George, Heyworth, 321st Field Signal Corps, Camp Pike.
Manny Gerjets, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Corp. Arthur Gerling, Bloomington, R. R., Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Ross Germain, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Stanley Gernsey, Bloomington, U. S. M. C.
Sergt. J. L. Gerth, Bloomington, U. S. Marines, U. S. S. Galveston.
Walter H. Gerth, Bloomington, Battery D, 5th Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Elmer M. Gese, Weedman, Coast Artillery, Bat. F, 68th Reg., A. E. F.
Sergt. Lester H. Gesell, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field
Fred L. Gester, Bloomington, Yeoman, Navy, A. E. F.
Clyde Getton, Bloomington, Navy, Radio.
James Getty, Colfax, Navy.
Roger W. Getty, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Clarence H. Gladden, Leroy, Infantry.
Daniel Glaser, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
George Gleason, Bloomington, Navy.
Scott Gleason, Bloomington, Medical Supply, San Diego, Cal.
Sherman L. Glessner, Gridley, Naval Air Station, Key West, Florida.
Paul Gibson, Bloomington, 64th Co., Balloon Corps, Fort Omaha.
Herbert Franklin Gidel, Bloomington, Co. E, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
John Gielow, Bloomington, Engineering, A. E. F.
Lawrence A. Giering, Normal, Co. C, 4th Infantry, 3rd Div., A. E. F.
Alfred Gierman, Bloomington, Naval Ordnance, Milwaukee.
Carl J. Gierman, Bloomington, Battery E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Charlie Gildersleeve, Hudson, Infantry.

August C. Gildner, Bloomington, Machine Gun Company, 64th Infantry, A. E. F.
George A. Gildner, Bloomington, Engineering, A. E. F.
Leo Gildner, Bloomington, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Robert Gilhaus, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. C. Edwin Gill, Bloomington, Air Service, Camp Dick, Dallas, Texas.
David L. Gillan, Colfax, 183rd Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
James F. Gillen, Bloomington, Machinist, Aviation.
Frank M. Gillespie, Chenoa, Field Artillery.
Ruel G. Gillis, Bloomington, R. R. 6, 22d Infantry, Co. B.
Ernest Gillmakers, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Chester Gilmore, Bloomington, Engineering, A. E. F.
Clarence E. Gilmore, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Dix.
Corp. Glen C. Gilmore, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F. Gassed.
Lester I. Gilmore, Bloomington, Infantry, Washington, D. C.
Howard Gingerich Normal, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Ira Ginn, Bloomington. Q. M. Dept., Infantry.
Gerald Gill Ginnaven, Bloomington, 6th Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. Paul F. Ginter, Bloomington, Aviation Mechanic, St. Paul.
Joseph Girot, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
George Earl Gisel, Carlock, Motor Transport Corps, Jefferson Barracks
Lowell Givin, Cooksville, Infantry.
Newell Givin, Heyworth, Infantry.
Lynn Givins, Heyworth, Hospital Apprentice, Navy.
Phillip Goember, Bloomington, Aviation.
Ralph W. Goetzke, Bloomington, Co. M, 48th Infantry, Camp Hill.
Herman Goldstone, Bloomington, Naval Transport Louisiana.
William S. Golladay, Lexington, Infantry, Co. D, Am. Tr. Died from influenza.
Corp. Lloyd Golliday, Bloomington, 30th Artillery, Camp Eustis.
George J. Gollmar, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field and Ft. Omaha.
Frank Gomein, Colfax, Infantry.
DeWitt Gooch, Bellflower, G. M. Dept., Navy.
Arthur G. Gooch, Bellflower, Infantry.
Harry Good, Chenoa, Infantry.
Guy Wm. Gooding, Bloomington, Infantry, Cook.
Howard Goodrich, Bloomington, Mechanic.
Edwin Goodspeed, Bloomington, 68th Regiment Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Guss Goodwin, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Taken prisoner.
Sergt. Charles R. Gordon, Bloomington, Bat. A, 3d Bat. C. A., A. E. F.
Harry E. Gordon, Bloomington, Co. M, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Marion Gorgas, Saybrook, Infantry.
Bugler Harry J. Gorman, Bat. F, 68th Art. C. A. C., A. E. F.
Charles Gose, Bellflower, Infantry, Ft. Wright.
Delmar Gottschalk, Bloomington, Navy, Pelham Bay.
Sergt. Paul A. Gottschalk, Bloomington, Military Police, Co. 106, A. E. F.
Edward Grady, Leroy, Infantry.
Otis L. Grady, 82nd Field Artillery, Fort Bliss, Texas.
Carl W. Graehl, Bloomington, Co. E, 30th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Oscar Graehl, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Herman Graehl, Bloomington, 123rd Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F.
Charles F. Gragley, Bloomington, Infantry.
Charles S. Grankey, Leroy, Infantry.
Earl Grant, Bellflower, Infantry; died at Jefferson Barracks.
Irvin Grant, Bellflower, Infantry; died in France.
Harry Grant, Bloomington, Navy, Philadelphia.
Jack Grant, Butler, A. E. F.
Harry Grassman, Bloomington, Infantry, Syracuse, N. Y.

H. J. Gravelle, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Claire Gray, Bloomington, 124th Field Artillery, Camp Logan.
Clyde E. Gray, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Sergt. Guy F. Gray, Bloomington, 16th Air Squadron, A. E. F.
Sergt. Kline Gray, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph W. Gray, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Kearney.
Verne C. Gray, Bloomington, Co. F, 129th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Gerald R. Green, Bloomington, Instructor, Lewis' Institute, Chicago.
Jesse Green, Carlock, Infantry.
Russell Green Arrowsmith, Illinois Infantry.
Sergt. Tracey E. Green, Bloomington, Motor Transport, Co. 464, A. E. F.
Frank Greenburg, Bloomington, 321 Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Charles A. Greene, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. Maj. Chester Greene, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, Fortress Monroe.
Corp. Forrest E. Greene, Bloomington, Co. C, 108th Field Signal Bat., A. E. F.
Kenneth Greene, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Bruce E. Greenlee, Colfax, Co. B, 106th Am. Train, A. E. F.
Lorne Greenlee, Heyworth, Cadet Flyer, Camp Dick, Dallas, Texas.
Arthur Green, Bloomington, Ensign School, University of Illinois.
George Gregory, Normal, Field Artillery, 5th Div., Wagoner, A. E. F.
Matt Gregory, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Chicago.
Vergne Greiner, Bloomington, Officers' Training, Fort Sheridan. Died from influenza.
William Earl Greiner, Bloomington, Co. A, 35th Engineers, A. E. F.
Bert Gresham, McLean, Marine Corps, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Harry Gresham, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F.
F. C. Griffin, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Francis G. Griffin, Base Hospital 108, A. E. F.
Howard L. Griffin, Bloomington, Cavalry.
Sergt. James E. Griffin, Bloomington, M. O. T. C., A. E. F.
Roy L. Griffith, Danvers, Bat. E, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Sig. Griffith, Normal, Infantry.
Alvin E. Griggs, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Sergt. Richard E. Grimsley, Lexington, Chief Ordnance Officer, A. E. F.
Lowell Gring, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Miles C. Grizzelle, Leroy, Chief Quartermaster of Naval Aviation. Yet in reserve.
Sergt. Walter Grossinclaus, Bloomington, Co. 82, 6th Marines. Wounded in action.
Dr. Henry W. Grote, Bloomington, Officers' Recruiting Service.
Corp. Clifford Grove, Carlock, Co. G, 19th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Herschel M. Grover, Bloomington, Co. C, 108th Field Signal Battalion, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Ralph Grover, Bloomington, Co. C, 306th Signal Bat., A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Ralph Grover, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Donald Grubb, Normal, Radio, Navy, A. E. F.
Robert Grubb, Normal, Radio, Camp Ross.
John Grunnert, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Emil Grusy, Chenoa, Infantry.
Carl W. Guetschow, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Debarkation Hospital, New York.
George Gufade, Bloomington, Navy.
Corp. Earl Gully, Leroy, Co. I, 345th Infantry, Camp Dix.
Louis Gunderson, Bloomington, Radio School, Harvard University.

Sergt. Emmett V. Gunn, Bloomington, Hdqr. Dept., Camp Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla.
Sergt. Herman M. Gunn, Bloomington, Medical Dept., Hospital 131, A. E. F.
Paul Gunn, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
J. Myers Gunnell, Bloomington, Ensign School, Great Lakes.
Otto Gunther, Normal, Medical Corps, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
R. H. Gunther, Bloomington, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Edwin J. Gutell, Bloomington, Infantry.
Fred Gutosky, Hudson, Infantry, A. E. F.

H

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

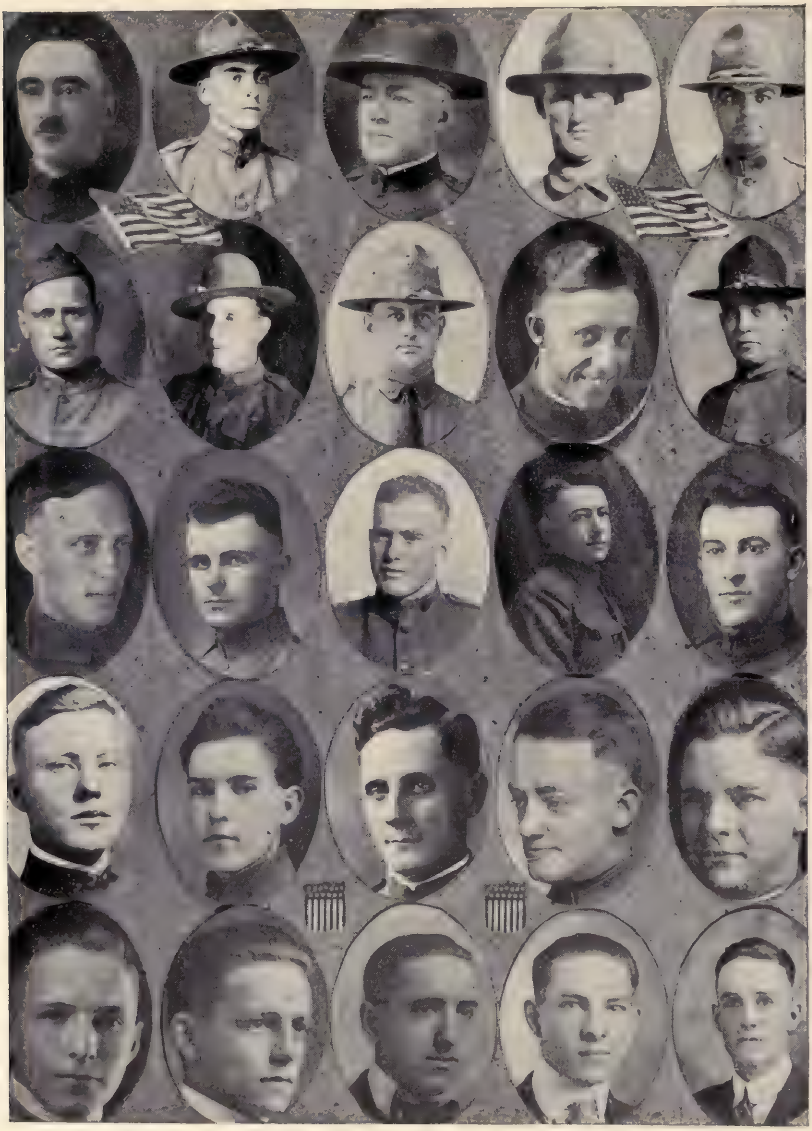
Brig. Gen. James G. Harbord, Bloomington, Commanding Marines, A. E. F.
Maj. F. L. Harrington, Bloomington, U. S. Regulars, Camp Lee.
Capt. Eugene D. Hamill, Bloomington, 9th Infantry. Wounded in action.
Capt. T. Fitch Harwood, Bloomington, Machine Gun Battalion, 86th Div., A. E. F.
Capt. J. P. Hawks, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Fort Oglethorpe.
Capt. William C. Hawk, Bloomington, Co. F, 120th Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. Arthur Helwig, Bloomington, Railroad Construction, A. E. F.
Capt. John Hiett, Saybrook, Medical Corps, Camp Kearney.
Capt. Fred Howard, Bloomington, Engineer Reserves, 41st Bat., A. E. F.
Lieut. Harry Lee Howell, Bloomington, Naval Medical Officer, U. S. S. Leviathan.
Lieut. Frank D. Hackett, Bloomington, Aviation, San Diego, Calif.
Lieut. Gwynn Haig, Leroy, Infantry.
Lieut. Otis Hamilton, Colfax, Infantry.
Lieut. Clyde Hamilton, Bloomington, Motor Transport Corps, Washington, D. C.
Lieut. Archie M. Hanson, Normal, Aviation, A. E. F.
Lieut. Elbert Iredell Harrison, Bloomington, Aviation, Kelly Field.
Lieut. Phillip Harrison, Normal, Infantry, Fort Sheridan.
Lieut. Henry Harrison Henline, Colfax, Infantry.
Lieut. Harold W. Heafer, Bloomington, Aviation, Park Field, A. E. F.
Lieut. Kirk Healey, Bloomington, Machine Gun, Camp Hancock.
Lieut. Ralph Heffernan, Bloomington, Motor Transport, A. E. F.
Lieut. Harry E. Hefner, Lexington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Denny Henderson, Towanda, Aviation, Camp Dick.
Lieut. Strode Henderson, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Lieut. Edgar Hendryx, Leroy, Q. M. C., Fort Bliss, Texas.
Lieut. E. R. Herman, Stanford, Medical Corps, Camp Greene.
Lieut. S. C. Hibbens, Bloomington, Tank Corps, Gettysburg, Pa.
Lieut. Alex. Hokansen, Bloomington, Q. M. C., A. E. F.
Ensign Parker Holmes, Normal, U. S. Naval Reserves, Overseas.
Ensign Vance Hood, Normal, Harvard Naval Radio School.
Lieut. Reid B. Horney, Colfax, Aviation, Kelly Field.
Lieut. Warren Horney, Colfax, Infantry.
Lieut. Henry A. Hough, Arrowsmith, Medical Corps.
Lieut. C. F. Hough, Danvers, Infantry.
Lieut. Frank Huff, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.

ENLISTED MEN

Albert Haaker, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clark Habecker, Danvers, Infantry.
Floyd Hackel, Bloomington, Infantry.

L. W. Hacker, Bloomington, Testing Expert, Long Island.
Alvin Haffley, Leroy, Infantry.
George Haffner, Bloomington, Navy.
Louis Haffner, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
William E. Hagaman, Bloomington, Machine Gun Co., 356th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Paul Hahn, Anchor, Infantry, A. E. F.
Estol G. Haines, Leroy, Co. A, 121st Infantry. Died in France of pneumonia.
Sergt. Frank Hale, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Russell Halfhill, Bloomington, Artillery, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Arthur A. Hall, Bloomington, Naval Electrician, Norfolk, Va.
Carl Hall, Downs, Infantry.
Grantive Hall, Bloomington, Artillery, U. S. Regulars, A. E. F.
Sergt. Harry H. Hall, Bloomington, Surgeon Intelligence Bureau, Newport News.
Sergt. Maj. Harry Lee Hall, Bloomington, Field Signal Battalion, Camp Meade.
Henry M. Hall, Bloomington, Tank Service, A. E. F.
John E. Hall, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F.
Oscar Hall, Danvers, Navy, Great Lakes.
Roscoe Hall, Danvers, Navy, Great Lakes.
Sergt. Ross Hall, Bloomington, San. Dept., Camp Funston.
Walter Hall, Downs, Infantry, Ft. Benjamin Harrison.
Dean Hall, Ellsworth, Infantry.
William G. Hall, Normal, Infantry, Jefferson Barracks.
Corp. James W. Hallett, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 50th Regiment, C. A. C., A. E. F.
J. J. Halliha, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Carl E. Hallsted, Bloomington, Co. A, 49th Infantry, A. E. F.
Elmer J. Hallsted, Bloomington, 1st Heavy Mobile, Auto and Repair Ship, A. E. F.
Corp. E. Halsey, Heyworth, Motor Truck Driver, Co. 449, A. E. F.
Carl Hamblin, Anchor, Artillery, Supply Co., A. E. F.
George E. Hamblin, Stanford, Infantry.
Corp. Walter L. Hamblin, Bloomington, Q. M. C., Aviation, Morrison, Va.
Corp. William C. Hamblin, Anchor, Truck Co. 4, First Corps, A. E. F.
Chester C. Hamilton, Bloomington, Headquarters Company, 50th C. A. C., A. E. F.
Frank A. Hamilton, Bloomington, Co. D, 306th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Cecil E. Hamilton, Bloomington, Second Class Seaman, Navy.
Harold B. Hamilton, Carlock, Co. B, 564th Engineers, Camp Shelby, Miss.
John S. Hamilton, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Stanley Hamilton, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Clarence Hamlow, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Lewis.
Arthur Hammond, Leroy, Infantry.
Byron Hammond, Danvers, Infantry.
Edmund G. Hammond, Bloomington, 46th Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Lawrence Hammond, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Marley Hampleman, Bellflower, Infantry.
Lee Hand, Bloomington, 49th Engineers, A. E. F.
John F. Handlem, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Grant.
B. M. Hankins, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Greenleaf.
Earl R. Hankins, Bloomington, Medical Replacement Unit 31, A. E. F.
Jesse A. Hanes, Stanford, Infantry.
Paul Hansen, Bloomington, Infantry, San Francisco.
Frank Hansford, Leroy, Coast Artillery.
C. O. Hanson, Lexington, Co. I, 157th Infantry, A. E. F.

E. R. Hanson, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Dean Leo Harbert, Stanford, Co. K, 328th Infantry, 83d Div., A. E. F.
Wilson K. Harbert, Bloomington, Co. A, 106th Military Police, A. E. F.
Frank A. Harder, Bloomington, Aviation, Mechanic, A. E. F.
Harry L. Hardien, Bloomington, Cavalry.
F. K. Harding, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Lewis Hardman, Lexington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
George M. Hargitt, Normal, Clerical Duty, Infantry.
Harlan N. Harland, Bloomington, Radio.
Corp. William L. Harmon, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Benjamin Harrison.
Ernest R. Harn, Saybrook, Infantry.
H. H. Harner, Normal, Construction Work, Florida.
Guy Harness, Lexington, Bat. F, 68th Heavy Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Roy Harold, Leroy, Infantry.
John Harper, Bloomington, Auto Mechanic.
Sergt. Ralph Harpole, Bloomington, Co. B, 54th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Ralph Harpster, Bloomington, Infantry.
Wilburn R. Harrell, Bloomington, 73d Aero Squadron, San Antonio, Texas.
Lee Harrington, Bloomington, Chief Radio Electrician, Great Lakes.
M. E. Harrington, Bloomington, Navy.
Byron Harris, Orphans Home, Normal, Marines, A. E. F.
Harold Harris, Bloomington, Aviation Corps.
Homer Harris, Orphans Home, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ira B. Harris, Bloomington, Member of Gen. Pershing's Motorcycle Corps, A. E. F.
Jesse F. Harris, Bloomington, Signal Corps.
Robert L. Harris, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Rufus Harris, Bloomington, Infantry.
Bernie P. Harrison, Bloomington, Clerk, Q. M. Corps.
Charles E. Harrison, Chenoa, Infantry. Died from influenza at Camp Mills.
Sergt. Lester Earl Harrison, Bloomington, Signal Corps Air Service, Waco, Texas.
Park Harrison, Stanford, Q. M. Corps, Camp Meigs.
William E. Harrison, Medical Supply Depot, Camp Kearney.
Frank B. Harrold, Bloomington, Aviation, Signal Corps.
Sergt. Francis Harry, Bloomington, 492nd Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Rev. Frank M. Harry, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Secretary, Paris, France, A. E. F.
Orris C. Harry, Bloomington, Infantry.
Chester Harsha, Ellsworth, Co. K, 326th Infantry, A. E. F.
Clair R. Harsha, Ellsworth, Infantry, Jefferson Barracks.
G. E. Hartenbower, Bloomington, M. D. R. C., Northwestern University.
Sergt. Mahlon E. Hart, Bloomington, 426th Motor Transport Corps.
George T. Hart, Bloomington, Draftsman, Fort Thomas.
Harlan Harvey Hart, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Cline Hartley, Bloomington, Navy.
Henry M. Hartley, Bloomington, 124th Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F. Gassed in action.
J. W. Hartley, Bloomington. Died from gun shot wounds.
William E. Hartson, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Kearney.
Donald Harwood, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Eli Harwood, Normal, Infantry.
Carl Hasenwinkle, Hudson, Bloomington, Navy, U. S. S. Lebanon.
Albert Hasson, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Eustis.
Corp. Eustace J. Hatfield, Chenoa, 60th Engineers, Fort Washington.
Russell Hatfield, Bloomington, 4th Bat., Howitzer Regt. C. A. C., A. E. F.
Ulysses Hatch, Colfax, Infantry.



Top row (left to right)—Ralph A. Bramwell, Samuel M. Bramwell, William L. Barnes, Lloyd G. Buzick, Paul Blough.

Second row—Walter H. Bradley, Warren S. Broughton, Homer F. Buckles, Walter L. Bishop, Russell W. Bringham.

Third row—Lawrence E. Bringham, Homer Blumenshine, Walter D. Brown, William E. Brinkley, Oscar J. Breidenbeck.

Fourth row—George Bragonier, Henry Lyell Burch, Paul Burke, Donald W. Bringham, Edwin C. Barnum.

Fifth row—Carl L. Behnke, Ray Bowers, Clifford Blount, Donald J. Bayler, Charles E. Butler.

Clarence Hauser, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Joseph A. Hauptman, Bloomington, Co. G, 30th Infantry. Killed in action.
William W. Hatten, Colfax, Infantry.
Charles D. Havens, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Jesse B. Havens, Bloomington, Medical Supply Dept., Chicago.
Roe Hawes, McLean, Infantry, Camp Logan.
Frank P. Hawk, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Wm. C. Hawk, Normal, 140th Infantry, 35th Division.
H. C. Hawks, Bloomington, Infantry, Quartermasters Corps.
Corp. John Hawkins, Leroy, Infantry.
Edward A. Haworth, Lexington, Co. A, 4th Battery, Camp McArthur.
Daniel Hayden, Bloomington, Apprentice Seaman, Great Lakes.
Thomas Hayden, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Sergt. Chester G. Hayes, Bloomington, 34th Service Co., Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Francis Hayes, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
George Hayes, Bloomington, Motor Mechanic Truck Co. 505, A. E. F.
John L. Hayes, Bloomington, Signal Corps, 188th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Louis Hayes, Bloomington, 129th Infantry, A. E. F.
Melvin Hayes, Bloomington, Hospital 52, Pharmacist.
Paul Hayes, Bloomington, Infantry.
W. G. Hayes, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Earl W. Hay, Bloomington, Aviation Mechanic.
Wm. Grover Haynes, Leroy, Co. A, 127th Inf. Died of pneumonia in France.
Lawrence W. Hayter, McLean, 632d Aero Squadron, Kelly Field, Texas.
Walter Hayter, McLean, Co. B, 122d Machine Gun Bat., Camp Logan.
George K. Hayward, Bloomington, U. S. Guards, Camp Logan.
Harold Hayward, Cooksville, Medical Supply, Camp Kearney.
Frank Head, Padua, Co. L, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
George Healea, Leroy, Infantry.
John D. Healea, Leroy, Co. E, 55th Telegraph Bat., Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Corp. Vincent Healy, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Monroe Hebbers, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Henry J. Hefler, Gridley, 28th Infantry, A. E. F.
Walter G. Hefler, Gridley, Infantry, 130th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Corp. Leslie Hefner, Lexington, Co. K, 19th Infantry, Camp Travis.
M. G. Hefner, Lexington, Aviation, Lake Charles.
Corp. Robert Hefner, Lexington, 44th Artillery, A. E. F.
John Hegarty, Bloomington, Infantry.
Carl Heidewald, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Carl Heldt, Stanford, Aviation, A. E. F. Severely wounded.
Charles Heidt, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ernest Heidt, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Peter Heinrich, Chenoa, Infantry.
Sergt. Peter Heinz, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Camp Wheeler.
Sergt. J. B. Heister, Bloomington, Co. F, 12th Infantry, A. E. F.
Michael Heister, Bloomington, Co. C, 446th Infantry, New Orleans.
Sergt. Edward L. Helbling, Lexington, Co. D, 336th M. Q. Bat., A. E. F.
William Helbling, Lexington, Battery E, 68th Artillery, C. A., A. E. F.
Allen Helm, Colfax, Infantry.
Thomas Helmick, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. Marion Helmick, Bloomington, Co. 341, Quartermaster's Corps.
L. B. Hemmele, Bloomington, Fireman, Navy.
Bertram E. Hempstead, Bloomington, Medical Corps, 14th Div., A. E. F
Homer Henderson, Heyworth, Bat. D, 66th Regiment, Coast Artillery, Fort Omaha.
Sergt. Paul Henderson, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.

Shelby Hendren, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Leo Hendryx, Bloomington, Gas Manufacture, Cleveland, Ohio.
Huber Hendryx, Danvers, Infantry.
Harry W. Henly, Bloomington, 46th Infantry, Camp Sherman.
Harry Hennaberry, Bloomington, Electrician, Signal Corps.
Sergt. George Henninger, Bloomington, Co. D, 337th M. C. Bat., A. E. F.
Claude Henry, Bloomington, 40th Div., A. E. F.
Frank D. Henry, Bloomington, Infantry.
L. W. Henry, Bloomington, Engineers Corps, Angel Island, Cal.
Clarence Hensel, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Sergt. William P. Hensel, Bloomington, Mobile Laundry, Instructor, A. E. F.
Gaylord W. Hensold, Bloomington, Medical Dept., Casual Co. 4, A. E. F.
Fred Heppenr, Bloomington, Infantry, 33d Div., A. E. F.
Sergt. Frank W. Herder, Bloomington, Co. A, Field Signal Bat., Camp Merritt.
Sergt. James R. Herman, Cooksville, Co. H, 130th Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy A. Herring, Bloomington, 30th Co. Artillery, Boston Harbor, Mass.
William H. Herrington, Bloomington, Infantry, 106th Supply Train, A. E. F.
Alvin Hess, Danvers, Infantry.
Ernest A. Hester, Towanda, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Lawrence L. Hester, Anchor, 64th Infantry, Fort Bliss.
Ernest C. Heyn, Bloomington, 326th Infantry, A. E. F.
Clyde E. Hewitt, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Merle Hewitt, Chenoa, Navy, Great Lakes.
Dorsey Hibbs, Lexington, Camp Grant, Infantry.
Peter Hibbs, Bloomington, Infantry.
William Hickman, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Rees Hicks, Camp Meade, Washington, D. C., Infantry.
S. Duke Hicks, Bloomington, Bat. B, 124th Field Artillery, 33d Div., A. E. F.
High L. Higgins, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Anton Hildebrandt, McLean, 82d Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Martin W. Hildebrandt, McLean, Motor Transportation, Camp Holabird, A. E. F.
Carl T. Hileman, Bloomington, 343 M. T. C., Camp Custer, Mich.
Bugler Harold P. Hileman, Bloomington, Co. H, 10th Infantry.
Henry P. Hiller, Bloomington, 31st Engineers, A. E. F.
Corp. Ralph Hillis, Bellflower, Bat. E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Oria E. Hillis, Bloomington, Co. F, 5th Engineers. Died of pneumonia at Camp Humphries, Va., Oct. 2, 1918.
Chester A. Hill, Covel, Co. G, 130th Infantry, Camp Logan.
Elmo F. Hill, Lexington, Signal Corps. Died from pneumonia in France.
Fred Hill, Lexington, Navy.
Henry W. Hill, Arrowsmith, Co. 111th Infantry.
Corp. John W. Hill, Holder, Aviation, 85th Aero Squadron.
Silas Hill, (colored), Bloomington, Co. K, 8th Infantry, A. E. F.
T. E. Hill, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank Hilpert, Stanford, Co. F, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Harry Hilpert, Stanford, Balloon Div., Air Service, Camp John Wise, San Antonio.
Noel J. Hilts, Bloomington, Tank Corps.
Wilbur A. Hilts, Bloomington, 14th Am. Train.
Rev. William B. Hindman, Bloomington, Chaplain's Training School, Camp Taylor.
Earl Hiner, Stanford, Military Police, Co. B, 316th Military Police, A. E. F.
Leslie Hiner, Stanford, Technical, Cleveland, Ohio.
Don Hinshaw, Danvers, Infantry.

B. F. Hinshaw, Bellflower, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Emmett Hines, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Dodge.
William Hines, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Lee Hinshaw, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Servier.
Rolla E. Hinshaw, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 129th Infantry, A. E. F.
George F. Hinthorne, Normal, 472 Engineers, Camp Logan.
Walter A. Hinshaw, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 7th Infantry, A. E. F.
Roland Hinshaw, Bloomington, Co. L, 132d Infantry. Wounded in action, A. E. F.
William Roy Hinthorn, Normal, 23rd Co., Q. M. Corps. Died of pneumonia at Jefferson Barracks.
Wilmer E. Hinthorne, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clarence Hiser, Lexington, Co. A, 118th Engineers, A. E. F.
Frederick M. Hisle, Bloomington, O. T. C.
Corp. Eugene L. Hiser, Lexington, Co. F, 13th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Oran J. Hite, Bloomington, Co. B, 34th Infantry.
W. H. Hite, Normal, Navy.
Orean Hite, Colfax, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. William W. Hite, Colfax, 269th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Donald D. Hobber, Bloomington, Cavalry.
Clarence A. Hobbs, Colfax, Infantry.
John Hobsin, Bloomington, Infantry, New Orleans, La.
John W. Hobson, Bloomington, Sheet Metal Worker.
Roy Hoddle, Chenoa, Infantry.
Harland Hodge, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
J. A. Hodge, Danvers, Q. M. Dept., Jefferson Barracks.
Earl Hodges, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Sergt. Frank Hodgson, Bloomington, Co. E, 4th Am. Train, A. E. F., Army of Occupation.
A. J. Holder, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 331st Field Artillery, Camp Mills.
Edward E. Hoeft, Danvers, Co. K, 327th Infantry, A. E. F.
Henry Hoeft, Danvers, Infantry, Newark, N. J.
Edward L. Hoffman, Leroy, Navy.
George P. Hoffman, Leroy, Coast Artillery, Camp Taylor.
John M. Hoffman, Leroy, Navy.
Frederick G. Hoffman, Bloomington, 167th Field Artillery, U. S. Camp.
Sergt. Walter F. Hoffman, Bloomington, Infantry, Charlotte, N. C.
Lewis L. Hoffner, Bloomington, Hospital Apprentice.
Sergt. Frank Hogan, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Leo L. Hogan, Bloomington, Medical Dept., 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
William Hogan, Chenoa, Infantry.
Felix Hoheisel, Bloomington, Radio.
Sergt. Wm. R. Hoit, Bloomington, A. G. D., Fort Riley.
Elmer P. Holcomb, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
John Holden, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Logan.
Dewey E. Holderly, Downs, Aviation, Kelly Field, No. 2, Texas.
Paul Hoierman, Bloomington, Navy, Ensign School, Pelham Bay.
Alfred Hollatz, Bloomington, Infantry.
Martin Holle, Chenoa, Infantry.
Corp. Dennis Hollingsworth, Bloomington, 12th Cavalry, Columbia, N. M.
Guy Holloway, Bloomington, Co. K, 23d Infantry, A. E. F.
Herbert Holman, Bloomington, Navy. Killed by motor truck in Ireland.
Matthew Holman, McLean, Coast Artillery. Died of influenza, Syracuse, N. Y.
Chesterfield B. Holmes, Bloomington, Master at Arms, Navy, Great Lakes.
Corp. Warner Holm, Merna, Infantry, A. E. F.

C. Blake Holton, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Embarkation Hospital, Newport News.
Clarence L. Holt, Leroy, Co. A, 125th Engineers, Camp Forest, Ga.
Henry J. Holt, Danvers, Auto Mechanic.
H. P. Holt, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Royal Holton, Chenoa, Navy.
John Holtz, Bloomington, H. Q. 313 San. Tr., A. E. F.
William Holz, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Samuel Homer, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Frank Hoog, Bloomington, Co. F, 123d Infantry, A. E. F.
Henry Hooker, Bloomington, Infantry.
Harold H. Hool, Bloomington, Co. B, 129th Infantry, A. E. F. Gassed.
Oscar G. Hoose, Bloomington, Q. M. School, Camp Johnson.
Corp. Lyle K. Hoover, Bloomington, U. S. Marines.
Lorne P. Hoover, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Corp. Ralph R. Hoover, Bloomington, Second Engineers, A. E. F.
Corp. R. R. Hoover, Co. E, 2d Engineers, A. E. F.
Willard Hoover, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, Washington, D. C.
Donald D. Hopper, Bloomington, Bat. D, 50th Field Artillery, Camp Bowie.
Mrs. C. H. Hopt, Bloomington, Motor Truck, Washington, D. C.
A. L. Horner, Saybrook, S. A. T. C., Eureka.
E. H. Hornke, Bloomington, Infantry
Orville Horn, McLean, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Elmer Horton, Bloomington, Plumbing, Birmingham, Ala.
Alva Hoselton, Chenoa, Infantry, Camp Logan.
George Hoselton, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Jasper Hoselton, Chenoa, Infantry.
Lester Hoselton, Chenoa, Infantry.
John A. Hoskins, Anchor, Infantry, A. E. F.
Vollie I. Hoskins, Anchor, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Edwin Hostetler, Bloomington, Field Artillery.
Melvin Houser, Hudson, Veterinary Corps.
Edward Houston, Cropsey, Infantry, Camp Logan.
Warren Hough, Danvers, Infantry.
Wilmeth A. Hovey, Normal, Machinist.
Austin Howard, Bloomington, Infantry.
C. P. Howard, Danvers, Infantry.
Earl Howard, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Slocum.
Sergt. Gordon K. Howard, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Hos. 82, A. E. F.
Joseph Howard, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lewis E. Howard, Bloomington, 97th Squadron, A. E. F.
Sergt. William N. Howard, Bloomington, Base Ordnance Depot, A. E. F.
Ira F. Howell, Normal, Cavalry.
Oley Howell, Colfax, Co. B, U. S. Infantry, Fort Bliss.
Ross Howell, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Riley.
John Howes, Bloomington, Co. F, 121st Infantry, A. E. F.
Owen Howley, Colfax, Infantry.
Carl Hoyt, Bloomington, 68th Div., Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Earl Hoy, Bloomington, Auto Mechanic.
Claude A. Hubble, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept.
Sergt. Geo. Hubert, Bloomington, 34th Engineers, Camp Dix.
Harry Huckelberry, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
Cecil Hudson, Saybrook, Aviation, A. E. F.
Heber Hudson, Jr., Bloomington, Radio School, Great Lakes.
Thomas Huggins, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Herbert J. Hughes, Hudson, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Owen Hughes, Bloomington, 318th Engineering Corps, Vancouver.
Paul Hughes, Lexington, Radio, New York.

PANTAGRAPH PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.

OUR HONOR ROLL

Sergt. [illegible]

Pvt. Walter Seeger
Killed in Action [illegible]

Lieut. Fred Penn

Pvt. [illegible] D. Johnson

Corp. Reuben B. Pierson

Pvt. [illegible]

Pvt. [illegible]

Pvt. Norman D. Paine

Corp. [illegible]

Pvt. Wm. C. Wicks

M. R. Hughett, Bloomington, Machinists Mate, Aviation.
Fred Hueskemeyer, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Glenn Huffington, Normal, Aviation, Arcadia, Fla.
Herbert Huffington, Normal, Government Service, Chicago.
Paul Huffington, Normal, S. A. T. C., Camp Wesleyan, War Chemist.
Lieut. Frank Huff, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
Paul Glenn Huffington, Normal, 11th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Hector Huffman, Cropsey, Navy, U. S. S. Utah.
Robert Huffman, Bloomington, Signal Corps. Killed in action.
Carl Huling, Chenoa, Infantry.
Ola Huling, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Chester H. Hull, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Girard Hull, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Stanley Hull, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. W. R. Hull, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Johnson.
Auda A. Humble, McLean, Infantry, Co. C, 338th M. G. Bat. Died of pneumonia in France.
Sergt. Rogers Humphreys, Bloomington, Marine Corps Flyer, Miama, Fla.
Charles E. Hunter, Bloomington, Aviation, Vancouver.
Raymond Hunter, Bloomington, Navy.
George H. Hunt, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Hunt, Bloomington, Infantry.
Leo Hunt, Bloomington, Infantry.
Clyde Hupp, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. Chas. P. Hursey, Bloomington, Air Service.
Charles H. Hursey, Bloomington, Camp Clerk, 76th Spruce Div., Oregon.
Lawrence Hurst, Bloomington, Radio Section, Navy, Great Lakes.
Lester Hurst, Bloomington, Radio School, Austin, Texas.
Raymond Hurst, Bloomington, Field Artillery.
Sergt. James H. Hurt, Cropsey, Bat. F, 124th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Eugent Husseman, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Edward Huston, Cropsey, Infantry, Camp Logan, Co. A, 108th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Corp. William E. Huston, Cropsey, Motor Section, Co. A, 197th Am. Ar., A. E. F.
Merle C. Hutchinson, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Albert Huth, Colfax, Infantry.
Emmett Hutton, Saybrook, S. A. T. C., Camp Wesleyan.
Sergt. Eugene B. Hyndman, Bloomington, Co. L, 139th Infantry, A. E. F.

I

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. Boyd Inman, Saybrook, Machine Gun Battalion, Camp Custer.
Lieut. Richard Ives, Bloomington, Royal Flying Corps, Canadian Army.
Lieut. L. L. Irwin, Bloomington, Medical Corps.

ENLISTED MEN

Albert Ickstadt, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Edwin Iehl, Normal, Infantry. Died at Camp Mills.
Roderick Imhoff, Danvers, Navy, Great Lakes.
Louis Imig, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Dodge.
Donald Ingersoll, Bloomington, Ensign School, Municipal Pier.
Robert Ingle, Bellflower, Mechanics, Navy.

Lee Inman, Normal, Infantry, Camp Meigs.
Sergt. Guy Ireland, Normal, Aviation Mechanics, Chanute Field.
Corp. Delmar V. Irvin, Normal, Tank Corps, A. E. F.
James F. Irvin, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Phillip Irwin, Bloomington, Emergency Fleet, Norfolk, Va.
Hamilton Irven, Bloomington, Navy.
Herbert Isaac, Arrowsmith, Infantry.
Henry C. Isenman, Bloomington, Infantry.
Oscar W. Isenman, Bloomington, Clerk, Aviation.
W. H. Iungerich, Bloomington, Motor Truck Co. 423, Q. M. Corps, A. E. F.
Benoni S. Iungerich, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.

J

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Ensign James Bruce Jarrett, Danvers, Navy.
Capt. Leo Johnstone, Bloomington, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Lieut. Howard A. Johnson, Normal, Aviation, A. E. F.
Lieut. Lewis H. Johnson, Bloomington, Co. D, Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Lieut. Waldo T. Johnson, Bloomington, Aerial Gunnery, Mt. Clemens, Mich.
Lieut. Allington Jolly, Cropsey, Aviation, A. E. F. Fatally injured in accident.
Lieut. L. F. Jones, Leroy, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Donald Jones, Leroy, Aviation, A. E. F.
Lieut. Kenneth C. Jones, Normal, Aviation, San Diego, Calif.
Lieut. L. F. Jones, Leroy, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Trevor J. Jones, Chenoa, Infantry.

ENLISTED MEN

Paul Jabsen, Bloomington, 326th Infantry, A. E. F.
Herbert Jacke, Bloomington, Co. F, 30th Infantry, A. E. F.
Carl J. Jackson, Bloomington, Co. E, 360th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Carl J. H. Jackson, Bloomington, 360th Infantry. Wounded in action.
Charles C. Jackson, McLean, Q. M. Corps, A. E. F.
Ervin Jackson, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Navy.
Corp. Fred Jackson, Bloomington, Motor Corps, Lake Charles.
Corp. Fred Jackson, Bloomington, 110th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Vernon Jackson, Cooksville, Battery H, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Clarence K. Jacobssen, Bloomington, 92 Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Ralph Jacobs, Chenoa, Infantry.
Roy Jacobs, Chenoa, Infantry.
Royal W. Jacobs, Bloomington, Infantry.
Ben H. James, Lexington, Camp Sheridan.
Charles James, Bloomington, Machinist.
Sergt. Maj. Chas. Dale James, Bloomington, Adjt.-Gen. Dept., Washington, D. C.
Corp. Earl James, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Corp. William D. James, Bloomington, Co. A, Motor Battery, 1st Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Corp. William Grice Jameson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Jamison, Bloomington, Mechanic, Q. M. Corps, A. E. F.
Bernie H. Janes, Lexington, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Carl Jansen, Infantry.
Sergt. Frank Louis Jansen, Bloomington, Quartermaster Corps.
Herman H. Jasper, Bloomington, Ordnance Depot.

Ives Jean, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Earl Jefferson, Bloomington, 73d Marines, A. E. F.
Clarence Jeffries, Cooksville, Infantry, Fort Adams.
Sergt. Floyd Jenkins, Lexington, Co. D, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Gilbert Jenkins, Lexington, Bat. E, Fort Sill.
Corp. John C. Jenkins, Lexington, Infantry. Killed in action.
Luther Jenkins, Lexington, Navy, Norfolk, Va.
Walter E. Jenkins, Lexington, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Mevise C. Jennings, Ellsworth, Chief Quartermaster, Naval Aviation, Boston.
Elmer Jensen, Heyworth, 210th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Harry Jensen, Heyworth, Infantry.
John Jensen, Heyworth, Navy.
Peter Jensen, Heyworth, Navy.
Clyde Z. Jetton, Bloomington, Radio Section, Navy.
Fred Jetton, Bloomington, Motor Transport, A. E. F.
Joseph T. Jiskra, Bloomington, Infantry.
Peter J. Jochem, Bellflower, Co. B, 328th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Boyd Johnson, Bloomington, Navy.
Carl Johnson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Chester K. Johnson, Bloomington, Chemical Warfare, Washington, D. C.
Chester K. Johnson, Bloomington, Chemical Warfare Service, A. E. F.
Don Johnson, Weston, Co. A, 9th Div., M. P., Camp Sheridan, Ala.
Elea Johnson, Colfax, Infantry.
E. W. Johnson, McLean, Motor Corps, Bradley Institute.
Frank R. Johnson, Bloomington, 11th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Florence I. Johnson, Normal, Red Cross Nurse, Camp Shelby, Miss.
George W. Johnson, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Sergt. Grover Johnson, Normal, Aviation, Dayton, Ohio.
Sergt. George Johnson, Lexington, Infantry.
Gustave A. Johnson, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Corp. Harian M. Johnson, Downs, Bat. B, 124th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Harold E. Johnson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry G. Johnson, Bloomington, Musician, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Hobart Johnson, Leroy, Navy, Great Lakes.
Homer Johnson, Leroy, Infantry.
James C. Johnson, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Wagoner, Co. G, 108th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Sergt. James Johnson, Normal, Montgomery, Ala.
James T. Johnson, Bloomington, Infantry.
John E. Johnson, Bloomington, Unit 131, Medical Corps, Jefferson Barracks
John Earl Johnson, Bloomington, Bat. B, 343d Field Artillery, 90th Div., A. E. F.
John Paul Johnson, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Chanute Field.
John T. Johnson, Bloomington, Bat. B, 343d F. A., Camp Travis.
Joseph M. Johnson, Normal, Infantry.
Lewis Ross Johnson, Bloomington, Aviation, Master Signal Electrician, Kelly Field.
Lyle Johnson, Stanford, 273d Aero Squadron, Taliafero Field, Texas.
Mark Lowell Johnson, Bloomington, Dental, 130th Infantry.
Melvin Johnson, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
G. Vasa Johnson, Heyworth, Field Artillery.
Corp. Oscar W. Johnston, Bloomington, 5th Ordnance Supply Co.
Paul Johnson, Bloomington, Aviation, Rantoul.
Ralph Johnson, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Ransom Johnson, Bloomington, Infantry. Died of pneumonia, Camp Devens, Miss.
Rolla T. Johnson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.

Waldo Johnson, Bloomington, Aviation School, U. of I.
Corp. Walter Johnson, Bloomington, Ordnance, Camp Ranton, N. J.
Warren E. Johnson, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. A. B. Jolly, Bloomington, Infantry.
Orville Jolly, Bloomington, Engineers, Camp Meigs.
Sergt. Fred John, Leroy, Infantry.
Reuben John, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ambrose Jones, Normal, Navy, Great Lakes.
Bert Jones, Infantry, A. E. F.
Donald T. Jones, Leroy, Aviation, Berkeley, Cal.
Elmo R. Jones, Bloomington, 466th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Ernest A. Jones, Bloomington, Clerk, Signal Corps.
Everett Jones, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank Jones, Bloomington, Navy.
Floyd Jones, Colfax, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Fornt T. Jones, Bloomington, Infantry.
Gardner Jones, Chenoa, Infantry.
George W. Jones, Chenoa, Infantry.
Hubert Jones, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Jesse Jones, Bloomington, Supply Depot, 13th Engineers, A. E. F.
John J. Jones, Bloomington, Telephone, 46th Infantry.
John M. Jones, Bloomington, Infantry.
J. R. Jones, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lee Jones, Bloomington, Motor Corps, Kansas City.
Lester A. Jones, Leroy, A. E. F.
Loring F. Jones, Bloomington, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant, Oct. 14.
Marion S. Jones, Bloomington, Co. B, 67th Motor Truck Company, A. E. F.
Marshall W. Jones, Bloomington, Infantry.
Noble M. Jones, Bloomington, Aviation, Wright Field.
O. L. Jones, Normal, 24th Engineers, A. E. F.
O. W. Jones, Bloomington, Bat. E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Patrick Jones, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Raleigh Jones, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Reuben Jones, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Richard Jones, Lexington, Co. H, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Robert L. Jones, U. S. Naval Reserve, Great Lakes.
Russell H. Jones, Bloomington, Bugler, Navy.
Samuel Jones, Chenoa, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Solomon Jones, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Thomas Jones, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Warren Jones, Bloomington, Co. B, 364th Infantry, U. S. Regulars.
Wesley Jones, McLean, Engineers.
Wilson Jones, Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank M. Jordan, Bloomington, Co. H, 348th Infantry, A. E. F. Died of wounds.
John D. Jordan, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Logan.
Ray Jordan, Bloomington, Mechanical, Northwestern University.
Walter M. Jordan, Shirley, Field Artillery.
Shirley Judd, Colfax, Bat. E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
J. J. Jurek, Bloomington, Infantry.
George Jordan, Bellflower, Infantry, A. E. F.

K

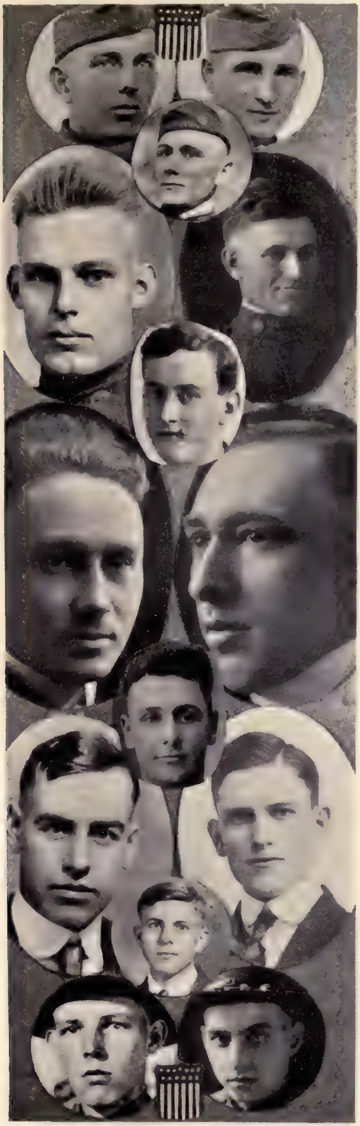
COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major Dayton Keith, Quartermaster's Corps.
Lieut. Charles P. Kane, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. Guy A. Karr, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.

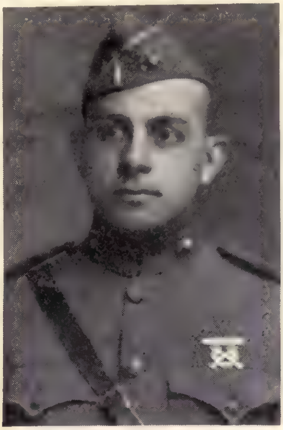
Ensign John H. Kasbeer, Navy, A. E. F., Expedition to Archangel.
Lieut. John J. Kates, Bloomington, Ordnance, A. E. F.
Lieut. Verne C. Kellogg, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Newport News.
Lieut. J. K. Kemp, Lexington, Infantry, Meridian, Miss.
Lieut. Kaywin Kennedy, Normal, Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Thomas H. Kennedy, Normal, Officers' Training, Camp Grant.
Lieut. Everett F. Kent, Gridley, Aviation, Dallas, Texas.
Lieut. C. R. Kerr, Anchor, Medical Corps, Camp Beauregard.
Lieut. Raymond Kettering, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Merritt.
Lieut. Julius P. Klemm, Bloomington, Co. 124, Ord. Depot, Camp Hancock.
Ensign John M. Kumler, Bloomington, Navy, Pelham Bay.

ENLISTED MEN

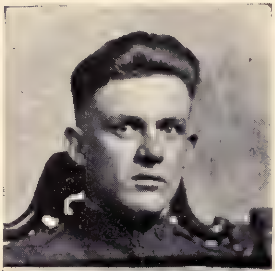
Diede Kahle, Chenoa, Infantry.
Sergt. Edward Kahle, Lexington, Co. B, 320th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Frank C. Kahle, Yates Township, Co. A, 358th Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank Kahle, Lexington, 340th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
L. D. Kahle, Lexington, Co. F, 123d Infantry, Camp Wheeler, Ga.
Maurice Kalahar, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. C. E. Kallbreier, Lexington, 3rd Co. C. C. D., Fort Wright.
Sergt. Arthur P. Kane, Bloomington, Aerial Photography, Americus, Ga.
Ben Kaplan, Chenoa, Infantry. Died of influenza at Jefferson Barracks.
Sergt. Charles N. Karr, Bloomington, Co. A, 7th Field Bat., El Paso, Tex.
George Katsoulis, Co. I, 167th Infantry, 42d Rainbow, A. E. F.
George Katz, Bloomington, Infantry.
R. E. Kauffold, Bloomington, Bugler, 18th Battalion, U. S. Infantry.
David Kaufman, Bloomington, Co. A, 4th Bat., Section A, Camp McArthur, Texas.
George Kaufman, Bloomington, 464th Casualty Company, A. E. F.
Corp. Fred Kauth, Colfax, 13th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Robert Kavanaugh, Bloomington, Gunner's Mate, Great Lakes.
Roy W. Kaylor, Bloomington, Infantry, Washington, D. C.
Donald A. Kazar, Bloomington, Electrician, U. S. Naval Reserves.
Charles E. Keeler, Colfax, S. S. U. 540, A. E. F.
Sergt. Wm. G. Keen, Randolph, 30th Artillery.
Admiral D. Keene, McLean, Infantry, Camp Funston.
Sergt. Oliver W. Keene, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Clarence R. Keeran, Bloomington, Telegraph Operator.
Harry A. Keese, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Charles Kegel, Cooksville, Infantry.
Clifford W. Keiser, Bloomington, Marines, Cuba.
Charles E. Keller, Colfax, S. S. U. 540, A. E. F.
Jesse Kellow, Bloomington, Infantry, Houston, Texas.
Harold Kelly, Bloomington, Gunner's Mate, Great Lakes.
James C. Kelly, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
John Kelly, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes, Radio.
Albert E. Kelsey, Gridley, P. W. E. Company, A. E. F.
Sergt. S. Reau Kemp, Bloomington, Hdq. R. S. C., Am. Emb. Center, A. E. F.
George Kendall, Cooksville, 6th Co., Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Lloyd W. Kendall, Bloomington, 1st Corps, Artillery, A. E. F.
Isaac D. Kenion, Arrowsmith, Infantry, Camp Grant.
First Class Sergt. Alex Kennedy, Bloomington, Co. A, 4th Engineers, A. E. F.
Arthur B. Kennedy, Lexington, Co. C, 168th Infantry, 42d Div., Army of Occupation, Niedersberg, Bresig, Germany.
Donald Kennedy, Heyworth, Infantry.

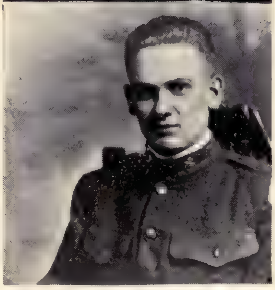


Top Row (left to right)—Leo Harbert, John Howes, (below) Chas. Heldt.
Second Row—Elmer J. Hallsted, Thos. J. Hayden, (below) Albert C. Haaker.
Third Row—Parker H. Holmes, Chas. S. Hursey, (below) William Hite.
Fourth Row—Paul L. Henderson, Daniel A. Hayden, (below) Clarence E. Hauser.
Bottom Row—Harold Harris, Leo Hobert.



Lieut. Dan McFarland





Above—Benj. R. Anderson, Battery E, 68th Artillery.

Below—Clarence G. Anderson, mechanical school, Bradley Poly.

Glenn Kennedy, Heyworth, Infantry.
Wm. Lloyd Kenny, Bloomington, Medical S. A. T. C.
Paul Kent, Gridley, Infantry, Camp Carolina.
Albert L. Kerber, Colfax, Co. E, 124th Infantry. Died from pneumonia in France.
Evans S. Kern, Bloomington, Infantry.
H. T. Kerr, Bloomington, 53d R. F. C., A. E. F.
James H. Kerr, Bloomington, Navy, Musician, Pelham Bay.
Roy Kerr, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Austin J. Kershaw, Bloomington, 841st Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
William Kershaw, Bloomington, Navy.
William O. Kershner, Bloomington, Co. C, 604th Engineers, A. E. F.
Herbert Kersten, Infantry.
Lewis E. Kessler, Bloomington, Co. C, 111th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Hugh C. Keys, Leroy, Bat. B, 124th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Lee S. Key, Bloomington, 204th Signal Bat., Camp Custer.
Sergt. Fred W. Kienzle, Bloomington, Bat. E, 68th Artillery, France.
Ralph Kienzle, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Albert Kiesemetter, Bloomington, Seaman.
Corp. Roy Kightlinger, Bloomington, Bat. F, 12th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Leonard J. Kilgore, Bloomington, 15th Recruit Co. Died at Camp Forest, Georgia.
Thomas B. Kilgore, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Secretary, A. E. F.
Lackey Killian, Bloomington, Co.A, 3d Infantry, Ligitas, Tex., Border duty.
Wilbur Killion, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler. Killed by train, Ken.
Sergt. Gordon Kimes, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Bascom G. Kimler, Ellsworth, Co. C, 2d Engineers, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Homer Kimler, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Irwin Kimler, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ivan Kimler, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Kenneth Kimler, Leroy, 77th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Roy E. Kimler, Leroy, Co. B, 339th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Sergt. Julian Kincaid, Leroy, Infantry.
Clyde A. Kind, Stanford, Navy. Died at Great Lakes of influenza.
Patrick L. Kinder, Bloomington, 331st Machine Gun Bat., 26th Div., A. E. F. Injured in train wreck in France.
Robert P. Kinder, Bloomington, Co. L, 4th Infantry, A. E. F.
William Kinder, Bloomington, 120th Machine Gun Bat., 25th Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Coleman L. Kindred, McLean, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Allen C. King, Normal, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Elby King, Bloomington, Engineers.
Ellsworth E. King, Chenoa, Bat. C, 58th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Gilbert King, McLean, Engineering Corps.
Cassell Kingdon, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Miss Rugh Kinman, Normal, Red Cross Nurse, A. E. F.
Irvin Kinsey, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Irwin Kinsey, Leroy, Bat. E, 68 U. C. A. C., A. E. F.
James M. Kinsella, Bloomington, Motor Transport, Sheffield, Ala.
William Kinsella, Bloomington, Ambulance Driver Red Cross.
John T. Kirk, 83rd Field Artillery, 8th Brigade.
Simon Kirk, Bloomington, Shipbuilding.
Sergt. Chas. Kirwan, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Henry E. Klafke, Bloomington, Navy.
William E. Klatt, Bloomington, Co. B, 108th Military Police, A. E. F. Wounded.
Andrew Klein, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.

Edwin R. Klein, Gridley, 5th Co., O. A. E. D., Forestry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Frank Klein, Gridley, Co. G, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Julius Klemm, Bloomington, Ordnance, Camp Wheeler.
Byron Kline, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Klinkradt, Infantry.
Elmer Klopfenstein, Gridley, Infantry.
Fred Klopfenstein, Gridley, Infantry.
G. E. Knapp, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
John E. Knapple, Danvers, Aviation, Mechanic.
Carl Knecht, Normal, Ambulance Co. 129, 108th San. Train, 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Bryce M. Knight, Colfax, 261st Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
G. L. Knight, Bloomington, Engineering.
Roy L. Knick, Danvers, Infantry, Camp Wright.
Elmer L. Knowles, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
George H. Knuth, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Louis Koch, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action, Sept. 12, 1918.
Herman Henry Kohrs, Holder, Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles A. Komnick, Covel, Q. M. Corps, Camp Wheeler and Camp Gordon.
Carl E. Koons, 108th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Albert Koos, Bloomington, Machinist.
Emmett S. Koos, Bloomington, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
Lawrence Koos, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Leo J. Kraft, Towanda, Bugler, Co. C, 68th Infantry, Camp Sheridan, Ala.
Lowell C. Kraft, Towanda, Supply Company, N. R. C., Camp Wheeler.
Theodore F. Kraft, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Harry C. Kraps, Bloomington, 312th Motor Transportation, A. E. F. Wounded.
Sergt. George A. Kraus, Danvers, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F. Wounded.
John H. Kraus, Danvers, Co. I, 18th Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Fred Krebaum, Bloomington, 118th Engineers, Marseilles, France.
George T. Kriden, Infantry, A. E. F.
Arthur E. Kron, Bloomington, Co. E, 111th Infantry, A. E. F.
Emmett Kuhn, Bloomington, Aviation, Kelly Field, Texas.
Corp. Waldo Kuhn, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Kuhn, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Kumle, Bloomington, Infantry, Dover, N. H.
Sergt. Walter Kurth, Bloomington, Baker, Fort Riley.
P. Clifton Kurtz, Bloomington, Radio School, Navy, Harvard.
Donald E. Kyger, Bloomington, Engineer, Camp Oglethorpe.
William Kyle, Infantry, Fort Wright, N. Y.
Harry L. Kyser, Bloomington, Infantry.

L

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. Matthew Lawrence, Hudson, Bat. C, 6th Field Art., A. E. F.
Lieut. William E. Lewis, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Ensign Charles Chesterfield Liggett, Normal, Navy, Pelham Bay.
Lieut. Irvin Lillard, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Sheridan.
Rev. John Turner Lillard, Jr., 1st Lieut. and Chaplain, U. S. R., Camp Taylor, Ken.
Capt. Charles E. Lindsay, Lexington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. William McWherteo Loehr, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Taylor.

Lieut. Charles Loney, Leroy, Infantry.
Lieut. Carl Lukeman, Bloomington, Food Dept., Washington, D. C.
Lieut. David Lutz, Bloomington, Aviation, Langley Field.

ENLISTED MEN

John La Belle, Bloomington, Electrical Engineer, Sheffield, Ala.
Corp. Harry H. Lafferty, 14 C., 3r A. S. M.
Robert Lahey, Bloomington, Artillery, Canadian Army.
DeLoss Lain, Bloomington, Medical Supply Dept., A. E. F.
Emmett L. Lain, Colfax, Coast Artillery, Newport News.
William Lake, Lexington, Co. B, 137th Machine Gun, Camp Shelby.
Charles W. Lakin, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Paul E. LaMarr, Normal, Infantry, Camp Funston.
Sergt. Thomas Lamb, Bloomington, 26th Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. Hobart Lambin, Danvers, 335th Supply Company, A. E. F.
Harry Lambke, Danvers, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Guy Lambdin, Danvers, Apprentice Seaman.
Walter Lambrecht, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Ernest Lamke, Motor Truck Dept.
Fred A. Lamke, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Ed Lampke, Great Lakes.
Corp. Harold Landath, Co. 84, 6th Regiment U. S. Marines, A. E. F.
Ernest A. Lane, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Lane, Bloomington, Engineering, Camp Humphreys.
Elmer Lane, Meadows, Infantry.
Joseph Elmer Lane, Danvers, U. S. S. Ternate Naval Service.
William Lane, McLean, Medical Corps, Camp Dodge.
Sergt. William Lane, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Leonard Lang, Bloomington, Co. C, 604th Engineers, A. E. F.
Jesse Langdon, Bloomington, Marines.
Ernie Langhoff, Bloomington, Infantry.
Frank Langhoff, Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy Lanham, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Chris Lanigan, Bloomington, R. R. 4, Infantry, A. E. F.
David Lanigan, Bloomington, Infantry, Waco, Texas.
William Lanigan, Bloomington, Co. F, 325th Infantry, A. E. F.
William Lanigan, Bloomington, Co. H, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Florence Virginia Langley, Nurse, Base Hosp. 91, Commercy, France.
Hartzell Langstaff, Colfax, Infantry.
Kline A. Lantz, Downs, Infantry, Engineering. Died of influenza at Fort Harrison.
Fridolin Lanzer, Chenoa, Infantry. Died of influenza at Camp Dodge.
Walter Lape, Bloomington, Infantry.
Leslie H. Larison, Bloomington, 124th Machine Gun, Camp Forest.
Bryan Lash, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Leslie O. Lash, Bloomington, Infantry. Died of pneumonia at Camp Meigs.
William B. Lasher, Bloomington, Bat. E, 8th F. A., A. E. F.
Paul Laskowski, Bloomington, Co. F, 68th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Otto Laskowski, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Paul LaTeer, Saybrook, Tank Corps.
G. R. Lauderdale, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Lauderdale, Machine Gun Company, A. E. F.
Frank Lavin, Bloomington, Aviation, A. E. F. Injured by aero accident in England.
Clarence Lawbaugh, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
John C. Lawhum, Normal, Coast Artillery.
Corp. August Lawrence, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Hancock.

Sergt. Boyd D. Lawrence, Bloomington, Co. D, 110th Supply Train, A. E. F.
Charles Lawrence, Bellflower, Wagoner, Supply Co., Infantry, A. E. F.
Clifford Lawrence, Hudson, Co. L, 121st Infantry, A. E. F.
Herman Lawrence, Infantry.
Jonas Lawrence, Cooksville, Bat. F, 124th Field Artillery.
Corp. Ray Lawrence, Co. D, 110th Supply Train.
Ray Lawrence, Normal, Navy, Puget Sound.
Wilbur Lawrence, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Seattle, Wash.
Roy Lawson, Leroy, Aviation, Kelly Field, Texas.
Edward Lawyer, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Lee.
Chester Lay, Bloomington, Ensign School, Municipal Pier.
Ewell Lay, Ellsworth, Infantry.
Charles E. Leary, Bloomington, Medical S. A. T. C.
Edwin Leatch, Lexington, 83d Aero Squadron, Langley Field.
John M. Leary, Bloomington, Aviation, Waco, Texas.
P. W. Leary, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Richard Leary, Bloomington, 210th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Richard E. Leary, Colfax, Infantry, Call Field, Texas.
E. J. Leckner, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Lloyd J. Ledderboge, Bloomington, Storekeeper, U. S. S. Eagle, Navy.
Arthur Lee, Co. L, 51st Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Carl Lee, Stanford, 349th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Leonard F. Lee, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Harry Lee, Bloomington, Radio Wireless, Fort Wright.
Kenneth Wm. Lee, Stanford, 106th San. Train, 31st Div., A. E. F.
Oscar Lehman, Bloomington, Seaman.
Paul H. Lehman, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Joseph Lehman, Meadows, Infantry.
Wm. G. Leitch, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Henry Leittem, Bloomington, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Rollin E. Lembke, Co. E, 357th Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Lemke, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Albert Lemme, Co. F, 27th Infantry, A. E. F. in Siberia.
John D. Lemmel, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Ernest N. Lemons, Carlock, Q. M. Dept., Camp Logan.
William Lenahan, Bloomington, Infantry.
Denver Leniton, Bloomington, 16th Co., Marines, Paris Island, S. C.
Ralph Lenkins, Yale Laboratory, New Haven, Conn.
Emil F. Leonard, Bloomington, Infantry.
Elmer Lettner, Bloomington, Co. D, 307th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Levison, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Emerson Lewis, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
W. O. Lewis, Colfax, Infantry.
Herschel H. Lewis, Bloomington, R. R. 4, Infantry.
Sergt. Leslie Lewis, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Sergt. Loren B. Lewis, Bloomington, Quartermaster's Corps.
W. E. Lewis, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sherman Lewis, Gridley, Navy.
L. Liemming, Saybrook, Navy.
Sergt. John Lighthart, Bloomington, Marines, A. E. F.
W. W. Lighthart, Five years in Navy Service.
Charles Liggett, Bloomington, Infantry.
Albert Paul Limber, Bloomington, Yeoman, Navy.
John Lincoln, Gridley, Infantry. Died at Houston, Texas.
William Lindblad, Normal, Bat. E, Second Field Artillery, A. E. F.
David Linden, Chenoa, Infantry.
Robert Lindley, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Noble Lindquist, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.

Martin Lindsay, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Ralph H. Linkins, Normal, Medical Dept., Newport News.
Arthur Link, Bloomington, Machinist.
Allen Linn, McLean, Co. H, 130th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Chester C. Linton, Ellsworth Motor Truck Corps, Newport News.
Sergt. Lee F. Lishka, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Roy K. Lishka, Bloomington, Navy.
Gordon Cole Littel, Bloomington, Navy, Fireman.
Allen Little, Normal, Aviation.
Corp. John Little, Regular Army, Recruiting Officer in Bloomington.
Corp. Ralph S. Little, Bloomington, 337th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Earl B. Littleton, Normal, Ambulance Driver, A. E. F.
Charles Litweiler, Chenoa, 349th Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Arthur Livingston, Barber in Hospital in France.
Harold Livingston, Supply Depot, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Herbert Livingston, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan.
John Livingston, Normal, Navy, A. E. F.
Sam Abe Livingston, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Rudolph Lloyd, Bloomington, Medical Corps, 118th Engineers, A. E. F.
Ralph Loar, Bloomington, Medical Reserve, Great Lakes.
Andrew Lock, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wright.
Henry F. Lock, Lexington, Bat. F, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Maurice A. Lockwood, Bloomington, Bat. C, 124th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Herbert A. Loehr, Co. B, 133d Machine Gun Bat., Camp Logan.
William Loffhagen, Bloomington, Machinist.
Corp. Carl Lohse, Bloomington, 127th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Charles Loney, Leroy, Aviation, U. of I.
Sergt. Edward Long, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Colt.
J. E. Long, Leroy, Government Service, Washington, D. C.
Joseph F. Longmier, Bloomington, Ordnance, First Army, A. E. F.
Corp. Earl A. Longworth, McLean, Bat. D, 34th Coast Art., A. E. F.
Park R. Longworth, Bloomington, Infantry, Washington, D. C.
Henry Lord, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Peter Lorig, Colfax, Infantry.
Eugene Lormor, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Elven Lott, Bloomington, Infantry.
Hallie Lott, Heyworth, Infantry.
Dexter Lovan, McLean, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Sergt. Eugene DeForest Love, (colored) Co. A, 366th Infantry.
Jack Lovell, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Ben Lowe, Bloomington, Infantry.
Clarence Lowe, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Corp. Roy Lowe, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Russell Lowe, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
James Lucas, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Orville Lucas, Bloomington, Mechanic, Q. M. Dept.
Robert Lucas, Bloomington, Railway Engineering.
Clarence W. Luckinbill, Bloomington, Navy, Musician.
Erwin O. Luebchow, Bloomington, Infantry.
Miss Winifred L. Luker, Bloomington, Red Cross, A. E. F.
Sergt. Edward Lundborg, Co. G, 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Herman Lundborg, Bloomington, Marines.
Gus C. Lundquist, Bloomington, Carpenter, Navy, A. E. F.
Noble L. Lundquist, Bloomington, Carpenter's Mate, Navy.
Laughlin Lunney, Heyworth, Infantry.
H. J. Luth, Downs, Radio Operator.
Sergt. Franklin Lutz, Bloomington, Co. C, 33d Infantry, A. E. F.

Corp. Bryant Luzader, Bloomington, Medical Supply, Chicago.
H. C. Lyman, Bloomington, Infantry.
Frank G. Lynch, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
James E. Lynch, Bloomington, Infantry.
Jewel Lynch, Bloomington, Navy.
John Lynch, Bloomington, Artillery.
Allen Lynn, McLean, Co. H, 130th Infantry, A. E. F.
Wayne Lyons, Bloomington, Infantry.
Florence Lyon, Normal, Nurse, A. E. F.

M

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

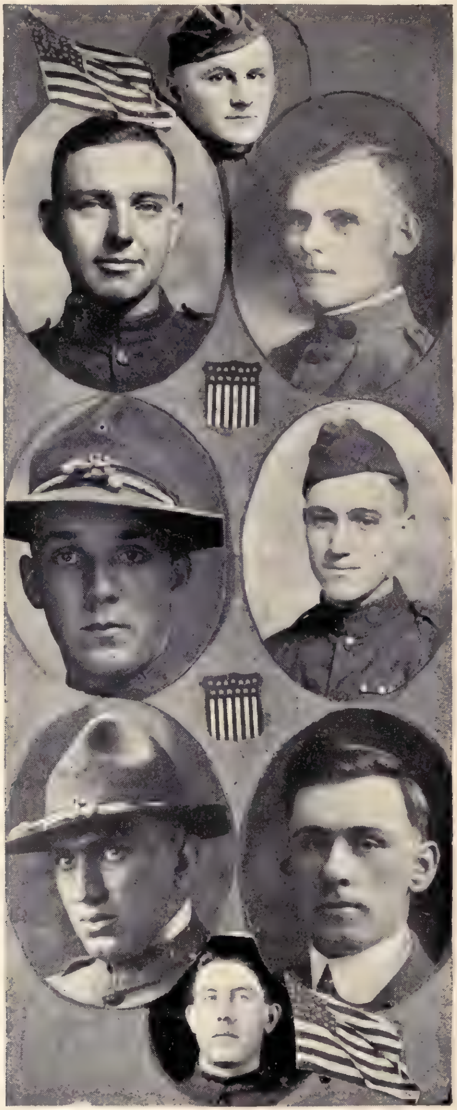
Major John E. Morrison, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F. Gassed.
Lieut. J. R. Maurer, Stanford, Medical Reserve Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. O. F. May, Normal, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Cecil W. Macy, Normal, 295th Aero Squadron, A. S. S. R. C.
Capt. Ralph McCord, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. C. A. McDermand, Bloomington, Dental Corps, Camp Pike.
Capt. A. E. McReynolds, Stanford, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Capt. Arthur Morris, Bloomington, Medical Corps, 108th Signal Bat., A. E. F.
Lieut. Don W. McDonald, Bloomington, Balloon Division Signal Corps.
Lieut. Verne McDougle, Normal, Aviation.
Lieut. Rob Roy McGregor, Bloomington, Motor Trans. Corps, Third Army, A. E. F.
Lieut. Dan McFarland, McLean, Marines, A. E. F.
Lieut. Frank E. McFarland, McLean, Marines, A. E. F.
Lieut. Clark McKnight, Normal, Ordnance, Camp Upton.
Lieut. Chester McLaren, Bloomington, Co. 123 Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Lieut. Oliver McWilliams, Bloomington, Bureau Aircraft Production.
Lieut. F. P. Minch, Lexington, Medical, Fort McHenry.
Lieut. Jesse D. Mitchell, Lexington, 35th Co., Depot Brigade, Camp Funston.
Lieut. Edgar W. Moon, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Spence Moots, Leroy, Infantry.
Lieut. Eugene S. Moulic, Bloomington, Aviation, Park Field, A. E. F.
Ensign Donald E. Marquis, Navy, Overseas.
Lieut. James C. Munch, Bloomington, 7th Mobile Field Laboratory, A. E. F.
Lieut. Ray Murphy, Bloomington, Sanitary Division, A. E. F.
Lieut. Harvey C. Myers, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F., Japan.

ENLISTED MEN

Peter Madden, Bat. E, 68th Coast Artillery.
George Maddick, Bloomington, Navy.
Carl Maddox, Heyworth, Infantry.
Collie Maddox, Bloomington, Infantry.
Edward Carl Maddock, Bloomington, R. R., Infantry. Died in France of pneumonia.
Edward Madier, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Sergt. Paul J. Madigan, Bloomington, Infantry, N. Y.
Sergt. Earl Mahaffey, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Kearney.
Lloyd T. Mallicoat, Stanford, 10th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Robt. Emmett Maloney, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Harry E. Maloney, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Harry O. Maltman, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.

Mont Mardis, Ellsworth, Infantry.
Lloyd Majers, Bloomington, Infantry.
Walter H. Man, Infantry.
George Maness, Cooksville.
Frank M. Mangold, Bellflower, Co. B, 327th Infantry, A. E. F.
Ander J. Mann, Bloomington, Infantry.
Ralph Manon, Lexington, 284 Aero Squadron, Cariston Field.
Clifford Manshardt, Gridley, Base Hospital Unit No. 14, A. E. F.
Hilton Markham, Bloomington, Marines. Wounded in action.
Alice M. Markland, Bloomington, Nurse, A. E. F.
Earl Marks, Heyworth, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Miss Alice Marquardt, Bloomington, Red Cross Nurse, A. E. F.
Corp. Emmett H. Marquardt, Bloomington, Veterinary Corps, A. E. F.
Harry Marquardt, Bloomington, Engineering, A. E. F.
L. F. Marquardt, Bloomington, Carpenter's Mate, Aviation.
Budd Marr, Bloomington, Infantry, Norfolk, Va.
John Marsh, Bloomington, Machine Gun Battery, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
F. J. Marshal, Bloomington, Infantry.
Wm. E. Marshall, Normal, Infantry.
Erwin P. Martenson, Anchor, Co. A, 7th Infantry. Killed in action.
Carl S. Martin, Normal, 124th M. G. Bat., 33rd Div. Wounded in action.
Sergt. Chas. Martin, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Delmar I. Martin, Normal, Navy, Hospital Corps, A. E. F.
Earl Martin, Heyworth, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Ellsworth Martin, Bloomington, 19th Railway Engineers, A. E. F.
Elta Lea Martin, Bloomington, Barracks Guard, Infantry, Fort McPherson, Georgia.
George E. Martin, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Gerald Martin, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Corp. Glenn Martin, Heyworth, 13th Field Artillery. Killed in action.
Henry Martin, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Lawrence N. Martin, Bloomington, Navy.
Marlin L. Martin, Chenoa, Infantry.
Nile Martin, Heyworth, Artillery, A. E. F.
Paul Martin, Normal, Medical Dept., 2d Bat., 26th Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy Martin, Leroy, Infantry, Camp Hancock.
Thomas J. Martin, Saybrook, Co. A, 345 M. G. Btn., 90th Div., A. E. F.
Virgil M. Martin, Saybrook, Co. D, 362 Infantry, 91st Div., A. E. F., Belgium.
Walter A. Martin, Saybrook, Field Artillery.
Cliff Mason, Chenoa, Infantry.
Clyde Mason, Stanford, Co. A, 144th Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank Mason, Chenoa, Infantry.
S. E. Mason, Bloomington, Navy.
Corp. Charles H. Masoncupp, Hudson, 74th Motor Battery, A. E. F.
Carl Masso, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Paul Masso, Chenoa, Navy, Great Lakes.
Foreman Masters, Heyworth, Bat. E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Rev. E. K. Masterson, Normal, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
Maurice Masterson, Normal, Infantry. Died at home after brief service.
Clark Mathers, Leroy, Infantry.
Edward Mathers, Leroy, Infantry.
Charles Matt, Bloomington, Bat. E, Railway Artillery, A. E. F.
Harry Matthews, McLean, Coast Artillery.
Corp. Ralph Matthews, Normal, Bat. E, 7th Regiment Artillery, A. E. F.
Walter Matthews, Bloomington, Camp Custer.
Corp. William R. Matthews, Bloomington, Bat. F, 44th Artillery.

Wm. R. Mattoon, Bloomington, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Edward Mattson, Bloomington, Co. F, 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Mattson, Bloomington, Co. G, 360th Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy Mattson, Bloomington, Co. C, 122d Engineers, A. E. F.
Herman F. Mau, Bloomington, Co. L, 38th Infantry, Army of Occupation in Germany.
Adolph Maurer, Bloomington, Infantry.
Daniel Mauney, Colfax, Infantry.
Everett Barnes Maurice, Arrowsmith, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Mavel, Bloomington, Navy.
Stanley E. Mavity, Normal, Navy, A. E. F.
Jennings Bryan Maxwell, Bloomington, Navy. Died at Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Va.
Ruth V. Maxwell, Bloomington, Nurse, Walter Reed Hospital, Washington.
Sergt. Raymond H. Mayer, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Lakewood, N. J.
Lewis Mayfield, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
W. H. Maze, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. William C. J. McCabe, Bloomington, 78th and 340th Infantry.
Basil McCabble, Normal, Cavalry.
Arthur McAvoy, Merna, Medical Supply, New Orleans, La.
Ralph B. McCarroll, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
Ambrose McCarthy, Chenoa, Infantry.
Corp. Edward McCarthy, Bloomington, 482d Construction Squadron, A. E. F.
Eugene McCarthy, Bloomington, Navy. Died at Great Lakes of influenza.
Homer McClellan, Colfax, Infantry.
Ivo McClellan, Colfax, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
William McClellan, Colfax, Marines. Wounded in action.
Oscar McClure, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sidney McClure, Colfax, Infantry.
Corp. Thomas McClure, Bloomington, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Walter S. McColley, Eureka University, S. A. T. C.
William G. McColley, Normal, Navy, Great Lakes.
Sergt. Carl McComb, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. James A. McComb, Heyworth, Bat. D, 32d Field Artillery, Camp Meade.
James A. McComb, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Roscoe McConkey, Bloomington, Co. F, 315th Supply Train, A. E. F.
Cecil McConnell, Lexington, 82d Co., Aviation, A. E. F.
G. E. McConnell, Lexington, Transport, Navy.
James McCord, Bloomington, Infantry.
T. Orville McCord, Bloomington, Base Hospital 82, A. E. F.
Chester McCowan, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F.
John R. McCoy, Stanford, Infantry.
Normal McCrary, Bloomington, Navy, Hampton Roads.
John Noble McCrary, Bloomington, Co. K, Fifth Ill., Machine Gun.
Basil C. McCubbin, Normal, Infantry, Fort Sill, Okla.
Guy E. McCubbin, Normal, 73rd Coast Artillery, Portsmouth, N. H.
Scott E. McCullough, Bloomington, 472 Regiment, Engineering, Camp Raleigh.
E. McDonald, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Gordon McDonald, Bloomington, Infantry. Gassed in action.
Sergt. James T. McDonald, Normal, 123 Machine Gun Btn., A. E. F. Wounded.
Lawrence McDonald, Bloomington, Quartermaster's Corps, Camp Meade.
Corp. Owen T. McDonald, Bloomington, 524th Motor Transport Co., A. E. F.
Everett E. McDowell, Normal, First Class Petty Officer, A. E. F.
Claire McElheney, Bloomington, Medical Supply, Chicago.



Top row (Left to right)—C. H. Hull, Fred L. Hall. (*Above*)—Ernest Heldt.
Center row—Lee Hand, Leo L. Hogan.
Bottom row—George Henninger, Wilson K. Harbert. (*Below*)—Walter Hoffman.

Don McElheney, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Meigs.
Howard McElheney, Bloomington, First Prov. Co., A. E. F.
Harold E. McElwain, Normal, 17th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Ray McFadden, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles McFall, Chenoa, Infantry.
Paul McFarland, McLean, Chemical Warfare, Cleveland, Ohio.
Thomas McFarland, Hudson, Co. H, 121st Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. John McFee, Ellsworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clarence McFlue, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Daniel T. McGrath, Bloomington, Apprentice Seaman.
Edward R. McGrath, Bloomington, Headquarters Company, 64th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Herbert J. McGrath, Bloomington, Co. 1, 118th and 52d Engineers, A. E. F.
James McGrath, Bloomington, Chief Petty Officer, Great Lakes.
First Sergt. C. L. McGraw, Bloomington, Base Hospital 216, France.
Frank J. McGraw, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
John McGraw, Bloomington, Navy Mechanic, A. E. F.
William E. McGraw, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Sergt. James G. McGuire, Bloomington, Aviation, Houston, Texas.
Lawrence McGuire, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Patrick McGuire, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. Smith McHatton, Colfax, Aviation Training Camp, St. Paul.
Walter McHugh, Lexington, Infantry, Camp Forrest.
James R. McIntosh, Colfax, Medical Corps.
Joyce McIntosh, Bloomington, Motorcycle Company 305, A. E. F.
David D. McKay, Leroy, Infantry.
Hamilton McKee, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Ancil McKeehan, Colfax, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Sergt. Claude McKinney, Bloomington, 34th Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Bryce McKnight, Colfax, 261st Aero Squadron, Chanute Field.
Walter H. McLeese, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Earl McMahon, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Camp Grant.
Holiway McMath, Bloomington, Infantry.
Guy E. McMillan, Bloomington, 64th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lloyd McMillan, Downs, Infantry.
Eugene W. McMillan, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wadsworth.
Francis McMurry, Bloomington, Navy.
Harry McMurry, Bloomington, Navy, Overseas, Battleship Ohio.
James Willis McMurry, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Matthew G. McNamara, Bloomington, Co. A, 27th Infantry, A. E. F. Siberia.
Leslie McNemar, Lexington, Navy Dept., Washington, D. C.
ElRay McNier, Bloomington, Enlisted April 25, 1917. Duty in canal zone on mine planter since Sept. 23, 1918.
Thomas McNier, Bloomington, 124th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Edward McReynolds, Colfax, 5th Co., Q. M. Dept., Fort Wadsworth.
Miles E. McReynolds, Bloomington, Navy, Jamestown, Va.
Glenn McTaggart, Normal, Marines. Wounded.
Sergt. Glenn McVey, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Thomas L. McVey, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F. Died of pneumonia in France.
Allen McVaigh, Normal, Coast Artillery.
Corp. Joseph P. Meaney, Bloomington, Co. B, 67th Engineers, Washington, D. C.
Corp. Joseph Means, Bloomington, 67th Engineers, Camp Logan, Wash.
Owen G. Means, Bloomington, Acting C. P. O. Died at Great Lakes of influenza.
Raymond Means, Saybrook, Infantry.

Wilbur Means, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Ralph Meatyard, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Harold M. Medbery, Bloomington, Infantry.
Eugene Meehan, Bloomington, Radio Section, Fort Wright.
Martin H. Meehan, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Stuart.
Harvey Meeker, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
George Meese, Bloomington, Aviation.
George Mehl, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
George Mehl, Stanford, 156th Pioneer Inf., A. E. F., Army of Occupation.
F. Meir, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Merna, Bloomington, Infantry.
William B. Merna, Bloomington, Tank Corps.
Earl Merrick, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Davis Merwin, Bloomington, Marine Aviation, Harvard Unit.
Miss Margaret S. Merwin, Bloomington, Statistical Work, A. E. F.
Gail W. Metcalf, Normal, Engineering Corps, Camp Merritt.
Walter H. Metzher, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Camp Meigs.
Arthur L. Meyer, Normal, Q. M. Dept., Va.
Fred Meyer, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Moody W. Meyer, Normal, Co. D, 18th Btn., U. S. G.
W. Meyer, Bloomington, Co. A, 3d Infantry, Texas.
Julius Michel, Chenoa, Infantry.
Joseph H. Mikesell, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Newton A. Mikesell, Normal, Coast Artillery.
Sergt. Beverly H. Miles, Bloomington, 805th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Vaughn Milikin, Normal, Navy, Radio School, Harvard College.
Howard Millard, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Miss Ann Burnette Miller, Red Cross Nurse, Camp Grant.
Andrew W. Miller, Downs, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Archibald Miller, Bellflower, Infantry, A. E. F.
Bernard F. Miller, Bloomington, Mounted Police, El Paso, Texas.
Corp. Carl E. Miller, Heyworth, Co. A, M. G. Bat., First Div. Killed in action.
Bert Miller, Danvers, Infantry.
Carl O. Miller, Bloomington, 348th Ambulance Sanitary Train, A. E. F.
Charles W. Miller, Covel, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clarence Miller, Normal, 152d Ambulance Co., A. E. F.
John Miller, Danvers, Infantry.
Clarence F. Miller, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Claude S. Miller, Bloomington, 6th Regiment, 75th Co., Marines. Wounded in action.
Clyde R. Miller, Danvers, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant of influenza.
Sergt. George D. Miller, Bloomington, 46th Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
DeWitt F. Miller, Bloomington, Infantry.
DeWitt P. Miller, Bloomington, Artillery, Camp Wadsworth.
Guy Miller, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Earl Henry Miller, Bloomington, Infantry.
Edwin A. Miller, Bloomington, R. R. 6, Infantry.
Eugene C. Miller, Yuton, 83d Field Artillery, Camp Fremont.
Corp. George Miller, Bloomington, Co. A, 252d Infantry.
John W. Miller, Danvers, Aviation Service, A. E. F.
Lewis Miller, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Leonard Franklin Miller, Bloomington, 9th Engineers.
Norval D. Miller, Holder, Infantry, A. E. F.
Omar C. Miller, Infantry, A. E. F.
Peter Miller, Meadows, Infantry.
Raymond Miller, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Roland B. Miller, Bloomington, 30th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.

Theodore D. Miller, Bloomington, Infantry, Waco, Texas.
Ulysses Miller, Ellsworth, Infantry. Killed in action.
Walter G. Miller, Bloomington, Navy, Gunners' Mate School, Great Lakes.
William A. Miller, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Charles G. Million, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept.
Daniel B. Million, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Infantry.
Earl Million, Bloomington, Navy.
Guy Million, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Johnson.
Jack Million, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., A. E. F.
Sergt. Joseph Million, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat. Wounded in action.
Lewis Millman, Normal, 2d Balloon Company, A. E. F.
Corp. C. H. Mills, Bloomington, First Gas Division, A. E. F.
Lyle Mills, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Harley Milstead, Normal, Petty Officer, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
H. P. Milstead, Bloomington, Navy.
Chas. Milwood, Bloomington, A. E. F.
Stanley Mintus, Bloomington, Yeoman, Great Lakes.
Harvey C. Mishler, Covel, Navy, Great Lakes. Died of poison.
Henry Mishler, Carlock, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lloyd Mishler, Covel, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Francis Misner, Bloomington, Electrician.
Edward B. Mitchell, Bloomington, Officers' Training Camp, Camp Pike.
Everett M. Mitchell, Arrowsmith, A. E. F.
Sergt. Harry L. Mitchell, Lexington, Hdqrs. Company, 60th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Harry Mitchell, Colfax, Infantry, A. E. F.
Homer W. Mitchell, Twin Grove, Fireman, Navy. Died on shipboard of pneumonia.
Howard Leslie Mitchell, Bloomington, Navy, Cape May, N. J.
Reid Mitchell, Bloomington, Engineer, Norfolk, Va.
Harry Moberly, Leroy, Musician.
Joseph W. Mock, Bloomington, Co. B, 140th Infantry, 35th Div., A. E. F.
Lewis V. Mock, Bloomington, Co. C, 3d Infantry, Del Rio, Texas.
Sergt. Paul Mockert, Bloomington, Chemical Warfare, Cleveland.
Arthur Moews, Bloomington, Navy Machinist, A. E. F.
Corp. Martin Moews, Motor Truck Co. 709, A. E. F.
Theodore Moews, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Joseph Moews, Bloomington, 68th Art., A. E. F.
Clay Mohr, Arrowsmith, Aviation, San Antonio, Texas.
Lyle B. Mohr, Normal, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan University.
Sergt. Herbert Moise, Bloomington, Motor Transport, San Antonio, Texas.
Siegried F. Moline, Bloomington, Infantry.
Walfried E. Moline, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. James J. Monahan, Bloomington, Medical Corps, 330th Am. Company, A. E. F.
B. L. Moneymaker, Heyworth, Infantry.
Alvah Monical, Bellflower, Infantry.
Charles Monical, Bellflower, Infantry.
Harold W. Mont, Lexington, Co. G, 123d Infantry, Camp Mills.
Sergt. Albert Montgomery, Bloomington, Medical Department, Fort Riley.
Max Montgomery, Aero Service, A. E. F.
Dean C. Montgomery, Bloomington, 720 Motor Trans. Corps.
Sergt. Oscar Montgomery, Bloomington, Medical Dept., Fort Riley.
Bessie Moon, Bloomington, Nurse, Base Hospital 99, A. E. F.
Edgar Moon, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
E. A. Moon, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Dowl Mooney, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.

Sergt. Alpha R. Moore, Carlock, 2nd A. S. M. Regiment, 15th Co., A. E. F.
Byron R. Moore, Normal, Navy, Submarine Chaser.
Frank Moore, Normal, Marine Corps, Municipal Pier.
Hayes Moore, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Mills.
Sergt. Herbert Moore, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Co. D, 329th Motor Truck Company, Camp Holabird, Md.
James Moore, (colored), Bloomington, Cavalry.
Jesse Moore, Heyworth, Infantry.
Sergt. Joe F. Moore, Chemical Warfare, A. E. F.
John T. Moore, Lexington, Y. M. C. A., A. E. F.
Joseph Moore, Bloomington, Chemical Warfare, A. E. F.
Louis Moore, Bloomington, Aerial Photography, Fort Sill.
Melvin W. Moore, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Co. C, 357th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Oscar Moore, Colfax, Co. F, 102d Infantry, 26th Division, A. E. F.
Corp. Ray W. Moore, Bloomington, 321st Supply Company, A. E. F.
Ray M. Moore, Normal, Apprentice Seaman.
Raymond R. Moore, Bloomington, Infantry.
Raymond W. Moore, Bloomington, Stenographer Q. M. Dept., Camp Johnston.
Robert H. Moore, 123d Ambulance Train Co., 106th Sanitary Train, 31st Div., Camp Mills.
Roy B. Moore, Bloomington, Machine Gun.
Sanford H. Moore, Bloomington, 325th Infantry, 82d Div., A. E. F.
Sylvan Moore, Carlock, Navy, Great Lakes.
Vernon Moore, Colfax, Infantry, 4th Div., Army of Occupation, A. E. F.
Frank Moots, Leroy, S. A. T. C.
Herbert Moots, Bloomington, 31st Div., Ammunition Train, A. E. F.
William T. Moran, Heyworth, Co. D, 24th Engineers, A. E. F.
Ralph C. Morath, Bloomington, Aviation, Camp Custer.
Louis W. More, Bloomington, Post Field, Fort Sill, Okla.
Harry T. Morefield, Colfax, Infantry.
Oscar E. Morfield, Colfax, Infantry.
Sergt. Arthur Morgan, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. Arthur Morgan, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
David T. Morgan, Bloomington, 6th Marines. Killed in action.
William Morgan, Bloomington, 6th Co., 6th Regiment Marines, A. E. F. Wounded.
Frank Morger, Bloomington, U. S. S. Gregory.
Raymond Morger, Bloomington, Cook, Bat. F, 332d Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Roy Morrell, Bloomington, Co. B, 329th Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F. Wounded.
Ernest Morris, Hudson, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Jesse O. Morris, Colfax, 2d Co., 40th Div., Camp Kearney.
Sergt. George L. Morris, Stanford, 2d Prov. Co., Q. M. C., Camp Meigs.
John L. Morris, Stanford, 25th Engineering Corps, A. E. F.
Charles Morrison, Bloomington, Engineering.
Charles Morrison, Danvers, Field Artillery.
James J. Morrissey, Bloomington, Infantry.
James S. Morrissey, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. John O. Morrissey, Bloomington, Ambulance Service, Italian Front, A. E. F.
Erwin P. Mortenson, Anchor, Aviation.
Raymond Mortimer, Normal, Q. M. Dept.
Robert Morton, Normal, Artillery, A. E. F. Badly wounded.
Lyle Moss, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Edward A. Mott, 17th Tra. Bat., Infantry, Replacement.
Stanley Mount, Leroy, Infantry.

George E. Muffley, Lexington, Y. M. C. A., Navy.
Edward Mullens, Leroy, Infantry, Texas.
Edward Mullin, Leroy, Infantry.
Jesse A. Munsell, Bloomington, Co. 23, Jefferson Barracks.
Eleazer R. Munsell, Bloomington, R. R. 5, Submarine C-2, Panama.
George E. Munsell, Bloomington, R. R. 5, Second Class Seaman, Seattle.
Jesse A. Munsell, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Miss Ada Munson, Bloomington, Red Cross Nurse.
Fred H. Mumson, Heyworth, Infantry.
Homer Munster, Colfax, Infantry.
Sergt. Frank C. Munther, Bloomington, 339th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Verne Murdey, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Adolph Murer, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. George C. Murfey, Bloomington, 486th Engineers, Camp Meigs.
Sergt. David E. Murphy, Colfax, 266th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Edwin L. Murphy, Bloomington, 303 Motor Trans. Corps., A. E. F.
J. Bernard Murphy, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Michael Murphy, Colfax, Infantry, A. E. F.
Pearl T. Murphy, Colfax, 30th Aero Squadron, Mt. Clemens.
Sergt. Mack Murphy, Bloomington, Co. I, 11th Infantry, A. E. F.
Pearl F. Murphy, Holder, Coast Artillery.
Russell Murphy, Bloomington, Infantry, Macon, Ga.
William C. Murphy, Stanford, Infantry.
A. R. Murray, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles R. Murray, Leroy, Infantry.
Fred E. Murray, Bloomington, Infantry.
George P. Murray, Bloomington, Machinist, Aviation.
Leo Murray, Bloomington, Radio School, Harvard College.
Sergt. Lorne P. Murray, Bloomington, 154th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Louis Murray, Bloomington, Engineering.
Sergt. William L. Murray, Cropsey, 1st Co., 108th Am. Tr., Camp Logan.
Otis Mussellman, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Canadian Engineering Corps. France.
Arnold C. Muxfeldt, Bloomington, Navy.
Allen F. Myers, Lexington, 488th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Fred Myers, Bloomington, Navy.
Fred Myers, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry F. Myers, McLean, Marines. Died of wounds received in action.
Jacob W. Myers, Varney, Infantry.
John A. Myers, Arrowsmith, Signal Service, A. E. F.
Wayne Myers, Saybrook, Sanitary Dept., A. E. F.

N

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major Robert Avery Noble, Bloomington, Medical Res. No. 5, A. E. F.
Lieut. Frank Normile, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Johnstone.
Lieut. John Normile, Bloomington, Engineers, A. E. F.
Lieut. E. A. Norton, Bloomington, Personnel Officer, Iowa State University.

ENLISTED MEN

Chester Naffziger, Stanford, Machine Gun, 28th Infantry, A. E. F.
Homer Naffziger, Bloomington, Infantry.
Leo C. Naffziger, Stanford, Co. E, 315th Engineers, A. E. F. Wounded in action.

Milburn Naffziger, Danvers, Infantry.
Christian P. Naffziger, Stanford, 360th Ambulance Co., 315th Sanitary Train, A. E. F.
Walter R. Naffziger, Danvers, 18th Infantry, Jefferson Barracks.
Herman F. Nau, Bloomington, Co. L, 38th Infantry, A. E. F.
Clifford J. Naugle, Infantry, A. E. F.
Campbell Neal, Bloomington, Navy.
Guy Neal, Leroy, Infantry.
Marvin Neal, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Marvin Campbell Neal, Leroy, U. S. S. Carola, Brest, France.
Ruel Neal, Leroy, Co. A, 131st Infantry. Killed in action.
Carroll D. Neeld, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Corp. N. P. Neff, Danvers, Bat. A, 124th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Francis P. Nelle, Bloomington, Aviation.
Rany Nelle, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
F. Raymond Nelle, Bloomington, U. S. Naval Reserve. Enlisted May 14, 1918, released Feb. 9, 1919.
Corp. Charles E. Nelson, Leroy, 116th Aero Squadron, A. E. F. Killed in motor accident.
Sergt. Donald M. Nelson, Bloomington, Co. A, 3d Supply Train. Wounded.
Elmer R. Nelson, Bloomington, Engineers and S. A. T. C.
Corp. Gilbert Nelson, Bloomington, Bat. C, 18th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Oscar Nelson, Bloomington, Co. C, 9th Field Bat., S. C., A. E. F.
Lester C. Neuerberg, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Louis Neumann, Bloomington, Stenographer, A. E. F.
Jaines C. Nevin, Bloomington, Co. G, 4th Regiment, Comp Perry, Greeat Lakes.
Sergt. Major Lloyd L. Nevins, Bloomington, 820th Aero Squad., Kelly Field.
Sergt. Wayne Newcomb, Saybrook, Co. M, 139th Infantry. Wounded in action, later died of pneumonia.
Jesse E. Newkirk, Chenoa, Co. A, 330th Infantry, A. E. F.
Roscoe Newkirk, Carlock, Co. G, 83d Prov. Regt., A. E. F.
Charles B. Nice, Ellsworth, Field Artillery.
Sergt. Ralph Nicol, Covel, Tank Corps, Camp Polk.
Alvin Nichols, Bloomington, F. W. S.
Charles Nichols, Bloomington, Officers' Training Comp, Camp Fremont.
Claude Nichols, Bloomington, 147th Motor Supply Train, A. E. F.
Earl Nichols, Bloomington, Co. D, First Engineers. Wounded in action.
Harry H. Nichols, Saybrook, Medical Corps, Camp Dodge.
Sergt. Henry H. Nichols, Bloomington, Co. H, 352nd Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Acre Nicholson, Lexington, Co. H, 15th Marines.
William Niedermeyer, Bloomington, Navy, Medical Corps.
William C. Niedermeyer, Bloomington, Dental Corps, Regular Army.
Frank C. Niehous, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Sergt. Louis Nierstheimer, Bloomington, Medical Supply, Chicago.
Harmon A. Nixon, Bloomington, Bat. C, 149 Artillery, A. E. F.
Charles D. Noble, McLean, Medical Corps.
Porter C. Noble, Heyworth, Ambulance Corps 522, Cook, A. E. F.
Emil Nordine, Bloomington, Co. F, 307th Motor Trans. Corps., A. E. F.
Samuel M. Normal, Bloomington, Infantry.
Grover C. Norris, Normal, Military Police, Jefferson Barracks.
John L. North, Gridley, 124th Infantry. Died at Camp Mills of influenza.
Paul G. North, Gridley, Infantry, Limited Service, Camp Grant.
George Nowatski, Normal, Naval Aviation Force, A. E. F.
William Nowatski, Normal, Field Artillery.
Reginal Nutt, Gridley, Infantry.

O

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. J. Lindley Oliver, Leroy, Co. A, 54th Am. Tr., C. A. C., Fort Rosencrans, San Diego, Cal, and A. E. F.
Lieut. Lloyd E. Orendorff, Bloomington, 6th Bat., 163 Depot Brigade, Camp Dodge.
Ensign Victor W. Overton, Bloomington, Asst. Paymaster, San Francisco.

ENLISTED MEN

Richard O'Connell, Bloomington, Ensign School, Municipal Pier.
Fred O'Connor, Bloomington, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant of influenza.
John J. O'Connor, Bloomington, Naval Gunner, Railway Battery, Chief Petty Officer, A. E. F.
Arthur Odell, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
R. E. O'Donnell, Bloomington, Apprentice Seaman.
Melvin Oehler, Bloomington, Infantry.
William J. Oesch, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F.
Harley F. Ogan, Bloomington, Infantry, Military Police, Camp Wheeler.
Teddy R. Ogan, Bloomington, Seaman.
John O'Handlen, Colfax, First Company, Fort Du Pont.
Corp. Owen O'Hara, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
William J. O'Harra, Hudson, Co. M, 144th Infantry, 31st Div., A. E. F.
Fred Ohms, Bloomington, Infantry.
George Oldham, Danvers, Infantry.
Ben Olmstead, Colfax, Co. D, 314th Ammunition Train, 89th Division, A. E. F.
Edward O'Keefe, Weedman, 41st Railroad Tel. Bat., A. E. F.
Earl Olds, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Dell Oleson, Bloomington, Infantry.
James J. Oliver, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Morton Oliver, Bloomington, Bat. C, 53d Artillery, A. E. F.
George Olson, Shirley, Co. F, 121st Infantry, A. E. F.
John H. O'Neil, Medical Dept., Fort Bayard, New Mexico.
Valbert B. O'Neal, Leroy, Co. B, 3d Infantry, Lowell, Ariz.
Alvin O'Neil, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Sergt. Donald F. O'Neil, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Meigs.
Catherine O'Neill, Bloomington, Nurse, A. E. F.
Roland O'Neil, Bloomington, Railroad Ship Regiment.
William O'Neil, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Hancock.
L. E. Orendorff, Bloomington, Infantry.
Clarence E. Orr, Bloomington, R. R. 1, Infantry. Killed in action.
Lee Orrick, Bloomington, 17th Casualty Detachment, Motor Mechanics, Camp Grant.
Donald A. Ortman, Anchor, Headquarters Co. 162d Infantry, A. E. F.
Homer Osborn, Cooksville, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
James Osborn, Cooksville, 68th Coast Artillery.
Roy Osborn, Danvers, 122d Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Herbert B. Osten, Bloomington, Co. B, 18th Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. George W. Ostrom, Bloomington, Co. B, 18th Engineers, A. E. F.
Arthur Oswald, Bloomington, U. S. Navy.
P. J. Otis, Bloomington, Co. B, 110th Infantry, A. E. F.
Albert Otto, Bloomington, 68th Coast Artillery.
Alvin B. Otto, Bloomington, 68th Coast Artillery.
Sergt. Harocy Otto, Infantry, A. E. F.
Irvin Otto, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Hancock.

Robert Otto, Bellflower, Infantry.
Steven Ousley, Lexington, Headquarters Co., 129th U. S. Guards, Camp Logan.
Ross M. Overton, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Navy.
Sergt. Harley C. Owen, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Camp Meigs, Wash.
Corp. Harry J. Owens, Normal, Aviation, A. E. F.
James Owens, Bloomington, Ordnance.
Russell Owens, Leroy, S. A. T. C.
Warren G. Owens, Bloomington, Medical Dept.
Norval Owings, Kerrick, Coast Artillery.
Lawrence Oxley, Bloomington, Co. A, Military Police, A. E. F.
Otto Lee Oxley, Saybrook, Co. C, 6th Field Signal Bat., A. E. F.

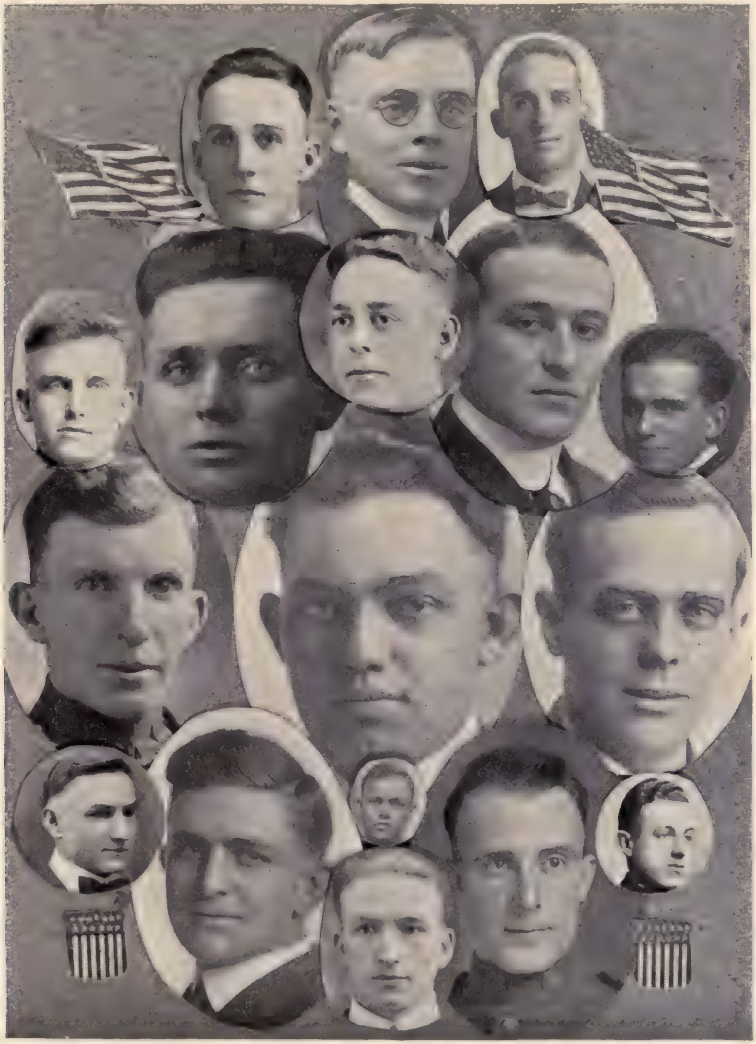
P

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. Don Parmalee, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lieut. Arthur Parr, Cooksville, 90th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Lieut. Warren Paxton, Bloomington, Aviation, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. John Pearson, Bloomington, Infantry, Washington, D. C.
Lieut. Millard J. Peasley, Bloomington, Co. D, 1st Army, Military Police, A. E. F.
Lieut. William A. Peavier, Leroy, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. Fred W. Penn, Bloomington, Engineer Corps, Camp Meigs.
Capt. Wm. Lloyd Penniman, Normal, Medical Corps, Camp Grant.
Capt. Abram Brokaw Perry, Bloomington, Fifth Marines, A. E. F.
Lieut. D. T. Petty, Normal, Co. C, 38th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Carl E. Phillips, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Fred Pitcher, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lieut. Harold Plummer, Bloomington, 5th Aero Squadron, Ellington Field.
Commander Emmett R. Pollock, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Lieut. E. M. Powers, Leroy, Aviation, Payne Field.
Capt. Hugh Mitchell Price, Bloomington. Died from accident, Newport News.
Capt. Morris E. Pumphrey, Bloomington, 21st Engineers, A. E. F.
Lieut. Charles Walter Pullen, Bloomington, 116th Field Artillery.

ENLISTED MEN

Corp. Carroll D. Packard, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Edgar Packard, Normal, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
Paul Packard, Normal, Navy.
Sergt. William H. Paddock, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Major James L. Page (colored) Bloomington, 370th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Lincoln Page (colored), Bloomington, 8th Infantry. A. E. F.
Sergt. Peter F. Page, Bloomington, 313 Field Signal Battalion, Camp Dodge.
William J. Pagels, Bloomington, Infantry.
Norman Paine, Bloomington, 307th Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles E. Painter, Bloomington, Infantry. Died from wounds in France.
William Palmer (colored), Bloomington, Infantry.
Charles Pancake, Bloomington, Co. C, 69th Railroad Engineers, A. E. F. Wounded.
Corp. Carl Parke, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Fred Parker, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.



Top Row (left to right)—Charles E. Butler, Lowell S. Burton, Smith Bishop.

Second Row—Dewey Burke, Earl A. Benedict, Harold Behen, E. Harold Brown, Walter G. Berg.

Third Row—Thomas P. Bryant, Bernard O. Brown, Deane D. Buckles.

Fourth Row—Louis F. Backman, Howard O. Brown, Rudolph Byquist (below) Lyell Berry (above) William H. Breidenbach, Benjamin L. Beeler.

Howard Parker, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Jacob Parker, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
John W. Parker, Weston, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Lonnie Parker, Colfax, 35th Engineers, A. E. F.
William Parker, Bloomington, Navy.
Archie Parks, McLean, Infantry.
Clifton Y. Parmele, Colfax, Artillery, Fort Cassel.
Corp. Merle C. Parmele, Colfax, 223rd Field Battalion, Signal Corps, Camp Meade.
Sergt. Owen S. Parmele, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Finance, Jacksonville, Florida.
Walter Parmele, Colfax, Infantry.
Albert Parr, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Major Perry Parr, Cooksville, Battery C, 5th Artillery, A. E. F.
Ray Partridge, Bloomington, Rock Island Arsenal, Ordnance.
Samuel Pass, Heyworth, Infantry.
W. C. Passwater, Heyworth, Medical Corps, Camp Lewis, Washington.
Harvey E. Patnaude, Anchor, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clarence E. Patterson, Bloomington, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant of influenza.
Sergt. Clarence F. Patterson, Bloomington, 2nd Co., 161st Depot Brigade.
Forrest Patterson, Leroy, S. A. T. C.
J. T. Patterson, 370th Regt., A. E. F.
Leland R. Pattison, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Irving R. Pattison, Bloomington, Ordnance, Camp Hancock, Ga.
George R. Patton, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Geo. Glenn Patton, Normal, Navy, Aviation, A. E. F.
Arryl S. Paul, Bloomington, Aviation Section, Navy, Great Lakes.
Don Paul, Lexington, Electrician, Camp Grant.
James C. Paul, Bloomington, Motor Trans., A. E. F.
George L. Paul, Bloomington, Medical Supply Dept., Camp Meade.
J. C. Paul, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
John Paul, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Jewel E. Paul, Lexington, Navy.
J. L. Paul, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Meade.
Sergt. Stanley H. Paul, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Walter H. Paul, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
G. Noble Paxton, Bloomington, Motor Mechanic School, Kansas City.
Elmer Payne, Lexington, M. G. S. C., 122d Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
H. H. Payne, Lexington, Radio School, Cambridge.
B. D. Payrn, Bloomington, Infantry.
Fred Peak, Ellsworth, Infantry.
Lawrence Peak, Ellsworth, Infantry.
Chester A. Pearson, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
William Pearson, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Donald D. Pease, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Elton Pease, Bloomington, 32d Div., A. E. F.
Sergt. Henry E. Pease, Bloomington, Headquarters Co. 121, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Robert Peasley, Heyworth, R. R. 3, A. E. F.
Arthur Peavler, Leroy, Infantry.
Edward Peavler, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Herman Peavler, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Frank N. Peck, Bloomington, 38th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Henry Peckman, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Work, Camp Funston. Died in camp.
Sergt. Wm. Hubert Pemberton, 210th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
John Raymond Pemberton, Bloomington, Aviation, Long Island.

E. B. Penhallegon, Bloomington, Infantry.
James C. Penn, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Penn, Bloomington, Motor Transport, New Jersey.
Earl Pennington, Infantry.
Miss Clara Penstone, Normal, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
Carl G. Peplow, Bloomington, Co. M, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Russell Perkins, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Elbert L. Perry, Normal, 84th Co., 6th Regt. Marines. Wounded in action.
Elwyn M. Perry, Danvers, Yeoman, Navy, Great Lakes.
Roscoe Perry, Danvers, Navy, Mechanical Dept.
Henry Perschall, Bloomington, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Herman O. Pershall, Bloomington, Infantry.
Alfred S. Peterson, Bloomington, 309 Supply Co., Q. M. Corps, A. E. F.
Bud Peterson, Infantry. Died of pneumonia.
Sergt. Howard Peterson, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
H. M. Peterson, Bloomington, 345th Infantry, 87th Div., Headquarters Co.
Frank Petrashek, Bellflower, Infantry.
Floyd M. Pfiffner, Normal, Navy, Greeat Lakes.
Sergt. Leslie G. Pfiffner, Normal, 124th Machine Gun Bat. Killed in action.
Sergt. Hugo Pfitzmyer, Leroy, Q. M. Dept., A. E. F.
Robert Phelan, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Wm. G. Phelps, Bloomington, Troop M, Fifth Cavalry.
Alvin Phillips, Colfax, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Oren Phillips, Colfax, Navy.
Byron Phillips, Infantry.
E. J. Phillips, Leroy, Infantry.
Edward O. Phillips, Bloomington, Hdqtrs. Co., 143d Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Frank L. Phillips, Bloomington, Motor Truck Co. 543, A. E. F.
Corp. Fred Phillips, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Glenn Phillips, Chenoa, Co. C, 47th Infantry, A. E. F.
George W. Phillips, Bloomington, 168th Field Signal Corps, Camp Logan.
Homer Phillips, Ellsworth, 330th Infantry, 83d Division, A. E. F.
Otis F. Phillips, Colfax, 102d Infantry, A. E. F.
Percy A. Phillips, Leroy, 828th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
George D. Phillos, Co. D, 2nd Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Gilbert Phipps, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Elza N. Pick, Chenoa, Advance Ordnance No. 1, A. E. F.
Nick A. Phillos, 6th Training Regt., Camp Grant.
Darwin Pickering, Infantry, A. E. F.
John D. Pickering, Cooksville, 83d F. A., Camp Tremont.
Ralph Pickett, Bloomington, Infantry.
Bernard A. Pierce, Bloomington, Med Dept., 314th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Corp. Reuben Pierson, Bloomington, 161st Depot Brigade, Camp Grant.
Roy A. Pierson, Heyworth, Co. A, 3d Infantry, Fort Bliss.
Willard F. Pierson, Bloomington, Machinist, Co. M, 35th R. R. Engineers, A. E. F. Died of pneumonia in France.
Eddie Pietsch, Great Lakes, Navy.
Joseph J. Pietsch, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, New York.
Mortie Pifer, Bloomington, Bat. D, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Thomas Pike, Arrowsmith, 124th Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Wallace A. Pingrey, Bloomington, Engineering Corps.
Robert Pinkerton, Navy, Great Lakes.
Alfred Pinneo, Bloomington, Bat. F, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Clarence E. Piper, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Lewis H. Pinkey, Lexington, Co. C, 158th Infantry, 40th Division.
Joseph J. Pitsch, Bloomington, Co. 342, Motor Trans. Corps.
William H. Pleanitz, Bloomington, Aviation, Mechanic.

Albert Pleines, Stanford, Camp MacArthur, Co. A, 4th Bat.
Fred Pleines, Stanford, Co. G, 326th Inf., 82d Div., A. E. F.
Walter Pleines, Stanford, 9th Reg., Great Lakes.
Harold Ploense, Bloomington, Navy.
Lawrence L. Ploense, Bloomington, Mechanical Draftsman, 34th Eng., Camp Grant.
Martin H. Ploense, Bloomington, Infantry, Headquarters Co., 106 Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Rudolph Ploense, Bloomington, Machinist.
Walter L. Ploense, Bloomington, Bat. F, 4 Bat., 52d Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Walter R. Ploense, Arrowsmith, 8th Co. C. A. C., at Fort Randolph, Canal Zone.
Edward Ploussard, Bloomington, Infantry.
Scott Pointer, Normal, Machine Gun B't'n, 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Edward Polen, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Harry E. Poling, Bloomington, Infantry.
Wm. Clarence Poling, Bloomington, 39th Infantry, 4th Div., A. E. F.
Thurman Pollitt, Bloomington, Infantry. Died in France of influenza.
Charles H. Poll, Bloomington, Co. E, 107th Infantry.
Roy Pollock, Stanford, Marines, Porto Rico.
Paul V. Poole, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Cecil A. Popejoy, Bloomington, Musician, Great Lakes.
Charles A. Popejoy, Cropsey, Electrician, Camp Grant.
Gilbert Popejoy, Navy, U. S. S. Boggs.
P. H. Popejoy, Bloomington, Wagoner, 4th Motor Truck Co., A. E. F.
Carl Porter, Bloomington, Tank Corps, A. E. F.
Clayton Porter, Bloomington, Navy, Wireless Operator, A. E. F.
Earl Potts, Bloomington, Saddler, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Btn., 33rd Div., A. E. F. Wounded.
Sergt. Frank Potts, Bloomington, 116th Trench Mortar Battery, 41st Div., A. E. F.
Marion I. Potts, Infantry.
Lee Powell, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Logan D. Powell, Heyworth, Electrician, Camp Lewis, Washington.
Lyle Cameron Powell, S. A. T. C., Champaign.
L. Parke Powell, Bloomington, Infantry, Co. E, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Robert E. Powell, Bloomington, Co. L, 102d Infantry, A. E. F.
Emory H. Powers, Bloomington, Aviation.
F. S. Powers, Bloomington, Navy.
Leslie Powers, Heyworth, Infantry.
Scott F. Poynter, Normal, Hdqrs. Co., 124th M. G. Bat., 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Leonard O. Prather, Bloomington, Co. I, 13th Marines.
A. Lawrence Pray, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lorin Pray, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Martin J. Pree, Saybrook, Co. D, 43d Infantry, Camp Del Rio, Texas.
Walter B. Prenzler, Bloomington, Clerical, Camp Grant.
Frank Prescher, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Mills.
Harry J. Prescott, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Chester Price, Downs, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Ivy Price, Downs, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Jacob L. Price, Bloomington, Cook, Q. M. Dept.
Reuben N. Price, Kerrick, Canadian Army, First Ontario Infantry.
Mark Price, Bloomington, 1st Depot Btn., Camp Borden, Canada.
Adlai Prince, Stanford, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Major Edward P. Prince, Bloomington, 109th Hdqtrs. Tr., Camp Cody.
Glenn B. Pringey, Bloomington, 389th Motor Truck Co., Fort Clark, Texas.
Wallace A. Pringey, Bloomington, Wagoner, 7th Engineers' Train, A. E. F.

Arthur Printt, Lexington, Squadron A, Aviation, Langley Field.
Ervin M. Printz, Lexington, 619th Co., Unit K, Navy, Sea Duty.
Leland D. Printz, Lexington, Navy, A. E. F.
William Prochnow, Heyworth, Infantry.
Clem Proctor, Bloomington, Medical Supply No. 2, A. E. F.
Lyle F. Proffitt, Saybrook, Sanitary Train 108th Ambulance, Co. 131, A. E. F.
Harold E. Protzman, Bloomington, 106th Sanitary Train, A. E. F.
Roland Protzman, Bloomington, Navy, Sea Service.
Jesse P. Provines, Bloomington, R. R. 3, Infantry.
Emory Pryor, Heyworth, Infantry.
Sergt. Ollie Pryor, Danvers, Infantry, Camp Kearney.
Edward Puffpaff, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
John H. Pumphrey, Towanda, Infantry.
Harry W. Punke, Gridley, Co. B, 130th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
John E. Purcel, Leroy, Infantry.
Harry J. Purdy, Bloomington, Co. B, Infantry, El Paso, Texas.
Henry Purschell, Bloomington, Infantry.
Parker E. Pusey, Bloomington, Electrical Engineer, 57th Artillery, A. E. F.
Jesse Provines, Bellflower, Infantry.

Q

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

None.

ENLISTED MEN

Corp. Bernard Quarnstrom, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Herbert H. Quanstrom, Bloomington, Signal Corps, Camp Dodge. Died of pneumonia.
Rinc. B. Quensnel, Bat. 341 F. A., 39th Div., Bugler, A. E. F.
Corp. Emery B. Quinn, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
John F. Quinn, Bloomington, 121st Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Corp. Matthew Quinn, Bloomington, 337th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Hobart Quinton, Heyworth, Aviation, Lake Charles, La.
William H. Quinton, Heyworth, Aviation, Gerstner Field, La.

R

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Capt. Daniel D. Raber, Normal, Medical Corps.
Lieut. Allan B. Rayburn, Bloomington, Aviation, Love Field.
Capt. Howard Read, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Lieut. Roland Read, Bloomington, Motor Transport, Sanitary Dept., A. E. F., Serbia.
Lieut. William G. Read, Bloomington, Ordnance Dept., Camp Beauregard.
Lieut. Ben S. Rhodes, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Pike.
Lieut. Clyde Richards, A. E. F.
Lieut. Harry Riddle, Bloomington, Aviation, Dick Field.
Lieut. Roland Rike, Leroy, Infantry.
Lieut. John D. Ring, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Lieut. Lathrop E. Roberts, Bloomington, Chemical Warfare, A. E. F.
Lieut. Lee C. Robinson, Bloomington, Aviation, Miami, Fla.

Maj. A. E. Rogers, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. Otto Roth, Stanford, 23th Machine Gun Battalion, 9th Division, Camp Sheridan.
Lieut. George Stewart Ross, O. R. C., Infantry.
Lieut. Eugene Rowley, Holder, Infantry. Suicided on Governor's Island.
Lieut. William Rowley, Normal, Aviation, Fort Worth, Texas.
Lieut. Don Russell, Bloomington, Aviation, Carruthers Field.

ENLISTED MEN

Gustave F. Raatz, Bloomington, 35th Engineers, A. E. F.
William Raatz, Bloomington, 41 Field Hospital, A. E. F.
Fred S. Rabe, Lexington, Infantry, Camp Mills.
Sergt. Louis F. Radbourn, Bloomington, Co. C, 30th Bat. Tank Corps, Camp Holt.
Carl J. Radcliff, Danvers, Co. C, 21st Machine Gun Bat., Camp Merritt.
Edwin J. Radcliff, Danvers, Ordnance Dept., A. E. F.
Sergt. Joseph Edward Radley, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Corp. Edward Rainey, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. H. Rainier, Lexington, 313th Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles D. Raisbeck, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
G. E. Rainsberger, Bloomington, Infantry.
William Ralph, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Roy Ralston, Lexington, Navy, Co. K, Camp Simms.
Harold T. Ramage, Bloomington, Musician, Navy, Base 27.
Sergt. R. A. Ramseyer, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Hancock.
Fred H. Randel, Bellflower, Infantry.
Leslie Randall, Bloomington, Aviation, San Antonio.
Corp. Robert Raney, Gridley, 3rd Machine Gun Bat., 1st Div.
Leslie Rankin, Normal, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Glenn Ranney, Arrowsmith, Naval Aviation, A. E. F.
Sergt. Joseph F. Ranney, Normal, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Henry V. Ransom, Danvers, Aviation.
Walter E. Rapp, Gridley, Co. M, 150th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Ralph O. Ray, Bloomington, Infantry, Mexican Border Duty, U. S. G.
Edward V. Raycraft, Bloomington, Ensign School, Municipal Pier.
John Razor, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Herbert J. Rebman, Bloomington, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
John William Rebman, Bloomington, Cook, Transportation Corps, A. E. F.
Joseph E. Rebman, Bloomington, Machinist, 189th U. S. S. C.
Walter Rebman, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Curtis Rebtyer, Shirley, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Cyrus W. Reddick, Saybrook, Artillery, Fort Healy.
Glenn S. Reddick, Arrowsmith, Bat. B, 42d Artillery, A. E. F.
Herbert C. Rediger, Bloomington, Bugler, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F. Wounded.
John D. Rediger, Meadows, Co. A, 39th Infantry. Wounded.
Joseph Rediger, Bloomington, Truck Co. 14, Camp Hancock.
Fred G. Reed, Weston, Co. H, 353d Infantry, A. E. F.
Louis P. Reed, Bloomington, Medical, Camp Kearney.
Louis T. Reed, Lexington, Navy.
Loren J. Reeder, Bloomington, 3rd Infantry.
Sergt. Samuel Reeder, Bloomington, Mechanic, Aviation, Guerstner Field.
Ernest L. Rees, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Joseph Reeves, Gridley, Infantry.
Corp. Louis E. Reid, 12th Co., 8th Regt., M. M. A. S., A. E. F.
Michael J. Reidy, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.

George Reig, Ellsworth, Infantry, Camp Merritt.
William Reilley, Normal, Infantry.
William D. Reiner, Bloomington, Camp Devens, Infantry.
John Reinhart, Colfax, Infantry.
Everett L. Reisen, Bloomington, Aviation.
W. S. Renfro, Bloomington, Infantry.
Herman Represt, Colfax, Bat. F, 68th Regt., Camp Wright.
Charles A. Reum, Bloomington, Wagoner, Co. G, 4th Am. Train, A. E. F.
Robert A. Reum, Bloomington, Co. E, 8th Infantry, Casual, Brest, France.
Herman Rexroat, Bellflower, Bat. F, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. William S. Rexroat, Bloomington, Air Service, A. E. F.
Walter M. Rexroat, Bloomington, 219th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Edmund Reynolds, Bloomington, Field Artillery.
Elzy Reynolds, Colfax, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Harley Reynolds, Bloomington, 133d Field Signal Bat., A. E. F.
Herman Reynolds, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Pearl T. Reynolds, Leroy, Infantry.
Powell E. Reynolds, Bloomington, Aviation Mechanic, Columbus.
Howard Rhea, Bloomington, Radio, Navy, Great Lakes.
Victor L. Rhinehart, Hudson, U. S. Marine Corps, Paris Island, S. C.
Howard C. Rhodus, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Russell D. Rhodus, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Silas H. Rich, Gridley, Co. A, 116th Engineers, Camp Forest, Gas, and 105th Engineers, A. E. F.
Bert Richards, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Dewey Richards, Bloomington, Military Police, A. E. F.
Lee Richards, Bloomington, Infantry.
Ola D. Richards, Bellflower, Infantry, A. E. F.
Wayne Richards, Leroy, Infantry.
Leo Richardson, Danvers, Artillery.
Norton Richardson, Ellsworth, Ensign School, New York City.
Ray Ricker, Chenoa, Navy.
Roscoe Richardson, Bloomington, Ordnance.
Paul Richter, Bloomington, Bat. F, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Garth T. Riddle, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Camp Wesleyan.
Homer Riddle, Heyworth, Co. 7, Coast Artillery, Panama.
Prof. D. C. Ridgely, Normal, Instructor, A. E. F.
William David Ridgway, Colfax, Co. C, 51st Engineers, A. E. F.
Frank Riebe, Ellsworth, Infantry.
Benjamin Riebe, Leroy, Infantry.
Arnold Rieger, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp McArthur.
E. G. Rieger, Bloomington, 212th Co., Prisoner of War Escort, A. E. F.
Albert Riggs, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. Ben Riggs, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Estle E. Rigney, Leroy, Co. A, 5th Limited Service Regiment, Camp Grant.
Charles V. Riley, Normal, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Virgil Riley, Normal, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Sergt. W. L. Riley, Bloomington, 32d Railway Engineers, A. E. F.
William R. Rinehart, Gridley, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Major Emmett Ringenberg, Gridley, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Bert L. Riseling, Bloomington, R. R., 33rd Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Cecil W. Riseling, Bloomington R. R. No. 5, 152d Aero Squadron.
Everett L. Risen, McLean, Navy, Great Lakes.
Corp. Howard Ritchie, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Lloyd Ritchie, Stanford, 329th Field Hospital, 308th Sanitary Train, A. E. F.
William Ritter, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Otto G. Rittmiller, Bloomington, Navy.

Walter Rittmiller, Bloomington, Limited Service, Jefferson Barracks.
Rex Roach, Saybrook, Infantry.
William E. Roach, Normal, Co. E, 31st Engineers, A. E. F.
Frank L. Roads, Bloomington, Navy.
Charles E. Robbins, Lexington, Co. I, 45th Infantry, Camp Sherman.
Brockway Roberts, Bloomington, Canadian Army.
Holland D. Roberts, Danvers, Medical Corps, Washington, D. C.
Owen A. Roberts, Normal, Wagoner, 108th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Bryon Roberts, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Meade.
R. V. Roberts, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. R. J. Robertson, Arsenal Ordnance Dept., San Antonio, Texas.
Sergt. Jesse Robison, Danvers, Co. G, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Marshall Robison, Danvers, Aviation.
Travis Robison, Danvers, Aviation.
Bernie J. Robinson, (colored), Co. D, 366th Infantry, A. E. F.
Paul C. Robinson, Hudson, Co. F, Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. Richard J. Robinson, Normal, Co. D, 42d Engineers, A. E. F.
Thomas J. Robinson, Normal, Co. A, U. S. Engineers, A. E. F.
Vernon J. Robinson, Bloomington, 336th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. William Robinson, Arrowsmith, Co. B, 312th Supply Train, A. E. F.
Corp. Frank J. Robitske, Bloomington, Mechanic, Co. 503, Infantry, A. E. F.
W. A. Rockhold, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Harry Rockwell, Danvers, Co. D, 315th Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. Henry Rockwell, Danvers, Motor Transport Corps, Fort Benjamin Harrison.
Sergt. Maurice Rockwell, Bloomington, Machine Gun Instruction, Camp Hancock.
Corp. Maurice Rockwell, Danvers, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Roscoe Rockwood, Bloomington, Infantry.
John M. Rodd, Bloomington, Infantry. Died of wounds.
Chester R. Rodgers, Shirley, Infantry, Camp Travis.
Joe Rodgers, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Howard Newton Rodman, Bloomington, Medical Corps. Died at Camp Dix of influenza.
J. Monroe Rodman, Bloomington, 644th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Edward P. Roe, Bloomington, Ordnance, Camp Dodge.
Harold J. Roe, Colfax, Infantry.
Roland P. Roe, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Nicholas.
Lee J. Roebuck, Bloomintgon, Canadian Army. Killed by aero accident.
Henry Roesch, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Bowie.
Byron Rogers, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Meade.
Corp. Clarence H. Rohlfling, Bellflower, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Paul DeLoss Rollins, Normal, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan.
Hugh Rolofson,Bloomington, Infantry, Richfield, Texas.
Lyle Rolofson, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
E. J. Roy, Lexington, Aviation, A. E. F.
Harry Roy, Leroy, Infantry.
George Ropp, Gridley, Co. M, 329th Infantry, A. E. F.
Ben Rose, Colfax, Co. C, 339th Machine Gun Battalion, Camp Dodge.
Ralph R. Rose, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sol Rosenberg, Bloomington, Co. M, 23d Engineers, A. E. F.
Earl Rosenberry, Gridley, Infantry, Fort Riley.
Frank Rosenbluth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lee Rosenbluth, Bloomington, Hospital Unit, A. E. F.
Alfred Ross, Bloomington, Seaman, Great Lakes. Died of influenza.
Charlotte R. Ross, McLean, Red Cross Nurse, A. E. F.
Arthur J. Ross, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Bert L. Ross, Bloomington, 37th Engineers, A. E. F.

B.F.Greenlee

F.M.Loring

J.B.Turnipseed

P.A.Guthrie

T.McFarland

H.J.Hughes

W.P.Baker.

M.I.Houser

H.Dougherty

R.A. White

C.L.Whiteman

I.W.Mont

T.R.Barrett

H.E.Hefner

Orville H. Ross, Bloomington, 106th Am. Tr., A. E. F.
Robert Ross, Leroy, Infantry.
Talmadge Ross, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Theodore Ross, Bloomington, Navy.
Arthur E. Rosschinsky, Bloomington, Electrician, Jefferson Barracks.
Benedict J. Roth, Chenoa, Medical Dept., 79th Field Artillery. Died of pneumonia in France.
Floyd Roth, Bloomington, Aviation Machinist.
Fred C. Roth, Stanford, Marines, A. E. F.
H. G. Rothermel, Bloomington, Infantry.
Floyd Rothwell, Hudson, Infantry.
Elbert Rousey, McLean, Infantry, Camp Upton.
J. H. Routh, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Rowan, Bloomington, 64th Infantry, A. E. F. Gassed in action.
George D. Rowan, Bloomington, 13th Battery Anti-aircraft Artillery, A. E. F.
Roy Rowley, Normal, Infantry.
Jesse Ruble, Coast Artillery.
Rev. W. Rudd, Cooksville, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
Ralph Rudiger, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Clayton Rulon, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William J. Runger, Shirley, Co. F, 349th Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Lawrence Rush, Normal, Signal Corps.
Harry Rusmisell, Stanford, Co. E, 106th Engineers. Died in France of pneumonia.
Belmont Russell, Leroy, Infantry.
Don Russell, Bloomington, Aviation, Kelly Field.
Harold Russell, Bloomington, Radio School, F. A., Camp Taylor, Ky.
Sergt. Howard Russell, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Meigs.
Loren Russell, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Louis B. Russell, Carlock, 81 Artillery, A. E. F.
Chief Q. M. Lawrence Rust, Bloomington, Naval Aviation.
David Rutledge, Leroy, Infantry.
Sergt. Wesley Ruyle, Normal, Co. F, 331st Infantry. Killed in action.
Frank Ryan, Bloomington, 1st Class Machinist, Navy, A. E. F.
Harry Ryan, Bloomington, Navy, Marines.
James Ryan, Bloomington, Radio, Navy, Great Lakes.
Mervin Ryan, Bloomington, Navy, Philadelphia.
Ralph Ryan, Bloomington, Infantry, 128th Regiment, A. E. F.
William Ryan, Bloomington, Infantry.

S

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major Alonzo Lee Sargent, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. Harry Saddler, Bloomington, Co. M, 388th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Thomas Sammon, Bloomington, Machine Gun Co., Camp Hancock.
Capt. Charles R. Sanderson, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Georgia.
Lieut. Geo. Wells Sargent, Bloomington, Dental Co. No. 1, Camp Greenleaf.
Capt. Frank E. Sayer, Normal, Medical Corps, Great Lakes.
Lieut. Henry Schneider, Normal, Q. M. Corps, Camp Dodge.
Major R. W. Schroeder, Bloomington, Aviation, McCook Field.
Lieut. W. B. Scurlock, Colfax, Machine Gun, A. E. F.
Lieut. Eugene Schrook, Bloomington, 57th Infantry, Moonshine Hill, Texas.
Lieut. Roscoe Schuirman, Chenoa, Navy, Admiral's Aide Submarine Commander.
Col. Walter Dill Scott, Cooksville, Psychologist, A. E. F.

Lieut. J. L. Scotton, Anchor, Infantry, Camp Raritan, N. J.
Lieut. Byron E. Shirley, Bloomington, Instructor in Cavalry, 14th Regt., A. E. F.
Capt. Charles E. Shultz, Shirley, Medical Corps, Camp Greenleaf and Camp Taylor, Assigned to Artillery.
Capt. Guy W. Skinner, Hudson, 340th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Dudley C. Smith, Normal, Depot Brigade, 10th Inf., Camp Custer.
Lieut. Joseph Smith, Infantry, Reserve Corps, A. E. F.
Lieut. William F. Smith, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Oglethorpe.
Capt. Horace Soper, Bloomington, Ordnance Dept., A. E. F.
Major Willard Soper, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Major J. C. Springstead, Saybrook, Q. M. Corps, Camp Meade.
Capt. A. M. Spurgin, Bloomington, Dental Corps, Camp McArthur.
Lieut. William Spurgin, Bloomington, Aviation, Langley Field.
Ensign Glen Stables, Lexington, Harvard Radio.
Lieut. Verne G. Staten, Bloomington, 34th Infantry, 1st Div., A. E. F.
Lieut. Willis Stearles (colored), Bloomington, 8th Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Frank H. Sterling, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Motor Transport, Camp Meigs.
Lieut. Ansel F. Stubblefield, McLean, Motor Truck Transportation, A.E.F.
Lieut. Charles P. Sullivan, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Lieut. Walter N. Sutherland, Bloomington, 49th Infantry, A. E. F.

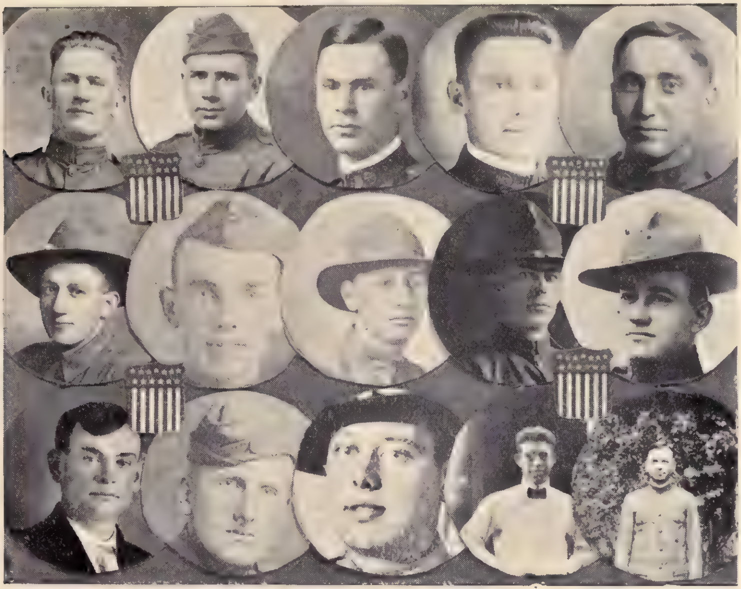
ENLISTED MEN

Otto Sablotzski, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Base Hos., Camp Oteen, N. C.
Sergt. Harlan W. Sachs, Towanda, Med Detach., Inf., 89th Div., A. E. F.
Paul A. Sackett, Bloomington, Co. B, 352d Infantry, Camp Dodge.
H. D. Saddler, Bloomington, Infantry.
Edmond Sage, Bloomington, Co. D, 142d Infantry, A. E. F.
Willis Sage, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Merritt.
Grant Sallade, Bloomington, Co. B, 48th Infantry, Camp Sevier.
James J. Salmon, Bloomington, 34th Engineers.
Maurice J. Salmon, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Otto M. Salmon, Bloomington, Engineering, Camp Dix.
Harley Saltzman, Carlock, 164th Ambulance Train. Died from wounds.
Frank L. Salzman, Carlock, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Delmas H. Sample, Normal, Second Class Yeoman, Navy.
James J. Sammon, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dix.
Jay Sammon, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Fla.
Maurice A. Sammon, Bloomington, Infantry.
Thomas Sammon, Bloomington, Medical Department.
William Sammon, Bloomington, Engineers, A. E. F.
Carlos L. Sampson, Randolph, Infantry.
Charles Sampson, Bloomington, Navy.
Corp. Mack Samuels, Bloomington, Co. A, 809th Pioneer Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy Sanborn, Bloomington, Navy.
Harold Sandall, Bloomington, 84th Co., 6th Regiment, Marines, A. E. F.
Malcolm Sanders, Stanford, Infantry.
Paul H. Sanderson, Bloomington, 6th Marines, 83rd Co., A. E. F. Wounded.
J. Nat Sands, Ensign School, Municipal Pier, Chicago.
Carl Sandstrom, Bloomington, 215th M. P. Co., 77th Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Robert S. Sanford, Normal, 139th Aero Squadron, A. E. F. Meuse, Argonne.
James E. Sappington, Leroy, Infantry.
Edward O. Sargent, Leroy, Aviation.
Fordyce Sargent, Leroy, Aviation.

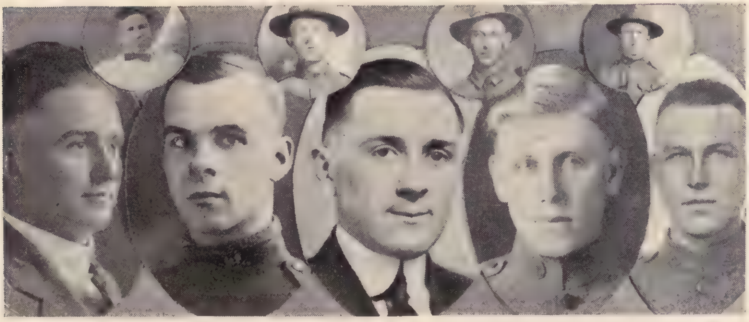
Corp. Lee Sargent, Bloomington, Co. B, 19th Bat. U. S. Guards, Beaumont, Texas.
Sergt. L. H. Sarver, Chenoa, 5th Field Artillery, Camp Jackson, S. C.
Earl Saunders, Bloomington, Ship Yards, Hog Island.
H. E. Saunder, Bloomington, Clerical, Ship Yards, Philadelphia.
George Sauter, Gridley, Co. E, 4th U. S. Infantry, A. E. F. Germany.
Archie Sayers, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 325th Infantry, A. E. F.
C. N. Sayers, Bloomington, Ensign School, Municipal Pier.
Chester J. Scanlan, Bloomington, U. S. M. R. F.
Taylor N. Scarberry, Normal, Co. I, 50th Infantry, Camp Meigs.
Archie N. Schaefer, Normal, War Work, Washington, D. C.
August A. Schaefer, Normal, Camp Bradley.
Roland A. Schaefer, Bloomington, Navy.
Albert E. Schalla, Bloomington, Navy.
Albert Scharf, Bloomington, Co. C, 305th Infantry, 77th Div., A. E.F.
Lee H. Schertz, Hudson, Infantry, A. E. F.
Carolyn Mabel Schertz, Bloomington, Nurse, Hosp. Unit W, England.
Louis Schertz, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
August D. Schewe, Bloomington, 67th Balloon Co., Air Service, Camp Wise.
Samuel E. Schliff, Gridley, Auxiliary Remount Depot, Q. M. Corps, Centaur, Georgia.
Hobert Schifflet, Leroy, Infantry, and Medical Corps, New Haven, Conn.
Harry J. Schleeter, Colfax, Infantry.
Merle Schlosser, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. J. J. Schlott; Bloomington, Co. C, 64th Infantry, A. E. F.
Chris M. Schmidt, Bloomington, Plumber.
Henry Schmidt, Bloomington, Infantry.
John A. Schmidt, Anchor, Bat. E, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Bernhart Schneider, Bloomington, Co. D, 108th Engineers, A. E. F.
John F. Schneider, Weston, Co. A, 49th Infantry, A. E. F.
John H. Schneider, Bloomington, Infantry.
Fred Schnitker, Stanford, Infantry.
Sergt. Roy Schofield, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Scholl, Colfax, 12th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Henry T. Scholl, Bloomington, Infantry.
Earl Schoppe, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Gus Schott, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Eugene Schreiber, Bloomington, Radio.
Gustave Schreiber, Shirley, Co. B, 34th Infantry, A. E. F.
August C. Schroeder, Bloomington, 12th Bat., Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Fred C. Schroeder, Chenoa, Machine Gun, 132d Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Schroeder, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Harry H. Schroeder, Bloomington, Navy.
Herbert Schroeder, Bloomington, Ship Yards. Died of pneumonia at Baltimore.
Robert Schroeder, Bloomington, Co. A, 4th Infantry, A. E. F.
George Schuler, Colfax, 102d Infantry, A. E. F.
Howard Schuler, Bloomington, Bat. A, 21st Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Albert Schultz, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Joseph A. Schultz, Bloomington, Medical Detachment 35th Infantry, A. E. F.
Louis W. Schultz, Bloomington, 137th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Andrew Schulz, Bloomington, Infantry, Del Rio, Texas.
Miss Alliene Schureman, Saybrook, Army Nurse, Camp Taylor.
Miss Mabel Schureman, Saybrook, Army Nurse, Camp Taylor.
A. Schureman, Chenoa, Infantry.
Charles A. Schureman, Saybrook, Bat. D, 37th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Arthur E. Schwab, Bloomington, Camp Supply Dept., Camp Eustis.
Walford A. Schwab, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes Hospital School.

Charles Schwader, Bloomington, Infantry. Died in France from wounds.
Harry Schwager, Chenoa, Infantry.
E. A. Schwartz, Bloomington, Navy.
John A. Schwartz, Brokaw, 330th Infantry, A. E. F.
William Schwindler, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sampel Schwartz, Bloomington, Co. K, 34th Infantry, A. E. F.
W. J. Schwartz, Bloomington, Signal Corps, Camp Meade, Md.
Clarence Emil Scott, Ellsworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
Gerald Scott, Bloomington, Navy.
Sergt. Harley H. Scott, Leroy, Co. H, 345th Infantry, Camp Dix.
Homer M. Scott, Cooksville, Bat. D, 66th Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Orval Scott, Leroy, 43d Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Corp. Ralph Scott, Saybrook, Q. M. Corps.
Raymond G. Scott, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Shirley C. Scott, Colfax, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
William L. Scott, Leroy, Infantry.
Leo Scrogin, Lexington, 162d Medical Corps, Camp Lewis.
James Scurlock, Lexington, 152d Infantry, Camp Shelby.
Irba A. Seale, Lexington, 129th Infantry, A. E. F.
Glenn Sears, Bloomington, Navy, Hampton Roads.
James H. Sears, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Btn., 33rd Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Louis C. Sears, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th M. G. Bat., A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Gordon Sebastian, Danvers, Navy.
Lyle Sebastian, Danvers, Navy.
Leonard L. Sebastian, Bloomington, Hospital Corps.
Edgar Mason See, Leroy, Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
J. E. Seeflute, Bloomington, 23d Co., 60th Training Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. Carl W. Seeger, Holder, Q. M. Dept., Camp Pike.
Walter C. Seeger, Bloomington, Co. M, 326th Infantry. Died from wounds.
Elbert Sefton, Danvers, Infantry.
Ray Seffer, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph Seibert, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Otto Seidel, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Elmer Seifert, Anchor, Infantry, Camp Forrest.
Edmund M. Seiser, Bloomington, R. R. Co. C, 131st Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred Seldt, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. William C. Sellers, Bloomington, Co. B, 809 Pioneer Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Ferdinand Senseney, Bloomington, Artillery, Camp Eustis.
Harry J. Severns, 17th U. S. Cavalryman Troop I.
Lester R. Seymour, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Ira D. Shade, Bloomington, Coast Dept., Navy, Akron, Ohio.
David J. Shadid, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Wheeler, Ga.
George Shaffer, Chenoa, Infantry.
Thomas Shanahan, Bloomington, Aviation.
Francis Shannon, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lawrence Shannon, Bloomington, Officers' Training Camp, Fort Riley.
C. Raymond Shannon, Bloomington, 108th Engineers, A. E. F.
Earl Shaw,
Charles Shearer, Bloomington, 4th U. S. Infantry, A. E. F.
William M. Shepherd, Stanford, Navy.
Leo P. Sherburne, Bloomington, Railroad Regiment, A. E. F. Killed in action.
Charles Sheridan, Chenoa, Infantry.
Mary Sheridan, Bloomington, Nurse, Base Hospital 77, A. E. F.
John Sheridan, Chenoa, Infantry.
Emery L. Sherman, Carlock, Artillery.

Phillip Shermer, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Camp Jackson.
Leland Sherrill, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Frank Shields, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Sergt. Major Henry Shields, Normal, 677th Aero Squadron, Morrison, Va.
Corp. Tilgham Shields, Normal, Fortress Monroe.
Hobart Shifflet, Leroy, Infantry.
Ray Shifflet, Leroy, 138th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Lloyd Shoemaker, Carlock, Infantry, A. E. F.
Clayton B. Sholty, Bloomington, Aviation. Died at Jefferson Barracks of pneumonia.
Millard F. Shopman, McLean, Artillery.
Howard V. Short, Bloomington, Infantry, Hattiesburg, Miss.
Justin Short, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Frazier Shorthose, Danvers, Co. 5, 160th Depot Brigade, Camp Custer.
Park F. Shorthose, Covel, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Shorthose, Danvers, Infantry.
Lewis Shotwell, Lexington, Co. I, 4th Infantry, Camp Sevier.
Raymond J. Shotwell, Normal, Medical Corps, Navy, Norfolk, Va.
Clayton Shotty, Stanford, Infantry.
Sergt. Fred Shoup, Bloomington, Co. G, 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Joseph W. Shoup, Towanda, Machine Gun Co., 331st Infantry, A. E. F.
E. G. Shrock, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Leon M. Shugart, Chenoa, 129th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Robert Z. Shugart, Chenoa, Camp Gordon, Officers' Training.
Robert E. Shull, Bloomington, Medical Corps.
Ralph J. Siebert, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
L. C. Sieberns, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Oscar W. Sieberns, Gridley, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
George Siewertson, Normal, Navy, A. E. F.
Lloyd Sill, Normal, Co. D, 8th Engineers, A. E. F.
Lee Silvers, Leroy, Infantry.
George R. Simons, Normal, Co. L, Unit 527, Q. M. Corps, A. E. F. Died in France.
John Simmons, Bloomington, Aviation, Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. Miles Gaylor Simons, Bloomington, 22d Div., Engineers, A. E. F.
Park Simmons, Normal, Battery D, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Roy M. Simpkins, Bloomington, Co. C, 328th Infantry, A. E. F.
Russell I. Simkins, Bloomington, Surgical Assistant, Med. Corps, U. S. Camp, Rock Island, Ill.
Sergt. Carl Howard Simpson, Normal, 11th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Frank Simpson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Corp. Henry L. Simpson, Anchor, Battery D, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Leslie G. Simpson, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Rock Island.
Louis F. Simpson, Infantry.
Edgar E. Sims, Shirley, Engineer Corps, Camp Forrest, Ga.
William B. Sims, Downs, 1st Class Fireman, U. S. S. Olympia.
Corp. Ivan T. Sisco, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
George Sittig, Co. B, 14th M. G. B., A. E. F.
Elzier Skaggs, Heyworth, Infantry.
John Skaggs, Heyworth, Infantry.
Arthur Skidmore, Towanda, 337th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Sergt. George A. Skidmore, Towanda, 337th Machine Gun Bat. A. E. F.
Cleon Skillman, Bloomington, Cadet, Aviation, Dallas, Texas.
James A. Skillman, Bloomington, Medical Corps, New York City.
Corp. Loyal Skillman, Leroy, Signal Corps, 91st Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Abe L. Skinner, Hudson, 162d Company, U. S. M. A., Philadelphia.
Corp. Asa W. Skinner, Hudson, Co. L, 23d Engineers, A. E. F.



Top Row (left to right)—Roy Shifflet, George Sauter, Howard E. Sutherland, Grover C. Stevens, Carl Seeger.
Second Row—Otto Sablotzke, H. H. Stevenson, A. D. Schewe, Loyal Skillman, Carl H. Simpson.
Third Row—Fred L. Strange, Roy M. Simkins, George R. Simons, Maurice A. Salmon, Earl T. Smith.



Upper Row (left to right)—Homer Osborn, J. Lindley Oliver, Geol. L. Olson, Otto Lee Oxley.
Lower Row—Alvin B. Otto, Lloyd E. Orendorff, Donald F. O'Neil, George W. Ostrum, Donald A. Ortman.

Fred Skinner, Normal, Co. F, 106th Engineers. Died of pneumonia in Glasgow.
Fred S. Skinner, Gridley, Co. F, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Gersham J. Skinner, Bloomington, 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harlow Skinner (colored), Bloomington, 8th Infantry, A. E. F.
Howard Skinner, Bloomington, Navy, Signal Corps.
John E. Skinner, Towanda, Machine Gun Co., 310th Infantry, A. E. F.
J. H. Skinner, Bloomington, Infantry.
Carl Slagle, Heyworth, Infantry.
Leonard Slagle, Heyworth, Infantry.
Arthur Slater, Bloomington, Q. M. Mechanic.
Corp. L. E. Slocum, Bloomington, Bat. F, 17th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
A. Smail, Chenoa, Infantry.
Harley A. Small, Bloomington, Co. B, 64th Infantry, A. E. F.
Jesse E. Small, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Rahway, N. J.
H. P. Smallwood, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Shelby C. Small, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Edna May Smiley, Bloomington, Nurse, A. E. F.
Omar Smeltz, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Robert C. Smiley, Bloomington, Med. Supply Depot, Q. M. Corps.
Sergt. Arthur T. Smith, Bloomington, Medical Depot, Camp Logan.
Bee Smiley, Bloomington, Co. B, 9th Infantry, A. E. F.
Arthur W. Smith, Bloomington, Base Hospital, Camp Grant.
Miss Alice Smith, Normal, Red Cross Nurse, Mobile Hosp. No. 2, A. E. F.
Alva H. Smith, Carlock, Infantry. Died in Liverpool of influenza.
Chief Yeoman Carl Smith, Bloomington, Naval Ordnance, Washington, D. C.
Miss Catherine Belle Smith, Bloomington, Nurse, Red Cross, Camp Dodge.
Charles D. Smith, Randolph, Mobile Laundry Co. 312, A. E. F.
Charles F. Smith, Gridley, Infantry. Died from wounds.
Charles R. Smith, Bloomington, Bat. C, 8th Regt., C. A. Brigade, A. E. F.
Charles J. Smith, Bloomington, Co. D, 3rd Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles W. Smith, Farmer City, 68th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Clarence G. Smith, Bloomington, 82d Artillery, Ft. Bliss, Texas.
Clarkson W. Smith, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Dodge.
Claude M. Smith, Heyworth, Navy, Radio, Norfolk.
Earl Smith, Cooksville, Officers' Tr., Camp Taylor. Died there of pneumonia.
Sergt. Frank L. Smith, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Funston.
George E. Smith, Lexington, Infantry. Died of pneumonia in France.
George A. Smith, Anchor, Infantry.
George H. Smith, Bloomington, Co. D, 103d Ammunition Train, A. E. F.
Jack Smith (colored), Bloomington, 8th Infantry, A. E. F.
Jacob Smith, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps.
James P. Smith, Bloomington, Sanitary Depot, A. E. F.
Joseph F. Smith, Bloomington.
Syle A. Smith, Bloomington, Infantry.
Mack Smith, Anchor, Infantry, A. E. F.
Melvin Smith, Cooksville, Infantry.
Oran C. Smith, Bloomington, 319th Engineers, A. E. F.
Ray K. Smith, Downs, Machine Gun Co., Georgia.
R. Smith, Chenoa, Infantry.
William P. Smith, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Walter T. Smith, Bloomington, Amb. Co. 350, 88th Div., A. E. F.
William Price Smith, Normal, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., 33d Div., A. E. F.
Benjamin R. Smock, Leroy, Infantry.
Robert Smock, Leroy, Infantry.
Floyd M. Smythe, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Sergt. Fred Snavely, Hudson, Headquarters 173d Infantry, A. E. F.

Lyle K. Snavely, Bloomington, R. R. 6, Field Artillery.
Roy Snedaker, Bloomington, Co. A, 39th Infantry, A. E. F.
Elmer Sniff, Heyworth, Co. E, 8th Infantry, Camp Fremont.
Frank Sniff, Heyworth, Infantry, 7th Prov. Co., Camp McArthur.
Ray Sniff, Heyworth, Infantry.
William Snitter, Cooksville, Infantry.
Pen Snodgrass, Towanda, Co. E, 144th Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles Snow, Bloomington, Aviation, Naval Reserve, Minneapolis.
Fred Snow, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F. Taken prisoner.
D. G. Snow, McLean, Infantry, Massachusetts.
Charles F. Snyder, Bloomington, Battery A, 72 Regt. Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Kenneth Snyder, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Wilbur Snyder, Lexington, 27th Prov. Co., Camp McArthur.
O. E. Sohn, Saybrook, with the Canadian Army.
Corp. Cecil Spaid, 13th Field Artillery, 4th Div., A. E. F.
Edwin D. Speere, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Sergt. Arthur R. Spelbring, 17th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. Jesse G. Spence, Bloomington, Military Police. Died at Quantico.
Ross H. Spencer, Stanford, Co. B, 3rd Infantry, El Paso, Texas.
Roy Spencer, Stanford, Chemical Develp. Div., Cleveland, Ohio.
Bennie Spiedle, Bloomington, Co. B, 168th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Albert M. Spier, Bloomington, Motor Convoy Service, A. E. F.
John H. Sprau, Towanda, 162d R. T. C.
Arthur L. Springer, Bloomington, Battery B, 50th Artillery, A. E. F.
William M. Springer, Stanford, Air Service, Balloon Div., Camp John Wise, San Antonio, Texas.
George G. Sprouse, Saybrook, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat. Wounded.
Sergt. Valley L. Staffen, Bloomington, Motor Transports, Fort Riley.
Roy L. Staker, Bloomington, 32d Engineers. Wounded in France.
Alva Staley, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Elmo Staley, Leroy, Naval Aviation.
Henry E. Stappenbeck, Bloomington, Q. M. C., U. S. Camp.
Corp. Keith Stark, Holder, Infantry, A. E. F.
Orro Stark, Bloomington, 106th Ammunition Train, A. E. F.
George P. Stautz, Bloomington, attached Medical Supply Unit, A. E. F.
Ellsworth Stephens, Hudson, 6th Co., Coast Artillery, Fort Wright.
Ervin Steinman, Chenoa, Infantry.
H. Claude Steininger, Normal, Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Corp. Fred B. Stephens, Bloomington, 161st Ambulance Co., First Army, A. E. F.
Clyde Stephenson, Leroy, Infantry.
Ray Stephenson, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. David B. Stevenson, (colored), Bloomington, 30th Infantry. Killed in action.
Grover C. Stevens, Heyworth, Infantry, M. P., U. S. Camp.
Joseph G. Stevens, Heyworth, Infantry, Prisoner of War Escort 272, A. E. F.
Ralph Stevens, Bloomington, Infantry.
Howard H. Stevenson, Bloomington, Musician, 49th Coast Artillery.
John Stevenson, Bloomington, Signal Corps, Fort Leavenworth.
Corp. Raymond Stevenson, Bloomington, 161st Depot Brigade, Camp Grant.
Sergt. Roy J. Stevenson, Bloomington, Machine Gun Co. 3, 370th Infantry, A. E. F.
W. H. Stevenson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Archie F. Stewart, Heyworth, Musician, 106th Engineers. Died at sea.
Sergt. Bradford Stewart, Normal, Headquarters Co., 40th Engineers, A. E. F.
George Stewart, Normal, 21st Field Artillery, A. E. F.

Sergt. Hanley J. Stewart, Bloomington, Field Hospital No. 18, Fort Riley, Kansas.
Sergt. John Wakefield Stewart, Bat. E, 5th Field Art., Camp Taylor.
Neil Stewart, Cooksville, Infantry.
Ralph Stewart, Bloomington, Drum Major, Marine Band, Panama.
Rex Stewart, Bloomington, Co. B, 370th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Earl T. Sticklen, Colfax, Utilities Company, Camp Wheeler.
Harvey L. Stiegelmeier, Bloomington, Machine Gun Btn., 35th Div., A. E. F.
Walter Stieglemeier, Bloomington, Co. B, 130th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Emmett Stiger, Bloomington.
Arthur Stiger, Bloomington, Infantry, Evacuation Hospital No. 49, Coblenz,
Abe Stillburg, Bloomington, Navy, Norfolk.
John Stillman, Normal, 12th Field Artillery, Fort Bliss.
Sergt. J. T. Stine, Saybrook, 88th Co., Marines, Philadelphia.
J. H. Stiner, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Stanley Stivers, Normal, Aviation, Signal Corps.
Sergt. Ernest F. Stockdale, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Camp Dix.
Burdett Stone, Normal, Infantry, Charlotte, N. C.
Edmund B. Stone, 4th Engineers Train, Army of Occupation, A. E. F.
Harry L. Stone, Normal, 34th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Leslie Stone, Bloomington, Infantry.
Clarence Denver Stoops, Cooksville, 115th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harvey R. Storm, Bloomington, Aviation Signal Corps, Fort Wright.
Claude Story, Leroy, Infantry.
Lester B. Stout, Stanford, Co. B, 122d Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Walter W. Stoutamoyer, Lexington, Infantry.
William W. Strain, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Fred Strange, Bloomington, 315th Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. Roy A. Strain, Bloomington, Supply Dept., 135th Base Hospital, Camp Wadsworth.
Russell Strange, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Champaign.
George Strayer, Bloomington. Died at Shipyards, Philadelphia, Pa.
Elmer C. Straub, Bloomington, Machine Gun, 37th Infantry, A. E. F.
Cris L. Streenz, Bloomington, R. R. 2, Q. M. M. R. S., San Antonio, Texas. Died in service.
Bertie Stretch, Colfax, Infantry.
Everett Stretch, Lexington, Navy, Hospital Corps.
George Stretch, Colfax, Infantry.
Robert M. Strickle, Bloomington, Naval Reserve, Municipal Pier.
Sergt. Ross Strickle, Bloomington, 36th Aero Photography, Rantoul.
William Stroh, Anchor. Died at Camp Mills.
Bernard Strongman, Cooksville, 60th Coast Artillery, Musician, A. E. F.
Harry Strubhar, Danvers, Clerical.
Corp. Gus Struve, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Hancock.
Clifford Stubblefield, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Ivan R. Stubblefield, M. F., A. E. F.
Paul N. Stubblefield, M. F., A. E. F.
Sergt. Phillis D. Stubblefield, Normal, Engine Truck Co. 457, Regulating Station Q. M. Dept., A. E. F.
Corp. Warren Stubblefield, Normal, Battery C, 68th Regt. C, Artillery, A. E. F.
Guy Stubblefield, Normal, Infantry.
Roy P. Stuckey, Danvers, discharged in camp.
Lyle S. Stuckey, Danvers, discharged in camp.
Corp. Floyd Sturgeon, Leroy, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Corp. Frank S. Sturgeon, Leroy, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Chester E. Stutzman, Carlock, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Clarence Stutzman, Chenoa, Infantry.

Russel Stutzman, Bloomington, Co. B, Training Dept., Valparaiso.
Howard Stutzman, Danvers, Infantry.
Jacob J. Suter, Bloomington, 5th Reg., Marines, A. E. F.
Wilbur Subke, Covel, Artillery, A. E. F.
George B. Sweeney, Bloomington, R. R. No. 2, Machine Gun, A. E. F. Gassed and wounded.
Leslie Reuben Sutter, Towanda, Auto Mechanic, U. S. Camp.
Orel Summers, Bellflower, Infantry.
Edmund W. Sutherland, Bloomington, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant.
Fred O. Sutter, Heyworth, Air Service.
Joseph Sweeney, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Bowie.
Martin B. Sweeney, Bloomington, Railway Engineers.
William J. Sweeney, Bloomington, Navy Electrician, A. E. F.
Corp. Theodore Swigart, Farmer City, Navy, S. A. T. C., Champaign.
Godfrey Swanson, Bloomington, Co. L, 18th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
R. L. Swindler, Bloomington, Infantry.
John H. Swearingen, McLean, Bat. A, 6th Trench Mortar, A. E. F.
George Swinehart, Cooksville, Fort Sherman, Medical Detachment.
Wm. Swearingen, McLean, Co. B, 64th Infantry, A. E. F.

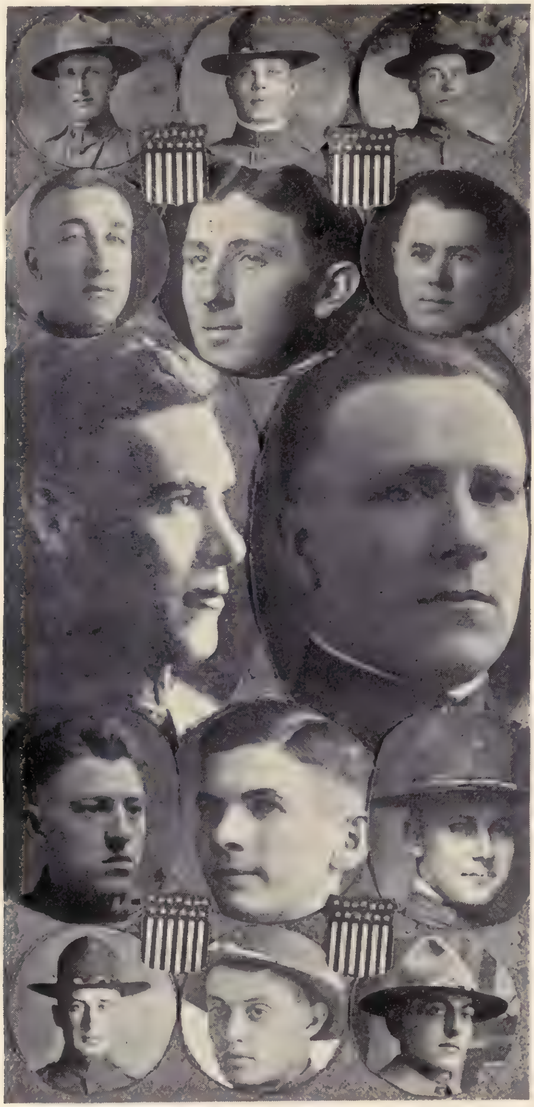
T

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Capt. Frank Tatman, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Harry H. Tenney, Bloomington, Infantry, 35th, 27th, 89th Div., A. E. F.
Lieut. Gerald C. Thomas, Bloomington, 75th Co., 6th Marines, A. E. F.
Lieut. H. C. Thomas, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Sill.
Lieut. Lee Thompson, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. O. M. Thompson, Leroy, Medical Corps, Fort Riley.
Lieut. Harold Tice, Saybrook, Infantry, Fortress Monroe.
Lieut. Otto P. Tieman, Bloomington, Artillery, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. Frank Tobias, Normal, Co. B, 322d Infantry, 81st Div., A. E. F.
Capt. Morrell Tomlin, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ensign Marion Collier Troster, Bellflower, U. S. N. R. F.
Lieut. Col. O. J. Troster, Bellflower, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Clarence Turner, Bloomington, Infantry, Panama.
Lieut. Chester Twaddle, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Lieut. Frank E. Tyler, Infantry, A. E. F.

ENLISTED MEN

John Tain, Leroy, Infantry.
Graham D. Talbert, Bloomington, Fort Wright.
William L. Talbert, Bloomington, Infantry.
James Tallon Bloomington, Radio Co. H, 3rd U. S. Infantry.
Dean Tanner, Stanford, Aviation, Fort Logan, Amb. Co. 2.
Ralph A. Tanner, Stanford, Medical Corps.
Carl H. Tappe, Bloomington, Petty Officer, Navy, U. S. S. Panther, A. E. F.
Paul Tarent, Bloomington, 370th U. S. Infantry. Wounded in action.
F. L. Tarvin, Bloomington, Navy.
Glenn Tatman, Bloomington, Carpenter's Mate, Navy, A. E. F.
Horton E. Tatman, Normal, Chief Carpenter's Mate, Naval Aviation, A. E. F.
John C. Tatman, Bloomington, Navy.
Earl R. Taubeneck, Bloomington, Spruce Squadron, Washington.



Top Row (left to right)—August G. Gildner, George Gildner, Leo Gildner.

Second Row—William E. Greiner, Colvin R. Gentes, E. Gill.

Third Row—Forest E. Green, Lester H. Gesell.

Fourth Row—Otto Gunther, Lloyd F. Golliday, Arthur L. Gerling.

Bottom Row—Clarence E. Gilmore, Lester I. Gilmore, Glen A. Gilmore.

Ignatius Taubeneck, Army of Occupation, A. E. F.
Carl Tawner, Leroy, Infantry.
Chalmer Taylor, Leroy, S. A. T. C.
Maurice Taylor, Danvers, Infantry.
Earl Taylor, Bloomington, Musician, Great Lakes.
Eugene Taylor, Leroy, S. A. T. C.
Milo C. Taylor, Bloomington, Chief Engineer Housing Dept., Shipping Board.
Robert Taylor, Leroy, Infantry.
William V. Taylor, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
Myron S. Tee, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Washington, D. C., Camp Meigs.
Q.M. Sergt. Samuel M. Tee, Bloomington, Camp Meigs, Washington, Q. M. Dept.
Joseph E. Templin, Co. D, 3d Infantry.
George B. Tenney, Bloomington, 307th Am. Tr., 82d Div., A. E. F.
Benjamin J. Terven, Towanda, Co. B, 130th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
William Teske, Bloomington, 167th Infantry, A. E. F.
Andrew Teegan, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. John W. Teter, Downs, Coast Artillery.
F. Thatcher, Bloomington, 8th Infantry, A. E. F.
Raymond Theis, Bloomington, Navy.
Charles Thoele, Bloomington, Co. H, 7th Infantry, A. E. F.
Frank M. Thoennes, Bloomington; Musician, 106th Engineers. Died in Glasgow of pneumonia.
Otto A. Thoennes, Bloomington, 1st Class Musician, U. S. Navy.
Arthur B. Thomas, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Carl A. Thomas, Bloomington, Co. D, 46th Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
Sergt. Charles Thomas, (colored), Bloomington, Infantry, 370th Regiment, A. E. F.
David Thomas, Bloomington, Infantry, 3d Div., A. E. F. Gassed in action.
George M. Thomas, Bloomington, Co. D, 14th Cavalry, Fort Houston.
Glenn Thomas, Stanford, Infantry.
Sergt. Harry A. Thomas, Bloomington, 155th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Herman L. Thomas, Ellsworth, Co. K, 326th Infantry, A. E. F.
Jacob L. Thomas, Stanford, Co. G, 121st Infantrv, 31st Div., A. E. F.
Lewis Joseph Thomas, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan, Bloomington.
R. S. Thomas, Bloomington, Infantry, Rifle Instruction, Marine Corps, Paris Island, S. C.
Shelton Thomas, Bloomington, Marines, Newport News.
Corp. Charles A. Thompson, Saybrook, Bat. E, 68th Regiment, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Clarence W. Thompson, Arrowsmith, Co. D, 8th Infantry, A. E. F.
Bugler Daniel Ford Thompson, Hudson, Co. K, 11th Infantry, A. E. F.
Earl Thompson, Colfax, Infantry.
George Thompson, Danvers, Infantry.
Guy E. Thompson, McLean, Infantry, 4th Div., A. E. F.
James G. Thompson, Colfax, Infantry.
Corp. J. S. Thompson, Bloomington, 330th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Kenneth A. Thompson, Bloomington, Aviation, Americus, Ga.
Sergt. Maurice W. Thompson, Bloomington, Co. D, 318th Engineers, A. E. F.
Ralph R. Thompson, Co. K, 143d Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph R. Thompson, Arrowsmith, Aviation, Chanute Field.
R. H. Thompson, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Rex Thompson, Bloomington, 256th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Roy Thompson, Bloomington, Am. Tr., Fire Div., A. E. F. Gassed.
William A. Thompson, Bloomington, Navy.
Carl Thoms, Bloomington R. R. No. 5, Navy.
Carl Thornton, Bloomington, Navy.

Sylvester Thorpe, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Victor J. Thorp, Bloomington, Field Artillery, Bat. E, A. E. F.
Clarence Thrasher, Bloomington, 95th Infantry, Headquarters Co., A. E. F.
John W. Thrasher, Bloomington, Infantry.
J. H. Throgmorton, Bloomington, Co. A, 309th Engineers, A. E. F.
Byron Tice, Leroy, Infantry.
Harold Tice, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Corp. William G. Tice, Normal, 155th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Corp. Thomas O. Tiffin, Normal, Bat. F, 6th Reg., Field Art., Camp Pike.
Edward Timler, Bloomington, Co. C, 315th Engineers, A. E. F.
Ferdinand Timler, Bloomington, Q. M., Newport News.
William Timler, Bloomington, Fort Wright.
Corp. Clarence E. Tinervin, Bloomington, Co. L, 36th Engineers, A. E. F.
Sergt. Joseph E. Tipsord, Saybrook, Supply Co., 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
Albert C. Tock, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept.
Corp. Howard A. Tobias, Normal, Quartermasters, Arsenal, Camp Raritan, New York.
Floyd C. Tobin, Heyworth, 33rd Infantry, A. E. F.
C. L. Todd, Normal, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Carl Tohse, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Martin S. Toncheck, Carlock, Infantry.
Jesse R. Tongate, Saybrook, Co. F, 330th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harold J. Toohey, Bloomington, Third Class Fireman, Navy, Hampton Roads.
Frank Toohill, Heyworth, Infantry.
Sergt. Wayne C. Townley, Bloomington, Chemical Warfare Section, Baltimore.
J. W. Toy, Holder, Navy, Newport.
William Toy, Bloomington, U. S. Naval Reserve, Rhode Island.
John Tacey, Chenoa, Infantry.
William J. Tacey, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Rowland Traxely, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Floyd Traynor, Danvers, Navy, Charleston.
H. M. Trent, Bugler, Co. B, 124th M. G. B., A. E. F.
H. T. Trent, Bloomington, Navy.
Joseph Trimble, Bloomington, Co. D, 409 Ten Bat. S. C., A. E. F.
Albert Trimmer, Bloomington, S. A. T. C.
Elmer T. Trimpe, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ralph G. Troutman, Towanda, Co. M, 1st Am. Tr., 1st Div., now in Germany.
Clarence J. Troxel, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lloyd E. Troyer, Bloomington, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.
Elva J. Truax, Leroy, 106th Am. Tr.
Sergt. Carl A. Truitt, Bloomington, Co. A, 124th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F.
Leo F. Tuchon, Bloomington, Infantry.
Clayton M. Tudor, McLean, Coast Artillery.
Corp. G. C. Tudor, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Tully, Bloomington, Mechanic, Aviation, A. E. F.
William J. Tuohey, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Pierre Turck, Meadows, Infantry, A. E. F.
Paul E. Turlington, Bloomington, (col.) 3d M. G. Co., 370th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Erasmus Turner, Colfax, Infantry.
George D. Turner, Bloomington, 83d Field Artillery, El Paso, Texas.
Harry T. Turner, Bloomington, Depot Brigade, A. E. F.
John R. Turner, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Lewis A. Turner, Bloomington, Field Artillery.
Paul Turner, Heyworth, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.

Jesse B. Turnipseed, Colfax, Infantry.
E. Rastus Turpen, Infantry, Mexican Border.
William J. Turpin, Bloomington, Co. C, 14th Regt. Engineers, A. E. F.
Harry B. Tuthill, Leroy, Infantry, Camp Denning.
Reginald P. Tuttle, Randolph, Medical Corps.
Daniel Twomey, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Daniel Edward Twomey, Bloomington, Machinist, U. S. Naval Reserve.
Edward Twomey, Bloomington, 308th Motor Transport Corps, A. E. F.
Joseph Twomey, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp McArthur.
Lawrence Twomey, Bloomington, Ambulance Corps, A. E. F.

U

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. L. M. Unsicker, Normal.

ENLISTED MEN

Raymond E. Uhrie, Bloomington, 3d Co., 5th P. O. D. Bat., A. E. F.
Alva Roy Ulmer, Anchor, Infantry. Died at Camp Mills of influenza.
Corp. Harry Umphress, Stanford, Q. M. Dept., Fort Oglethorpe.
Ebert Underhill, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Henry E. Underbrink, Normal, 313th Engineers, 88th Div., A. E. F.
Herscher Underhill, Leroy, Infantry.
Eugene A. Underwood, Bloomington, Infantry.
Floyd Underwood, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Baton Rogue.
Glen Underwood, Saybrook, Infantry, A. E. F.
Thomas J. Underwood, Saybrook, Infantry, Camp Logan.
Earl Unszicker, Normal, Artillery, Fortress Monroe.
William L. Urban, Hudson, Infantry, Camp Grant.

V

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Capt. R. A. Van Ness, McLean, 604th Engineers, A. E. F.
Lieut. Earl Vanordstrand, Bloomington, Aviation, Rockwell Field.
Ensign Harold E. Van Petten, Bloomington, Naval Reserves, Hampton Roads.

ENLISTED MEN

Glenwood R. Vade, Vancouver, Navy.
Charles Valentine, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. George Valentine, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Haddon Valentine, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
L. S. Valentine, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Asa H. Vallandingham, Bloomington, 51st Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Edwin Van Allen, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Glen R. Van Antwerp, Bloomington, Radio, Navy.
A. P. Vance, Bloomington, Infantry.
Park Vance, Danvers, 2d Engineers, A. E. F.
Alvin V. Vandevere, Leroy, Infantry.
Jason Vandevere, Leroy, Infantry.
Perley B. Vandeveer, Bloomington, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.

Sergt. Lawrence Vandevender, Lexington, Coast Artillery, Ft. Totten.
Franklin P. Vandervort, Bloomington, Engineers Corps, Officers' Reserve.
Clifford Van Dolah, Lexington, Navy, A. E. F.
Gilbert Van Dolah, Lexington, Navy, A. E. F.
Hyatt Van Dolah, Lexington, Co. G, 121st Infantry, A. E. F.
Roy Vandyke, Cooksville, Infantry.
Paul L. Van Horne, Heyworth, Infantry.
Harry Van Meter, Bloomington, Railroad Regiment, A. E. F.
Corp. Wayne Van Gundy, Ellsworth, Medical Corps, Chicago.
Ernest P. Van Nattan, Bloomington, Co. M, 325th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Clifford R. Van Ness, McLean, Co. D, 61st Regiment, 5th Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Franklin T. Van Petten, Bloomington, Tank Corps, Camp Polk.
Sergt. Elmer Van Schoick, Bloomington, 1st Gas Regiment, 30th Engineers, A. E. F.
Corp. Cleve Van Winkle, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Sheridan, Border Duty.
Arthur Vaughn, Osman, Infantry, A. E. F.
Earl H. Vaughn, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Sergt. James A. Vaughn, Colfax, Infantry, Recruiting Service, U. S. Regulars.
Del Veatch, Bloomington, Tank Corps.
Thomas Veatch, Lexington, Radio, Navy.
Paul V. Vernon, Bloomington, Naval Reserve, 1st Class Musician, Newport.
Remi Verwecke, Bloomington, Infantry. Died at Camp Sevier of influenza.
Sergt. Joseph Vick, Normal, Infantry.
James J. Vieroeks, Heyworth, Infantry, A. E. F.
James H. Vincent, Cooksville, 112d M. G., Camp Logan.
Corp. Leo Vincent, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Thomas Vincent, Cooksville, Aviation, Kelly Field.
Robert W. Vogel, Bloomington, Infantry.
Charles Vogt, McLean, Infantry.
Fred R. Vollborn, Holder, U. S. Navy.
Sergt. William Von Allman, Bloomington, Co. D, 131st Infantry, A. E. F.
Gus Vuylsteke, Heyworth, Infantry, Camp Kearney.
Corp. Harry A. Vuylsteke, Heyworth, Infantry, Camp Jones.
Mrs. Carl Vrooman, Bloomington, educational work with the A. E. F.

W

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

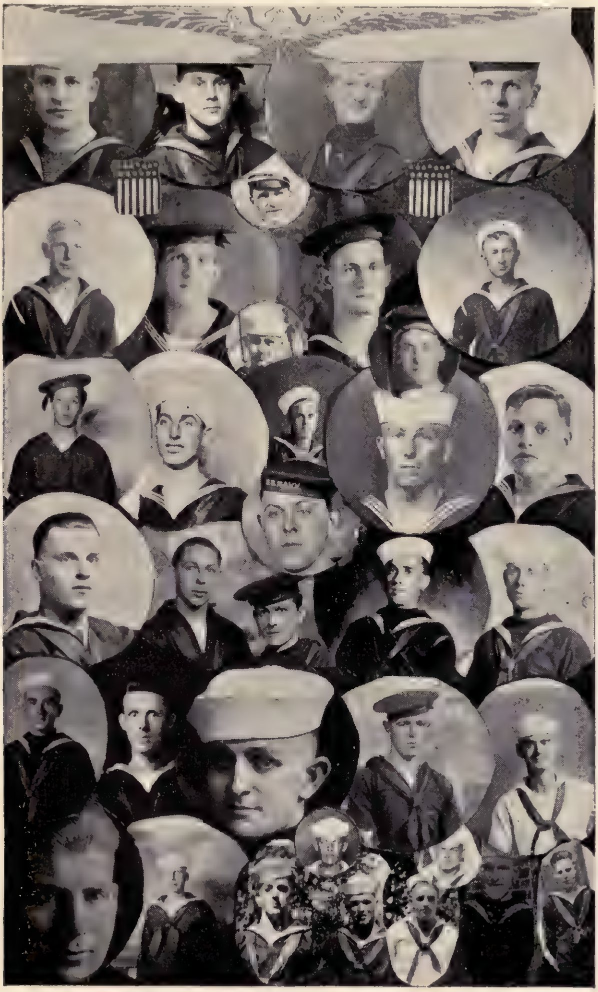
Lieut. William Ward, Cropsey, Chaplain, A. E. F.
Ensign Cullen H. Want, Leroy, Naval Constructor.
Major Marshall Wallis, Normal, Hospital Reconstruction Work, Newport News.
Lieut. Warren Watkins, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Lieut. Ferre Watkins, Bloomington, 344th Infantry, Black Hawk Division, A. E. F.
Major P. J. Watson, Bloomington, 23d Engineers, A. E. F.
Lieut. Robert Glenn Washburn, Normal, Balloon Corps, Newport News.
Lieut. James W. Weidner, Bloomington, Dental Corps.
Major John White, Leroy, Medical Corps.
Lieut. Robert Peter Whitmer, Bloomington, Field Artillery, O. T. C., Camp Taylor.
Lieut. Bert L. Wheeler, Lexington, Infantry. Now in U. S. Hospital, Denver.
Lieut. Jack Wilcox, Regular Army, Infantry.

Lieut. Stephen C. Williams, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lieut. Walter W. Williams, Bloomington, Aviation, Engineers, Chanute Field.
Capt. William T. Williamson, Lexington, Medical Corps, Camp Lee.
Capt. Harry Kieth Wilson, Bloomington, 510th Engineers, A. E. F.
Capt. Irving Wilson, Bloomington, Gas Combat Dept., Philadelphia.
Capt. W. H. Wilston, Bloomington, 350th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Lieut. William C. Wise, Bloomington, Pursuit Pilot, Aviation, A. E. F.
Lieut. Edward Wittmus, Bloomington, Co. G, 34th Infantry, A. E. F.
Capt. Frank T. Windle, Bloomington, Q. M. Corps, Camp Funston.
Lieut. Ross Winship, Bloomington, Ordnance, Reserve Corps.
Lieut. Alfred M. Wright, Bloomington, 12th Aero Squadron, Observation Tr., A. E. F.

ENLISTED MEN

Emil J. Wackman, Bloomington, Navy.
Curtis Wadell, Hudson, Infantry, Camp Wood.
George D. Waddell, Bloomington, Base Depot, C. F. C., England.
Hugh D. Waddell, Bloomington, Navy, U. S. S. Heron, A. E. F.
Sergt. Wesley Wagers, Leroy, Infantry, 68th Div., A. E. F.
Jay Wagner, Bloomington, Cook, A. E. F.
Sergt. Raymond Wagner, Bloomington, Co. G, 899th Pioneer Inf., A. E. F.
Raymond M. Wagner, Bloomington, Bat. D, 323d F. A., A. E. F.
Walter F. Wagner, Bloomington, Infantry. Wounded in action.
Elmer Wahls, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Fred C. Wahls, Saybrook, Infantry, 45th Coast Art., A. E. F.
Lawrence Wahls, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Lester Wahls, Leroy, Infantry, 68th Div., A. E. F.
Roy Wahls, Leroy, Co. L, 357th Infantry, A. E. F.
Guy Wahlstrom, Ellsworth, Infantry, Camp McArthur, Texas.
John T. Wakefield, Heyworth, Chief Electrician, Navy. Died on shipboard.
Maurice Wakefield, Heyworth, S. A. T. C. Died in Barracks, Ames, Iowa.
Sergt. Sherman D. Wakefield, Bloomington, 437th, 478th and 489th Engineers, Washington, D. C.
Ben Walden, Leroy, Q. M. Dept., A. E. F.
Carter Walden, Leroy, Infantry.
Elsy Walden, Saybrook, 112th Am Tr., A. E. F.
George Walden, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
James H. Walden, Colfax, Infantry.
Clyde A. Walker, Lexington, Navy.
Fred Walker, Normal, Infantry, Camp Hattiesburg, Machine Gun Corps.
Herman Walker, Bloomington, R. R. Infantry, Columbus.
Sergt. William A. Walker, Bloomington, U. S. Regulars, Coast Artillery.
George Henry Wall, Bloomington, Navy, Plumbing Fitter.
Fred A. Wallace, Hudson, 413 Motor Truck Co., A. E. F.
Hugh E. Wallace, Carlock, Co. B, 1st Bat., 118th Engineers, A. E. F.
John R. Wallace, Bloomington, Medical Corps, Camp Kearney.
Lloyd Wallace, Leroy, Infantry.
Otis Wallace, Leroy, 868th Aero Squadron, Kelly Field.
Richard A. Wallace, Carlock, Medical Corps, Base Hospital Unit 131, A. E. F.
William W. Wallace, Carlock, Medical Corps, Camp Grant.
W. O. Wallace, Leroy, Infantry.
Corp. Don E. Walley, Bloomington, Handley Page Training Depot No. 1.
Sergt. Glen D. Walley, Bloomington, Co. M, 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
George Walli, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
William Wallis, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.

Martin J. Walsh, Bloomington, Signal Corps.
Thomas M. Walsh, Bloomington, Co. M, 4th Infantry, A. E. F.
Ray D. Walston, Bloomington, Co. A, 349th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Paul Walter, Bloomington, Co. C, 12th Machine Gun Bat., A. E. F. Wounded in action.
Alonzo Walton, Normal, M. G. Co., 370th Infantry, (colored). Service Cross.
James Waltz, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Sergt. Fred A. Ward, Bellflower, Co. 366th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Raymond Ward, Bloomington, 54th Heavy Artillery, A. E. F.
Robert H. Ward, Bloomington, Hospital Corps, Navy.
Thomas W. Ward, Bloomington, Y. M. C. A. Work, A. E. F.
William V. Ward, Bloomington, Engineers, Camp Grant.
Corp. William C. Ward, Bloomington, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. William V. Ward, Normal, Co. D, 28th Pioneer Engineers, A. E. F.
Richard H. Warlow, Stanford, Infantry, Camp Stewart.
Jesse Ward, Bellflower, Infantry.
Homer C. Warner, McLean, 358th Infantry, 90th Div., American Army of Occupation, Gerolstein, Germany.
J. W. Warner, Bloomington, Cook, Greeat Lakes.
William Warner, Normal, Navy, A. E. F.
Sergt. Irl B. Warnock, Bloomington, Medical Department, A. E. F.
Corp. Clarence Warton, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Elmer C. Washburn, Heyworth, Musician, 356th Infantry, Camp Dodge.
Robert M. Washburn, Heyworth, 13th Infantry.
Frank H. Watchinski, Bloomington, Co. L, 326th Infantry, A. E. F.
Joseph Watchinski, Bloomington, Navy.
William Watchinski, Bloomington, Troop B, 6th Cavalry, A. E. F.
Albert Waters, Bloomington, Co. B, 1st Ammunition Train, A. E. F.
Earl H. Waters, Bloomington, 38th Squadron, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Sergt. John Waters, Lexington, Co. C, 354th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harold Watkins, Bloomington, Medical Reserve Corps, Philadelphia.
John Watkins, Bloomington, Heavy Artillery, A. E. F.
Paul R. Watkins, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Champaign.
Frank Watson, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Sergt. Harry R. Watson, Bloomington, Medical Corps, A. E. F.
Lynn Watson, Normal, Naval Radio, Harvard University.
Rolland Watson, Bloomington, Radio Work, Navy, Great Lakes.
Thomas Y. Watson, Bloomington, Infantry.
Rudolph D. Watt, Leroy, Co. B, 334th Infantry. Died in France of tuberculosis.
Rupert Watt, Leroy, Co. D, 27th Infantry, Siberia and Philippines.
Carl T. Waugh, Bloomington, Officers' Training, Camp Pike.
Clarence E. Weakley, Lexington, Co. C, 49th Infantry, A. E. F. Died of pneumonia.
Emmett C. Weakley, Lexington, 75th Co., 6th Marines, A. E. F.
Lawrence Weakley, Lexington, 25th Machine Gun Bat., Camp Sheridan.
Joseph Weaney, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Ben F. Weatherford, Sergt., Bloomington, Co. 1, 31st Infantry, with the A. E. F. in Siberia, Russia.
Gordon W. Weaver, Downs, Medical Dept., Fort Clark.
Melvin Weaver, Towanda, Infantry.
George S. Webb, Bloomington, Naval Aviation, Minneapolis.
Sidney Webb, Heyworth, Infantry.
J. W. Webber, Bloomington, 106th Sanitary Train, 126th Co., A. E. F.
Henry J. Wedekind, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 108th Am. Tr., A. E. F.



NAVY GROUP

Top row (left to right)—Horton Tatman, Harry E. Clevenger, George G. Patton, Roderick Imhoff.
Second row—Augustus Wehmeier, John Sheridan, Charles F. Sheridan, Peter J. Brown. *Above*—Dale Dugan; (*below*)—Roland B. Protzman and Clarence Williams.
Third row—Donald G. Calloway, John R. Turner, Alvin A. Conrad, Lester H. Porter, Andie Thoman.
Fourth row—John G. Deynzer, Carl Sutton, Clarence Sutton, James Williams, Cecil R. Wiggle. (*Above*)—E. M. Printz.
Fifth row—Warren C. Barton, Reid Mitchell, Howard O. Brown, Pyrle D. Binnion, Ernest Behrman.
Sixth row—Waldo Appel, Chester W. Chism, Roy F. Lishka, Arthur G. Gooch, Fred Hill, Leo Dugan, Wilmoth Hovey. (*Above*)—John Fritzen, Bryan Maxwell.

Chauncey Weidner, Cooksville, Infantry.
Charles H. Weiler, Bloomington, Bat. E, 69th Artillery, A. E. F.
Louis Weiler, Infantry, A. E. F. Died in Europe.
Robert Weiler, Bloomington, Machine Gunner. Wounded in action.
Joshua Weinstock, Bloomington, Infantry, Fort Hamilton.
Loren Welch, Bloomington, Radio, Great Lakes, Gunner's Mate.
Thomas Weldon, Bloomington, Medical Supply Depot, Camp Kearney.
Thomas W. Weling, Bloomington, Infantry, 32d Div., A. E. F.
Arthur Wellenrieter, Danvers, 114th Ambulance Co., 104th S. T., A. E. F.
H. S. Wellenreiter, Bloomington, Co. D, 130th M. G. Bat., A. E. F.
Charles E. Welling, Bloomington, 34th Engineers.
Vern Wellington Weber, Cooksville, Co. A, 1st Bat., Infantry, Camp McArthur.
George Wells, Saybrook, Mechanical Dept., 8th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
John J. Wells, Bloomington, R. R. 4, Infantry, Fort Thomas.
Edward R. Werner, Bloomington, Supply Company, 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
William Werner, Normal, Navy, A. E. F.
Joseph Wernsman, Chenoa, Co. B, 131st Infantry, A. E. F.
Bernard J. Werscheld, Bloomington, Infantry.
Glenn Wertz, Bloomington, Camp Taylor, Infantry.
Harvey West, Bloomington, 1st Field Artillery, U. S. Regulars, Hawaiian Islands.
Lincoln West, Lexington, R. R., Infantry, Camp Grant.
William F. West, Anchor, 370th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
William West, Normal, Infantry.
Frank Westhoff, Normal, Infantry, Camp Dodge.
W. C. Westphall, Bloomington, Infantry.
John H. Weymer, Colfax, Marines.
Charles Augustus Whalen, Bloomington, Officers' Training, Camp Pike.
Charles Whalen, Bloomington, Navy.
Orvin Wheat, Bellflower, Yeoman, Navy.
George Gray Wheelock, McLean, Infantry. Died at Camp Grant of influenza.
August Whemeier, Bloomington, R. R. 5, Navy, A. E. F.
Sergt. Donald D. Whitcomb, Bloomington, Co. E, 2d Regt. Engineers, A. E. F.
Dillard White, Carlock, Infantry.
Fred White, Colfax, Navy, Newport News.
George J. White, Bloomington, 4th Trench Mortar Bat. A. E. F.
Harrison W. White, Bloomington, 3d Co., 164th Depot Brigade, Camp Funston.
Harry H. White, Bloomington, Navy.
Leslie White, Normal, Navy, A. E. F.
Corp. Ralph O. White, Bloomington, 512 Motor Truck Corps, A. E. F.
Corp. William A. White, Stanford, Co. E, 345th Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles Whiteman, Lexington, Co. F, 1st Engineers.
Haskel P. Whitenack, Ellsworth, 73d Reg., Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Lester O. Whitenack, Saybrook, Field Artillery.
Merl E. Whitenack, Ellsworth, Marines.
Ned V. Whitesell, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Vernon Whitesell, Bloomington, Radio, Navy, Great Lakes.
Albert Whiteside, Chenoa, Infantry.
Robert Peter Whitmer, Bloomington.
Leroy Whitmore, Bloomington, Navy, Municipal Pier.
Lyle Whitmore, Bloomington, Army Field Secretary.
Corp. Adlai Whittaker, Leroy, Infantry.
Charles Whittaker, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Jesse Whittaker, Leroy, Infantry.

John Whitty, Bloomington, Infantry.
Glenn Whorall, Chenoa, Infantry.
Ray Whorrall, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
George Wick, Lexington, Infantry, Machine Gun Co., 331st Reg., A. E. F.
Emil Wickman, Bloomington, Navy.
Harry Lee Wickoff, Bloomington, Coxswain, Navy, U. S. S. K. I. "Luckenbach."
William C. Wicks, Bloomington, Co. B, 348th Infantry, A. E. F.
Cecil Ray Wiggle, Normal, Radio, Navy, U. S. Reserve, Hampton Roads.
Sergt. Glenn Wightman, Ellsworth, Co. E, Supply Train, 116 Truck, A. E. F.
Lemont Wier, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Wieting, Bloomington, Co. A, 39th Infantry, A. E. F. Wounded.
Vernon W. Wieting, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun, A. E. F. Wounded.
Siegfried K. Wikell, Leroy, Infantry.
Albert R. Wilcox, Bloomington, Accountant, 435 Engineering Corps.
Clifford Wilcox, McLean, Infantry.
Frank C. Wilcox, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Grant Wilcox, McLean, Infantry, A. E. F.
John T. Wilcox, Downs, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Joseph Wilcox, Bloomington, Infantry.
Lyle Wilcox, McLean, Navy, Hampton Roads.
M. Wilcox, Bloomington, Infantry.
Albert Wildell, Lexington, Infantry, Camp Wheeler.
Cassius Wilder, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Wilder, Chenoa, Navy, Great Lakes.
Howard R. Wiley, Bloomington, Navy. Died of influenza at Great Lakes.
Robert Wiley, Normal, Infantry, Camp Taylor.
Bernard Wilhelm, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Sergt. Gayland Wilhoit, Bloomington, Auto Repair, 51st Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Harry Wilkinson, Bloomington, 210th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Joseph B. Wilkinson, Bloomington, Aviation, 659th Aero Squadron, A. E. F. Committed suicide Jan. 5, 1920.
Roy Wilkinson, Bloomington, Navy.
Clarence A. Wilmert, Bloomington, Co. F, 106th Engineers, A. E. F.
Claude Willard, Bloomington, Co. L, 21st Engineers, A. E. F.
Park Willerton, Danvers, Ensign School, Merchant Marine, Cleveland.
Corp. Francis Carlyle Willey, Bloomington, Ordnance Detachment, A. E. F.
T. H. Willhite, Colfax, Government Inspector.
Corp. Alfred Williams, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F.
Wesley Williams, Bellflower, Infantry.
Bourke Williams, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Fort Benjamin Harrison.
Sergt. Carl Grover Williams, Bloomington, Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Carroll E. Williams, Colfax, Infantry, 38th Div., A. E. F.
Charles Williams, (colored), Bloomington, Co. K, 8th Regiment, A. E. F.
Sergt. Clarence Williams, Leroy, Field Artillery, Camp Barnard, Fort Bliss.
Clement O. Williams, Saybrook, Co. M, 124th Infantry, A. E. F.
Clyde W. Williams, Bloomington, Navy.
Earl Williams, Leroy, Co. C, 3d Infantry, Del Rio, Texas.
Frank Williams, Bloomington, Aviation, Dallas, Texas.
Gus Williams, (colored), Bloomington, 8th Infantry. Killed in action.
Jesse Williams, Ellsworth, Supply Co., 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
John Williams, Bloomington, Navy.
John E. Williams, Bloomington, Coast Artillery.
Leffel Williams, Danvers, Infantry.
Lail Williams, Bellflower, Infantry.

Mailen Clyde Williams, Carlock, Medical Dept., 47th Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Milton Williams, (colored), Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Funston.
Paul Williams, Colfax, Infantry.
R. W. Williams, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Roy Williams, Colfax, Bat. B, 139th F. A. S., Camp Shelby.
Sumner F. Williams, Co. K, 138th Infantry, A. E. F.
Donda Williamson, Lexington, 14th Bat., F. A., Fort Sill.
Corp. George H. Williamson, Bloomington, Co. I, 49th Infantry, A. E. F.
Jay Williamson, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
William Williamson, Normal, Infantry.
Sergt. W. R. Williamson, Lexington, Co. H, 318th Infantry, A. E. F.
Jesse Ray Willis, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Matt Willis, Bloomington, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Charles C. Wills, Saybrook, Co. C, 39th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harry Wills, Saybrook, Co. C, 39th Infantry, A. E. F.
Bernie Wilson, Normal, Infantry, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Fort Leavenworth.
Carl P. Wilson, Colfax, 3rd Co., A. R. S. D., Motor Transport, A. E. F.
Corp. Claude M. Wilson, Bloomington, 28th Co., 159th Depot Brigade, Camp Taylor.
Harry Wilson, Normal, Signal Corps, A. E. F.
Harry F. Wilson, Colfax, Co. C, 311th Field Signal Battalion, A. E. F.
John Guy Wilson, Bloomington, Infantry.
John R. Wilson, Danvers, Infantry. Died at Camp Wright of pneumonia.
L. W. Wilson, Bloomington, R. R. 6, Navy.
Ralph E. Wilson, Normal, Navy, U. S. S. Cushing, A. E. F.
Robert Wilson, (colored), Bloomington, Infantry.
William Wilson, Gridley, Infantry, A. E. F.
John Wilstead, Bloomington, Cook, Navy.
Dial Winans, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Mark Windsor, Bloomington, Aviation, Chanute Field.
Orville Allen Winslow, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Elma Wink, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Charles E. Winsett, Bloomington, Co. I, 326th Infantry, 82d Div., A. E. F.
Anton Winterland, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Lee.
Edward Winterland, Colfax, Infantry, Camp Sheridan.
William Winters, Chenoa, Infantry.
Roy R. Wirick, Stanford, Veterinarian Corps, A. E. F.
Corp. Roy M. Wirt, Leroy, Tank Corps, A. E. F.
Jesse L. Wise, Bloomington, Photographer, 321st Field Art., Camp Dodge
Leland R. Wise, Bloomington, 345th Co., Military Police, A. E. F.
Straude Wiseman, Bloomington, Navy, A. E. F.
Corp. Harold Withers, Lexington, Infantry, Camp Merritt.
Artee Witt, Arrowsmith, 34th Infantry, 7th Div., A. E. F.
Corp. Charles Witt, Arrowsmith, Infantry. Died at Camp Mills of pneumonia.
Dewey Witt, Arrowsmith, Infantry, Fort Randolph, Panama.
Walter Witt, Bloomington, Infantry.
Harry Wittmus, Saybrook, Co. K, 16th Infantry, A. E. F.
W. F. Witty, Bloomington, 69th Co. T. C., A. E. F.
Gustave Woelims, Bloomington, 7th Co., Coast Artillery, Canal Zone, Panama.
Sergt. Edward F. Woizeski, Bloomington, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Harvey W. Woizeski, Bloomington, Co. M, 123d Infantry, A. E. F.
Leo R. Wolfe, Bloomington, Ambulance Driver, Medical Corps, A. E. F.

Ferdinand C. Wollenschlager, Bloomington, R. R., 130th Machine Gun Btn., Camp Grant.
Louis E. Wollrab, Bloomington, Co. B, 46th Infantry, Charleston, S. C.
Earl Womack, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
Elbert Womack, Chenoa, Infantry.
Harold Wonderlin, Colfax, Infantry, Jefferson Barracks.
Asa P. Wood, Bloomington, Infantry, Jefferson Barracks.
James L. Wood, Bloomington, Infantry.
Louis A. Wood, Bloomington, 25th P. O. D. Co., Ordnance, A. E. F.
Orno Wood, Bloomington, Co. F, 129th Infantry, A. E. F.
Asa P. Woods, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Roy C. Wood, Bloomington, Machine Gun Co., 7th Infantry, A. E. F.
Fannie E. Woodbury, Bloomington, Nurse, Base Hospital 68, A. E. F.
Corp. William S. Woods, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 349th Infantry, A. E. F.
Harold D. Woodmancy, McLean, 326th Infantry, 82d Div., A. E. F.
Sergt. M. F. Woodruff, Bloomington, Co. C, 339th M. G. Btn., A. E. F.
Arthur Woodworth, Normal, Mechanic, Motor Corps, Ft. Wright.
Evelyn Wooley, Bloomington, Nurse, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.
Sergt. Myles S. Wooster, Bloomington, Motor Transport, A. E. F.
Harry B. Wormley, Lexington, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan University.
Noah E. Wormley, Lexington, Co. A, 3d Infantry, El Paso, Texas.
Roy F. Worthey, Leroy, Co. B, 115th Infantry, A. E. F.
Miss Opha F. Wren, Bloomington, Red Cross, A. E. F.
Robert B. Wren, Bloomington, Marines, Boston.
Sergt. Albert Wright, Bloomington, Engineering Corps, A. E. F.
Bernie Wright, Stanford, Co. B, 122d M. G. Bat. M.
Samuel Chester Wright, Bloomington, R. R. 6, Wagoner, Bat. A, 312th Field Artillery, 79th Div., A. E. F.
Frank Wright, Bloomington Route 5, Medical Detachment, 118th Field Artillery, A. E. F.
Corp. Lawrence G. Wright, Bloomington, Co. B, 124th Machine Gun Bat., Texas.
Miles Wright, Stanford, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Orion L. Wright, Stanford, 68th Artillery, A. E. F.
Frank Wulf, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.
Leroy Wurtzbaugh, Gridley, Infantry.
Ralph L. Wurzberger, Bloomington, R. R. 4, Motor Truck Driver, S. S. 1, A. E. F.
J. Stuart Wyatt, Bloomington, Infantry, Camp Meade.
Pearl Wyckoff, Arrowsmith, Infantry.
Webb Wyckoff, Bloomington, Motor Transport.

Y

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Capt. Laurance H. Young, Bloomington, Transportation Corps, Camp Merritt.

ENLISTED MEN

Clarence Edward Yaeger, Bloomington, Infantry, Replacement Unit.
Harvey Yakel, Bloomington, Infantry.
Roy B. Yanney, Holder, Ordnance, Camp Penniman.
Emil Yarke, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Archie Yarnell, Bloomington, Co. A, 6th Engineers, A. E. F.

Roscoe Yaeger, Towandå, 91st Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
Homer E. Yarp, Bloomington, Special Service, U. S. Shipyards, Philadelphia.
Sergt. Julius Yarp, Bloomington, Headquarters Co., 342d Infantry, A. E. F.
Miss Nettie Yarp, Bloomington, Red Cross.
Arch G. Yazle, Padue, Co. B, 339th Machine Gun Battalion, Waco, Texas.
Roy Yeager, Colfax, Headquarters Company, 133d Infantry, Camp Cody.
La Velle W. Yeakel, Stanford, 210th Aero Squadron, A. E. F.
George T. Yell, Bloomington, Navy.
Harold A. Yerke, Danvers, Ordnance Detachment Company, A. E. F.
Sergt. Homer S. Yetman, Bloomington, Q. M. Dept., Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
Willard K. Yoder, Danvers, S. A. T. C., Wesleyan.
Oscar Yordy, Bloomington, Co. A, 35th Engineers, A. E. F.
Corp. Charles Young, Bloomington, Co. H, 35th U. S. Infantry, A. E. F.
Chester Young, Normal, 53d Regt., C. A. C., A. E. F.
Fred H. Young, Bloomington, Navy, Publicity Dept., Great Lakes.
Russell Young, Bloomington, S. A. T. C., Champaign.
Harry Youngblood, Normal, 20th Infantry, Camp Funston.
Earl Youngman, McLean, Q. M. Dept.
G. H. Youngman, Bloomington, Motor Equipment Inspector, Worcester, Mass.
Corp. Wilbur Youngman, Bloomington, Bat. F, 139th Field Art., A. E. F.
Herman Yreate, Bloomington, Infantry, A. E. F.

Z

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Lieut. William A. Zook, Normal, 83d Co., 6th Marines, A. E. F.

ENLISTED MEN

Jesse Zarton, Bloomington, Infantry.
Sergt. Glenn F. Zellhoefer, Leroy, Infantry, A. E. F.
Earl C. Zick, Saybrook, Bat. H, Coast Artillery, A. E. F.
John J. Ziemens, Bloomington, G. 2d, A. F. G.
Eugene Ziebold, Bloomington, Navy, Great Lakes.
John P. Zimmerlin, Heyworth, Infantry, Camp Grant.
Daniel Zimmerman, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
Cliff Zimmerman, Carlock, Infantry.
Edward Zimmerman, Chenoa, Infantry.
Frank Zimmerman, Navy.
H. J. Zimmerman, Bloomington, Infantry.
John Zimmerman, Chenoa, Infantry.
Ernest Zoll, Carlock, Infantry, Fort Wright.
Floyd Zoll, Bellflower, Infantry.
Sergt. D. D. Zook, Danvers, Infantry, A. E. F.
Ernest Zook, Chenoa, Infantry, A. E. F.
William Ernest Zook, Chenoa, Co. F, 138th Infantry, A. E. F.
Corp. Benjamin F. Zortman, Bloomington, Infantry.
Harold J. Zortman, Bloomington, Infantry.
John H. Zortman, Infantry.

SUPPLEMENTAL LIST

The following names of men who entered the service through draft board No. 2, the city board, are furnished by H. M. Murray, of this board, who had, however, no knowledge of their military history after they were sent to camp:

A.—Frank L. Alfred, John A. Anderson, Oscar J. Armstrong LeMar Anderson, Dean Almo Ashey.

B.—Emory A. Boylan, David L. Brown, Jr., Irvin J. Bower, Alfred Blackman, Herbert Alverson, Wilson R. Bean, Shelby Butts, Alvin B. Bills, Arshell Barker, Joseph Fifer Bohrer, Andrew Bergudl, Thomas Benton, Harold L. Benn, John Russell Baum, Adrian A. Barnes, Amel T. Brown, James L. Bowe, Albert Burgland, Eura Barnett, John R. Bisher, Emil Butzius, Tom Brooks, Grover V. Bowman, Harold Boch, Ladrue H. Bowley, Roy C. Blanchard, Fred E. Bartell, Otto William Boehm, Wm. M. Biscoe, James B. Bicknell, David Burglin, Ralph Bahn, Walter O. Bird, William Carl Brandt, Oliver Butler, Charlie T. Brown, James R. Bent, Michael E. Brown.

C.—Harry D. Caton, Harrold E. Chapman, John S. Cothran, Donald A. Cannady, Robert F. Coulton, Harry Dean Caton, Ivan Crowder, Harold T. Carlquist, Chester B. Castle, Abraham L. Clark, William C. Collins, Lawrence R. Cole, Henry Willis Capen, Henry R. Coil, Anton A. H. Carlson, Daniel L. Cox, Fred M. Churchill, Philmore H. Crause, Theodore F. Crab, Himan Cohan, Moses Champion, Donald Clark.

D.—Herbert M. Dice, Geo. J. Dellmar, Martin Dewitt, John Joseph Dalley, Weiaver R. Dulany, Toney Deplomo, Ross R. Darnall, Harrison M. Dodge, Patrick J. Delmar, Geo. T. Evans, Pearley B. Dandever, Harry E. Donnahue, Jessie M. Davis, Geo. H. Davis, Roy B. Devany, Geo. P. Davis, Macon Davis, Owen Day, Wm. Darton.

E.—Harry D. Emmett, Archie P. Ensminger, John F. Elshoff, Rudolph Eckard, John N. Enfield, Lesley M. Earnest, John Harwood Evans, Sage W. Elbert, Frank W. Evers, Hershell L. Etter.

F.—Albert Freidewald, James L. Fortner, Louis W. Fields, Luck A. Floyd, Martin Fisher, Delmar Marion Fuller.

G.—Bernard Gray, Carl C. Gottschalk, Harvey S. Goodsly, August L. Grampp, Edward L. Gnadt, Conrad Gottschalk, Harry Gehle, Joseph F. Gleason, Walter G. Grieshaber, Joseph Gang, Archie Gooch, Anton Gard, Lester A. Gross.

H.—Stanley F. Husted, Carl E. Halster, Wilson K. Harbert, W. Joe Hill, Harley F. Hogan, Monroe Dewey Hibbens, William J. Hull, Otto C. Hamlow, Earnest Hudson, William H. Harington, James Holcomb, Warner Wm. Hurst, John Hagerty, Edward J. Hart, Dean Hinshaw, Carl Hoit, Ralph K. Hamilton, Charles Hodgson, Thomas T. Howe, Darlin Hinshaw, Chas. E. Hill, George Holland, Paul C. Hahn, Leo Nolan Hulby.

J.—Benjamin P. Jefferson, David A. Jackson, Clarence L. Jeter, Carl A. Jenson, Samuel Johnson, Frank L. Jenson, Peter Janick, Roy F. Jones, Harley J. Johnson, Frederick F. James, Homer T. Jones, Herbert Johnson, Marshall C. Johnson, John T. Jones, Joe Joseph, Shelbe G. Jakins.

K.—Herbert L. Koch, Harry Kinney, Henry A. Kleese, William O. Kerns, Martin Kinawski, Ben Kraft.

L.—I. G. Lain, Fred Deloss Lundburg, Harry H. Dee, Earnest A. Laine, Wm. Brian Lash, Charles Lanigan, Ruphis Lyon, Willis J. Lundgun, Amel Langhoff, Edward G. Landeen, Clifford H. Ledberot, Joseph Lantz, Eugene LaBee, Albert Lundborg, Roy F. LaVallier, Clay Logan, Henry H. Leib.

M.—Lloyd Magers, Shermon C. Malcome, Edward Murphy, Geo. Robert Morrison, Claude F. McKinnie, Robert Messali, Thomas F. McCrossin, Charles E. W. Mau, Frank B. Major, Howard Roy Mann, B. H. Morgan, Eddie Mann, Joseph Moles, Guy Mason, Charles Mielter, Eugene D. Mahan, Walter McCleese, Simeon Miner, Willie Malone, Paul J. Maze, Monroe J. Morgan, John McGrath, Joseph P. Murray.

N.—Clifford J. Noggle, Phillips Nolan, Brian Naffziger, Geo. John Needle, William D. Nicol, Lemmel Nicholson, Frank Newberger.

O.—Allen G. Orendorff, William H. Orendorph.

P.—Geo. E. Pruesch, Frank W. Ploense, Eugene Pauper, Donald A. Persell, Dehart H. Ploense, Edward O. Phillos, Harry P. Pitsch, Edward Prochnow, Harrold E. Prochnow, Charles H. Pall, Harry D. Power, C. Samuel Price,

Q.—Forrest Will Quinn.

R.—Daniel F. Redd, Robert A. Ruen, John Richard, William E. Rush, Harry W. Read, Joseph Rogers, Ralph R. Rhodes, Leonard Rockhold, William J. Rix, John Reeder, Andrew Riddle, General G. Stoner, Herbert Redmann, Ralph R. Rickart, Walter Rhodabeck, Ralph Riesenberg, Clarence H. Rendell.

S.—Adlai E. Stevenson, Harry J. Scott, Roy A. Seamann, Harold P. Shields, Alberty W. Schroder, Ralph F. Seamore, Samuel D. Swartz, Charles James Strain, Carl A. Standstrom, Garland B. Shepard, Roy R. Strange, Walter R. Salzman, James W. Shaw, Chester W. Saltzman, Roy A. Spencer, Herman C. Strout, Wanter P. Stewart, August Shott, Fred Schnitker, Wayne D. Steller, Wm. Sherell, Frank A. Schultz, Andrew D. Sullivan, Orval L. Swanson, Joseph Smicker.

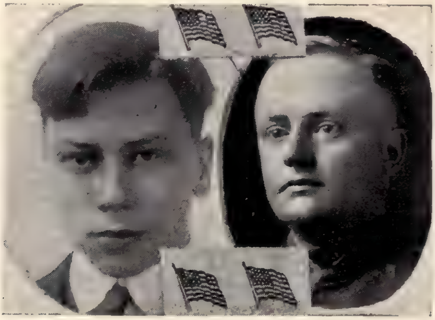
T.—Walter O. A. Topel, Joseph E. Templer, Robert K. Turner, William H. Turner, Henry Taylor, Allen C. Talbert, August Thiebe.

U.—Geo. A. Utesch, Carl P. Urhammer.

V.—John S. Vatikiotis.

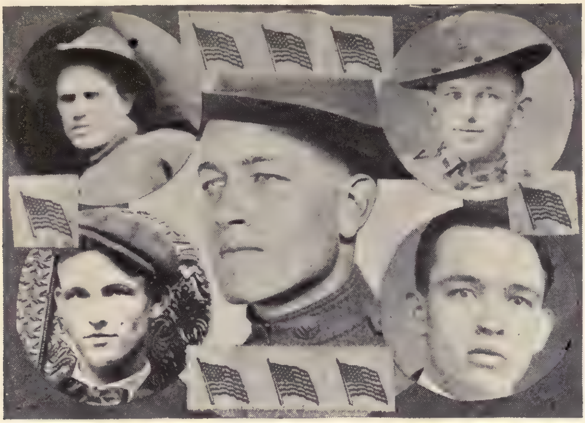
W.—Edgar Williams, Alva A. West, Louis L. Williams, John L. Wefer, Morris Weil, Wm. A. Warsaw, Glenn E. Wheeler, Lance Lott Waterfield, Thomas N. Walch, Roy F. Whittmis, John G. Wenstrom, Oscar Wadell, Raymond W. Wakley, Thomas Williams, Rolly E. Williams, James M. Wells.

Z.—Carry W. J. Zleters, Jessie L. Zinn.



Glenn F. Zellhofer (left), E. W. Zoll (right).

CHENOA HAS FAMILY SERVICE RECORD



Above (left), Richard; (right), Ray; (center), Robert; below (left), Clarence; (right), Harry.

Mr. and Mrs. Madison Busby of Chenoa had the unique distinction of having five sons in the service during the war, two of whom were over in France. Robert Busby was with the 108th Ammunition train, and served many months with the American forces in France. Richard was in the signal corps and also went to the front with the other fighting Yankees. Ray was in the infantry and took his training at Camp Pike. Prior to the world war he served five years in the coast defense branch of the military service. Harry was in the army stationed at San Diego, California, where he received his training preparatory to going across if the armistice had not been signed before his outfit was ordered over. Robert was a basket-ball player before entering the army, Clarence, a lightweight boxer, and Harry a football player. All returned from the service uninjured.

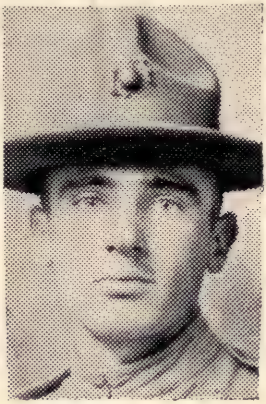
Frank Potts

Clarence Crawford

Frank Hoog

SOME OF THOSE WOUNDED IN THE WAR

John H. Rowan


John H. Becker

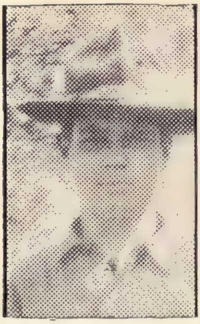
Earl Nichols

William Klatt

Milton Bowen

Grover M. Fox

Herbert C. Rediger


Roland Hinshaw

William J. Morgan

Joseph Million

CHRISTMAS IN GERMANY

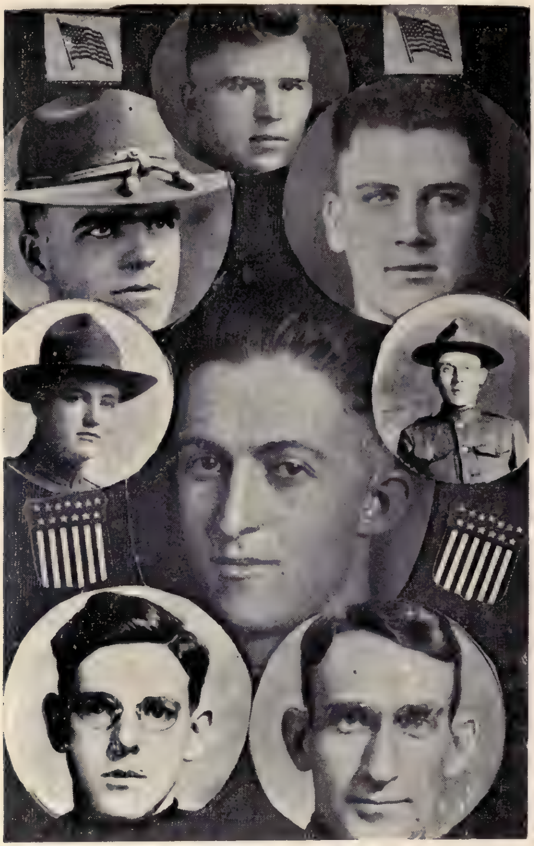
Harry Foreman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Foreman of Bloomington, who is a well known professional acrobat, was with the American Army of Occupation in Germany, and spent Christmas day, 1918, in one of the German towns near the Rhine. He wrote to his mother describing his surroundings on that memorable day in part as follows:

''Well, here it is Christmas and I shall spend it along the Rhine in Germany. I only wish I could be with you and all at home Christmas. It is raining and the first snow fell last night that I have seen this year. There are four boys at the house I am in. We finished up our hiking last Sunday night, about two hundred and some miles I think since starting. I don't know how long we will be here, but certainly hope when we do start moving it will be for old U. S. How I long for home and some apple pie. Germany has got nothing to make those out of, nothing, as I can see, except beer and wine.

The day after Christmas he wrote:

''I am sitting in the kitchen of our German home here and the kids are making enough noise. Christmas was a pretty quiet day for me. I went to the Y. M. C. A. show at night, but it wasn't much of a show. They had six acts billed, but only the band played and one fellow sang. I think we will get to dance with some of the German belles, as I hear the Y. M. C. A. is giving a dance. This is sure a fine day for December; there is snow on the ground but pretty warm, but I wouldn't care about getting in any silk tights. Just six months ago today we left Bloomington for Camp Wheeler. Time passes fast. Just had a feast of jam and sauerkraut from a family. It is a hard thing to get something to eat over here; they are sure scarce of food.''

HONOR BADGE GIVEN TO EVERY SERVICE MAN FROM McLEAN COUNTY



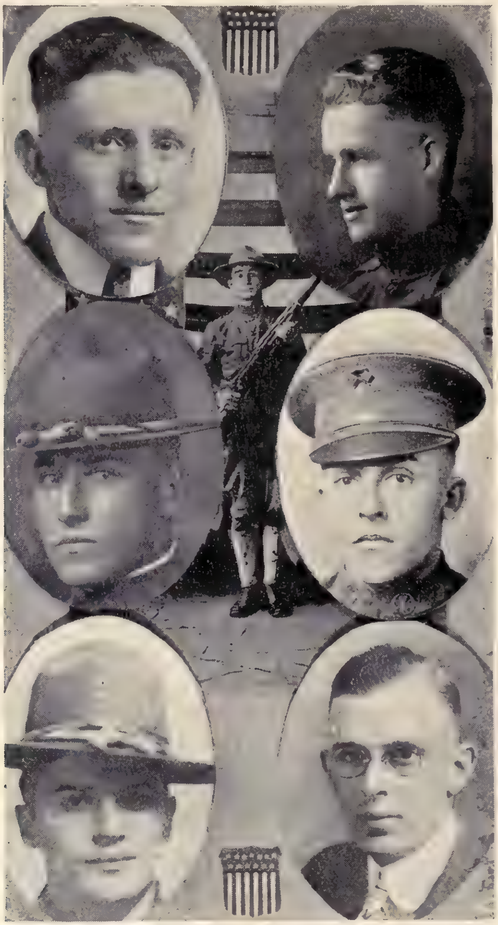
Center—William Von Allman.
Left of Center—William Leo Vincent.
Right of Center—A. Vaughn.
Above Center—Elmer H. Van Schoick, Thos. C. Vincent, Jas. M. Vincent.
Below Center—Paul Vernon, James A. Vaughn.

CAPT. JAMES G. MELLUISH

A Bloomington man in unique service during the war was James G. Melluish who was commissioned captain and appointed Assistant Sanitary Engineer with headquarters at St. Louis. He had charge of the Ninth Ordnance district, which includes fourteen states lying west of the Mississippi river and south of the Missouri river. The personnel of his staff was detailed from the United States Public Health department. Capt. Melluish also served as district director of the division of Industrial Hygiene and Medicine, and it was his duty to speed up the manufacture of war materials, such as clothes, shoes, munitions, etc., by improving conditions for the men and women engaged. At some institutions, it was found that sanitary and lunching conditions were not as they should be and an improvement was effected. Capt. Melluish also had charge of a housing project at Alton, Ill., which provided for homes for 300 munition workers. Entering the service September 10, 1918, Capt. Melluish was actively engaged until July, 1919, when he received his discharge and returned to Bloomington.

MRS. VROOMAN IN EUROPE

Mrs. Carl Vrooman of Bloomington, wife of Hon. Carl Vrooman, assistant secretary of agriculture, under President Wilson, spent about a year in Europe during and following the war. She was engaged in educational and entertainment work with the American army, and in that capacity visited most of the army stations. After the armistice she went with the American forces in the Army of Occupation in Germany. To help while away the time for the soldiers, Mrs. Vrooman organized a jazz band, which became famous throughout the American occupied district. The band had dates many months ahead. The chief difficulty which Mrs. Vrooman encountered was to keep the members together, as owing to the many changes which the different army units were compelled to make, the musicians were constantly shifted about from place to place. One time Mrs. Vrooman asked the commander of a certain unit to transfer two of her men to a certain village so that they could be near the other members of the band. The commander replied that if he transferred the men to the place as she requested, they would be the only Americans at that place, for all the other soldiers of our army had been taken out of there that day.

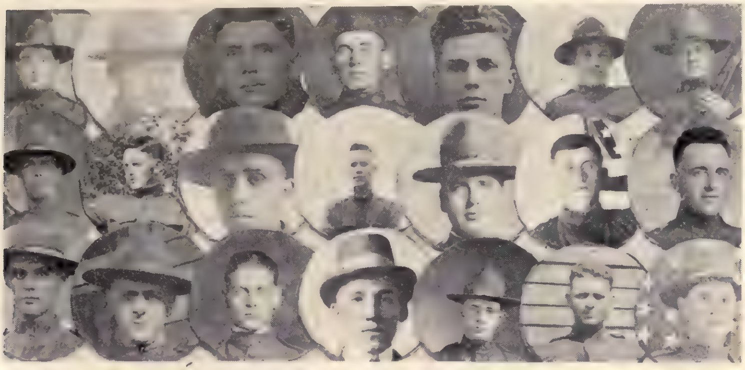


Top Row (left to right)—Clifford Dooley, William B. Davis.

Center—John W. Decker.

Second Row—Clay G. Dooley, Frank E. Dearth.

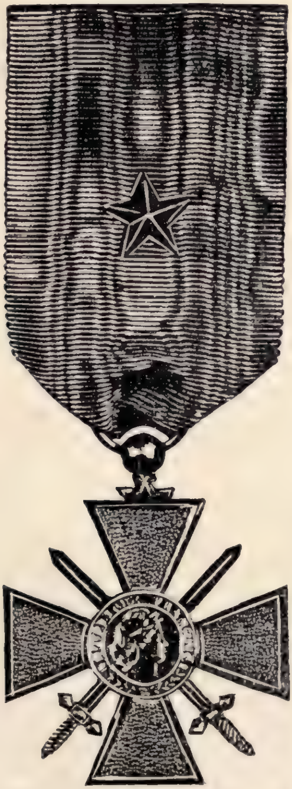
Bottom Row—Ralph H. Dissell, Ralph Deane.



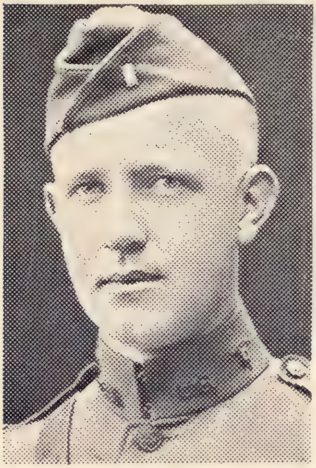
Top Row (left to right)—Bertram C. Hempstead, Fred Heppner, Ovean Hite, Anton Hildebrandt, B. W. Hawkins, B. Parke Harrison, Dennis A. Hollingsworth.

Second Row—Walter G. Hefler, C. Vincent Healy, George W. Hayes, Harold P. Hileman, Ross Hall, W. C. Hamblin, Carl E. Hall.

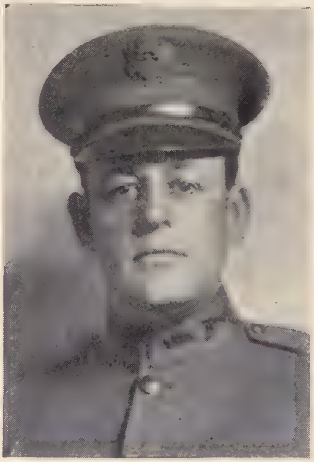
Third Row—Martin W. Hildebrant, Henry J. Hefler, Lawrence E. Hendryx, Shelby A. Hauffe, Clair R. Harsha, Joseph R. Hinkle, Otto Humble.



THE CROIX DE GUERRE



Lieut. Guy Karr



Lieut. Howard L. Funk

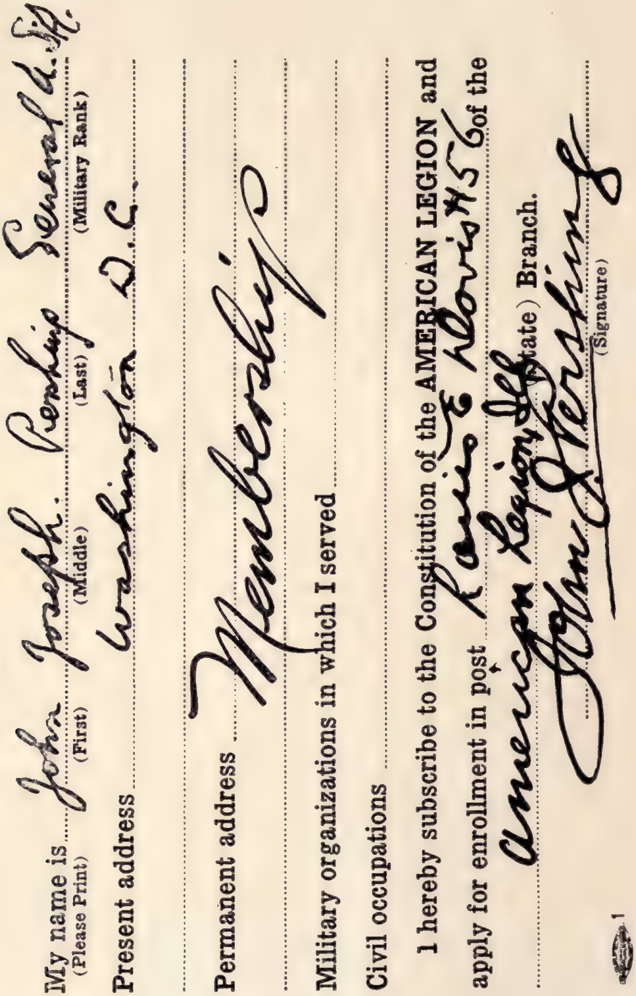
Of Danvers; August, 1918; Central Officers' Training School, Machine Guns, Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga.

Upper (left to right)—Herbert Ewing, Lee H. Evans, Fred Ensminger.
Below—Deane M. Ewing.

WESLEYAN STUDENTS DRILL WITH WOODEN GUNS, SPRING OF 1918

A semblance of a military organization was formed at the Wesleyan University soon after the United States entered the world war. For many months during the winter of 1917-18, the male students held regular daily drills in the rudiments of the manual of arms, under the guidance of Fred L. Muhl, the athletic coach. The above picture shows one of the squads marching down the business streets of Bloomington carrying the wooden guns with which they were equipped in lieu of real guns. When the S. A. T. C. was formed at the opening of school in the autumn of 1918, the former make-believe military company was disbanded.

GEN. PERSHING'S LOCAL AFFILIATION



My name is (Please Print) John (First) Joseph (Middle) Pershing (Last) General U.S.A. (Military Rank)

Present address Washington D.C.

Permanent address Membership

Military organizations in which I served

Civil occupations

1 hereby subscribe to the Constitution of the AMERICAN LEGION and apply for enrollment in post Louis E Davis #56 of the American Legion Ill (State) Branch.

John J. Pershing (Signature)

It was an honor to McLean county that Gen. John J. Pershing, supreme commander of the American forces in Europe during the war, should seek affiliation with an organization of veterans of the war here after the struggle was over. The above is a fac-simile of his application card for honorary membership in Louis E. Davis Post of the American Legion. He made out the application while on a train stopping in Bloomington one day in the spring of 1920.

Wm. McClellan

COLFAX BOY WOUNDED IN BATTLE

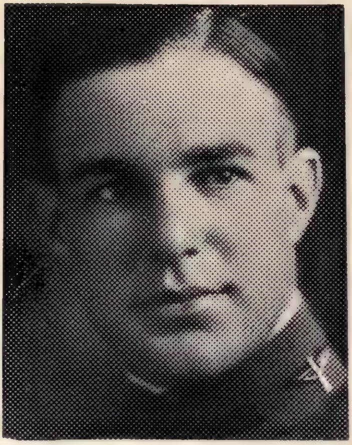
One of the several heroes of the famous Marine Corps who claimed their homes in McLean county was William S. McClellan, son of R. C. McClellan of Colfax. He was severely wounded in action during the battles of June, 1918, when the American forces were first putting the crimp in the German army's offensive. Young McClellan was many months in a hospital, but finally returned home and was discharged. He enlisted on April 11, 1917, only five days after the U. S. declaration of war. He was in Peoria, then Chicago, then to Paris Island and Quantico, then in July sailed from Philadelphia for France. He was in the front line much of the time from March, 1918, until the time he was wounded.

IN MANY WAR-TIME PARADES

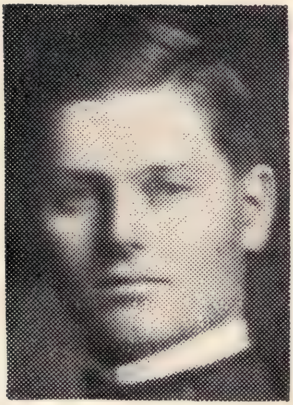
An organization which became known in most of the public demonstrations during the war time was the McLean County Drum Corps. It led the parades of different contingents of draft men as they marched to trains to go to camp. It loaned its services free to all public affairs whenever desired, and was an inspiring factor on many occasions. The members shown in the picture herewith are: Top row, left to right: Buel Northrup, R. M. Dearth, Dana Sherard, W. L. Martin, Scott Price. The front row: George Duncan, W. E. Arrowsmith, Wallace Bishop, W. C. Means, E. A. Vencill.

A PAIR OF McLEAN COUNTY FLYERS

Lieut. Denny Henderson



Lieut. Earl Van Ordstrand



Ralph Wurzburger

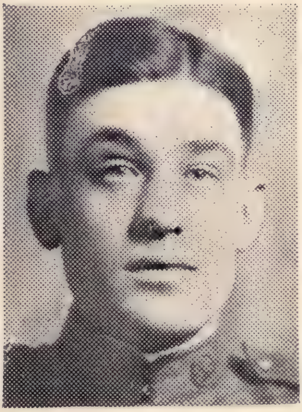
Fred H. Brenning

THREE BAVISTER BROTHERS AND OTHERS

George Bavister

John Bavister

William Bavister



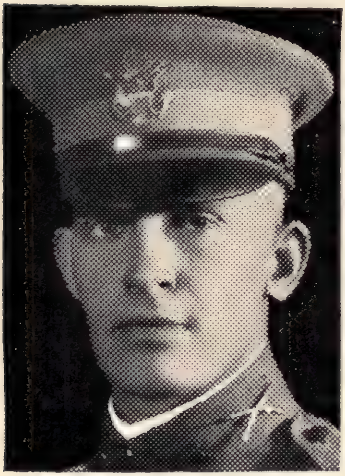
Frank Lavin

Geo. W. Ostrom

Ed. Rainey

Ernest Brust

DANVERS MEN IN ACTION



Major John Morrison

Major John E. Morrison, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Morrison of Danvers, was one of the men who distinguished himself for gallantry in battle. Major Morrison was a graduate of the U. of I. law school, and was practicing in Bloomington with Welty & Sterling when the war came on. He went to the first officers' training camp, then to Plattsburg, where he was commissioned captain. He was first sent to Lawton, Okla., where he was on the staff of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood and was special instructor in small arms. He was commissioned major at Camp Funston, and on May 8, 1918, he was ordered overseas with the 89th division. First landing in England and then sent to France, he was under fire in the trenches for the first time on August 8. He was wounded in this action, and was afterward awarded the Croix de Guerre with palms for bravery in battle. He went to Tours to recover from his wound, and while there the Germans bombed the hospital in which he was, and Maj. Morrison received a slight wound from shrapnel. He was discharged from the hospital on October 1 and reported for duty. For one month he was instructor, and then went to the 26th division, and was in the trenches on the day the Armistice was signed. He was finally discharged from the service in March, 1919.

Arthur L. Burdette

Few of the men who went out of McLean county into the war saw more active or continuous service than did Arthur L. Burdette of Danvers, who was one of the men who belonged to the famous Marine Corps, the fighting brigade which with the First Division stopped the Germans at the Marne. Burdette enlisted as a volunteer on April 20, 1917, and was finally assigned to the 73rd Company, Sixth regiment. He qualified as a sharpshooter on June 27, 1917, and on October 17 his regiment sailed for Europe. The history of the Marines is familiar. Burdette was in the front line in the Toulon sector from March 15 to May 13, 1918. He was in the defense of the Aisne from May 31 to June 5. On the 6th of June the Marines got into action at Chateau Thierry and were under fire most of the time till July 9. Again on July 18 they got back into action in the Soissons sector, and remained there till July 21. From August 7 to 17 they fought in the Marbache sector. Being then transferred to the First Army, the regiment were in the St. Mihiel offense from September 12 to 15, and in the Champagne sector October 2 to 13. In the final onslaught of the Argonne, Burdette took part from November 1 to 11. His regiment then marched to Coblenz and he served in the Army of Occupation from December 1, 1918, until June 23, 1919. He was finally discharged on July 22, 1919.

COUNTY PRESS IN WAR TIME

A factor of moment in every energy which the people of McLean county expended in the World War, was the weekly press of the county. The newspapers published in the towns outside of Bloomington come into closer touch with the people of their several communities than does the daily press, and the publishers of the weekly papers were among the most untiring members of the community in their work for victory. They boosted every ''drive,'' they kept the people in touch with their absent boys in the army and navy by publishing many letters from them from camp and field. They formed a bureau of information about the work that women and men at home were doing. The editors begrudged no amount of space for this war-time information. To the publishers of the weekly papers will ever be due much credit for their work in advancing war-time interests. The names of the county papers and their publishers during the war were as follows:

Heyworth Natural Gas—A. O. McDowell.
Chenoa Clipper-Times—L. O. Stansbury and W. H. Hawthorne.
Lexington Unit-Journal—Florence E. Wright.
Leroy Journal—M. A. Cline.
Saybrook Gazette—Woolley Bros.
Colfax Press—Entwistle & Van Alstyne; H. C. Van Alstyne; Editor.
Danvers Independent—Albert C. Gingerich.
McLean Lens—Crihfield Bros.
Stanford Star—Crihfield Bros.; F. L. Garst, local editor.
Gridley Advance—Stansbury & Hawthorne.

UNITED WAR WORK DRIVE

The last great drive in which McLean County people took part in the war, aside from the fifth liberty loan, was what was called the United War Work, it being a joint fund raised for seven different humanitarian projects connected with the war. The organizations participating in this fund were the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Knights of Columbus and the National Catholic War Council, the Jewish Welfare Board, The American Library Association, and the Salvation Army. The quota first assigned to McLean county for this united fund was $111,000, but the drive came to pass just as the war ended, and it was seen that additional funds would be needed for the demobilization period, hence the county's quota was raised to $167,000. The drive began on Monday, November 11, 1918, the very day when the armistice was signed. It lasted a week, and resulted in the county more than reaching its quota. H. O. Stone was general chairman of the drive, with a thoro organization in every precinct and township. The school children were organized all over the county into Victory Boys and Victory Girls clubs, and they took an important part in the campaign.

The result was a subscription of $168,652, or over $1,600 above the super-total of the quota. The results by townships were as follows: Dry Grove, $1,642; Bloomington township, $2,047; Dale, $2,726; Anchor, $2,308; Allin, $4,214; Arrowsmith, $2,163; Bellflower, $3,152; city of Bloomington $61,400; Blue Mound, $3,383; Cropsey, $1,793; Chenoa, $5,455; Cheney's Grove, $4,356; Danvers, $4,677; Dawson, $2,476; Downs, $2,137; Empire, $7,380; Funk's Grove, $3,276; Gridley $5,462; Hudson, $1,269; Lawndale, $1,863; Lexington, $5,698; Martin, $4,151; Money Creek, $2,431; Mt. Hope, $5,565; Normal, $11,423; Old Town, $1,091; Randolph, $5,129; Towanda, $3,784; West, $2,349; White Oak, $1,662; Yates, $2,184. The township of Empire did the remarkable feat of raising their entire quota of $7,370 in a single day, the first day of the campaign.

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS

John H. Kraus Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, was organized in Bloomington on June 11, 1920, when a list of names were taken at a meeting in the Association of Commerce auditorium for the filling out of a charter. The following officers were elected at that time:

Commander, John J. Million; Senior vice-commander, Lee F. Lishka; Junior vice-commander, William B. Geneva; Quartermaster, Charles W. Silvers; Trustees, Fred E. Shoup, Chester Hull, George A. Kraus. There were sixty charter members of the post. The success of the initial work of organization may be attributed equally to enthusiastic members of the Spanish American War Veterans and to the World War Overseas Men. The only limitation to membership is that a candidate must have fought overseas for the United States. Provision is made so that overseas fighters of America's allies in the World War may also join.

The name of the post is that of a young soldier who enlisted at the very outset of the war from his home on a farm near Danvers and went to France with Pershing's first contingents. He was killed while fighting after an honorable record at Chateau Thierry, Montdidier and Soissons. The post secured the third floor of the building at 111 North Main street for their ''dugout'' and moved in July 16th, a month after organization.

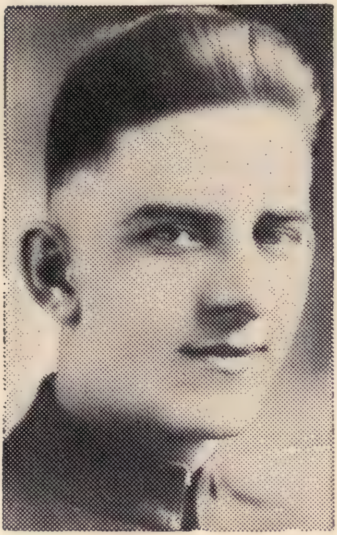
WOMEN'S COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

Very active in the promotion of the work of the Women's Committee of the National Council of Defense in McLean county during the war, was Mrs. Frank O. Hanson, who traveled over the country and consulted with the representatives of the committee at various time. The women did a work in keeping up the morale of the population which is hard to over-estimate. The representatives in the various townships were as follows: Lexington, Mrs. James McCullough; Chenoa, Mrs. A. B. Hiett; West, Mrs. William Dean; Arrowsmith, Mrs. H. A. Ball; Martin, Mrs. Pearl McIntosh; Lawndale, Mrs. Charles Atkinson; Yates, Mrs. Carrie Eckhart; Cheney's Grove, Mrs. Frank Anderson, Miss Jessie Youle; Anchor, Miss Minnie Martens; Cropsey, Mrs. Maud Crum; Randolph, Mrs. L. F. Rutledge; Mt. Hope, Mrs. Harry M. Palmer; Funk's Grove, Mrs. Eugene Funk; Empire, Mrs. Arthur Keenan; Downs, Mrs. J. G. Corey; Towanda, Mrs. S. S. Boulton; Old Town, Mrs. John Stableton; Gridley, Mrs. John Whiteman; Bloomington township, Mrs. W. E. Reeves, Mrs. Dell Deems.

LOST ON THE OTRANTO

William Ralston, a Wesleyan law student, who lived in Bloomington during his college course, was one of the soldiers who were drowned when the transport Otranto was sunk off the Island of Islay, near the English coast in October, 1918. Young Ralston's home was at Vermont, Ill. He had made a fine record as a student at the Wesleyan, and his death was mourned. He was a cousin of Miss Lulu Crothers and Mrs. C. A. Stephenson of Bloomington.

THREE SCHULTZ BROTHERS



Joseph Schultz

Alphonse Schultz

Andrew Schultz

Harvey M. Otto

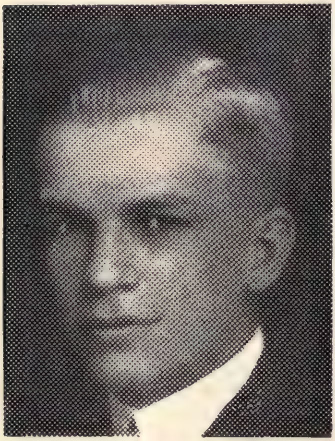
CROPSEY WAR WORKERS

The Red Cross branch at Cropsey was one of the very active ones in the county during the war, and produced thousands of articles for the comfort of the service men, besides thousands of dollars for the general work. Rev. A. J. Jolly, whose son was one of those whose life was sacrificed in the war, was the chairman; Mrs. D. E. Crum, vice chairman, and Mrs. Charles Cumpston, secretary, during the active days of the organization.

TWO WATCHINSKI BROTHERS AND OTHERS

William Watchinski (overseas)

Frank Watchinski



Geo. Stautz

John O'Connor

Floyd M. Smythe

L. H. Crosland

Harlan M. Johnson

GREAT FACTS OF THE WAR

The world war began July 28, 1914, and ended November 10, 1918. Thus it lasted four years, three months and 15 days—1,567 days. As the war map was painted the Central powers were victorious for four years less ten days. Then in just 115 days Marshal Foch and the Allies destroyed autocracy. In casualties the entente nations lost in dead and wounded 15,525,000 men, and the Central Powers, 12,350,000 a total of 27,875,000. The dead probably number 10,000,000 of that total.

In money, the estimated cost of this gigantic conflict is approximately $250,000,000,000. Following is the estimated loss to each nation:

The Allies

Great Britain	$ 52,000,000,000
United States	40,000,000,000
France	32,000,000,000
Russia	30,000,000,000
Italy	12,000,000,000
Roumania	3,000,000,000
Serbia	3,000,000,000
Total	$172,000,000,000

The Central Powers

Germany	$ 45,000,000,000
Austria-Hungary	25,000,000,000
Turkey	5,000,000,000
Bulgaria	2,000,000,000
Total	$ 77,000,000,000

About $150,000,000,000 of the total war cost was raised by war loans of various nations and comparatively little by taxation. The public debt of the principal Entente Allies was calculated at approximately $105,000,000,000, or more than twice as much as the aggregate debt of the Central Powers, set at $45,000,000,000.

An estimate was made six months after the close of the war, of the number of American fighting men buried on the soil of France. The total was close to 75,000, the total casualties being stated as follows:

	Army	Marines	Net total
Killed in action	32,232	1,473	33,705
Died of wounds	13,412	742	14,154
Died of disease	22,404	284	22,688
Died, other causes	4,025	11	4,036
Total dead	72,023	2,510	74,583
Taken prisoner	4,702	75	4,777
Missing in action	4,852	99	4,951
Wounded	194,808	3,224	108,037
Grand total			282,348

The total casualties shown do not represent individuals but casualties reported, as most of the "died of wounds" were previously reported wounded and, in many cases, men have been wounded more than once.

PEACE

(From Daily Pantagraph, November 13, 1918)

A continent unbends its back;
    Shakes off the sackcloth of its woe;
Rising to smile amid its tears,
    To greet him friend who late was foe.
Armies go trooping home. And ships
    In flag-decked harbors find surcease
From bloody work upon the seas—
    Twelve nations hail the joy of peace.

But not until the healing years
    Their sweetened boon shall bring again,
Shall vanquish all the scars of war—
    These wrecks of towns and wrecks of men.
And even not the healing years
    From stoic grief may bring release
To widows, orphans, mourning them
    Who come not home with welcomed peace.

For, 'crost the face of war-scarred lands
    Wind fresh-turned mounds o'er plain and hill.
And silent stars shine mournfully
    On miles of crosses, white and still.
In darkened caverns of the sea,
    Where rolling waters never cease—
The dead are there, the myriad slain;
    For them, alas, a voiceless peace.

Columbia! Forth chastened stand,
    Unpuffed of pride in victory won;
Thy hallowed sword, puissant hand
    Withdraw—their blows in justice done.
Blood-purged of all imperial trace,
    May all the sons of men hence see
Effulgent from thy radiant face,
    New Life, new Hope, new Liberty.

Jacob Louis Hasbrouck.

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